

PAL'CHUK, N.Yu., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk

Welding of two-layer pipes with a rustproof layer. Svar.proizv.  
no.3:5-7 Mr '55. (MLRA 8:9)

1. Moskovskoye Vysheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche imeni Baumana  
(Pipe, Steel--Welding)

SIOMYANSKAYA, F.B., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DYATLOVA, V.N.; AFANAS'YEV, P.S.; YEGOROV, A.P.; VITKOVSKIY, M.N.; MISHIN, I.A.; MEDOVAR, B.I.; LANGER, H.A.; PAL'CHUK, N.Yu., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; FRID, Ya.L.; LEVIN, I.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Methods of testing stainless steels for susceptibility to intergranular corrosion. Zav.lab.21 no.11:1314-1340 '55. (MIRA 9:2)

1.Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i konstrukterskiy institut khimicheskogo mashinostroyeniya (for Sliomyanskaya, Dyatlova).2.Nachal'nik TSentral'ney zavedskoy laboratorii (for Afanas'yev).3.Nachal'nik laboratorii eksperimental'nego zaveda khimicheskogo mashinostroyeniya.4.Sumskey mashinostreitel'nyy zaved imeni M.V.Frunze (for Vitkovskiy, Mishin).5.Institut elektrosvarki imeni Ye.O.Patona, Akademii nauk SSSR (for Medovar, Langer).6.Moskovskoye vyscheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche imeni N.E.Baumana (for Pal'chuk).7.Zametitel' nachal'nika TSentral'noy zavodskoy laboratorii zavoda "Serp i Molot" (for Frid).

(Steel, Stainless--Corrosion)

AID P - 4507

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1 Pub. 11 - 5/12

Authors : Pal'chuk, N. Yu. and A. I. Akulov

Title : Automatic Welding of Non-turning Stainless Steel Pipes

Periodical : Avtom. svar., 9, 2, 27-34, Mr/Ap 1956

Abstract : The authors describe the technique and equipment used in automatic argon arc welding of 1Kh18N9T stainless steel pipes 57, 63, 76 and 89 mm in diameter, while in the stationary (non-turnable) position prevalent in various piping systems. The installation is illustrated, the details of handling and finishing of the process, and the results of tests of welded tubing are given. Three tables, 3 photos and 3 drawings.

Institution : Moscow Higher Technical School (MVTU) im. Bauman

Submitted : 0 17, 1955

Submitted : No date

APPROVED FOR RELEASE

PAL'CHOK, N. Yu.

18615\* (Russian). Effect of Nitrogen on the Structure of 16-8 Austenitic Steel Weld Metal. V. I. Sloboda et al. Nitrogen stabilizes austenite in 16-8 steel type 18-8. G. G. Mukhin and N. Yu. Pal'chuk. Avtom. i chek. Soobsch., v. 10, Mar. Apr. 1957, p. 1-10.

Structure and mechanical properties in the initial state and after quenching, annealing, and 1000 hrs. heating at 650 C. A new phase was found.

16

16  
16

PAL'CHUK, N.YU.

135-8-18/19

SUBJECT: USSR/Welding

AUTHORS: Kasenov, Yu, I., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and Pal'chuk, N.Yu., Candidate of Technical Sciences.

TITLE: Testing of Welded Joints in Austenitic Chrome-Nickel Steel for Intercrystalline Corrosion. (Ob iipytniyakh svarnykh soyedineniy is khromonikolevykh austenitnykh stalei na mezhkristallitnuyu korroziyu).

PERIODICAL: "Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo", 1957, #8, pp 42-44 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: The authors criticize recommendations made by A.I. Krasnovskiy ("Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo", # 2, 1956) concerning methods of testing corrosion resistance - in accordance with "GOST 6032-51". This standard does not apply at all complete tests of welded joints, and, besides, it contains many inconsistencies which have been revealed in a discussion organized by the periodical "Zavodskaya Laboratoriya" (2) in 1955. These inconsistencies and Krasovskiy's statements based on GOST 6032-51 are cited. The article further contains detailed information on testing methods and rules actually practiced, including the form of test specimens, the technology of their preparation (sheet

Card 1/2

PAL'CHUK, N.Yu., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; AKULOV, A.I., kandidat  
tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Automatic argon arc welding of 18-8 type steels with consumable  
electrodes. [Trudy] MVTU no.71:93-104 '57. (MIRKA 10-2)  
(Steel--Welding) (Protective atmosphere)

PAL'CHUK, N.Yu.; MUKHIN, G.O.

Effect of chrome, silicon and vanadium on  $\sigma$  phase formation in  
manual welds on 18-8 type steels. Avtom.svar.8 no.4:42-57 Jl-  
Ag'55. (MLRA 8:11)

1. Moskovskoye Vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche imeni Baumana  
(Steel alloys--Welding) (Metallography)

31459

S/125/62/000/003/004, 006  
DC40/D113

18.1130

AUTHORS: Shashin, D.M., and Pal'chuk, N.Yu.

TITLE: Effect of alloying elements on the corrosion resistance of welded joints in 1Kh18N9T steel subjected to prolonged heating at 350-650°C.

PERIODICAL: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 3, 1964, 5-11.

