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	27 June 1957
	Сору №. 134 3.
CURRENT	DOCUMENT NO
INTELLIGENCE	DECLASSIFIED CLASS, CHANGED TO: TS SAC. 9
BULLETIN	NEXT REVIEW DATE:  AUTH: HR 70-2  DATE: 2 COLOR
	OF CURRENT INTELLIGENCE AL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Approved for Release: 2019/12/04 C03153705

	CONTENTS
1. CHOU	EN-LAI SPEECH TO NATIONAL PEOPLE'S CONGRESS page 3).
2 GOVEI IMMIN	ENMENT REORGANIZATION. POLITICAL CRISISSEEN (page 5).
3. INDIA DOM	REQUESTS \$700,000,000 LOAN FROM UNITED KING- (page 6).
OA. ATTE	MPTED ASSASSINATION OF SYRIAN COMMUNIST LEADER (page 7).
27 June 57	Current Intelligence Bulletin Page 2

Approved for Release: 2019/12/04 C03153705

## 1. CHOU EN-LAI SPEECH TO NATIONAL PEOPLE'S CONGRESS

The official Chinese Communist summary of Chou En-lai's 30,000-word address to the National People's Congress on 26 June suggests that Chou's annual report did little more than reaffirm established positions on questions of foreign and domestic policy.

Chou declared that during the past year the international situation has been developing along lines "beneficial to peace" despite constant threats posed by American "imperialist policy." As major factors in this development, he cited "reasonable" Soviet proposals for arms limitation, the growing importance of the Asian-African countries, the increasing Japanese demands for "independence," and the Taiwan riots.

In line with Peiping's continuing emphasis on Sino-Soviet bloc unity, Chou asserted that solidarity had grown, not weakened, following the Hungarian rebellion. Facts, he said, prove that unity based on "proletarian internationalism and equality" cannot be destroyed by provocations. He praised Soviet economic assistance for Communist China, declaring that Peiping's achievements were "inseparable" from Soviet help and "expert guidance." He expressed "heartfelt thanks" for Russian aid and promised that Communist China would continue to "learn seriously" from the Soviet Union and all other Socialist countries.

On the economic side, Chou revealed that overspending in 1956 and a poor agricultural showing, which he blamed on the "worst weather in several decades," had resulted in a budget deficit of \$750,000,000 at the end of that year. Surpluses left over from previous years covered only a part of the deficit, forcing the regime to borrow and issue currency to cover the remainder. This is the first year since 1950 that the regime has admitted the need of a currency issue to cover a deficit. Chou

27 June 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 3



Approved for Release: 2019/12/04 C03153705

said that the Chinese Communists plan to achieve a balance in the 1957 budget by increasing revenues and reducing expenditures, including a cut of 20 percent for investment in fixed assets.

On domestic political matters, Chou admitted that the Communists had executed about one in six "counterrevolutionaries" arrested before 1952. Communist statements at the time indicated a much higher ratio than this and a total greater than the 800,000 executions reported in unofficial versions of Mao's "secret" speech. Chou defended the "few cases" which had been mishandled by claiming that Communist achievements were "fundamental," while errors were "individual."

Chou repeated last year's promise of a government decentralization program which would encourage local initiative "under central leadership." He warned that the regime will not tolerate any efforts to undermine the "people's democratic dictatorship," the only system, he said, which can insure the "victory of socialism." He reiterated the standard Chinese Communist exhortation against "doctrinaire" methods but asserted the necessity for refuting the views of "revisionists" that the "universal truths of Marxism" and Soviet experience should be repudiated as "mere dogma."

27 June 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

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## 2. GOVERNMENT REORGANIZATION, POLITICAL CRISIS SEEN IMMINENT IN SOUTH KOREA

Ambassador Dowling reports that South Korea's Liberal Party is expected shortly to start action on a constitutional amendment which will

deprive Vice President Chang Myon of the right to succeed to the presidency. He states that this could result in the most serious internal political crisis in Korea since the presidential election crisis in 1952.

The Liberal Party proposes to establish a modified parliamentary system by restoring the office of prime minister and providing that the incumbent would succeed to the presidency pending a new election within 90 days. The office of the vice president would be abolished at the end of the present term. Until that time, Chang would preside over an upper house to be composed of representatives selected by the lower house and local assemblies. The cabinet and prime minister would be responsible to the lower house.

Dowling reports that President Rhee apparently has not yet given his final approval, but he believes this is only a temporary delay. The Liberals hope to announce the amendment in July, and secure passage in August.

The opposition Democrats are expected to resist vigorously any attempt to undermine Chang's position, and may resort to violent demonstrations. They are not completely united on the issue, however, since many are attracted by the prospect of a coalition government under a parliamentary system as opposed to a perhaps futile effort to defend Chang's right to succeed Rhee. The Liberals also reportedly plan to withdraw objectionable features of proposed amendments to the National Election Law if the opposition will not obstruct the constitutional amendment.

27 June 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin



Approved for Release: 2019/12/04 C03153705

3.	INDIA REQUESTS	\$700,000,000	LOAN	FROM
	UNITED KINGDOM			

not solicit such assistance.

Comment	The size of the requested loan indicates
cial crisis in India	the seriousness of the developing finan- In the past the Indians have taken the

Indian foreign exchange reserves, which were scheduled to decline by \$420,000,000 during the Second Five-Year Plan (1956-61), have fallen by \$571,000,000 in the first 15 months of the plan, and would have declined even more if India had not borrowed \$200,000,000 from the International Monetary Fund. To pay for the large amounts of industrial equipment already contracted for in foreign countries, India will be forced to reduce drastically the foreign exchange backing for its currency, which might cause a financial panic in India. Since neither the UK nor Canada is likely to supply the funds now being requested, India probably will approach the United States for large-scale assistance in the near future.

position that while they would discuss offers of aid, they would

27 June 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin



	ASSASSINATION OF SYRIAN LEADER , 1
Comment	This is the second attempt on the life of
Comment	This is the second attempt on the life of a leftist leader in Syria to be reported in
the past two	a leftist leader in Syria to be reported in weeks. Col. Mustafa Hamdun, an extreme left-
the past two	a leftist leader in Syria to be reported in

27 June 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

