The Director of Central Intemgence Washington, D.C. 20505

Arms Control Intelligence Staff

ACIS M377/89 17 October 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR:	Director of Central Intelligence Deputy Director of Central Intelligence	
FROM:	Chief, Multilateral Negotiations Group Arms Control Intelligence Staff	25X1 STAT
SUBJECT:	Correspondence Between Congressman Aspin and Secretary Cheney on Declassifying Information on Soviet Tank Production	25X1 STAT
1. Action	Requested: None. This is for your information.	SIAI
Aspin and Secret CIA officers can Secretary's resp copies to the ap	tached exchange of letters between Congressman Lestary of Defense Cheney was passed to us so that a comment on the factual portion of the conse to the Congressman. (I have already given opropriate people in the Office of Soviet Analysis of Imagery Analysis.)	
provide unclass: Congressman cou- claims that they Congressman refe information and also turned down	ef, Congressman Aspin asked the Secretary to ified or declassified information so that the ld discuss in some detail and confirm the Soviet have substantially cut tank production. (The ers to his request to the DCI for declassified to Mr. Kerr's refusal.) Secretary Cheney has a the request for unclassified information, but he sed the issue of Soviet tank production by using commation.	25X1 STAT
Attachments		
	ector for Intelligence	

Director, Office of Imagery Analysis

Director, National Photographic Interpretation Center

Chief, Arms Control Intelligence Staff Director, Office of Congressional Affairs

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MEMORANDUM FOR DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: SecDef Response to Aspin Letter (U)

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(S) After yesterday's meeting, I spoke with Mr. Hadley. He laid out for me the kind of letter he wants, stressing in particular the broader context in which we ought to view the tank production figures. He also stated that he understood the difficulties of declassifying the information Aspin wants. I stressed there was an ENP draft; he said that he wanted me, in the absence of Matheny, to do the letter. Accordingly, I have drafted a response, based on our discussion yesterday and Jay's original memo. I expect the folks upstairs to reconcile the two drafts (for which I apologize to Jay). Please give me your comments ASAP, no later than 1300, 17 October 1989. Mr. Hadley has also asked that the letter be sent for review to the

Sherman Garnett
Deputy Director for
European Security Negotiations

Attachments:
Aspin Letter
ESN Draft Response

Distribution:

Jay Savage, OSD/ISP/ENP, 1D469 David Epstein, OSD/NA, 3A930

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Honorable Les Aspin House of Representatives Chairman, House Armed Services Committee Washington, DC 20515

Dear Les:

. (U) Thank you for your letter of October 11 regarding Soviet tank production, as well as for the advance copy of your Committee Delegation's report on its visit to East Germany and the Soviet Union last August. It is clear that you and your delegation were witnesses to a wide variety of military activities formerly closed to outside observers of any sort, let alone officials of the United States. I experienced similar frankness in my discussions with General Yazov. However, while such contacts are profoundly encouraging, it remains to be seen whether the changes they augur will be as sweeping or long-lasting as we all wish.

(S/NF) As part of your letter, you asked specifically whether DoD could confirm "that Soviet tank production had declined sharply to a level that, if continued, would be very close to what Marshal Akhromeyev projected, and was, in fact, at a somehwat lower rate than would be necessary to fulfill recent Soviet claims about tank production levels in the 1990s." I regret to say that I cannot provide such confirmation. In the first place, primary authority for declassification of specific figures and estimates resides with the President and the National Intelligence Board. In the second place, I could not support a projection of Soviet tank production rates that appears at variance with the facts as I know them.

(S/NF) As you are aware, the Soviets have five tank production facilities:

The latter facility is largely an R&D center

In 1988, the Intelligence Community estimated Soviet tank production at

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This year's first quarter estimate remained on line with the production rate of 1988. However, in June, it was apparent that the production rate had fallen and that only been produced during the first half of 1989. Production rates have dropped further since. June. DIA now estimates that 1989 tank production is consistent with Akhromeyev's claim of 1700. I presented my views on Akhromeyev's estimate during my television interview on August 25, 1989.

(S/NF) However, according to DIA estimates, if production were to continue in 1990 at the lower rate of the end of the year, it would result in an annual Soviet production of between 1300 and 1500 tanks, not the 850 of some Soviet statements. In my meeting with General Yazov, he indicated that Soviet tank production could fall to about 800 in the course of the next five years. Whether they reach this target is still a matter for the future. In my view, whatever the production figures for the next few years, there are several important factors that put even a significant decline in Soviet production into a more sober perspective

