Z. ALDOUBY CONFIDENTIAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION MICROFILMED APR 2 2 1963 DOC. MICRO. SER. 1 - INS, NYC (All 058 646) (RM) Copy to: DAVID R. EVANS, JR. Office: New York, Report cf: New York Date: 12/20/61 105-97421 Field Office File No.: 105-47221 Bufile: 201-356392 ZVI ALDOUBY Title: INTEPNAL SECURITY - ISRAEL Character: REGISTRATION ACT - ISRAEL NY T-1 furnished a list of names found Synopsis: in the personal effects of the subject or obtained through interrogation of him by Spanish authorities, which persons were alleged to reside in the NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT NY area. NY T-3 furnished information regarding members of ALDOUBY's group, EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b) and meetings which took place in Paris, (2)(A) Privacy France. Viking Press, NYC, and Look Magazine, NYC, both furnished the subject (2)(E) Methods/Sources (2)(G) Foreign Relations money for articles which he would write at a later date on MARTIN BORMAN, an ex-Nazi believed to be residing in South America. Contents of letter written by Declassified and Approved for Release subject to Viking Press set forth. Subject by the Central Intelligence Agency unknown to several persons whose names 2005 were furnished by NY T-1. 201 FILE OPLNID ON THE 1 - BASIS OF THIS DOCUMENT -BI FOR COORDINATION WITH - P -

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Date:

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CONFIDENTIAL

DETAILS:

On September 6, 1961, NY T-1, a confidential source abroad, made available a list of names which were found in the personal effects of the subject at the time of his arrest or which were obtained in the course of interrogation of the subject by Spanish authorities. The list of names of persons allegedly residing in the New York City area are as follows:

> SOFIA ALDOUBY - wife of the subject residing at 235 West 103rd Street, New York - telephone UN 6-1239

ELINOR BETH lives at 501 Fifth Avenue, telephone OX 1-9436 (place not given, possibly New York)

PATRICIA BETZ - lives at 325 West 87th Street, New York 24, New York

TOM GINSBURG - lives at 605 Madison Avenue, New York telephone PL 5-4330

JOHN GLASS - lives at 470 (not known whether its East or West End Avenue, New York)

BOB MESKIL - (works for Look Magazine, New York)

DAN PACHTER - lives at 224 West End Lane, New York 6, New York)

MARGOT SAENGER - lives at 237 Riverside Drive, New York 24, New York

SCHEULLE (Major) - telephone number OR 9-4466 (Civil Air Patrol)

GEORGE STEIN - lives at Coronel Clo., C., 935 Broadway, 22nd, fifth floor, New York

On September 29, 1961, Mr. EDWARD L. BRAUNE, Legal Department, New York Telephone Company, advised SA JAMES M. ANDERSON that the following listed Selephone numbers as furnished in the above list by NY T-1 are assigned to the following:

> OX 1-9436 - there is no such telephone listing in the New York City area

PL 5-4330 - Viking Press, Incorporated, 625 Madison Avenue, New York City

CR 9-4466 - Executive Department of New York State, 124 East 28th Street

A review of the current 1961 New York City Telephone Directory covering all five New York boroughs failed to reflect any information pertaining to DAN PACHTER or any listing or address as 224 West End Lane, New York City.

A review of the current 1961 New York Telephone Directory reflected that ELINOR BETH was an attorney with offices at 501 Fifth Avenue, telephone number OX 7-9426 and that JOHN GLASS was a dentist with offices at 470 West End Avenue, New York City, and having telephone number EN 2-0687.

A review of the current 1961 New York Cross Index Directory failed to reflect any listing for PATRICIA BETZ, 325 West 87th Street, New York City.

On October 19, 1961, NY T-2 advised that on April 14, 1961, Miss PATRICIA BETZ, 325 West 87th Street, New York City, had moved to 345 West 88th Street, Apartment 7-E, New York City.

On October 19, 1961, Dr. JOHN GLASS, 470 West End Avenue, New York City, advised that he did not know the subject nor had he ever heard of him. Dr. GLASS searched his records pertaining to the names of present and past patients and was unable to find any reference reflecting that the subject had ever been in contact with him either as a patient or a person making a medical inquiry.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date October 25, 1961

On October 23, 1961, NY T-3 advised that he was a student in Paris, France, and first met ZVI ALDOUBY in February, 1961, in Paris, France, through a mutual friend who had been a childhood friend of ALDOUBY's. NY T-3 stated at this first meeting ALDOUBY advised that he was an Israeli newspaperman.

