

OFFICIAL DISPATCH

2P.
MCK

VIA:
SPECIFIC OR GENERAL

DISPATCH NO. NR-7-10257

SECRET
CLASSIFICATION

TO : Chief of Station, Karlsruhe
FROM : Chief, Foreign Division M
SUBJECT: GENERAL
SPECIFIC: Operational

DATE: 22 August 1951
Attention:

Henry DIECKHOFF, Gerhard STEINER, Franz GROSCHKE, Wilhelm Christian KRIGBAUM and Fritz TOTTERHAUPT.

Reference: NSIA-7888

1. SHAN Card 44371 lists a DIECKHOFF (fau) who was an Abwehr member and was possibly with a FAF in the Balkans in January 1945. The only other traces here on Henry DIECKHOFF are contained in NSI-8888 and NSI-14056.

2. A/Captain STEINER was an intelligence officer with the Gestapo at Montpon, France, in 1943. Reference to Gerhard STEINER are contained in NSI-11888, NSI-12888, NSI-13888 and NSI-14056.

3. In addition to earlier Philips correspondence on Franz GROSCHKE (NSIA-48, NSIA-1291, NSIA-5891, etc.), NSI-10688 of 2 September 1949 contains traces of his wartime and post war activities, including a report that he was wanted in Belgium for murder. Attachments to NSIA-28544 point out that GROSCHKE was probably never in Belgium during the war. The following additional information on GROSCHKE is available here.

NSI-22 dated 11 June 1948

GROSCHKE (fau) - regarded as a GIC agent or informant (GIC reported that GROSCHKE was not employed by them); formerly a Kriminalrat in Berlin; during the war, was chief of the Geheime Feldpolizei, Herzogentum Mannstein; Max KURS was chairman of the Coburg Sprachklub of GROSCHKE's demeritization, and during the proceedings as Peter HANLOWERT and WISNERER (fau) came to GROSCHKE's;

RELEASED OFFICER
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COORDINATING OFFICER

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SEARCHED INDEXED

FORM NO. 81-88
JUN 1951

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
SOURCE METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2B
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2000 2006

SECRET

that during his service with the Bohemia Railroad, GEORGIUK had presented Russian agents picked up behind German lines (during the Soviet, April and, presumably, and therefore source believes that GEORGIUK is working for the Soviet in some way; source points out that reports of GEORGIUK's employment by an American agency are well circulated in Germany and have undoubtedly come to the attention of the KGB-GERMANY group, although this group still continues to track GEORGIUK carefully.

4. There are no current traces here on Wilhelm Gustloff KUNZMANN other than that information contained in earlier Polish correspondence (POL-46, WEL-1591, etc.). There are several wartime references here on KUNZMANN, but these traces correspond with the information furnished in WEL-1591B of 4 January 1950. He was unable to locate the FBI as information referred to in WEL-41325.

5. The following information is available here on Fritz KUNZMANN:

WEL-52 dated 21 June 1948
Fritz KUNZMANN - chief of the Coburg police; KPD member; formerly an Oberstadtschef in the Kord/Coburg Ghetto; suspected of having been a member of the NSD strongly defended in articles published in the German Press; a proponent of some groups suspected politically because of his close ties with Kurt HERR, Peter KATZMANN, Paul WITTMANN, KUNZMANN (Fam), and other leading KPD members of sympathizers in the Coburg area; given favorable treatment to police officials and applicants who are KPD members or sympathizers; brought Fritz HERR, Coburg KPD leader, into the Coburg police.

WEL-5124 dated 18 February 1948
Fritz KUNZMANN - member of the Coburg City Police, was recommended for re-orientation in the United States along with other German police officials.

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