

KRUPP (Essen) and BROWN BOVERI CO have developed the first German atomic reactor of a design which varies entirely from the American and English types. It is a homogenous, gas-cooled, graphite moderated uranium-elements-fed type which offers greater safety and yet is capable of producing higher temperatures than all other commercial designs (steam 525°C). It can be easily converted for thorium elements.

The advantages of this new reactor has convinced a group of North-west German regional electric power companies to award Krupp B&B a contract for delivery of one experimental electrical power plant with about 10,000 MW capacity.

The plant will be in operation by 1960 and it is said that the electric energy produced by it will be highly competitive with coal-produced electricity.

Source: Driever Krupp

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