

SINITSINA, A. L.

"Investigation of the Biosynthesis of Glutathione in the Surviving Tissues of Animals." Sub 4 Dec 51, Acad Med Sci USSR.

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55

*Candidate of Biological Sciences.*

SINITSYNA, A.L. (Moscow).

Glutathione metabolism and its biological function. Usp.sovr.biol.35 no.  
3:313-337 My-Je '53. (MLRA 6:6)  
(Glutathione)

SINITSYNA, A. L.

Chemical Abst.  
Vol. 48  
A pr. 10, 1954  
Biological Chemistry

(1)

Glutathione metabolism and its biological functions. A.  
L.Sinitsyna. *Uspekhi Sovremennoi Biol.* 36, 313-37(1953).  
A review; 137 references.  
Julian F. Smith

SINITSYNA, A. L.

(2)

The effect of  $B_6$ -avitaminosis on the deamination of L-amino acids and on the synthesis of their  $\alpha$ -keto and  $\alpha$ -hydroxy acids and ammonia in the liver and kidneys of the rat. A. L. Sinitsyn (Inst. Biol. and Med. Chem., Acad. Med. Sci. U.S.S.R., Moscow). *Biokhimiya* 19, 80-7(1954).—The magnitude of oxidative deamination of L-glutamic acid in liver homogenates and of the amination of  $\alpha$ -ketoglutaric acid in the liver and kidney sections in  $B_6$ -avitaminosis (I) is the same as in normal tissues. Deamination of L-alanine and L-aspartic acid in liver homogenates was thrown into severe imbalance in the presence of I. In liver and kidney sections of rats with I, incubated with pyruvate and  $NH_3$ , the content of amino acids is lowered, of glutamic acid increased, while alanine is formed in minute quantities only or not at all. Synthesis of phenylalanine and histidine from phenylpyruvic and imidazolelactic acids in liver and kidney sections is independent of the presence of added  $NH_3$  and is absent in I. The activity of transaminase is lowered in animals having I. In tissues of such animals, oxidative deamination of L-amino acids (glutamic acid excepted) and of the amination of  $\alpha$ -keto acids ( $\alpha$ -ketoglutaric acid excepted) in the liver and in the kidney proceeds basically, if not exclusively, via transamination. B. S. Levine

SINITSYNA, A.L.; KEDA, Yu.M.; ANNENKOV, G.A.

Effect of chymotrypsin hydrolysates of the bull and swine  
growth hormone on the content of urea and total and residual  
nitrogen in the blood in monkeys. Probl. endok. i gorm. 11  
no.5:106-108 S-0 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Laboratoriya biokhimii (zav. - doktor biol. nauk Ye.A. Kolli)  
Vsesoyuznogo instituta eksperimental'noy endokrinologii, Moskva,  
i laboratoriya biokhimii (zav. - prof. A.V. Trufanov) Instituta  
eksperimental'noy patologii i terapii AMN SSSR, Sukhumi. Submitted  
October 22, 1964.

SINITSYNA, A.L.; KEDA, Yu.M.; ISICHENKO, N.A.; BOGACHEVA, I.D.

Effect of pepsin on the fat-mobilizing and growth activity of  
the bull and swine growth hormone. Probl. endok. i gorm.  
11 no.6:56-58 N-D '65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Laboratoriya biokhimii (zav. - doktor biolog. nauk Ye.A. Koll),  
laboratoriya patofiziologii (zav. - prof. L.M. Gol'ber), labora-  
toriya farmakologii (zav. - kand. biolog. nauk A.I. Briskin)  
Instituta eksperimental'noy endokrinologii (ispolnyayushchiy  
obyazannosti direktora - prof. L.M. Gol'ber) AMN SSSR, Moskva.

S/058/62/000/010/012/093  
A061/A101

AUTHORS: Val'dner, O. A., Sinitsyna, E. A., Sobenin, N. P., Shchedrin, I. S.

TITLE: Group velocity parametrization

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 10, 1962, 5 - 6, abstract 10B46  
(In collection: "Uskoriteli", no. 3, Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1962,  
185 - 191)

TEXT: The possibility of representing in parametric form the dependence  
of the group velocity on geometrical dimensions and on the phase velocity of a  
wave is shown for a diaphragm waveguide. Parametric curves constructed for os-  
cillations of the type  $\pi/2$  according to experimental data are given. The accu-  
racy in determining the group velocity from the given curves is not worse than  
10%.

S. Semenov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

1300  
S/058/62/000/010/019/093  
A061/A101

AUTHORS: Sinitsyna, E. A., Sobenin, N. P.

TITLE: Phasometer circuit with double tee junction as the mixer

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 10, 1962, 6, abstract 10B54  
(In collection: "Uskoriteli", no. 3, Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1962,  
207 - 214)

TEXT: Errors arising in the measurement of the law of phase velocity change  
of a wave along a circular diaphragm waveguide when using phasometer circuits are  
considered. It is shown that the phasometer circuit with double tee junction,  
which functions as a mixer, makes it possible to conduct differential measure-  
ments with a lesser systematic error than that of the earlier considered circuits.  
(RZhFiz, 1961, 8Zh397; 8Zh482).

S. Semenov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

SINITSYNA, F. F.

SINITSYNA, F. F. -- "Changes in the State of the Bile-Passages and Certain Functions of the Liver in the presence of Ulcerous Disease of the Stomach and of the Duodenum." Odessa State Med. Inst. imeni N. I. Pirogov, Odessa, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 35, 1955

SINITSINA, F.F., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; ZAVEL'NYUK, N.P.

Case of in vivo diagnosis of polycystoma of the lungs. Vrach.delo  
no.4:405 Ap '57. (MIRA 10:7)

1. Gospital'naya terapevticheskaya klinika (zav. - prof. F.F.Plyad)  
Vinnitskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(LUNGS--TUMORS) (CYSTS)

SINITSINA, F.F., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; VASHCHENKO, M.M. (Kiyev)

Treatment with condensed sun rays by means of Bukhman's reflector.  
Vrach.delo no.8:795-797 Ag '57. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Klinicheskaya bol'ница Stalinskogo rayona  
(REFLECTORS) (SUN BATHS)

SINITSYNA, F.F.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/6259

Poltavets, Ivan Mikhaylovich, Faina Fedorovna Sinitsyna, Mark Petrovich Filippov, and Mikhail Panteleimonovich Kolyada

Ostryye radiatsionnyye porazheniya i ikh lecheniye (Acute Radiation Diseases and Their Treatment) Kiyev, Medgiz UkrSSR, 1962. 154 p. (Series: Biblioteka prakticheskogo vracha)  
4180 copies printed.

Ed.: N. I. Konstantinov; Tech. Ed.: L. A. Zapol'skaya.

PURPOSE: The book is intended for physicians in all specialties and for students of advanced courses at medical institutes.

