

ZLIZINA, A.G.

Correlation between recent relief and structural forms in the
southern spurs of the Obshchiy Syrt. Uch. zap. Kazakh. un. 37
no. 4:104-108 '58. (MIRA 1514)

(Obshchiy Syrt—Landforms)

ZLIZINA, A.G.; KAN, Ye.K.

Outlook for finding oil and gas pools in sediments overlying salt deposits in the Volga-Ural interfluve. Geol. nefti i gaza 7 no.6: 8-14 Je '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Trest Ural'skneftegazrazvedka i Kazakhskiy politekhnicheskii institut.

ZLIZINA, A.G.

Classification of oil and gas deposits. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser.
geol. no.3:72-77 '59. (MIRA 13:12)
(Petroleum geology) (Gas, Natural--Geology)

ZLNAY, Karol, inz.

Removal of the troublesome drying out of finishing materials
on hard fiberwood panels. Drevo 19 no.4:152 Ap '61

ZLNAY, Karol, inz.; DERER, Miroslav, inz.

Bleaching and staining of wood in a single process. Dravo 20
no.3:107-108 Mr '65.

ZLNAY, Karol, inz.

Removal of the felt lining traces from ski varnish. Drevo 20
no.3:111-112 Mr '65.

ZLNAY, Karol, inz.

Application of coating materials based on urea. Drevo 19 no.10:
385-387 0 '64.

1. State Research Institute of wood, Bratislava.

ZLOBENKO, V.G. [Zlobenko, V.H.]; ZLOBENKO, I.F.

Origin and stratigraphic setting of porphyroblastic polymigmatites
in the middle of the Saksagan' Basin. Geol.zhur.22 no.1:81-87 '62.
(MIRA 15:2)

1. Trest "Kiyevgeologiya."
(Saksagan' Valley--Migmatites)

ZLOBENKO, V.G. [Zlobenko, V.H.]; ZLOBENKO, I.F.

Origin and stratigraphic setting of porphyroblastic polymigmatites
in the middle of the Saksagan' Basin. Geol.shur.22 no.1:81-87 '62.
(MIRA 15:2)

1. Trest "Kiyevgeologiya."
(Saksagan' Valley—Migmatites)

ZLOBIN, A.I., inzh.

Vibration and roller sifter. Stroil. i dor. mash. 9 no. 3:31-32
Mr '64. (MIRA 17:6)

ZLOBIN, A.M.

Injection of field waste waters into wells of the Oil Field
Administration of the Chapayevsk Petroleum Trust. Neftprom.
delo no.10:19-23 '63. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Neftpromyslovoye upravleniye "Chapayevskneft".

ZLOBIN, A.Ya.

Repair equipment for centrifugal pumps. Transp. i khren. nefi i
nefteprod. no.1:13-16 '65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Kvybyshevskoye nefteprovodnoye upravleniye.

ZLOBIN, A. Ya.

Removing paraffin residues from tanks. Transp. i Khran. nefti
i neftepred. no. 2:24-28 '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Proizvodstvenno-konstruktorskoye byuro Kuybyshevskogo
neftepromyslovogo upravleniya.

ZLOBIN, A.; KOROSTELEVA, Ye., redaktor; YAKOVLEVA, Ye., tekhnicheskiy
redaktor

[Inventor of automatic machinery] Tvorets avtomatov, [Moskva]
Moskovskii rabochii, 1951. 34 p. [Microfilm] (MIRA 7:10)
(Savvin, IAKov Ivanovich)
(Machinery, Automatic)

ZLOBIN, Anatoliy

Bol'shoy Shagayushohiy (Big Walking Excavator.) Moskva, Goskizdat, 1952.
163 P. Illus., Ports.

SO: N/5
741.51
.28

ZLOBIN, Anatoliy; SMIRNOV-CHEKYZOV, A.; AZHAYEV, Vasilii, red.; VASILEVSKIY, Vitaliy, red.; VERSHIGORA, Petr, red.; DANIN, Daniil, red.; PROMYSLOV, V.F., red.; KORENEV, G., red.izd-va; YAKOVLEVA, Ye., tekhn.red.

[Twenty-three stories on builders] 23 rasskaza o stroiteliakh.
Moskva, Mosk.rabochii, 1958. 386 p. (MIRA 12:11)
(Moscow--Construction workers)

ZLOBIN, Anatoliy Pavlovich; VISHNYAKOVA, Ye.A., red.; MATVEYEV, A.P.,
tekhn.red.

[The meridian of Baikal] Baikal'skii meridian. Moskva, Izd-vo
"Sovetskaya Rossiya," 1959. 190 p. (MIRA 13:4)
(Siberia--Description and travel)

ZLOBIN, ANATOLIY PAVLOVICH

ZLOBIN, Anatoliy Pavlovich; AYDINOV, G., red.; KOVALEV, A., tekhn.red.

