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- 1. The attached charts, prepared informally on the basis of various unclassified materials, is designed to clarify the pattern of Soviet bloc aims and tactics in the newly-emerging countries.
- 2. These charts list typical Soviet bloc actions on the unofficial as well as the official plane in support of Soviet objectives at various stages in the development of a newly-emerging country. The charts illustrate:
 - the correlation between official and unofficial bloc actions;
- the importance which economic diplomacy plays among the many influences which the <u>bloc</u> brings to bear on a target country;
- the careful adaptation of Soviet <u>bloc</u> official and unofficial moves to the particular stage of the target country's political development;
- the preparation by the <u>bloc</u> and local Communists of progressively impreved tactical positions.
- 3. This presentation singles out the salient features of <u>bloc</u> policies and tactics in respect of newly-emerging states. It selects certain important stages in the development of an emergent nation and lists the aims and the actions of the <u>bloc</u> which experience has shown to be characteristic of <u>bloc</u> policy in each of these stages. The charts are not intended as a description of any particular country, nor as a prediction of the success or failure of any given course of <u>bloc</u> action. Horeover, the list of Soviet moves and aims is neither exhaustive nor categorical: Soviet tactics are subject to considerable variation depending upon local and international circumstances, and changing Soviet imperatives. In short, a variety of considerations and conflicting priorities will cause deviations from the pattern set out in the charts.
- 4. There is, nevertheless, a coherent pattern to <u>bloc</u> action that reflects long-term Communist objectives, among which the following are paramount:
- to undermine the position of the West in the underdeveloped regions, and thereby hasten the "disintegration of Capitalism";
- to promote the growth of Communist influence and progressive control over a given target country, the neighboring region, and the underdeveloped areas of the world.