Informant advised that he again met ALDOUBY in March or early April, 1961, at which time he said he was after a story. ALDOUBY hinted that he was going to Spain after a Nazi, and mentioned the name, LEON DEGRELLE. ALDOUBY also advised NY T-3 that he was one of those who participated in the kidnaping of ADOLF EICHMANN from Argentina. NY T-3 stated that ALDOUBY was very proud that he was one of those who participated in the kidnaping of EICHMANN. Informant stated that ALDOUBY never mentioned who the other members of the group were. NY T-3 advised that after the first few meetings he and ALDOUBY became close friends.

NY T-3 stated he met quite a few of ALDOUEY's friends in Paris and those whom he can recall are BERNARD PESSINE, JANO JANAIWER, JANO'S fiancee, name unknown, BARBARA (last name unknown), JACQUES FEINSOHN, IGAL MOSSINSOHN, JACQUES (last name unknown), ANDRE BUROU, JACQUES DIALOS, and DIDIER (last name unknown. NY Tstated that the majority of these people resided in the Hotel Fecamp, Plaza Budapest, Paris, France, with the exception of PESSINE and BUROU. NY T-3 declared this group was mostly young idealistic French people, all in their twenties.

NY T-3 advised that ALDOUBY was the driving force behind the plot to kidnap DEGRELLE, and many discussions were held in his room at the hotel as to how it could best be accomplished. NY T-3 stated that the name DEGRELLE, was never mentioned; however, they were to refer to him as "our friend in Spain". Informant stated that he did not participate in the discussions, but merely sat in as an observer. He advised that it was like

On	201 East 69th Street 10/23/61 at New York 21, New York	
by	SAS BOYD B. HENRY, JR. and DAVID R. EVANS, JR./mfw	Date dictated 10/24/61

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watching a movie unfold, and informant stated that it appeared that the group as a whole was doing this for ideological reasons, and no financial remuneration was ever mentioned. NY T-3 stated, however, at one time ALDOUBY had them all sign releases stating that if the affair was successful, ALDOUBY would have the exclusive rights to any story.

NY T-3 advised that he could not recall the exact details of the plot and in the formulation of the plans, he mentioned again that DEGRELLE's name was never used. Informant advised that the group discussed the purchase of arms but never mentioned where. NY T-3 stated that he did not know where in Spain DEGRELLE was located. Informant advised that he also recalled hearing something about a boat and assumed that the group was discussing a Spanish boat; however, he did not know where the boat was supposed to be.

NY T-3 stated that none of the group appeared to have any large amount of money, nor was anything ever mentioned that they were being supplied with funds by any group of persons or a foreign government. NY T-3 stated at one time, ALDOUBY gave him an envelope to give to ANDRE HAROU, which envelope contained French money in the amount of \$200. Informant did not know what the purpose of this money was for.

NY T-3 stated that IGAL MOSSINSOHN attended a few of the group discussions; however, he did not speak the French language in which the discussions took place, and occasionally someone would translate for him. Informant advised that ALDOUBY never mentioned any Belgians who were assisting in the operation. NY T-3 related that none of the group appeared to have any money, except ALDOUBY and then at times even he was short of cash. Informant stated that ALDOUBY never advised where his money came from; however, all of the group knew that he received royalties from his writings.

Regarding 2VI ALDOUBY's background, NY T-3 stated that he mentioned that he had been married and was now divorced and had previously resided in New York City. He also advised the informant at one time that he had been in the <u>Israeli Intelligence Service</u>; however, he did not indicate that he was still a member, nor did he ever mention any other persons who were in the Israeli Intelligence Service with him. Informant stated ALDOUBY never

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stated or intimated that the Government of Israel was backing the venture. NY T-3 stated that he knew ALDOUBY took a trip to Switzerland and New York City during the short time that he knew him, but he had no idea who ALDOUBY visited in Switzerland, With regard to the New York trip, which he believed ALDOUBY took in May, 1961, ALDOUBY advised the informant that he had affairs to settle and had a story to turn in to his agent at the Sterling Lord Agency.

NY T-3 stated that in the very early part of July, 1961, ALDOUBY was short of money, and informant loaned him \$200. He did not know what this money was going to be used for, but assumed that ALDOUBY would use it for whatever purpose he felt was necessary. NY T-3 stated that the \$200 he gave ALDOUBY was actually a loan; however, informant never got it back.

