Approved for Release: 2022/08/01 C03131889

8 AUG 1931

MEMORANDUM FOR: The Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECTS:

Michal COLENIEWSKI and Irragard Margarate

(nee KAMPF)

i. This memorandum suggests action on the part of the Director of Central Intelligence. Such action is contained in paragraph 10.

- 2. The Chief. Eastern Darope Division, with the concurrance of the CIA Defector Coordinator, has recommended that the subjects be granted permanent residence in the United States under Section " of the CIA Act of 1949, as amended. (See Tab A)
- 3. The Chief, Eastern Europe Division, states that the principal subject, while serving as a Lieutenant Colonel and Section Chief in the Foreign Department of Polish Intelligence at Waltawa. Poland, operated in place for the Agency from April 1958 wat U 4 January 1961, when circumstances necessitated his open defection. During this period he furnished very valuable information concerning Polish and Russian intelligence operations. He and Irrngard 8 8 Att 1. his female companion, fled to West Berlin, Germany, and were brought to the United States under parole to CIA on 12 January 1941 for further exploitation.
- 4. The Chief, Eastern Europe Division, states further that the principal subject had married Anna MADINOWSKI, a widew, in March 1946 and divorced her in 1957. On 7 March 1961, at Arlingua, Virginia, the subjects were married and under the factual circums and a we believe this to be a valid marriage. However, since the divorce in Poland cannot be documented since the court orders were retained in GOLENIEWSKI's official personnel folder, there may be evidentian; difficulties in satisfying the Immigration Service. Despite this problem, it was concluded it would be appropriate to forware the case consistent with what we believe the legal marriage status and attempt to satisfy evidentiary requirements as may be requested.

5.	At the	request	of the	Chief.	Eastern	Europe	Division,
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- 6. The Alien Affairs Officer has advised that since the principal subject had been a member of the Communist Party from January 1946 until his defection, he is inadmissible to the United States for permanent residence except through Section 7 action. Under the present circumstances the wife would probably be considered ineligible by Immigration and Naturalization for admittance under the German quota. Consequently, Section 7 action is the only means whereby she may be given permanent residence in the United States at this time.
- 7. Investigations made abroad and in the United States have established the bona fides of the subjects and there is no in premation known which would preclude favorable action on the reconsistent of the present of th
- 8. The General Counsel is of the opinion that the subject of cases come within the purview of Section 7 of the CIA Act of 1949. as amended, and the intent of Congress and has so indicated by affixing his signature to this memorandum.
- 9. In compliance with Part II, Paragraph 6(a)? of Section 59-110 (HR 50-1) of the CIA Manual of Regulations, the Eastern Europe Division will assume responsibility for the subjects while they are in the United States.
- 10. There has been prepared for your signature a letter to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization. (See Tab B)

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R. L. Bannezman Acting Director of Security

CONCURRENCE:		
deneral Counsel	Date Date	(b)(6)
acureg	8 august 19 8 1	(b)(6)
Deputy Director/Plans	Date	
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1 August 1961

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT:

Admission of Michal GOLENIEWSKI and Irmgard KAMPF to the United States under the Provisions of

Section 7, Public Law 110

1. This memorandum contains a recommendation submitted for DCI approval. This recommendation is contained in paragraph 3.

2. Michal GOLENIEMSKI, a Lieutenant Colonel and Section Chief in the Foreign Department of Polish Intelligence, first provided information and affered his cooperation to the United States by mailing a letter on 2 April 1958 to the U.S. Ambassador in Switzerland. Until his defection to CIA in Berlin on 4 January 1961, GOLENIEMSKI cooperated in place,

Information originally provided by GOLENIEWSKI was the only read to the Soviet say ring in the United Kingkon, five members of which were recently given prison sentences for theft of British Naval secrets. GOLENIEWSKI and his wife, the former Irmgard KAMPF, are now in the United States and he is making a major contribution in the field of counter-intelligence. He is also willing to cooperate with us in exploiting recruitment and/or defection leads which he may provide. Detailed justification for this request, together with the other required data, is attached.

3. It is recommended that the entry of Michal GOLENIEWSKI and Irmgard nee KAMPF, his wife, into the U.S. under the Provisions of Section 7, Public Law 110, be approved. A stepchild and child of Michal GOLENIEWSEI are not to be included in this recommendation since they remain in Poland.

Gordon M. Stewart Chief Eastern Europe Division

ce: DDCI

2 Attachments:

A. Detailed Justification

and Assessment

B. Biographic Data

CONCUR:

Signed:	James	$R_{\perp}$	Ą	· (†)	Jr.

