U.S. Said to Fear Lisbon Shift to Left

By Miguel Acoca Special to The Washington Post

LISBON—Secretary State Henry Kissinger, apparently skeptical of U.S. Embassy reports from here minimizing the peril of a Communist takeover in Portugal, sent high-level intelligence and diplomatic experts to this Iberian country recently to make indesinger and others in Washings preventing a Communist take leans, Spaniards and American and the singer and others in Washings pendent evaluations.

Informed sources said that Kissinger dispatched Lt. Gen. Vernon Walters, deputy direc Europe domino theory" also tor of the Central Intelligence involving Spain, Italy and Agency, to Lisbon in August for a "personal appraisal." The general, who speaks excel-telligence assessments, press lent Portuguese and is considered a specialist on Portugal, the left in Portugal, and the was in Lisbon from August 9 anxieties of multinational to 12 for meetings with high companies with interests in nior U.S. embassy staffers.

The CIA would not comment on the persistent reports fears that the emergence of of Walters' visit, refusing even the Portuguese Communists to confirm that it took place. A CIA spokesman said that the agency never comments on the travels of its top personnel.

Two weeks ago, Kissinger sent a four-man State Depart ment mission to Lisbon for still another independent review of Portugal's future course, the sources said. The group, headed by Alan Lukens, director of the department's Iberian section, included Robert Ryan, a department monetary expert, and Portugal with senior Spanish Michael Samuels, an authority military and civilian authorion Portugal's African colonies. The identity of the fourth mission member was not dis closed.

The pro-Soviet Portuguese an important factor in Portugal since the right-wing, prorunning the country since trial urban centers and the Rightists took the nists a Cabinet post and full Generalissimo participation in the country's Franco. new military-controlled govand popularity of the Commu-CIA's director, but sources nists derives from their long said that he had merely stopunderground fight against the ped in Madrid on his way east. dictatorship, which had out One source however, pointed lawed the party.

sources said that the Lukens has risen in U.S. priority. group diverged from the em-

ton were obsessed with the fear that Portugal will be the first country to go Communist in what was called "a southern Greece. This fear apparently has been fed by pessimistic inreports stressing the power of government officials and se. Portugal and its African colonies.

> Washington apparently following the fall of the dictatorship will be duplicated in powers. He sought to curb neighboring Spain, the last re-leftist-controlled press and to rope.

> Since his visit to Portugal, Walters has also been in Spain for secret talks with high Spanish officials, the sources said. The CIA deputy director's latest visit reportedly mes, the armed forces chief took place two weeks ago when he had a briefing on

Spanish and U.S. officials are known to be concerned by the potential for Communist infiltration from Portugal, Communist Party has become which has a long and hard-toguard border with Spain. The Portuguese press, aggravated U.S. dictatorship which ruled banned in Spain since the end Portugal for 48 years was de- of the civil war in 1939, but it ist countercoup during the posed in April. The young mit- has remained a major clandes. crisis which culminated in Spithen have given the Commu-backbone of opposition to mean that United States was

Another recent 'visitor to ernment. Much of the strength Spain was William Colby, the the CIA with Portuguese right

While nothing could be high U.S. intelligence official began to appear throughout learned of the thrust of Wal-could become more frequent Lisbon as the crisis develors' report to Kissinger, has risen in U.S. priority.

Many Portuguese rightists with anti-CIA slogans. bassy's appraisal. The extent who fled following the popuof the differences was not dis- list military coup in April are Security Command, led by closed, but sources said that now living in exile in Madrid. Brig. Gen. Otelo de Carvalho the embassy's reporting had Some have been beating a began to track torcigners comgrown more cautious as a repath to the U.S. embassy in ing into Portugal, particularly sult.

Madrid to lobby for their street of the control of the views and to plead for help in anti-Castro Cuban exiles. Chi-

> ates still living in Portugal are also said to be seeking to influence the United States.

Informed sources here said that during Walters' visit in August, he met with Gen. Antonio de Spinola, then provisional president. At the time, Spinola, a conservative, was locked in a struggle for power with populist Premier Vasco Goncalves and the coordinating committee of the Armed Forces Movement.

Spinola resigned Sept. 20 after failing to win a bid for one-man rule and martial-law Communist activities and the maining pro-American rightist increase his control over the government in Western Eu-decolonization of Portugal's African colonies.

> Both U.S. and Portuguese government sources have privately confirmed meeting with Spinola, and a subsequent conference with Gen. Francisco da Costa Gowho succeeded Spinola.

High-ranking revolutionary: military officers have claimed; repeatedly that there are at least 100 CIA agents operating in Portugal, striving to create "another Chile."

The news that Walters had been in Portugal, reported in August and September in the Communist Party has been the fears of leftists of a right-

Rightists took the visit to Francisco casing is lot with Spinola and his ideas.

Leaflets and posters linking

The special Revolutionary cans. This led to a series of Conservatives and moder raids on luxury hotels here.

Also placed under surveil-lance was the Brazilian embassy, which security officials suspect of being a conduit for counter revolutionary activ-

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