NY T-3 advised that in the very early part of July, 20/ 1961, date not recalled, a group, composed of JANO JANAIWER and his fiancee, name unknown, BARBARA (last name unknown), JACQUES DIALOS and DIDIER (last name unknown), proceeded into Spain two days ahead of ALDOUBY and JACQUES FEINSOIN fin an old car. This first group would look over the lay of the land and they would later be joined by ALDOUBY and FEINSOHN. FEINSOHN owned a small red car, model not recalled, in which he and ALDOUBY would proceed from France to Spain. The group would then proceed to where DEGRELLE was located, kidnap him, put him aboard the boat and sail for Belgium. NY T-3 again reiterated that DEGRELLE's location was never mentioned, nor was the location of the boat ever mentioned. Informant advised that he believed IGAL MOSSINSOHN was aboard the boat.

NY T-3 advised that the group learned of the arrest by the Spanish authorities of ALDOUBY and FEINSOHN, as did he from the newspapers, and the group immediately proceeded back to Paris. Informant stated that he was not a member of the group and had stayed in Paris during the whole procedure. He advised that the group appeared disgusted with the plans and none was able to offer an opinion as to why ALDOUBY and FEINSOHN had been arrested or why the car owned by FEINSOHN had been watched by Spanish

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NY T-3 stated that he had never heard anything mentioned regarding any worldwide organization which looked for ex-Nazis. He stated that he never heard any mention made of funds being given to any groups of this type, and he stated that he was of the opinion that ALDOUBY was doing this for ideological reasons, since he had previously participated in the kidnaping of EICHMANN.

On October 25, 1961, Miss MARGOT SAENGER, 127 Riverside Drive, New York City, advised that in 1939 she had been a passenger on the ship "The St. Louis", which vessel was transporting a number of refugees from Germany to Cuba. Miss SAENGER advised that numerous people were interested in interviewing persons who had been passengers on this voyage and that in the fall of 1960 she had been interviewed by a woman correspondent for "Der Stern", a German magazine. Miss SAENGER stated that she cannot recall this female correspondent's name. She also advised that she did not know the subject, had never heard of him, and had never been interviewed by him. Miss SAENGER stated that it was possible that the subject may have gotten her name from the female correspondent of the German magazine who had previously interviewed her regarding her experiences in the fall of 1960.

On October 25, 1961, Miss PATRICIA BETZ, 345 West 88th Street, Apartment 7-E, New York City, advised that she first met ALDOUBY in Washington, D.C. in 1958 when she was employed by the United States State Department as the secretary to the Bolivian Desk Officer. Miss BETZ stated that she met ALDOUBY through mutual friends and they carried on a social relationship.

Miss BETZ advised that she again met ALDOUBY in the spring of 1959 in New York City and at this time he stated that he was a foreign correspondent for some unknown Israeli Army magazine and also a correspondent for some unknown Israeli radio station. Miss BETZ declared that they continued their social relationship and at one time ALDOUBT told her that some years previously while in Israel he had worked for the Israeli Defense Department but was now a foreign correspondent.

Miss BETZ stated that she and ALDOUBY continued their social relationship until the spring of 1960 when he decided to write an article for Look Magazine on ADOLF EICHMANN and he requested Miss BETZ' assistance in helping him. She stated that an individual by the name of EPHRAIM KATZ was also helping to put this article together and this article was later put into book form. Miss BETZ stated that she assisted the subject and KATZ by doing research, typing, proofreading, et cetera, on both the article for Look Magazine and the book "The Eichmann Story". Miss BETZ stated that she received some financial requireration for her assistance in helping with the book and this project went all through the summer of 1960.

Miss BETZ advised that upon the completion of the book "The Eichmenn Story" ALDOUBY then started working on " The St. Louis Story" for "Der Stern", a German magazine. This project continued on through the fall of 1960 and ALDOUBY planned to go to Europe in the beginning of October, 1960, but instead went at the end of October, 1960. Miss BETZ stated that ALDOUBY's purpose in going to Europe was to try and find research material on MARTIN BORMAN, an ex-Nazi.

Miss BETZ advised that while ALDOUBY was in Europe she heard from him frequently through numerous letters, cables, and telephone calls. She recalled that ALDOUBY referred, either by letter or cable or phone call, that he was endeavoring to find someone who had some information on BORMAN and this individual was either in France or Spain. Miss BETZ stated that while ALDOUBY was away, She remained in touch with STERLING LORD, ALDOUBY's New York agent, for him during this period.