TEXT: The results are given of investigations on the effect of the chemical composition of the weld metal and prolonged heating at 350-650°C on the corrosion resistance of joints welded by the argon arc process in ~~1X18H9T~~ 1Kh18N9T steel. Welds were additionally alloyed with Ti, Nb, Si and V to reveal the effect of these elements. Specimens were heat-treated as follows: quenching in water from 1050-1100°C, or homogenizing for 4.5 hrs at 850°C with air cooling; aged for 500, 1500 and 3000 hrs at 350, 475, 550 and 650°C. Specimens were then ground, and tested for intercrysalline corrosion by the standard AM (AM) method per ГОСТ 6052-56 (GOST 6052-56) and for general

Card 1/3

S/125/62/000/003/004/006  
D040/D113

Effect of alloying elements ...

corrosion by boiling in 55% nitric acid for 200 hrs. Specimens that passed tests failed later after aging. Nb additions raised the corrosion resistance better than additions of other elements; Ti had a negative effect at higher contents, which is explained by the difference in the electrode potentials of Ti and Nb carbides in relation to the steel base and Cr carbides. Welds of Ti and Nb carbides in relation to the steel base and Cr carbides. Welds alloyed with ferrite-forming Si, or Si with V, had the lowest resistance to general acid corrosion. Intensive shearing corrosion was observed in a 1 to 1.5 mm-wide band at the welds, and welds with acute shearing corrosion had low content of  $\alpha$ -phase on the fusion line, whilst in welds less prone to this type of corrosion, the  $\alpha$ -phase was clearly shifted towards the base metal; the weld metal at the fusion line had a high content of  $\alpha$ -phase, which shows that higher resistance to shearing corrosion can be reached by raising the  $\alpha$ -content in the fusion line. Increased Nb content, in the weld completely eliminated shearing corrosion. Conclusions: (1) The corrosion resistance of argon arc welds in Kh18N9T type steel is sharply reduced after prolonged heating at over 350°C; welds have a high corrosion resistance ✓

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18(5,7)

SOV/135-59-9-6/23

AUTHORS: Shashin, D. M., Engineer and Pal'chuk, N. Yu., Candidate  
of Technical Sciences

TITLE: Impulse Butt Welding of Type 1Kh18N9 Steel of Small  
Sections

PERIODICAL: Sverchochnoye proizvodstvo, 1959, Nr 9, pp 19-21 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors present some primary results on experiments made in the fields of impulse welding of stainless steels. In this study the possibility of using a capacitor as energy source for butt-welding of pipe elements and rods of small sections is discussed. This is to get a higher stability against corrosion of the joint. Fig 2 shows the block diagram of a corresponding welding device. Experiments were made on butt-welding. The components, which were to be welded, were fastened with a current carrying gripping device which works pneumatically. For quality comparison, samples of steel type 1Kh18N9 (0.08% C, 0.19% Si, 1.48% Mn, 19.12% Cr, 9.23% Ni) were tested. The samples were welded partly with capacitor, partly the usual way of

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SOV/135-59-9-12  
Impulse Butt Welding of Type 1Kh13N9 Steel of Small Sections

butt welding. For the latter the transformer of a set type MTP-200 was used, with feeding from the alternate current system. The welding time was changed from 0.04 to 0.08 sec., regulated by electron regulator type RVE-7-1A. The table shows the test conditions and the results. The experiments showed that a lower welding time (0.01-0.04 sec) leads to a higher stability against corrosion. There are 2 photographs, 1 drawing, 2 block diagrams and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: MVTU imeni Baumana (MVTU imeni Bauman)

Card 2/2

MUKHIN, G.G.; PAL'CHUK, N.Yu.

Formation of new phases in welded joints in 18-8-type steel  
containing niobium. Avtom. svar. 11 no. 6:88-91 Je '58.  
(MIRA 11:7)

(Steel alloys--Welding)  
(Niobium)  
(Metallurgy)

137-8-3-5265

Translation from Referativnyy zhurnal Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr. 5, p. 15 (USSR)

AUTHORS Pal'chuk, N. Yu., Akulov, A. I.

TITLE Automatic Argon-shielded Consumable-electrode Inert Arc Welding of Steels of the 18-8 Type (Avtomatischekaya argonodugovaya svarka plavayashchimysya elektrodom staley tipa 18-8)

PERIODICAL V sb. Prochnost i avtomatizatsiya svarki (MVTU, 71)  
Moscow, Mashgiz, 1957 pp 93-104

ABSTRACT An investigation was carried out to evaluate the quality of welded joints of steel of 18-8 type which were fabricated by means of an automatic Ar-shielded consumable-electrode arc-welding process. The chemical composition of metal in the seam showed that the coefficient of assimilation of C, Cr, Ni, Si, Mn, Nb, and Mo closely approaches the value of 1, while the coefficient of assimilation of Ti amounts to 0.7-0.8. The mechanical properties of welded joints of steels of 18-8 type (executed in any position in space), as well as of rigid pipe junctions, are quite satisfactory and meet the requirements for welded connections of such steels. Welded junctions of 12mm thick IKh18N9T steel, executed with welding rods of Kh18N9T type,

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137-58-3-5265

Automatic Argon-shielded Consumable-electrode (cont.)

exhibit an ak of 111-12.7 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>. The macro and microstructure of the welds is independent of their position in space during welding, and is only slightly affected by the type of welding rod employed (compared with 0Kh18N9, the Kh18N9T welding rod produces a finer weld structure). The resistance of butt welds to intercrystalline and overall corrosion is quite satisfactory and is virtually unaffected by stabilization and stress-relieving processes after the welding operations

G.N.

Card 2/2

Paleluk N. Yu.

AUTHORS: Mukhin, G. G. and Paleluk, N. Yu.  
Candidates of Technical Sciences

TITLE: On the Formation of a New Phase in Weld Jams on "18-8" Grade Steel, Containing Niobium (Ob strazevaniyu novyj fazы v svarnykh shvakh na stali tipa 18-8, soderzashchey niobium)

PERIODICAL: Avtomaticheskaya Svarka, 1958, Nr 6, pp 67 - 71 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: With reference to criticisms expressed by N. Lashko [Redacted] in the preceding article in this copy [Redacted] on the formation of a new "N-phase" in "18-8" grade steel, the authors defend their theory and, although they partly agree with Lashko, insist that the "N-phase" is to be considered a new phase of as yet unknown crystalline structure, which appears in "18-8" grade steel with high niobium content (after various heat treatments) and reduces the plasticity and impact-resistance of the metal. There are 2 tables, and 9 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED: December 2, 1957  
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress  
Card 1/1 1. Seam welding 2. Niobium-Effectiveness

~~KAZENOV, Yu. I.~~ PAL'CHUK, N. Yu.