Chief, CI Staff

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Date:		17	0119		F	1

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## DETAILED JUSTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT

- 1. In view of his cooperation in place at the risk of his life, the consistent made to him at the time of his defection, and the value of his services to the cause of Western security, we believe Michal GOLENIEWSKI and his wife should be granted permanent residence in the United States under the Previsions of Section 7 of the CIA Act of 1949. Other means, such as a private bill, and not considered feasible torogularise their status. They are presently in the United States under parole.
- 2. The urgency of probationary entry into the United States was justified at the time of his defection by the following factors:
  - a. GOLENIEWSKI defected from fear of his life, as he felt that the UB (Polish Intelligence Service) was becoming suspicious of his double role. He requested assurance he would be evacuated promptly to the United States with his companion. With Headquarters permission, these assurances were given him in Berlin.
  - b. The special security factor was presented by the fact that he was in East Berlin on official business for the FIE and it would be only a short time until his absence would be noticed. Speed in evacuating him to a safe location was therefore essential, and it was inconsistent both with the security requirements of the case and the Agency consitment to him to keep him in the Federal Republic.
  - e. There was keen interest in prompt access on the part of the Federal Eureau of Investigation, which had followed the case from its inception. It was also considered important, in view of the serious nature of his allegations about hestile penetration of various allied services, that he be debriefed at Meadquarters where all the various interests could be weighed together by responsible senior officials, rather than in the field.
- 3. The most important result of the operation so far has been the widely publicated arrest of five members of an illegal espionage network in the United Kingdom run by the MIB (Bussian Intelligence Service).

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The British arrests are the direct resul-



British na	r from CGENIEWSKI many months ago, telling us that a tional had been recruited by the Peles while serving in at 1950 and was currently being rum in Britain by the	(b)(1) (b)(3)
United States access to a information hension, or sitive post	DENIEWEKI has identified three Polish agents in the cas, none of whom had Government positions or direct classified materials. In addition, he has provided a which has led or may lead to identification, apprendent on the following semitions in friendly countries:  A high rating staff efficer of the British Secret Ligence Service (NI-6). (case closed)	
ზ. <b>6</b> .	A penetration of the German Intelligence Service (BED).	(b)(
		(b)(1) (b)(3)
outsiless; our informa workings of satellite 1 personnel a of the open	art from the above information, debriefing of Colenel vill greatly enlarge U.S. knowledge in many areas where tion is dated or incomplete. Among these topics are the the Soviet edvisor system for guidance and control of ntelligence service efforts, the Scientific and Bechnica. In goals of the Russian Intelligence Service; many aspects ations of the East German Intelligence Service (MfS) with ran several joint operations, and the personnel, methods	

## SECRET

and working practices of the Polish Counterintelligence Department (Dept. II of the UB) and Military Counterintelligence (WEW) which is also responsible for the security of the Armed Forces. He is also capable of making a worthwhile contribution in the positive intelligence field and has in fact already provided interesting data on Sino-Seviet tensions, particularly with regard to unsatisfactor occuparation in the atomic field.

7. Despite the fact that the PIS has now concluded that COLEMINSKI has defected to the Americans, his whereabouts should not be publicised. For this reason as well as U.S. foreign policy considerations there is no plan to surface him It should be noted that coldningski and his female companion are legally registered with the Danigration and Maturalization Service, and will be legally married as soon as a divorce recognizable under U.S. law can be accomplished.

8. In addition to the Agency commitment to GOLENIEWSKI to accept him and his wife as maidents of the United States and aid them in commencing a new life here, prompt regularization of their status will be an important factor in seasing the adjustment of GGLENIEWSKI and his wife, who is not witting to his intelligence past but regards him as a Polish journalist who chose freedom. SCLENIEWEKI has been fully cooperative to date, but unrest and nervousness on the part of his wife has complicated his debricfing at times and prolonged delay in regularizing their status might have a deleterious effect upon his present cooperative attitude as well as delaying planned steps

will enable them to live more normal lives.

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9. Both Subjects have had comprehensive medical examinations by Agency physicians and there are no sorious medical problems now in svidence. No serious psychological problems are ferseen which are not inherent in the defector readjustment process.

10. He was formerly married to a Soviet national who became a schizophrenic and from whom he was legally divorced inside Poland. He does not have in his possession a copy of the divorce decree and

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under the aircumstances, security considerations prevent one being obtained by normal means. However, full debriefing and interrogation on the circumstances of the divorce convince us that the circumstances of the divorce as he affirms them are true.

- ll. A detailed plan for financial and resettlement aid is being worked out and will be presented for approval by DDP/COFS. It can be stated that money does not play a large rele in GOLENIEVSKI's motivation and that neither he nor his wife has yet displayed any excessive craving for luxurious living. Despite this, it is clear that the rehabilitation and resettlement of GOLENIEVSKI in a normal eccupation under secure conditions will be a relatively long-range process and planning is presently being done to assure that the transition can be made in a smooth orderly way.
- Is states that he became convinced that communism is an inhumane and unvertable system from watching the excesses and intrigues inside the political and intelligence hierarchy, and the systematic and callous way in which the Bussians exploited Poland for their own purposes, even decaiving and misusing their most loyal supporters with the Polish Communist Party. A more personal motive is found in his statement that Russian pressure and intrigues drove his format wife to the brink of insenity. She is presently in Poland, an insurable schizophrenic.
- 13. In view of the above eircumstances and the special value of GOLENIEWSKI's past services to the United States as well as his high potential value as a source of CI information on the Polish and Boviet services, his entry into the United States under PL 110 is considered to be fully justifiable.