Miss BETZ declared that she first heard the name LEON DEGRELLE in March or April, 1961, but she could not recall how she first heard the name. She stated that this was the individual who supposedly had some information to offer on MARTIN BORMAN. Miss BETZ advised that ALDOUBY returned to New York City in May, 1961, and told her that he had already seen LEON DEGRELLE and that he would have to return to Spain. He advised that his work was firmished and uponhhis return he would start to write the MARTIN BORMAN story. Miss BETZ stated that ALDOUBY advised that there were other people interested in DEGRELLE and that they had furnished further background information regarding this individual.

Miss BETZ stated that ALDOUBY left the United States in the latter part of May, 1961, and that she has never seen him again. She advised that she first learned of ALDOUBY's arrest from EPHRAIM KATZ and when she heard of this she immediately called ALDOUBY's agent, STERLING LORD. LORD advised Miss BETZ that he had just heard the news himself. Miss BETZ stated that no one seemed to know the full story of what had transpired in Europe. She declared that she heard nothing more regarding ALDOUBY until she received a letter from him written in English, which letter

appeared to have been written in July, 1961, and received by her in September, 1961. Miss BETZ stated that this letter was strictly personal in nature. Miss BETZ advised that she has received three more letters from ALDOWBY, written in Spanish, which letters were received in September and October - the last one having been received the first week of October, 1961. She stated that in these letters he told her that he had heard that he had received a sentence of nine years. ALDOUBY told BETZ in the letters that he hoped for a reduction of sentence through a pardon or amnesty.

Miss BETZ advised that she has heard nothing more from ALDOUBY or events that transpired in Europe. She stated that a friend of his had come to see her one IGAL MOSSINSOHN, and he told her that he had marely gone to Europe with ALDOUBY to help collect material and knew nothing of the events that the subject was involved in. Miss BETZ advised that in her personal opinion ALDOUBY was nothing but a literary salesman who got in over his head on some story. FD-302

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/2/61

MR. THOMAS H. GUINZBURG, President, Viking Press, advised that he had first met ZWY ALDOUBY when ALDOUBY was working in collaboration with QUENTIN REYNOLDS and another gentleman by the name of KATZ on "The Eichmann Story," which story was published by Viking Press and dealt with the background of ADOLF EICHMANN and the details of his capture. MR. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY represented himself as an Israeli journalist who had numerous contacts. MR. GUINZBURG stated that in conversation with ALDOUBY, when various other p cople were present, ALDOUBY always seemed to indicate that he was some kind of a spy although he never actually admitted to being one. MR. GUINZBURG advised that when they were placing biographical data in the front of the book "The Eichmann Story," ALDOUBY was very nervous about revealing any background; however, he did state that at one time he had been in the Israeli Intelligence Service and his chief, name not revealed, had given him permission to say that he had been a member of the Israeli Intelligence Service.

MR. GUINZBURG advised that after the publishing of "The Eichmann Story" ALDOUBY brought up facts and voluminous material regarding MARTIN BORMANN. ALDOUBY stated he wanted to do a story on BORMANN and also capture him, if possible. ALDOUBY advised that through his contacts he had access to BORMANN and a plan to capture him. ALDOUBY stated he knew where BORMANN was and that BORMANN was under surveillance by three governments, namely the United States, England and some other government not recalled by GUINZBURG. ALDOUBY advised GUINZBURG that Israel didn't care about BORMANN because he hadn't actually participated in the slaughter of the Jewish people as had EICHMANN. ALDOUBY stated that

0n		at <u>625</u>	Madison	Ave.,	New	York	City	File	<u>#105-47221</u>
by	SA DAVID R. SA BOYD B.	EVANS, HENRY, J	JR., and R.	i I	Date	dicta	ted	11/2/	/61

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BORMANN was well surrounded and well protected. The operation to capture BORMANN was to be known as "Cream-Puff." ALDOUBY advised GUINZBURG that there was a Fascist organization protecting neo-Nazis and ex-Nazis throughout the world, which organization was called "Capri." ALDOUBY stated that this was the outfit that was protecting BORMANN and moving him to various places in Central and South America.

MR. GUINZBURG advised that his organization was interested in what ALDOUBY had to say regarding MARTIN BORMANN because they visualized what a tremendous story it would be and his organization wanted the exclusive rights to such a story if it ever took place. With this in mind, MR. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY on September 12, 1960 was advanced by Viking Press \$2500.00 for future manuscripts and \$1000.000 for mesearch. Viking Press also agreed to pay ALDOUBY \$4000.00 more if they accepted a manuscript from him regarding MARTIN BORMANN. MR. GUINZBURG stated that Viking Press wanted to cut down on their expenses and not get in too deep on the advancement of money for any future manuscripts so he arranged an appointment with "Look Magazine." He stated that he took ALDOUBY to "Look Magazine" and ALDOUBY once again explained his knowledge of MARTIN BORMANN and "Look Magazine" agreed to advance him funds for articles which he might later write in connection with the BORMANN story.

