VIA:		DL. TCH NO.	BAVA-2454
(SPECIFY AIR OR SEA POL	SECRET Securityculasimo		
TO : Chief, EE At	tn. Cise, Vienna M.	MCKUFILKEN 23. Jan 19 1982 -	April 1953
SUBJECT: GENERAL- Opera	tional/cROOVY/TOPHOLIC	IMENT MICROFILM SERVICE	
REFERENCE: EAVA	errogation of Dr. Wilhe	Hq Comments R	
Info: Fran Salz		Por into and tax.	

Forwarded herewith are copies of the report of reinterrogation of Dr. Wilhelm HOETTL on 4 April 1953. The remaining reports on the confinement and interrogation of HOETTL are being processed and will be forwarded as they are finished.

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY SOURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2B NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT. DATE 2000 2006

SECURITY INFORMATION

CLASSIFICATION

?/ COPY

EAVA-2454

FORM HG. 51-28 A

FUERROCATION OF DR. WILHELM HOETTL: Reaction to bolitary Confinement

- It diremstances. A second interrogation of Dr. Milhelm HOMITL was conducted in 3 April 1953 in the cell where he was confined near Salaburg. From approximately 3600 hours on 28 March 1953 until sometime the 30th of March 1953, HOMITL was hold in solitary confinement in an uncomfortable cell adapted from a garage. On 30 March 1953, he was moved to another solitary cell adapted from a wine cellar under a villa mear Salaburg. This cell contained no windows and was generally chilly and uncomfortable, though by no means unbearably so. During the pariod of confinement HOMITL had been permitted to have a typewriter and paper in his cell and had been encouraged to write down any information which, as he was told, might be helpful to nimself or to his interrogators.
- In which he had been condined was uninhabitable and that he had in effect been combinated to torture. He stated that on the previous night he had had a heart attack and that he had been afraid that he would die and that his attempts to get assistance by beating on the door had brought no response from his jailers. The interrogator stated that as a matter of fact HOETTL was probably in more healthy circumstances than he would be if he were out exercising on the streets. Although the room was somewhat cooler than those in which he would normally live, he was still able to rest as much as he wished and this rest could hardly be said to injure his heart. The interrogator added that if HOETTL should die suddenly during the night while in continuent it would present no particular problem since disposal of a cold body is not not not more difficult than disposal of a warm once. The interrogator added that he had no particular wish that HOETTL should die.

3. Response to Questions

- a) MPETTL maintained under questioning that he had nothing to add concerning. his relations with Kurt PONGER or with any other of the personalities nontioned during previous interrogations. The interrogator covered a certain amount of old ground in thempting to develop a new line of questioning concerning the PONGER case but learned nothing new from HCETTL about his activity in this case.
- b) Coundener Freunds B. On being quisced again concerning the identity or identities of the mysterious Gaundener Freunds B who had been mentioned in the letter from Harry MAST (see previous reports), HONTTL continued to maintain that he did not know to whom MAST referred. After much pressure on this point, HONTTL finally said that the only B he could think of would be Dr. Anton BOUND.
- c) Relations with US Agencies. The interrogator queried HCETTL at some length of his underclanding of the present organization of the inited States Intelligence. It was clear from HOETTL's answers that HOETTL believes that the situation promiling in 1917-16 continues in American Intelligence: rivalry and intrigue between The and G-2 in Austria (evidently HOETTL had bearing to retaining of local rivalries as they existed in 1917 and 1916 conticularly in respect to CLO Linz), rivalcy and intrigue between builted states Army and the importance of that

rivalry and intrigue among all other US intelligence agonies. It is muslear to the interrogator just how HOETTL mapped out this pattern of intrigue in his own mind but evidently he hoped to be able eventually to solve all his own problems by applying directly to Mr. Allan Welch Dulles. The interrogator is inclined to take 5-to-h odds that this curious group of opinions, combined with HOETTL's natural inclination towards intrigue and his general cast of mind, which suggests the early stages of schizophrenia, motivates him to withhold information which in his mind would cause one American agency to be hostile to him because of his activities on behalf of another American agency. There is also some indication that he had attempted to penetrate or at least to gether information on intelligence offices which he took to be American-controlled and which he assumed to have something to do with Mr. Dulles, when he believes to take a direct personal interest in local operations, as hostile.

h. HOETTL's Proposals

- a) Johann SANITZER. Always the operator, HOSTEL took occasion during this interrogation to propose that he be employed by United States Intelligence by establishing contact with Johann SANITZER, a former double agent operator of the German intelligence service who is now thought to be active on behalf of the Soviets. HOSTEL proposed to reestablish contact with SANITZER's wife, or to attempt to make a connection with SANITZER through Dr. Othmar TREMMER, Dr. Karl MENNER, or Ing. Karl KOWARIK. The interrogator permitted HOSTEL to expatiate at sufficient length to determine that HOSTEL does not in fact know very much about SANITZER, either in the present or in the past. It is notewrity that in a written momorandum which HOSTEL had prepared on his typewriter before the interrogation containing the same proposal, he was unable to spell SANITZER's name correctly. (He spelled it SANITZER). The interrogator then told HOSTEL that he obviously did not know very much about the case and would not be qualified to operate in such a capacity, even if we were to change our entire orientation and decide that he could be trusted with such an assignment.
- b) Double Agent Proposal. HOETTL then suggested that he might be employed to establish contact with the Soviet intelligence office which had operated VARBER and PONGIR. When the interrogator asked whether NOETTL really believed that after having been arrested and interrogated by the Americans he would be accepted by Soviet intelligence in Vienna as a reliable person, HOETTL explained that he did not intend himself to travel to Vienna or to establish direct contact but that he thought purpose by mail to PONGER's wife he night establish an interest in Soviet minds which would cause that to send somebody to contact him. All readers of this report will doubtless be overwhelmed by relief to be told that the interrogator did not accept the TTL's offer.

5. Pubur : Plans

a) After this re-interrogation of HOETTL it was decided that a press release while to propered implicating HOETTL in the VERBER-PONCES case and that this priors release while he made public if concurrence was recoived from the happroscope of distinct in Wesnington.

SECRET
SECURITY INFORMATION

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

two days reter the press release had been given out. The two-day lapse would ensure that our version of the story would appear first in the newspapers so that no reporter would be able to check with HOETIL before printing his story.

SECURITY INFORMATION

]39