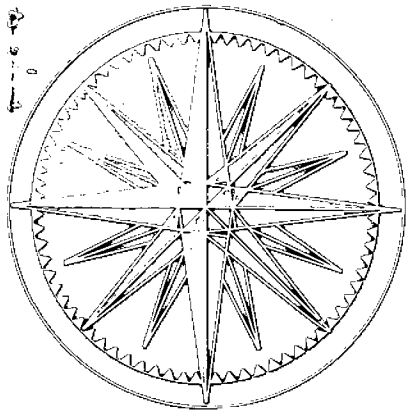


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17 July 1964

SC No. 00628/64

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# WEEKLY REVIEW

OFFICE OF CURRENT INTELLIGENCE

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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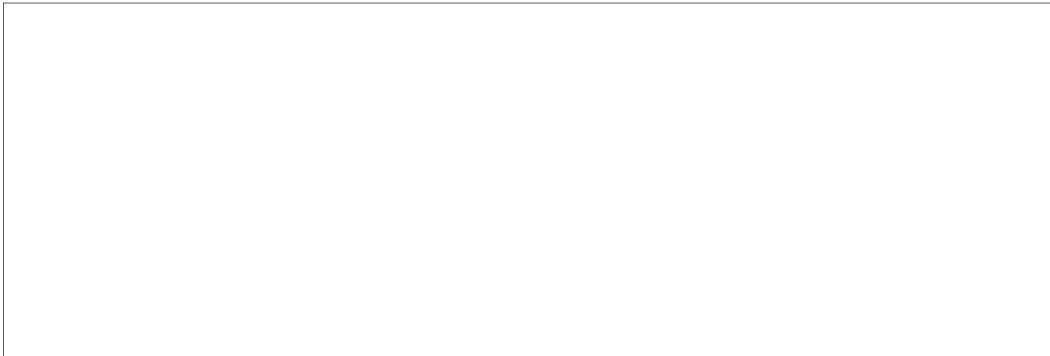
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WESTERN HEMISPHERE

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AREA NOTE  
On Haiti

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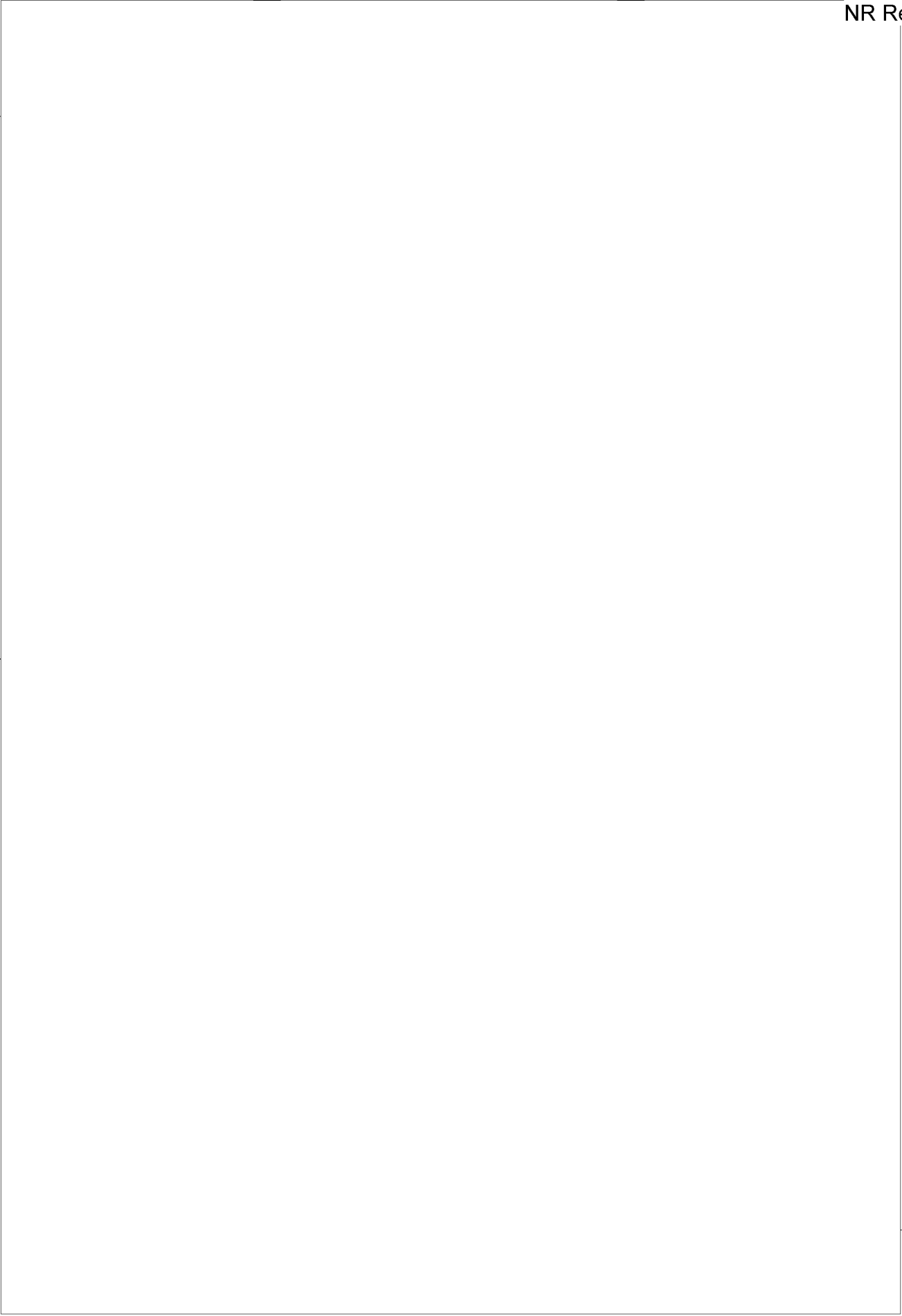




