COVERAGE: The book describes methods of treating severe radiation injuries, the treatment of patients with radiation sickness, and the pathological changes occurring in the organism in the course of radiation sickness. Classification, diagnosis, and evacuation of casualties from areas of massive destruction and the organization of dosimetric control among the personnel and

Card 1/5

1/2

## Acute Radiation Diseases and Their Treatment

SOV/6259

in the installations of the civilian defense medical service are discussed in the light of the most recently promulgated operational procedures. There are 47 references, all Soviet, including three translations.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS:

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Ch. I. Characteristics of Injuries Due to Atomic Explosions	5
Unique features of atomic explosions	5
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Damage zones about a center of atomic destruction	13
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Card 2/5  
2/2

KUMOK, V.N.; SEREBRENNIKOV, V.V.; Prinimala uchastiye SINITSYNA, G.

Stability of complex rare-earth compounds. Zhur. neorg. khim.  
10 no.9:2011-2018 S '65.

Stability of complex compounds of cations of calcium and scandium sub-  
groups. Ibid.:2019-2022 (MIRA 18:10)

1. Tomskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Kuybysheva, kafedra  
neorganicheskoy khimii.

*SINITSYNA, (3.7)*

Vsegostrannoye ob'edineniye nauchno-tekhnicheskikh i tekhnicheskikh prirodoznanii i matematicheskikh i tekhnicheskikh prirodoznanii

Nauchn. Akad. Nauk SSSR, 1959

Elektroprivod i avtomatika v priemno-izlozhitelnykh ustroystvakh; trudy svarochnogo (Elektric Drive and Automation in Industrial Systems) Transactions of the Conference Moscow, December 1960, 470 p., 11,000 copies printed.

General Ed.: I.I. Petrov, Ad. Director, and N.G. Chitilin; Eds.: I.I. Bud, and

I.F. Shlyapov; Tech. Eds.: L.P. Formala, and G.Ie. Larinov.

Purpose: The collection of reports is intended for the scientific and technical personnel of scientific research institutes, plants and schools of higher education.

Content: The book is a collection of reports submitted by scientific workers at plants, scientific institutions and schools of higher education at the third All-Union Conference on the Automation of Industrial Processes in Machine Building and Industrial Electronics. Held in Moscow on May 17-19, 1960. The Conference was called by the Academy of Sciences USSR, the Central Scientific Planning Commission USSR, the Ministry of Machine Building, the Committee for Scientific and Technical Work of the Ministry of Machine Building (State Committee on Scientific Research USSR), and prepared by the USSR National Committee on Automatic Control, and prepared by the Scientific-Technical Committee on Automated Electric Drives, the VNIIT (Institute of Aviation and Telecommunications), the VNIIF (Institute of Automation and Telecommunications), and the Institute of Technological Mathematics of the Institute of Mathematics of the Academy of Sciences USSR, and the Committee on the Technology of Machine Building of the Institute of Science of Mechanics of the Academy of Sciences USSR. It was the purpose of the Editorial Board to arrange the reports in a way which would ensure a relatively systematic presentation of theoretical and practical problems relating to electric drives and automation of industrial processes used in various branches of industry. Basic problems of automated electric drives and their solutions are outlined. The book also contains articles on electronic machinery and means of automation. Considerable attention is paid to non-linear automatic control systems, including drives with semiconductor devices and magnetic amplifiers, and to computers intended both for the analysis and the synthesis of linear and nonlinear automatic regulation and control systems. Some already published cases which have appeared in volumes V or XII of transactions are mentioned. References to many cases of the papers are made in an asterisk. No generalities

#### PART II. ELECTRIC DRIVES AND AUTOMATION OF CONTROL

##### CHAPTER VIII. Programmed Control of Rolling Mills for Variable

##### Speeds

##### PROGRAMMING BY MEANS OF A COMPUTER

Lebedev, I.A., Engineer. Calculation and Investigation of a Flying Shear Servocontrol by Means of an Electronic Simulator

Danilev, R.A., Engineer. Automation of the Collection and Weighing of

No. 1 100t Blast Furnace Charges

##### CHAPTER IX. ELECTRIC DRIVES FOR MECHANISMS OF

##### VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY

Sokolov, N.M., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Doctor. Present State and Prospects for Development of Electric Devices for General Industrial Mechanisms

Borodulin, V.V., V.I. Kolesnikov, V.V. Ershovskiy, and G.M. Popov. Automatic Electric Drive of the Propulsion Installation on the Atomic Icebreaker "Komsomol"

Martynov, V.S., and L.S. Salazar, Engineers. Investigation of Means for Ensuring Computer of the Operating Conditions of the Propulsion-Installation Using Electric Drive on the Atomic Icebreaker "Komsomol"

Zolotukhin, V.I., V.M. Tsvetkov, and V.I. Klyushnikov, Candidates of Technical Sciences, N.M. Sokolov, Doctor, Candidates of Technical Sciences, and G.D. Ljubimov, and B.I. Alabutov, Engineers. Comparison of Certain Electric Drive Systems of the KED-1 Heat Exchanger

Kazakov, A.G., E.G. Kostylev, and G.M. Shusterman, Engineers. Automated Electric Drive System of Nuclear Reactors and the Results of Their Industrial Applications

"Sibneft" A.G., Yu. Sosulin, and Yu.P. Ponomaryov, Engineers. Results of the Industrial Investigation of Automated DC-Electric Drives of the FGK-6 With Magnetic Amplifiers

Golubev, Yu.A., Doctor, Candidate of Technical Sciences. Use of Standard Electrical Machinery and Magnetic Amplifiers as Motor-Generator Drive Regulators for Mine Hoisting Machinery and Excavators

292

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324

325

L 12627-63

EWP(j)/EWT(m)/BDS AFFTC/ASD PC-4 RM

ACCESSION NR: AP3002881

S/0020/63/150/005/1087/1090

59

AUTHOR: Sinitsy\*na, G. M.; Vlodavets, I. N.; Rebinder, P. A.

TITLE: Fixation of condensation structure porosity from synthetic polymers

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady\*, v. 150, no. 5, 1963, 1087-1090

TOPIC TAGS: fixation, porosity, synthetic polymer, fibrous-porous condensing structure, hydrophobization, synthetic leather, tanning

ABSTRACT: The fixing processing of fibrous-porous condensing structures leads to their supplementary partial hydrophobization, and increases stability to action of capillary pressure during drying. These experimental results are of significance in attempts to develop synthetic leather. Further study of the nature of such fixing treatment of various high molecular structures is indicated both to realize all possibilities present in such synthetic structures and for further progress in the study of physical-chemical processes of tanning of natural leather. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 19 Mar 63

DATE ACQ: 15 Jul 63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 00

NO REF SOV: 006

OTHER: 000

CARD 1/1

OSTRIKOV, M.S.; DUKHNINA, T.P.; VILODAVETS, I.N.; SINITSYNA, G.M.

Capillary contraction of drying condensation structures of  
polyvinyl formal. Part 1: Effect of the time of acetalation.  
Koll. zhur. 26 no.5:600-607 S-0 '64.

(MIRA 17:10)

1. Rostovskiy universitet, kafedra fizicheskoy i kolloidnoy  
khimii i Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR, Moskva.

OSTRIKOV, M.S.; DUKHNINA, T.P.; DLODAVETS, I.U.; SINITSYNA, G.N.

Capillary contraction of drying condensation structures of poly-vinylformal. Report No.2: Effect of the initial polymer concentration. Koll. zhur. 27 no.1:77-81 Ja-F '65.