[Report from a floating bridge; a sketch describing no conflicts, with prolog and epilog] Reportazh s naplavnogo mosta; beskonfliktnyy ocherk s prologom i epilogom. [Moskva] Izd-vo TsK VLKSM "Molodaya gvardiya," 1957. 43 p. (MIRA 10:12)
(Kuybyshev Hydroelectric Power Station)

ZLOBIN, A.Ya.

Automation of boilers operating on gas fuel. Transp. i khran.nefti
no.6:13-17 '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Kuybyshevskoye nefteprovodnoye upravleniye.

ZLOBIN, B. A., Cand Tech Sci -- (diss) "Theory, rational construction, and braking conditions of block-band brakes." Moscow, 1960. 26 pp; with charts; (Ministry of Higher and Secondary Specialist Education RSFSR, Moscow Order of Labor Red Banner Construction Engineering Inst im V. V. Kuybyshev); 200 copies; free; (KL, 19-60, 134)

ZLOBIN, B.A. inzhener.

Problem of speeding up maltose cross mechanisms. Stroi. i dor.
mashinostr. 1 no.1:20-21 Ja '56. (MIRA 10:1)
(Machinery, Kinematics of)

TRESHCHANSKIY, M.Ye.; ZLOBIN, B.D.

Semiantomatic machine for the edge knurling of scraper-conveyor
pins. Kuz.-shtam. proizv. 3 no.8:44-45 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:8)
(Forging machinery)

ZLOBIN, B.I.; LEBEDEV, V.I.

Geochemical relations of Li, Na, K, Rb, and Tl in alkaline magmas
and their petrogenetic significance. *Geokhimiia* no.2:87-103 '60.

(MIRA 13:6)

L. Vernadsky Institut of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry,
Academy of Sciences, U.S.S.R., Moscow.

(Sandyk, Mount (Kirghisistan)--Rocks, Igneous)

(Alkali metals)

(Thallium)

ZLOBIN, B.I.; GORSHKOVA, M.S.

Pb and Zn in alkali rocks and some petrological problems.
Geokhimiia no.4:283-292 '61.

(MIRA 14:5)

1. Vernadskiy Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry,
Academy of Sciences, U.S.S.R., Moscow.

(Sandyk Mountains--Rocks, Igneous)

(Lead)

(Zinc)

40V/7-58-5-5/15

AUTHOR: Zlobin, B. I.

TITLE: On the Geochemistry of Thallium in Alkaline Rocks as Shown by the Example of the Sandyk Massif (North Kirghizia) (K geokhimiitalliya v shchelochnykh porodakh na primere massiva g.Sandyk (Severnaya Kirgiziya))

PERIODICAL: Geokhimiya, 1958, Nr 5, pp. 441 - 451 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: 44 rock samples and 7 individual minerals from them were investigated. Thallium was determined colorimetrically according to N.T.Voskresenskaya (Ref 5). The minerals were selected under the binoculars MBS -2. Three transparent cuts were measured (Table 1). The author deals in short with the composition and the structure of the alkaline massif of Sandyk; then he mentions the distribution of thallium in the crystallization of the alkaline intrusion as well as the behaviour of thallium in the differentiation process of the alkali intrusion. Several tables are enclosed: Table 2 gives the thallium and potassium content as well as the K/Tl ratio; K was determined by V.I.Lebedev (flamephotometrically) and L.A.Pevtsova (chemical analysis). The mean thallium contents

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On the Geochemistry of Thallium in Alkaline Rocks
as Shown by the Example of the Sandyk Massif (North Kirghizia)

SOV/7-58-5-5/15

amount to: basic gabbroids $1,1 \cdot 10^{-4}\%$, alkaline limestone syenites $1,6 \cdot 10^{-4}\%$, leucocrate syenites $2,0 \cdot 10^{-4}\%$, alkaline hornblende syenites $2,0 \cdot 10^{-4}\%$, nephelin syenites of the miaskite type $3,7 \cdot 10\%$; the mean content of the intrusion amounts to $1,9 \cdot 10^{-4}\%$ Tl, the mean K/Tl ratio is $3,63 \cdot 10^4$. Table 3 gives the calculation of the mean thallium content of the intrusion. The total content of thallium in the rock takes the place of K in potassium minerals (orthoclase and biotite). In general thallium concentrates in the later developed magma derivatives which are richer in potassium. The preferred intrusion into biotite as compared to orthoclase is explained by the characteristic features of the crystal structure. There are 4 tables and 16 references, 13 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/3

On the Geochemistry of Thallium in Alkaline Rocks
as Shown by the Example of the Sandyk Massif (North Kirghizia)

SOV/7-48-5-5/15

ASSOCIATION: Institut geokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii im.V.I.Vernadskogo
AN SSSR, Moskva (Moscow Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical
Chemistry imeni V.I.Vernadskiy, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: May 12, 1958

Card 3/3

SOV/7-59-5-3/14

AUTHOR: Zlobin, B. I.

