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~~SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL~~

From
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
To

Dec 29, 1951

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director
Central Intelligence Agency
2430 E Street, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Attention: ~~Mr. Lymon B. Kirkpatrick~~
~~Assistant Director~~ ~~Special Operations~~

Dear Sir:

For your information, I am attaching hereto
communications which may be of interest to you.

Very truly yours,

J. E. Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

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NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2003 2005

FOR COORDINATION WITH FBI

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK** FILE NO. **XLV**

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE MADE 12/29/51	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 10/2, 6, 11/2, 11, 19, 21, 27; 12/12, 13/51	REPORT MADE BY JOHN W. R. HAJPCZAK
TITLE GEORGE SABOLNITZ, was.		CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - R	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject, in interview, advised he was born in Stolce, Komorowski, Poland, on 4/24/89. He resided at Stolce and Powno, Poland, until 1915; served in Russian Army from 1915 to 1918; elected to Polish Parliament (Sejm) in 1922 as a representative of a minority group; was jailed by Polish Government in 1927 for alleged political activity, but released when information was proven to be false. Subject denied membership in Communist International organization for Revolutionary Aid (CIRA) during early 1920's. Subject, wife, and son arrested by Soviets in 1939, subject being charged with being an "enemy of the people." Wife and son of subject deported to Austria by the Soviets and allegedly taken to Siberia. The subject freed during German invasion and occupation of Poland, Poland, and subsequently collaborated with the Germans in the formation of the Cyelo-Russian Central Administration, an organization which he claimed was founded in 1942. Subject furnished information concerning instant organization's aims and purposes.

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the German lines. After his escape from the prison, he resumed his duties as mayor of Stolpee.

The subject at this point advised that the Byelo-Russian Central Administration had been set up on paper in 1922 by himself and individuals by the name of OSTROVSKI and CHROMICH. He stated that the organization, although set up during the early 1920's, never had the opportunity to begin its operations as the government of Byelo-Russia, although that was the reason for its early formation. He stated that the opportunity to set up this government presented itself after the German occupation of the city of Stolpee and of the territory which comprises Byelo-Russia.

The subject stated that a German SS General GOITENBERG, who was the nominal head of the German forces of occupation, allowed the Byelo-Russian Central Administration to set up its self-government. Under this organization the President of the Central Administration (Centralna Rada) was PADILIAN YATROVY. The first Vice-President was an individual by the name of CHROMICH, now deceased, and the second Vice-President was the subject.

He stated that this organization was set up in approximately February of 1945 and that organization under German domination took care of only the education, the medical needs, and an organization similar to the National Guard. He stated that the army was allowed to have sixty-five battalions which were raised in the Byelo-Russian sections of the occupied territory and were equipped by the German forces. He stated, however, that the only thing that the self-government was allowed to handle with respect to the above-mentioned organizations was the administration of those organizations and could not delve into industry or any other field which would concern the national security of Germany.

The subject stated it was true that the organization and he himself had cooperated with the German forces in World War II, but that this cooperation was purely for the

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setting up of the Byelo-Russian Central Administration, which was done and which he and his colleagues intended should continue when and if Byelo-Russia is ever freed from Soviet domination.

He stated that OSTROWSKY is still the head and the President of the Byelo-Russian Central Administration, although OSTROWSKY presently resides in Argentina. He stated that the organization itself has groups located in England, Canada, Argentina, Australia, Brazil, and Germany. He stated further that there is an interchange of information between the various groups, mainly in the form of publications put out by the branches themselves.

The subject was asked if the organization had registered with the Attorney General and he advised that he could not furnish that information inasmuch as the necessary formalities were apparently handled by an individual by the name of ~~WATSON~~. He stated further that due to his age he is no longer active in the Byelo-Russian Central Administration although he is nominally the head of that organization in the United States.

The subject made available several documents which he claimed gave the aims and purposes of the White Ruthenian Emigrants in the United States Zone of Germany and a manifesto by Professor R. OSTROWSKI, the President of the Byelo-Russian Central Council.

In a letter to General CLAY concerning the treatment of White Russian emigrants in the United States zone of Germany, the White Ruthenian Central Council, which is the organization known as the Byelo-Russian Central Administration, advised that the White Ruthenian emigrants had met with considerable difficulties through the treatment of the White Ruthenian CPs as Russians or Poles. Subsequently, the International Relief Organization started to consider the White Ruthenians as an independent group. The letter goes on to state that the military government in Germany was identifying the White Ruthenians or Byelo-Russians as Russians and part