MR. GUINZBURG advised that it was very easy to believe ALDOUBY because he had voluminous material dealing with MARTIN BORMANN, such as maps and details of BORMANN'S escape and the actual escape route that he utilized when he fled Hitler's bunker. MR. GUINZBURG stated that ALDOUBY even had the name of the submarine they allegedly fled on. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY appeared to have complete knowledge of BORMANN'S day-to-day activities except for two or three days. He stated that ALDOUBY presented a completely convincing story and it seemed all the more probable since ALDOUBY had advised his organization previously that he knew all the people who had participated in the EICHMANN capture and had actually worked on it himself, except for the final phase of the actual capture.

MR. GUINZBURG stated that any money advanced to ALDOUBY was merely for future rights to any story or manuscript that would come from him and ALDOUBY had advised that his finances for the actual BORMANN operation itself would come

from European sources, such as a wealthy Swiss banker whose name ALDOUBY never disclosed.

MR. GUINZBURG stated that ALDOUBY went to Europe in October or November of 1950. He stated that he was going to join the group about in operation on the BORMANN job. ALDOUBY never mentioned the number of persons composing this group but did state that they were nationals of various countries. ALDOUBY advised GUINZBURG that he would know in a month or six weeks of the actual operation plan. MR. GUINZEURG advised that he heard no more from ALDOUBY until January 8, 1961, when he received a letter from ALDOUBY from Tel Aviv, Israel.

MR. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY returned to the United States in the Spring of 1961. His purpose in returning was to report the details of what had transpired in Europe to date and also to raise money. MR. GUINZBURG stated that ALDOUBY was heavily in debt and ALDOUBY had also advised him that he needed money for his group because a number of the persons had quit their jobs to aid him. MR. GUINZBURG advised that it was at this time that he first heard of LEON DEGRELLE. ALDOUEY advised that DEGRELLE was an integral part of the BORMANN story. He stated that ALDOUBY indicated that BORMANN was the titular head of the Fascist organization known as "Capri" and that DEGRELLE was the administrator of this organization. ALDOUEY advised MR. GUINZBURG that his group already had DEGRELLE in custody on some estate in France, which estate belonged to the second or third top policeman in France. ALDOUBY advised that a wealthy Swiss banker who had an airplane had taken a hedge-hopping trip and eventually landed in Madrid. A yacht had come down the Riviera and a girl had enticed DEGRELLE aboard the yacht. ALDOUBY stated that DEGRELLE was under sedation and was writing his memoirs, which ALDOUEY would get. ALDOUEY also advised MR. GUINZBURG that they had a well-known British psychiatrist doing the interrogation of DEGRELLE. ALDOUBY also advised that he was extremely nervous because they had DEGRELLE in custody so long and ALDOUBY'S group was afraid DEGRELLE'S absence would be discovered. ALDOUBY claimed to have pictures of the DEGRELLE operation and he also stated that he was now in charge of the group since a French lawyer who had previously been in charge had died.

ALDOUBY advised that DEGRELLE had been in a little town in the northern part of Spain and well guarded. ALDOUBY also alleged to GUINZBURG that BORMANN had been seen in this town during the previous March 1961. GUINZBURG stated that he asked ALDOUBY why he was concentrating on DEGRELLE instead of BORMANN and ALDOUBY merely stated that DEGRELLE was important.

MR. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY was once again in need of funds and, therefore he believes that ALDOUBY received further advances for any future manuscripts or articles from "Look Magazine's" STERLING LORD, ALDOUES'S New York agent, and GUINZBURG stated that he recalls he may possibly have advanced ALDOUBY another \$2500.00 on the part of Viking Press. MR. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY may possibly have raised up to \$10,000.00; however, he was not sure. MR. GUINZBURG also recalled that ALDOUEY did receive a donation of \$3,000.00 from MR. and MRS, HARVEY BREIT, 635 Park Avenue, NYC. GUINZBURG advised that MR. BREIT is a former assistant book editor of the "New York Times," who is now a writer and a producer of Broadway shows. GUINZBURG stated that he introduced ALDOUBY to the BREITS and accompanied ALDOUBY to the meeting with the BREITS.

