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FROM	Chief of Station, Germany	XX											
SUBJECT	Chief, Bonn Operations. See EGO, EGN, EGB, EGM.												
ACTION REQUIRED - REFERENCES													
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<p>1. Forwarded herewith for your information and retention are copies of the English translation of the BfV annual report entitled <u>Results of Counterespionage in 1963</u>. 2P</p> <p>2. We defer to Headquarters for the indexing of names found in the report.</p>													
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ATT. CONTAINED IN EGNA-28479

- 1) ATT. 1 to EGNA-28479 - ENGLISH
TRANSLATION OF BFV ANNUAL REPORT
ENTITLED - RESULTS OF COUNTERESPIONAGE
1963.
- 2) ATT. 2 to EGNA-28479 - PERSONNEL
DATA
- 3) ATT. 3 to EGNA-28479 - PICTURES

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OF THE CONSTITUTION
PLA 1-104-A-20224/1A-18-1000

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RESULTS OF COUNTERESPIONAGE IN 1961

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A. The Soviet Bloc Intelligence Services' Activity against the Federal Republic of Germany in 1963

General Situation

In 1963, the Federal Republic also was one of the main targets of Soviet Bloc intelligence services. According to the Soviet Bloc intelligence terminology, the Federal Republic, as well as the United States, Great Britain, France and Japan, is a "main enemy".

Consequently, the activity of Soviet Bloc intelligence services did not slacken. Espionage activities were again directed against almost all fields of public life. No essential changes were noticed with regard to targets. All services' interest continued to be specifically concentrated on the procurement of military and political information.

As previously, the hostile services paid greatest attention to the careful selection and training of their agents and equipped them with highly qualified technical aids for maintaining the connection and for communication.

The decrease of recognized recruitment cases which was noticed after the erection of the Berlin Wall, did not continue further. The figures remained the same as last year.

I. Extent of Activity

A total of 1,432 agent recruitments or recruitment attempts made by Soviet Bloc intelligence services, were discovered in 1963 in the Federal Republic (1962: 1,430). These again included quite a number of cases in which training, infiltration and equipment with intelligence aids already permitted the conclusion as to the agent's or resident agent's value and qualification. Agent couples appeared rather frequently.

Of the 1,432 recognized cases 1,214 persons, that is 84%, were approached by the Soviet Zone intelligence services. This number again emphasized the danger which the Soviet Zone intelligence services constitute for the Federal Republic.

The other cases can be broken down as follows:

Soviet intelligence services	84
Polish intelligence services	59
Czech intelligence services	35
Yugoslav intelligence services	15
Hungarian intelligence services	10
Rumanian intelligence services	4
Bulgarian intelligence services	2
unidentified hostile intelligence services	9

The Soviet Zone of Germany continued to remain an important operational base for these intelligence services' activities against the Federal Republic. As in previous years, cooperation between the Soviet Zone and the Soviet Union services was the closest. Again a few cases became known where agent

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handling was transferred from the Soviet Zone to the Soviet service, or vice versa.

Furthermore, the Soviet Bloc States missions in the Federal Republic continued to be used as bases of hostile activity which enabled the individual intelligence services to carry out espionage under the guise of diplomatic or commercial relations.

A comparison of the activity of the individual services with the above mentioned starting points, does not give a uniform picture. The gravity center of the Soviet Zone intelligence services is naturally with the handling agencies in East Berlin. The Soviet intelligence services carry out their activities against the Federal Republic mostly through their operational offices in the Soviet Zone. Besides, the Soviet Embassy and the Soviet Trade Mission developed intelligence activities to quite a considerable extent. The Yugoslavs appear to primarily use their missions for intelligence activities against the Federal Republic.

As regards intelligence activities, the other services probably equally operate from their intelligence bases in East Berlin and their handling agencies in their own countries, while the missions of these countries in the Federal Republic appear to be primarily concerned with tasks of a preparatory and supporting nature.

II. Targets of Soviet Bloc Intelligence Services

In 1963 a total of 4,025 espionage cases were regarded. As compared with the number of the previous year (4,645), this means a decrease of 13.7%. In view of the same number of recruitments, this fact is of no decisive importance, neither with regard to the hostile services' activity nor to the counterintelligence results. During the period under review, the most important espionage targets hardly changed. The following survey makes this evident (in parenthesis the percentage of the 1962 results):

Assignments of a preparatory and supporting nature	1,704 - 42.5% (40.8%)
Political Espionage	636 - 16.0% (16.8%)
Economic Espionage	216 - 5.4% (8.6%)
Military Espionage	1,311 - 32.2% (30.9%)
Counterespionage	153 - 3.8% (2.2%)
Acts of Violence	5 - 0.1% (0.7%)

Of the total of 4,025 recognized assignments, 1,992 were completed (= 49%), namely:

685 assignments	= preparatory and supporting assignments
320 "	= political espionage
66 "	= economic espionage
637 "	= military espionage
64 "	= counterespionage
- "	= acts of violence.

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Also last year the greatest numerical share of recorded espionage assignments was directed against military targets in the Federal Republic. Besides the FRG Armed Forces and all their installations, the allied forces stationed in Germany, were again the subject of espionage activities.

The targets of the Soviet Bloc services' political espionage primarily were the spheres of foreign and domestic politics. About 10% of all political assignments were directed against the democratic parties.

Almost all fields of economic life in the Federal Republic were covered by hostile economic espionage. The Soviet Bloc intelligence services' special interest was German industry. The greatest number of assignments were recorded in the field of electrical industry, followed by the chemical and armament industries and other branches of industry having almost an equal share. Assignments against institutes of scientific research were also continually issued. The agents of eastern intelligence services in 1963 also received assignments to furnish public opinion reports and the views expressed by West German residents with regard to certain political events or current political questions. Through this type of espionage, the Soviet Bloc continued to pursue the aim of procuring in an intelligence manner, documents and material for infiltration, subversion, as well as for agitation and propaganda against the Federal Republic.

During the year under review, one case was recorded in which an agent group was engaged in sabotage preparations upon instructions of a Soviet Bloc intelligence service. The agents as a rule had the assignment to select concealment possibilities for weapons, explosives and food, and to detect sensitive points for destruction in important plants, whereby the entire manufacture could be paralyzed. The sabotage measures concerned were only to be realized on X-Day, in part by members of the agent net, in part by infiltrated saboteurs. The agents believed that X-Day was the day of the outbreak of a war, or the day which appeared suitable for a violent overthrow of the democratic order in the Federal Republic.

III. Recruitment Methods

The Soviet Bloc intelligence services' methods to recruit agents also did not change in 1963.

a. Recruitment Occasions

The Soviet Bloc intelligence services continued in their previously recognized practice to recruit Federal Republic citizens while visiting in their sphere of power. The same applies to resettlers from these States and immigrants from the West. The situation for an approach in their own sphere of power is so favorable for these services, that they can accept a recruitment failure or a possible disclosure after return to the Federal Republic. They obviously are of the opinion that of the great number of recruited persons, at least some will become active as agents.

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Although the majority of recruitments is effected in the hostile intelligence services' own sphere of power, they do not hesitate to attempt recruitment attempts also in the Federal Republic territory. These approaches usually are only made after the recruit has been thoroughly vetted in all detail and compromising information on him is available, which means a certain prospect of success and a safety guaranty for the recruiter.

b. Recruitment Aide

In making their recruitment attempts, in 1963 the Soviet Bloc intelligence services again used all the previously known aids:

financial promises or other advantages,
compromise and threat,
use of constrained position (former activity as a spy etc.),
use of character weaknesses,
ideological ties.

A total of 207 of the recognised recruitments concerned women (15%).

IV. Handling of Agents - Communications

The methods of the hostile intelligence services actually remained the same.

The most important means of handling continued to be the meeting between agent and handling person. Most of the meetings were held in the eastern sphere of power, but also in western countries, however, preferably in East Berlin if circumstances permitted. Quite a number of piloting methods were developed for crossing the sectorial border, which excluded the agent's identification by the People's Police.

Further, for the maintenance of intelligence connections, as well as for the completion of limited vetting assignments, the Soviet Zone and also the other Satellite services employed courier and instructor agents. Beyond this, the connection with the agents was maintained via cover-addresses, secret writing and radio traffic. That the hostile services always use all technical possibilities and innovations for this purpose, is shown by a case in which radiotelephone connections were established and used by means of infrared rays.

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B. Soviet Zone Intelligence Services

I. Recruitment Methods

1. Share of Soviet Zone Intelligence Services

In spite of a decrease of recognized recruitments since 13 Aug 1961, the Soviet Zone services' share of almost 85% in the total number of recruitments equalled last year's.

While in 1960 still 2,543 cases,
and in 1961 2,149 cases

could be recognized and evaluated, in 1963 a total of 1,432 cases was recorded which is almost the same number as in 1962 (1,490).

In the 2nd year the total number of recruitments already shows a decrease by at least one third. In spite of this decrease in the total number, since 1960 the Soviet Zone services held a constant share of 84-85% in the recruitments.

2. Recruited Persons' Place of Residence

In 1963, twenty-three percent of the total of 1,432 recognized agents at the time of their recruitment had their residence outside the Federal Republic. In 16% of the cases, the residence at the time of the recruitment was in the Soviet Zone. The share of persons who at the time of recruitment lived outside the Federal Republic (excepting the Soviet Zone) consequently was 7% in 1963.

While this share (residence of recruited persons in the Soviet Bloc outside the Soviet Zone) has almost remained the same since 1960, the portion of persons who at the time of recruitment lived in the Soviet Zone, has steadily decreased.

In 1960 this still was over	46%
in 1961	- 40%
in 1962	- 23%
in 1963	- 16%

This may permit the conclusion that the events around 13 August 1961 forced the Soviet Zone services to reduce the recruitment and subsequent infiltration of persons living in their sphere of power, into the Federal Republic (when disguised as refugees).

It is noteworthy to what extent this development is reflected by the figures of the preliminary examination groups and by cases investigated at the emergency admission camps.

In 1960, the Berlin preliminary examination group alone established 411 cases of recruitment by a Soviet Bloc intelligence service, for intelligence activities against the Federal Republic. Besides, there were

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74 cases recorded in Uelsen,
60 cases recorded in Giessen, and
28 cases recorded in Friedland,

total 375 persons.

In 1961 this total figure was 486.

In 1962 it decreased to 107 cases.

Last year in Berlin only 27 cases,
in Giessen 29 cases, and
in Uelsen 4 cases

were recorded, a total of 60 cases.

Of all the cases recognized in 1963, at the time of
recruitment by the Soviet Zone intelligence services,
952 persons lived in the Federal Republic.

3. Recruitment Occasions

a. In the case of persons, who at the time of recruitment
lived in the Federal Republic, the recruitment occasions
are manifold. The most important groups established are
the following:

- o emigrants to the Soviet Zone 246
- o private travel to the Soviet
Zone (visiting relatives etc.) 202
- o official stay in the Soviet
Zone 18
- o visit to Paris 28
- o stay in the Soviet Zone for
political reasons 18
- o controls in East Berlin 85
- o use of traffic roads between
Berlin and the Federal Republic 46.

b. The recruitment occasions in case of persons who at the
time of recruitment lived in the Soviet Zone, are not
quite so varied.

- o personal or official West
contacts 89
- o returnees 12
- o official trips to the Federal
Republic 6.

4. Recruitment Aids

As compared with last year, no noteworthy changes could be
established with regard to the recruitment aids. Extortion
and threat frequently connected with all kinds of promises,
continued to be the most frequently used recruitment aid.

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The Soviet Zone intelligence services continued to make reckless use of the fear of considerable personal or financial disadvantages. Frequently, criminal offenses were used as a pressure aid. Federal Republic citizens were then assured that the offenses they had committed, would not be reported to the West German authorities.

This is an example:

On 22 Jan 1963, auxiliary waiter Dieter G. of West Berlin committed burglary in Berlin-Hermsdorf. On this occasion among other things, he took a camera, jewelry and cigarettes. On his way home he was controlled and searched by the People's Police at the Friedrichstrasse RR Station and arrested after they had discovered the stolen items. Soon a MFS member interfered with the interrogation. He placed G. before the alternative of either working "for the East" or being handed over to the West Berlin Criminal Police. Under these circumstances G. signed a pledge. After the receipt of various intelligence assignments, he was permitted to return to West Berlin. He could keep the stolen items.

Other occasions for an intelligence approach are minor violations of Soviet Zone export regulations, which Federal Republic citizens usually commit in ignorance of the pertinent directives. Such violations are liable to severe punishment.

Those cases are noteworthy in which Federal Republic government service members were confronted with this recruitment practice of the Soviet Zone intelligence services.

- o On the occasion of a baggage control at the Soviet Sector of Berlin Verwaltungsoberspektor (administrative official) N. of Hannover came in contact with the MFS when on his return from a visit to relatives in Spremberg the end of September 1963 he had to change trains in Berlin.

In his wife's suitcase, the controllers found two sets of new bed-linen, a present they had received from the mother in Spremberg. The couple was interrogated separately, at first both by Border Troop officers, N. also by a MFS member. With reference to the violation of Soviet Zone export regulations, N. was requested to carry out intelligence activities. For fear of being detained, N. pretended to accept the offer.

- o From the end of July until mid-August 1963, Zollinspektor z.A. (customs official) Claus-Peter SCH. and his wife Helga (also Zollinspektor z.A.) stayed in Leipzig to visit their grandparents. On the return trip, at the customs control in Werthe, objections were raised that they had with them table linen and some records, which were wedding gifts from their relatives and friends. As a result, SCH. was handed over to a MFS member who questioned him as to his agency and his activity and finally requested him to currently furnish him information from his office. SCH. allegedly refused to render information. After he had promised to keep the interrogation secret before third parties, he and his wife were permitted to continue on their trip.

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He had to send the presents which had caused the trouble, back to Leipzig.

Recruitments of Federal Republic citizens on the basis of merely ideological arguments were effected only in exceptional cases. They can basically only be applied if the vetting of the person revealed indication that the recruitment candidate sympathetically views communist ideas, or at least does not agree with the political and economic conditions in the West.

In the last six months of 1963, within a rather short period, several cases became known in which Federal Republic citizens received replies from the Soviet Sector of Berlin to work wanted ads in West German newspapers which in style and contents clearly revealed the intelligence background.

The great number of these cases, during the above mentioned period, permits the conclusion that the Soviet Zone intelligence services (at least during this period) made increasing use of the want ads in West German newspapers, for their approach attempts.

The following examples characterize this working method:

- o In reply to a position wanted ad in an engineers' technical magazine, an engineer of Mannheim received the following letter from a certain P., Berlin-Mahlsdorf/Waldeeruh, Kleiststrasse 30:

G. Franke
Berlin-Mahlsdorf/Waldeeruh
Kleiststrasse 30

1 Aug 1963

Dear Sir:

With reference to your ad of 22 May 1963 under No. 103326, we wish to make you an offer. We offer you a position of trust and the possibility of making a good salary. In our opinion, it would be advisable if you came to Berlin for a personal interview.

All expenses incurred by you on the trip and your stay in Berlin, will be reimbursed by us. Please inform us immediately what you think of this offer. Further details will be discussed during the personal interview.

Very truly yours,

By Order: G. Franke
signature

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The evaluation of these cases brought about conclusive knowledge as to the conspiratorial courier service prior to and after the Soviet Zone blockade measures of August 1961.

Prior to 13 August 1961, the MfS frequently employed Soviet Zone relatives or friends of the agent (whom it pledged for secret cooperation for this purpose) as couriers. The Soviet Zone citizens usually entered the Federal Republic under their true names. They were in possession of a travel certificate PM 12a and to disguise their intelligence assignment, stated that they wished to pay a visit in the Federal Republic.

After the Soviet Zone blockade measures, the MfS developed new methods for the conspiratorial courier service. The use of falsified West Berlin personal papers or Federal personal identity cards which previously had only been used in exceptional cases, now became the rule. All courier agents from the Soviet Zone, whom the BfV recorded after 13 August 1961, were provided with falsified personal identity cards in the name of persons living in the Federal Republic or West Berlin. No falsifications of the new Federal identification in book-form were discovered to date. The MfS devoted particular attention to the falsification of a Federal personal identity card for courier agent BOENKE. His assigners wished that he travel with a Federal identity card in the name of his friend Herbert K. of Hagen/Westphalia. BOENKE had to call on K. in Hagen in August 1956 for this purpose and under some pretext made him show his personal identity card, on which occasion he was to note the number of the form. Besides, he had passport photographs made of himself in Hagen and brought them along. He made this trip with a travel certificate in his true name. In the Fall of 1960, K. moved from Hagen to a nearby village. Thereupon B. had to call again on him, make him again show his personal identity card and note whether the entry in the identity card had been filled out by hand or by typewriter. In accordance herewith, the MfS later on provided the falsified identity card with a remark of the move and the pertinent stamp of the Ennepe-Ruhr-Kreis.

In addition to the falsified personal papers, the equipment for courier trips to the Federal Republic regularly included western clothing and items for use on the trip. As a rule, the agents were permitted to purchase these items at the MfS' cost, when they were on trial assignments in West Berlin or in the Federal Republic. After the completion of every assignment they had to be returned. Often the first trips to the West (which were to enable the future couriers to get acquainted with the conditions in the Federal Republic) were connected with the assignment to collect confidential information on the true holder of the identity card. In case of possible controls they had to be in a position to answer pertinent questions accordingly.

It was the couriers' primary task to hand over money and receive treasonous material. Beyond this, they were to supply their meeting partners with new instructions of the handling agency, to encourage them to better cooperation and possibly influence them politically, as well as to give them advice for a useful completion of their assignments. In this respect, they frequently took on the tasks of instructors.

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In selecting couriers, the MFS applied rigid standards to the political attitude of the recruitment candidate, because of the danger of "breaking away". Almost all courier agents recognized during the past years, were SED members.

III. Qualified Individual Agents

Also during 1963 the Federal Republic security organs succeeded in neutralizing a number of specifically qualified agents who had carried out intelligence activities in the Federal Republic for several years. Their assignment to the Federal Republic principally was preceded by thorough intelligence training, primarily on the following subjects:

- a. deciphering of radio messages;
- b. preparation of latent writing by way of contact paper; and
- c. use of chemical inks.

The use of infrared rays for the transmission of information was recognized for the first time. In case of one agent a portable radiotelephone was secured which was destined for the receipt of intelligence assignments. The assignments of these agents concerned the following:

- a. military and economic targets in the Federal Republic;
- b. western security organs.

The below examples of these agents' intelligence activities are specifically noteworthy:

1. As a result of investigative intelligence work accomplished by the detection of the Comintern, on 17 Mar 1963 the couple Arthur and Elisabeth B. could be arrested.

(BY SUMMARY OF CASE)
B. had lived in West Berlin since war's end. His mother brought him up in the communist ideology. As a pupil, he was a FDJ member; in 1956 he joined the SED. In 1957 he married his wife who came from the Soviet Zone. The couple was unable to gain a financial footing in West Berlin; therefore in the Summer of 1959 they decided to move to the wife's parents in the Soviet Zone. However, in spite of numerous visits to the returnee agency and the SED Central Committee in East Berlin, they did not receive the residence permit for the Soviet Zone "since a SED comrade must stick to his post".

On the occasion of a visit to the returnee agency in the Soviet Sector, B. was introduced to a MFS member who stated his name was "Waldemar". "Waldemar" promised B., to give him financial support should he regularly furnish him political public opinion reports from West Berlin. B. did not hesitate to accept this offer. Every three to six weeks, he met "Waldemar" in taverns in the Soviet Sector, and on these occasions handed him the desired public opinion reports, for which each time he received amounts between DM-West 50 and 150.

In the Summer of 1959, Elisabeth B. had received employment with the railroad repairshop (EAW) in Treptow (Soviet Sector)

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with the help of SED offices. The end of 1960 she was contacted there by two MFS members and requested to secretly cooperate. At a meeting at a conspiratorial apartment in the Soviet Sector in January 1961, which was attended by the couple, detailed agreements were made. Gerhard and Elisabeth BUTH were to make full-time "observations" for the MFS and in return draw a firm salary. After a trial period of approximately three months, during which they had been briefed as to their future tasks at numerous meetings, they were pledged in writing by the MFS. At the same time B.'s reporting activities for "Waldemar" were discontinued.

On 2 May 1961, the B. couple entered 'service' with the MFS. As permanent quarters the MFS placed an office in Prenslauer Berg District, Knackstrasse 8 (Soviet Sector) at their disposal which was disguised as "Surveying Office of Waldemar SCHULZ". To give the cover-story a solid basis, B. had to subscribe to the Soviet Zone magazine "Die Vermessungstechnik". Possible customers were to be given new appointments with the excuse the chief was not present at the moment. Anything further, was to be personally settled by MFS handling officer "Horst".

Since the couple was to be full-time at the MFS' disposal, the MFS saw that they received fictitious employment contracts. They were to tell relatives and friends in West Berlin and in the Soviet Zone that Gerhard B. was a buyer for the Deutsche Reichsbahn in Berlin-Kunzelesburg and Elisabeth B. worked as a controller with Mitropa at the Friedrichstrasse RR Station. After 13 August 1961 a new cover-story was required since the MFS assumed that occupational activities in the Soviet Sector might attract attention in West Berlin. Upon "Horst's" urging, B. had to find himself a position as an independent sales-agent in West Berlin. The most important reason was that the independent activities would leave him sufficient time for his intelligence activities. At the time of his arrest, he was a sales-agent for automobile accessories.

After the blockade measures, Frau B. was no longer to work.

As per their instructions, the couple gradually let their connections with the SED and other political organizations die out. They had to hand their membership books (SED, DSP, DFB and FDJ) to "Horst" who continued to pay contributions for them in East Berlin.

For the purpose of transmitting the observation results to "Horst" and to receive new assignments, in the Summer of 1962 a radiotelephone connection on the basis of infrared rays was established. A prerequisite for this two-way radio connection was BUTH's home:

From the windows of his home at Coesmalles he directly looked at a house located on the bank of the Treptow-Canal which belonged to the Soviet Sector. The distance was approximately 700 meters. That is where the MFS had established the counterpart of this connection.

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This instrument was used for two-way radio traffic in plain text at previously arranged times, which was absolutely safe from being overheard.

Other ways of communication between handling office and agent couple were

- o dead letterdrops,
- o information in latent writing by use of contact paper to cover-addresses in East Berlin,
- o enciphered radio messages (A-3),
- o meetings in East Berlin.

After the blockade measures of 13 August 1961, "Horst" used to await the meeting-partners at the Friedrichstrasse subway station, at the previously agreed time and personally pilot them through the controls.

The first observation orders which "Horst" gave the agents, concerned East Berlin residents exclusively. If necessary, the observation was to be extended to West Berlin. After 13 Aug 1961, primarily West Berliners were assignment targets. All target persons received cover-names. "Horst" usually gave them a description of each target person which he sometimes supplemented by presenting a photograph. He explained where and when the target person was to be 'picked up' and how long the observation had to last. In some cases B. also knew the target persons' true name. Under the cover-designation 'Gret' the B. couple early in 1963 repeatedly had to shadow employees of the Land Agency for the Protection of the Constitution about 1630 hours (close of business) in order to find out where they lived. All observation results had to be reported in writing - after the establishment of two-way radio connection, also verbally. At the start of their intelligence activities, both Gerhard and Elisabeth B. received DM-West 300 and DM-East 100 per month, also reimbursement of expenses in East and West Marks.

In September 1961 their "salary" was increased by DM 100 a month, and from November 1961 on, their assigners paid them DM-West 450 per month. In addition, they sometimes received a special bonus for certain cases and once an "advanced salary payment" of DM-West 600 which later on, was not deducted.

According to the present investigation results, handling officer "Horst" probably was Mr. Lieutenant see intel officer

PHILIPPAE, Mrs. HANMILU
CRISTINA CL. MRS. AGERAR
GERHARD BUECHS

(L) FNU LEIDING © DRST

who served with Section 1 of Department VIII of the MFS District Administration Greater Berlin.

2. Office Employee Bruno VILOVEM

was employed as a Oberreferent (section chief) with the Ministry for External and Internal German Trade in East Berlin until 1956. His wife Dora was sales-shop branch chief of Konsum in Bestensee near Berlin. Since at her place of employment

Summary of BfV
Investigation of
Intell Activities

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accusations were raised against Dora W., the couple fled to the Federal Republic in June 1956 and settled down in Hamburg. Early in 1957 they returned to the Soviet Zone since their effort to establish a business, failed. When attempting to again gain a footing in the Soviet Zone, W. came into contact with the MFS and committed himself to carry out intelligence activities. During four weeks W. received theoretical and practical training from his MFS handling officer "Manfred" on the following subjects:

conspiratorial conduct,
photography,
enciphering and deciphering,
use of contact paper.

His wife attended some of the meetings. The MFS had assigned her the task of supporting her husband's intelligence activities. Furthermore, it was being considered to employ Frau W.'s sister, Erna RICHTER, for intelligence tasks in the Federal Republic, together with the W. couple. Erna R. who had already lived at her sister's home for several years, agreed to it.

