LAWS OF 92nd CONG.-2nd SESS. P.L. 92-581

"(e) Provisions of this section shall be effective only in the cases of members who, on or before June 30, 1975, execute the required

Oct. 27

written agreement to remain in active service."; and (4) by inserting the following new item in the analysis:

Special pay: nuclear-trained and qualified enlisted members.". "312a.

Sec. 2. The provisions of section 7545(e) of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to any gift made after the date of enactment of this Act and prior to January 1, 1973, by the Department of the Navy to the city of Clifton Forge, Virginia, of a Baldwin steam locomotive (No. 606) which is no longer needed by the Navy and which has certain historical significance for the city of Clifton Forge, Virginia.

Approved October 27, 1972.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS—SELECTION OF ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS

For Legislative History of Act, see p. 4767

PUBLIC LAW 92-582; 86 STAT. 1278

[H. R. 12807]

An Act to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 in order to establish Federal policy concerning the selection of firms and individuals to perform architectural, engineering, and related services for the Federal Government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That:

The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 3949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.) 64 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new title:

"TITLE IX-SELECTION OF ARCHITECTS AND **ENGINEERS**

"DEFINITIONS

"Sec. 901. As used in this title-

"(1) The term 'firm' means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity permitted by law to practice the professions of architecture or engineering.

"(2) The term 'agency head' means the Secretary, Administrator, or head of a department, agency, or bureau of the Federal Government.

"(3) The term 'architectural and engineering services' includes those professional services of an architectural or engineering nature as well as incidental services that members of these prefessions and those in their employ may logically or justifiably perform.

"POLICY

"Sec. 902. The Congress hereby declares it to be the policy of the Federal Government to publicly announce all requirements for archi-

64. 40 U.S.C.A. § 471 et seq.

1486

Oct. 27 PUBLIC BUILDINGS

P.L. 92-582

tectural and engineering services, and to negotiate contracts for architectural and engineering services on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualification for the type of professional services required and at fair and reasonable prices.

"Sec. 903. In the procurement of architectural and engineering services, the agency head shall encourage firms engaged in the lawful practice of their profession to submit annually a statement of qualifications and performance data. The agency head, for each proposed project, shall evaluate current statements of qualifications and performance data on file with the agency, together with those that may be submitted by other firms regarding the proposed project, and shall conduct discussions with no less than three firms regarding anticipated concepts and the relative utility of alternative methods of approach for furnishing the required services and then shall select therefrom, in order to preference, based upon criteria established and published by him, no less than three of the firms deemed to be the most highly qualified to provide the services required.

"NEGOTIATION OF CONTRACTS FOR ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES

"Sec. 904. (a) The agency head shall negotiate a contract with the highest qualified firm for architectural and engineering services at compensation which the agency head determines is fair and reasonable to the Government. In making such determination, the agency head shall take into account the estimated value of the services to be rendered, the scope, complexity, and professional nature thereof.

- "(b) Should the agency head be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the firm considered to be the most qualified, at a price he determines to be fair and reasonable to the Government, negotiations with that firm should be formally terminated. The agency head should then undertake negotiations with the second most qualified firm. Failing accord with the second most qualified firm, the agency head should terminate negotiations. The agency head should then undertake negotiations with the third most qualified firm.
- "(c) Should the agency head be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with any of the selected firms, he shall select additional firms in order of their competence and qualification and continue negotiations in accordance with this section until an agreement is reached."

Approved October 27, 1972.

Approved For Release 2008/06/27 : CIA-RDP89-00244R000200260093-5

UNITED STATES CODE ANNOTATED

Title 40

Public Buildings, Property, and Works § 301 to End

Cumulative Annual Pocket Part

Jor Use In 1981

Replacing prior pocket part in back of volume

Includes the Laws of the 96th CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION (1980) through Public Law 96-486, approved December 1, 1980

> For close of Notes of Decisions See page 3

CURRENT LAWS AND LEGISLATIVE HISTORY
Consult

United States Code Congressional and Administrative News

ST. PAUL, MINH.
WEST PUBLISHING CO.