(MIRA 18:3)

1. Rostovskiy universitet, kafedra fizicheskoy i kolloidnoy khimii i Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR, Moskva.

ZIV, B. M., SIMONINA, G. V., (Radiation Inst. in V. I. Lenin Kirovgrad AS USSR)

"An Electrochemical Method of Investigating Radioactive Elements as a Means of Studying Chemical Properties"

Isotopes and Radiation in Chemistry, Collection of papers of  
2nd All-Union Sci. Tech. Conf. on Use of Radioactive and Stable Isotopes and  
Radiation in National Economy and Science, Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958, 380pp.

This volume published the reports of the Chemistry Section of the  
2nd AU Sci Tech Conf on Use of Radioactive and Stable Isotopes and Radiation  
in Science and the National Economy, sponsored by Acad Sci USSR and Main  
Admin for Utilization of Atomic Energy under Council of Ministers USSR  
Moscow 4-12 Apr 1957.

ZIV, D.M.; SINITSYNA, G.S.

Determination of the electrode potentials of radioactive elements.  
Trudy Radiev. inst. AN SSSR. 8:127-137 '58. (MIRA 12:2)  
(Radioactive substances) (Electromotive force)

ZIV, D.M.; SINITSYNA, G.S.

Determination of the deposition potential of polonium on  
platinum. Trudy Radiev. inst. AN SSSR. 8:138-140 '58.  
(MIRA 12:2)

(Polonium)

(Electromotive force)

NIKOL'SKIY, B.P.; SINITSYNA, G.S.; ZIV, D.M.

Determination of the valency of polonium in solutions. Trudy  
Radiev.inst.AN SSSR. 8:141-152 '58. (MIRA 12:2)  
(Polonium) (Valence (Theoretical chemistry))

NIKOL'SKIY, B.P.; ZIV, D.M.; SHESTAKOV, B.I.; SINITSYNA, G.S.

Effect of the nature and concentration of acid on the value  
of the electrode potential of polonium. Trudy Radiev.inst.  
AN SSSR. 8:153-157 '58. (MIRA 12:2)  
(Polonium) (Acids) (Electromotive force)

ZIV, D.M.; ZIV, V.S.; SINITSYNA, G.S.

Use of the electrochemical method for determining the solubility  
of polonium hydroxide. Trudy Radiev. inst. AN SSSR. 8:158-162  
'58. (MIRA 12:2)

(Polonium hydroxide) (Electrochemistry)

89-4-5-11/26

S / N 54 155  
AUTHORS: Ziv, D. M., Sinityna, G. S., Efros, I. A., Volkova, Ye. A.

TITLE: Method of Preparing Stable  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , and  $\gamma$ -Radio-active Sources  
by Use of Inorganic Enamels (Metod izgotovleniya ustoychivykh  
 $\alpha$ -,  $\beta$ -i  $\gamma$ -radioaktivnykh istochnikov na osnove neorganicheskikh  
emaley)

PERIODICAL: Atomnaya Energiya, 1958, Vol 4, Nr 5,  
pp 469 - 470 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The inorganic enamel is used as an adhesive as well as a protective substance. Thereby an insensibility of the preparations, for instance, against humidity, changes of temperature etc. is attained. Gold foil served as a base for the preparing of radium preparations. The following composition of enamels were used:

$\text{SiO}_2$  - 34%  
 $\text{PbO}$  - 30%  
 $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$  - 3%

Card 1/2

89-4-5-11/26

Method of Preparing Stable  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , and  $\gamma$ -Radio-active Sources by Use of  
Inorganic Enamels

BaO - 30%  
 $B_2O_3$  - 3%

The radium was added to the enamel as radium-oxide. The procedure of the preparing of the preparations is described with all particulars and is characterized by four sections:

1. Preparing of a titrated enamel suspension.
2. Preliminary enameling of the base.
3. Appliance of the radio-active preparations to the first enamel-base.
4. Appliance of a protective film of enamel.

There are 1 table and 6 references, ~~none of which are Soviet.~~

SUBMITTED: January 15, 1958

AVAILABLE:  
Card 2/2      Library of Congress

1. Alpha rays--Sources    2. Beta rays--Sources    3. Gamma rays  
--Sources    4. Radioactive substances--Handling    5. Enamel  
coatings--Applications

SINITSYNA, G.S.; FADDEYEV, S.L.; SUKHODOLOV, G.M.

Electrolytic separation of micro quantities of uranium and  
plutonium. Radiokhimia 1 no.3:295-299 '59. (MIRA 12:10)  
(Uranium) (Plutonium)

PODLESNOV, A.V.; SINITINA, I.I.

Case of opisthorchiasis coinciding with primary cancer of the liver. Med.paraz.i paraz.bol. 29 no.4:430-432 Jl-Ag '60.  
(MIRA 13:11)

1. Iz terapeuticheskogo otdeleniya Vostochno-Kazakhstanskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnnyy vrach V.N. Gapon).  
(LIVER--CANCER) (LIVER FLUKES)

SINITSYNA, I.N.

Representatives of the family Modiolopsidae Fischer from Silurian  
sediments in Podolia. Vest. LGU 19 no.24:44-50 '64  
(MIRA 18:1)

SINITSYNA, I.N.

Silurian bivalved mollusks of Podolia. Vert. LCU 20 no. 12:135-137  
165. (MIRA 18:8)

ZONFNSHAYN, L.P.; BERTEL'S-USPENSKAYA, I.A.; SAFRONOV, V.S.; NEYMAN, V.B.;  
GENDLER, V.Ye.; CHURIKOV, V.S.; YEREMIN, N.I.; KOGAN, B.S.; YAKOVLEVNA,  
M.N.; LANGE, O.K.; KABANOV, G.K.; KUZNETSOVA, K.I.; SINITSYNA, I.N.;  
SMIRNOVA, T.N.; VENKATACHALAPATI, V.; MASLAKOVA, N.I.; BELOUSOVA, Z.D.;  
YAKUBOVSKAYA, T.A.; YURINA, A.L.; RYBAKOVA, N.O.; MOROZOVA, V.G.;  
BARASH, M.S.; FONAREV, V.I.; NIKONOV, A.A.

Activity of the Geological Sections of the Moscow Naturalists' Society. Biul. MOIP. Otd. geol. 39 no.6:127-151 N-D '64.  
(MIRA 19:3)

SIDOROV, I.S.; IVANOV, P.K.; KABANOV, P.G.; SINITSINA, K., red. STARICHKOV, V.,  
red.; LUKASHENVICH, V., tekhn. red.

[Cropping practices in the Southeast] O sisteme zemledeliia na  
VUgo-Vostoke. [Saratov] Saratovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1956. 139 p.  
(Volga Valley--Agriculture) (MIRA 11:10)

GAVRILOV, Petr Ivanovich, kand.tekhn.nauk; SINITSYNA, K., red.; LUKASHEVICH,  
V., tekhn.red.

[Use of natural gas for cast iron welding and metal cutting]  
Svarka chuguna i reska metallov estestvennym gazom. Saratov,  
Saratovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1958. 46 p. (MIRA 12:12)  
(Gas welding and cutting) (Gas, Natural)

TOLKACHEV, N.I., agronom-ekonomist; SALMANOV, Ye.M., inzh.-mekhanik;  
SINITSYNA, K., red.; LIUKASHEVICH, V., tekhn.red.