TITLE: The Paragenesis of Dark-colored Minerals of the Alkaline Rocks in Connection With the New Term for the Agpaitic Coefficient
(Paragenezisy temnotsvetnykh mineralov shchelochnykh porod v svyazi s novym vyrazheniyem koeffitsiyenta agpaitnosti)

PERIODICAL: Geokhimiya, 1959, Nr 5, pp 410 - 422 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: V. M. Goldschmidt divided the alkaline rocks into agpaitic and plumasitic ones according to the excess of alkali or alumina. He gave the coefficient

$f = \frac{Na+K}{Al}$ (in moles) as a means of distinction, $f > 1$ has an excess of alkali and is therefore agpaitic, $f < 1$ has an excess of alumina and is therefore plumasitic. This division has, however, several shortcomings. The author suggests therefore the use of the following coefficients:

$(Na) = \frac{Na}{Al - K} = \frac{Na}{\Delta Al}$. The critical value of these coefficients is at 0.85; typically agpaitic mafites like agirine, riebeckite, arfvedsonite, eudialyte occur in rocks with $(Na) > 0.85$; rocks

Card 1/2

The Paragenesis of Dark-colored Minerals of the Alkaline SOV/7-59-5-5/14
Rocks in Connection With the New Term for the Alpaaitic Coefficient

with $(Na) < 0.85$ contain typically plumbic mafites like biotite, augite, common hornblende. The author gives as proof 77 analyses (Table) which are exploited in three diagrams (Figs 1, 2, and 3). The critical value is at 0.85, not at 1, as was theoretically expected. This is explained by the fact that nepheline and feldspar always contain an excess of aluminum which is compensated by Ca or Ba in feldspar. The investigation shows that the critical value was approximately at 0.9 as well in the case of the coefficient according to Goldschmidt. The new coefficient makes not only possible a more precise division, but also reacts better to changes of the paragenesis. Furthermore, the author refers to the assumptions of F. Yu. Levinson-Lessing concerning the crystallization of the magma (Ref 7). There are 3 figures, 1 table, and 11 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Institut geokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii im. V. I. Vernadskogo AN SSSR, Moskva (Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry imeni V. I. Vernadskiy AS USSE, Moscow)
February 7, 1959

SUBMITTED:
Card 2/2

ZLOBIN, B.I.; BALASHOV, Yu.A.

Distribution and relationship of rare earth elements in the
alkaline plumasite series: essexite-nepheline syenite.
Geokhimiya no.9:784-788 '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. V.I. Vernadskiy Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical
Chemistry, Academy of Sciences U.S.S.R., Moscow.
(Rare earth metals)

ZLOBIN, B.I.

Petrography and petrochemistry of the alkali intrusion of Sandyk Mountains (northern Kirghizia). Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 25 no.2:91-104 F '60.
(MIRA 13:10)

1. Institut geokhimi i analiticheskoy khimii imeni V.I.Vernadskogo AN SSSR, Moskva.

(Sandyk Mountains--Rocks, Igneous)

3(5), 3(8)

AUTHORS:

Borisenok, L. A., Zlobin, B. I.

SOV/7-59-6-3/17

TITLE:

Gallium in the Alkali Rocks of the Massif Sandyk (Northern Kirgiziya)

PERIODICAL:

Geokhimiya, 1959, Nr 6, pp 505 - 512 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Altogether 50 rock specimens and 11 minerals from these rocks were investigated. The method has been developed by L. A. Borisenok (Ref 4). Table 1 shows the gallium content of the rock-forming minerals from three syenites. Table 2 gives the average contents of the individual types of rock and their surface in %.

The average Ga-content of the massif is $19.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$ %, the average Ga/Al-ratio is $1.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$, fluctuates, however, between 1.2 and

$2.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$. In the course of differentiation the Ga-content rises parallel with the Al-content, whereas the Fe^{+3} -content decreases (Fig. 1). The distribution of Ga in the minerals depends on the

course of precipitation. The 6-coordination is in this case apparently preferred to the 4-coordination. Amounting to $50.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$ the gallium content of the vein rocks is higher than that of the mother rock (Table 3). The authors thank L. V. Fauson for his

Card 1/2

Gallium in the Alkali Rocks of the Massif Sandyk SOV/7-59-6-3/17
(Northern Kirgiziya)

advice. There are 1 figure, 3 tables, and 10 references,
6 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut geokhimi i analiticheskoy khimii im. V. I. Vernad-
skogo i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M. V. Lomo-
nosova (Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry
imeni V. I. Vernadskiy and Moscow State University imeni M. V.
Lomonosov)

SUBMITTED: December 8, 1958

Card 2/2

ZLOBIN, B.I.; PEVTSOVA, L.A.

