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		3.3(h)(2
	200	
iping buys \$71,000,	000 worth of aviation equipment:	
		3.3(h
	Comment: Most of these	current Chinese
rchases are believe	d to be for military equipment,	

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Peiping's military or quasimilitary purchases in 1953 from the Engineering Directorate, which handles military exports for the Ministry of Foreign Trade, now total \$160,864,449, probably a fourth of China's commercial imports from the USSR.

	SOVIET UNION	
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	FAR EAST	
. <u>C</u>	ommunists sending large quantities of materials to North Korea:	
		3.3(h)(2
	in Korea, told Ambassador Dean on 28	•
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apparently wa	said the Communists nt to show that they can rebuild the north before	3.3(h
the United Stathat the Comm	tes can rebuild the south. He believes further nunists want a political conference for propaganda over their frantic rehabilitation efforts.	
been stepped ment its billion Members of t limited inspec	Comment: Reports from an NNSC at Communist rail shipments into North Korea have up, indicating that Moscow may have begun to implement aid program for North Korean reconstruction he neutral nations teams are permitted to make only ctions and have not been able to determine whether the iving thus far are for military purposes or industrial	•
	SOUTHEAST ASIA	
Viet Minh rep	ortedly to attack northern apex of Tonkin delta:	
	The Viet Minh is planning to attack the Vinh Yen-Phuc Yen area at the northern	3.3(h
	apex of the Tonkin delta,	
312th Division Division has at Thai N guye	As of 27 October, one small unit of the had already moved toward the area, and the 308th reportedly moved southward from its summer quarter en.	S
	Comment:	3.3(h
	d a major enemy attack from the north and anticipate begin between 7 and 14 November.	
scene of the l	Vinh Yen, located near the enemy head- often described as the gateway to Hanoi. It was the argest battle of the Indochina war in January 1950, nch threw back a strong Viet Minh frontal assault.	
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NEAR EAST - AFRICA

6.	3.3	s(h)(2)
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7. Iraq renews request for US military aid:

Iraqi prime minister Jamali has inquired 3.3(h)(2) about the American attitude toward Iraq's 22 March request for a military grant. His government, Jamali told US ambassador

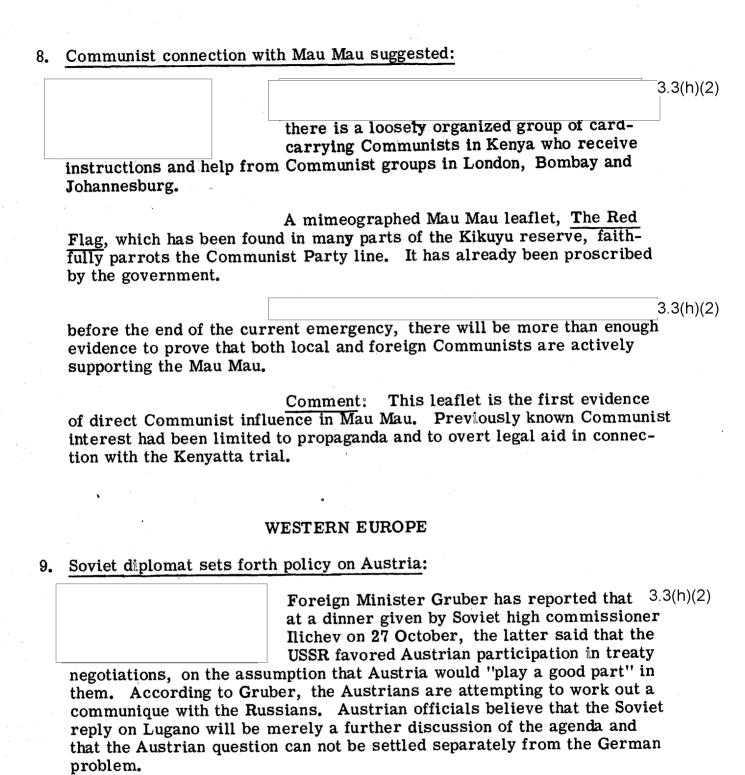
Berry, is just as eager as its predecessor for favorable American action. The new Iraqi chief of staff has expressed the same hope to the US military attache.

Comment: Jamali favors planning with the United States for the defense of the Middle East. Iraq wants to carry out a four-year army expansion program, under which the army would serve as a British corps in the event of war, with the mission of defending the northern and eastern frontiers of Iraq.

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Another Soviet official said that the problem of German assets could not be settled prior to a treaty and discounted the prospect of increased Soviet-Austrian trade at this time.

foreshadow an attempt to commit Austria in advance to the Soviet version of a treaty.

Austrian officials have had some hopes of negotiating the return of Soviet-held German assets prior to a treaty. In negotiations for a trade treaty with the Soviet Union, the Austrians have often insisted that exports from the Soviet-held enterprises be included as Austrian exports.

10. Adenauer dashes hopes for early Saar settlement:

Chancellor Adenauer told Ambassador Conant on 27 October that he did not believe his government could reach an agreement with France on the Saar within

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the next two months. He will nevertheless resume his preliminary talks with French ambassador Francois-Poncet on 3 November, and he expects to talk with Foreign Minister Bidault on 26 November in The Hague.

Comment: Accumulating evidence suggests that Adenauer believes his bargaining position on the Saar improves with time and that he may seek American and British mediation to moderate French terms.

Meanwhile the minor coalition parties in Bonn are becoming more vocal in their opposition to the French-German agreement in principle for "Europeanizing" the Saar. Adenauer, however, can probably secure Bundestag support for such an arrangement if it is reviewable in five to ten years.

Ambassador Dillon in Paris believes that even if a Saar agreement were reached before the mid-December presidential election, the French National Assembly could hardly commence debate on the EDC before late January.



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