KAZENOV, Yu. I., kand.tekhn.nauk; PAL'CHUK, N.Yu., kand.tekhn.nauk

Testing weld joints in chromium-nickel austenitic steels for  
intercrystalline corrosion. Svar.proizv. no.8:42-44 Ag '57.

(MIRA 10:11)

(Chromium-nickel steel--Welding) (Steel, Stainless--Corrosion)

135-12-15/17

AUTHOR: Akulov, A.I., Pal'chuk, N.Yu., Candidates of Technical Sciences

TITLE: Semiautomatic Gas-arc Welder for Thin-sheet Metal (Svarochnyy poluavtomat dlya gazodugovoy svarki tonkolistovogo metalla)

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo, 1957, # 12, p 44-45 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article gives a detailed description of a new semi-automatic arc welding device for welding in shielding gases, devised by the MVTU imeni Bauman. The device, which is illustrated by 2 photographs (Figure 1) and an electrical circuit diagram (Figure 2), consists of a welding pistol and a control board in a cabinet. All work parts including the feed mechanism are placed in the pistol. The feed cable and shielding gas are led through one flexible hose into the pistol so that the whole system is cooled by shielding gas. As all work control is on the pistol, the operator can work at any distance from the cabinet. This feature and the weight of the pistol (2 kg) make the device particularly handy for assembling work. It enables welding seams of any outline, in bottom or ceiling position, and eliminates the disadvantages of the semi-automatic "ПДМА-500" welders, produced up to now. These disadvantages are partly

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Semiautomatic Gas-arc Welder for Thin-sheet Metal

135-12-15/17

eliminated also in the semi-automatics "ПМБ-1" and "ПМБ-8" designed for arc welding in shielding gas by the Scientific Research Institute for Technology and Organization of Industry (NII tekhnologii i organizatsii proizvodstva).

There are 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: MVTU imeni Bauman

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

PALOUR, N.Y.

41-27-27  
The effect of chromium, silicon, and vanadium upon the formation of a phase in steels produced by hand welding of steel type 31-8-Cr-V-alloy and C. G. Muchin, Journal of Metals, No. 4, 49-57 (1965).—The  $\epsilon$ -phase, which is formed in steels welded with the electrode India type S-8, containing different amounts of Cr, Si, and V. The  $\epsilon$ -phase is formed on heating at  $650^{\circ}$  for up to 1000 hrs. in the  $\alpha$ -phase of ferrite. Addition of the ferrite-forming elements V, Si, and Cr promotes the formation of the  $\epsilon$  phase, which decreases plasticity and shock viscosity. Tempering in water from  $1100^{\circ}$  does not prevent formation of the  $\epsilon$ -phase when Si is over 3%, Cr 21%, or V 1.3% and Si 1.5%.

A. N. Fesof

RJ  
MT

MUKHIN, G.G.; PAL'CHUK, N.Y.

Effect of bichium on the structure of welded joints on 18-8 type austenite steel. Avtom. svar. 10 no.2:1-10 Mr--Ap '57. (MLRA 10:6)

1. Moskovskoye Vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche im. Baumana.  
(Niobium) (Steel--Welding)

AKULOV, A.I.; PAL'CHUK, N.Yu.

Possibility of using commercial argon in welding stainless steel with  
a consumable electrode. Avtom. svar. 10 no.2:50-56 Mr-Ap '57.  
(MLRA 10:6)

1. Moskovskoye Vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche im. Baumana.  
(Steel, Stainless--Welding) (Protective atmospheres)

PAL'CHUN, A.S., starskiy prepodavatel'

Network for integrating weak d.c. voltages. Vest. sviazi 24 no.7:  
10-11 Jl '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Novosibirskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut svyazi.

PAL'CHUN, A.S., inzhener.

Improving the amplitude-frequency characteristics of the DR-89 receiver  
unit. Vest.sviazi 16 no.7:14-15 J1 '56. (MLRA 9:9)

1.Nevosibirskiy radiotsentr.  
(Radio--Receivers and reception)

L 9463-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h)

ACC NR: AP5028140

SOURCE CODE: UR/0106/65/000/011/033/0040

AUTHOR: Pall'shun, A. S.

39  
B

ORG: none

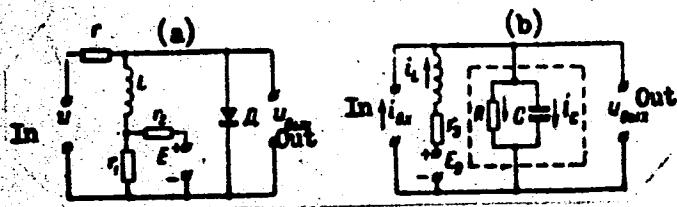
TITLE: Tunnel-diode slave multivibrator as a frequency divider 25

SOURCE: Elektrosvyaz', no. 11, 1965, 33-40

TOPIC TAGS: frequency divider, multivibrator, tunnel diode, electronic circuit

ABSTRACT: A theory and design formulas are developed for an electronic frequency divider based on D. Armgarth's circuit (Nachrichtentechnik, 1962, no. 7). A tunnel

diode and inductance L are connected in series (see Fig. a) to d-c source E via voltage divider  $r_1 r_2$ . The input voltage pulses (of any shape including sinusoidal) are applied via resistor r. Using an



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UDC: 621.373.54

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ACC NR: AP5028140

equivalent circuit (Fig. b), a differential equation is set up, solved, and practical design formulas are derived. The division ratio depends on L, tunnel-diode parameters, input-current peak, and the position of the initial current. By stabilizing the circuit parameters and supply voltages, the division ratio can be made stable. By using a thermistor instead of  $r_2$ , or by connecting a temperature-compensating limiter before the frequency divider, stable operation within  $\pm 10\text{ to }70^\circ\text{C}$  with a division ratio of up to 10 is held possible. The theory was verified by experiments with a 4-section divider which stepped-down a frequency of 100 kc (sinusoidal wave) to 1 kc, and with a single-section divider which was fed at 10.85 Mc and had a ratio of 31. A design procedure for the tunnel-diode frequency divider is set forth. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 29 formulas. [03]

SUB CODE: 09/ SUBN DATE: 12Apr65/ ORIG REF: 002/ OTH REF: 001/ ATD PRESS:

4154

Card 2/2 mdo

MOCHALOV, Boris Mikhaylovich; PAL'CHUN, I.F., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.  
red.