MR. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY did not mention any details of the MARTIN BORMANN operation. He advised that ALDOUBY was very vague as to what was going to transpire regarding MARTIN BORMANN. GUINZBURG advised that ALDOUBY was trying to settle his mongy problems prior to leaving the United States and GUINZBURG knew that ALDOUBY had various attachments placed against him.

MR. GUINZEURG advised that ALDOUBY left for Europe, date not recalled, and the next thing that was heard regarding ALDOUBY was that someone noticed his name in a newspaper as being captured by the Spanish police. GUINZEURG declared that ALDOUBY'S agent, STERLING LORD, had received a letter from ALDOUBY which was very formal in content. ALDOUBY in the letter advised LORD that he hoped to be released very soon on some legal technicality and also expressed the desire that everyone believe in him. GUINZEURG

advised that some time ago, date not recalled, he received a call from STERLING LORD and LORD advised him that there was an individual in New York who had gone to Europe with ALDOUBY and knew the full details regarding ALDOUBY. LORD wanted to know if GUINZBURG wanted to meet this individual and have a drink with him but GUINZBURG stated that the meeting never took place for reasons not recalled. GUINZBURG stated that he believes this individual's first name was IGAL and he was some type of Israeli journalist or writer.

MR. GUINZBURG advised that he believes that STERLING LORD, ALDOUBY'S New York agent, is in full possession of all facts regarding any monies that ALDOUBY may have received and details of the actual story itself.

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Mr. GUINZEURG voluntarily furnished a letter which had been sent to him by the subject from Tel Aviv, Israel, dated January 8, 1960. The following is the letter set forth in its entirety and exact spelling:

"Tel Aviv, Jan. 8, 1960

"Mr. Thomas Ginsberg 625 Madison Ave New York, N.Y.

Dear Tom,

"After a month and a half of "pleasure trips", here is my first report on the Creem-Puff situation. Now being in Tel Aviv, I can write quietly about this subject. A similar report was sent to Sterling and I am sure that both of you are waiting to know where and how your thousands are spent...Not that they are enough!

"Frankly said I think that the Cream-Fuff Story might cost me at the end everything I have, including my pants. But being in the beginning of "a way" and playing with the illusion of future "treasures", I keep pushing. I am afraid that I might end this adventure with a small sentence of "only" about 25 years! but all in all it could be worth it.

"When I started out on operation Cream-Puff the operation plan was devided into four main parts.

"I. World wide research done by my colleagues and myself on Cream-Puff's background and activities from 1900, (the day of his birth) to 1945, the end of the Third Reich.

"2. Research, interviews, and different other activities, in connection with his escape, the chase after him from 1945 until this very day.

"3. Operation BONDEL (details will reach you soon).

"4, The final steps - whatever they will be.

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"The research until 1945 was completed. All I can say is that no man could have done this alone and certainly not with a budget of a few thousand dollars. Not ever!. This research brought to light Cream-Puff's personal party and S.S. files, many of his office correspondence and documents that prove his activities in the Fuhrer's chancellary, his diaries, his personal letters to his wife and his mistresses, his family and his wife's, interviews with people who knew him, met him, dealt with him, loved him, and suffered from him, his neighbors and many many others. The list is too long to count them all.

"There is nothing in the world today that has been printed in book form or newspapers and has not been collected. There is no person who had anything to do with his case and who has not been seen. In short material for one volume.

"The last two years of Cream-Puff's activities are a day by day account and step by step move. This naturally includes his last days in May 1945. <u>With the</u> <u>aid of files that me managed to take out from</u>. The British War Office (MI-5), the British Foreign Office, the Special Political International Branch of the Scotland Yard, the Interpol, the 2eme bureau, the Italian and Yugoslav Inteligence Agencies, the German War Crime Office and reports of the volonteer groups, we have the most complete story of his escape and the pursuit after him.

This material, now mostly on its way to Patti, includes, for the first time (black on white) proof that the man is alive. This proof is in the form of two letters dated 1954 and 1956. Naturally we have managed to lay a hand on quite a few pictures, despite the fact that this man was hardly photographed.

"In my letter I mentioned "Operation Bondel". When this phase will be made clear to you, I am sure that you will understand how the fourth stage is impossible without the completion of the third.

"The Cream-Puff operation has one more problem. Because another step had to be inserted into the original plan, time has become a problem. I hope that you will understand the situation and will allow me an extantion of my deadline.