Behavior of Pb and Zn in some processes of the hydrothermal alteration of granitoids. Geokhimiia no.5:420-430 My '64. (MIRA 18.7)

1. Vernadsky Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry, Academy of Sciences, U.S.S.R., Moscow.

ZLOBIN, B.I.

"Potassium metamorphism" and hydrothermal metamorphism of granites.
Zap. Kir. otd. Vses. min. ob-va no.3:23-30 '62.

(MIRA 17:11)

ZLOBIN, B.I.; KOLOSOVA, G.M.

In the V.I. Vernadskii Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical
Chemistry (meeting of the scientific council and a conference of
young scientists). Vest.AN SSSR 26 no.5:78-81 May '56. (MLRA 9:8)
(Geochemistry) (Chemistry, Analytical)

ZLOBIN, B.I.; PEVTSOVA, L.A.; KLASSOVA, N.S.

Distribution of lead and zinc, and metallogenic specialization
in Variscan granitoids with increased basicity (central part
of the Tien Shien). Geokhimiya no.7:851-863 JI '65.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. Institut geokhimi i analiticheskoy khimii imeni V.I.
Vernadskogo AN SSSR, Moskva. Submitted December 26, 1963.

TAUSON, L.V.; ZLOBIN, B.N.; PEVTSOVA, L.A.; KOROLEV, V.V.

Recent phases in the development of Caledonian intrusions of the
Susamyr batholith in the central Tien Shan. Zap. Kir. otd. Vses.
min. ob-va no.1:101-111 '59. (MIRA 14:3)
(Susamyr Range--Rocks, Igneous)

ZLOBIN, Boris Veniaminovich; GRUDINSKIY, P.G., red.; SHIROKOVA, M.M.,
tekhn. red.

[Testing power transformers during their installation] Ispytaniia silovykh transformatorov pri montazhe. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat, 1962. 62 p. (Biblioteka elektromontera, no.64)

(MIRA 15:7)

(Electric transformers--Testing)

ZLOBIN, G.I., insh.

Current shunting in two-spot welding. Svar. proizv. no.1:24-26
Ja '61. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrosvarochnogo oborudovaniya.
(Electric welding—Equipment and supplies)

87996

S/135/61/000/001/007/018
A006/A001

1.2300

AUTHOR: Zlobin, G.I., Engineer

TITLE: Shunting of Current in Two-Spot Welding

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, 1961, No. 1, pp. 24 - 26

TEXT: Shunting of current is a characteristic feature of two-spot welding. The shunting current does not participate in the formation of weld joints. Investigations were made at VNIIESO by measuring the shunting currents in two-spot welding of 1 - 4 mm thick low carbon steels at a distance between the electrode axes of 50 - 200 mm. Welding conditions are given in Table 1. The shunting currents were measured by a method suggested by Engineer B.M. Nekrasov. A set of specimens was welded according to Figure 2a at an electrode gap of 50, 100, 150 and 200 mm; during welding the current from the primary side of the welding transformer and the voltage on the electrodes were measured. Another set of specimens was welded according to Figure 2b; the specimen located at the side of power connection was cut, thus eliminating the possibility of shunting. The same tests were made with two transformers. Welding was performed on a machine with four hydraulic pistols. The specimens were subjected to sand-blast treatment prior to welding. The follow-

Card 1/5

87996

S/135/61/000/001/007/018
A006/A001

Shunting of Current in Two-Spot Welding

ing results were obtained: In two spot welding of low carbon steel specimens of 1+1; 1.5 + 1.5 and 2 + 2 mm thickness and 75 mm width, at a power connection from one side from one transformer, the shunting current in the specimen on the side of power connection is 12-16% of the welding current, under soft conditions, when the electrodes gap is 200 mm; it is 30-43% at an electrode gap diminished to 50 mm; and 16-20 and 42-50% respectively under rigid conditions. In two spot welding of low carbon steels at a power connection from both sides from two transformers, the shunting currents, which do not participate in the formation of the weld joint, increase sharply with a greater thickness of the specimens to be welded and amount to 6-22% of the welding current when welding 2 + 2 mm thick specimens of 75 mm width; the electrode gap being 50 - 200 mm; at a thickness of the specimens of 4 + 4 mm, this value rises to 13-50%.

