Declassified in Part - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2011/11/25 : CIA-RDP86T01017R000606120001-5

Central Intelligence Agency

Washington, D. C. 20505

DATE 6/17/86 FILE DOC NO EA M 86-20076	Washington, D. C. 20
ocr <u>3</u>	
P&PD _	

&PD		
	DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE	
	16 June 1986	
	Japan: Debating New Loans to Mexico	25 X 1
	Summary	
	As its financial troubles have worsened, Mexico has begun to view Japan, which courted the Mexicans actively during their boom years in oil production, as an increasingly important source of funds. Mexico City has requested that Tokyo provide \$1 billion in project loans, but Japanese willingness to do so depends on a number of factors—including the attitude of the United States and the ability of the Mexican Government to come to an agreement on a balance—of—payments support package with the IMF. In our judgment, Mexico's large oil reserves and its proximity to the crucial US market will work in Mexico's favor as the Japanese consider the \$1 billion request. The Japanese have already agreed to fund some of the proposed projects, but we do not expect quick action on the remainder.	25X1
nform Juerie	nemorandum was prepared by nation available as of 16 June 1986 was used in its preparation. Comments and s are welcome and may be directed to the Chief, Japan Branch, Northeast Asia on, OEA	25X1 25X1 25X1
	EA M 86-20076	20/(1
		25 X 1

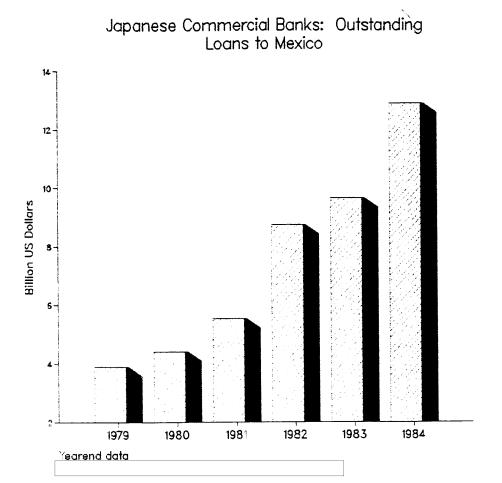
25X1

				•
Mexico Looks	to Japan			
shortage of for our most recer cover their fina Mexico sees Ja 1986as a like	reign exchange exact nt estimate, Mexico ancial needs—for 19 apan—with a currer ely source of such 19	cerbated by the red's net new money 986 may surpass \$ nt account surplus funds. Moreover, t	rces of funds to help it of cent fall in oil prices. Ac requirements—that is, ne 8 billion if oil prices rema expected to reach \$75–8 the Japanese hold almost try's second most import	cording to w loans to ain low. D billion in one-fifth
bilateral credits projects\$500 steel plant, and probably hopes Export-Import	s from Japan. Office of the Pace of the remainder for some of the redirect some of the provide about 70 per 10 pe	erzog was to seek a cially, Mexico is loo cific Pipeline Projec an export develop of the funds to hel M Bank), a semi-ind	son for the April trip to Ta commitment of \$1 billion in the sking for funding for three of \$250 million for the SIG ment program—but Mexip with its cash—flow troudependent government leconey and the rest would	n in new CARTSA CO City bles. The nding
A				
Lender Attitud	es Divided			

25X1

Although not enthus	nirrored by similar uncertainty on the part of commercial banks. iastic about increasing debt exposure in Mexico (see figure 1), ear ready to provide more funds to help prevent Mexico from sliding
Outlook	
Notwithstanding believe that Tokyo we agreement with the lead support. Japanese of by major reforms allowed enhance Mexico's ab to receive Japanese Despite the fall in oil on diversifying Japanese	ing the current reluctance to extend new loans to Mexico, we rill probably provide additional funding if Mexico City reaches an IMF on a comprehensive package to provide balance-of-payments officials apparently believe that additional loans, if not accompanied ong the lines suggested by the IMF, would do little or nothing to ility to repay its existing debts. In our view, the project most likely funding if Mexico and the IMF come to terms is the Pacific Pipeline. I prices, the pipeline remains attractive to Tokyo, which is still intent n's sources of energy. An announcement would probably be timed a Madrid's visit to Tokyo, now projected for this fall.
Notwithstanding believe that Tokyo we agreement with the lead support. Japanese of by major reforms allowed enhance Mexico's ab to receive Japanese Despite the fall in oil on diversifying Japanese	rill probably provide additional funding if Mexico City reaches an IMF on a comprehensive package to provide balance-of-payments officials apparently believe that additional loans, if not accompanied ong the lines suggested by the IMF, would do little or nothing to illity to repay its existing debts. In our view, the project most likely funding if Mexico and the IMF come to terms is the Pacific Pipeline. I prices, the pipeline remains attractive to Tokyo, which is still intent n's sources of energy. An announcement would probably be timed
Notwithstanding believe that Tokyo we agreement with the lead support. Japanese of the believe Mexico's about to receive Japanese Despite the fall in oil on diversifying Japanese	rill probably provide additional funding if Mexico City reaches an IMF on a comprehensive package to provide balance-of-payments officials apparently believe that additional loans, if not accompanied ong the lines suggested by the IMF, would do little or nothing to illity to repay its existing debts. In our view, the project most likely funding if Mexico and the IMF come to terms is the Pacific Pipeline. I prices, the pipeline remains attractive to Tokyo, which is still intent n's sources of energy. An announcement would probably be timed