"When I will leave Tel Aviv for Europe again, I will be finished almost completely with phase I and 2, and will start working exclusively on phase 3. I hope that this will end on February 28 and thus it will enable us to continue to South America and finish the job.

"That is how the Cream-Puff situation stands. As far as "we" are concerned it works fine.

"I hope to hear from you soon. Kindest regards to Phylis and all the others.

> "Yours, Zwy."

On November 1, 1961, Miss ELEANOR BETH, attorney, 501 Fifth Avenue, New York City, advised SAS DAVID R. EVANS, JR. and BOYD B. HARRY that sometime in the spring of 1961 she received a contract through the mail from "Der Stern" a German magazine which had been misdirected to Miss BETH who lives at 317 West 87th Street. Miss BETH stated that the outside envelope contained the name PATRICIA BETH. She advised that she inadvertently opened the envelope without immediately checking the outside address and the envelope contained a contract from the German magazine to an individual by the name of ALDOUBY. The contract mentioned two articles which this ALDOUBY individual was going to write dealing with a "L.D." and a "MARTIN BORMAN." Miss BETH advised that she put this contract in a safety deposit box and wrote to "Der Stern" in Germany for ALDOUBY's address, and telling them that she had mistakenly received a contract which appeared to be for ALDOUBY. Miss BETH stated that she received a reply from the German magazine which reply mentioned that ALDOUBY was someplace in France but did not give any exact place.

Miss BETH stated that sometime in the summer of 1961 she received a telephone call at her office from a man who identified himself as ZVI ALDOUBY. This individual wanted to know if he could pick up the contract which had been mistakenly sent to Miss BETH. Miss BETH stated that she advised this individual that since she did not know him she would not turn over the contract to him unless he came to her office bringing his current passport and

a picture so that she would know that this individual was, in fact, ALDOUBY. Miss BETH declared that she has never heard from this individual who alleged himself to be ALDOUBY again. Miss BETH stated that she will continue

to hold on to the contract and she also advised that she recalled that a name "LORD" also appeared in the contract as well as the name "Look Magazine".

On November 2, 1961, Mr. GEORGE STEIN, 935 Broadway, fifth floor, New York City, secretary and treasurer of the Baronet Clothing Company, Incorporated, advised that he did not know the subject and never heard of him. Mr. STEIN stated that his concern accommodates many Israeli Trade Commission people and Israelis connected with the United Nations. He stated that it was possible that the subject may have gotten his name and address from someone connected with one of these various Israeli groups.

On November 2, 1961, investigation at 124 East 28th Street, New York City, reflected that this building is occupied by the Executive Department of New York State and the New York State branch of the Civil Air Patrol.

On November 2, 1961, Miss JAN TAYLOR, secretary, Civil Air Patrol, advised that they had no Major SCHEULLE on their records. She stated however, that there is a Lieutenant Colonel WILLIAM H. SCHUELIE residing at 440 East 79th Street, New York City, who is a member of the New York branch and chairman of the New York wing of the Civil Air Patrol. FD-302

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 20, 1961

Mr. ROBERT MESKIL, Assistant Managing Editor, Look Magazine, advised that ALDOUBY first came to the magazine in approximately June 1960 with a story about the capture of ADOLF EICHMANN. Mr. MESKIL stated that ALDOUBY did one article on EICHMANN for the magazine, which article appeared in print, he recalled, in August 1960.

Mr. MESKIL advised that sometime in the summer of 1960, ALDOUBY again approached the editors of the magazine and wanted to do a story on MARTIN BORMAN, and on September 21, 1960 a contract was drawn up by Look Magazine for one article, which contract was signed by ALDOUBY's agent, one STERLING LORD. Mr. MESKIL stated that ALDOUBY received a \$2,000 advance for the BORMAN article and was to receive \$6,000 more upon delivery of an article dealing with MARTIN BORMAN.

Regarding the BORMAN story, Mr. MESKIL advised that he recalled that ALDOUBY stated that BORMAN was under constant surveillance and could be taken any time; however, his group was waiting for the right time. Mr. MESKIL advised that he believes that ALDOUBY stated that BORMAN was some place in South America. Mr. MESKIL stated that ALDOUBY never mentioned the size of his group nor did he advise anything as to how the group's operations were financed. He also stated that he recalled that ALDOUBY mentioned at one time that the people who were involved with him were all working people who would take them off from their jobs to do various operations.