138 U.S.C.A.-1 1980 P.P.

158

990
Section 521. Act June 30, 1949, c. 288, Title VII, \$ 701, as added Aug. 12, 1955, c. 674, \$ 3, 69 Stat. 722, stated congressional declaration of policy regarding Reconstruction Finance Corporation property. Section 522, Act June 30, 1949, c. 288, Title VII, \$ 702, as added Aug. 12, 1955, c. 874, \$ 3, 69 Stat. 722, and amended June 25, 1959, Pub.L. 88-70, \$ 30(b), 73 Stat. 148; July 12, 1960, Pub.L. 86-624, \$ 27(d), 74 Stat. 418, defined the terms State, real property, local taxing authority, real property, local taxing authority, real property tax, Government department, transfer, and Reconstruction Finance Corporation as used in the subchapter.

Section 523, Act June 30, 1949, c. 283, Title VII, \$ 703, as added Aug. 12, 1955, c. 874, \$ 3, 69 Stat. 722, and amended Aug. 1, 1958, Pub.L. 85-579, \$ 1(a), 72 Stat. 456; June 8, 1960, Pub.L. 86-898, \$ 1(a), 74 Stat. 165; Oct. 10, 1962, Pub.L. 87-87, \$ 1(a), 76 Stat. 805; June 29, 1964, Pub.L. 88-330, \$ 1(a), 78 Stat. 226; July 7, 1967, Pub.L. 90-50, \$ 1(a), 81 Stat. 119; Oct. 17, 1970, Pub.L. 91-466, \$ 1(a), 84 Stat. 990, provided for payments by Government department which has custody of real property transferred to it on or after Jan. 1, 1946 from the Reconstruction Finance

Corporation, in lieu of taxes to State and local taxing authorities.

Section 524, Act June 30, 1949, c. 268, Title VII, § 704, as added Aug. 12, 1855, c. 874, § 3, 69 Stat. 723, and amended Aug. 1, 1958, Pub.L. 86-679, § 1(b), 72 Stat. 456; June 8, 1960, Pub.L. 86-498, § 1(b), 74 Stat. 165; Oct. 10, 1962, Pub.L. 87-757, § 1(b), 76 Stat. 805; June 29, 1964, Pub.L. 88-330, § 1(b), 78 Stat. 226; July 7, 1967, Pub.L. 90-50, § 1(b), 81 Stat. 119; Oct. 17, 1970, Pub.L. 91-468, § 1(b), 84 Stat. 900, provided that failure of Government department to make payment authorized by former section 523 of this title would not give rise to any Lenalty or subject the property to any lien or foreclosure, exempted certain categories of real property from payments, and limited liability for any payment in lieu of taxes for any period before Jan. 1, 1955 or after Dec. 21, 1970.

Rifective Date of Repeal. Section 2 of Pub.L. 91-466 provided that Title VII of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 [former sections 521 to 524 of this title] is repealed as of Jan. 1, 1971.

SUBCHAPTER VI-SELECTION OF ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS

§ 541. Definitions

As used in this subchapter

- (1) The term "firm" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity permitted by law to practice the professions of architecture or engineering.
- (2) The term "agency head" means the Secretary, Administrator, or head of a department, agency, or bureau of the Federal Government.
- (3) The term "architectural and engineering services" includes those professional services of an architectural or engineering nature as well as incidental services that members of these professions and those in their employ may logically or justifiably perform.

Approved For Release 2008/06/27: CIA-RDP89-00244R000200260093-5

June 30, 1949, c. 288, Title IX, 5 ..., as added Oct, 27, 1972, Pub.L. 93... 532, 86 Stat. 1278.

Legislative History. For legislative see 1972 U.S.Code Cong. and Adm. News, history and purpose of Pub.L. 92-582, p. 4767.