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S/135/61/000/001/007/018
A006/A001

Shunting of Current in Two-Spot Welding

Table 1

Conditions of two-spot welding of low-carbon steel

а Схема подвода тока	b Толщина свариваемых деталей в мм	c Диаметр контактной поверхности электродов в мм	Радиус сферической поверхности электродов в мм	Усиление скатывания электродов в кг	Длительность включения сварочного тока в сек.	Диаметр дуги сварочной ванны в мм	Ток во вторичной цепи сварочного трансформатора в а				Сварка разрезанных образцов	Разрешаемая нагрузка на стержень
							Расстояние между электродами в мм					
							200	150	100	50		
1) С одной стороны от одного трансформатора	1+1	6	—	150	0,8	5	10 000	10 250	10 700	11 800	8 900	450
	1+1	—	50	200	0,3	5	14 000	14 700	15 500	17 000	12 000	450
	1,5+1,5	6	—	200	1,0	6,5	12 100	12 500	13 300	14 700	10 700	800
	1,5+1,5	—	50	350	0,4	6,5	17 000	17 500	19 000	21 000	14 500	800
	2+2	8	—	300	1,5	8,0	13 900	14 500	15 700	17 200	12 000	1200
2+2	—	75	500	0,5	8,0	21 000	22 200	23 800	26 000	17 500	1200	
2) С обеих сторон от двух трансформаторов	2+2	—	75	250	0,8	8,5	13 500	14 000	14 700	15 600	12 300	1700
	3+3	—	150	550	0,3	10	16 700	17 500	18 500	20 500	15 300	2500
	4+4	—	250	600	1,0	12,5	20 000	21 300	23 400	25 500	17 700	4500

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87996

S/135/51/000/001/007/018
A005/A001

Shunting of Current in Two-Spot Welding

Conditions of two-spot welding of low-carbon steel

- a) System of power supply
- b) Thickness of parts to be welded in mm
- c) Diameter of the contact surface of electrodes in mm
- d) Radius of the spherical surface of electrodes in mm
- e) Force of clamping the electrodes in kg
- f) Duration of switching of the welding current in sec
- g) Diameter of the nucleus of the welded spot in mm
- h) Current in the secondary circuit of the welding transformer in amp

Distance between the electrodes in mm

Welding of cut specimens

- 1) Break-down load on the cut in kg
- 1) From one side, and one transformer
- 2) From two sides and two transformers

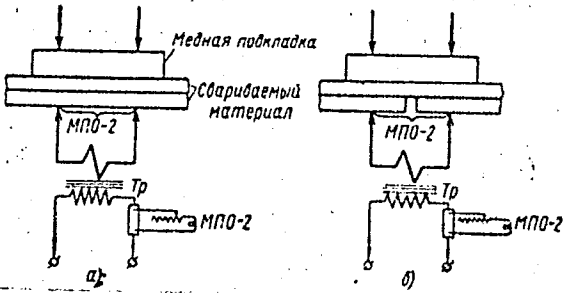
Card 4/5

87975

S/135/61/000/001/007/018
A006/A001

Shunting of Current in Two-Spot Welding

Figure 2



Measurement of secondary currents and voltages on the electrodes in two-spot welding with one-sided power connection:
 a) welding of compact specimens
 b) welding of cut specimens

There are 1 table and 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: VNIIESO

X

Card 5/5

119-2-7/13

AUTHOR: Zlobin, G.I.

TITLE: Electric Welding of Relay Contacts (Elektrosvarka kontaktov rele).

PERIODICAL: Priborostroyeniye, 1958, Nr 2, pp. 21-22 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The spot welding machine МТПК-25 is roughly described. Besides, a table shows the adjustments necessary on the spot welding apparatus, in order to weld silver contacts (99.9% pure) with the different base materials.

The technical data of the spot welding machine are:

Mains voltage in V	380
Nominal power in kVA	25
Number of switching steps	8
Working operation of the upper electrode in mm . . .	25
Secondary voltage at idle motion in V . . .	1.25 - 2.64
Maximum pressure between the electrodes in kg . . .	100
Air pressure in kg/cm ²	3

Measurements in mm:

Height	1260
Width	600
Depth	650

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Electric Welding of Relay Contacts

119-2-7/13

Total weight in kg: 250. There are 2 figures and 1 table.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2 1. Silver-Spot welding 2. Welding-Equipment

NEKRASOV, B.M.; ZLOBIN, G.I.

Resistance seam welding of copper screens and foil. Avton.
svar. 18 no.4:64-66 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrosvarochnogo
oborudovaniya.

ZLOBIN, G.I.

Resistance spot welding of copper. Avtom.svar. 15 no.10:63-65
0 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut
elektrosvarochnogo oborudovaniya.
(Copper---Welding) (Sheet metal---Welding)

NEKRASOV, B.M., inzh.; ZLOBIN, G.I., inzh.; RUSAKOV, Yu.A., inzh.

Using the MPR-100 machine for brazing short-circuited rotors of asynchronous electric motors. Svar.proizv. no.10:39-40 0 '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrosvarochnogo oborudovaniya.

ZLOBIN, G.I., inzh.; KHAZOV, V.Ya., inzh.