Early in September 1957, W. "fled" to West Berlin, provided with his Federal personal identity card (which was issued in Hamburg), a camera, a writing-pad with contact-paper, code keys and DM-West 1,000 and according to his instructions, immediately went on to Duesseldorf. He did not request emergency admission. Four weeks later, Dora W. joined her husband who had meantime found work and accommodation in Duesseldorf. As per her instructions, Erna RICHTER joined her sister in Duesseldorf in July 1958. Until the Spring of 1958 she had worked as a technician for electrical technic with the "Deutscher Innen- und Aussenhandel" (DIA - German Internal and External Trade) in East Berlin. In order to attract as little attention to her flight as possible in East Berlin, upon "Manfred's" orders she had to change to a new place of employment with a rather unimportant East Berlin enterprise for the last few months prior to her assignment to the West. In Duesseldorf she at first worked as a typist with an underground construction firm, however, after a year already changed jobs and accepted employment with the Technical Association for Metal Plate Wrappings. In reply to a want ad in a Cologne daily newspaper, in the Summer of 1961 she obtained employment as secretary with the "Bundesevereinigung der Deutschen Arbeitgeberverbände" (BDA - Federal Organisation of German Employers' Associations) in Cologne. She hereby completed what the MFS had instructed her to do: to get access to a central economic association in the Federal Republic.

After Bruno W. had found employment with a Cologne branch firm of the Oetker-Combine, about the same time, he moved to Cologne together with his wife and his sister-in-law.

Bruno W.'s first assignment was to vet certain persons and to collect information on pipeline routes which had been described to him. His investigations extended to intermediate stations, security measures, ground conditions, control etc. He furnished sketches of partial routes of the pipelines.

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The MFS displayed particular interest in the "Wirtschaftsvereinigung Eisen und Stahl" (Economic Association Iron and Steel) in Duesseldorf. W. was to report among other things, on the names, addresses, daily habits and primarily on events of a compromising nature with regard to persons employed there.

After his move to Cologne, W. allegedly was primarily instructed to pass on the information to East Berlin which his sister-in-law had procured from the BDA.

W. informed his MFS handling agency on the results of his intelligence activities either at East Berlin meetings or at meetings with MFS instructors in the Federal Republic and also through reports in latent writing to cover-addresses in East Berlin. Further, he deposited treasonous material in various dead letterdrops which he had established in the Duesseldorf/Cologne area. Moreover, he received instructions from his handling office through coded radio messages. His wife helped him when receiving the messages. Frau W. repeatedly traveled as a courier to East Berlin and from these trips always brought back money and new instructions. For an emergency, all the three agents had been issued falsified Federal identity cards which they were to use on their flight to the Soviet Zone.

In the Spring of 1962, ^{MFS} resident agent ^{in Cologne} assigned by the MFS took over the handling of this agent group. This was Johann ^{in Cologne} ~~SOMMER~~, ^{in Cologne} identified economist, ^{in Cologne} of ~~Uttwiler/Sieckreis~~, who in 1956 had moved from the Soviet Zone to the Federal Republic without having received emergency admission. Since about 1958 he had carried out intelligence activities for the MFS.

Prior to his employment as resident agent in 1962, he had been subject to thorough intelligence training at a villa in East Berlin. This extended among others to the following subjects:

- o establishment of dead letterdrops;
- o receipt and deciphering of radio messages via A-3 traffic;
- o preparation of Mikrats and latent writing.

For the completion of his intelligence tasks SCH. also was equipped with a special micro-camera and a radio set.

He received the news destined for him, from his assigners via radio transmissions. Besides, he also received assignments for sources WILLIEM and RICHTER handled by him, from an "instructor" whom he met in Cologne and Duesseldorf at least 6 to 10 times up until the Spring of 1963. WILLIEM knew him as "Jupp". He maintained connection with him through meetings held in Cologne at regular intervals of one or two weeks. He forwarded the intelligence material which the agent group had procured, in compliance with his instructions, to his assigners via dead letterdrops in the Cologne-Duesseldorf Area.

His wife helped him. The dead letterdrops were emptied by a MFS courier.

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SCH. reported on his activities at meetings with his assigners in East Berlin.

The WILLIEN couple, SCHNER, and Erna RICHTER, as well as the MFS courier were arrested in the Fall of 1963.

3. Karl-Heinz LANGNER, former Oberwachmeister of the People's Police *(SUMMARY of G-2 investigation of MFS activities)*

JUNO
fled to West Berlin in 1949. Early in 1950 he returned to the Soviet Zone. In May 1950 a Soviet Zone military court sentenced him to 25 years penitentiary for alleged espionage. At a later date, the punishment was reduced to 12 years.

While serving his sentence, LANGNER was contacted by the MFS. In July 1956 a co-worker of the Soviet Zone State Security Service promised him a premature discharge should he be willing to cooperate with the MFS. L. agreed and committed himself in writing to cooperate. He received the cover-name "Juno". On 27 Aug 1956 he was discharged from prison.

L.'s pledge was preceded by a meeting with one of his former school-mates some months previously, who called on L. at the Torgau penitentiary introducing himself as "a co-worker of the Soviet Zone Ministry of Interior". He simultaneously emphasized that he was a member of a commission checking the premature discharge of prisoners. In reply to a pertinent question asked by L., he hinted that he would also speak for him should he be prepared to cooperate with the "Ministry of Interior".

According to the circumstances, the school-mate was a MFS co-worker. He had instructions to pave the road for L.'s planned recruitment.

A few weeks after his discharge, L. "fled" to West Berlin and requested emergency admission. On 8 Oct 1956 he received permission to permanently stay in the Federal Republic. At first he worked as a sales-agent and later on, as an independent book-keeper in Reutlingen where he had moved in 1957, with the MFS' approval. His mother lived in Reutlingen. Until his final legalization, L. did not receive intelligence assignments. Thereafter, he furnished public opinion reports of a general nature until 1960. Until 1960 L. maintained contact with his handling agencies in writing through the cover-address

*MFS Accommodation
Address for MFS Agent*
KARL-HEINZ LANGNER

*JANZ, Heinz
Berlin MO 55,
Lippstadt Strasse 1A, E Germ*

and through meetings in East Berlin. The meetings among others, were held at Café ZENNER and at conspiratorial apartments.

In the Spring of 1960, L. was subordinated to MFS handling officer "Hans-Werner".

He received the assignment from him to "closely befriend" himself with the husband of his cousin, a co-worker of a western intelligence service who lived in Berlin at that time, and attempt to win his confidence. L. happened to meet him at the

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Berlin emergency admission camp already in 1956 and later on, due to the family relations, repeatedly visited him at his home. The MFS knew this.

Upon orders of the MFS, L. now intensified the contact with his cousin and her husband. He reported the conversations they had, to "Hans-Werner". Subject of his reports also were the experiences of a vacation they had spent together in Spain. During the period from 1960 to 1962, L. met his handling agent approximately 13 times at a Villa on Mueggelsee in East Berlin. L. traveled in his car or by plane to attend these meetings. For his air trips he received a falsified passport in the name of

Used by
MFS AGENT RADI-MEINT
LANGNER C

① POLPP, Herbert.
BORN on 22 May 1932 in Muerzburg, Germany
living in Munich, Kopernikus-Str. 5, W.Germany

... exist. Once when he drove through the Soviet Zone, Soviet Zone border organs retained his passport for a short period.

L. received orders in writing to attend meetings, and after his training in A-3 traffic, via radio message. He announced his arrival by telegram to the previously mentioned cover-address.

In March 1963, L. received the assignment to install a so-called "radio pick up device-transmitter" at the home of his relative who meantime had moved to Munich. The transmitter had the following dimensions: 40 x 7 x 5 cm. L. took it in his car from East Berlin to Munich.

On 17 May 1963 he overnights at his cousin's home. On this occasion he affixed the transmitter underneath the living-room cupboard. He reported to his assigner on the completion of the assignment. At irregular intervals the transmitter was operated by means of remote control. There also was a device to keep it in permanent operation. This was to start operating when the remote control failed. By turning a button at the front side of the transmitter it could be put into such operation.

No information has yet been learned as to the counterpart of the transmitter.

According to L.'s statements, the MFS intended to win over the member of the western intelligence service or his wife for cooperation. Transmission of possibly embarrassing conversations by the transmitter was to supply the required compromising information for an approach. On 2 June 1963, the transmitter was discovered by chance. L. had received treasonous monies in the amount of approximately DM 5,000.

LANGNER was arrested on 10 June 1963.

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IV. Information as to the Organization of Soviet Zone Services

During the year under review, valuable information regarding the organization of Soviet Zone intelligence services was obtained through the statements of several defectors.

1.) Integration of the Intelligence Section of the Soviet Zone Border Troops into the MFS (Ministry for State Security)

On 7 May 1963, Lieutenant Werner PRETZER, then a member of MFS' HA I, defected to the FRG.

According to his statements (which were confirmed by a second defector) the intelligence section of the Soviet Zone Border Troops was placed under the control of MFS and integrated into HA I - Berlin, Schnellerstrasse, as early as in 1960/1961. HA I, which formerly was exclusively concerned with counterintelligence tasks, is now divided into a counterintelligence section and an intelligence section. Both sections have their central offices at the Hq of the NVA-Border Troops in Berlin-Pasts.

The intelligence and counterintelligence sections have sub-sections at the Border Brigades of the Soviet Zone border which, in turn, have operational groups with the Border Regiments. No intelligence missions are conducted at the Soviet Zone border in the East.

Since early 1960, two operational co-workers of Section XV of the respective MFS District Administration, are assigned to each "operational intelligence group".

A.) Responsibilities

According to PRETZER's statement, Main Department (HA) I supervises the subordinated sections, sub-sections and operational groups, and controls their activity and endeavors are made for close co-operation between the counterintelligence and intelligence section. Work conferences and an exchange of information (however, without mentioning sources) take place regularly.

The counterintelligence section is responsible for the internal and external security of the Border Troops and for this purpose employs a number of unofficial co-workers within and without the Border Troops. The main purpose is to detect and if possible, turn agents of western intelligence services. Besides, the mood and morale of soldiers and Border Troops who are "opposed to the Regime" are kept under constant observation.

A net of unofficial co-workers serves for the security protection of the 500-m protective belt.

The intelligence section has taken over the tasks of the former sub-section 'West', geographically as well as technically, namely in particular, the collecting of information on military and "semi-military" organizations stationed in the vicinity of the border on the FRG-side (Customs Service, Federal Border Police, Bavarian Border Police, German Armed Forces, Allied Troops).

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B.) Working Methods

a) Illegal Border Crossing

A special officer is assigned to each operational group, whose exclusive task is, to organize the infiltration of agents into the FBO and conduct such illegal border crossings in both directions. This applies to secret co-workers of MA I and other MFS Main Departments and Departments. No agency is permitted to infiltrate agents on its own. The only persons participating in the illegal border crossing operation are the special officer, the competent operational co-worker and the person to be infiltrated.

The special officer is to reconnoiter suitable points for the illegal border crossing; for this purpose he uses unofficial co-workers who are familiar with the terrain on both sides of the border, and who can give a plausible reason for their presence in the western border area.

The special officer is to ensure, that the border guards are withdrawn from the border section in which the border crossing point is located and this point is only revealed to the handling agent of the person to be infiltrated en-route to the demarcation line. Should difficulties arise during the operation, the use of the respective border crossing point is completely or temporarily discontinued.

b) Uniforms, Identification Passes

The members of the operational intelligence and counter-intelligence groups wear the same uniforms as do the other Border Troops soldiers; on occasion they also wear civilian clothing.

The members of the counterintelligence and intelligence sections have uniform service passes. A stamp "C" on the second page authorizes the holder of the pass to freely move about in the border area.

c) Border Crossers

Border crossers coming from the West, are apprehended by Border Troops soldiers after they crossed the demarcation line. Documents or items found in their possession are kept in custody without prior control or examination. Border Troops soldiers are not permitted to interrogate border crossers (this includes questions as to personal data), thereby preventing the unmasking of possible recruitment candidates.

Border crossers are immediately referred to the competent operational intelligence group.

2.) Organisation and Tasks of the MFS Main Department VIII

A. Organisation

The MFS Main Department VIII, headed by Lt. Col. Albert SCHUBERT, consists of 6 departments, each of which is subdivided into 3 sections. The tasks of Department VII at present are still performed by Department I. Department VI supposedly does not yet exist.

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B. Tasks

a) Department I (Chief: Capt. GITTER)

1.) Section 1 with 6 observer groups is responsible for observations in the Soviet Sector of Berlin. "Targets" of such observations are

- o visitors from the West and Soviet Zone citizens who are suspected of "working for the enemy"
- o visitors from the West, who are considered for a possible recruitment, because of their occupation or hometown location
- o unofficial co-workers of MFS (IM - inoffizielle Mitarbeiter) for the purpose of checking their reliability.

Such observations, if necessary, may also extend to GDR-territory.

2.) Section 2 also conducts observations in the Soviet Zone and Soviet Sector of Berlin. This section is exclusively staffed with MFS-co-workers.

3.) Section 3, in addition to observations also conducts executive measures. Besides 9 technical co-workers, this section also employs People's Policemen.

b) Department II (Chief: Major Kurt ZIMMERMANN)

1.) Section 1 is responsible for investigations in the Soviet Sector of Berlin.

2.) Section 2 is also responsible for "conspirative searches". The co-workers of this section must be familiar with 'lock'-technics (i.e. they must be able to open locks of various systems with master keys or other means). Master locksmiths are preferably recruited for this section.

3.) Section 3 is responsible for the "isolation" of prominent persons who emigrated from the West to the Soviet Zone. "Isolation" as practiced by MFS means the accommodating and care for such persons in conspirative buildings.

c) Department III (Chief: Lt. Col. Fred SCHUBERT)

and

Department IV (Chief: Capt. MESTIE)

Both Departments conduct observations and investigations in the FRG and Berlin (West). These Departments primarily employ secret co-workers residing in the target areas.

d) Department V (Chief: Major PLASCH)

The responsibilities of Department V include the handling of all technical and financial questions within the scope of MA VIII. It procures technical aids for operational purposes (radio sets, listening devices, optical equipment, etc.), purchases furniture for conspirative apartments (buildings) and administers operational funds.

Section E, which is attached to this Department, procures documents, passes, stamps, letter heads for cover-firms, sign-boards for such firms, etc.

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e) Department VII (Chief: Major LINDNER)

Since early 1963, Department VII was staffed with specially selected co-workers from throughout the entire Soviet Zone. They are to ensure an intensified control of visitors to the Soviet Sector at the control points of the Berlin sector border.

f) Personnel Composition of an Observer Group

An observer group, in addition to the group leader, consists of group-members (Brigadiere) and unofficial co-workers (IM). The required strength of a group is 13 men; the group leader and the 'Brigadiere' are members of the Ministry of Interior and are exclusively assigned to the MfS; they have a police rank and possess a service book and People's Police badge. The 'IM' (unofficial co-workers) are also full-time MfS-co-workers. A feigned employment is entered in their personal records for cover purposes only.

g) Recruitment of Secret Co-Workers for the Observer Groups

Every co-worker of Main Department VIII is obligated to recruit new 'IM' (recruitment quota per co-worker: 1 to 2 new co-workers per quarter). The MfS co-workers may obtain pointers as to possible recruitment candidates, in three different ways:

- o Through the examination of People's Police helpers records at the People's Police Offices in Eastberlin;
- o through the examination of the records of discharged members of the 'NVA' (National People's Army) or other "armed organizations", at the competent registration offices;
- o through the examination of cadre-records in "socialized enterprises";

Such record checks are made primarily with a view to ascertaining subject's political reliability, which is determined on his "social activity" and SED-membership. West-contacts are considered undesirable. If a candidate is found suitable, confidential investigations are made either at the subject's employing enterprise or in his neighborhood, depending on the circumstances. Only if the inquiries have brought forth no detrimental information, is the candidate approached at his home. On this occasion the prospective co-workers basic willingness to co-operate and his suitability are determined as far as this is possible. The next six months are considered as a probationary period. Minor information-assignments are to accustom the recruitment candidate in co-operating with the MfS. The actual recruitment is preceded by a thorough background investigation of subject's entire relatives. The results of all these measures are to be laid down in a several-page recruitment proposal, to be signed by the Department chief, and only then will subject be obligated in writing. An assignment is then given to Department M for a check of all incoming and outgoing mail to ascertain whether subject has any connections which he has so far kept secret. All MfS-co-workers are subsequently subjected to such mail censorship at irregular intervals.

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It is often particularly difficult to inconspicuously terminate the 'IM's' previous employment.

b) The Conducting of Observations

All operational departments of MfS are authorized to give observation assignments to Main Department VIII. There is a special card file, containing the names of FRG-citizens and Berliners (West), whose observation after their entry into the Soviet Sector is considered of interest. Copies of this card file are available at all border crossing points. One or several observer groups are kept on the alert at conspirative offices in the vicinity of each border crossing point. Should a competent officer, during the pass control, notice a name of a person entering the Soviet Sector is in the observation assignment card file, he will notify an observer group, which immediately takes up the observation. The observers are merely given a personal description (if necessary also car license number) and a cover-designation; they do not learn the target person's true name. The observation is conducted uninterruptedly -also at night- and does not end until target person's exit from the Soviet Sector.

The observer groups are equipped with the following aids: passenger cars, motorcycles, bicycles, open and concealed cameras and, if necessary, Japanese walkie-talkies.

A detailed report is to be made as to each observation. Conspirative photographs of the target person and all persons with whom he was together, are to be included.

As a matter of principle, the observer groups are kept ignorant of the MfS' assigning department.

3.) The MfS "Passport and Tracing" Department (APF - Abteilung "Pass und Fahndung")

In the Summer of 1962, the MfS-Department "Passport and Tracing" (APF) was set up, to ensure an intensified control of interzonal traffic. This Department is to co-ordinate and ensure greater effectiveness of all control and tracing measures at the border crossing points to the FRG and Berlin (West).

Valuable information as to the organisational structure and working methods of this Department was obtained from Heins SCHNEIDER of Harbke, County Oschersleben, a former Sub-Sergeant of the NVA -Border Command-, who defected to the FRG on 13 Mar 1963.

SCHNEIDER was a member of APF since its establishment on 1 Jul 1962, and was primarily engaged in passport control at the border control point (KPF - Kontrollpassierpunkt) Marienborn-Autobahn.

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A. Organizational Structure and Personnel of 'APF'.

The "Passport and Tracing" Department within the Ministry for State Security is headed by Col. EWITTALD (phon.). The "Chief of the State Border West of the APF", who has his office in the building of the KPF Marienborn-Autobahn, is responsible for the entire activity of APF at the demarcation line toward the FRG. He supervises the "KPF-chiefs of APF" at the Border Customs Offices (GZA - Grenz Zollsaenger) at the border crossing points to the FRG.

All key-positions within APF are held by full-time MFS-members. In part, these men were previously assigned as liaison officers to the Soviet Zone border control offices and to a considerable extent, members of the Soviet Zone Customs Administration were also recruited for the establishment of APF. As a rule, customs officers were taken over as full-time MFS co-workers and given a similar rank. Middle-grade customs officials (Zollunterkuehler) (like SCHNEIDER himself) were assigned established posts in the NVA-Border Command.

On 1 Feb 1963, the "Passport and Tracing" Department was subdivided into

- a) Tracing Groups,
- b) Passport Groups;

both groups working independently. At the KPF Marienborn-Autobahn, at present 4 shifts of each group take turns at duty stations.

The duty officer (shift leader) of the Tracing Group holds the dual position of "operational officer" and as such, outranks the shift leader of the Passport Groups.

All members of APF perform their duties in Soviet Zone Border Troops uniforms.

B. Working Methods of APF

a) The Tasks of the Passport Group

The official duties of the members of the Passport Group include the following tasks:

1. Checking of foreigners
2. Transit control
3. Checking of buses
4. Checking of Fair-visitors

In all these cases their task is essentially confined to a passport and identity control. Fair exhibitors are subject to special handling and are given priority, whereas Fair-visitors are controlled with a view to ascertaining whether they were born in towns located in the present territory of the GDR. If necessary, they are questioned. Travelers, who previously resided in the GDR and fled to the FRG, are referred to the operational officer, who decides whether the Fair-visitor may or may not proceed.

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The members of the Passport Group also have instructions to examine the temporary Berlin identity cards as to the occupation of the holder. Persons with "interesting" occupations are referred to the 'shift leader' of the Passport Group for informational questioning.

b) The Tasks of the Tracing Group

Depending on the traffic situation, besides the operational officer, the Tracing Group places 2 to 4 tracing controllers on duty; a specially secured room at the control barracks is placed at their disposal. From the passport counter, all documents which international travelers are required to submit are passed through a small wall slit into the adjoining tracing room. The tracing controllers will then check, whether the passenger's name is listed in one of the available card files. In an adjoining room, the so-called "documentation room", there are facilities for photostating of identity documents.

SCHNEIDER stated that, according to existing directions, for example, all car license papers and identity documents of Federal Republic persons traveling by car, are to be photographed.

Passengers, whose names are listed in one of the tracing card files and whose file cards do not contain a special entry (for example: "notify operational officer"), as a rule are apprehended by members of the Tracing Group.

c. APF-Card Files at the KPF Marienborn-Autobahn, for the Control and Supervision of International Passenger Traffic

a) 'Wanted Persons' Card File

The most essential aid of the Tracing Group is the 'Wanted Persons' Card File which, according to SCHNEIDER's estimate, contains at least 20,000 names. This card file is consulted for all card file and identity checks. Compared hereto, the Soviet Zone "Wanted Persons List", which contains the same names, is rarely used in practice. The 'Wanted Persons' Card File contains printed cards of a yellowish brown color, size DIN A 6. This card file exclusively contains the names of persons incriminated or suspected in a criminal or political respect. In addition to the personal data of the wanted person, the cards contain entries as to the wanting authority, the nature of the offence and directions as to the measure to be taken, should the wanted person appear. The cards of "deleted" persons are provided with an appropriate note and filed separately.

b) Code Number Card File

The Code Number Card File is of special importance from the intelligence viewpoint. For internal purposes it is also called "Agent Card File" by APF-members. This card file is prepared by MfS and contains about 300 to 350 cards. SCHNEIDER believes, that this card file contains the names of persons, whom MfS suspects of working for a western intelligence service, but also those of MfS-agents active in the FRG. Each card has a code number (arabic figures), the personal data of the person concerned and a note as to the telephone number to be called, should the person appear. The telephone number entered on the majority of the cards is that of the operational officer. If Oswald strikes, he is only to be notified as to the

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code number. The operational officer has a work file at his disposal, in which the code numbers are interpreted in detail.

c) Special Card File

An Automobile Card File (about 70 cards) contains certain FRG and Berlin (West) car license numbers.

A Business Card File contains data as to business firms, motorized vehicles and drivers who are involved in commercial traffic between the FRG and Berlin (West) or the Soviet Zone, and pass through the KPF Marienborn-Autobahn.

Other card files contain data concerning the entire Berlin-traffic on certain occasions (for example, anniversary of the erection of the 'Wall', meetings of 'Regional Associations' in Berlin). However, these card files are only used upon special instructions.

G. The Soviet Intelligence Services

I. General

In 1963, 84 cases of attempted or completed recruitments for the Soviet intelligence services (KGB and GRU) have come to notice (1962: 76). About 6% of the total number of known recruitments were effected by the Soviet intelligence services.

Fifty-nine of the approached persons originated from the West, twenty-five from the Soviet Bloc's power sphere.

II. Recruiting Methods

No essential changes were noticed as to the recruiting methods of the Soviet intelligence services. They are still largely identical to those of the Soviet Zone intelligence services. The occasions of recruitment primarily were private or business West-East contacts, immigration or emigration plans or ties of relationship to the West or East.

About 60% of the recruited persons actually became active in the intelligence sphere.

1.) Soviet Intelligence Service Recruitment in Soviet Zone Reception Camps

In 1963 several cases again came to notice in which immigrants or returnees in Soviet Zone Reception Camps were approached by members of Soviet intelligence services, with a view to their intelligence recruitment. In part, suitable persons were introduced to the Soviet intelligence services by MfS. The known cases proved, that the Soviet intelligence services also increasingly endeavored (after the blocking measures of 13 Aug 1961) to recruit agents in the Soviet Zone Reception Camps.

Late in July 1962, the electrician Edmund T., a resident of the Ruhr area, illegally entered the Soviet Zone near Helmstedt, for family reasons. During his interrogation at Camp Barby he furnished information regarding British ammunition depots in the FRG. T. thereupon was introduced to three members of a Soviet intelligence service at Camp Barby. After several interrogations, T. was obligated for an intelligence co-operation by the Soviets. He was given the assignment to return to the FRG, to further procure information as to the ammunition depot, to photograph

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documents and to bring along only the negatives to the next meeting which was to take place in Berlin (West). He was to announce the date of the meeting in a couched language to a Magdeburg cover address.

After he had received DM 60 to cover his expenses, T. was deported to the FRG via Marienborn. During the check at Helmstedt, he kept his intelligence contacts secret. T. then returned to his family.

