

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK**

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REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 3/14/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 21, 24, 27; 17, 20, 3/3/50	REPORT MADE BY FREDERICK C. BAUCKHAM
TITLE PETER JABLON-JARY @ JABLON, PETER			CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:</p> <p>Information received that subject possessed information concerning espionage in Canada, United States and South America. Subject interviewed 2/23, 24, and 25/50 and advised he had no knowledge of any espionage activity in US. Subject gave considerable information concerning the Ukrainian Nationalist organization aka "OUN" and the Security Service Group of the above known as the "SB".</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- C -</p> <p>DETAILS:</p> <p>This case is based upon information obtained from Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability.</p> <p>Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that PETER JABLON-JARY, who had previously been engaged in espionage work and smuggling enterprises in Canada, United States and South America for the Soviet Espionage System had defected from this organization and was presently willing to give information concerning the activities of the group to which he belonged.</p> <p>This informant further advised that the subject was residing at 118 Avenue "C", New York, New York, and speaks no English but is fluent in Polish Ukrainian, Russian and German.</p>			
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Mr. MORRIS SHECK, 118 Avenue C, advised that the subject lived in the building at this address, was married and had two children, one of whom was born in the United States about three months ago. He stated that the subject had lived at this address since the Summer of 1949, and spoke practically no English but was able to speak German and Polish to his knowledge.

Mrs. COHEN, 118 Avenue C, New York City, advised that she was the landlady of the building at this address and the subject had resided there for about six months. She stated that the subject was very poor and owed her back rent. She stated however that she believed him to be honest and he was making every attempt to pay up. She also noticed that the subject apparently did a fair amount of writing although she was not familiar as to what this writing pertained to. She believed his employment to be window washing and general cleaning.

The subject was interviewed at the New York Office on February 23, 24, and 27, 1950, by SA STANLEY GRABOWSKI and the reporting agent. This interview was conducted in Polish and the following information was given by the subject in regards to his knowledge of the Ukrainian Nationalist Organization.

The subject advised that his name was PETER JABLON and also PETER JABLON-JAROWYZ, which in English was JARY. He was born July 22, 1922, in Jarhorow, Poland. He stated that he had been a member of the Ukrainian Nationalist Organization which is known as the ON and in Polish is spelled as follows: ORGANIZACJA UKRAINSKICH NACJONALISTOW. He stated that this organization was established in 1929 in Vienna, Austria; although since 1920 and an arm of the Ukrainian Organization existed for the purpose of revolution against the Bolshevik in Poland and Czechoslovakia, each of which held a portion of Ukraina and for that reason the organization worked towards obtaining independence for Ukraina from these countries.

He stated the organization existed outside of Ukraina and as in Ukraina, it was liquidated by the Bolsheviks. The sections of this organization which existed in Poland and Czechoslovakia then decided to form a political organization which was done in 1929 in Vienna, Austria and which operated under a Fascistic program. The head at this time was (COLONEL) EUGENIUSZ KONOWALEZ until he was assassinated by a bomb planted by a Russian agent on May 23, 1938, in Rotterdam. He stated the purposes of the OUN was to plan for war against all occupiers of the Ukraine until one nation was

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formed. This organization existed in Poland, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Austria and Germany but was unable to exist in Russia. Its membership in Poland never exceeded 15,000 and in all other countries it did not exceed 5,000, which made a total membership of approximately 20,000. The organization operated under military discipline and those who did not agree with its line were subject to execution. He named the following leaders:

MIKOLAJ GZCIBORSKI, who was killed in 1941 in Poland.

JAROSLAW BARANOWSKI, Secretary, killed in 1943.

OMELAN SENYK, killed in 1941.

LEONID KOSTAROW, believed to be presently in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and believed to be directing Bolshevik agents there.

PIOTR KOZEWNIKOW, killed by the Germans in 1944, who was formerly a Bolshevik Agent and RYSZARD JARY, who was Financial Secretary.

The subject stated that he learned in 1945 that RYSZARD JARY was also a Bolshevik agent although he had finished the German Military Academy and was known as a high Gestapo officer.

After the death of Colonel KONOWALEZ in 1938, ANDRIJ MELNYK, a Ukrainian and a Colonel of the Ukrainian Army, was selected to replace Colonel KONOWALEZ as head of the OUN. In 1937, after the end of the war with Poland, the followers of STEFAN BANDERA, head of the OUN in Poland, were freed by the Germans and subsequently BANDERA broke with MELNYK, claiming that MELNYK had, in his organization, Bolshevik and Polish agents.

The OUN then broke into two groups, one known as the Banderowcy and the other as the Melnykowcy group. When Germany attacked Russia, the Banderowcy group began to liquidate and shoot down the other group and the OUN began to cooperate with the Germans. The action against the Melnykowcy group was so intense that it has not recovered to the present day.

In 1940, in Krakow, Poland, the Sluzba Bezpieczenstwa, (Secret Service) was organized and became known as the "S.B." This "S.B." group was later organized in Ukraine in 1941 when the Germans occupied the Ukraine.