[Maintenance manual] Spravochnik uchetchika-zapravshchika.  
Saratovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1959. 183 p. (MIRA 13:6)  
(Tractors--Maintenance and repair)

ZAKHAROV, Leonid Zakharovich, doktor biolog. nauk, prof.; LOPATNIKOV,  
Sergey Nikolayevich, prepodavatel' pchelovodstva; SHVANVICH, Boris  
Nikolayevich, doktor biolog. nauk, prof. [deceased]; SINITSYNA, K.M.,  
red.; LUKASHEVICH, V.K., tekhn. red.

[Bees and bee culture; manual on beekeeping] Pchela i pchelovodstvo;  
posobie dlja pchelovodov. Saratov, Saratovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo,  
1960. 261 p. (MIRA 14:9)

(Bee culture)

SINITSYNA, K. V.

Znamia chasti, Flag korablia - simvol voinskoi chesti, doblesti i slavy (The banner of the unit, the ship's flag is the symbol of military honor, valor, and glory)  
Kratkii rekomend. Ukarzatel' literatury. Moskva, 1953. 16 p.

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol. 7, No. 6, Sep. 1954

SINITSYNA, K.V.

[Be on your guard; keep military and state secrets strictly. A  
bibliography] Byt' bditel'nym, strogo khranit' voenmuu i gosudarst-  
vennuui tainu. Moskva, Gos. b-ka SSSR, 1954. 36 p. (MIRA 8:1D)

*SIIMTSYNA, K.V.*  
SIMITSYNA, K.V.; LEVASHEVA, Z.P., red.; KHLEMSKAYA, L.M., tekhn.red.

[Train soldiers in the spirit of vigilance and military preparedness:  
a bibliography] Vospityvat' voinov v dukhe vysokoi bditel'nosti i  
boevoi gotovnosti; rekomendatel'nyi ukazatel' literatury. Moskva,  
(MIREA 10:12)  
1957. 24 p.

1. Moscow. Publichnaya biblioteka. Voyennyj otdel.  
(Bibliography--Military education)

LEVASHLEVA, Z.P.; SINITSINA, K.V.; KARKLIN, P.I., red.

[Bibliography of Soviet military bibliography; a classified list  
of bibliographies published from 1948 to 1957] Bibliografiia  
sovetskoi voennoi bibliografii; sistematicheskii perechen' biblio-  
graficheskikh ukazatelei za 1948-1957 gg. Moskva, 1959. 92 p.  
(MIRA 13:8)

1. Moscow. Publichnaya biblioteka. Vojennyy otdel.  
(Bibliography--Military art and science)  
(Bibliography--Russia--History, Military)

KAZAKOV, S.V.; SINITSYNA, K.V.; SKAPENKOVA, T.N.; SOROKINA, L.I.; PCLYAKO-  
VA, N., red.; DANILINA, A., tekhn. red.

[People going forward] Idushchie vpered. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo polit.  
lit-ry, 1961. 438 p. (MIRA 14:6)  
(Labor and laboring classes)

L 16603-63EWP(q)/EWT(m)/BDS    AFFTC/ASD    JD  
S/075/63/018/004/012/015

91

AUTHOR: Degtyareva, O. F., Sinityna, L. G. and Proskuryakova, A. Ye.TITLE: The spectral analysis of high-purity aluminumPERIODICAL: Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, v. 18, no. 4, April 1963,  
510-513TEXT: The authors suggest a method for the direct simultaneous determination of 34 elements (B, P, Zn, Cd, Sb, Be, As, Co, W, Si, Mn, Fe, Mg, Pb, Ga, Ni, Bi, V, Mo, Sn, Ti, Cu, In, Ag, Pt, Pd, Ca, Cr, Ba, Tl, Na, K, Li, Rb) in aluminum oxide by means of fractional distillation from carbon electrodes into a DC arc at 7-12 amp. The spectra are recorded on ISP-22 and ISP-51 spectrographs. The sensitivity of the method is  $3 \cdot 10^{-5} - 3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ . The reproducibility is 10 - 20%.

They also study the effect of the density of the aluminum oxide powder on mixing during the preparation of standards. There are 3 figures and 3 tables.

SUBMITTED: June 16, 1962

Card 1/1

L 55082-65 EWT(m)/EPF(n)-2/EWP(t)/EWP(b)  
ACCESSION NR: AP5013501

Pu-4 IJP(c) JD/WW/JG  
UR/0075/65/020/005/0603/0607  
543.70

AUTHOR: Degtyareva, O. F.; Sinitsyna, L. G.

TITLE: Spectral analysis of high purity zirconium

SOURCE: Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, v. 20, no. 5, 1965, 603-607

TOPIC TAGS: zirconium, spectrum analysis, spectrography

ABSTRACT: A method was developed for spectrographic determination of impurities in zirconium based on the fractional distillation of impurities into an AC arc. A special design electrode, shown in fig. 1 of the Enclosure, facilitates thermal emission in the first few seconds of arcing, thus reducing the resistance in the gap between electrodes. Under these conditions a spontaneous current jump from 6.5 to 10 amperes occurs at the same time regardless of the sample composition. Silver chloride was used as a carrier. The weak spectrum of the principal substance and the low background enables simultaneous determination of 36 elements: Na, K, Li, Ca, Ba, Mg, Be, Co, In, Tl, Ga, V, Sr, Rb, La, Ge, Cu, Si, Al, Zn, Au, Pd, Cd, Ni, Sn, Mn, Sb, Fe, Cr, Bi, As, Pb, P, Mo, Ti, and W. The sensitivity ranges from

Card 1/3

28  
27  
B

L-55082-65  
ACCESSION NR: AP5013501

$1 \cdot 10^{-6}$  to  $1.5 \cdot 10^{-2}\%$  and the relative standard deviation of a single determination is 10-20%. Zirconium metal is converted to  $ZrO_2$  by dissolution in  $H_2SO_4$  and calcination of the sulfate. Experiments with synthetic salt mixtures showed that there are no losses of the impurities being determined. The method is applicable to the analysis of various zirconium compounds after conversion to zirconium dioxide. Ye. A. Krylova participated in the development of this method. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 22Jan64

NO REF SOV: 012

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: GC

OTHER: 005

Card 2/3

L 55082-65  
ACCESSION NR: AP5013501

ENCLOSURE: 01

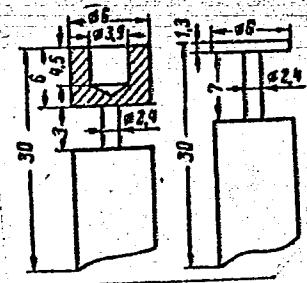


Fig. 1. Carbon electrode for zirconium analysis.

Card 3/3

MATUSKOV, S.I., dots., GONCHAROV, V.V., KHARCHENKO, A.M., SINITSYNA, L.N.