Late in September 1962, he received a reminder, mailed in Berlin (West). T. thereupon again entered the Soviet Zone illegally. When he was apprehended by the Soviet Zone border patrol, he requested, that he again be taken to Camp Barby. There he again met the Soviet Intelligence Service co-workers, who had recruited him. After having reported verbally and in writing, T. was given the assignment, to return to the FRG, to look for employment and accommodation in the Brunswick area and to keep an eye on concentrations of German and British Troops in this area. If necessary, he was to announce a meeting to the Magdeburg cover-address. Future meetings were to take place in Eastberlin.

T. was given DM (West) 160 against a receipt. With the assistance of Soviet Zone Border Troops soldiers, the Soviets then infiltrated him back into the FRG near Luebeck.

Immediately upon his return, T. disclosed his contact to the intelligence section of the Police. - - - - -

In September 1962, the commercial employe Klaus M. illegally entered the Soviet Zone with his 19-year old girl-friend, in order to marry there. After having crossed the demarcation line, he was questioned by Soviet Zone Border Troops officers as to police officials stationed at his hometown, as well as his brother-in-law, who served with the Police in Bonn. M. answered these questions obligingly. After their assignment to the Reception Camp in Pritzier, M. and his girl-friend applied for permission to return to the FRG. MFS-co-workers told them that their application could only be granted, if M. would obligate himself to co-operate. M. agreed to do so. During a subsequent meeting with an MFS-member, M. was introduced to a co-worker of a Soviet intelligence service. M. again expressed his willingness to co-operate in the field of intelligence to the latter, and signed an obligation. The Soviet intelligence service member gave M. a Magdeburg cover-address and assignments targeted against German Armed Forces installations in Lower Saxony. M. was instructed to come to a meeting in Eastberlin in Mid-December 1962.

M. was provided with R.R. tickets and traveled with his girl-friend back to Hamburg via Schwanheide.

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2.) Recruitment of Russian Emigrants desiring to be Repatriated

The Soviet intelligence services still continue their practice of giving intelligence probation-assignments to emigrants desiring to be repatriated, prior to granting permission for repatriation.

Late in 1959, the radio-mechanic Paul S. of Munich (who originated from the Soviet Union) contacted the Soviet Embassy in Bonn, with the request that he be permitted to return to his brother who lived in the Ukraine. The Soviet Embassy referred him to the "Repatriation Committee" in Eastberlin. After contacts had been established in writing, S. was invited to come to Eastberlin for a personal interview. After having announced his arrival in writing, in May 1962, S. traveled to Eastberlin. At the Friedrichstrasse R.R.-Station S. was being awaited by an alleged co-worker of the Repatriation Committee. During a conversation at the office of the Committee, S. was questioned in detail as to his employment and friends. His question as to his repatriation was not answered. On the contrary, he was instructed to send West-German newspapers and periodicals of Russian emigrant organizations to an Eastberlin private address. He also was to travel pro-communistic persons in Munich and name them on the occasion of another meeting in Eastberlin. After having received a refund of his travel expenses, S. traveled back to Munich.

Early in October 1962, S. again traveled to Eastberlin. He was again met at the Friedrichstrasse R.R.-Station by an alleged member of the Committee. He was then interrogated by the Soviets as to the results of his investigations. S. who had merely sent a few periodicals in the meantime, but had not taken any other steps, claimed that he had been prevented by illness. In reply to his question as to the date of his repatriation, he was told that it would take several months; in the meantime he was to complete the second assignment. Upon his return to Munich, S., who had been overcome by doubts meantime, disclosed the facts to the Criminal Police.

In December 1962, the 37-year old Russian emigrant Michael S. intended to return to his mother in the USSR. In 1942, S. had been conscripted for work as a foreign laborer in Austria. From 1944 to war's end he had voluntarily served with the Waffen-SS. After the war he primarily lived in the FRG.

Upon his transfer to the Soviet Zone, S. was referred to a Soviet agency in Chemnitz. Members of this agency reproved him for having fought on the German side during the war and not immediately returning to his home-country after the war.

The Soviets instructed S. to return to the FRG, where he was to procure information regarding German and Allied military units. He also was to vet persons who co-operated with Russian emigrant organizations or participated in the publication of emigrant newspapers.

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S. was given DM (West) 100, as an advance payment and was promised that his mother (who lived in the Ukraine) would be notified and supported.

The next meeting was to take place in the Soviet sector of Berlin; he was given an Eastberlin cover-address to which he was to announce the meeting date.

3.) Recruitment of late Re-Settlers

During the year under review (1963), information was again received, confirming the continuation of the Soviet intelligence services' previous practice, namely to approach late re-settlers with a view to their intelligence recruitment, prior to their exit from the USSR.

Alexander U., who was born in the Ukraine as the son of German parents, at war's end lived in Berlin. After the invasion of the Soviet Troops in 1945, he was deported to the Soviet Union. In 1946 he was sentenced to 5 years forced labor on charges of alleged "counter-revolutionary" agitation and, after completion of his sentence deported to Siberia, where he married an Estonian. Due to an amnesty, the couple U. was permitted to return to Estonia.

Ever since 1960, U. endeavored to obtain permission for his repatriation to Berlin. In 1961, when he again contacted the passport office, he was approached by a KGB-member named "BORIS". Thereafter, "BORIS" maintained contacts with U. The meetings, in the majority of cases, took place in hotel rooms. "BORIS" promised to assist U. in procuring an exit permit, provided he (U.) would also do him a favor. U. agreed to do so.

He was given instructions, upon his arrival at Berlin (West), to build up a sound existence and resume his contacts with his former friends and acquaintances. "BORIS" also named some re-settlers who (as "BORIS" mentioned) had failed to maintain their contacts with the Soviet Union. U. was to trace their whereabouts in the FRG. He also was to send detailed reports as to Berlin living conditions to his wife, who was to remain in the Soviet Union for the time being. "BORIS" would be advised accordingly, since these letters would be censored by his agency. Later-on, U. would be visited by a contact-man in Berlin (West), who would give him further instructions.

Upon his arrival in Berlin (West), U. disclosed his contacts to the Criminal Police.

4.) Recruitment of Federal Republic Citizens

Since April 1962, the chemical engineer Herbert B. was employed at a construction site in the USSR on behalf of his West-German firm. In November 1962, he was apprehended by the Soviet Militia, while trying to purchase gold from a Soviet citizen. This deal had been arranged by a Soviet interpreter. B. was interrogated by local police authorities, and threatened with an 8-year prison sentence on the grounds of an "offence against the currency law". Later KGB-members intervened and told him that he might evade punishment, if he would prove his "loyalty to the Soviet Union".

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B. was then released to his quarters, but was instructed to again meet the KGB-members the following day at a hotel. On this occasion the Soviets tried to induce B. to inform on his co-workers. When he failed to attend the subsequent meetings, the construction supervisor was notified that B. was to immediately leave the Soviet Union.

It is believed that, in this case, KGB tried to intimidate B. through a provocation, with a view to his intelligence recruitment.

In August 1961, 21-year old Heike K. of Frankfurt/Main accepted a position as children's nurse with an American diplomat, who served with the US-Embassy in Moscow. In Moscow she made friends with a German couple who led a very sociable life. At their home she made the acquaintance of members of foreign diplomatic missions, as well as Soviet citizens. In November 1961, this couple introduced her to a Soviet teacher (f.), with whom she made friends in order to learn Russian. Late in June 1962, at the home of this teacher, Heike K. was approached by two KGB-members, who accused her of being an American spy and of having conducted black-market deals with various Soviet citizens. After threatening to imprison her because of this offence, the KGB-members relented and arranged for another meeting with her on the following day. Finally, she was obligated to strict secrecy. Up to the end of July 1962, K. met six times with the KGB-members. The meetings and conversations took place either in the KGB-members' car, in a conspirative apartment or in restaurants. K. was requested to give a detailed description of her friends and acquaintances and identify persons known to her on the basis of photographs.

She also was to establish new contacts at the American Club. She was permitted to maintain her contacts with her teacher-friend and not prohibited from discussing her intelligence contacts with the latter.

When, early in August 1962, Heike K.'s employer returned to Moscow from a longer trip to another country, she disclosed her secret to him.

She was thereupon sent back to the FRG.

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III. Command and Communication Channels

In 1963, primarily the operational offices of the Soviet Intelligence Services in Eastberlin, Dresden, Leipzig and Magdeburg came to notice. The majority of all intelligence operations directed against the FRG, continued to originate with the operational office in Eastberlin. In the majority of cases, meetings took place in the Soviet Sector of Berlin, whereas only individual meetings took place in the FRG or in neutral foreign countries (mainly in Vienna).

As regards the Soviet intelligence services' conspirative communication methods, no changes worth mentioning were noted.

IV. Intelligence Targets

In 1963, 225 intelligence assignments made by the Soviet services came to notice. The majority of all assignments known, were targeted against military objects.

The following is a breakdown of assignments:

a) Preparatory assignments (vetting, spotting, recruiting)	23 %
b) Political espionage	16 %
c) Military espionage	33 %
d) Economic espionage	2 %

Approximately 145 assignments (- 65 %) were carried out.

In order to obtain political information, the Soviet intelligence services attempted to penetrate mainly important Federal authorities. The following case is a typical example:

In the Fall of 1961, the MfS contacted Karl N., precision mechanic in Eastberlin. After several meetings, the MfS member spoke of N.'s sister Monika who is employed by a Bonn Ministry. At a subsequent meeting, besides the MfS member, a Soviet IS officer was present who then handled the case. N. was ordered to write his sister in Bonn a letter inviting her to come to Eastberlin, which he did. However, Monika N. did not comply with this invitation.

N. received an intelligence training from Jan until Oct 1962. His Soviet handling officer demanded a background report and photo of his sister.

N. and his handling officer made several visits to Berlin (West) as preparation for a trip through the West, on which occasion, he was fitted out with western clothing.

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In mid-Dec 1962, by order of the Soviet IS, N. traveled to Bonn. For this trip, his handling officer had given him a falsified Berlin (West) identity card and DM-West 700; besides, he helped him pass the Bahnhof Friedrichstrasse control point and went with him to the Bahnhof ZOO (RA station) where he stayed with him until the departure of the Intersonal train. N. was to look up his sister in Bonn and establish whether she was willing to give the Soviet IS information as to her work, "for the maintenance of peace". In case of danger, she could at any time go to the Soviet Zone, Austria or Switzerland, and, possibly, they would open bank accounts for her in these countries.

Monika N. declined this attempted recruitment. Offices of the Allied Forces stationed in the FRG, also were targets of Soviet intelligence services.

On 17 Dec 1962, Georg D., teacher of languages from Altenhof, county Ebereswalde, disclosed at the LfV (Land Office for the Protection of the Constitution) in Stuttgart, that the Soviet IS had assigned him to travel to the FRG. His interrogation produced the following facts:

D. gave Russian language lessons at the Goethe School in Ebereswalde. Early in 1961, he was contacted by the Soviet IS. At first, he had connections with members of the Ebereswalde local Soviet IS office for whom he was to carry out vetting assignments in Berlin (West) and work as informer in Ebereswalde. In Mar 1962, Soviet IS officers from Berlin-Karlshorst took over D.'s handling. At a meeting in Sep, he was ordered to travel to the FRG during the autumn vacation and meet a female person there. Last arrangements for his mission were made in a conspirative flat in Berlin-Karlshorst. D. was given a Federal identity card with his photo, however made out to

Erhard BUCHTA, residing in Ahlen/Westf., Humboldtstr 12

and DM-West 800. Previous to this he had been ordered to get himself new clothing in Berlin (West). D. was to travel to Baden-Baden and contact Tatjana A. who worked in a French office in the Hochhaus. For the time being, he was not to attempt to recruit her. D. completed the trip without being molested, however, did not get into contact with Mrs A., therefore he repeated the trip in mid-Dec 1962. This time, he was given more comprehensive assignments. D. was to eventually go to Mrs A.'s flat, attempt to recruit her for intelligence co-operation and give her an advance payment of DM 1,000.

He was to start his conversation by giving her greetings from Erich JAKOBI, an acquaintance of her's.

Under the cover name Erich JAKOBI, in 1958, the Soviet agent Wensel REINER had come to the FRG in order to spy out French offices in Baden-Baden. Until the end of the trial, REINER denied any intelligence activity, however, due to witnesses' statements, he was sentenced to 18 months imprisonment by the Karlsruhe Superior Land Court on 14 Apr 1959 on the grounds of an offence against Par 100 of the Criminal Code.

In case Mrs A. threatened to inform the Police, D. was to point out that she had made wrong statements as witness in the penal case against "JAKOBI". The Soviets would not hesitate to inform FRG authorities on these facts.

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D. made the second trip to Baden-Baden the occasion of his disclosure, since he considered this assignment too risky. He never did return to the Soviet Zone.

V. Legat Resident Agents

In 1963, numerous cases again became known, where members of Soviet Missions in the FRG or Berlin, completed intelligence assignments, illustrated by the following examples:

1) Case NIKOLAJEV

Aleksej Dimitrijewitsch NIKOLAJEV, 2nd secretary of the Soviet Embassy at Rolandseck, had been in the FRG since 1 Sep 1960. He presumably worked in the Soviet Embassy's Consular Affairs Section. NIKOLAJEV held a diplomatic status. ^{summary of V 1470 cas intel activities} Until his departure from the FRG, he carried out the following intelligence assignments:

- a) On 28 Jul 1961, NIKOLAJEV appeared at the flat of Hermann B., technical Oberamtmann with the Federal Agency for Military Technig and Procurement in Koblenz. N. told Mrs B. he wanted to reciprocate for her husband's assistance on the occasion of a traffic accident in Mar 1961, near Frankfurt. Since B. was not at his home, Mrs B. asked N. to come again in the evening. At about 18,00 hrs, N. again was at the flat. He told B. of the assistance rendered after the traffic accident occurred and that he owed his life entirely to him. N. tried to give B. a present, however B., who explained to N. that he was not identical with the person he allegedly was looking for, refused to accept the present, and N. thereupon left the flat.
- On 11 Aug 1961, N. again appeared at B.'s flat. He wanted to give Mrs B. a flower bouquet to excuse his conduct at his last visit. He again talked about his life having been saved and feelings of gratitude and tried to press the flowers on Mrs B., who, however, refused to accept them.
- b) On 9 Oct 1962, NIKOLAJEV went to the Federal Defence Ministry's library to get the "Directives for the stipulation of the individual medical classifications of draftees". The manager of the library advised N. to apply to the Military Medical Agency. The same afternoon, N. went to the Military Medical Agency and was received by Surgeon Major Dr med. Kurt P. N. presented his diplomatic identification together with his visiting card. N. again asked for the "Directives". Dr. P. said that the regulation was not available at present and asked N. to return on the morning of 10 Oct 1962.
- On 10 Oct 1962, at 11,00 hrs, N. again appeared at Dr. P.'s office and said that, in a show window, he had incidentally seen a book, by a Dr med P. and entitled "How Medicine Helps", and asked P. whether he was the author. Dr. P. confirmed this. Meantime, N. obviously had vetted Dr. P. The book was published five years previously and, according to Dr. P.'s statements, was no longer displayed.

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Dr. P. told N. that the "Directives" he wanted were official regulations and that he could not give them to him. Hearing this explanation, N. tried to induce P. to give him the documents, at least for half a day or some hours, since he presently had to collect all documents as to sanitation.

Dr. P. promised to inform N. in case he found suitable material for him. Thereupon N. took leave, but was visibly disappointed. On 26 Nov 1962, Dr. P. received a letter N. had sent to his home address. The letter was mailed in Beuel, without the sender's address on it, and read as follows:

"Alezej NIKOLAJEW
Bonn/Venusberg
Robert-Koch-Str 16

Bonn, 17 Nov 1962

Dear Mr P.,

Having found your address in the directory, please excuse me for applying to you by mail. I choose this way so as not to bother you at your office.

My work is almost finished, but one part is needed to complete for which I require the statements you so kindly promised me.

I want to thank you in advance and will keep my promise.

Very truly yours,

(signature) "

Thereupon, with the consent of the FRG Armed Forces Office of Security, Dr. P. sent photostat copies of medical magazines to N., who then no longer contacted Dr. P.

c) The FRG Armed Forces soldier Wolf Ruediger H. went to the Soviet Embassy at Rolandseck, in mid-Nov 1962, in order to report there as deserter and ask for political asylum in the USSR. After he entered the Soviet Embassy, he was directed to NIKOLAJEW. H. presented his unit pass to N who made some notes. He informed him that he (H.) could go to the Soviet Union, however, before this, would have to do something for him at the FRG Armed Forces, which he would pay for. He was specially interested in regulations as to combat training and use of arms. He attached great importance to obtaining regulations, classified "For Official Use Only". H. assured him he was ready to procure the information wanted. N. gave him the cover name Horst NAUMANN and ordered him to write to the Soviet Embassy on anything special, by using this cover name. He gave him a text in which he was to put in his information in a couched language. H. and N. agreed to meet the following day, at 13,00 hrs, at the Fortress ERENBREITSTEIN and H. received DM 70 to cover his travel expenses. The meeting took place as agreed upon. H. handed the FRG Armed Forces' official regulations requested to N., who gave him further DM 40.

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Since H. had not been able to go to two further meetings, N. went to Koblenz. N. then gave H. a regulation as to antitank defense, for which he received DM 30. Since H. wanted the regulations back shortly, they agreed to meet on 13 Jan 1963, at 10,00 hrs, in front of the firm G & A in Koblenz. N. then returned the regulations to H.

In the course of further meetings which took place in Koblenz, on the 2, 9 and 10 Feb 1963, N. gave H. regulations on "explosions" as well as the bolt and grip of the NATO gun G 3. N. always returned the delivered material at the following meeting.

At the last meeting, N. gave H. DM 200 and ordered him to procure an antitank mine DM 16, and establish whether the FRG Armed Forces were using a Spanish manufactured gun.

H.'s girl friend Erika H. also joined this meeting. In the course of the conversation, N. pointed out to Mrs H. that he also wanted to use her for his intelligence operations. He asked to see Mrs H.'s identity card, noted her personal data and said that he would contact her in writing. He would use a German name as sender.

Due to the established facts, investigation proceedings were taken against H. On 13 Feb 1963, a warrant of arrest was issued against him:

4) William L.R., US citizen, served with the US Army until Jul 1961. Thereafter, he was owner of a financing enterprise in Darmstadt. Late in Jan 1963, R. made a telephone call to the Soviet Embassy. He gave his name and address and asked for a meeting with an Embassy member, in turn the Soviet conversational partner inquired the reason for his call. R. answered, he was an American and could not tell anything over the phone. R. was requested to apply to the Soviet Embassy in writing.

R. then wrote to the Embassy, saying, he was an American and could give them interesting information about which he would like to talk with an Embassy member.

On 27 Jan 1963, R. received a telephone call from N. at his office. N. stated to belong to the Soviet Embassy and mentioned that R.'s letter had reached them. He requested R. to immediately take a train to Bonn and meet him at the news stand in the main RR station, at 14,00 hrs.

R. did not attend the meeting, however, on 28 Jan 1963, phoned N. at the Soviet Embassy and excused himself for having cut the meeting.

On 29 Jan 1963, R. received a letter from NIKOLAJEW announcing that he would shortly visit R.

On 31 Jan 1963, at about 10,00 hrs, N. phoned R. and informed him that he and his wife were already in Darmstadt, and that he would come to his (R.'s) office at about 11,00 hrs.

Already at 10,30 hrs, N. appeared at the office.

N. showed R. his official identity card, and made a note of the essential statements of R.'s passport.

N. asked R. for a written report as to military personnel, his acquaintances, their work places and colleagues. He also inquired of R. whether he had connections with the Heidelberg Army Headquarters. R. replied that he had two or three old friends there, one of them working in the Counterintelligence Section.

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N. then asked R. about his income and told him that he could earn double as much if he delivered suitable information. At the end of the conversation, N. stated he would give more detailed instructions. On 5 Feb 1963 already, without previous announcement, N. visited R. in his office. He immediately demanded a list of the names of those US Army members R. knew. Since R. could not establish this list at short notice, N. ordered him to hand it over during a meeting at the Bonn main RR station on 8 Feb 1963. R. was to inform N. upon his arrival in Bonn, by phone, saying 'Charles had arrived'. They agreed upon a further meeting in the 2nd floor of the Frankfurt Airport mainbuilding, on 22 Feb 1963, at 14,00 hrs. Upon comprehensive preliminary investigations by the Office for the Protection of the Constitution, N. was stopped at this meeting and identified by officials of the Security Group and the Hesse Criminal Police.

The Foreign Office then informed the Soviet Embassy in Bonn on 23 Feb 1963, to recall N. from the FRG within 48 hours, otherwise he would be declared a "persona non grata". On the same day, N. and his wife left the FRG.

2) Attempt to contact a Russian emigrant in the FRG:

The Soviet intelligence services, especially legal resident agents still continue their attempts to contact Russian emigrants living in the West, by misusing their familiar relations in the USSR.

The following is a typical example for this:

Dr. S., director of the "Institute for the Research of the USSR" in Munich, late in Nov 1962, was visited by a Russian who introduced himself as NIKKRASSOW. The visitor conveyed greetings from a brother of Dr. S. who lives in the USSR and whom he pretended to know very well. However, his report about their acquaintance produced contradictions. Thereupon Dr. S' wife and son assumed a threatening attitude towards the visitor, who, by presenting a diplomatic pass, proved his identity as Eugeni Sinowitsch SCHABARDIN, 2nd secretary of the Soviet Embassy in Bonn. He explained to have given a wrong name in order not to bring Dr. S. (in view of his position) into an embarrassing situation.

In the further course of the conversation, the diplomat offered to re-establish the interrupted connection to the brother in the USSR, by conveying letter. By referring to the changed conditions in the USSR, he also attempted to induce Dr. S. to return and asked the son to visit the Soviet Union.

His proposals were declined.

3) Attempts to recruit Berlin (West) Students

In several cases, Berlin (West) students, particularly those from Technical Academies, were approached by members of the Berlin (West and East) Soviet Legal Residents with regard to intelligence co-operation. Typical of these approaches were the attempts to first - during a longer period - establish personal relations of trust to the recruitment candidates.

The following is an example of this:

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Student Georg L. of Stuttgart studied at the Technical University in Berlin in winter 1961/62 and summer 1962. In Oct 1961, after having attended a Bert-Brecht-Memorial, a Russian approached him on his way home, in the Berlin (West) Hansaviertel, and accompanied him to the S-Bahn RR station Bellevue. They talked about personal matters as well as about Russian and German literature. The Russian, who, by presenting a visiting card, had introduced himself as Grigorj TATARNIKOW, attaché of the Soviet Embassy, asked to continue the acquaintanceship.

In mid-Dec 1961, upon previous agreement, T. visited L. at his accommodation (Students' Home). Both met again at a lecture on the poet William GOYEN in the Kongresshalle, in mid-Jan 1962. T. was accompanied by another Russian, called Nikolai CORBATSCHOW. Until Jul 1962, G. and L. met seven times in Berlin (West), mostly near L.'s home. He stated that, during these meetings, they had only discussed art, literature, theatre, film and space research problems.

L. denied G.'s invitation to visit the Berlin Soviet Sector. He was ready to accept an invitation to go to Potsdam, provided, he could bring a student along with him. At first G. did not agree to this. Finally, when L. reproached him with his "secretiveness" (a West German could not understand), he gave in. Details as to the trip to Potsdam were to be discussed at a meeting to be agreed upon by telephone. The visit did not take place, since G. did not contact L. anymore.

G. is co-worker of the SOWKPOET-FILM-Agency in Berlin (West), T. an "attaché" with the Soviet Embassy in East Berlin. Both presumably are KGB members or co-workers.

According to the established facts, the above case was an unsuccessful contact attempt by a Soviet intelligence service.

4) Conspicuous contact attempts by members of Soviet foreign missions

In the course of the last year, members of the Soviet Embassy in Cairo conspicuously attempted to contact German Embassy members. Late in 1962, 2nd secretary Wladimir ~~LOBANOW~~, without perceptible reason, appeared in the German Embassy Press Section. LOBANOW's official work has nothing to do with press affairs. He is a member of the Soviet IS.

At about the same time, a 3rd secretary of the Soviet Embassy made efforts to establish connection to German Embassy members. Early in 1963, he appeared twice in the Embassy's Political Affairs Section, in order "to introduce himself, exchange opinions as to the general situation and, on this occasion, brush up his German knowledge."

Besides, a member of the Soviet Trade Mission in Cairo attempted to establish personal contact with a German Embassy member.

They all spoke of continuance of the contacts and promised private invitations. They were mainly interested in public affairs and development aid.

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At the same time, similar attempts by Soviet Embassy members, were noticed at the Japanese Embassy in Cairo. The German Embassy in Teheran also noticed contact attempts by some Soviet Embassy members. It is assumed that members or co-workers of the Soviet intelligence services were involved in all these cases, who, with their contact attempts, were carrying out intelligence missions.

5) Members of the Soviet Military Missions

in the FRG, also in 1963, were frequently noticed carrying out visual investigations. Main intelligence targets were military objects of the German and Allied Forces, in particular barracks, ammunition depots, rocket launching sites and radar installations. Soviet Military Mission members were especially often observed watching maneuvers. Only a few cases dealing with violations of forbidden zones, came to notice.

