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GREEK SEES PLOT IN K.A.L. DOWNING

Papandreou Charges Korean Passenger Jet Was on Spy Mission for the U.S.

ATHENS, Oct. 3 (UPI) — Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou charged today that a Korean Air Lines Boeing 747 that was downed over Soviet territory by a Soviet warplane last year was on a spy mission for the United States.

"It is now a fact that it was carrying out a spying mission for the American C.I.A. and that it had actually violated Soviet airspace to spy on targets," he told members of Parliament from his ruling Pan-Hellenic Socialist Movement.

The speech was made public by the Greek Information Ministry. In it, Mr. Papandreou did not offer proof for the accusation, which was similar to one that has been made by the Soviet Union and that the United States has denied.

Last year, Mr. Papandreou refused to join Greece's Western allies in condemning the downing of the Korean airliner on Sept. 1, 1983, in which 269 people were killed.

"On all points where we differed with our allies in NATO and the E.E.C., we were justified. We did not succumb to hysteria," Mr. Papandreou said, referring to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and the European Economic Community.

Accuses Allies of Double Standard

He accused Greece's allies of using a double standard in imposing sanctions on Poland following the declaration of martial law in that country in December, 1981, but not acting against the military regimes in Turkey or Chile.

Mr. Papandreou is scheduled to visit Poland on Oct. 22, when he would become the first NATO head of government to do so since the proclamation of martial law there in December, 1981.

"We condemned the regime in Poland but we stressed the need not to have sanctions," Mr. Papandreou said.

"Turkey did not suffer any sanctions while it was an oppressive military regime, but Turkey belongs to the West. Chile suffers no sanctions imposed by the democratic West. Does Poland suffer only because it belongs to the other side of the dividing line?"

The Prime Minister reiterated that Greece would only resume discussions with Turkey if the Turkish Cypriot declaration of independence issued last November is withdrawn and if Turkey respects Greek rights in disputed areas of the Aegean Sea.