25X1



Declassified in Pa	art - Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2011/11/25 : CIA-RDP86T01017R000606120001-	5 25X1
(Mex Toky inter provinter part aid Japa for e reper coun	Even with an IMF agreement in hand, Tokyo's willingness to comply fully with the can requests will be influenced by Washington's actions regarding the Mexican debt. ican officials recognize this linkage, according to a recent US Embassy Tokyo cable.) o in recent months has indicated willingness to boost aid to countries of strategic est to the United States to ease bilateral trade tensions, Under the guise of supporting US interests, Tokyo in our view will probably ide substantial sums only to countries that it views as important to its economic ests. The most recent example of this is the Philippines, which Tokyo considers a of its Asian backyard and to which the Japanese Government promised generous to complement US funding—when President Aquino assumed office. Although the nese Government has only reluctantly supported US initiatives in Central America—xample, by dragging its feet on reopening its Embassy in El Salvador despite ated requests by Washington— Tokyo may be willing to play ball in Mexico. The try's large oil reserves, its proximity to the crucial US market, and the admittedly—term prospect for sustained economic growth probably place Mexico on Tokyo's I list of countries considered "strategic."	25X1 25X1 25X1

25X1 SUBJECT: Japan: Debating New Loans to Mexico Distribution: Original - Japan Branch 1 - Donald Gregg, Assistant to the Vice President 1 - Tom Hubbard, Director, Office of Japanese Affairs/State 1 - William Brooks, INR/EAP/Japan 1 - Jonathan Farrar, INR/EC/RE 1 - John Malott, State Department 1 - William Piez, State/EAP 1 - Bob Glass, State/EB/OMA 1 - Elliott Abrams, Inter-American Affairs/State 1 - Lou Pugliariesi, NSC 1 - Steven Danzansky, NSC 1 25X1 Byron L. Jackson, Office of the Intelligence Liaison 1 -Department of Commerce 1 - Joseph Massey, Assistant USTR for Japan and China 1 - Doug Mulholland, Office of the Special Assistant to the Secretary for National Security, Department of Treasury 1 - William Barreda, Director Office of International Trade Department of Treasury 1 - Richard Woodworth, Treasury/Japan Desk 1 - Ciro de Falco, Treasury/IDN 1 - Charles Dallara, DAS Treasury 1 - Randail Fort, PFIAB 1 - Office of Legislative Liaison, 7B-14 1 25X1 1 ~ NIO/EA, 7E-62 1 - NIO/Economics 1 - C/ DO 25X1 5E-18 1 - C/EA 25X1 1 - OGI/FSIC/PI 1 - OGI/ECD/IF 1 - ALA/MCD/MX 1 - OEA/NEA/Korea Branch 1 - OEA/NEA/STI Branch 1 - OEA/NEA Division 1 - OEA/China Division 1 - OEA/SEA Division 1 - D/OEA, 4F-18 1 - C/Production/OEA 1 - FBIS Analysis Group 1 - DDI 1 - Senior Review Panel 1 - PDB Staff, 7F-30 5 - CPAS/IMC/CB, 7G-07 1 - CPAS/ILS, 7F-50 1 - C/PES, 7F-24

5

1 - NIC/AG, 7E-47
1 - DDO/EA Division
1 - DDO/EA
25X1
1
1 - OCR/EAD/AB, 1H-18
1 - Chrono
1 - Author

OEA/NEA/J

16 June 86
25X1

6