D. The Polish Intelligence Services

In 1963, 59 recruitment cases of the Polish IS came to the BFV's notice; so, the counterintelligence result is similar to that of the previous years (1962: 57 and 1961: 65).

In 54 cases, the persons approached for purposes of espionage against the FRG, lived in the Polish power sphere; 25 persons lived in the FRG or in Berlin (West) at the time of the recruitment attempt.

In all cases, the intelligence contact attempts were due to already existing west or east connections.

I. Recruitment Methods

The Polish intelligence services still continued to approach persons travelling in both directions, and German persons from the Polish-administered German East-territories who desired re-settlement, for the purpose of secretly procuring information from the FRG. Besides, they tried to recruit persons who have relatives in the FRG and, in individual cases, sent agents to contact the persons in question at their homes at that time in the FRG.

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1) Re-Settling Projects:

It has been one of the practices of the Polish Intelligence Service for numerous years to approach persons of German origin of Silesia, East Prussia, Pomerania and the former provinces of Poznan, who wish to re-settle in the Federal Republic. From statements taken from persons who were interrogated in 1963, it showed that if a person refuses to commit himself for intelligence cooperation, this will often lead to a temporary rejection or at least to a considerable delay in the handling of the application for re-settlement. However, later efforts were sometimes successful without the Polish Intelligence Service making another attempt.

This explains why the instances where re-settlers were approached for intelligence cooperation (which became known this year), often date back a number of years.

The re-settlers did not disclose an intelligence contact in all cases after their arrival in the Federal Republic, as is shown by the following example:

A technical engineer (machine construction) of Upper Silesia had since 1956 applied for re-settlement to the Federal Republic.

In September 1958, his application was rejected without giving a definite reason. Due to his protest, the Mayor of his town referred him to a SB-member (SB - Polish Intelligence Service) who might be able to help him. As was expected, this person would only grant him the exit permit if he declared his willingness to be active in intelligence. The engineer agreed, all the more so since he was promised that his re-settling application would be speedily handled. Actually, in November 1958, after a short intelligence training, he and his family were able to depart. In the Federal Republic, he withheld his intelligence commitment and took up employment with a well-known electrical firm. He then wrote to a cover address in Warsaw, informing them that he had been legalised. In the Summer of 1960, he met his handling officer in Vienna, as agreed, and on this occasion, made a report on his employing firm and their production. Thereafter, he allegedly tried to gradually put an end to the intelligence contact. After he had been neutralised, he stated that he only wished to carry out his intelligence activity until a relative from Silesia had re-settled; he did not have enough courage to confess at a later date.

2) Trips to the Federal Republic:

In 1963, a few examples also became known as to the Polish Intelligence Service methods, to assign persons within their jurisdiction, who wished to travel to the West for private or occupational reasons, with certain intelligence missions.

In view of the total number of Polish national entries, the number of recognized intelligence cases was small. However, it must be remembered that it is nearly impossible to keep all Poles under surveillance, who enter the Federal Republic for a temporary stay. On the other hand, the persons concerned usually disclose their intelligence contact only if they do not intend to return to Poland. Normally, an informal intelligence approach is made when the passport is handed over, before the trip. A written obligation usually was not requested. The tourists were given target assignments, sometimes, however, they were just instructed "to keep their eyes open" at their

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destination and upon their return, give an accurate report on their impressions.

Seamen, calling at Western ports during their trips, were often used as couriers by the Polish Intelligence Service.

- 3) Trips to Polish Territory:
Federal Republic citizens and West Berliners, who travel to Poland for private reasons, for business discussions or for occupational reasons (seamen) must be prepared for being approached by the Polish Intelligence Service. According to 1963 intelligence results, recruiters were most successful with merchants, who are interested in Eastern trade.

In the past year, Polish Intelligence Service recruiting attempts of German seamen who entered Polish and German ports (under Polish occupation) were relatively numerous (especially in Stettin). At first, the persons approached were taken to the harbor-police because they had either exceeded their shore leave and missed their ship, had attracted attention at drinking-bouts by engaging in fights, or had helped East Zone seamen to escape. During the interrogation by the harbor-police, the Polish Intelligence Service usually interfered, extensively questioned the person concerned, and gave further assignments (procurement of city maps and similar items). They did not commit the persons concerned in all cases.

Typical is the case of a certain sailor, who was a cook on a coal transport, which navigated between ports of the Federal Republic and Stettin. During a stay in Stettin, he missed his ship's departure and was taken to the Polish Intelligence Service by the harbor police. After he had been placed under pressure by threatening him with a lengthy prison term, he rendered the requested information on his ship and its crew. He also answered questions (as far as he was able to) as to the Federal and Allied Armed Forces. Finally, the Polish Intelligence Service committed him for intelligence cooperation and gave him the assignment to collect intelligence information on military coastal installations in the Federal Republic. When his ship re-entered the Stettin harbor, he was released. It had been agreed upon that the next time, his ship called at the Stettin harbor, he was to give his assigners a report on the results of his espionage activities. The sailor disclosed his intelligence mission in the Federal Republic and meantime, mustered out thereby evading further contact with the Polish Intelligence Service.

- 4) Intelligence Approach in the Federal Republic:
In 1963 again some cases became known where citizens of the Federal Republic or West Berlin were visited at their home by representatives of the Polish Intelligence Service and requested to become active in the intelligence field.

When verifying the statements of these persons, it was mostly found that previous intelligence contact had existed or could be assumed. In June 1963, the watchmaker RONALD W. reported on such a recruitment attempt:

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He was a Pole, married to a German. In 1960, upon his wife's initiative, he filed an application for re-settlement. Allegedly, he got a permission therefor under great difficulties, after paying 120,000.00 Zloty his wife's bribe. Three days after he had paid this bribe, a member of the Polish Intelligence Service approached him and by referring to the punishable nature of his attitude, pressured him into intelligence cooperation. At a subsequent meeting in Warsaw, he signed a written declaration of commitment. He was to use his brother's address as a cover address and mark the letters for the Polish Intelligence Service by drawing wavy lines under the place of residence. He was only ordered to get accustomed to living in the Federal Republic, to build up his occupational career, and keep in contact with the Polish Intelligence Service through a cover address. Berlin meetings had been scheduled at a later date, which had not yet been fixed. Re-settlement was made in the Fall of 1960. In the ensuing period, he held correspondence contact with the Polish Intelligence Service, as agreed, however, only reported on personal matters.

On 21 Apr 1963, W. allegedly was visited quite unexpectedly at his home by an unknown person, who spoke Polish. The unknown man brought him presents and a letter from his brother. He then requested to have a private talk with him. He then reminded him of the bribe he had paid, as well as his obligation, and threatened that his brother would have difficulties if he did not fulfill his obligation. The unknown man gave him contact-paper and a cover address in Poland, where he was to write within 2 weeks.

On 7 May 1963, W. allegedly was again approached by another unknown person, who reminded him of the cooperation he had promised. Three days later, in the evening, 2 unknown persons again approached him at his residence. One person wore police uniform. Both persons had come by car and requested W. to get in. In the car, they again requested his cooperation by threatening him. He was ordered to meet another person on 2 June 1963. This meeting was held. The meeting-partner requested him to file an application for a visit to Poland at the Polish Military Mission. There, instructed by his meeting-partner, he was to undergo intelligence training. The partner called himself chief of a section for Polish foreign espionage, also questioned him as regards possible debts and offered him DM 2,000. W. allegedly refused to take the money. The man further ordered him to open a watchmaker's shop at his place of residence. He would then have to travel a lot. His shop was to serve as a meeting-place for agents.

After this last meeting, W. made a confession at the Criminal Police. He and his family had been registered at Friedland in October 1960. At that time, he had not rendered any statements as regards the bribe affair and his subsequent obligation. After he had re-settled, he had correspondence contact with his relatives (mother and brother, allegedly an officer in the Polish Army). After his confession, he was again twice reminded of the cooperation he had promised, partly under threats.

Up to now, it was not possible to verify W's statements. Therefore, it cannot be established with certainty whether his statements are true. The contact-paper, which he handed over, was genuine. If his statements are true, this would be the first known case in which the Polish Intelligence Service

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so crudely tried to force a person to stick to his obligation.

II. Handling and Communication:

The information obtained in 1963 as regards handling and communication of the Polish Intelligence Service, did not show any special characteristics in comparison with the previous years. After recruitment, which in the majority of cases was effected within the Polish sphere of power, the agent received a cover address, possibly contact-paper with the instruction, to notify them after his return to the Federal Republic, or after his successful re-settlement. Usually, after the approach, a first meeting was scheduled and planned in detail. Now as before, the meeting was the most important means of handling by the Polish Intelligence Service, at least as long as the agent had proven his suitability and the contact had become profitable for the Polish Intelligence Service. The Polish Intelligence Service, as far as possible, tried to have the meetings take place within its own sphere of power, or at least, on Eastern territory. Only then, after the reliability of the agent for the Polish Intelligence Service had become established, meetings were arranged in neutral or Western foreign countries. In such cases, sometimes, meetings were only held upon request of the agent or the handling office, while contact mainly was maintained through one or several dead letterdrops.

Another means of contact used by the Polish Intelligence Service consisted in making use of Polish citizens' Western contacts. The Polish Intelligence Service used these contacts to request its agents in the Federal Republic in an inconspicuous way, namely by way of private letters, to observe meetings.

III. Assignment Targets:

Within the reporting period, no changes of previous assignment targets or new intelligence interests were established.

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E. The Czech Intelligence Services

In the reporting year, in comparison with 1962, a slight decrease of recognized cases was noted. Thirty-five persons were recorded (compared with 45 in 1962). They had been approached or recruited by a Czech Intelligence Service.

I. Recruiting Methods:

The already known tendency of the Czech Services, to approach visitors from the Federal Republic and tourists or re-settlers to the Federal Republic, continued in 1963. Typical for this practice is the following case:

In January 1963, the cabinet-maker Horst FOLK of Neustadt, District of Falkenberg/CHEB, received a summons to appear at the Military Office at Falkenberg. There, the commander (a Lt.Col.), introduced him to two Intelligence Service members, who, after a political test conversation, requested him to visit his brother Rudolf K. (who lives in Kassel) on an intelligence mission. After initial reluctance, K. agreed since he feared that otherwise, he might suffer personal and occupational disadvantages. ILLEGALLY CROSSED AUSTRIAN BARRIERS TO KASSEL AND SUBSEQUENTLY TO GFR.

On 30 July 1963, K. received induction orders as a camouflage. His intelligence officer awaited him at Falkenberg and went with him to a conspirative house near Bad Koenigswart. There, K. received about 3 weeks' intelligence training. His instructor specially informed him on the geographic, political and military conditions in the Federal Republic.

In conclusion, assignments were discussed in detail. K. was to enter the Federal Republic on an accurately established route via Austria, and try to recruit his brother at Kassel, who was manager of a US-Club, for the Czech Intelligence Service. Through him, the Czech Service hoped to get some information on German and Allied Armed Forces units in the Kassel area. K. received a falsified Federal identification in the name of

Horst FOLK,
born 7 Dec at Bruenn,
residing in Munich,

was fitted out in Western clothing and was paid EM 800.- and 450.- Austrian shillings to carry out this assignment.

In the early morning of 18 Aug 1963, Czech intelligence officers helped K. to illegally cross the Czech-Austrian border. At the barbed-wire fencing, they used a small underpass, which was secured by a locked door. K. traveled to Lins, in compliance with orders, and from there traveled on via Munich, Nuremberg and Kassel. He informed his brother of his intelligence assignment and at the same time, asked him to contact the Criminal Police.

II. Handling and Communication:

The handling means of the Czech Intelligence Services did not undergo basic changes in 1963. Of all intelligence means used, the meeting still played the most important role, even though contact had been maintained for a longer period over A-J radio traffic, dead letterdrops or cover addresses.

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As regards the establishing of meetings, no common trend was noted; meetings were held by couriers, within their own jurisdiction, in neutral foreign countries, and in the Federal Republic.

It was noted that the agents' equipment was gradually improved. A number of agents were found in possession of falsified passports or identifications, which were issued in the name of persons living in the Federal Republic, as had been practiced by other Eastern Intelligence Services. These falsifications were excellent. All agents coming from the CSSE were outfitted with Western clothes and equipment (luggage, toilet articles).

Also, when using cover addresses, a certain differentiation was noted, to the effect that the agent could not write to the cover addresses according to his own discretion, but had to use a certain address for a certain type of information.

In the past year, in one known case, the Czech Intelligence Service abandoned its practice of training agents individually, send them to the Federal Republic and have them operate there on their own.

The two Czech agents

CITIZENSHIP SECRETARIA
CONFIDENTIAL ACCOUNT

George ~~CHMELICZEK~~
born 18 Aug 1920 at Maria-Kushn/CSSE,

and

Jan ~~HOFFMANN~~
born 2 June 1928 at Gablons/CSSE,

were trained together in the Summer of 1963, and illegally crossed the Bavarian-Czech border to the Federal Republic on 14 July 1963. They had the assignment to survey all Danau-bridges in the Federal Republic, in addition, they were to establish hotels and inns, best suited for the over-nighting of Czech agents. Their tasks were divided insofar as CH. was to photograph all important targets with a LEICA, and was to safekeep the films, while H. was to prepare the pertinent descriptions.

Another good example for the detailed care, the Czech Intelligence Service lends to its actions, is the fact that agent activities were covered by pro forma induction orders, or such, so that family members, colleagues and acquaintances do not get suspicious.

III. Assignment Targets:

The evaluation of all assignments of the Czech Intelligence Service recorded in 1963 (106) showed that the main emphasis of the hostile intelligence activity now as before is placed on the military sector. Apart from this, preparatory assignments and assignments against political targets are also of some importance.

F. Yugoslav Intelligence Services

The number of recruitments by Yugoslav Intelligence Services, established in 1963, increased to 15 as compared with 1962 (9). During the reporting year, no changes as to working and handling methods were noted.

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Also in 1963, agents were almost exclusively Yugoslav nationals, whereby in most cases, approach was made on the occasion of a planned trip to the Federal Republic. As regards the assignment aim, interest in information on Yugoslav emigration is still most important. One case became known in which the Yugoslav handling agent declined the offer to supply military information, made by an agent who was active on the emigration sector.

Apart from emigration, most assignments concentrate on military and economic targets in the German Federal Republic. The above-mentioned example not only shows the strict handling of agents, but also a clear division of procurement tasks at the Yugoslav Service.

In the cases which became known during the reporting year, agents were exclusively handled by members of Yugoslav missions in the Federal Republic (Yugoslav Liaison Office at the Swedish Embassy at Mehlem, Yugoslav General Consulates in Hamburg and Munich). According to the available information no other means of handling were used (radio, dead letterdrop, invisible writings). Only in a few cases, where an intelligence activity did not come about due to a disclosure, cover addresses in Yugoslavia were stated, which, however, were only to be informed of the entry and successful legislation. It may be assumed that in these cases, too, future handling was to be effected by members of the missions.

In 1963, a member of the Yugoslav Liaison Office at the Swedish Embassy at Mehlem was requested to leave the Federal Republic due to intelligence activities. Whenever Yugoslav nationals appeared at the Mission in order to have their passports prolonged, or for some other reason, he tried to recruit them for intelligence cooperation.

3. Hungarian Intelligence Services

The number of recorded recruitments by the Hungarian Intelligence Services has remained about the same. While 9 cases became known in the past year, 10 recruitments were registered in 1963.

The information obtained hereby, does not indicate a change in the former working and handling methods of the Hungarian Intelligence Services. In a single case, it was striking that the opponent had permitted the contact to be inactive for a number of years.

In 1956, a former Hungarian national, who now holds German citizenship, had repeatedly been ordered by the Hungarian Intelligence Service to observe a meeting in Vienna. Although he 3 times traveled to Vienna to observe same, and each time, had informed his handling officer of his visit in writing, no meeting came about. In the ensuing period, contact with the Hungarian Intelligence Service, goes to a complete standstill. Only in April 1963, did the Berlin Intelligence Service again make a contact.

The placed assignments were directed, almost without exception, against military targets in the Federal Republic.

4. The Rumanian and Bulgarian Intelligence Services

Information which became available on the Rumanian and Bulgarian Intelligence Services in 1963, was even less than in 1962. Only 4 recruitments by the Rumanian and 2 by the Bulgarian Intelligence Services became known. From the assignments placed on this occasion, no conclusions can be drawn as to the afore-mentioned Services' main points of interest in the intelligence field.

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J. Survey of the Satellite Intelligence Services
A summarizing study of all Satellite Services showed 125 recruitments or recruitment attempts in comparison with 129 in 1962. This figure constitutes a 9% participation of Satellite Services in the recognized intelligence activities of the Soviet Bloc.

These Services were mainly interested in getting information on the military sector.

Of 265 registered assignments of the Satellite Services, the following breakdown of targets was established:

34% Preparatory assignments
46% Military espionage
16% Political espionage
2% Economic espionage
4% Counterespionage

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L. Valid Sentences

In 1963, 269 persons were validly sentenced by FRG Courts on the grounds of treasonable relations to Soviet Black Intelligence Services.

In 250 cases persons were sentenced because of establishment or maintenance of treasonable relations (Par 100 a StGB), in 4 cases because of treason (Par 100 StGB), and in 7 cases because of an offence against Par 7 Annex A to the Status of Forces Agreement.

The following persons were sentenced:

250 persons because of treasonable relations to Soviet Zone	- IS
9 persons because of treasonable relations to Soviet	- IS
5 persons because of treasonable relations to Polish	- IS
3 persons because of treasonable relations to CSSR	- IS
1 person because of treasonable relations to Yugoslavian	- IS
1 person because of treasonable relations to Hungarian	- IS

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MIS: please add to all cards in this set
 of: Germany
 ecc: intelligent

Requested By BIV for related activities and sentenced

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330-237

Serial No	Personal Data	Court, File, Date of Verdict	Criminal Act	Sentence	Assigner
1	ADAM, Siegfried born 17 Nov 24 in Piesaritz Berlin 20, Zepelinstr 2	Kammergericht (KO) Berlin (2) 1 OJa 330/62 (104 (63) 24 May 1963	Off. against Par 100 • Criminal Code (StGB) part	9 months imprison- ment	Sov Zone
2	ADICQUEL, Bussarin, born 15 Sep 33 in Yezrin/Turkey Karlshof, county Dachen, Jakob- Bohlumpstr 5	Bavarian Superior Land Court, ObJa 19/63 21 Aug 1963	Par 7 annex A Statute of Forces Agreement	9 months imprison- ment	Sov Zone
3	AHRT, Remo, born 16 Dec 37 in Braunschweig Gsnabrueck	Oldenburg Superior Land Court ObJa 5/62 22 Apr 1963	Par 100 • StGB	7 months imprison- ment	Sov Zone
4	ANILAN, Eckhard born 1 Dec 42 in Regensburg/ Pomerania Brueckanau/Bohn Dreistelshof	Bavarian Superior Land Court ObJa 88/62- 5 Feb 1963	Par 100 • StGB	2 weeks juvenile confinement	Sov Zone
5	ANTOSKIEWICZ, Siegfried, born 4 Feb 32 in Becklinghaus Becklinghausen, Bochumer Str 72	Hansa Superior Land Court ObJa 57/61 15 Mar 1963	Par 100 • StGB	3 months imprison- ment suspended on pro- bation	Polish
6	ARLT, Siegmund born 29 Sep 40 in Stronska, county Kottbus Berlin 44, Biebricher Str 10	KO Berlin (2) 1 OJa 331/62 (139/63) 8 Aug 1963	Par 100 • StGB	3 months imprison- ment	Sov Zone
7	AUSMANN, Johann born 17 Oct 41 in Vertes-Knana Hungary Bambeck, county Kuchnaga Hansa Nr 14 1/2	Frankfurt/M Superior Land Court, ObJa 53/62 25 Mar 1963	Par 100 •, 242,109 •, 73,74 StGB 16.19 Military Criminal Code	4 weeks juvenile confinement, sent. ad- vised on probation	Sov Zone

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ATT. 2 to EGNA-28479

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- 8 MAUE, Heine Koblenz Superior Par 100 € 2 years Sov Zone
born 8 Mar 29 Land Court StGB imprisonment IS
in Bockwitz 5 O Js 29/62
Neuwied/Rhine 1 Feb 1963
Ringstr 84
- 9 MAUE, Hans Koblenz Superior Par 100 € 1 year Sov Zone
BUSCHBECK Land Court StGB imprisonment IS
Ingeburg 5 O Js 29/62
born 1 Dec 27 1 Feb 1963 EG-15
in Nieder-
lauterstein/
Kraubirge
Neuwied/Rhine
Ringstr 84 W.Germ
- 10 BAUMANN, Frank Celle Superior Par 100 € 7 months Sov Zone
born 2 Feb 39 Land Court StGB imprisonment IS
in Liesau OJs 114/62
West Prussia 22 Jan 1963 EG-15
Schulenburg
rural county
Hannover W.Germ
- 11 BAUMANN, Herbert Celle Superior Par 100 € fine of Sov Zone
born 10 Dec 28 OJs 39/62 IM 600 IS
in Koenigsberg 23 Jul 1963
East Prussia
Bremerhaven-
Lehe, Hinrich
Schmalfeld 20
- 12 BERNDT, Hans KG Berlin Par 100 € 1 year Sov Zone
JURGEN (2) 1 OJs StGB imprisonment IS
born 12 Mar 34 161/63
in Berlin Germ (84/63) EG-15
Berlin 65 20 Jun 63
Gerichtstr 19 W.Germ
- 13 BEYER, Hartmut KG Berlin Par 100 € 2 weeks Sov Zone
born 11 Mar 44 1 OJs 73/63 StGB continued IS
in Sagen 27 Nov 1963 confinement EG-15
Berlin-Sieg-
litz
Bergstr 10 W.Germ
- 14 BIEDEL, Bruno Hamm Superior Par 100 € 10 months Sov Zone
born 9 Apr 39 Land Court sec 1 imprisonment IS
in Kantatz OJs 76/63 StGB EG-15
Kerkringen county 4 Dec 1963
Vana, Ostfeldstr
at present without
permanent residence

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- 15 X KRENHOLZ, Klaus Hanburg Par 100 e 6 months Sov Zone
born 27 Feb 34 Superior StGB 47 imprisonment IS
in Guetersloh Comm Land Court OJs 28/61 EGIS
Guetersloh W.G. 31 Jul 1963
- 16 X BLANKENFELDT, Wolfgang Celle Par 100 e 6 months Sov Zone
born 2 Feb 31 Superior StGB, 7 imprisonment IS
in Havelberg Comm Land Court annex A suspended
Podentalch/ OJs 115/62 Status of on EGIS
county Uelsen 15 Jan 1963 Forces probation Agreement
- 17 X BLOCK, Gernard Federal High Par 100 e 3 years Sov Zone
Paul, Ernst Court StGB, imprisonment IS
born 12 Apr 29 8 StE 1/63 Par 267,271
Grosewuster- 8 Aug 1963 StGB
witz/county
Brandenburg
Mannheim
- 18 X BLOCK, Hee Federal Par 100 e 1 year Sov Zone
NIEMANN, Inge High Court StGB imprisonment IS
born 6 Dec 30 8 StE 1/63 Par 267,271
in Zehdenick/ 8 Aug 1963 StGB
Brandenburg
Mannheim
- 19 X DEHN, Klaus Bavarian Par 100 e 9 months Sov Zone
born 26 Jun 44 Superior StGB imprisonment IS
in Pirobau Comm Land Court
Hollrichstadt W.G. Ob Ja 101/
63 EGIS
20 Dec 1963
- 20 X BRAUN, Rolf Cologne Par 100 e 6 months Sov Zone
Meißner, Superior StGB Juvenile IS
born 8 Jul 42 Land Court imprisonment
in Stettin Comm OJs 31/61 EGIS suspended
FORSTL, 23 Oct 1963 on probation
Essener Str 3 W.G.
- 21 X BRINEMANN, Johannes Celle Par 100 e 5 months Sov Zone
born 12 Sep 43 Superior StGB, Par imprisonment IS
in Borgloh/ Land Court 7 sec 1 suspended
Gensbrunn Comm OJs 149/62 annex a on probation
Borghorst/county Status of
Stainfurt W.G. 7 Feb 1963 Forces Agreement EGIS