Butt welding of small diameter tool blanks. Svar. proizv. no.10:30-
31 0 '60. (MIRA 13:9)

L. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrosvarochnogo
oborudovaniya.

(Tool steel---Welding)

AKSEL'ROD, F.A., inzh.; ZAYTSEV, M.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; ZLOBIN,
G.I., inzh.; KOCHERGIN, K.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; NEKRASOV,
B.M., inzh.; SLIOZBERG, S.K., nauchnyy red.; DONSKOY, A.V.,
nauchnyy red.; DEMYANTSEVICH, V.P., nauchnyy red.; SARAFANOV,
S.G., nauchnyy red.; BONDAROVSKAYA, G.V., red.; DOROENOVA,
L.A., tekhn. red.; PERSON, M.N., tekhn. red.

[Resistance welding] Kontaktnaya svarka. [By] F.A. Aksel'rod i
dr. Moskva, Proftekhizdat, 1962. 463 p. (MIRA 15:12)
(Electric welding)

Zlobin, G.I.

AUTHOR: Zlobin, G.I., Engineer 135-58-4-12/19

TITLE: Electric Welding of Silver Contacts (Elektrosvarka serebryannykh kontaktov)

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo, 1958, Nr 4, pp 36-38 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A new welding machine "MTPK-25" for welding silver contacts to contact holders - developed by VNIIESO - is described, along with the developed welding technology, and illustrated by a photograph and circuit diagram. The welding technology of the most extensively used silver contacts to the holders of various metals, such as German silver, brass and bronze of various grades, electric steel and zinc-plated steel, is given in a table (Page 39). The first series of "MTPK-25" machines was produced by the "Elektrik" Plant in 1957.

ASSOCIATION: VNIIESO

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1

ZIOBIN, G.P., inzh.

Construction of warships abroad during 1957. Sudestroenie 24 no.10:
56-62 0 '58. (MIRA 11:12)

(Warships)

ZLOBIN, G.I., inzhener.

Experimental spot welder for welding small contactn. Vnst. electroprom.
27 no.7:17-23 J1 '56. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrosvarochnogo
oborudovaniya.

(Electric contactors--Welding)
(Electric welding)

ZLOBIN, G.P., inzh.

American experimental underwater-winged passenger launch "Denison."
Sudostroye 29 no.7:71-73 J1 '63. (MIRA 16:9)
(United States--Hydrofoil boats)

ZLOBIN, G.P., inzh.

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59-64 F '61. (MIRA 16:7)

(Warships)

ZLOBIN, G.P., inzh.

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surface ships. Mor. sbor. 46 no.8:87-89 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:10)

(United States--Warships)

ZLOBIN, G.P., insh.

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journals). Sudostroenie 29 no.2:69-74 F '63. (MIRA 16:2)
(Shipbuilding) (Warships)

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Rapid mining of gradients with wide workings. Shakht. stroi. no.2:
29-31 '58. (MIRA 11:3)

(Mining engineering)

ZLOBIN, G.P., inzh.

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no.4:58-67 Ap '59. (MIRA 12:6)
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Effect of an atomic blast on ships and anti-atomic protection
(from foreign sources). Sudostroenie 23 no.1:66-71 Ja '57.
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(Atomic warfare)

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Ships of the "Saint Laurent" type for antisubmarine defense in the
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ZLOBIN, G.P., inzh.

Submarine chasers of the British Navy. Sudostroenie 24 no.5:60-66
My '58. (MIRA 11:6)

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Sudostroenie 22 no.11:43-47 N '56.

(MLRA 10:2)

(United States--Airplane carriers)

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Methods of heeling a vessel at large angles. Sudostroenie 22 no.7:
32 J1 '56. (MLBA 9:10)

(Stability of ships)

ZLOBIN, G.P., inzhener.

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Hull construction of wooden ships built in Great Britain.
Sudostroenie 24 no.7:71-73 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:9)
(Great Britain--Hulls (Naval architecture))
(Great Britain--Ships, Wooden)

ATLAS, M., prof.; ZLOBIN, I., prof.; VINOKUR, R., dotent

Deficiencies of a monograph. Fin. SSSR 38 no.1:93-95 Ja '64.
(MIRA 17:2)

ZLOBIN, I., doktor ekon.nauk, prof.

The armament race and the gold reserve of the U.S.A. Den.1
kred. 18 no.7:76-82 JI '60. (MIRA 13:7)

(United States--Gold)

(United States--War--Economic aspects)

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(Capitalism)

ZLOBIN, I.

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(MIRA 12:10)

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(Sakhalin--Fire departments)

ZIOBIN, I., professor.

The economic collaboration of countries in the camp of peace,
democracy and socialism. Fin. SSSR 17 no.2:64-77 F '56.
(Russia--Foreign economic relations) (MIRA 9:6)

ZLOBIN, I., prof.