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- -- First, at the present time, there has been no change in the Soviet production capacity, just the annual output. No facilities have been shut down; no production lines have been transformed to civilian needs. The capacity for surging back to the old rates remains. Ethe Soviets want to reduce their production rates to levels such as the Soviet CFE negotiator cites (and to reap significant benefits to the civilian economy), they will probably have to take a facility out of tank production and redirect its output to something else. However, such a transformation is a slow process, more likely to appear, if at all, as part of the thirteenth Five Year Plan in 1991.
- -- Second, the production rates for main battle tanks, armored combat vehicles and artillery and mortars since 1985 have been of such a magnitude that they can afford significant reductions for years to come without harm to their military capabilities. From 1985-1989, the Soviet Union has increased its productions of these systems 500, 1050 and 50% respectively. I recognize that ongoing efforts at political and economic reform in the Soviet Union aimed at defusing the current crisis dictate some military cutbacks. However, i believe these are easier for the military to accept given the build-up that has preceeded these production cuts.
- -- Finally, we do not yet understand the full import of the restructuring of the Soviet military. However, these parallel changes in Soviet military doctrine, force structure, training and equipment will ultimately determine whether the Soviets are creating the "leaner and meaner" military many fear or are engaged in a redefinition of military means and aims that significantly alters Soviet capabilities in Europe. The Soviet CFE proposal implies a wilingness to live with somewhere close to 14,000 tanks in the Atlantic-to-the-Urals region after a CFE treaty is implemented. Production rates at even their current reduced levels would lead to full replacement in 9-10 years. We also do not know to what extent the Soviets have shifted emphasis from new production to retrofitting old systems with significant imporvements of armor, power and armament.

(S/NF) In the great fog of change, it is difficult to know with certainty how the landscape appears. We estimate as best we can. In my talks with Marshal Akhromeyev and General Yazov, both indicated to me that our previous estimates for 1988 production of tanks were "very close."

I would be happy to provide you with a DIA briefing on the methodology we currently employ in tracking tank production in the Soviet Union.

(S) The foregoing letter has made plain some of my concerns, both with the tendency to overestimate the extent of a slackening in military effort in the USSR and the need to place ongoing changes in the broader context of past performance and future uncertainties. The provided this letter has provided you with some insight into my thinking on this issue. I would like to close by thanking you again for the advanced coipy of your report, which should provide insights that will help me to prepare for my own trip to the Soviet Union in the future.

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U.S. House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Washington, DC 20515

ONE HUNDRED FIRST CONGRESS

LES ASPIN. WISCONSIN. CHAIRMAN

11 October 1989

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Honorable Richard B. Chenev Secretary of Defense Washington, D.C. 20301

Dear Dick,

As you know, Marshal Sergey Akhromeyev, former Chief of the Soviet military's General Staff, testified before the House Armed Services Committee on July 21, 1989. During his appearance, Akhromeyev stated that the Soviet Union would produce 1,700 tanks in 1989. If true, this would represent a sharp reduction from D.I.A.'s public estimate that the Soviets produced 3,500 tanks in 1988.

In mid-September we received a briefing from the Intelligence Community assessing what the committee had learned during its trip to the Soviet Union in August about the manner in which the Soviet Union was implementing the unilateral force reductions announced by Mr. Gorbachev on December 7. incidentally, I have attached an advance copy of our trip report which I think you might find interesting and useful.

During this briefing, we also learned that Soviet tank production had dropped sharply in mid-July and, if continued, would total about 1,700 for this year. Moreover, during this past week, as a member of the arms control observer group led by Rep. Dick Gephardt, I was told by the chief Soviet negotiator, Oleg Grinevskiy, that Soviet tank production in 1990 would be 52 percent of what it was in 1989. I understand that Defense Minister Yazov made similar statements during his recent visit here.

I am sure that you will agree that a drop in Soviet tank production or all. this magnitude is an amazing and important development. I also am sure that you can understand the committee's -- and my -- great interest in these Consequently, in a letter on 21 September 1989, I asked William webster for permission to state publicly that U.S. intelligence sources have confirmed that Soviet tank production has indeed dropped sharply, and. assuming that the current rate is maintained, that Akhromeyev's statement to the committee is being borne out.

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Unfortunately, my request was denied. While confirming that Soviet production has indeed dropped in the manner described above, Richard Kerras Acting Director of Central Intelligence, decided that the Intelligence Community in principle preferred not to provide official confirmation. In fact, Mr. Kerr suggested that since you had addressed this issue publicly that we use the formulation that you used in your television appearance of August 25, 1989.

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However, I would like to address the issue in somewhat more detail, in particular indicating that Soviet tank production had declined sharply to a level that, if continued, would be very close to what Marshal Akhromeyev projected, and was, in fact, at a somewhat lower rate than would be necessary to fulfill recent Soviet claims about tank production levels in 1990. Consequently, I would like your permission to state publicly that Department of Defense sources confirm the previous statement.

I hope that you will give my request serious consideration. I believe that the direct exchanges between the committee and Soviet officials, especially our new relationship with the newly formed Defense and State Security Committee, have been fruitful and served our national interests. I believe that a statement along the lines I have described would reinforce the importance of these direct contacts and maintain the momentum we have established.

I hope that we will have chance to chat about our Soviet contacts some time soon. I would like to hear how your visit with General Yazov went and I would be interested in your reaction to our report. I expect that conference issues will prevent this in the near future, but we should take the time to do it.

Sincerely.

Les Aspi Chairman

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