Tissue therapy in a number of types of chronic dermatitis. Vrach.  
delo no.9:973 S'58 (MIRA 11:10)

1. Kafedra kozhno-venericheskikh bolezney (zav. - dots. S.I. Matuskov)  
Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(SKIN—DISEASES)  
(TISSUE EXTRACTS)

ALEKSANDROVSKAYA, A.M.; ALESHONKOVA, Yu.A.; SINITSYNA, L.N.; GODNEV, I.N.

Thermodynamic functions of silicon tetraiodide and zirconium  
tetraiodide in the gaseous state. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; khim.i  
khim.tekh. 5 no.1:171-172 '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Ivanovskiy khimiko-tehnologicheskiy institut, kafedra fiziki.  
(Silicon iodide) (Zirconium iodide)

MATUSKOV, S. I., dotsent; KHARCHENKO, A. M., kand. med. nauk;  
KOSSOVSKAYA, O. Ya., kand. med. nauk; SINTSYNA, L. N.

Protein fractions of the blood serum in some chronic dermatoses.  
(MIRA 15:2)  
Vest. derm. i ven. no.2:42-44 '62.

1. Iz kafedry kozhno-venericheskikh bolezney (zav. - prof. M. V.  
Borзов) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N. I. Pirogova  
(dir. - zasluzhennyj deyatel' nauki UkrSSR prof. I. Ya. Deyneka).

(BLOOD PROTEINS) (SKIN--DISEASES)

SINITSYNA, L.P.

Biological characteristics of the straw fly and conditions restricting  
its reproduction in various parts of its habitat. Trudy VIZR no.11:  
26-51 ' 58. (MIRA 12:1)  
(Grain--Diseases and pests)

LANDSMAN, S.U.; MARKOVSKIY, F.T.; SINITSYNA, L.P.

Specific indices and regime characteristics for gas consumption  
in residential sectors of cities. Gaz. prom. 8 no.2:30-34 '63.  
(MIRA 17:8)

SINITSYNA, L. P., CAND BIO SCI, <sup>peculiarities</sup> BIOLOGICAL ~~CHARACTER~~  
TYPES OF THE RIBBON-FOOTED CORNFLY CHLOROPS PUMILIONIS  
BJERK AND THE CONDITIONS REGULATING ITS PROPAGATION AND  
~~Harmfulness~~  
~~DESTRUCTIVENESS IN THE VARIOUS PARTS OF THE AREA. LENIN-~~  
~~GRAD, 1960. (ZOOL INST ACAD SCI USSR. COUNCIL). (KL,~~  
2-61, 205).

-94-

SINITSINA, L.P.

Injuriousness of the ribbon-footed corn fly Chloepa pumilionis  
Bjerk to spring and winter grain crops and cultivation practices  
controlling it. Trudy VIZR no.14:5-12 '60. (MIRA 14:2)  
(Stavropol Territory—Fruit flies)  
(Wheat—Diseases and pests)  
(Barley—Diseases and pests)

PHYSICAL INFLATION

504/143

Vlasta dielektrikov; trudy vtoroy nauchnoy konferencii (Physics of Dielectrics, Proceedings of the Second Scientific Conference)

प्राप्ति देना। यह विधि अवृत्ति के बाहरी विधि है।

W. S. Publishing House: Tel.: Starckiuskraft, Tech. Ed.; I.M. Borodkin: Tel.: 821-  
3900, 3901, 3902.

(Deceased), and K.Y. Philippov, Candidate of Physics and Mathematics.

the physics of dielectrics.

lection contains most of the papers presented at the conference, as well as a number of the discussions which followed. The reports in this collection deal with

properties of various crystals, chemical compounds, and ceramics. Photoelectrics, ferroelectric crystals, and various radioactive and irradiation effects.

Papers presented at the conference dealing with polarization, losses, and breakdown of dielectrics, which were published in *Journal of Research, National Bureau of Standards*, Vol. 63, No. 3, 1958.

References accompanying each report.

LA VILLE

TRANSITIONS IN CRYSTALS [Physics Division, Karpov State University] M.V. Lomonosov

**Constantinescu, T.P., I.M. Silivrițescu, and L.D. Hirschberg.** *Bucharest Journals*, 1962, No. 1, p. 1-12. **Some New Data and Certain Physical Properties of Polymers of Triazine Sulfate Crystals**

### Socialism, and Theoretical Social Organizational Problems of Post-War Reconstruction.

Moscow] Vertebrates—T.H.H., B.M. Aleksandrov, and L.S. Sinitina. Effect of Chromic

Cherny, B.K. Electrical Properties of the  $3\text{AlD}_3 - \text{MgCl}_2\text{O}_3$  System  
University

[54] *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, December 1947

REINHOLD und A. KILIAN. Dielectric Properties of  $\text{Li}_2\text{MgAl}_5\text{O}_8$ . (Conductivity and Dielectric Properties of Crystalline  $\text{Li}_2\text{MgAl}_5\text{O}_8$ .) (Russian)

graphy, 18 USSR, Moscow]

## THE ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF POLYCRYSTALLINE SILICON [CONDUCTIVITY AND VERSATILITY]

U.S. and V.M. GILBERT. Crystals of Zinc Sulfide in Conductivity of Photoelectric Crystals and Ferroelectricity [Central Science Research Institute of Plastics Industry, Moscow] 410

Card 11/15

85020

S/048/60/024/010/029/033  
B013/B063

9,2110(1385,1043,1153)

AUTHORS:

Verbitskaya, T. N., Aleksandrova, L. M., and Sinitsyna, L. S.

TITLE:

Provisional Communication on Piezoceramic Materials With a  
Dielectric Constant of  $80,000 \div 100,000$ PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, 1960,  
Vol. 24, No. 10, pp. 1291-1293

TEXT: A new substance, designated as BK-5 (VK-5), with very high  $\epsilon$ -values,  $\epsilon_{max} = (80,000 \div 100,000)$  has been developed. The basic characteristics, measured at room temperature, of piezoceramic materials ( $\epsilon_{initial}$ ,  $\epsilon_{max}$ , and  $E_{max}$ ) were compared with the corresponding characteristics of barium titanate. It may be seen from Fig. 1 that the degree of nonlinearity rises noticeably on a regular transition of barium titanate to VK-1, VK-2, and VK-5. VK-5 exhibits nonlinear properties in a wide temperature range. On a temperature drop from room temperature down to  $-140 \div -150^{\circ}\text{C}$  the nonlinearity coefficient becomes considerably larger

Card 1/3

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Provisional Communication on Piezoceramic  
Materials With a Dielectric Constant of  
 $80,000 \div 100,000$

S/048/60/024/010/029/033  
B013/B063

(from  $40 \div 50$  to  $320 \div 360$ ). An increase of  $K_{\sim}$ , caused in the range of negative temperatures chiefly by a noticeable decrease of the initial  $\epsilon$ -value, takes place with VK-2 and barium titanate as well. The quantity  $E_{\max}$  becomes a little larger with a temperature drop, and becomes smaller on a temperature rise above room temperature. Proceeding from this fact, the authors determined  $K_{\sim}$  with the aid of a corresponding  $E_{\max}$  value at different temperatures. In the investigation of the temperature dependence of  $\epsilon$  in fields with different field strengths, four maxima of the dielectric constant were ascertained. These maxima are specially marked at a field strength of  $60 \div 100 \text{ v mm}^{-1}$ . In this case,  $\epsilon$  attains about 80,000. A definite relationship was found between the nonlinearity and the coefficient of orthogonality (koeffitsient pryamougol'nosti)  $K_{\text{hyst.}}$ . The higher the  $K_{\sim}$ , the higher will be  $K_{\text{hyst.}}$ . (Figs. 2 and 3). Not even in VK-5,  $K_{\text{hyst.}}$  at room temperature even exceeds  $60 \div 65\%$ , whereas it rises up to 80% at extremely low temperatures. The present paper was read at the

Card 2/3

85020

Provisional Communication on Piezoceramic  
Materials With a Dielectric Constant of  
80,000  $\div$  100,000

S/048/60/024/010/029/033  
B013/B063

Third Conference on Piezoelectricity, which took place in Moscow from  
January 25 to 30, 1960. There are 3 figures, 1 table, and 3 references:  
2 Soviet and 1 German.

