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SECURITY INFORMATION

MONTHLY PROJECT STATUS REPORT

FOR MONTH OF

November

1. CRYPTONYM LCPROWL		2. DIVISION OR BRANCH EE-3		3. COUNTRY(S) Germany		4. ESTIMATED COMPLETION	
						PERCENT	DATE
PLAN							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> POLITICAL		<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMIC		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PARAMILITARY		<input type="checkbox"/> SUPPORT	
6. FINANCIAL MECHANISM							
<input type="checkbox"/> DIRECT		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SUBSIDY		<input type="checkbox"/> PROPRIETARY		<input type="checkbox"/> PURCHASE OF SERVICES	
7. PHASE							
<input type="checkbox"/> PLANNING		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPERATIONAL		<input type="checkbox"/> LIQUIDATING		<input type="checkbox"/> TERMINATED	
8. FUNDING							
FY ALLOTMENTS TOTAL TO DATE		OBLIGATIONS CURRENT MONTH		FY OBLIGATIONS CUMUL. TO DATE		UNOBLIGATED BALANCE	
\$ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		\$ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		\$ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		\$ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
*DM <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DM <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DM <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DM <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
9. NAME OF CASE OFFICER <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		ROOM NO. K2005	EXTENSION 3303		SIGNATURE		
10. FACTS, EVALUATION AND COMMENT: (Use additional plain sheet if necessary)							
* ZRGANDY							
<p>a. (1) <u>LCPROWL September</u>: During the month of September, membership in the Bund Deutscher Jugend (League of German Youth) (BDJ) rose by 187 to a total of 8,388. A newly instituted eight week probation period for new members has proved to be effective in uncovering several penetration agents of the Freie Deutsche Jugend (Free German Youth, Communist youth organization) (FDJ), and of the Social Democratic Party (SPD).</p> <p>The legal representative of the BDJ has inquired of the Oberstaatsanwaltschaft (German equivalent of the US Attorney General's Office) as to the legality of the diversified anti-Communist activities of the BDJ. Such an inquiry was thought desirable in view of the disagreements regarding these operations with the "Socialist Youth" and other West German organizations. Reply to the query was that the BDJ has acted completely within the bounds of the law and that the authorities did not contemplate any official interference in the organization's work.</p> <p>At a conference of BDJ Land leaders in Munich on 28 September 1951, it was decided to concentrate the BDJ's propaganda and organizational effort during the ensuing months on the following topics: further work in the field of political enlightenment through four mass assemblies in the Land organizations; active moral and physical support for West Berlin; support, where possible, for prisoners of war still held by the Soviets and for needy persons in the Eastern Zone; the achievement of tighter organization and security background information on individual groups and labor organizations; the clear organization of the BDJ youth groups according to age; and the establishment of additional training workshops.</p> <p>The BDJ's political indoctrination school at Laufach conducted a seminar for representatives of the press on the 24th of September. Well-known journalists and experts in allied fields offered opinions and suggestions which will prove helpful in the preparation of future BDJ publications. Regular classes for the school year began on the same date. Sixty-two BDJ members, 48 men and 14 women, are enrolled.</p>							

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NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2007

During September, the following publications were printed and distributed by the BDJ: 40,000 copies of Information Service with annexes from each respective Land organization; 250,000 copies of the Program of the BDJ; 250,000 anti-Communist stickers; 100,000 envelope sealing stamps with BDJ insignia; 40,000 pamphlets with the same insignia plus a description of the BDJ aims; and 2000 posters for the use of various BDJ Land organizations.

<u>Item</u>	<u>September</u>	<u>Previous Month</u>	<u>Cumulative Total</u>	<u>Geographic Area</u>
Information Service	40,000	60,000	415,000	Germany
Stickers	350,000	450,000	1,267,000	Germany
Leaflets	250,000	350,000	3,038,000	Germany
Pamphlets	40,000	20,000	110,000	Germany
Placards	2,000	3,000	5,000	Germany
Confidential Info. Serv.	—	—	3,000	Germany
Badges	—	—	3,000	Germany
Booklets	—	—	500	Germany
Circulars & Letters	—	—	35,000	Germany
Christmas Cards	—	—	30,000	Germany
Balloons	—	—	7,000	Germany

(2) LCPROWL October: October reports from the various BDJ Land headquarters indicate continued strong and varied efforts on the local level in directly combatting Communism and crystallizing popular resistance to it. In the Schleswig-Holstein area numerous propaganda actions were carried out in local villages and towns and in the course of at least one action, a fight with FDJ members broke out. In the Oldenburg area, a poster action against the Sozialistische Reichs Partei (SRP), which has recently shown surprising strength there, was carried out successfully. A discussion was held with local SPD leaders looking toward future cooperation in this activity. In Hessen, the action against the Grotewohl unification proposal highlighted activity. Local BDJ groups held stimulating discussions on the BDJ program which seeks to expose the Communist proposal as a propaganda sham. Street battles with Communists and FDJ members were waged in several localities. In Franken, in the face of FDJ interference, the BDJ was called upon by a local United States official for aid in carrying out a discussion-evening led by six West Berlin youth leaders. A number of poster actions were carried out in Nuernberg. In Wuerttemberg-Baden, an active and organized campaign against Communist meetings was waged by BDJ members who attended the meetings to disturb and harass them. Among local BDJ groups, the action against the Grotewohl proposal was accelerated. In Rheinland-Pfalz, the BDJ has succeeded in establishing liaison with a university group with pro-Western, liberal tendencies. Railroad officials cooperated by

