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Handbook of Foreign Submarine-Launched Ballistic Missiles and Their Platforms

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39 Chinese SLBM 39 CSS-NX-3 40 Xia SSBN

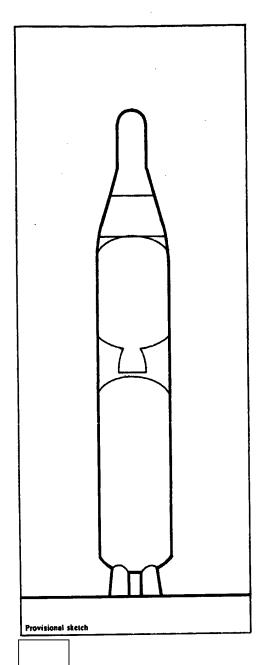
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Chinese SLBM	
The first Chinese SLBM, the CSS-NX-3, is currently under development and will be launched from the Xia-class SSBN. Operational command of the nuclear forces presumably rests with the highest political authority in China, but virtually nothing is known of command and control arrangements.	
During the early 1960a, the Soviets supplied the Chinese with the components of a G-I-class diesel-electric ballistic missile submarine (SSB). This SSB was assembled at the Luda Shipyard during 1962-64. After serving in several roles, it was converted to serve as an SLBM test-launch platform in the early 1970s.	
CSS-NX-3	
The timing of these events	
and the slow conversion of the G-class to a test-launch	
submarine are indicators of the slow pace of development of an SLBM system. superstructure	
pieces that appeared to be for the Xia SSBN were	
yard. Operational deployment of this SLBM system is not expected before the mid-to-late 1980s	
Our estimates of the capabilities and characteristics	
of the CSS-NX-3 are primarily engineering judg-	
ments based on limited data. We have had to judge the level of technology in China and have estimated it	
to be almost equal to that of the French M-1 SLBM.	
Thus, our best judgments are subject to wide confi-	
dence bounds.	
We believe that the CSS-NX-3 will not be considered	
by Chinese strategic planners as a destabilizing threat to the USSR. To effectively threaten the bulk of	
Soviet urban, industrial, and military centers, Xia-	
class submarines would have to patrol in the Norwe-	
gian Sea. The Chinese probably could achieve this goal before the end of the century if they chose to	
devote the necessary resources to such a program.	7

Xia SSBN	
The Xia, China's only SSBN, was launched in April 1981 at Huludao shipyard and is still fitting out.	
a second Xia-class	
SSBN is under construction.	
the Chinese intend to build eight submarines	
in this class	
The Xia is based on the design of the Han SSN.	
Basically, the Xia was developed by adding a missile	
compartment of 12 tubes to the Han-class SSN hull	
and propulsion system. The Han-class SSN has oper-	
ated little and is not yet a proven design. The first unit	
has been out of service for months because of possible	
reactor problems. Because the Xia shares this untest- ed engineering, it might not become a fully effective	
ship for several years.	
Deployment of the Xia probably will be restricted to	
the waters adjacent to China at first. As a deterrent	
force, its potential to strike the USSR from these	
waters is limited because only East Siberian targets	
would be within range. The Xia-class SSBNs eventu-	
would be within range. The Xia-class SSBNs eventu- ally could patrol in the Norwegian Sea or off the west coast of the United States, but the Chinese Navy will	
would be within range. The Xia-class SSBNs eventu- ally could patrol in the Norwegian Sea or off the west coast of the United States, but the Chinese Navy will have to develop the necessary skills and techniques to	
would be within range. The Xia-class SSBNs eventu- ally could patrol in the Norwegian Sea or off the west coast of the United States, but the Chinese Navy will	

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