[Commodity production, the law of value, and money under socialism;  
lecture on the economics of socialism] Tovarnoe proizvodstvo, zakon  
stoimosti i den'gi pri sotsializme; lektsiiia po kursu politicheskoi  
ekonomii sotsializma. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk. univ., 1961. 64 p.

(MIRA 14:8)

(Economics)

TKACHEVSKIY, Yuriy Matveyevich; PAL'CHUN, I.F., red.; YERMAKOV,  
M.S., tekhn. red.

[Work units in corrective labor colonies] Otriadnaia sistema  
v ispravitel'no-trudovykh koloniakh; lektsiia dlia studentov  
iuridicheskogo fakul'teta. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk. univ., 1962.  
29 p.

(MIRA 16:3)

(Convict labor)

SAZHINA, Musa Arkad'yevna; DOLGORUKOV, P.D., otv.red.; PAL'CHUN, I.F., red.

[Economic crises of overproduction; lecture] Экономические кри-  
зисы перепроизводства; лекция. Отв.ред. П.Д.Долгоруков.  
Москва, Изд-во Моск.унив., 1959. 64 p. (MIRA 13:3)  
(Overproduction)

OS'MOVA, Markiana Nikolayevna; PAL'CHUN, I.F., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S.,  
tekhred.

[Building of socialism in the agriculture of the European  
people's democracies] Stroitel'stvo sotsializma v sel'skom  
khozaiistve evropeiskikh stran narodnoi demokratii. Moskva,  
Izd-vo Mosk.univ., 1961. 57 p. (MIRA 15:4)  
(Europe, Eastern—Agriculture)

MOCHALOV, Boris Mikhaylovich; SUVOROVA, M.I., otv.red.; PAL'CHUN, I.F.,  
red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.red.

[Trade under socialism; a lecture on the course in the political  
economy of socialism] Torgovlia pri sotsializme; lektsii po  
kursu politicheskoi ekonomii sotsializma. Otv.red. M.I.Suvorova.  
Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk.univ., 1961. 50 p.

(MIRA 14:4)

(Russia--Commerce)

SOV/107-59-4-24/45

(  
AUTHOR: Pal'chun, I., Bobruysk  
TITLE: A Paint for Alcaline Batteries (Kraska dlya  
shchelochnykh akkumulyatorov)  
PERIODICAL: Radio, 1959, Nr 4, p 30 (USSR)  
ABSTRACT: The author recommends a home-made paint for alcaline  
batteries, consisting of 10g celluloid dissolved in  
100 g acetone and 30 g powdered paint.

Card 1/1

PAL'CHUN, P., starshiy serzhant sverkhrochnoy sluzhby.

Tuning the radio station without connecting the power supply.  
Voen. sviaz. 16 no. 6:14-15 Je '58. (MIRA 11:?)  
(Radio, Military)

CHERNYSHEV, M.A., prof.; BASILOV, V.V., inzh., retsenzent;  
ZAKHAROV, A.A., inzh., retsenzent; PAL'CHUN, P.S.,  
inzh., retsenzent; SERGEYeva, A.I., inzh., red.;  
USENKO, L.A., tekhn.red.

[Arrangement, maintenance and repair of tracks] Ustroj-  
stvo, soderzhanie i remont puti. 2. perer. izd. Moskva,  
Transzheldorizdat, 1963. 466 p. (MIRA 17:2)

LEBEDEV, Mikhail Nikolayevich, prof.; SHADRIN, Nikolay Aleksandrovich, prof.; KRYUKOV, Georgiy Nikolayevich, dotsent; MOLLOT, Aleksandr Georgiyevich, dotsent; PETRUKOVICH, A.I., inzh.; PAL'CHUN, P.S., inzh., retsenzent; SOKOLOV, F.G., inzh., retsenzent; EYGEL', I.Yu., inzh., red.; BOBROVA, Ye.N., tekhn. red.

[Railroad surveying and construction] Izyskaniia i postroika zheleznykh dorog. By M.N.Lebedev i dr. Moskva, Vses. izdatel'sko-poligr. ob"edinenie M-va putei soobshcheniya. Pt.2. [Railroad construction] Postroika zheleznykh dorog. 1961. 319 p. (MIRA 14:8)  
(Railroads--Construction)

MURAV'YEV, Ivan Vladimirovich; OGAR', Yuryi Sergeyevich;  
PAL'CHUN, Petr Savel'yevich; ABRAGAM, S.R., inzh., red.

[Machinery and tools for track maintenance and repair] Pu-  
tevye mekhanizmy i instrument. Moskva, Transport, 1964.  
311 p. (MIRA 18:9)

PAL'CHUN, V.T. (Moskva G-359, ul. Partizanskaya, d.49, korp.1, kv.46)

Importance of the eradication of infectious tonsillar foci  
during the preparation of rheumatic patients for heart sur-  
gery. Grud. khir. 5 no.2:35-39 Mr-Ap'63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz kliniki bolezney ukha, gorla, nosa (direktor - deystvi-  
tel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR, zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. B.S.  
~~Prochazhenskiy~~) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni  
N.I.Pirogova i Instituta serdechno-sosudistoy khirurgii (di-  
rektor - prof. S.A. Kolesnikov, nauchnyy rukovoditel' - akad.  
A.N. Bakulev) AMN SSSR.