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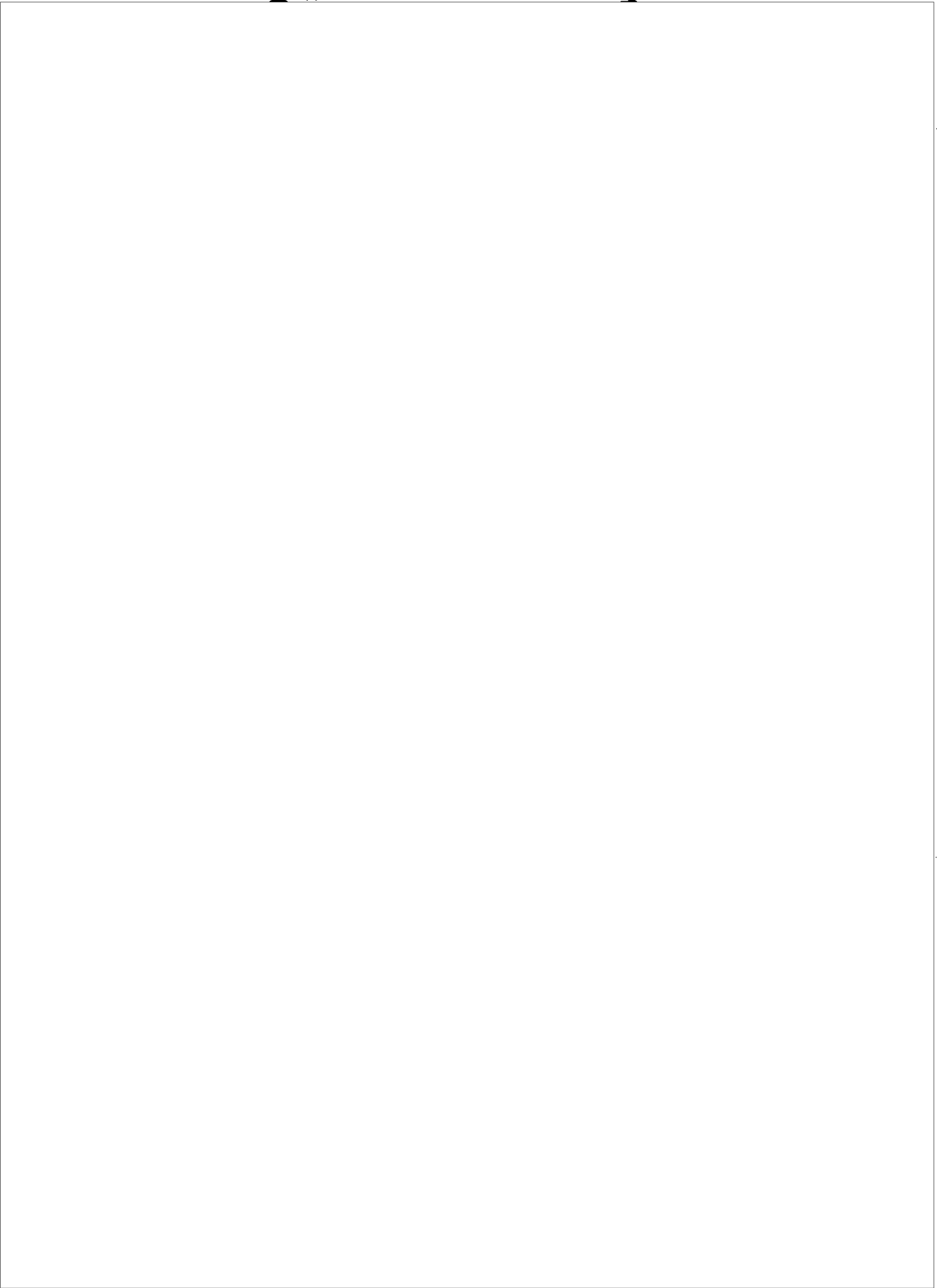




