

COORDINATE REMOTE VIEWING TRAINING (CRVT)

CRVT Report: 958

DATE/TIME CONDUCTED: 021310 Nov82

SOURCE #: 63

FILE #: 14

SITE: Cayambe Glacier, Equador

EVALUATION: Valid S1, S2
Good work

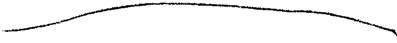
7074
2 NOV 82
1310

78° W

Con Break

0° S

78° W

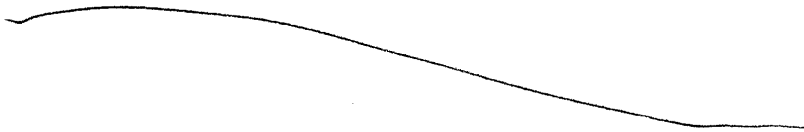


Hot Break

Equator

0° S

78° W



A flow is

B-

S-2 cold

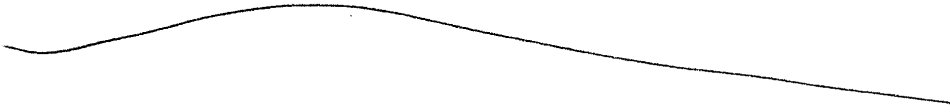
0° S

78° W



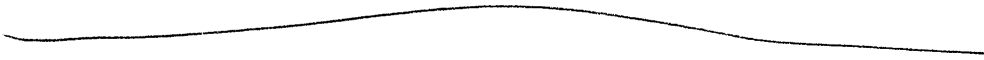
A flow is
B water of
S-2 cold

0°S
78°W



A Com Break

0°S
78°W



A smooth
B land

S-Z
Smooth^c
light brown^{CFB}
dry
hot
sunny^{CFB}
open^c
large similar
area
Narrowing^{CFB}
green^c
white^c