PAL'CHUN, V.T., PETROVA, Ye.I.

Prevention of new rheumatic attacks within the immediate stage  
following tonsillectomy. Zhur. ush. nos. i gorl. bol. 23.  
no.2:61-66 Mr-Ap'63. (MIKA 16:8)

1. Iz kliniki bolezney ukha, gorla, nosa (direktor - d•ystvi-  
tel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR, zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. B.S.  
Preobrazhenskiy) lechebnogo fakul'teta 2-go Moskovskogo medi-  
tsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova.

PALCIC, B.

Reorganization of our secondary professional schools. p. 126.  
GEODETSKI LIST (Drustvo geodete NR Hrvatske) Zagreb. Vol. 10,  
no. 3/4 , Mar. / Aprli. 1956

SOURCE: East Europe Accession List (EEAL),  
Library of Congress, Vol. 5, no. 11, Nov. 1956

PALCIC, B.

Reorganization of our secondary professional schools.  
p. 226. GEODETSKI LIST. Zagreb. Vol. 10, no. 7/8,  
July/Aug. 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL),  
Library of Congress Vol. 5, no. 11, Nov., 1956.

PALCIC, Branko, Dr.

PALCIC, Branko, dr.

Contact points in the bridge prosthetics. Zobozdrav. vest.,  
Ljubljana 9 no.1-2:8-10 1954.

(CROWN AND BRIDGEWORK

\*contact points)

PALCIC, Branko

PALCIC, Branko, dr.

Accidents in prosthetics. Zobozdrav. vest., Ljubljana 9 no.1-2:

37-40 1954.

(DENTISTRY, OPERATIVE

\*accidental inj. in)

RIALLAND, R.N., prof., PALCIC, Branko, doc. dr. [translator]

Acrylic crown and bridgework. Zobosdrav. vest., Ljubljana 9 no.4-6:  
156-159 1954.

1. Referat na strokovnem sestanku Drustva zobosdravstvenih delavcev  
Slovenije septembra 1954.

(CROWNS AND BRIDGWORK

acrylic resins in)

(ACRYLIC RESINS

crown & bridgework)

PALCIC, Branko, doc. dr.

Primary prosthetic triage. Zobozdrav. vest., Ljubljana 9 no.4-6:  
181-187 1954.

1. Referat na strokovnem sestanku Drustva zobozdravstvenih delavcev  
Slovenije septembra 1954.  
(DENTAL PROSTHESIS  
prep.)

PALCIC, S.

Controller of electron tubes. p. 260.  
(Radioamater, Vol. 10, No. 10, Oct. 1956, Beograd, Yugoslavia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EHAL) Lc. Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug 1957. Uncl.

PALCIC,S.

Generating high-frequency voltage with an oscillator. p. 78.  
(Radioamater. Vol. 11, no. 3, Mar. 1957, Yugoslavia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LS, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957, Unclassified.

PALCIC, S.

Testing instruments for electronic tubes, p. 100. RADIOAMATER. (Savez  
radioamatera Jugoslavije) Beograd. Vol 10, No. 4, Apr. 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL) Library of Congress,  
Vol. 5, No. 8, Aug. 1956.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0012388

KERTESZ, Randolph (subject), "All We Know About The Internet Is Not True," October (Newsletter)

Forum of Innovators, 11/11/98; 17 p. 500-501, 503-504

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0012388

PALCO, M.

NIEDERLAND, T.R.; PALCO, M., KELEN, J.

Method of cephalin-cholesterol flocculation test. Bratislavské listy  
(CLML 19:4)  
Suppl.1, Vol.30:12-16 1950.

1. Of the Second Internal Clinic and of the Biochemical Department  
of the Institute of Medical Chemistry of Slovak University.

PALCU, G.

Small mechanizations, an important source of economy. p.421

INDUSTRIA LEMNULUI. (Asociatia Stiintifica a Inginerilor si Tehnicienilor  
din Romania si Ministerul Industriei Lemnului, Bucuresti, Romania  
Vol.8, no.1, Nov 1979)

Monthly List of East European Accessions (MAI) IC, Vol. 9, no.2 Feb. 1988

Uncl.

ALCU, G.

Small mechanizations, and important source of economy. p. 425.

INDUSTRIA LEM'U'I. (Oasociatia Stiinifica a Inginerilor se Tehnicienilor din Romania se Mintsterul Industriei Limnlui) Bucuresti, Romania.  
Vol. 8, No. 11, Nov. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 9, No. 2, Feb. 1960.

Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0012388

141 125 128, 1000, 10

141 125 128, 1000, 10  
141 125 128, 1000, 10

141 125 128, 1000, 10

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0012388

MOKRZYCKI, Mikołaj; PALCZEWSKA, Jadwiga

Cases of staphylococcal pneumonia in adults. Gruzlica 27 no.3:247-  
253 Mar 59.

1. Z Zakladu Tryzjatrii Studium Dokonalenia Lekarzy w Łodzi i  
Szpitala Specjalistycznego im. dr A. Sokolowskiego w Łodzi  
Kierownik Zakladu i dyrektor Szpitala doc. or M. Zierski Ordynator  
Oddzialu: dr M. Mokrzycki. Adres: Łódź, ul. Kosynierów Gdyńskich  
26.

(MICROCOCCAL INFECTIONS, case reports,  
pneumonia (Pol))

(PNEUMONIA, case reports,  
micrococcal (Pol))

**PALCZEWSKA, Jadwiga**

Spontaneous pneumothorax. Gruzlica 25 no.9:733-741 Sept 57.

l. z Zakladu Ptyzjatrii I. D. iS. K. L. i Szpitala Specjalistycznego  
i n. dr. A. Sokolskiego w Lodzi. Kierownik: doc. M. Zierski.  
(PNEUMOTHORAX  
spontaneous, etiol. & ther. (Pol))

POLAND / Physical Chemistry. Electrochemistry.

