

Senior Executive Intelligence Brief

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Thursday, 13 March 2003

National Security Information

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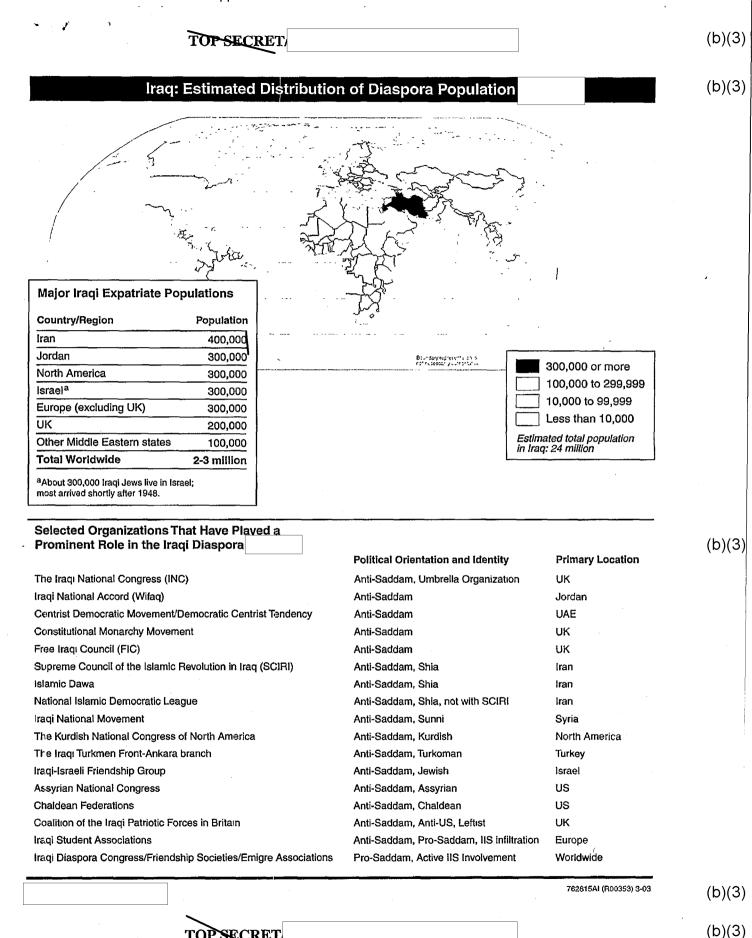
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fraq:	Diaspora Brings Tension, Hope	(b)(3
	The Iraqi exiles who are most eager to return have the greatest potential to strain national unity by pushing political agendas and grudges and stirring ethnic, religious, and property disputes with those who stayed in Iraq. Expatriate groups with conflicting interests—prominent Kurdish, Sunni, and Shia associations as well as smaller but equally assertive Assyrian, Chaldean, and Turkoman organizations—are lobbying internationally for special treatment that could undermine efforts to devolve power peacefully.	`
	efforts to distribute power based on ethnicity, religion, or tribe—as opposed to regions—are more likely to incite factional violence and instability.	(b)(1) (b)(3)
	— Prominent Iraqi exiles and organizations, including leaders of the Iraqi National Congress, in December announced they expect emigres to have their property restored and to be compensated for losses, potentially sparking violence with Iraqis now in possession of such property.	
	— Speaking for themselves, perhaps in hopes of intimidating regime underlings, some emigres have told they will take vengeance on their former oppressors.	(b)(3 (b)(3
	Installation of an exile-led transitional authority would be seen as threatening by most Iraqis, especially tribal leaders and the Sunni minority,	
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Approved for Release: 2017/11/28 C05342238 (b)(3)TOP-SECRET/ (b)(1)(b)(3)Less divisive, highly skilled emigres with experience in the West probably will need enticements to contribute to the country's economic and democratic development. Many well-educated, politically unaffiliated expatriates, disliking the poor living conditions, will hold out for a stable government, improved business climate, and special incentives. Iraqi entrepreneurs, who hold more than \$70 billion in overseas assets. (b)(1)(b)(3)(b)(3)identified the rapid and transparent resolution of land disputes as a key task for a reformed judiciary. Countries such as Israel, Mexico, and Colombia have attracted economic and political support from skilled expatriates by granting special rights, such as laws of return, dual citizenship, extra government representation, and nonresident property rights.

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