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allowing EDJ posters to be displayed in a number of railway stations. Action by the BRP in the Rheinland-Pfalz area occasioned local EDJ members and SPD youth to meet and discuss cooperative counter-action. In Lower Saxony a battle with members of the BRP took place while, in another area of this state, EDJ members distributed propaganda material at an BRP meeting. In 120 localities of Lower Saxony, EDJ propaganda operations were carried out. In North Rhine Westphalia, a Communist headquarters and other property were thoroughly posted with EDJ posters. Agreement as to common future efforts was reached between a local EDJ group and a labor union sympathetic with the Christian Democratic Union (CDU). In Bavaria, the EDJ had particular success in causing the postponement and the eventual banning of a Communist-inspired meeting by posting "Meeting Called Off" signs across announcements of the meeting. In Munich alone, almost 1,500 posters were posted during the month of October. A special action is being started by the EDJ to send Christmas packages to needy East German families. In West Berlin, in addition to meetings and leaflet distribution, an extensive balloon action was carried out with good results. Also noteworthy was the provision of food and quarters to political refugees by the West Berlin EDJ group. During October, membership in the EDJ rose by 249, bringing the total to 6,637. Also, 10 new business offices were established.

During October, the following materials were produced and distributed by the EDJ: 1,150,000 stickers dealing with the all-German election issue; 100,000 posters criticizing commemoration of Stalin in the East Zone; 1,000,000 letter sealing stamps with the EDJ insignia; 250,000 leaflets entitled "The EDJ Speaks to You"; 40,000 brochures ("Freedom is Stronger"); 50,000 leaflets entitled "The Youth of Our Time"; 40,000 copies of Information Service with names attached by the respective Land organizations; and 50 press passes for Information Service reporters.

Item	October	September	Cumulative Total	Geographic Area
Information Service	40,000	40,000	455,000	Germany
Stickers	2,150,000	350,000	3,413,000	Germany
Leaflets	250,000	250,000	3,286,000	Germany
Pamphlets	90,000	40,000	200,000	Germany
Placards	100,000	2,000	105,000	Germany
Press passes	50	—	50	West Germany
Confidential	—	—	—	—
Info. Serv.	—	—	3,000	Germany
Badges	—	—	10,000	Germany
Booklets	—	—	500	Germany
Letters & Circulars	—	—	35,000	Germany
Christmas Cards	—	—	30,000	Germany
Balloons	—	—	7,500	Germany

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(3) **LCPRONEL Apparatus:** As a result of orders from the home office, recruiting and training activities of the apparatus were halted in August 1951, and the main emphasis was placed upon increasing apparatus security. Since commencing of actual operations was contingent upon receipt of personnel forms from all members, efforts of the apparatus have for the past two months (15 August - 15 October) been directed toward collecting questionnaires from all members. As of 15 October, some 2000 questionnaires had been collected and were being translated by the GEPHONCE staff at the rate of 20 per day. Information contained therein should serve as a permanent personnel record and facilitate future clearance procedures.

In order to insure questionnaire accuracy and to speed up their collection, it was considered necessary to establish an internal security group in the apparatus. This group is expected to assist the agent-in-charge of the apparatus and his regional subordinates in obtaining questionnaires and other pertinent data from present and prospective members, and to check on the accuracy of such data by means of interviews, neighborhood checks, inquiries from local authorities, etc. In addition, the group is expected to perform special investigations wherever the suspicion of a "weak spot" in the apparatus should be aroused. Finally, the internal security group is responsible for making occasional spot checks to ensure that the operations of couriers, letter drops, and other sensitive installations within the apparatus are carried on in a secure manner.

Considerable progress was made during the report period toward expanding the apparatus into Eastern Germany. This was done despite the set-back caused by the arrest of an apparatus courier, now being held on a charge of "industrial sabotage." (The field has commented that this indictment bears no resemblance with the agent's actual activities, and that he is probably being held in connection with certain anti-Communist acts perpetrated by the SPD during the recent Communist-sponsored World Youth Festival.) A second inter-personal cut-out, under the direct command of the apparatus Chief Agent, is being carefully groomed for future work.

The **LCPRONEL** apparatus's w/T net, which is being organized separately from the main body of the apparatus, was divided into two parts, i.e. the "A" and "B" nets. The former is the active net to be attached to the resistance groups that will be developed under the apparatus, while the latter is to be a sleeper net, to be activated when the need arises. Systematic recruiting of both nets has begun in the various West German districts.

b. (1) **LCPRONEL:** No further comment.

(2) **LCPRONEL Apparatus:** In view of the impending contractual agreement which will restore much of German sovereignty, the home office is reviewing the status of the **LCPRONEL** apparatus. Since it is virtually impossible to train and equip such a large covert resistance force without it becoming known to the German government, and since the latter would undoubtedly object strenuously to the creation of such a force under foreign control, basic changes will, in all likelihood, be necessary in the status, scope, and utilization of the **LCPRONEL** apparatus. The steps which OPC must take in light of this new situation are now being considered.