B-12

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 7, 1959, 22658.

Author : Palczewska, W., Wroblowa, H.

Inst : Academy of Sciences of Poland.

Title : Adsorption of Dibenzyl Sulphoxide /sic/ on The  
Phase Boundary Mercuryaqueous Solution of Sul-  
phuric Acid.

Orig Pub: Bull. Acad. polon. sci. Ser. sci. chim., geol  
et geogr., 1958, 6, No 3, 191-199, LV.

Abstract: With intension of investigating into the nature  
of particles of dibenzyl sulfoxide (I) which  
is adsorbed on Fe and Ni and raises the over-  
voltage ( $\eta$ ) of hydrogen and decreases the im-  
plantation of electrolytic hydrogen into the  
metal in acidic solutions at high cathodic pol-  
arizations ( $\eta$  greater than 0.7 v) RZhKhim, 1955,

Card 1/3

23

POLAND / Physical Chemistry. Electrochemistry.

B-11

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 7, 1959, 22658.

Abstract:  $H_2SO_4$  solution by 100 to 150 mv). The authors arrived at the conclusion that in the first section I is adsorbed as neutral molecules oriented by the negatively polarized oxygen atom towards the surface of Hg; the second section corresponds to the pure surface of Hg, and at  $\psi$  equal to about 0.85 v, I is adsorbed again, now in the shape of a cation, which is oriented by the positively charged S atom towards the surface of Hg, which enhances the rise of  $\gamma$ . It is assumed, based on the results obtained, that I is adsorbed in the shape of cations on Fe and Ni in acid solutions in the case of high cathodic polarizations.  
-- I. Bagotskaya.

Card 3/3

24

PALCZEWSKA, W.

Influence of catalytic promoters on the permeation of hydrogen  
from the gas phase into iron. Pt. 2. Bul chim PAN 12 no. 3:  
183-188 '64.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences,  
Warsaw. Presented by M. Smialowski.

POLITICAL, etc.

Potential pinning potential of 100,000,000.00. Total potential of 100,000,000.00.  
Total potential of different types of pins 100,000,000.00.  
ACENTIC C.I.C., w.res. 4, 7.1. - 19.1.1982, 1982.

cc: Monthly List of Pinning potential, 100,000,000.00, incl.

PALCZEWSKA, W.

The influence of polar organic substances and catalytic poisons  
on hydrogen over-voltage on nickel and iron cathodes. In English.  
p. 37. Vol. 4, no. 1, 1956 Warszawa

MATEMATYKA

SOURCE: East European Acession List (EEAL) Library of Congress  
Vol. 5, no. 8, August 1956

PALCZEWSKA,W.

PALCZEWSKA, W.; TGA 1, ..

"Notes received from diplomatic mission. In view of the present situation,  
P. Rep., AUGUST 1981, Vol. 1, No. 1, 1981, Warsaw, etc."

CC: Monthly List of Just & repeat Accts since ("AL"), 1, 1981, etc.,  
March 1981, incl.

COUNTRY :	Poland	B-12
CATEGORY :		
ABSTRACT JOUR. :	RZKhim., no. 21 1959, no.	74,349
NAME OF AUTHOR, TITLE, AND ADDRESS:		
NAME OF AUTHOR:		
TITLE:	The Adsorption of Diphenyl Sulfoxide at the Interface between Mercury and an Aqueous Solution of Sulfuric Acid. I. Electrocapillary Measurements.	
ORIG. PUB.:	Roczniki Chem., 32, no. 6, 1533-1540 (1958)	
ABSTRACT:	Detailed electrolytic curves have been recorded for a diphenyl sulfide solution containing diphenyl sulfoxine ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ) at potentials $\varphi$ of from +0.05 v to -0.5 v (saturated calomel electrode $\text{SCE}$ ). It has been found that it is adsorbed on positively charged surfaces and also in the region of zero charge on them ( $\psi_f$ to $\varphi = -0.75$ v), with an accompanying shift of the potential of the electrocapillary maximum to more negative values. The authors are of the opinion that in the	
CARD:	1/3	

COUNTRY	: Poland	3-12
CATEGORY	:	
ABG. NR.	: R&KHM., No. 21 1959, No.	74342
AUTHOR	:	
INST.	:	
FILE	:	
CLIP. PUB.	:	
ABSTRACT	: $\varphi$ range indicated, I is adsorbed as a polar aromatic molecule and is oriented with the negative end of the dipole (the C atom) pointing towards the positively charged Hg surface. An increase in the absorption of I with increasing concentration ( $c$ ) of the latter is observed up to $c = 3 \cdot 10^{-4}$ M, the adsorption isotherm having a linear character. At $c \geq 3 \cdot 10^{-4}$ M the fraction of the Hg surface covered by adsorbed molecules is close to the value of $\Gamma = 3 \cdot 10^{-10}$ mol/cm <sup>2</sup> obtained for $\varphi =$	
CARD	2/3	49

COUNTRY : U.S.A.  
CATEGORY :

ABC. JOUR. : TEKNO, No. 1 - 1959, No. 247.

CATEG. PUBL. :

ABSTRACT : This issue contains a series of articles on the development of the Soviet space program, including discussions of the Sputnik satellite, the Vostok and Voskhod flights, and the Soyuz program. It also includes reports on Soviet scientific research and technology.

WORD COUNT:

PALCZEWSKA, W.; RATAJCZYK, I.

Influence of catalytic promoters on the permeation of hydrogen from  
the gaseous phase into iron. The effect of hydrogen sulphide. Bul  
chim PAN 9 no.4:267-275 '61.

1. Department of Physical Chemistry of Electrode Processes, Institute  
of Physical Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences. Presented by  
M. Smialowski.

(Catalysts) (Hydrogen) (Permeability) (Iron)  
(Sulfides)

ABS. JOUR. : RZhkhim., No. 1960, No.