§ 542. Congressional declaration of policy

The Congress hereby declares it to be the policy of the Federal Government to publicly announce all requirements for architectural and engineering services, and to negotiate contracts for architectural and engineering services on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualification for the type of professional services required and at fair and reasonable prices. June 30, 1949, c. 288, Title IX, § 902, as added Oct. 27, 1972, Pub.L. 92–582, 86 Stat. 1279.

Legislative History. For legislative see 1972 U.S.Code Cong. and Adm.News, history and purpose of Pub.L. 92-582, p. 4767.

§ 548. Requests for data on architectural and engineering services

In the procurement of architectural and engineering services, the agency head shall encourage firms engaged in the lawful practice of their profession to submit annually a statement of qualifications and performance data. The agency head, for each proposed project, shall evaluate current statements of qualifications and performance data on file with the agency, together with those that may be submitted by other firms regarding the proposed project, and shall conduct discussions with no less than three firms regarding anticipated concepts and the relative utility of alternative methods of approach for furnishing the required services and then shall select therefrom, in order of preference, based upon criteria established and published by him, no less than three of the firms deemed to be the most highly qualified to provide the services required.

June 30, 1949, c. 288, Title IX, § 903, as added Oct. 27, 1972, Pub.L. 92-582, 86 Stat. 1279.

Legislative History. For legislative see 1972 U.S.Code Cong. and Adm.News, history and purpose of Pub.L. 92-582, p. 4767.

§ 544. Negotiation of contracts for architectural and engineering services

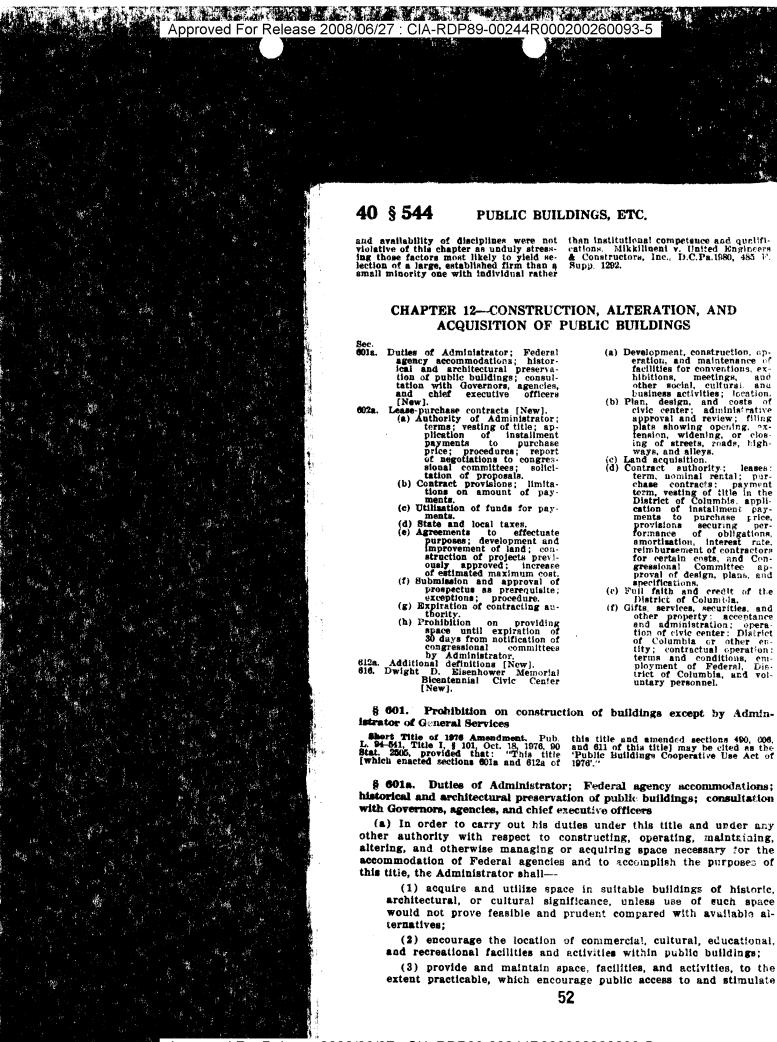
- (a) The agency head shall negotiate a contract with the highest qualified firm for architectural and engineering services at compensation which the agency head determines is fair and reasonable to the Government. In making such determination, the agency head shall take into account the estimated value of the services to be rendered, the scope, complexity, and professional nature thereof.
- (b) Should the agency head be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the firm considered to be the most qualified, at a price he determines to be fair and reasonable to the Government, negotiations with that firm should be formally terminated. The agency head should then undertake negotiations with the second most qualified firm. Failing accord with the second most qualified firm, the agency head should terminate negotiations. The agency head should then undertake negotiations with the third most qualified firm.
- (c) Should the agency head be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with any of the selected firms, he shall select additional firms in order of their competence and qualification and continue negotiations in accordance with this section until an agreement is reached.