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- | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|---|--|-------------------|
| 22 | X
MISIC, August
born 16 Nov 17
in Koenigsheim
county Clats
Siegburg,
Steinbahnstr 107 | Cologne
Superior
Land Court
OJs 26/62
16 Jan 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB, Par 7
annex a
Status of
Forces
Agreement | 2 years
imprisonment
Zone IS | Soviet |
| 23 | X
MIDDE, Helmut
born 3 Dec 24
in Bochum
without permanent
residence | Celle
Superior
Land Court
OJs 18/63
13 Aug 1963 | Par 100 e
sec 1 StGB
EGIS | 1 year,
4 months
penitentiary | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 24 | X
MURG, Helmut
born 7 Sep 34
in Reil/
Coittl.
without permanent
residence | Hann
Superior
Land Court
4 OJs 122/61
8 May 1963 | Par 100 e
241 e StGB
EGIS | 6 months
imprisonment,
suspended on
probation | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 25 | X
MURKERT, nee X
KLEIN-
HANS, Helma
born 1 Aug 31
in Berlin
Berlin 65,
Schoenwalder str 2
w.c.w.m. | KG Berlin (2)
1 OJs 211/62
(18/63)
4 Apr 63 | Par 100
e StGB
EGIS | 6 weeks
imprisonment
suspended
on probation | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 26 | X
MUEHNS, Hans,
born 9 Feb 02
in Dresden
ACologne | Federal
High Court
6 StE 1/63
23 Jul 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
Par 100
StGB | 10 years
penitentiary | Soviet
IS |
| 27 | X
MURKERT, Eugen
born 4 Aug 20
in Csernowitz/
Rumania
Berlin 30,
Muenchener Str 9
w.c.w.m. | KG Berlin
(2) 1 OJs
646/61 (172
62)
17 Jan 1963 | Par 100
e StGB
EGIS | 8 months
2 weeks
imprisonment | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 28 | X
MAMEROW, Werner
born 27 Jul 35
in Celle
Celle, Birkenstr
17 a
w.c.w.m. | Celle
Superior
Land Court
OJs 109/62
2 Jul 1963 | Par 100e
StGB, 7
annex A
Status of
Forces
Agreement | 30 days
imprisonment
or a kind of
DM 360 | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 29 | X
MELLING, Hartmut
born 31 Mar 14
in Chemnitz
Berlin-Mariefelde
w.c.w.m. | KG Berlin
1 OJs 192-
62
(11.63)
28 Mar 63 | Par 100 e
StGB
EGIS | 5 months
imprisonment | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 30 | X
MURKERT, Josef
born 9 Jul 38
in Lochynsko/
Poland
Berlin 21,
Perleberger Str 60
w.c.w.m. | KG-Berlin
OJs 207/62
(58/63)
25 Apr 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
EGIS | 9 months
imprisonment
suspended
on probation | Soviet
Zone IS |

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- 31 ~~BRASSING, Walter~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 8 months Soviet
 born 25 Mar 33 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone IS
 in Schoenstaedt/ Land Court
 county Coburg ObJs 71/63
 Schoenstaedt. 3 St 28/63 EG-15
 Haus Nr 3 W.G. 8 Oct 63
- 32 ~~DOBERS, Wolfgang~~ KG Berlin Par 100 e 2 years Soviet
 born 11 Jan 21 (2) 1 OJs sec 1 StGB imprisonment Zone IS
 in Berlin 150/62 (205/ 62) EG-15
 Berlin 21, Siemensstr 5 W.G. 24 Jan 63
- 33 ~~POHRAU, Guenther~~ KG Berlin Par 100 e 9 months Soviet
 born 15 Jul 1920 (2) 1 OJs 210/ StGB imprisonment, Zone IS
 in Berlin 62 (98/63) suspended on
 Berlin 27 (Rox- probation
 sigwalde) EG-15
 Mraustra 111 W.G. 22 Aug 63
- 34 ~~DOKTORCZYK, divorced ARNOLD, ROSENBERG~~ Frankfurt/Main Par 3 months Soviet
 born 17 Sep 29 Superior Land 100 e imprisonment Zone IS
 in Quedlin Court, OJs StGB
 in Quedlin 39/63 EG-15
 in Quedlin 2 Oct 1963
 in Quedlin
 A Frankfurt/Main, Robertstr 6 W.G.
- 35 ~~DUNST, Dieter~~ Hamburg Par 100 e 5 months Soviet
 born 16 Mar 38 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone IS
 in Hamburg Land Court suspended
 Hamburg OJs 7/62 EG-15 on probation
 15 Mar 1963
- 36 ~~EREMETH, Wilhelm~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 4 months CSSR
 born 10 Dec 41 Superior StGB, 7 sec 1 imprisonment
 in Regensburg Land Court annex A Status
 Regensburg Ob Js 58/ of Forces CZECH INT. LL
 Zigarettdorf. 62 22 Mar 63 Agreement
 An der Ets 8 W.G.
- 37 ~~EDLER, Heinrich~~ Hamm Par 100 e 4 months Soviet
 born 24 May 29 Superior sec 1 StGB imprisonment Zone IS
 in Hoerster Land Court
 Reinold OJs 8/63 EG-15
 A Hamm, Mielstr 49 18 Dec 63
- 38 ~~MERFURTH, Johannes~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 3 years Soviet
 born 20 May 26 Superior sec 1 47 imprisonment Zone IS
 in Stommeln Land Court StGB
 county Cologne Ob Js 92/
 A Aageburg, 62-91/62
 Jakobswalletr 3a 3 St 54/62,
 52/62
 5 Mar 1963

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- | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>39 SEXIF <u>ERFURTH, Ruth</u>
 born 24 Jan 31
 in Brauns Gern
 Augsburg,
 Jakobervallstr. 3a
 W.Gern</p> | <p>Bavarian Superior Land Court
 Ob Ja 92/62,
 91/62-3 St
 54/62, 52/62,
 5 Mar 63</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 see l. 47
 StGB
 E.C.I.S</p> | <p>1 year
 imprisonment
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>40 <u>EVERS, Artur</u>
 born 22 Jun 39
 in Kiel
 Kiel-Ellerbek,
 Klosterstr 108
 W.Gern</p> | <p>Schleswig/Holstein, Superior Land Court
 1 OJs 15/63
 24 Jul 1963</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 StGB
 E.C.I.S</p> | <p>1 year,
 3 months
 imprisonment
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>41 <u>PAHL, Klaus</u>
 born 8 Jun 41
 in Berlin
 Berlin 49,
 Savatnagasse 11a
 W.Gern</p> | <p>KG Berlin
 (2) OJs
 329/62
 (66/63)
 Apr 1963</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 StGB
 E.C.I.S</p> | <p>4 months
 imprisonment
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>42 <u>RYZLFF, Heins</u>
 born 18 Mar 18
 in Dresden
 Munich</p> | <p>Federal High Court
 6 StB 1/63
 23 Jul 1963</p> | <p>Par 100,
 Par 100 e
 StGB</p> | <p>14 years
 penitentiary
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>43 <u>FINTZ, Manfred</u>
 born 15 Sep 41
 in Berlin
 Berlin 62,
 Naumannstr 50
 W.Gern</p> | <p>KG Berlin
 (2) 1 OJs
 557/61
 (146/63)
 Aug 1963</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 etc., StGB
 E.C.I.S</p> | <p>5 years
 juvenile
 imprisonment
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>44 <u>FISCHER, Horst</u>
 born 3 Oct 32
 in Berlin
 Kalkum,
 Am Bahahof 5
 W.Gern</p> | <p>KG Berlin
 (2) 1 OJs
 47/62 (83/63)
 27 Jun 1963</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 StGB
 E.C.I.S</p> | <p>2 months
 imprisonment
 suspended
 on probation
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>45 <u>FISCHER, Karl-Heins</u>
 born 11 Aug 35
 in Braunschweig
 Braunschweig,
 Obelarsche Str 39
 W.Gern</p> | <p>Braunschweig Superior Land Court
 in Braunschweig,
 OJs 23/63
 19 Jul 1963</p> | <p>Par 100e
 StGB, 7
 annex A
 Status of Forces
 Agreement
 E.C.I.S</p> | <p>8 months
 imprisonment
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>46 <u>FRANKE, Eckhard</u>
 born 18 Feb 43
 in Hallsenstedt
 Hallsenstedt,
 W.Gern</p> | <p>Celle Superior Land Court
 OJs 94/63
 21 Nov 1963</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 StGB
 E.C.I.S</p> | <p>1 year,
 3 months
 juvenile
 imprisonment
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>47 <u>FUTTERLIEB, Heins</u>
 born 3 Nov 20
 in Potsdam
 Berlin 61,
 Alte Jakobstr 18</p> | <p>KG Berlin
 1 OJs 205/63
 12 Dec 63</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 StGB</p> | <p>12 months
 imprisonment
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |
| <p>48 <u>MANDT, Walter</u>
 born 22 Feb 28
 in Koeslin
 Bremen, Paul-
 Singer-Str 33</p> | <p>Bremen Superior Land Court
 O's 10/62
 9 Sep 1963</p> | <p>Par 100 e
 StGB</p> | <p>6 months
 imprisonment
 suspended
 on probation
 Soviet Zone IS</p> |

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- | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|---|---|------------------------|
| 49 | X
SEHARDT, Dieter
born 26 Jul 29
in Ascheralben
Berlin-Lichtenberg
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | Duesseldorf
Superior Land
Court OJs 1/
63 VS II 1/63
23 Jul 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB and
forgery
or
documents | 1 year
3 months
imprisonment
FCIS | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 50 | X
GENSE, Guenter
born 27 Feb 35
in Berlin
Berlin 36,
Waldemarstr 96
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | KG Berlin
(2) 1 OJs 291
/62 (33/63)
28 Mar 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
FCIS | 8 weeks
imprisonment
suspended
on probation | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 51 | X
GOLMS, Walter
born 1 May 23
in Kassenmark/
Denzig
Kaal, -Feldstr 55a
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | Schleswig
Superior
Land Court
1 OJs 51/62
23 Jan 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
FCIS | 1 year
6 months
imprisonment | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 52 | X
GONFF, Horst,
born 6 Sep 41
in Offenbach/Main
Offenbach/Main,
Bluscherstr 55
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | FRANKFURT/Main
OJs 27/62
14 Jan 1963 | Par 100e,
74 StGB
FCIS | 4 weeks
juvenile
confinement
suspended on
probation | Jugos-
lavian
IS |
| 53 | X
GOSSMANN, Berthold
born 8 Mar 39
in Wissen/Sieg
Hiderscheiderhuetig,
Kobnerstr 33
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | RUHRLAND
5 OJs 2/63
24 Jun 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
FCIS | 3 months
imprisonment | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 54 | X
GRAF, Dietrich
born 30 Nov 26
in Berlin-
Wilmerdorf
Cologne-Hippes,
Kuenstr 60
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | Cologne
Superior
Land Court
OJs 18/63
9 Oct 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
FCIS | 9 months
imprisonment
suspended
on probation | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 55 | X
GRIESBACH, Margrit
born 28 Mar 44
in Schuervordt/
Eutin
Luebeck
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | Schleswig
Superior
Land Court
1 OJs 21/62
24 Apr 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB, Par
105 sec 1
Youth Court
Law
FCIS | 2 years
juvenile
imprisonment | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 56 | X
GRIMBERGER, Ferdinand
born 30 Mar 40
Landsberg/Wartha
Berlin 46,
Goldmuehler Weg 9
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | KG Berlin
1 OJs 176/62
7 Feb 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
FCIS | 3 months
imprisonment
suspended
on probation | Soviet
Zone IS |
| 57 | X
GROSSE, Manfred
born 15 Nov 43
in Jochen/Silesia
Berlin 41,
Schoepfberger Str 14b
<i>(W.Germ)</i> | KG Berlin (2)
1 OJs 552/61
(146/63)
1 Aug 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB and
others
FCIS | 3 years
juvenile
imprisonment | Soviet
Zone IS |

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- 58 QUENWALD, Max Frankfurt/Main Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 25 Jul 32 Superior StGB, 3 months Zone
 in Joslovits/Sud. Land Court Status of imprisonment IS
 in Wiesbaden-Dotzhain, O Ja 5/63 Forces
 Hausenerstrasse 12 Jun 1963 Agreement FCIS
- 59 QUENDEL, Rudi Hamm Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 6 Aug 31 Superior 92, 88 3 months Zone
 in Dresden Land Court 47 StGB imprisonment IS
 Gattbys LuS (4) OJa 2/63 FCIS
 6 Feb 1963
- 60 QUERTZGEN, Rudolf Oldenburg Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
 born 8 Apr 40 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Wesel Land Court without permanent residence OJa 14/63 FCIS
 5 Sep 1963
- 61 QUZEIT, Guenter KG Berlin Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
 born 4 Sep 19 (2) 1 OJa StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Seefeld 125/62 (204/62) FCIS
 Berlin 41, Plantagenstr 16 24 Jan 1963
- 62 RAESCHEL, Hartmut KG Berlin Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 16 Jan 40 (2) 1 OJa StGB 2 months Zone
 in Strahls/county 345/62 imprisonment IS
 Riess Berlin 52, (160/63) FCIS
 Pufferstr 18 12 Sep 1963
- 63 RAPTSTEIN, Franz Schleswig Par 100 e, 8 months Soviet
 born 1 Oct 39 Superior 75 StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Berlin-Haukollin Land Court 1,7,9 annex IS
 Golams, 1 OJa 60/62 A Status of FCIS
 Forberstr 28/30 12 Jun 1963 Forces Agreement
- 64 RAHNISER, Dieter Schleswig Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 20 Dec 38 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Neumunster Land Court IS
 Neumunster, 1 OJa 26/63 FCIS
 Geibelstr 18 25 Sep 1963
- 65 RAHMANN, Friedrich Bavarian Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 13 Jan 40 Superior Land sec 1 StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Forchheim Court Obj 89/63/3 St 50/63 FCIS
 Forchheim, Höhe Nr 204 22 Nov 1963
- 66 REILER, Reinhard Oldenburg Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
 born 2 Sep 41 Superior StGB juvenile Zone
 in Dolzenhorst Land Court imprisonment IS
 Dolzenhorst, OJa 4/63 suspended
 Lerchenstr 7 27 Aug 1963 FCIS on probation

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- 67 HEINIG, Dieter ¹⁹⁴¹ K5 Berlin Par 100 a 4 weeks Soviet
 born 29 Nov 36 (2) 1 OJe StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Angermuende Comm 15/63 (99/63) EGIS IS
 Berlin 19, 24 May 1963
 Hoderstrasse 13 Germany
- 68 HERMSDORFER, Rudolf ¹⁹¹¹ Frankfurt/ Par 352,100e Soviet
 born 8 Aug 06 Main Superior 75 StGB 2 years Zone
 in GERMANY/Prussia Land Court Par 7 imprisonment IS
 Frankfurt/Main Comm OJe 2/62 annex A
 Borbeiner Landwehr 81 10 Jan 1963 Status of EGIS
Germany Forces Agreement
- 69 HERK, Martin Celle Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 24 Dec 21 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Stendel Land Court IS
 Magdeburg OJe 7/63
 Bruner Str 24 19 Mar 1963
- 70 HILDEBRAND, Heinz ¹⁹¹¹ Bremen Superior Par 100 e 5 months Soviet
 born 26 Jun 28 Land Court StGB, 7 imprisonment Zone
 in Bremen Comm OJe 7/63 annex a suspended IS
 Bremen, Erlenstr 44 4 Sep 1963 Status of on probation
Germany Forces Agreement EGIS
- 71 HINKEL, Heinz ¹⁹¹¹ Frankfurt Par 100 e 3 months Soviet
 Guenther, Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 born 2 Aug 11 Land Court suspended IS
 in Edingen Comm OJe 34/62 EGIS on probation
 Edingen, Neuer Weg 17 Apr 1963
 105 Germany
- 72 HIRZINGER, Margunde ¹⁹¹¹ Stuttgart Par 100 e 9 months Soviet
 born 31 Jul 39 Superior StGB and imprisonment Zone
 in Anolds/Thuringia Land Court forgery EGIS IS
 Jena, Thomas/Mann- OJe 1/63
 Str 27 Germany 29 Apr 1963
- 73 HOEHN, Wolf ¹⁹¹¹ Koblenz Par 100 e 8 months Soviet
 Ruediger, Superior StGB 105 imprisonment IS
 born 26 May 44 Land Court Youth Court
 in Postelborn 5 OJe 8/63 Law EGIS
Saarbruecken Comm 11 Jul 1963
 Koblenz-Metternich, Winnigerstr Germany
- 74 HOPFEN, Guntra ¹⁹¹¹ Duesseeldorf Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
 born 8 May 42 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Wuppertal- Land Court suspended IS
Riberfeld Comm OJe 58/62 on probation
 Wuppertal-Riberfeld I-25/63
 Friedrich-Rogala 17 Dec 1963 EGIS
 Allee 190 Germany

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- 75 X ROPMAN, nee FLECKEN, Dusseldorf Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
 born 22 Jul 1917 Superior StGB, 7 annex ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
 in Thalia/Lippis ~~com~~ Land Court A, Status of ~~unmanned~~ IS
 on probation
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Obj 56/62 Forces
 25 Jun 1963 Agreement EGIS
- 76 X ROLSBAUER, Adolf, Bavarian Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 30 Mar 38 Superior StGB sec 1 ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Land Court Par 7 sec 1 IS
~~Arbun~~ Obj 107/62 annex A
 Puci: catsinerstr 29 -3 St57/62 Status of EGIS
 15 Jan 1963 Forces
 Agreement
- 77 X ROFF, Hans, Dusseldorf Par 100 e 9 months Soviet
 born 5 Dec 10 Superior StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Land Court ~~suspended~~ IS
 in Cologne, Luetlicher OJs 41/61 EGIS on probation
 Sternstr 57 ~~com~~ 10 May 1963
- 78 X ROPPER, Ulrich, Schleswig Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 11 Oct 41 Superior StGB, 73 ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Land Court StGB, Par IS
 A Aschaffenburg ~~com~~ 1 OJs 29/63 19,2 Military EGIS
 16 Oct 1963 Criminal Code
- 79 X RUBER, Bernhard, Celle Par 100 e 3 months Soviet
 born 2 Dec 26 Superior sec 1 StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Land Court EGIS IS
 in Grobena/Sov Zone OJs 129/62
 Böttorf Nr 16 ~~com~~ county Harburg ~~com~~ 13 Feb 1963
- 80 X RUEMER, Ernst, Frankfurt/Main Par 100 e 1 year, Sov
 Josef, Roland Superior Par 100 e 6 months Zone
 born 20 Dec 33 Land Court sec 1 StGB ~~imprisonment~~ IS
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Obj 44/63 EGIS
 Melnik ~~com~~ 16 Oct 1963
- 81 X RUEMER, Horst, Bavarian Par 100 e 1 year Sov
 born 23 Feb 29 Superior StGB 1 month Zone
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Land Court ~~imprisonment~~ IS
 Reichenbach/Schl. ~~com~~ Obj 15/63 EGIS
 Erfurt, Karl (3 St 19/63)
 Marx-Allee 82 ~~com~~ 11 Jun 1963
- 82 X RUEMER, Martin, Koblenz Par 100 e a fine of Soviet
 born 22 Oct 35 Superior StGB DM 100 Zone
 in ~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ Land Court for 2 months IS
~~Worms~~ ~~com~~ 5 OJs 24/62 EGIS ~~imprisonment~~
 Buchlanfeldstr 22 29 Apr 1963
Worms

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- 83 X HUMSKOV, Karl-Josef Celle Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
Born 11 Oct 41 Superior StGB Imprisonment Zone IS
in Muenster Germany Land Court
Folgte-Verth 32 e OJs 60/63 EGIS
Cologne 17 Jul 1963
- 84 X JAHNE, Peter, Klaus Bavarian Par 100 e 7 months Soviet
born 17 Feb 38 Superior StGB, Par Imprisonment Zone IS
in Leipzig Germany Land Court 7 sec 1 annex
without permanent OJs 100/62-A Status EGIS
residence J-St 59/62 of Forces
29 Jan 1963 Agreement
- 85 X JAHNE, Wolfgang Celle desertion, 8 months Soviet
born 9 May 39 Superior Par 100 e 1 week Zone IS
in Berlin Germany Land Court StGB Imprisonment
Berlin-Wedding, OJs 34/63 suspended on
Dronheimerstr. 21 a Worm 30 Jul 1963 EGIS probation
- 86 X JANSEN, Karl-Heinz Hamburg Par 100 6 months Soviet
born 30 Nov 19 Superior e StGB Imprisonment Zone IS
in Neumunster Am Land Court
Hamburg Worm OJs 66/63 EGIS
18 Dec 63
- 87 X JENDE, Waldemar Federal High Par 7 2 years, Soviet
born 19 Apr 20 Court annex A 9 months Zone IS
in Berlin 7 StE 2/63 Status of imprisonment
at present 9 Oct 1963 Forces
Karlsruhe Agreement
- 88 X JENS, Rodo KG Berlin Par 100 e 9 months Soviet
born 10 May 1940 (2) 1 OJs StGB Imprisonment Zone IS
in Wittenberge Germany Land Court
without permanent 204/62 EGIS
residence (21/63) 21 Mar 1963
- 89 X JOERN, Rudi Stuttgart Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
born 20 May 39 Superior StGB Imprisonment Zone IS
in Lebkendorf Land Court
Maatzen Germany OJs 31/63 EGIS
Gingen/Flie Worm 11 Nov 1963
- 90 X JUCKSCHAT, Paul Hamburg Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
born 31 Jan 31 Superior StGB Imprisonment Zone IS
in Hamburg Germany Land Court
Hamburg Worm OJs 62/62 EGIS suspended on
29 Mar 1963 on probation
- 91 X JUNG, Walter Schleswig Par 100 1 year Soviet
born 11 Mar 30 Superior e StGB 4 months Zone IS
in Hamburg Germany Land Court Imprisonment
Klein Pampau (district OJs 58/62 EGIS
Hbg.?) Worm 24 Jan 1963

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- 92 X WALOW, Edmund KG Berlin Par 100 • 1 year Sov Zone
born 14 Dec 1915 (2) 1 OJs StGB imprisonment IS
in Trampton 194/62 (77-
Berlin 31 /63)
Prinzregentenstr 41 9 May 1963
W.Germ
- 93 X KELCK, Gerhard Celle Par 100 • 1 year, Sov Zone
born 21 May 19 Superior StGB 7 months IS
in Eggen Land Court attempted imprisonment
Bad Segeberg W.Germ 0 Js 56/63 desertion attempted
6 Aug 1963 disobedience desertion
E.G.S. disobedience
- 94 X KERB, Josef Duesseldorf Par 100 • 1 year Sov Zone
born 28 Nov 05 Superior StGB, 7 imprisonment IS
in Warden/Saar Land Court annex A
Bessau, Strasse 2 Vs (0) Status of
der Deutsch- 8/63-OJs 2 Forces E.G.S.
Novist. Freundschaft 21 Jun 1963 Agreement
Nr 39 & Germ
- 95 X KIEDROWSKI, Peter Hamm Par 100 • 1 year Sov Zone
born 10 May 42 Superior StGB 1 month IS
in Elbing/Westpr Land Court imprisonment
without permanent (4) OJs E.G.S.
residence 123/62
21 Aug 1963
- 96 X KIRHL, Josef Saarbrueck- Par 100 • 1 year Sov Zone
born 7 Nov 22 ken StGB, 7 6 months IS
in Bildstock/Saar Superior annex A imprisonment
Neunkirchen/Saar Land Court Status
Mochtigallenweg 85 OJs 8/62 of Forces
9 May 1963 Agreement
- 97 X KISER, Fritz Bavarian Par 100 • 3 months Sov Zone
born 17 Oct 25 Superior StGB imprisonment IS
in Einfeld Land Court
Neustadt, Eichendorf- Obj 80/63 E.G.S.
strasse 10 W.Germ 17 Dec 1963
- 98 X KIRCH, Heinrich Neustadt/ Par 100 • 6 months Sov Zone
born 12 Sep 1919 Weinstr StGB imprisonment IS
in Duisburg Superior E.G.S. suspended
Kudwigshafen- Land Court on probation
Kundenheim, Kahlertstr- OJs 25/63
15 W.Germ 20 Feb 1963
- 99 X KITZNER, Helmut KG Berlin Par 100 • 6 months Sov Zone
born 19 Jul 23 1 OJs 346/ StGB and imprisonment IS
in Halle/Saale 62 (111/63) forgery
Berlin-Lichtenberg 4 Jul 1963 of E.G.S.
Kondigerstr 74 W.Germ documents