Mr. MESKIL stated that after the contract was signed for the one article by ALDOUBY regarding MARTIN BORMAN, ALDOUBY left. ALDOUBY returned to Look Magazine sometime in June 1961, accompanied by his agent, STERLING LORD, and a Mr. GINSBERG (phonetic) of Viking Press. Mr. MESKIL advised that at this time ALDOUBY brought up a story dealing with an individual named LEON DEGRELLE. ALDOUBY advised that DEGRELLE was in Spain and his group was going to utilize a fast car and a privately owned yacht to take DEGRELLE away. ALDOUBY stated they would hold DEGRELLE captive until he, ALDOUBY, wrote the story and then DEGRELLE would be deposited in Belgium for the authorities. Mr. MESKIL stated that it appeared

On 11/16/61 at 488 Madison Avenue, NYC File # 105-47221

by <u>SAs DAVID R. EVANS, JR. and BOYD B. HENRY</u> Date dictated <u>11/20/61</u>

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency. that ALDOUBY wanted some type of financial advance for a DEGRELLE story. However, Mr. MESKIL stated that ALDOUBY was advised that Look Magazine was not interested in a story on LEON DEGRELLE and, therefore, he was not given any additional funds.

Mr. MESKIL advised that he never heard from ALDOUEY personally again. He stated that he has talked to ALDOUBY's agent, STERLING LORD, and he recalled that LORD showed him a letter or a copy of a letter from ALDOUEY. Mr. MESKIL stated that in this letter ALDOUBY hoped that everyone would not lose hope in him, and when he got out of prison he would do his best to fulfill the obligation assumed by him when he received the \$2,000 advance from Look Magazine for an article on MARTIN BORMAN.

On November 16, 1961, Mr. LEONARD GROSS, Senior Editor, Look Magazine, advised that he had been requested by Mr. MESKIL to verify ALDOUBY's credentials as a correspondent. Mr. GROSS stated that he telephonically called a friend of his, one ISRAEL KARU, who was connected with the Israeli Consulate in New York City. Mr. GROSS stated that KARU accredited ALDOUBY as a correspondent for an Israeli Army newspaper and as a journalist. Mr. GROSS declared that sometime later he asked KARU where ALDOUBY had been able to get his facts regarding ADOLF EICHMANN and KARU told GROSS that ALDOUBY had gotten them from Israeli newspapers.

On November 16, 1961, Mr. MICHAEL LAND, Book Editor, Look Magazine, advised that he had had some slight dealings with ALDOUBY when ALDOUBY has furnished an article to the magazine regarding EICHMANN. Mr. LAND stated that ALDOUBY gave the impression that he knew the complete details of the EICHMANN capture, however, he never mentinned the names of any individuals who took part in the EICHMANN capture. Mr. LAND stated that ALDOUBY had photographs of captured Nazi files regarding EICHMANN's background, photographs of EICHMANN, and photographs of documents in the Yiddish language. Mr. LAND stated that ALDOUBY never left anything at the Look Magazine office when he would leave.

On November 21, 1961, the records of the Credit Bureau of Greater New York, as checked by IC JOHN T. DOWNEY, reflected in a credit report dated April 2, 1959, that

HARVEY BREIT (wife PATRICIA R.) age 40's, have resided at 635 Park Avenue, New York City, for approximately two years. This is Mr. BREIT's second marriage and his first wife's name was ELAINE. His present wife was formerly married to ROBERT J. CAMPBELL and she is also the granddaughter of the well known author, MARY ROBERTS RINEHART. The credit report reflected that BREIT's present occupation is writer and he was formerly employed by the "New York Times", 229 West 43rd Street, New York City, as Assistant Editor of the Sunday Book Review, leaving this employment in 1957 with a clear record. The credit report reflected that BREIT does his banking business through the Chase Manhattan Bank, 60th Street and Park Avenue, New York City. There was no litigation or derogatory information contained in the credit report.

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On November 22, 1961, Mr. WILLIAM SCHUELIE, President, William Schuelie and Company, 440 East 79th Street, New York City, advised that he did not know ALDOUBY nor had he ever heard of him. Mr. SCHUELIE stated that he is presently a Lieutenant Colonel in the Civil Air Patrol and has been active in aviation circles for many years. He stated that his rank in the Civil Air Patrol in 1960 was Major. He advised that the Civil Air Patrol under his leadership sponsors tours of youths from many nations who are in. aviation groups, among whom areyouths from Israel. Mr. SCHUELIE also advised that he attended a conference in Paris, France, in 1960 on aviation matters, which conference was also attended by journalists from many nations. He stated that it is possible the subject may have gotten his name at the conference or possibly from a visiting Israeli group.

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