X

Card 3/3

SINITSYNA, L.Ya. (Kishinev)

Clinical analysis of the causes of stillbirth and newborn mortality  
in some obstretical institutions of the Moldavian S.S.R. Zdravovo-  
okhranenie 2 no.1:24-28 Ja-F '59. (MIRA 12:7)  
(MOLDAVIA--STILLBIRTH) (MOLDAVIA--INFANTS (NEWBORN)--MORTALITY)

SINITSYNA, MA., Cand med Sci -- (diss) "Therapeutic  
gymnastics  
in the ~~postpartum~~ period and the effectiveness of its  
<sup>use</sup> application." Mos, 1958, 10 pp (Second Mos State med Inst  
im N.I. Pirogov) 250 copies (KL, 50-58, 131)

- 151 -

LEBEDEV, A.A., prof.; SINITSYNA, M.A.; PAVLOVA, I.I.

Medical gymnastics in obstetrics. Akush. i gin. 35 no.3:20-  
26 My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Iz kafedry akusherstva i ginekologii (zav. - prof.A.A.Lebedev)  
pediatriceskogo fakul'teta II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta  
imeni Pirogova.

(PREGNANCY  
exercise ther., evaluation (Rus))

LEBEDEV, Anatoliy Alekseyevich, prof.; KOZHANOVA, Lidiya Savel'yevna;  
RYKUNOV, Yerminingel'd Ivanovich; SINITSYNA, Mariya Andreyevna;  
CHEKANOVA, V.I., red.; VORONINA, N.K., tekhn. red.

[Physiological bases for the prevention of complications in  
antenatal fetal development; a manual on the overall prepara-  
tion of pregnant women for labor] Fiziologicheskie osnovy pro-  
filaktiki oslozhnenii antenatal'nogo razvitiia ploda; posobie  
po kompleksnoi podgotovke beremennykh k rodam. Moskva, Vysshiaia  
shkola, 1962. 81 p.

(PRENATAL CARE)

LEBEDEV, A.A., prof.; RYKUNOV, Ye.I.; SINITSYNA, M.A.; PRIBYLOV,  
K.N.; BYLLIONOK, V.K.; PAVLOVA, I.I.; GOTOVTSEV, P.I., red.;  
YAKOVLEVA, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Exercise therapy in obstetrics and gynecology] Lechebnaia fiz-  
kul'tura v akusherstve i ginekologii; posobie dlia vrachei  
zhenskikh konsul'tatsii i rodil'nykh domov. Moskva, Medgiz,  
(MIRA 15:12)  
1962. 173 p.

(EXERCISE THERAPY)  
(OBSTETRICS) (GYNECOLOGY)

SINTSYNA, M. D.

*check* Ethanol dehydration at elevated pressures. T. V. Antipina and M. D. Sintsyna (M. V. Lomonosov State Univ., Moscow). *Zhur. fiz. Khim.* 30, 2478-82 (1956).

The dehydration of EtOH was studied at 5-25 atm. pressure of one of the reaction products, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, or of N, with lump Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-catalyst at 400°. The kinetic curves at elevated pressures retained the same character as in the atm. pressure. A higher C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> pressure inhibited the reduction to C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> and slightly increased the Et<sub>2</sub>O yield. The exptl. results confirmed the monomol. reaction of EtOH dehydration to Et<sub>2</sub>O.

W. M. Sternberg

PM  
WT

*Sinitsyna M.D.*  
ANTIPINA, T.N.; SINITSYNA, M.D.

Catalytic activity of aluminum silicates treated with alkalis.  
Report No.1. Vest.Mosk.un. 12 no.1:137-142 '57. (MLRA 10:8)

l.Moskovskiy universitet, Kafedra fizicheskoy khimii.  
(Aluminum silicates) (Catalysis)

ZHABROVA, G.M.; SINITSYNA, M.D.; ROGINSKIY, S.Z.

Use of the emanation method in studying catalysts. Topochemical decomposition of magnesium and zinc carbonates and hydroxides.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 117 no.2:255-258 N '57. (MIRA 11:3)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk SSSR. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Roginskij).  
(Magnesium salts) (Zinc salts)

5(4)  
AUTHORS:

Sinitsyna, M. D., Zhabrova, G. M., Roginskiy, S. Z.,  
Gordeyeva, V. A.

SOV/62-59-1-35/38

TITLE:

Emanating Capacity in Topochemical Processes as a Typical  
Feature of the Specific Surface (Emaniruyushchaya sposobnost'  
pri topokhimicheskikh protsessakh kak kharakteristika  
udel'noy poverkhnosti)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk,  
1959, Nr 1, pp 176 - 178 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In order to investigate the changes of the structure and  
specific surface in topochemical processes the authors  
applied the method of emanation. Radiothorium nitrate  
solution was used as emanation source. The advantage of  
radiothorium in comparison to the previously used radium  
(Ref 1) consists in the fact that it forms thoron in systematic  
transformation. Since thoron has only a short half-life  
measurements can be carried on without interruption  
(Refs 1 and 2). In the investigation of magnesium hydroxide  
and magnesium oxide samples it was found that there is a  
linear dependence of the emanation coefficient (measured

Card 1/2

Emanating Capacity in Topochemical Processes as a  
Typical Feature of the Specific Surface

SOV/62-59-1-35/38

at room temperature) on the size of the specific surface. This dependence apparently holds also for other systems. It indicates that the determination of the emanation coefficient can be substituted for comparatively difficult and complicated measurements of sorption. First a calibration curve would have to be plotted for each system, however, according to several points determined by experiments: emanation coefficient - specific surface. There are 1 figure and 5 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED: June 28, 1958

Card 2/2

5(4)  
AUTHORS:

Zhabrova, G. M., Sinitayna, M. D., Roginskiy, S. Z., Cor-  
responding Member, AS USSR

SOV/20-124-2-32/71

TITLE:

