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SUMMARY

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5. US Embassy Belgrade favors lifting US visa restrictions on Yugoslav nationals:

The US Embassy in Belgrade considers that the program of assistance to Yugoslavia could be much improved if it were combined with a program of technical training of Yugoslavs in

the United States. The embassy suggests that a clause be added to the current aid bill which would permit temporary visits to the US by the subjects of nations participating in aid programs. In this manner Yugoslav nationals could be admitted without weakening existing visa regulations.

Yugoslav willingness to expose its citizens to Western life as evidenced by the regime's recent requests for on-the-job training and scholarships. The embassy points out that there is very little likelihood that any trainee selected by the regime would be sympathetic to the Cominform, since the anti-Cominform screening process in Yugoslavia is extremely severe.

<u>Comment</u>: A program of US training for Yugo-slav nationals would improve Yugoslav industrial techniques. Because present US legislation restricts the entrance of all Communists, those Yugoslav nationals most likely to be sent for such training are not now eligible for visas.

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	6.	Possibility of It	alian concessi	ons on Trieste:		3.3(h)(2)
				Italy is more anx a settlement on th of the US Embass Italian public opin	ne Trieste issu y in Rome. T	ie in the opinion he state of
		of action. The would insist on	embassy estin obtaining all t B, but would p	s issue leave Premi nates that under any he predominantly It robably be willing t	ier De Gasperi y compromise alian coast tov	l little freedom the Italians vns in the
	1	along ethnic line in Zone B, when no concessions.	es would give te the Yugosla	<u>Comment:</u> A sett the Italians the city v Government has s	of Trieste plu	s coastal cities
		in Zone B, alrea	ady under de f tion with certa	The economic cont of the former Italiacto Yugoslav contrain imports levied	ian mercury ai ol. Trade coi	nd bauxite mines ncessions Yugo-
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		•	W	ESTERN EUROPE		
	7	British Foreign	Office suppor	cts suspension of C	zech overfligh	t rights in
		Germany:	·			3.3(h)(2)
				The Foreign Office agreed to the susp	ension of the (litionally

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release of AP correspondent William Oatis. The UK insists that France, Belgium, the Netherlands, and possibly Switzerland concur in the action and that the Czech Government first be given warning that the rights will be sus-

pended if Oatis is not released within a certain time to be specified.

State Airlines' right to fly over Western Ger-

many, as part of the effort to secure the

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The Foreign Office will assist the US in obtaining the concurrence of these interested countries. US Embassy London believes this is the most that can be obtained from the Foreign Office at this moment.

* Comment: Great Britain, like France, had previously declined to agree to tripartite suspension of the overflight right, expressing the general belief that that particular weapon should be saved for possible future use in case of more vital importance to the West.

The French have reacted to the latest American overtures by suggesting that there should be agreement on a general program including conditions for re-establishment of the flights. The Belgians have indicated that they will not oppose suspension, the Dutch interests in the flights are not so great as to presage isolated opposition, and the Swiss attitude is unknown.

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8. Agricultural strikes threaten German Republic:

The danger of agricultural strikes increased during the past week when the negotiations of farm workers for higher wages ran into difficulties. Workers have walked out in some 30

large Bavarian agricultural enterprises, and similar action is anticipated in most other Laender. The workers are in a good bargaining position because this is harvest season, but the effectiveness of the strikes has been diminished by the use of children and unemployed as "strike-breakers."

Comment: German workers are becoming increasingly restless over the steadily rising cost of living, but this is the first instance of agricultural strikes. The German Trade Union Federation, which recently threatened to withdraw its participation from all government commissions, is supporting the farm workers in their demands. Unless some arrangement is soon reached with the strikers, crop losses could be serious.

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	The French representative on the Ruhr Author- ity fears that prospects for French ratification of the Schuman Plan will be jeopardized by West Germany's recent unilateral decision to
	increase export coal prices. He believes that the increase is discriminatory and would have a disastrous effect on the French and Luxemburg steel industries. He regards this German move, however, as primarily a political test of strength to determine how far the Federal Republic can go in disregarding Western restrictions. He implies that disappearance of Ruhr Authority restrictions would weaken the German desire for ratification of the Schuman Plan.
	Comment: In view of the critical coal shortage in Western Europe, the Germans have brought Ruhr coal prices closer to world levels with little chance of Western interference. The Germans have long resented the Ruhr Authority's restrictions and, if this move succeeds, may attempt to evade the few remaining controls. France's sharp reaction to incidents such as this and General Ramcke's recent demand for a free hand in German rearmament endanger the full French-German cooperation essential to European integration.
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