Con Beach

Sun land
- smooth
- open
- green

Flowing water (FB)
Cold c
smooth land c
open
green
white

Aol Beach

Snow C

0°S
78°W

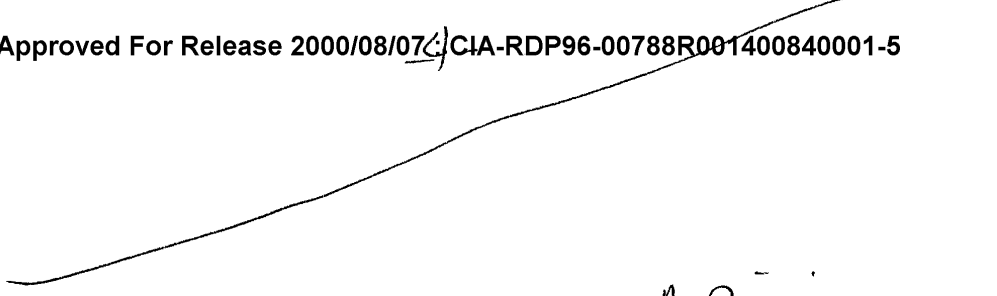


A Riv
B land

S-2

smooth c
white c
windy c
cold c
Popples (FB)
Ridge lines & Valley

0°S
78°W



A Rise
B mtn c

5-2 cold
mtn range
with
gray
high

Pol Beak
Am des

0°S
78°W



A Rising 40 ft
B mtn

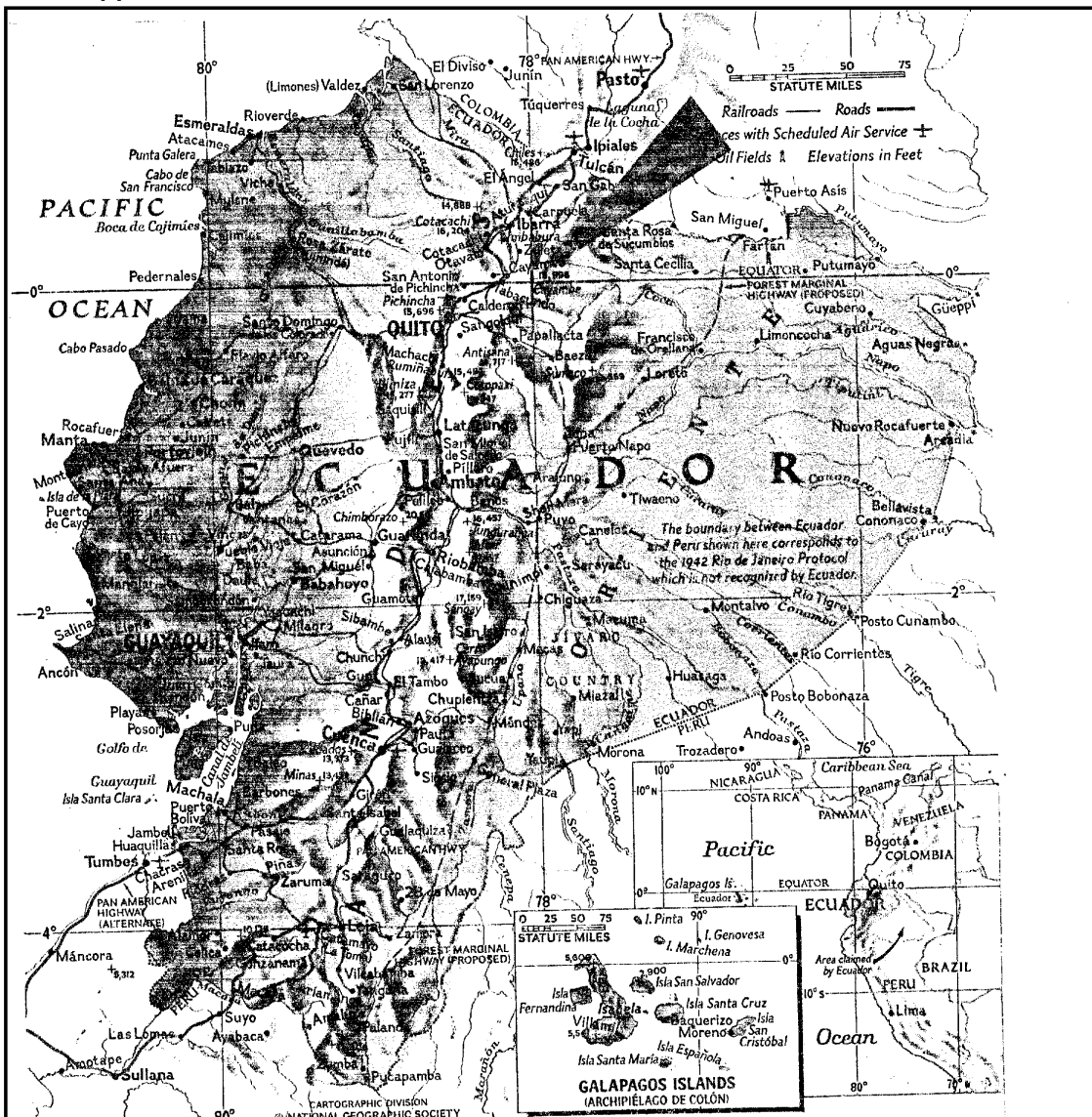
A flat
B land
5-2 gray
green



Aol Beach
Nepal

Sunn.

glacier
Site



THOUGH NAMED for the Equator it straddles. Colorado-size Ecuador contains most of earth's climates, including polar cold, within its 400-mile breadth and four-mile height. Volcano-spined Andean highlands wall off low jungle and desert along the Pacific Ocean from steaming Amazon headwaters in the remote interior to the east.



Once the northern bastion of the Inca Empire, Ecuador has known three centuries of clustered rule by Spain and 146 years of independence marked by tempestuous politics.

Much of the raw eastern jungle formerly claimed by Ecuador has been ceded to Colombia and Brazil; the nation currently disputes 70,000 square miles held by Peru. Ecuador's eerie Galapagos Islands shelter strange forms of life.

AREA: 104,506 square miles. POPULATION: 5,500,000; 40% Indian (mainly in highlands and jungle), 10% white (mostly Spanish), 10% Negro (concentrated in coastal cities), and 40% mestizo and mulatto. LANGUAGE: Spanish; Quechua and other Indian tongues. RELIGION: Roman Catholic. ECONOMY: 50% of people engaged in agriculture: bananas, coffee, cacao, rice, beef, balsa; some light industry, mining, oil. CHIEF CITIES: Guayaquil (population 650,000), seaport; Quito (450,000), capital; Cuenca (61,000), trade.

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THE EQUATOR



CAYAMBE

Children of the Ear 7,000-foot-high San Antonio de Pichincha, Marisol Lema (above) Ecuador's Equatorial Monument, which proclaims 0 degrees, 0' seconds. Only 30 miles east but 7,000 feet higher, snow falls a latitude on José María Sempul, Jr. and his dog as they guard the author's expedition to Cayambe, whose lofty slopes spawn tactor to cross the Equator (pages 274-5).

EXHIBITS OF NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY

Striding earth's beltline in the Northern Hemisphere over in the Southern, Jack Cook crosses 18,996-foot Cayambe. Mist wrecks figures of other climbers on a rippling as they circle toward the sun gleaming beyond the cleft at left. A river of ice lies only 40 miles from mountainers traverse its fissures to explore this highest peak on the



Masked against zero cold against dazzling sunlight, Jack, Cliff, and Romulo Pazmino pause here at the 18,000-foot level on Cotacachi later they ascended the remaining, making 16-year-old Cook or youngest climbers ever to conquer. Distant Cayambe, Ecuador, 7,000 feet above sea level, is visible through clouds over the