AUTHOR : V. A. Kabanov, V. V. Slobodchikov  
TITLE : Adsorption of I<sub>2</sub> on the Anodes of Ni and Fe in Acidic Electrolytes

P. L. 702. : The authors studied the adsorption of iodine on the anodes of

nickel and iron in acidic electrolytes containing iodide ions at pH 1.5-2.0.

ABSTRACT : The authors studied the adsorption of iodine on the anodes of nickel and iron in acidic electrolytes containing iodide ions at pH 1.5-2.0. The adsorption was studied by the method of polarized voltammetry. It was found that iodine is adsorbed on the anodes of nickel and iron as a neutral molecule at potentials more positive than -0.33 v. At potentials more negative than -0.7 v. iodine is adsorbed as the cation. The latter reduction is confirmed by the absence of desorption of I<sub>2</sub> at  $\varphi = -1.2$  v. The anode overpotential observed between the adsorption and desorption regions and on Ni and Fe (RZhkhim., 1960, No. 4, 17148) indicates, in the opinion of the authors, that on Ni and Fe I<sub>2</sub> is adsorbed as the cation at potentials more negative than -0.7 v and increases the hydrogen overpotential in that region. The inhibiting

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ABS. JOUR. : RZhkhim., No. 1960, No.

17148

AUTHOR :

NAME :

TITLE :

ORIG. PUB. :

ABSTRACT : I<sub>2</sub> is adsorbed on Ag as a neutral molecule; at potentials below -0.33 v, I<sub>2</sub> is adsorbed as the cation. The latter reduction is confirmed by the absence of this desorption of I<sub>2</sub> at  $\varphi = -1.2$  v. The anode overpotential observed between the adsorption and desorption regions and on Ni and Fe (RZhkhim., 1960, No. 4, 17148) indicates, in the opinion of the authors, that on Ni and Fe I<sub>2</sub> is adsorbed as the cation at potentials more negative than -0.7 v and increases the hydrogen overpotential in that region. The inhibiting

CARD #: 173

COUNTRY : Poland

CITY : RZKhim, No. 1960, No.

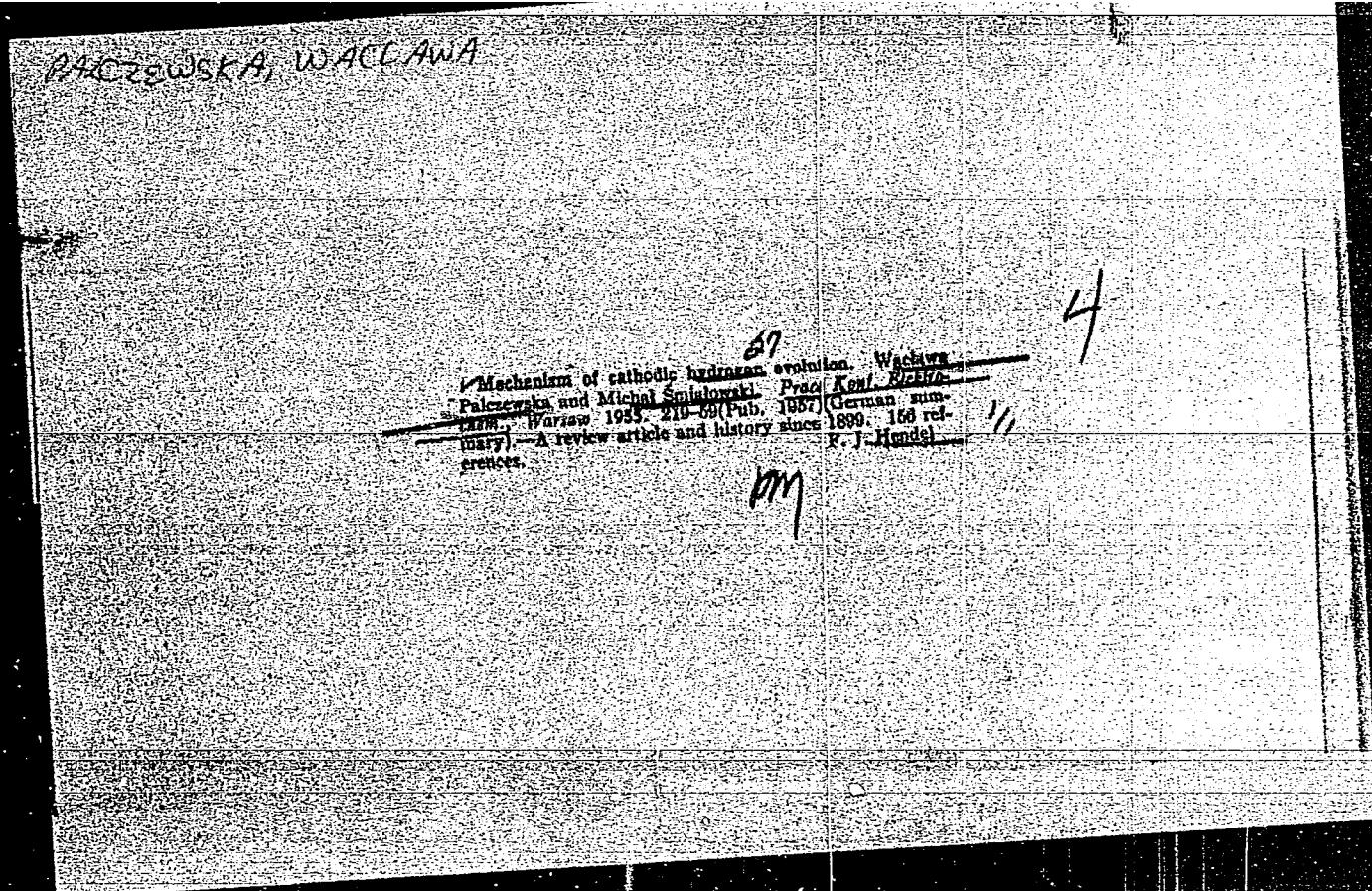
AUTHOR :  
INVEST. :  
TITLE :