The law of currency circulation and the building of communism.
Den. 1 kred. 21 no.8:17-24 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)
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ZLOBIN, I., professor.

Economic collaboration of the U.S.S.R. with the socialist countries.
Fin.SSSR 18 no.10:65-75 0 '57. (MYRA 10:10)
(Russia--Foreign economic relations)

ARAKELYAN, A., akademik; ZLOBIN, I.; IVANOV, Ye.; KANTOR, L.;
SAID-GALIYEV, K.; SPIRIDONOVA, N.

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1. AN Armyanskoy SSR (for Arakelyan).

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year. Fin.SSR 16 no.4:78-85 Ap '55. (MIRA 8:3)
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capitalism. Fin. SSSR 15 no. 11:80-91 N'54. (MLBA 8:2)
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ZLOBIN, I.

World socialist market, its prices, foreign exchange and payment
system. Vop. ekon. no.2:68-81 F '62. (MIRA 15:1)
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Nature and role of money in the building of communism.
Den. i kred. 20 no.2:23-32 F '62. (MIRA 15:2)
(Money)

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[Money in the capitalist system and money in the socialist system]
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A., redaktor; DENISOVA, O., ^{tekhnicheskii} tekhnicheskii redaktor

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Moskva, Gosfinizdat, 1955. 423 p. (MLRA 9:2)
(Money) (Credit)

ZLOBIN, Ivan Danilovich

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1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Sorokin).
(Economics) (Communism)

ZLOBIN, Ivan Danilovich, prof., doktor ekon.nauk; KOMAROVA, T.F., red.;
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1961. 39 p. (Vsesoiuznoe obshchestvo po rasprostraneniю poli-
ticheskikh i nauchnykh znani. Ser.3, Ekonomika, no.6).
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(Money)

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red.; RAKITIN, I.T., tekhn. red.

[World socialist market] Mirovoi sotsialisticheskii rynek.
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[Physiology of singing in prevention of diseases of the throat
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(THROAT-DISEASES)
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ZLOBIN, L.I.; LYUBIMOV, Yu.I.

Transistor preamplifier for scintillation counters. Br1b.1
tekh.eksp. no.4:137-138 J1-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Institut radiatsionnoy gigiyeny.
(Scintillation counters)

MKRTCHYAN, L.Ye.; ERAGINA, A.N.; ZLOBIN, L.I.

Study of the natural radioactivity of the soil and plant cover of
the Armenian S.S.R. Trudy Erev.med.inst. no.11:145-150 '60.

(MIRA 15:11)

1. Kafedra obshchey gigiyeny Yerevanskogo meditsinskogo instituta
(for Mkrtchyan). 2. Institut radiatsionnoy gigiyeny, Leningrad (for
Zlobin).

(RADIOACTIVITY)

(ARMENIA—PLANTS)

(ARMENIA—SOILS)

ZLOBINA, M., otv. za vyp., red.; SAVKINA, B., tekhn. red.

[Traffic regulations for streets and roads of the U.S.S.R.]
Pravila dvizheniia po ulitsam i dorogam Soiuza SSR. Ashkhabad,
Turkmenskoe gos. izd-vo, 1963. 87 p. (MIRA 16:4)
(Traffic regulations)

ACC NR: AP6013490

UR/0120/66/000/002/0041/0043

AUTHOR: Belle, Yu.S.; Shchedrin, D.A.; Zlobin, L.I.

ORG: NII of Radiation Hygiene, Leningrad (NII radiatsionnoy gigiyeny)

TITLE: Dependence of gamma spectrometer resolving power upon the nonuniformity of the photocathode sensitivity, and choice of the spectrometric regime for the photomultiplier FEU-43

SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no.2, 1966, 41-43

TOPIC TAGS: gamma spectrometer, gamma spectrometer resolving power, photocathode, photomultiplier / FEU-43 photomultiplier, photomultiplier adjustment method, multichannel analyser / AMA-4S multichannel analyzer

ABSTRACT: A technique for the measurement of the photoelectric sensitivity distribution on the surface of the photocathode, and an optimum adjustment method for the photoelectric multiplier FEU-43, forming part of a gamma ray spectrometer system is discussed. A NaI(Tl) miniature crystal illuminator is arranged to scan the photosensitive surface of the photocathode while illuminating it by light flashes generated by alpha particles from Pu²³⁹. A histogram of sensitivity values is obtained by sorting the photocathode output voltages using a multichannel analyser, the AMA-4S. The histogram can be influenced by adjusting the divider regime of the FEU-43. It was found that the

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optimum resolving regime for the spectrometer results by tuning for the maximum signal amplitude of the impulse in the area of least photoelectric sensitivity. This proposition is substantiated by a table of resolving data. Orig. art. has 3 figures and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 20,09/ SUBM DATE: 28Dec64/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

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S/120/60/000/004/021/028
E073/E535

21.5300

AUTHORS: Zlobin, L.I. and Lyubimov, Yu.I.