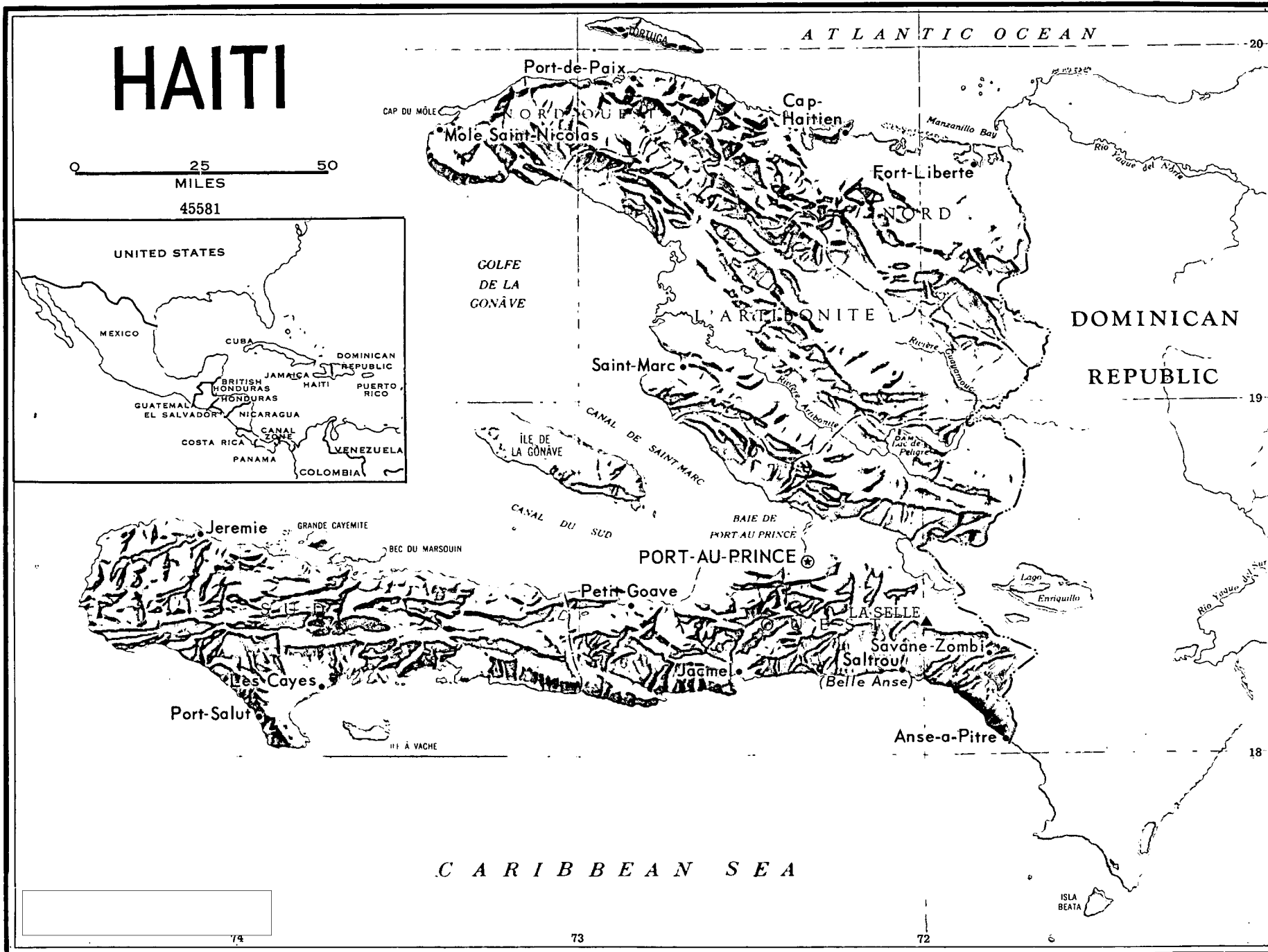












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Western Hemisphere

AREA NOTE

Haiti: The rebels who entered Haiti from the Dominican Republic on 29 June may still be operating in the rugged mountainous area in the southeastern part of the country near the Dominican border. There are also indications of growing unrest in Jacmel, long a center of anti-Duvalierist sentiment.

The government's efforts to track down the rebels is still marked by confusion. A government communiqué of 14 July placed them in the area of La Selle. [redacted]

The evidence suggests that the invaders, who probably do not number more than 50 men, have not only been able to outwit the Haitian military, but also to undermine its morale. This reflects favorably on their training, and emphasizes

Haiti's vulnerability to well-executed incursions.

President Duvalier, reportedly dissatisfied with the performance of Haitian Army units, is replacing them with militia and some ton-ton macoutes--the secret police goons. These forces may be more loyal to him personally, but they are even more poorly trained than the regular army. Most ton-ton macoutes returned to Port-au-Prince because they have not received proper logistical support.

Government concern is also evident by the numerous arrests and killings of political prisoners in Port-au-Prince, and overflights of Dominican territory by Haitian aircraft. There is also reason to believe that there will be some changes in the army's leadership, especially those officers in charge of the current antirebel operations. [redacted]

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