 June 30, 1949, c. 288, Title IX, § 904, as added Oct. 27, 1972, Pub.L. 92-582, 86 Stat. 1279.

Legislative History. For legislative history and purpose of Pub.L. 92-582, see 1972 U.S.Code Cong. and Adm.News, p. 4767.

1. Factors considered Factors which were used in fulfilling 1. quirement to negotiate contracts for ar-

chitectural and engineering services on basis of demonstrated confidence and qualifications for type of professional services required and which included institutional maturity, organisational framework, management plaus and approach, management group experience,



1051

PUBLAC BUILDINGS, ETC.

40 § 805

CHAPTER 10-MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF **GOVERNMENT PROPERTY**

8 542. Congressional declaration of policy

1. Orant-funded procurements

Architectural and engineering procurement procedures contained in sections 543 and 544 of this title, mandatory for federal procurements for such architectural and engineering services, were not per se

applicable to procurements by the Licking County Regional Planning Commission, a grantee under a community development grant by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1680, 59 Comp.Gen. 251.

CHAPTER 16-GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

756a. Retention of surplus generated from operation of General Suply Fund [New].

§ 754. Redistribution of Administrator's functions

1. Office space
Neither the All Writs Act, section 1651
of Title 28, nor the Declaratory Judgment Act, section 2201 of Title 28, conferred subject-matter jurisdiction upon district court to hear bankruptcy judge's

suit to compel the General Services Administration to afford him a certain amount of space for the performance of his official duties. Votolato v. Freeman, district court to hear bankruptcy judge's

D.C.N.H.1981, 8 B.R. 766.

§ 756. General Supply Fund

Additional Increases in General Supply Fund. 1981—Pub.L. 97-12, Title I, § 112, June 5, 1981, 95 Stat. 75.

§ 756a. Retention of surplus generated from operation of General Supply Fund

The Administrator of the General Services Administration is authorized after June 5, 1981, to retain from any surplus generated from the operation of the General Supply Fund such sums as may be necessary to maintain a sufficient level of inventory of personal property to meet the needs of the Federal agencies.

Pub.L. 97-12, Title I, § 112, June 5, 1981, 95 Stat. 75.

Codification. Section was enacted as of the Federal Property and Administra-part of the Supplemental Appropriations tive Services Act of 1949, which enacted and Rescission Act, 1981, and not as part this chapter.

CHAPTER 17A-ALASKA FEDERAL-CIVILIAN ENERGY **EFFICIENCY SWAP**

88 795 to 795d

[For text, see 1980 Laws Special Pamphlet]

CHAPTER 18-NATIONAL VISITOR CENTER FACILITIES; CAPITOL GUIDE SERVICE

§ 809. Steam for Union Station-National Visitor Center Complex; contract; costs

[For text. see 1980 Laws Special Pamphlet]