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- 100 ~~FLAHE, Karl-Heinz~~ ~~KG Berlin~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~1 year~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 21 Jul 34~~ ~~(2) 1 OJs~~ ~~StGB~~ ~~imprisonment~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Fritzwald~~ ~~28/62~~ ~~IS~~
~~Berlin 36, Waldmann~~ ~~(19/63)~~ ~~EGIS~~
~~Str 82 E-Garten~~ ~~14 Mar 1963~~
- 101 ~~KLINGER, Dieter~~ ~~Duesseldorf~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~6 months~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 6 Oct 34~~ ~~Superior~~ ~~StGB~~ ~~imprisonment~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Solingen~~ ~~Land Court~~ ~~suspended~~ ~~IS~~
~~Vierseen Weg~~ ~~OJs 70/61~~ ~~EGIS~~ ~~on probation~~
~~-1-11/63~~
~~11 Jun 1963~~
- 102 ~~RIBBT, Juergen~~ ~~Bresen~~ ~~Par 100~~ ~~6 months~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 7 Jan 25~~ ~~Superior~~ ~~e StGB~~ ~~imprisonment~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Neukloster/~~ ~~Land Court~~ ~~IS~~
~~Mecklenburg~~ ~~OJs 1/63~~
~~Bresen,~~ ~~5 Jun 1963~~
~~in Schwarzen Meer~~
- 103 ~~KLONA, Margarete~~ ~~KG Berlin~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~9 years~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 13 Apr 21~~ ~~1 OJs 377/61~~ ~~StGB in~~ ~~penitentiary~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Berlin~~ ~~18 Nov 1963~~ ~~connection~~ ~~IS~~
~~Berlin 65,~~ ~~with abduction by gunning~~
~~Koloniestr 30~~ ~~with a view to financial~~
~~winning serious unlawful~~
~~detention~~
- 104 ~~BUCKE, Dietmar~~ ~~KG Berlin~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~6 months~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 16 Jul 43~~ ~~(2) 1 OJs~~ ~~etc~~ ~~Juvenile~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Braunschweig~~ ~~13/62~~ ~~EGIS~~ ~~imprisonment~~ ~~IS~~
~~Braunschweig,~~ ~~(52/63)~~ ~~Far 100 e~~ ~~suspended~~
~~Gieselerwall 5~~ ~~25 Apr 1963~~ ~~StGB~~ ~~on probation~~
- 105 ~~TOEHLER, Ruediger~~ ~~KG Berlin~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~3 months~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 9 Mar 42~~ ~~(2) 1 OJs~~ ~~StGB~~ ~~imprisonment~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Tuebingen/Neckar~~ ~~259/62~~ ~~suspended~~ ~~IS~~
~~Berlin 41,~~ ~~(59/63)~~ ~~EGIS~~ ~~on probation~~
~~on E-Garten~~ ~~9 May 1963~~
- 106 ~~KROEPPE, Werner~~ ~~Celle~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~11 months~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 2 Mar 31~~ ~~Superior~~ ~~StGB~~ ~~imprisonment~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Magdeburg~~ ~~Land Court~~ ~~IS~~
~~Magdeburg,~~ ~~OJs 168/62~~
~~Alt-Salbke 71~~ ~~7 Mar 1963~~
- 107 ~~KOSTEDE, Albert~~ ~~Hann~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~1 year~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 23 Nov 41~~ ~~Superior~~ ~~StGB, 15,~~ ~~1 month~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Dortmund~~ ~~Land Court~~ ~~16,19 Military~~ ~~juvenile~~ ~~IS~~
~~Dortmund-Boering-~~ ~~(4) OJs~~ ~~Criminal Code~~ ~~imprisonment~~
~~hausen, Korfing-~~ ~~113/62~~ ~~EGIS~~
~~hauser Str 75~~ ~~26 Jun 1963~~
- 108 ~~KRASSLIT, Irene~~ ~~KG Berlin~~ ~~Par 100 e~~ ~~6 months~~ ~~Soviet~~
~~born 2 Nov 36~~ ~~(2) 1 OJs~~ ~~StGB~~ ~~imprisonment~~ ~~Zone~~
~~in Dresden~~ ~~661/61~~ ~~suspended~~ ~~IS~~
~~Berlin 41 (Stealitz)~~ ~~(76/63)~~ ~~EGIS~~ ~~on probation~~
~~Suehlandstr 9~~ ~~20 Jun 1963~~

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- 109 KAUS, Gunter Bavarian Par 100 e 3 years Sov
born 20 Oct 34 Superior StGB, 7 annex 4 months Zone
in Stuttgart-Bohr Land Court A Status of pentamitary IS
Michelbach (Heide) Obj's 55/60 Forces
120/62-3 Agreement
St 31/60, and 244 StGB
21 May 63
- 110 KAUSE, Manfred Hamburg Par 100 e 1 year Sov
25 Sep 38 Superior 47 StGB 5 months Zone
in Maugdorf Land Court imprisonment IS
purg. OJs 28/61 FCIS
31 Jul 1963
- 111 KAUSE, Walter Braunschweig Par 100 e 2 months Sov
born 13 Jun 35 Superior StGB, 7 annex 1 weeks Zone
in Magdeburg Land Court A Status of imprisonment IS
Heinestadt OJs 7/63 Forces FCIS
Marienstr 16 19 Apr 1963 Agreement
- 112 KRETH, Heinz-Dieter Celle Par 100 e 6 months Sov
born 14 May 42 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Gronau Land Court IS
Axmann/county OJs 59/63 FCIS
Alfeld 18 Nov 1963
- 113 KRODER, Walter Bavarian Par 100 e 1 year Sov
born 26 Mar 26 Superior StGB, 7 imprisonment Zone
in Frochenreuth Land Court annex A IS
Olanitz/Vogtland OJs 22/63 Status of FCIS
Oberhartmannreuth/25 Jun 1963 Forces
Hof/Saal's Agreement
- 114 KROLOP, Liselotte Federal Par 100 e 1 year Sov
born 6 Sep 09 High Court StGB 2 months Zone
in Berlin 7 StG 5/62 imprisonment IS
born 14 Feb 63
- 115 KRUEL, Heinrich Braunschweig Par 100 e 1 month Polish
born 8 Feb 07 Superior StGB imprisonment IS
in Quakenbrueck Land Court
Braunschweig OJs 17/63
Wiesenstr 1 25 Dec 1963
- 116 KRUEL, neo Braunschweig Par 100 e 6 months Polish
BYNKIEWICZ, Hella Superior StGB imprisonment IS
born 10 Sep 22 Land Court suspended
in Oechmiann/England OJs 17/63 on probation
Braunschweig, 25 Dec 1963
Wiesenstr 1
- 117 KRUPP, Manfred Celle Par 100 e sec 9 months Sov
born 4 Mar 41 Superior 1 StGB, de- imprisonment Zone
in Hannover-Laithen Land Court section, IS
Hannover-Leistgen OJs 40/62 disobedience, FCIS
Dorfstr 9 23 Apr 1963 and embezzlement

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- | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|----------------------|
| 118 | KHUSE, Herbert
born 16 Jun 14
in Fassin/county
Hosstock
Murnau/Obb.,
Lindenburgweg 10 | Bavarian
Superior
Land Court
Objc 33/62-3
St 72/62
12 Feb 1963 | Par 7 annex
A Status of
Forces
Agreement | 5 months
imprisonment | Sov Zone
IS |
| 119 | KUBEN, Dieter
born 11 Nov 41
in Glogau/Schl.
A Coburg, Scheuerfeld
str 1 166m | Bavarian
Superior
Land Court
Objc 79/63
-eSt 43/63
19 Nov 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
EGIS | 6 months
juvenile
imprisonment | Sov Zone
IS |
| 120 | KULMANN, Erik
born 6 Jun 29
in Wotolin near
Woda/Poland
A Frankleben/
Mueseburg W.Germ | KG Berlin
(2)10 Jo
76/63
(147/63)
18 Jul 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
EGIS | 10 months
imprisonment | Soviet
IS |
| 121 | KUPFER, Walter
born 20 Feb 36
in Eduar
A Rosen-Borbeck
Harreweg 6 W.Germ | Hann
Superior
Land Court
(4) Objc
105/62
25 Sep 63 | Par 100 e
sec 1 StGB
EGIS | 4 months
imprisonment
suspended on
probation | Soviet
Zone
IS |
| 122 | KUCHMANN, Edgar
born 21 May 37
in Leipzig
A Hannover
Birkenstr 1 W.Germ | Celle
Superior
Land Court
Objc 22/63
22 May 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB, 7
annex A
Status of
Forces
Agreement | 2 years
imprisonment | Soviet
IS |
| 123 | KUPPLE, Klaus
born 28 Aug 40
in Stuttgart
A Remath, county
Kattlingen
Wilhelmstrasse W.Germ | Stuttgart
Superior
Land Court
2 Objc 23/62
22 Jul 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
EGIS | DM 300
instead of
1 month
imprisonment | Sov Zone
IS |
| 124 | KUPPLE, Gisela
born 31 Dec 30
in Breslau
A Remath, county
Kattlingen
Wilhelmstr W.Germ | Stuttgart
Superior
Land Court
2 Objc 23/62
22 Jul 1963 | Par 100e
StGB and
Status of
Forces
Agreement | 3 months
imprisonment
suspended
on probation | Sov Zone
IS |
| 125 | KIND, Richard
born 16 Apr 39
A Harsburg
last residence:
Hasselburg/FRG
A Harsburg
W.Germ | Bavarian
Superior
Land Court
Objc 119,
123/62-St
14/63,
28 May 1963 | Par 100 e
StGB
EGIS | 2 years
5 months
imprisonment | Sov Zone
IS |

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- can not identify*
- 126 LANGK, Bruno Stuttgart Par 100 e 6 months Sov
 born 11 Oct 11 Superior 73 StGB 7 imprisonment Zone
 in Rostock Land Court sec 1 annex suspended IS
 Metzingen/ OJs 42/62 A Status of on probation
 Reutlingen, 20 May 1963 Forces E-GIS
 Reutlingen
- 127 LANGE, Karl- Stuttgart Par 10^u e 1 year Sov
 Helms Superior sec 1 StGB 3 months Zone
 born 17 Jan 31 Land Court forgery imprisonment IS
 in Jueterbog 2 OJs 52/63 of documents
 Reutlingen 19 Dec 1963
 Reutlingen
- 128 RAST, Karl Dusseldorf Par 100 e 1 year Sov
 born 17 Apr 25 Superior StGB 3 months Zone
 in Alleenaz/ Land Court imprisonment IS
 Netherlande OJs 22/63
 Dusseldorf 24 Sep 1963
- 129 SPERTHEIL, Arthur Bremen Par 100 e 5 months Sov
 born 18 Oct 12 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Wesel/Rhine Land Court and a fine IS
 Bremen, Hannover 8 May 1963 E-GIS of RM 2000
 OJs 2/63
- can not identify*
- 130 LEHMANN, Justus Celle Par 100 e 2 months Sov
 born 17 Mar 42 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Bleiwitz Land Court suspended IS
 Caetrop-Rauzel OJs 64/63 E-GIS on probation
 Meisenhof 1 22 Oct 1963
- 131 SNOWENUS, Gerhard Celle Par 100 e 6 weeks Sov
 born 13 Jun 39 Superior StGB, 7 sec imprisonment Zone
 in Muehlenkreuz Land Court 1 annex A suspended IS
 county Flehmladerung OJs Status of on probation
 Venhausen, county 29/63 Forces E-GIS
 9 Jul 63 Agreement
- 132 LIESBANG, Friedrich Par 100 e 1 year Sov
 born 22 Mar 30 Koblenz sec 1 4 months Zone
 in Zoppot Superior StGB imprisonment IS
 Ingelheim, Land Court
 Waldetr 39 5 OJs 26/62
 13 May 1963
- add 201*
- 133 LIESBANG, nee Koblenz Par 100 e 6 months Sov
SCHWIBER, Superior sec 1 StGB imprisonment Zone
 Hunsalors Land Court suspended IS
 born 29 May 33 5 OJs 26/62 on probation
 in Genthia, 13 May 1963 E-GIS
 district Meide-
 burg
 Ingelheim, Waldetr 39

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- 134 LIPPIC, Otto Cologne Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
born 19 Feb 10 Superior sec 1 StGB 3 months IS
in Paderborn Land Court imprisonment
Cologne, OJs 2/60
Katholischsee 75 8 Mar 1963
- 135 LOEBE, Wolfgang Frankfurt/ Par 100 e 1 year Sov
born 21 Mar 30 Main StGB 6 months Zone
in Forst/Lausitz Superior imprisonment IS
Dreieichenhain Land Court
county Offenbach OJs 70/62
14 Mar 1963
- 136 LOEBE, n.n. Frankfurt/ Par 100 e 6 months Sov
KRETSCHMANN, Irene Main StGB imprisonment Zone
born 3 Jan 27 Superior IS
in Forst/Lausitz Land Court
Dreieichenhain OJs 70/62
county Offenbach 14 Mar 1963
- 137 LOEPLER, Helmut Bavarian Par 100 e 10 months Sov
born 28 Mar 27 Superior StGB, Par imprisonment Zone
in Kalfenbrunn Land Court 7 annex A IS
rural county ObJs 67/62-3 Status of
Krobach St 69/62 Forces
Kalfenbrunn, Nr 13 22 Jan 1963 Agreement
- 138 LOMPSCHE, Fritz Federal High Par 100 e 2 years Sov
born 23 Sep 14 Court, 7 StGB and imprisonment Zone
in Linbach/Sa., StE 1/63 forgery IS
Bonn of documents
- 139 LORENZ, Helmar KG Berlin Par 100 e 12 months Sov
born 4 Nov 41 1 OJs 73/63 StGB imprisonment Zone
in Reichshaus 27 Nov 1963 IS
Berlin-Neukölln
Kiehlufer 39
- 140 LOSSAU, Werner Stuttgart Par 100 e 8 months Sov
born 9 May 41 Superior Sec 1, 73 imprisonment Zone
in Gernau/Saamland Land Court StGB, Par suspended IS
without permanent residence 2 OJs 17/63 7 annex A on probation
20 Aug 1963 Status of Forces Agreement
- 141 LUXEM, n.n. Cologne Par 100 e 5 months Sov
Elisabeth Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
born 5 Jan 42 Land Court suspended IS
in Mattarheim OJs 36/62 on probation
Main, 18 Sep 1963
Cologne, Caronskloster 6
- 142 MANG, Guenter Hamburg Par 100 e 3 months Sov
born 1 Jun 35 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Hamburg Land Court suspended IS
Hamburg Wgerm OJs 56/63 on probation
18 Oct 1963

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- 143 MESSE, Jürgen Schleswig Par 100 1 year Soviet
 born 12 Apr 42 Superior e StGB 3 months Zone IS
 in Weislar born Land Court imprisonment
 Rochedt, 2 OJs 30/63 FCIS
 County Segeberg 8 Oct 1963
- 144 MAU, Heria Celle Par 100 e 5 months Soviet
 born 18 Nov 22 Superior sec 1 imprisonment Zone IS
 in Hannover born Land Court StGB suspended
 Hannover, OJs 101/62 29 Jan 1963 FCIS on probation
 Theaterstr 10E
- 145 MAUEL, Helmut Celle Par 100 2 weeks Soviet
 born 11 May 29 Superior e StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Hannover born Land Court StGB suspended IS
 Hannover, OJs 6/62 25 Jun 1963 FCIS on probation
 Baldeniusstr 59
- 146 MECHLER, Peter Schleswig Par 100 e 6 months juvenile Soviet
 born 11 Feb 43 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone IS
 in Langensalza/ Land Court
 Thuringia 2 OJs 9/63 FCIS
 8 Aug 1963
- 147 MEISER, Guenter KG Berlin Par 100 e 2 years Soviet
 born 24 Feb 31 (2) 1 OJs 90/StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Berlin 62(182/63) IS
 Berlin 30, 3 Oct 1963
 Schwabische
 Strasse 3
- 148 MENDEL, Ortwin Hamm Par 100 e a fine of Soviet
 born 23 Aug 38 Superior StGB DM 400 Zone
 in Siegen born Land Court instead of IS
 Milchenbach/county OJs 73/62 FCIS 2 months
 Siegen 466-100 23 Oct 1963 imprisonment
- 149 MEYER, Hans-Jürgen Celle Par 100 10 months Soviet
 born 26 Jan 35 Superior e StGB imprisonment Zone IS
 in Dackwo/county Land Court
 Saltwedel born OJs 84/63 FCIS
 Wolfenburg, Wallskap 8 Oct 63
- 150 MEYERS, Hartwig Oldenburg Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
 born 14 Jun 43 Superior sec 1 juvenile Zone
 in Brake/Intervall Land Court StGB imprisonment IS
 Bodenkirchen- OJs 7/63
 Kirchhausen 10 May 1963
 Zu den Detchen born
- 151 MEYER, Karl-Heinz Bremen Par 100 e 4 months Soviet
 born 18 Nov 34 Superior sec 1 StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Hannover born Land Court StGB suspended IS
 Bremen-Gelebshausen, OJs 16/62 FCIS on probation
 A.d. Pinkenau 150 23 Jan 63
- 152 MIEDNER, Ferdinand Baverien Par 100 9 months Soviet
 born 23 Apr 24 Superior 3 StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Mangolding born Land Court IS
 Munich 42, OJs 45/62 FCIS
 Prommerplatz 1/0 3 St 21/62
 24 Apr 1963

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- 153 ~~X~~ NIERITZ, Guenter Braunschweig Par 100 e 7 months Sov
born 28 Mar 34 Superior StGB, 7 imprisonment Zone
in Berlin ~~Comm~~ Land Court annex A IS
Rennau Nr 4, OJr 5/63 Status of EG-15
rural county 24 May 1963 Forces
Alphons ~~W. Comm~~ Agreement
- 154 ~~X~~ WILHELM, Herbert Schleswig Par 100 9 months Soviet
born 22 Aug 15 Superior e StGB imprisonment IS
in Bokernfoerde Land Court
Bokernfoerde O Jz 75/62
Bockhoern Nr 16 20 Dec 1963
- 155 ~~X~~ WENGE, Dieter Stuttgart Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
born 14 Nov 41 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Heilbronn ~~Comm~~ Land Court IS
without 2 OJs 41/62
permanent residence 13 Mar 1963
- 156 ~~X~~ WONHAUPT, Gideon Celle Par 100 e 1 year Soviet
born 20 May 35 Superior StGB 3 months Zone
in Kiliaaroda/ Land Court imprisonment IS
county Weimar ~~Comm~~ OJz 100/63
Ginta, 3 Dec 1963
Schulstr 90, county Hann-Münden W. Comm
- 157 ~~X~~ WUELLER, Fernand EG Berlin Par 100 e 15 months Hung.
born 9 Apr 23 1 OJz 79/63 StGB imprisonment and Soviet
in Neuchatel 19 Dec 1963 Zone
Berlin 30 IS
Hollendorferstr 21
- 158 ~~X~~ WENGE, Rolf Dusseldorf Par 100 e 11 months Soviet
born 6 Nov 30 OJz 94/61 StGB and imprisonment Zone
in Bonn ~~Germany~~ II-18/63 IS
A. Rheinhausen, 18 Jul 1963 forger EG-15
Lochberder Str 48 W. Comm
- 159 ~~X~~ WUENCHROFF, Fritz Dusseldorf Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
born 29 Jul 22 Superior StGB, 7 imprisonment Zone
in ~~Germany~~ county Land Court annex A suspended IS
W. Rheinhausen ~~Comm~~ II 14/63 - Status of on probation
A. Rheinhausen ~~W. Comm~~ OJz 59/60 Forces
7 Jun 1963 Agreement
- 160 ~~X~~ WOLFEY, Patricia Cologne Par 100 e 1 year CSSE
born 25 Mar 31 Superior StGB, Par 3 months IS
in Caprik on Land Court 263, 74 imprisonment
Shannon/Ireland OJz 29/62 267, 75 StGB
Buskirchen, 26/27 Jun 63
Kasseler Str 77

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- 161 ^{A, 2a} ~~WIKEL, Herbert~~ Schleswig Par 100 6 months Sov
born 18 Oct 21 Superior 3 StGB imprisonment Zone
in Luebeck ~~Germany~~ Land Court 2 OJs 76/62 EGIS IS
~~Luebeck~~
Dankvertgrube 62 21 Mar 1963
- 162 ~~WUHMANN, Wolfgang~~ Schleswig Par 100 21 year Sov
born 18 Aug 30 Superior StGB 9 months Zone
in Berlin ~~Germany~~ Land Court 2 OJs 6/63 EGIS imprisonment IS
~~Kiel, Pruesse~~
No 35 Lu ~~Germany~~ 20 Sep 1963
- 163 ~~WUCHNER, Renate~~ Frankfurt Par 100e 6 months Sov
~~RESIDENT~~ Superior StGB, imprisonment Zone
~~born 3 Feb 13~~ Land Court 267, 74 suspended IS
in Dresden ~~Germany~~ OJs 8/63 StGB and on probation
~~Weimar~~ 20 May 1963 forgery EGIS
Marienstrasse 1 ~~Germany~~ of documents
- 164 ~~WURAUER, Georg~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 4 months Sov
born 9 Mar 34 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Rothenkirchen ~~Germany~~ Land Court EGIS IS
~~Preussig, Bahnhofstr.~~ 72/63
3 Dec 1963
- 165 ~~WUHMANN, Erich~~ Hamburg Par 100 e 10 months Sov
born 22 Sep 31 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Mangala/county Land Court IS
Deutsch Krone ~~Germany~~ OJs 93/62 EGIS
without permanent 12 Sep 1963
residence
- 166 ~~WYAK, Emil~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 7 months CSBR
born 25 Sep 20 Superior StGB, Par 7 imprison- IS
in Neustadt/ Land Court annex A ment
Tafelfichte-Cree Objs 105/62 Status of
~~Neustadt/CSBR~~ -3 St 68/62 Forces
~~Germany~~ 8 Jan 1963 Agreement
- 167 ~~YONKE, Klaus-~~ Bavarian Par 7 sec 1 7 months Sov
~~Dietler~~ Superior annex A imprison- Zone IS
born 22 Feb 39 Land Court Status of ment
in Erfurt ~~Germany~~ Objs 18/63-3 Forces EGIS
~~Thurnburg~~ St 6/63, 23 Jul 63 Agreement
~~Germany~~
- 168 ~~ZIT, Werner~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 5 months Sov
born 18 Oct 39 Superior StGB, 7 imprisonment Zone
in Bad Reichenberg ~~Germany~~ Land Court annex A suspended IS
~~Bad Reichenberg~~ Objs 51/63-5 Status on probation
~~Kirchzwing 19~~ St 26/63 of Forces
~~Germany~~ 16 Jul 1963 Agreement

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- 169 ~~SWITZKO, Engelbert~~ Frankfurt/Main Superior Land Court OJs 24/63 21 Aug 1963 Par 100 e StGB see 1 10 months imprisonment Sov Zone IS
born 13 Nov 38
in ~~Distrikt Upper Silesia~~ Germany
Knothen, Strasse der deutsch-sowjetischen Freundschaft Germany EGIS
- 170 ~~PARNYSIUS, Rolf-Inar~~ KG Berlin Superior Land Court OJs 245/62 (35/63) 23 Oct 63 Par 100 e StGB (1) 1 OJs 2 weeks continued confinement Sov Zone IS
born ~~born~~ 9 Aug 41
in Berlin Germany
Kastanienallee 2A Germany EGIS
- 171 ~~PLATEN, Wolfgang~~ Celle Superior Land Court OJs 141/62 30 Apr 1963 Par 100 e StGB, Par 7 annex A Status of Forces Agreement 6 months imprisonment Sov Zone IS
born 4 Oct 41
in ~~Calenau county~~ Germany
Annaberg Germany
Hannover, Hennemann-Strasse 23 Germany EGIS
- 172 ~~FOLSTER, Kurt~~ Celle Superior Land Court OJs 82/63 9 Oct 1963 Par 7 annex A Status of Forces Agreement 6 months imprisonment Sov Zone IS
born 13 Mar 21
in ~~Gross-Steinberg county (Prima)~~ Germany
Fassberg county
Celle, Steinweg 25 Germany EGIS
- 173 ~~FRANKE, Hans HARRY~~ Braunschweig Superior Land Court OJs 36/63 1 Nov 1963 Par 100 e StGB 5 months imprisonment Sov Zone IS
born 11 Dec 34
in ~~Helmsedt~~ Germany
Helmsedt, ~~Wendteherstr 15 a~~ Germany EGIS
- 174 ~~FRITZ, Wolfgang~~ Bavarian Superior Land Court ObJs 116/61 7 May 1963 Par 100 e StGB, Par 7 annex A Status of Forces Agreement 1 year 7 months imprisonment Sov Zone IS
born 15 Jan 31
in ~~Krahan~~ Germany
Bietshausen county
Ruhl, Hauptstr 31 Germany EGIS
- 175 ~~FRUHS, Josef~~ Schleswig Superior Land Court 2 OJs 66/62 22 Mar 1963 Par 100 e StGB 5 months imprisonment Sov Zone IS
born 26 Jun 31
in ~~Gleiwitz Upper Silesia~~ Germany
without permanent residence EGIS
- 176 ~~FRYBILLA, Karl Georg~~ Braunschweig Superior Land Court OJs 63/62 HW 22 Mar 1963 Par 100 e StGB 3 months imprisonment Sov Zone IS
born ~~born~~ 12 Aug 41
in ~~Charlottenstein~~ Germany
Rechnob/Lahn
Kohlener Str 72a Germany EGIS