TITLE: Transistorized Pre-amplifier for Scintillation Counters

PERIODICAL: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, 1960, No.4,
pp.137-138

TEXT: The pre-amplifier is a two-stage one, Fig.1
(Bx - input; Bbx - output and U_{num} - supply voltage).

The best transfer coefficient and the maximum input resistance can be obtained by using diffusion type transistors, П-402 (P-402). The transfer coefficient K of a circuit with P-402 transistors is independent of the voltage in the range of 2.5 to 25 V with a capacitive load of 300 pF. Fig.2 shows the dependence K(U) for П-14 (P-14) transistors. The investigation was carried out using signals from a signal generator 03V (FEU). For the first case, the dependence of the maximum linear signal at the output of the supply voltage was as follows:

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Transistorized Pre-amplifier for Scintillation Counters

Table 1

Supply voltage U, V	7	10	13	15	18	25
Maximum linear signal, V	2.7	4.3	6	7	8.2	10.5

Comparison of the here given results shows clearly that P-402 transistors are preferable. In the case of operation with a long matched cable (100 Ohm), the transfer coefficient of the circuit with P-402 transistors equals 0.66, whilst that with P-14 transistors equals 0.18. The stability of the transistor parameters with time and also the thermal stability is ensured by using large emitter loads (in terms of d.c.), since in the same way as in the paper of Graveson and Sadowski (Ref.1) the stability was better than 1% during eight hours continuous operation. The duration of pulse rise time (for the circuit with P-402 transistors) is better than

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Transistorized Pre-amplifier for Scintillation Counters

0.1 μ sec (from 0.1 to 0.9 of its height). The input resistance of such a pre-amplifier (using P-402 transistors with a $U_{feed} = -20$ V) is about 500 kOhm. The pre-amplifier can be used successfully in conjunction with a scintillation spectrometer with a NaI(Tl) crystal and also ФЭУ-С (FEU-S) and ФЭУ-13 (FEU-13). There are 2 figures, 2 tables and 1 non-Soviet reference.

(Note: This is a slightly abridged translation)

ASSOCIATION: Institut radiatsionnoy gigiyeny (Institute of Radiation Hygiene)

SUBMITTED: June 24, 1959

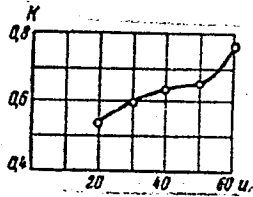


Рис. 2. Зависимость коэффициента передачи K от напряжения питания U для схемы, собранной на транзисторах П-14

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Fig. 2

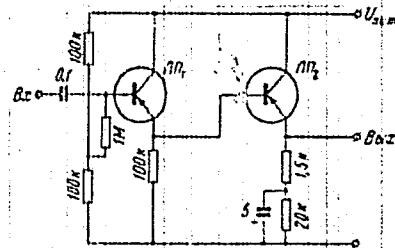


Рис. 1. Принципиальная схема пред-усилителя

ZLOBIN, L.I.; PISARENVSKIY, A.N.; SHAPIRO, E.L.; SHAMOV, V.A.

Methods of measuring radioactivity in human subjects. Med.
rad. 4 no.6:85-87 Je '59. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Iz Instituta radiatsionnoy gigiyeny Ministerstva zdravo-
okhraneniya RSFSR.

(RADIOACTIVITY,

intravital measurement of human radioactivity,
review (Rus))

SOV/120-59-1-40/50

AUTHORS: Zlobin, L. I., Nemilov, Yu. A., Pisarevskiy, A. N.

TITLE: The Behaviour of Some Types of Photomultipliers in a Weak Magnetic Field (Povedeniye nekotorykh tipov fotomnozhiteley v slabom magnitnom pole)

PERIODICAL: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, 1959, Nr 1, pp 140-141 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Scintillation counters are often used in the neighbourhood of strong magnets. In order to use photomultipliers successfully under such conditions special magnetic screens must be used and hence it is necessary to know the properties of photomultipliers working in the weak magnetic fields. In the work described in this paper a longitudinal magnetic field was applied to the photomultiplier under investigation by placing the latter inside a long solenoid. The current supplying the solenoid was controlled to 1%. The field was uniform along the length of the photomultiplier, the fall-off at the edges being less than 2%. Pulse height measurements were carried out, using the position of the photopeak of Cs¹³⁷. The rise times were measured by delayed self coincidences (Refs 1 and 2). Fig 1 shows the dependence of the total sensitivity of the photomultiplier FEU-11 and the resolution on the average magnitude of the magnetic field along the axis of the

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