The Application of the Emanation Method in the Investigation of  
Catalysts (Primeneniye emanatsionnogo metoda k issledovaniyu  
katalizatorov)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 124, Nr 2, pp 354-357  
(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The authors first mention some previous papers on this subject. It is of interest to investigate one of the previously investigated systems in detail by applying radioactive thorium. The magnesium hydroxide used in these experiments was prepared by precipitation from solutions of magnesium nitrate and alkali followed by careful washing with distilled water. A solution of 0.36 g ThO<sub>2</sub>/ml (radioactive thorium) in nitric acid was used as a source of emanation. The authors determined the kinetic curves for the time dependence of the emanating power in the course of the dehydration of magnesium hydroxide at the temperatures 320; 350; 400; 450; 550; 600; 700; 800; and 1080°. At

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SOV/20-124-2-32/71  
The Application of the Emanation Method in the Investigation of Catalysts

the same time, the percentage of the conversion of hydroxide into oxide was determined. A continuous increase of the emanating power with time is observed at the temperatures of  $320^{\circ}$  and  $350^{\circ}$ . The liberation of thoron becomes much slower towards the end of dehydration. The continuous character of the time dependence of radioactivity is disturbed already at a dehydration temperature of  $400^{\circ}$ , i.e. there is a flat maximum which corresponds to 75% of conversion. At  $450^{\circ}$  there is already a clear maximum which corresponds to 70-80% of conversion. A further increase in dehydration temperature continues to increase the sharpness of the maximum. The characteristic shape of the kinetic curves for the time dependence of the emanating power is caused by the simultaneous effect of dehydration and thermal sintering. The second diagram shows the curves for the dependence of the emanation coefficient and of the specific surface on the dehydration temperature of magnesium hydroxide. Both these quantities have a maximum at  $450^{\circ}$  after which they decrease. The emanating coefficient measured at the temperature of the topochemical process must be described by more complicated functions. The thoron generated seems to

Card 2/3

SOV/20-124-2-32/71

The Application of the Emanation Method in the Investigation of Catalysts

be eliminated only from the superficial layer of the samples  
of hydroxide and magnesium oxide investigated. There are  
3 figures, 1 table, and 7 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of  
Physical Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED: September 24, 1958

Card 3/3

SINITSYNA, M.I.

Nature of vascular reactions to local cooling in infants. *Pediatriia*  
37 no.10:46-51 O '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Iz kafedry pediatrii (zaveduyushchiy - prof. R.A. Patushinskaya)  
Ryazanskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni akademika I.P. Pavlova  
(direktor - prof. L.S. Sutulov).  
(VASOMOTOR SYSTEM physiol.)

SINITSYNA, M.I.

Hardening of infants in nurseries. Vop.ohh.mat.i det. 5 no.3:  
78-82 My-Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Iz kafedry pediatrii (zav. - prof. R.A. Patushinskaya) Rya-  
zanskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni akad. I.P. Pavlova (dir. -  
prof. L.S. Stulov). (INFANTS--CARE AND HYGIENE)

SINITSYNA, M. I.

Cand Med Sci - (diss) "Experience of adaptation of children to  
nurseries." Voronezh, 1961. 19 pp; (Voronezh State Medical  
Inst); 250 copies; price not given; (KL, 5-61 sup, 206)

BAKIN, R.L., inzh.; SINITSYNA, M.N., inzh.

Simplified water system of condensing electric power plants. Elek.  
sta. 30 no.2:31-34 F '59. (MIRA 12:3)  
(Feed water) (Electric power plants)

TAGIROV, M.Z.; FALEYEV, N.P.; TIMOSHEK, V.Ye.; SINITSYNA, M.Ya.

Experience in improving the purification of waste waters.  
Khim. i tekhn. topl. i masel 8 no.12:35-37 D '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Angarskiy neftepererabatyvayushchiy zavod.

OGIYCHUK, O.; LYSOV, A., slesar' (Vologda); SINITSINA, N.; TROFIMOV, A.,  
tokar'; KAMENSKIY, Yu., master.

Our readers' comments on works nominated for Lenin's prizes. Sov.  
(MIRA 14:2)  
profsoiuzy 17 no.4:33-34 '61.

1. Zaveduyushchaya bibliotekoy Ukrsovprofa (for Ogiychuk). 2. Kontroler  
zavoda imeni Vladimira Il'icha (for Sinitcina). 3. Zavod malolitrazhnykh  
avtomobiley (for Trofimov). 4. Zavod "Serp i Molot" (for Kamenskiy).  
(Russian literature) (Theater)

DRAPKIN, B., vrach-psikhonevrolog; SINITSYNA, N., logoped;  
USPENSKAYA, L., logoped

School of a home speech correction teacher (conclusion).  
Nauka i zhizn' 29 no.12:94-95 D '62. (MIRA 16:3)  
(Speech therapy)

SINITSINA, N.I.

Tow cured cases of rhinogenous thrombosis of the cavernous sinus. Vest. otorinolar. no.5:78-80 Sept-Oct 1950. (CLML 20:1)

1. Of the Ear Division (Head -- Prof. A. A. Bakritskiy), Sokolinaya Gora Hospital (Head Physician -- D. T. Titenkov), Moscow.

BRAUNSHEYN, A.Ye.; TORCHINSKIY, Yu.M.; MALAKHOVA, E.A.; SINITSYNA, N.I.

Interaction of aspartate ~~aminotransferase~~ with pyridoxamine phosphate  
and its analogs. Ukr. biokhim. zhur. 37 no.5:671-678 '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Institut molekulyarnoy biologii AN SSSR, Moskva.

USSR/Plant Diseases: Diseases of Cultivated Plants

0-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 10, 1953, No 44462

Author : Sinitsyna N.I.  
Inst : Stalingrad Agricultural Institute  
Title : Blister Smut on Corn in the Volga Akhtubinskaya Bottom Land  
Orig Pub : Sb. nauchn. rabot. stud. Stalingr. s.-kh. in-ta, 1956, vyp.  
2, 16-13

Abstract : Corn cultivated without irrigation in the farms of the Volga  
Akhtibinskaya bottomland is infected within the limits of  
24-26% by this disease.

Card : 1/1

SINICSYL, N.I.

Use of total evaporation rate in hydro-meteorological calculations.  
Trudy OGNI no. 17:118-123 '65.  
(Preparation)

SINITSYN, N. I.

Determination of evaporation. Trudy OGMI no.18:77-84 '59.  
(MIRA 13:5)

(Ukraine--Evaporation)

SINITSYNA, N.I.

Establishing dates of stable transition of air temperatures  
beyond certain limits. Trudy OGMI no.18:85-89 '59.  
(MIRA 13:5)

(Odessa Province--Atmospheric temperature)  
(Meteorology, Agricultural)

SINITSYNA, N.I.

Dynamics of productive soil moisture in the south of the  
European part of the U.S.S.R. Trudy GGO no.92:127-135  
'59. (MIRA 13:5)  
(Russia, Southern--Soil moisture)  
(Wheat--Moisture requirements)

SINITSYNA, N.I.; KLYUSOVETS, V.V.

Agroclimatic conditions of the fall growing period and wintering  
conditions of winter rye in Novosibirsk Province. Trudy OGMI  
no.22:23-28 '60. (MIRA 14:10)  
(Novosibirsk Province--Rye) (Crops and climate)

SINITSYNA, N.I.

Evaporation regime from fields under cultivation in drought years.  
Trudy OGMI no.25:21-28 '61. (MIRA 16:6)  
(Soil moisture)



COLVATISKY, V.N., IVN. KMKO, D.G., V.A.SCI, Vol. 3, LN. 257, N. 5.