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- 177 ~~X~~ CHAST, Manfred Stuttgart Par 100 e 1 month Sov
born 14 Dec 38 Superior see 1 StGB imprisonment Zone
in Frankfurt/Oder Land Court Par 7 annex suspended IS
Kerstetten 2 OJs 27/61 A Status on probation
Spingerstr 71 24 Apr 1963 of Forces FCIS
Germany Agreement
- 178 ~~X~~ BAUER, Ehrenfried KG Berlin Par 100 e 5 months Sov
born 27 Jan 39 (1) 1/OJs StGB imprisonment Zone
in Landau/Silisia 55/63 FCIS IS
Gruenstadt/Palatinate (57/63)
Schlesingerstr 25 28 Aug 1963 Germany
- 179 ~~X~~ BECHT, Werner Frankfurt/M Par 100 e 8 months Sov
born 9 Feb 33 OJs 3/63 StGB imprisonment Zone
in Loehau/Ba 28 Aug 1963 FCIS IS
Kastberlin G 2
Mollnerstr 27 Germany
- 180 ~~X~~ KEIMANN, Horst Celle Par 100 e 4 months Sov
born 29 Jan 30 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Stometten/county Land Court FCIS IS
Wesol OJs 13/63
Hannover 21 May 1963
Fladelerstr 7 W Germany
- 181 ~~X~~ HEINKE, Jürgen Braunschweig Par 100 e 1 year Sov
born 11 Jun 42 Superior StGB, Par 6 months Zone
in Magdeburg Land Court 7 annex A juvenile IS
Harlingerode OJs 39/62 Status of imprisonment
county Goslar 18 Jan 1963 Forces FCIS
Germany Agreement
- 182 ~~X~~ BEUER, Jürgen, Erich Frankfurt/M Par 15, 19 5 weeks Sov
born 1 Feb 42 Superior see 4 Military confinement Zone
in Henninghausen Land Court Criminal FCIS IS
county Suhl OJs 29/63 Code, 100e
Wengeringhausen 25 Nov 1963 see 1 StGB
Ob. Forstr 4 Germany
- 183 ~~X~~ RICHTER, Gerhard Cologne Par 100 e 6 months Sov
born 6 Dec 36 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Cottbus Land Court suspended IS
Köeln-Weidenpassah OJs 9/63 FCIS on probation
Rosbachstr 9 25 Sep 1963 Germany
- 184 ~~X~~ RINGLER, Hermann Bavarian Par 100 e fine of Sov
born 13 Jul 39 Superior StGB 1M 800 Zone
in Henching Land Court FCIS IS
Franklin/Ba 35/63
Franklin/Ba 9 Dec 1963 Germany

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- 185 ~~X~~ UNKLER, Anna-Maria Dusseldorf Par 7 4 months Sov
~~born 1 Oct 27~~ Superior annex A ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
SX:F ~~in Dusseldorf~~ Land Court Status ~~suspended~~ IS
~~Δ Dusseldorf W.Gem~~ OJs 65/61- on probation
 11-6/63 Agreement EGIS
 26 Nov 1963
- 186 ~~X~~ RIEHL, Horst Frankfurt Par 100e juvenile Sov
~~born 4 Mar 40~~ Superior 353 b, 73 ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
~~in Frankfurt/M~~ Land Court StGB, ~~for a period~~ IS
~~Frankfurt/~~ OJs 65/62 105 Youth ~~unknown~~
~~Roedelheim,~~ 26 Jun 1963 Court Law E-G-15
~~Alt Roedelheim 6 W.Gem~~
- 187 ~~X~~ SELBERT, Werner, Karl Koblenz Par 100e a fine of Sov
~~born 15 Jan 29~~ Superior StGB, Par ~~in 750~~ Zone
~~in Worms~~ Land Court 7 annex A ~~instead of~~ IS
~~Worms, Hafenstr 13~~ 5 OJs 23/62 Status ~~2 months~~ EGIS
~~W.Gem~~ 20 May 1963 of Forces ~~imprisonment~~
 Agreement
- 188 ~~X~~ SELIGMANN, Yasser Braunschweig Par 100 e a fine of Sov
~~born 29 Jul 40~~ Superior StGB ~~in 500~~ Zone
~~in Braunschweig~~ Land Court ~~instead of~~ IS
~~Δ Braunschweig,~~ OJs 35/62 EGIS ~~30 days~~
~~Kleine Kreuzstr 4 W.Gem~~ 18 Jan 1963 ~~imprisonment~~
- 189 ~~X~~ SEITZ, Edith Koblenz Par 100 e 3 months Sov
~~born 10 Mar 21~~ Superior StGB, Par ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
~~in Chemnitz~~ Land Court 7 annex A ~~suspended~~ IS
~~Δ Bensdorf/Neuwied~~ OJs 21/63 Status of ~~on probation~~
~~Hauptstr 52 W.Gem~~ 9 Dec 1963 Forces EGIS
 Agreement
- 190 ~~X~~ SIEBERT, Peter Hamm/Westf. Par 100 e warning Sov
~~born 12 Mar 41~~ Superior sec 1 StGB ~~Zone~~
~~in Wittenborg~~ Land Court IS
~~Δ Neoklinghausen,~~ (4) OJs EGIS
~~Wildermannstr 53 W.Gem~~ 07/62
 10 Apr 1963
- 191 ~~X~~ SITZMAN, Herbert Bavarian Par 100 e 2 years Sov
~~born 22 Aug 41~~ Superior sec 1 StGB ~~4 months~~ Zone
~~in Puerth/Bavaria~~ Land Court and Status ~~imprisonment~~ IS
~~Δ Puerth/Bavaria,~~ OJs 11/63- of Forces
~~Theaterstr 9 W.Gem~~ 3 St 31/63, Agreement EGIS
 30 Jul 1963
- 192 ~~X~~ SJODT, Josef Bavarian Par 100 e 1 year Sov
~~born 22 May 41~~ Superior StGB, 7- ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
~~in Spalis/county~~ Land Court annex A IS
~~Δ Egen~~ OJs 131/62 Status of ~~EGIS~~
~~Munich, 15,~~ - 38t 74/62 Forces
~~Lotharstr 5/IV W.Gem~~ 7 Jun 1963 Agreement

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- 193 ~~SWIDERS, Matiana~~ Cells Par 100 e 1 year Sov
born 27 Feb 41 Superior StGB StGB imprisonment Zone
in Den Haag Land Court IS
Kornöver, OJs 154/62
Alte Doehrener 28 Mar 1963
Strasse 3
- 194 ~~SOMMERICH, Werner~~ Düsseldorf Par 100e 9 months Sov
born 30 Mar 25 Superior StGB, 7 imprisonment Zone
in Muenster/Westf. Land Court annex A suspended IS
Muelheim/Ruhr OJs 3/61 Status of on probation
16 Jul 1963 Forces Agreement EGIS
- 195 ~~SPICKEMANN, Albert~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 6 months Sov
born 24 Oct 22 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Heinersberg Land Court IS
Eronach Objs 10/63 EGIS
Heinersberg 3 St 18/63
Haus Nr 13 24 May 1963
- 196 ~~SONNE, Dieter~~ KG Berlin (1) Par 100 e fine of Sov
born 12 Jan 29 1 OJs 39/63 StGB RM 500 Zone
in Hamerleben (59/63), instead IS
county Oschersleben 21 Aug 1963 of 2
Berlin 4, Eichenstr EGIS months
EGIS imprisonment
- 197 ~~SPINDLER, Frank~~ KG Berlin Par 100 e 4 months Sov
born 18 Oct 40 (1) 1 OJs StGB imprisonment Zone
in Dresden 308/62 EGIS IS
without permanent (37/63),
residence 28 Jun 63
- 198 ~~SPLITT, Kurt~~ Hamm Par 100 e 3 months Sov
born 2 Jan 21 Superior sec 1 imprisonment Zone
in Danzig Land Court StGB suspended IS
Drohshagen, county OJs 5/63 on probation
Witzke, Heinrich- 27 Nov 1963 EGIS
Bone-Str 33 Witzke
- 199 ~~SPRONS, Gerhard~~ Celle Par 100 e 1 year Sov
born 30 Jul 41 Superior StGB StGB 5 months Zone
in Koenigsbueche Land Court imprisonment IS
Olsendamm OJs 69/63 EGIS
Witten 12 Nov 1963
- 200 ~~SUPZUK, Erich~~ Frankfurt Par 100 e 10 months Sov
born 20 Mar 21 Superior StGB StGB imprisonment Zone
in Hilfenburg/Upper Land Court 7 sec 1 IS
Bilysia OJs 91/62 annex A
Frankfurt/Main 2 Mar 1963 Status of
Friedrichstr 40 Forces Agreement

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- 201 SCHAF, Ernst Bavarian Par 100 e 3 months Soviet
born 17 Feb 41 Superior see 1 imprisonment Zone IS
in Jassmannsdorf Land Court StGB
in Jassmannsdorf ObJs 87/63-
Abertlas near 3 St 35/63
Coburg, Rosenauer 29 Oct 1963
Strasse 96 Worm EGIS
- 202 SCHALLER, Klaus KG Berlin Par 100 e 4 months Soviet
born 19 Dec 39 (1) 1 OJs StGB imprisonment Zone IS
in Zwickau GERM 7/63 (18/
without permanent 63) EGIS
residence 8 May 1963
- 203 SCHERNIG, Helmut KG Berlin Par 100 e 6 weeks Soviet
born 1 Aug 38 (1) 1 OJs StGB imprisonment Zone IS
in Berlin GERM 123/62 (23
without /63) EGIS
permanent 29 May 1963
residence
- 204 SCHIKORA, Werner Frankfurt/ Par 100 e 7 months Soviet
born 12 Jun 38 Main Superior StGB, imprisonment Zone IS
in Gr. Wilmuth Land Court desertion,
county Ols GERM OJs 50/62 military EGIS
without permanent 4 Sep 1963. disobedience
residence
- 205 SCHILLING, Willi Bavarian Par 100 e 6 months Soviet
born 15 Nov 38 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone IS
in Rodach Land Court
county Coburg GERM ObJs 81/63
Rodach 23 St. EGIS
Hennebergerstr 2 45/63
- 206 SCHLICHTING, ... Duesseldorf Par 100 e 4 months Soviet
nee ... Superior StGB imprisonment Zone IS
divorced ... Land Court
... born OJs-47 EGIS
born 20 Aug 20 in Berlin /61-II-4/63
Duesseldorf GERM 22 Apr 1963
- 207 SCHLICHTING, ... Duesseldorf Par 100 e 4 months Soviet
Clamans, Superior StGB imprisonment Zone IS
born 20 Aug 20 Land Court
in Duesseldorf GERM OJs 47/61-II-
Duesseldorf Worm 4/63 EGIS
Schmittplatz 19 22 Apr 1963
- 208 SCHMANSER, Heinz Bavarian Par 100 e 10 months Soviet
born 24 Jun 40 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone IS
in ... Land Court
... ObJs 92/63
Schmittplatz 19 9 Dec 1963
Worm EGIS

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- 209 ~~SCHWABEL, (Dr)~~
~~Carl-Heina~~ Koblenz Par 100 e 1 year Sov
~~born 8 Sep 30~~ Superior StGB, 267 Imprisonment Zone
~~in Borna, Germ~~ Land Court StGB IS
~~Berlin-Adlershof~~ 5 OJs 28/62
~~Hendjervstr 45~~ 20 May 1963 E-G-15
- 210 ~~SCHWILKE, Robert~~
~~born 20 Oct 26~~ Koblenz Par 100 e 9 months Sov
~~in Geismar/county~~ Superior StGB, 7 Imprisonment Zone
~~Heiligenstadt, Germ~~ Land Court 1 and 7 suspended IS
~~Birkenfeld,~~ 5 OJs 14/63 annex A on probation
~~Wasserschiederstr~~ 30 Sep 1963 Status of E-G-15
~~55 W.Germ~~ Forces Agreement
- 211 ~~SCHOEN, Adolf~~
~~born 8 Sep 38~~ Frankfurt Par 100e 6 months Sov
~~in Mainz, Germ~~ Superior StGB, 7 Imprisonment Zone
~~Hierstein,~~ Land Court annex A suspended IS
~~Neumorgen 11 W.Germ~~ OJs 5/63 Status of E-G-15
~~12 Jun 1963~~ Forces Agreement
- 212 ~~SCHWENCK, Bodo~~
~~born 24 Feb 25~~ Federal Par 100 e 1 year Polish
~~in Berlin-Neukoelln~~ High Court StGB 6 months IA/CSSR
~~Berlin-Zehlendorf~~ 9 StB imprisonment
~~3/63~~
~~31 Jul 1963~~
- 213 ~~SCHRAEDER, Egon~~
~~born 30 Jul 24~~ Stuttgart Par 100 e a fine of Sov
~~in Wilkau, Germ~~ Superior StGB DM 400 Zone
~~Stuttgart-~~ Land Court instead IS
~~Muelhausen,~~ 2 OJs 40/62 E-G-15 of 6
~~Hechtstr 53 W.Germ~~ 17 Apr 1963 weeks Imprisonment
- 214 ~~SCHREINER, Kurt~~
~~born 16 Apr 25~~ Neustadt/Weinstr Superior Land E-G-15 9 months Sov
~~in Obersoscheln,~~ Court Par 100 e Imprisonment Zone
~~Arvenstadt,~~ OJs 4/63 StGB etc suspended IS
~~Kreuzerweg 26 W.Germ~~ 4 Sep 1963 on probation
- 215 ~~SCHROEDER, Maria~~
~~born 18 Oct 35~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 4 months Sov
~~in Cammerau~~ Superior StGB, Par 2 weeks Zone
~~Wartenberg, Lower~~ Land Court 7 annex A Imprisonment IS
~~Silesia, Germ~~ OJs 49/63 Status of E-G-15
~~without permanent~~ 9 Jul 1963 Forces Agreement
~~residence~~
- 216 ~~SCHROEDER, Konrad~~
~~born 21 Apr 29~~ Koblenz Par 100 e 9 months Sov
~~in Leipzig, Germ~~ Superior StGB, Par Imprisonment Zone
~~Dresden A. 1,~~ Land Court 267 StGB IS
~~Altmarkt Nr 6, Germ~~ 5 OJs 19/63 E-G-15
~~18 Nov 1963~~
- 217 ~~SCHWARTZ, Guenter~~
~~born 31 Jul 26~~ Bavarian Par 100 e 6 months Sov
~~in Breslau~~ Superior StGB, 7 Imprisonment Zone
~~Gunsenhausen,~~ Land Court annex A suspended IS
~~Sonnenstr 13 W.Germ~~ OJs 50/63 Status of E-G-15
~~6 Aug 1963~~ Forces Agreement

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- 218 ~~SCHNEIDER, Christian~~ Braunschweig, Par 100 e 7 months Sov
born 12 Mar 41 Superior StGB Imprisonment Zone
in Emmerstedt/county Land Court IS
Emmerstedt, county OJs 4/63 EGIS
Emmerstedt, county 26 Apr 1963
- 219 ~~SCHULZ, Ernst~~ Frankfurt Par 100 e, 1 year Sov
born 25 Jul 20 Superior 267,47,73 6 months Zone
in Gurske/Thorn Land Court StGB, Par 7 imprisonment IS
Welsow/county OJs 74/62 annex A
Spreenberg, Sov Zone 13 Feb 1963 Status of Forces Agreement
- 220 ~~SCHULZ, Willi~~ Frankfurt/M Par 100 e fine of Sov
born 26 Jan 31 Superior sec 1 1M 100 Zone
in Grossburgschla Land Court 47 StGB IS
county Eigenach OJs 75/62 EGIS
Waafriede/county 6 Nov 1963
Hochwege
in Strafen Graben & W. Germ
- 221 ~~SCHULZE, Dieter~~ Duesseldorf Par 100 e 3 years Sov
born 25 Nov 35 Superior StGB, Par 7 imprisonment Zone
in Magdeburg Land Court annex A IS
Duesseldorf OJs 65/61 Status of Forces Agreement
-11-6/63 26 Nov 1963
- 222 ~~SCHULZE, Walter~~ Bavarian Par 10^u e 4 months Sov
born 19 Jan 31 Superior StGB Imprisonment Zone
in Meerane/Glauchau Land Court IS
Munich, Woerthstr 9 OJs 7/63-3 EGIS
St 2/63 14 May 1963
can not identify
- 223 ~~SCHUMACHER, Herbert~~ Frankfurt/M Par 100 e 10 months Sov
born 29 Dec 29 Superior StGB, Par 7 imprisonment Zone
in Kassel Land Court annex A IS
Kassel, Oberstr OJs 77/62 Status of EGIS
Quasse 26 9 May 1963 Forces Agreement
- 224 ~~SCHWAB, Hans~~ Stuttgart Par 100 e 8 months Sov
born 18 Apr 25 Superior StGB Imprisonment Zone
in Koenigsberg Land Court IS
Stuttgart OJs 43/62 EGIS
Alexanderstr. 29 27 Mar 1963
- 225 ~~STERNICK, Manfred~~ Celle Par 10^u e 6 weeks Sov
born 8 Jun 41 Superior sec 1 StGB Imprisonment Zone
in Schulzendorf Land Court IS
county Osnabrueck OJs 85/63 EGIS
Marienburg 5 Nov 1963
county Hildesheim *W. Germ*

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- 226 STWIV, Waldemar Dusseldorf Par 100 e 5 months Sov
born 17 Jun 36 Superior StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
in Preussenhof Land Court ~~suspended~~ IS
Pohl Germany OJs 6/62-1-3/ on probation
Hedevorwald, EGIS
Kocherhofstr 30 6-23 Apr 1963
- 227 STRAUBE, Alfred Schleswig Par 100 e 6 months Sov
born 21 Oct 36 Superior StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
in Wedel/Holstein Land Court ~~suspended~~ IS
Wedel, Germany 2 OJs 7/63 on probation
12 W. Germany 9 Aug 1963 EGIS
- 228 STRAUBE, Volkmar Frankfurt/M Par 100 e 7 months Sov
born 23 Jan 29 Superior StGB, Par ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
in Kassel, Germany Land Court 7 annex A IS
Kassel, Germany OJs 77/62 Status of EGIS
Ludwig-Hond-Str 61 9 May 1963 Force Agreement
1/2 W. Germany
- 229 TABERT, Roland Dusseldorf Par 100 e 8 months Sov
born 11 Jun 28 Superior StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
in Stettin, Germany Land Court IS
Dusseldorf OJs 72/61- EGIS
Hocher Weg 51 W. Germany 1-5/63 May 1963
- 230 TEICHFISCHER, Hans Celle Par 100 e 2 months Sov
born 27 Feb Superior StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
42, in Glanes Land Court ~~suspended~~ IS
county Lüneburg, Germany OJs 53/63 on probation
Mannaberg, Germany 10 Sep 1963 EGIS
Buchholz, county
Germany
Gertrudenstr 14 W. Germany
- 231 TELLE, Willi KG Berlin Par 100 e 5 months Sov
born 7 Jan 26 (1) 1 OJs 205/62 StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
in Biberstadt, Germany (68/63) IS
Berlin 61, 25 Sep 1963 EGIS
Schiffwiese Str
27 e Germany
- 232 TIBUNTIUS, Hans KG Berlin Par 100 e 18 months Sov
born 29 Mar 08 1 OJs 51/63 StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
in Berlin, Germany 11 Dec 1963 EGIS
Berlin-Sagel,
Germany W. Germany
- 233 TIMM, Ervin Federal High Par 100, 3 years Soviet
born 10 Nov 03 Court 100e StGB ~~penitentiary~~ IS
in Staden 6-Str 1/65
Worms/county 23 Jul 1963
Überlehn

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- Can not identify*
- 234 X ZIEGLER, Hans
born 21 Jun 25
in Unterohlbach *Germ*
Nürnberg, Bischofstr 61
Worms
Bavarian Superior Land Court
Par 100 StGB 74/63
29 Nov 1963
6 months imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
 - 235 X SCHONH, Werner
born 26 Jun 36
in Mandelburg-Budenburg *Germ*
without permanent residence
KG Berlin
1 OJs 359/62 StGB
8 May 1963
Par 100
4 months imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
 - 236 X URBANIAK, Walter
born 17 Feb 36
in Kaneln *Germ*
without permanent residence
KG Berlin
(1) 1 OJs 40/ StGB
63 (64/63)
4 Sep 1963
Par 100
6 months imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
 - 237 X WOLFE, Manfred
born 26 Aug 43
in Necklinghausen *Germ*
Herten-Scharlabach,
Scharlabacher Str 310
Worms
Hann Superior Land Court
Par 100 StGB and others
OJs 126/62
31 Jul 1963
1 year juvenile imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
suspended on probation
 - 238 X WACH, Stanislaw
born 26 Apr 23
in Slobkowia/Poland
Svellingen/Helmstedt,
Westerfelderstr 17
Worms
Braunschweig Superior Land Court
Par 100 StGB
OJs 30/63
20 Sep 1963
6 weeks suspended
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
on probation
 - 239 X WACHSMUTH, Gerd
born 17 Feb 42
in Kiel *Germ*
Kiel,
Scharnhorststr 12
Worms
Schleswig Superior Land Court
Par 100 StGB
OJs 11/63
19 Sep 1963
1 year juvenile imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
 - 240 X WASNER, Manfred
born 10 Jun 41
in Bad Kissingen *Germ*
Bischofsheim
Worms
Bavarian Superior Land Court
Par 100 StGB
ObJc 55/63
12 Nov 1963
1 year juvenile imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
 - 241 X WALTER, Georg
born 17 Jan 32
in Heidelberg *Germ*
Heffen/country
Spartingen,
Albstr 24
Worms
Stuttgart Superior Land Court
Par 100 73 StGB
annex A
2 OJs 38/62
28 Feb 1963
Status of Forces Agreement
9 months imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.
 - 242 X WIEBE, Carl August
born 4 Mar 11 in
Frankfurt am Main
Worms
Federal High Court
Par 100a
9 StE 4/63
30 Mar 1963
see 1, Par 92 StGB
2 years 6 months imprisonment
Sov Zone IS
E.G.I.S.

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- 243 WERNER, Werner Frankfurt/M Par 100 e 10 months Sov Zone
 born 18 Jan 41 Superior 109g, 73. ~~imprisonment~~ IS
 in ~~Franken/county~~ Land Court 74 StGB,
~~Cuvelo/county~~ OJs 22/63 16,19
 in ~~Engers/county~~ Military EGIS
 Heusied LU ~~Germany~~ Criminal
 Code
- 244 WERNER, Werner Frankfurt/M Par 100e 7 months Sov Zone
 Otto, Adolf Superior sec 1. 47 ~~imprisonment~~ IS
 born 27 Apr 23 Land Court StGB
 in ~~Falken/county~~ OJs 75/62
~~Muehlhausen/county~~ 6 Nov 1963 EGIS
~~Wanfried/county~~
~~Woburn~~
 Auf dem Masuerchen 25 ~~Wern~~
- 245 WINGART, Joachim Berlin Par 100 e 4 months Sov Zone
 born 12 Jun 27 (1) 1 OJs 313StGB ~~imprisonment~~ IS
 in ~~Bries/Hupper~~ (62 (7/63)
~~Silesia~~ 27 Mar 1963 EGIS
 Berlin O 112,
~~Menschkestr 63 Wern~~
- 246 WINKLAF, Guenter Bam Par 100 e 6 months Sov Zone
 born 7 Apr 23 Superior StGB ~~imprisonment~~ IS
 in ~~Oppala/Hupper~~ ~~suspended~~
~~Silesia~~ 4 OJs 41/62 EGIS ~~on probation~~
~~Barna~~ 17 Jul 1963
 in ~~Steinbruch 9 Wern~~
- 247 WIKK, Beate KG Berlin Par 100 e 2 months Sov Zone
 born 14 Apr 43 (1) 1 OJs 286/62 StGB ~~imprisonment~~ IS
 in ~~Quelendorf/~~ (128/62) EGIS
 near ~~Frankfurt/Oder~~ ~~Wern~~
 without permanent
 residence
- 248 WIRNER, Ernst KG Berlin Par 100 2 years Soviet
 born 24 Apr 26 (1) 1 OJs 317/62 e StGB ~~6 months~~ ~~IS~~
 in ~~Koeln-Deuts~~ (58/63), 11 Sep ~~imprisonment~~
 Berlin 62, ~~Kuefeler~~ 1963 ~~Wern~~
~~Wern 27 Wern~~
- 249 WESTERFELD, Hein- Cologne Par 100e 4 years Soviet
 rich, born 25 Jul 00 Superior StGB, Par penitentiary Zone
 in Dortmund Land Court 7 annex IS
~~Koeln-Vingst, Waldstr~~ OJs 2/62 A Status
 19 26 Mar 63 of Forces
 Agreement
- 250 WITTEGAP, nce Dusseldorf Par 100 e 7 months Soviet
WITTEGAP, A.H. Superior StGB ~~imprisonment~~ Zone
 born 2 Jun 23 Land Court ~~suspended~~ IS
 in ~~Cologne/~~ OJs 41/61 EGIS ~~on probation~~
~~Cologne, ~~Witteg~~~~ 10 May 63
~~Strasse 37 Wern~~

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- 251 WICZOREK, Ernst IG Berlin Par 100 e 3 months Sov
 born 17 Dec 27 (1) 1 OJe StGB imprisonment Zone
 in Salzschiffung 93/63(50/63) EGIS IS
 without permanent residence 31 Jul 1963
- 252 WIEBELTZ, Klaus Schleswig Par 1,3,19 6 months Sov
 born 30 Apr 41 Superior Military imprisonment Zone
 in Luebeck Germany Land Court Criminal IS
Luebeck, 2 OJs 74/62 EGIS
Kleiner Bauhof 10 10 May 1963 100 e StGB
- 253 WIEDERSICH, Manfred Celle Par 100e 6 months Sov
 born 30 Jan 40 Superior StGB,7 imprisonment Zone
 in Hootenleben/ Land Court see 1 annex IS
Oschersleben OJs 146/62 A Status EGIS
Schoeningen, 26 Feb 1963 of Forces
Saalenweg 25 EGIS Agreement
- 254 WIEDNER, Richard Braunschweig Par 100e 9 months Sov
 born 24 Jan 30 Superior StGB, Par imprisonment Zone
 in Loda/Poland Land Court 7 annex A IS
Grasleben/Helm- OJs 30/63 Status of EGIS
stedt, VAIDHISKEY 20 Sep 1963 Forces
Strasse 27 EGIS Agreement
- 255 WISGAND, Hans-Georg Celle Par 100 e 1 year Sov
 born 5 Nov 41 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 in St. Andreasberg Land Court IS
St. Andreasberg OJs 164/62 EGIS
W.German 13 Dec 1963
- 256 WILLSCH, Heinz Braunschweig Par 100 e 1 year Sov
 born 2 Jul 35 Superior StGB 3 months Zone
 in Helmstedt Land Court imprisonment IS
Helmstedt, OJs 36/63 EGIS
Emmerstedterstr 15a 1 Nov 1963 W.German
- 257 WIMBERGER, Josef, Bavarian Par 100 e 7 months Sov
 Konrad Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
 born 27 Mar 40 Land Court IS
 in Auldorf/Landau OJs 6/63 EGIS
Munich, MANAUER Str. 18 Jun 1963
35 W.German
- 258 WINKLER, Horst, Cologne Par 100 e 9 months Sov
 Rainer see 1 imprisonment Zone
 born 5 Apr 44 Land Court StGB IS
 in Klosterle, OJs 15/63 EGIS
CHS 12 Dec 1963
Unterminberg W.German

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- 259 WITKOWSKI, Erich Dusseldorf Par 100 e 9 months Sov
born 29 Dec 18 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Marienburg/Lant Land Court suspended on IS
Prussia, Germ OJs 76/61-I-EGIS
Weuss/Rhein (W.Gem) 1/63 probation
9 Apr 1963
- 260 WITKE, Margrit Dusseldorf Par 100e 6 months Sov
born 14 Apr 41 Superior StGB and imprisonment Zone
in Elbing/West Land Court forgery suspended IS
Prussia, Germ OJs 68/62 of documents on probation.
Muelheim/Ruhr (W.Gem) 2 Jul 1963 F.G.I.S.
- 261 WOLFRANT, Erich Oldenburg Par 100 e 6 months Sov
born 1 May 11 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Eisleben, Germ Land Court suspended IS
Braunschweig OJs 17/63 on probation.
Flaschendrebertamp 22 Nov 1963 E.G.I.S.
- 262 WONZEL, Herbert Bavarian Par 100 e 1 year Sov
born 20 Apr 21 Superior StGB, 7 6 months Zone
in Kartits-CSSR Land Court annex A imprisonment IS
Buerberg, Status of Forces
Frommanstr 9 -3 St 65/62
15 Mar 1963 Agreement 267 StGB
- 263 WULF, Heinrich Braunschweig Par 100 e 6 months Sov
born 6 Jun 32 Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
in Lauenburg/Elbe Land Court IS
Mappeln/Hohheide, OJs 42/60 F.G.I.S.
W.Gem 14 Mar 1963
- 264 WUTLER, Max Federal Par 100 e 3 years Sov
born 22 Sep 18 High Court StGB imprisonment Zone
in Martinlamnits 9 StG 2/63 IS
W-lensee 3 May 1963
- 265 WYKOW, Paul, Kurt, Karlsruhe Par 100e 3 months Sov
Georg, born 29 May Superior StGB imprisonment Zone
1897 in Berlin Land Court suspended IS
Heidelberg, OJs 6/62 on probation
Max-Reger-Str 8a I AK 4/62
22 Jan 1963
- 266 WYLIAN, Erwin Hann Par 100e 4 months Sov
born 11 Jul 18 Superior StGB, Par 7 annex imprisonment Zone
in Vassahkayan, Land Court 7 annex suspended IS
county Vylau (4) OJs Status on probation
Minden/Weser 2/62 of Forces
W.Gem 9 Jan 1963 Agreement F.G.I.S.

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267	<u>ZIMMERMANN, Inge</u> born 29 Oct 27 in Leipzig <u>Germ</u> A <u>Lannover</u> <u>Vord.-Volbruchtst</u> <u>31 W Germ</u>	Celle Superior Land Court OJs 121/62 21 Feb 1963	Par 100 e StGB	<u>2 years</u> <u>imprisonment</u>	Sev Zone IS
				<u>EGIS</u>	
268	<u>SIPPEL, Juergen</u> born 21 May 41 in Leipzig <u>Germ</u> <u>Hesselbach</u> <u>Odenwald W Germ</u>	Stuttgart Superior Land Court 2 OJs 32/62 21 Feb 1963	Par 100e sec 1 StGB	<u>6 months</u> <u>imprisonment</u>	Sev Zone IS
				<u>EGIS</u>	
269	<u>SOSCHKE, Heina</u> born 10 Jul 39 in <u>Paris Germ</u> without permanent residence	Celle Superior Land Court OJs 115/63 17 Dec 1963	Par 100 e StGB	<u>4 months</u> <u>imprisonment</u>	Sev Zone IS
				<u>EGIS</u>	

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33.

3 DEC. 1964

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32 W-5-13/8

3428

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... Radiotelephone Set
... Demarcation Line Area
... depending on altitude of location,
... (in case)

22P



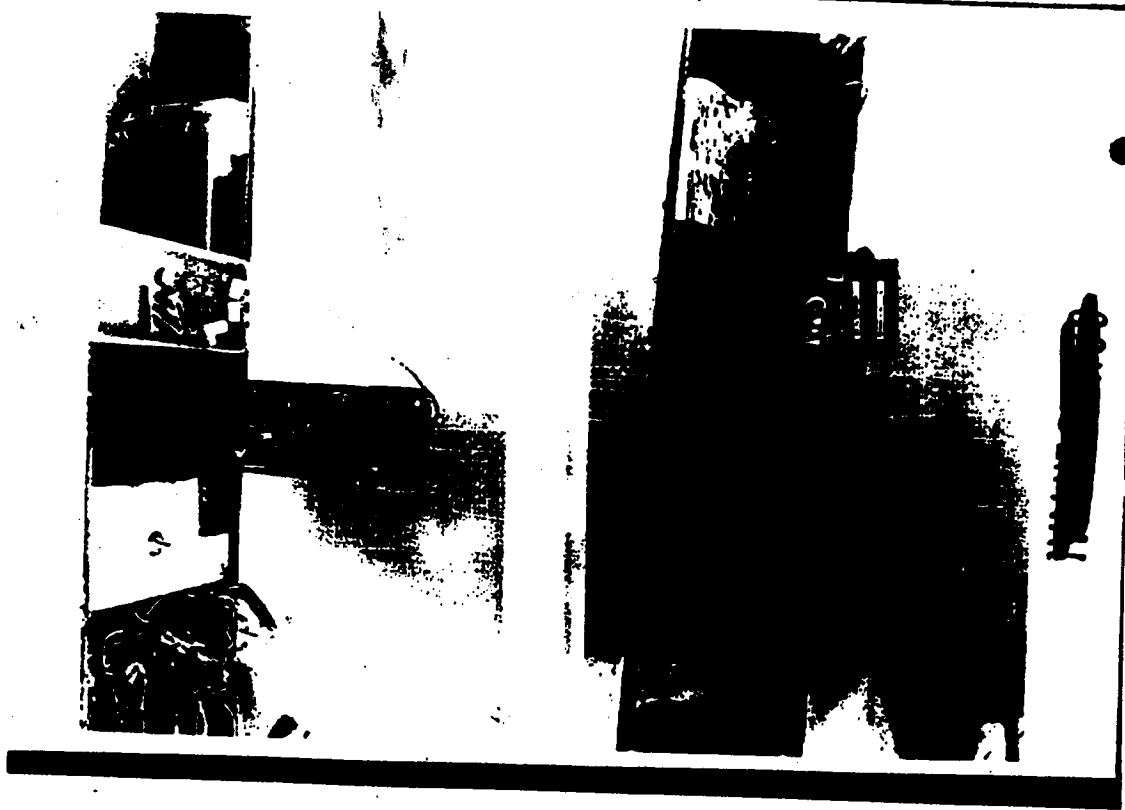
3 DEC 1961
321W-5

3429



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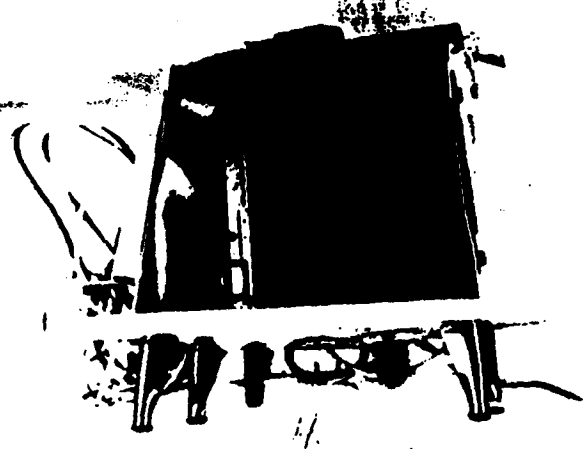
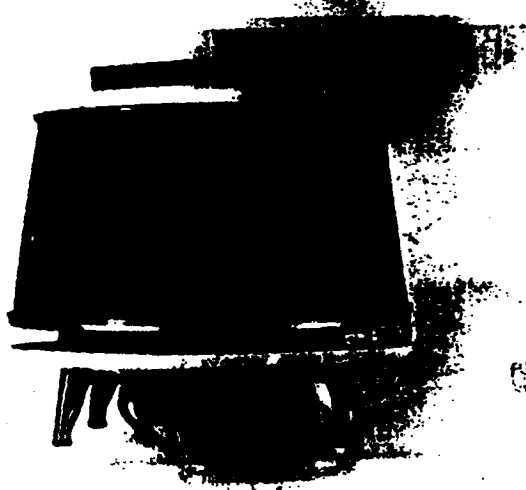
Service-transmitter disguised as
operated by Remote Control.
(This Case)



3431

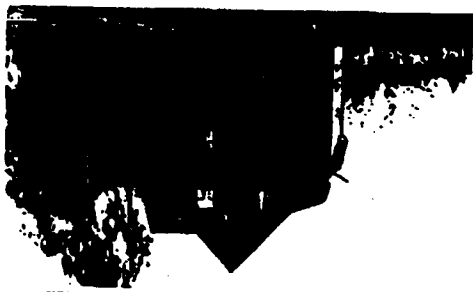
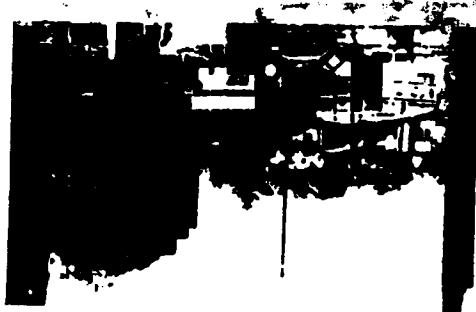
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...ment for Intelligence
(HPS Case)



3432

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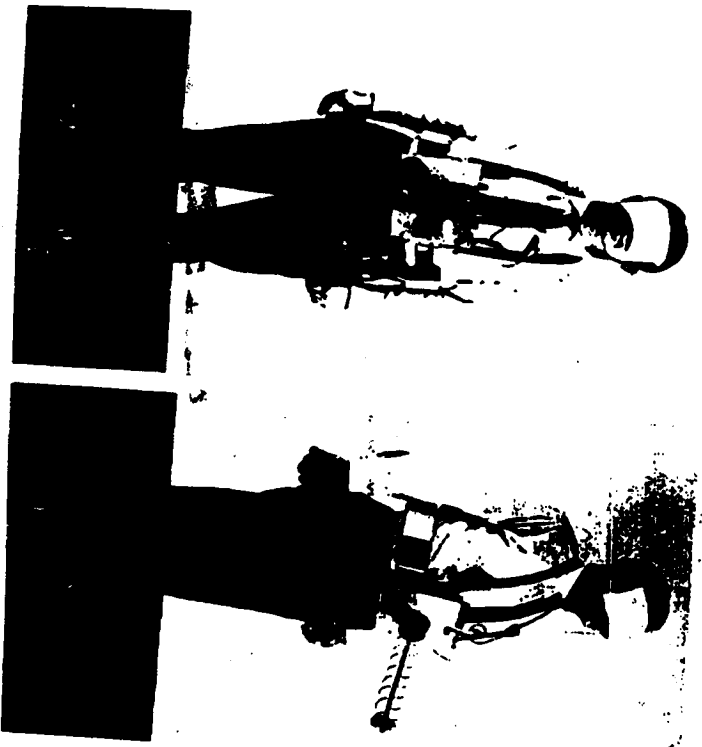
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BEST AVAILABLE COPY

SEHE



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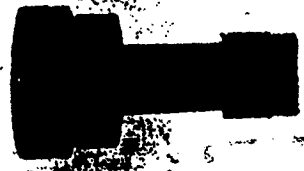


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... of photocopied detail has been
... and other unclassified records.
... was destroyed, if the cover shown on
... (unless noted) was unclassified; removal of
... be properly effected by

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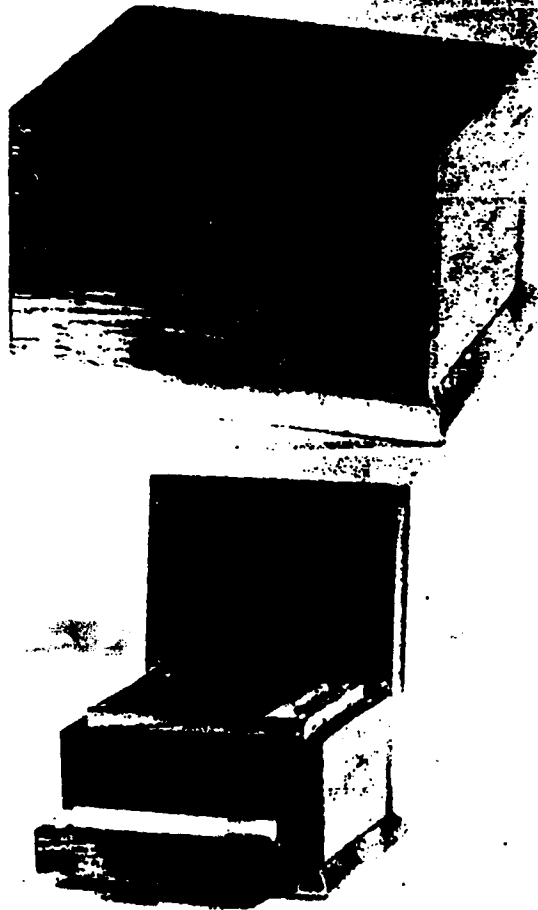
BEHE

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... with Double Bottom as Intelligence
Concealment (HIS Case)



... which serves for opening
... ..

3439

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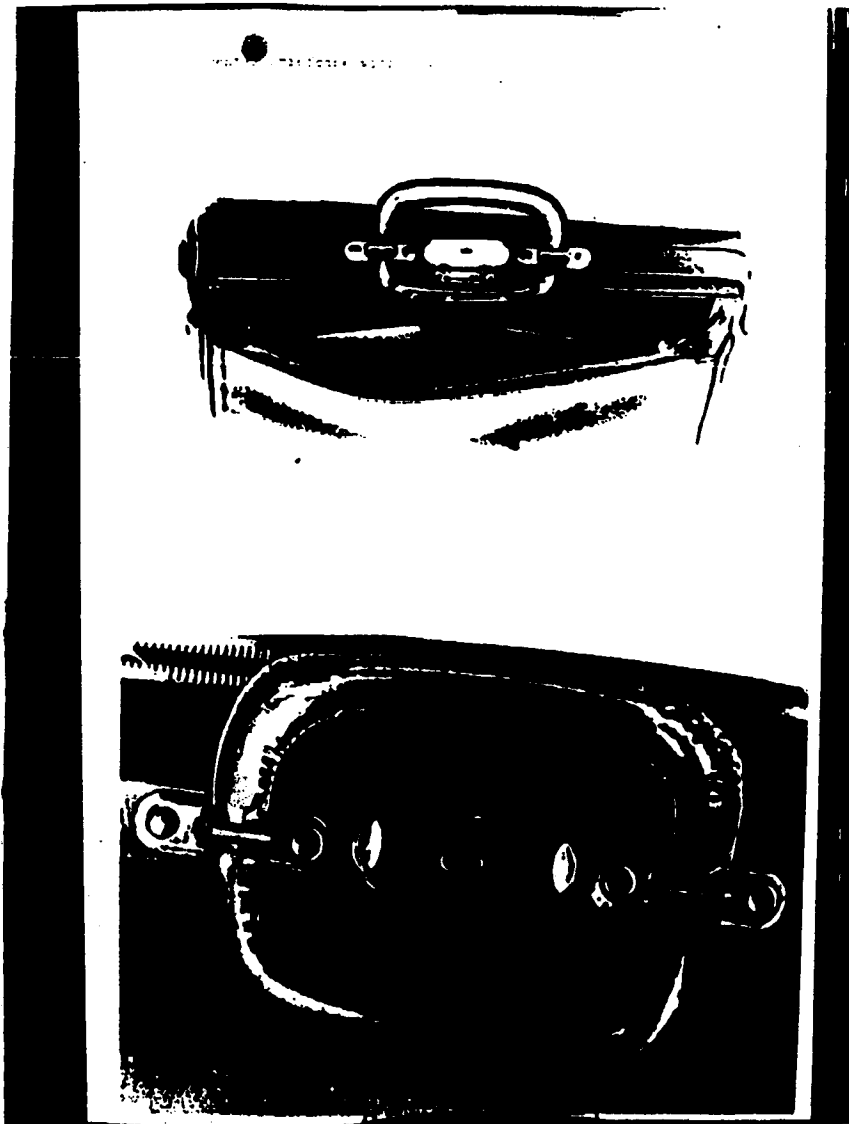
Safety Device in the Bottom of the Cigarette Dispenser



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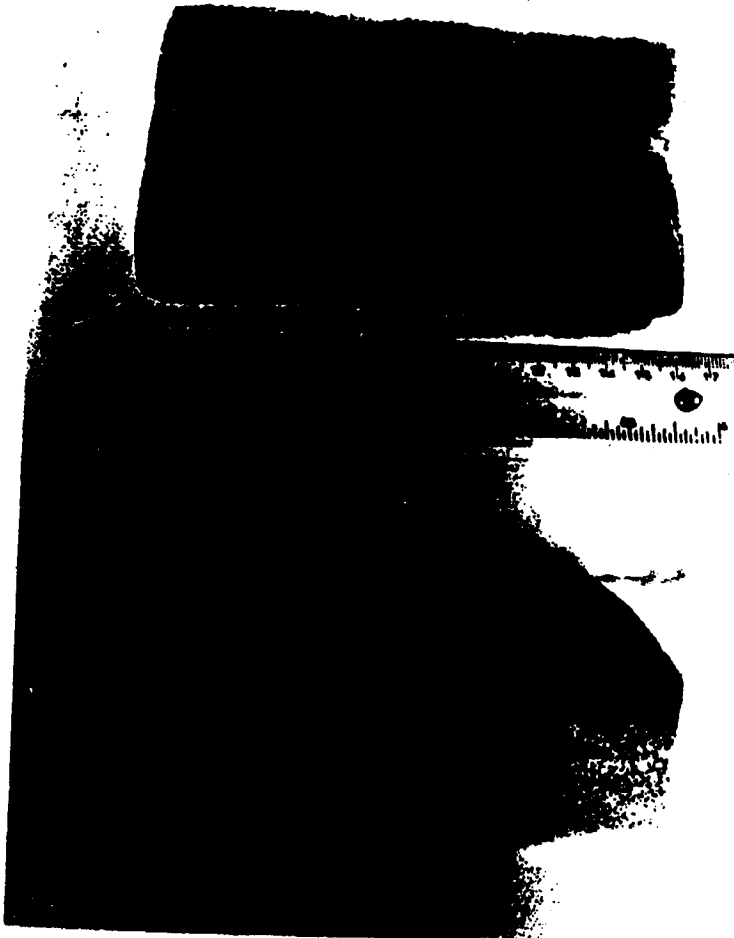
2442

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EhE



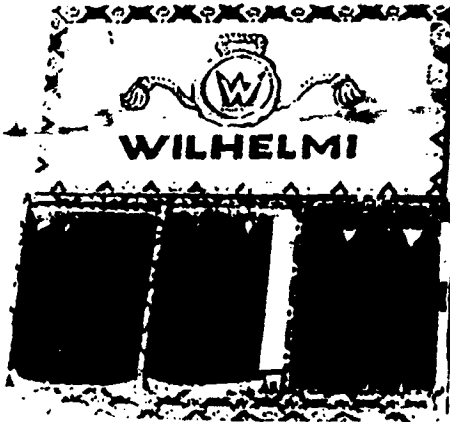
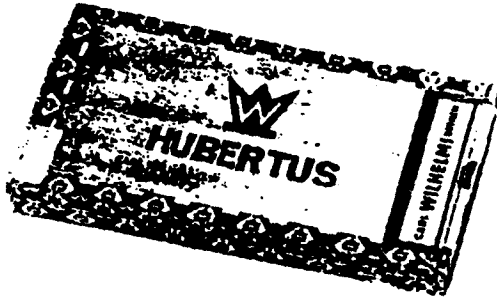
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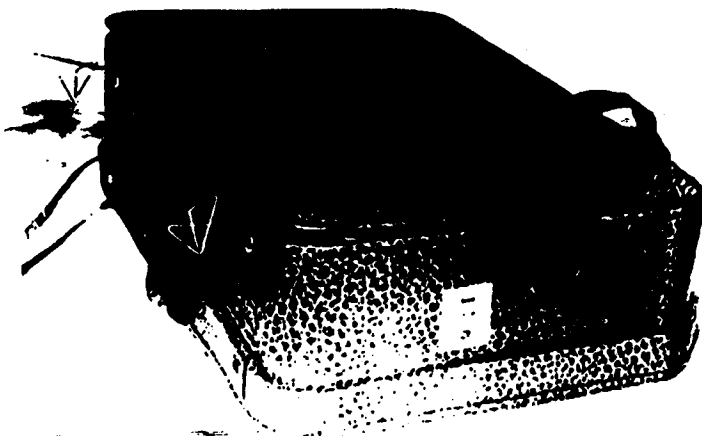
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LHHE



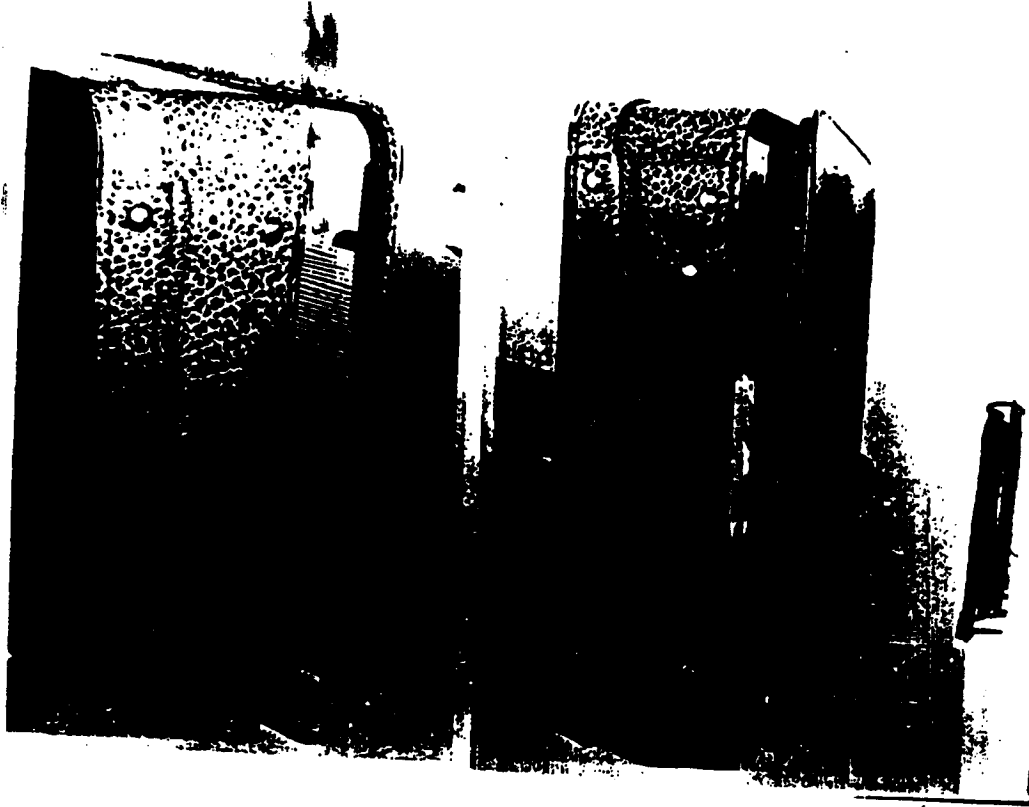
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... as a Means to Transport Intelligence
Material. (MIS Case)



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copy of a dead letter drop
containing approximately 100 35mm photographs
of the same size.



22.

NA-28479

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