Geological characteristics and oil and gas potentials of  
the Bachanovka field. Trudy UkrIGRI no. 7854-62 '63.  
(MINA 1951)

*S/01/T SYNTH N. A.*

*The effect of treatment with different substances on the  
chemical stability of glass(1). G. V. K. Murchison  
Philosophical Magazine, Vol. 15, No. 148  
December 1950.*

*Abstract. The effect of treatment with various substances on the  
chemical stability of glass has been studied by the method of  
dissolution of glass in dilute hydrochloric acid.*

*It is found that the dissolution rate of glass is increased by treatment with  
water in bottles increases their chemical stability compared with that obtained by treatment of bottles with  
water in glass containers.*

*It is suggested that this may be due to the presence of a thin film of water on the surface of the glass which is removed by treatment with water in bottles.*

*It is also found that the dissolution rate of glass is increased by treatment with weak acids such as acetic acid.*

*It is suggested that this may be due to the removal of a thin film of water from the surface of the glass.*

ALFEROV, Vasiliy Alekseyevich; SINITSYNA, N.S., redaktor; ZUBRILINA, Z.P.,  
tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Bulbous flowers; hyacinths, tulips, lilies, narcissuses, amaryllises  
hippeastrums and tuberoses] Lukovichnye tsvetochnye rasteniia;  
giatsinty, tiul'pany, liliyi, nartsissey, amarillisy, gippeastrumy.  
tuberozy. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo selkhoz. lit-ry, 1956. 91 p.  
(MLRA 9:9)

1. Agronom sovkhoza "Yuzhnye kul'tury" (for Alferov)  
(Bulbs)

SINITSYNA, N. S.

ZAYETS, V.K., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; VEN'YAMINOV, A.N.; YENIKSYEV, Kh. K.; RYABOV, I.N.; KOSTINA, K.F.; FINAYEV, Ye. P.; SYUBAROVA, E.P.; VASIL'YEV, K.V.; PROTASEVICH, L.A.; CHEREVATENKO, A.S.; UL'YANISHCHEV, M.M.; ORATOVSKIY, M.T.; DUKA, S.Kh.; SINITSYNA, N.S., redaktor; SOKOLOVA, N.N., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Breeding stone fruits; collection of articles] Selektaiia kostochkovykh kul'tur; sbornik statei. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo sel'khoz. lit-ry, 1956. 278 p. (MLRA 10:4)

1. Moscow, Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sadovodstva imeni I.V. Michurina.  
(Fruit culture)

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[Orchards on virgin land] Sady na tseline. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo  
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(Fruit culture)

NIKONOVA, Nina Andreyevna; SINITSYNA, N.S., red.; GUREVICH, M.M.,  
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[Radish]Redis. Moskva, Sel'khozgiz, 1961. 71 p. (MIRA 15:9)  
(Radishes)

DROBYSHEVA, Nina Aleksandrovna; SINITSYNA, N.S., red.; TRUKHINA, O.N.,  
tekhn. red.

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katov, 1961. 93 p. (MIRA 15:3)  
(Carrots) (Parsnips) (Parsley)

PETUKHOV, S. P., SMOL'YANINOVA, N. K.; SPIRINA, A. S.; SINITSYNA, N. S., red.;  
BYKOVA, M. G., red.; TRUKHINA, O. N., tekhn. red.

[Growing berry nursery stock] Vyrashchivanie posadochnogo mate-  
riala iagodnykh kul'tur. Moskva, Sel'khozizdat, 1962. 206 p.  
(MIRA 16:2)

(Berries) (Nursery stock)

YEROFEYEV, V.I.; SINITSYNA, N.V., red.

[Principles of the design and technology of the manufacture  
of electronic apparatus; a textbook] Osnovy konstruirovaniia  
i tekhnologii izgotovleniya elektronnoi apparatury; uchebnoe  
posobie. Moskva, Rovzuzizdat, 1962. 150 p. (MIRA 17:7)

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  2. USSR (600)
  4. Citrus Fruits - Diseases and Pests
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F-2

USSR/Microbiology - Antibiosis and Symbiosis  
Antibiotics.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 18, 1958, 81<sup>437</sup>

Author : Mirzabekyan, R.O., Sinitsyna, N.V.

Inst :

Title: : Testing Actinomycetes Against Potato Tumors.

Orig Pub: Zashchita rast. ot vredit. i bolezney, 1957,  
No 5, 42-44

Abstract: By direct contact of actinomycetes with dormant  
fungus spores which cause potato tumors, 5 acti-  
nomycete-antagonists were selected. The pigments  
formed by actinomycete-antagonists penetrated  
into the sporangium of fungi, coloring their  
contents, but not the capsule. Also different  
morphological changes were established in the  
sporangia, caused by the effect of actinomycete-

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ZAYTSEVA, Yevgeniya Nikolayevna; SINITSINA, N.V., red.; MEDOTOVA, A.F., tekhn.  
red.

[Tulips] Tulipany. Moscow, Gos. izd-vo sel'khoz. lit-ry, 1958.  
(MIRA 11:10)  
86 p.  
(Tulips)

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Conference on antibiotics. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 4 no.2:  
57 '59. (MIRA 16:5)

(Antibiotics) (Plants, Protection of—Congresses)

MIRZABEKYAN, R.O., kand.biologicheskikh nauk; SINITSYNA, N.V.;  
BELYAKOV, O.G.

Developing biological methods for controlling potato wart.  
Agrobiologiya no.4:566-572 Jl-Ag '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Institut genetiki AN SSSR, TSentral'naya laboratoriya po  
karantinu sel'skokhozyaystvennykh rasteniy, Ministerstva  
sel'skogo khozyaystva SSSR.  
(Potato wart)

L 1778-66 EWT(n)/EPF(n)-2/EWP(j)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(b) IJP(c) ES/JD/VW/JG/RM  
ACCESSION NR: AP502b003 UR/0020/65/164/002/0351/0353

AUTHOR: Sinitsyna, S. M.; Sinitsyn, N. M.

TITLE: The reaction of uranyl halides with tri-n-butylphosphine oxide

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 164, no. 2, 1965, 351-353

TOPIC TAGS: extraction, uranium complex, nuclear fuel

ABSTRACT: In this work a number of complexes were formed between uranyl dihalides and tri-n-butylphosphine oxide (TBPO). Freshly prepared uranium trioxide was dissolved in stoichiometric amounts of the appropriate hydrohalic acid, followed by addition of TBPO in n-heptane ( $U:TBPO = 1:2$ ). The following complexes were obtained:  $[(UO_2)_6F_{12}(TBPO)_8]$ ,  $[UO_2Cl_2(TBPO)_2]$ ,  $[UO_2Br_2(TBPO)_2]$ , and  $[UO_2I_2(TBPO)_4]$ , as indicated by elemental analysis. Cryoscopic molecular-weight determinations in benzene indicate that the fluoride complex exists in benzene in the form of a hexamer, the chloride complex as a tetramer, and the bromide and iodide complexes as monomers. There is evidence for the existence of bridging halogen bonds between individual complex molecules. [vs]

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