ORIGIN. PUB. :

ABSTRACT : effect of i develops only in acid solutions.  
S. Polyanovskaya

SARH 3/3

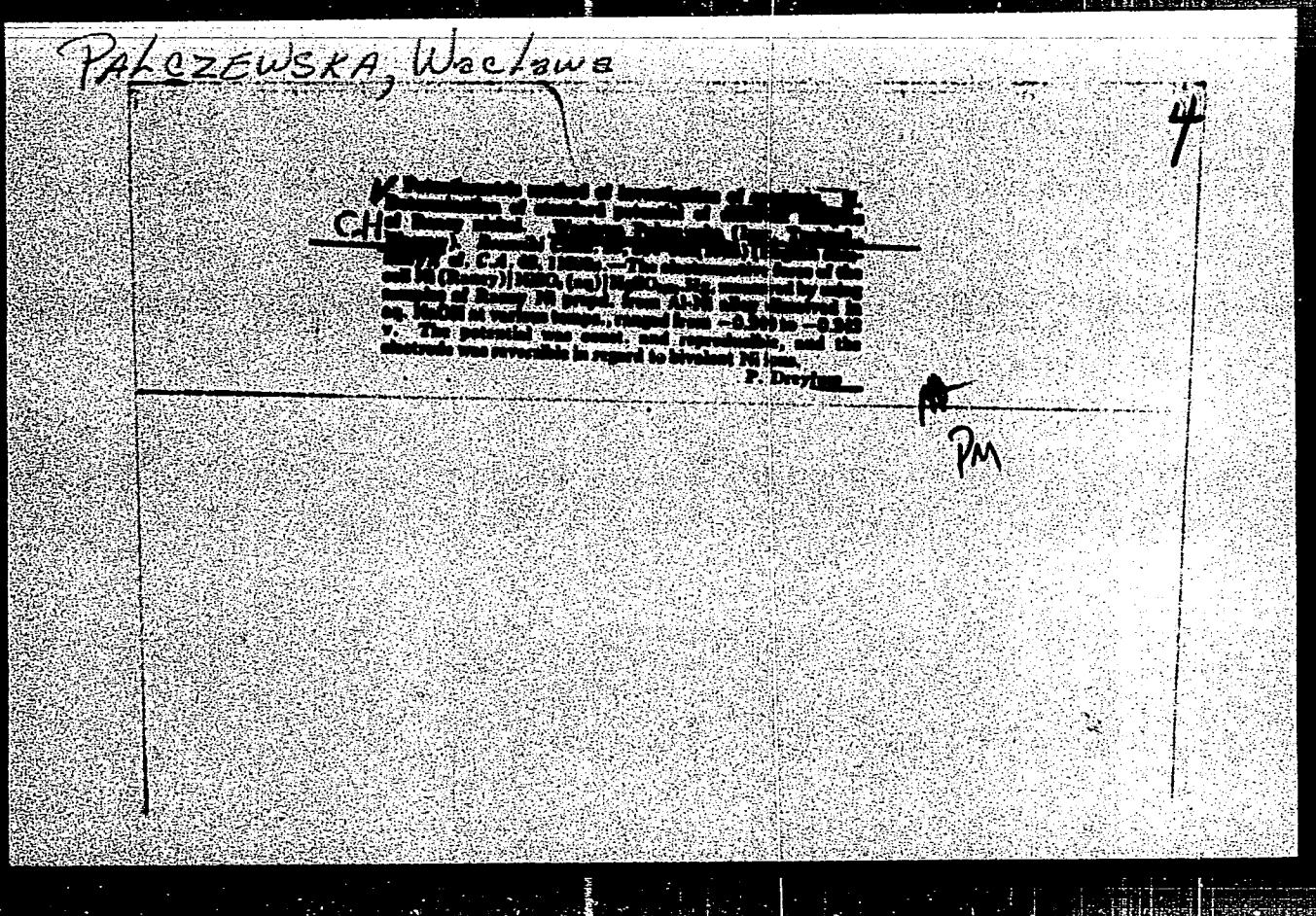
23



PALCZEWSKA, ~~Witold~~

Chemical Abstracts  
May 25, 1954  
Electrochemistry

(3)  
✓ Electrodes of the second kind. Witold Tomassi and  
Wojciech Palczewski (Inst. Technol., Warsaw), Roczniki  
Chim., 27, 330-344 (1953) (German summary).—Measure-  
ments were made of e.m.f. of cells including electrodes of  
metals (Hg, Ag, and Pb) immersed in said. solns. of their  
sparingly sol. salts, contg. sol. salts with a common anion.  
The establishment of const. potential for such electrodes was  
aided by the anion. Michael Falk — *[Signature]*



ROPEK, Mieczyslaw; SZYMANSKI, Andrzej; PALCZEWSKA-KLUZ, Jadwiga.

Case of esophageal diverticulum diagnosed and treated as fibro-cavernous pulmonary tuberculosis. Gruzlica 33 no. 9±807-810  
S ' 65.

1. Z Katedry Ftizjatrii Wojskowej Akademii Medycznej w Lodzi  
(Kierownik: p.o. dr. med. M. Roperek) i z Oddzialu Chorob Płucnych  
Szpitala im. dr. Bieganskiego w Lodzi (Ordynator: dr. Z. Czerwinski).

PALCZEWSKI, A.

Analysis of elementary and composite D.C. dialing circuits. Archiw  
elektrotech 10 no. 3:685-709 '61.

Katedra Teletechniki Laczeniowej, Politechnika, Warszawa.

PALCZEWSKI, A.

Two-sectional stage switching groups at the subscriber stage in  
automatic telephone exchanges with crossbar switches. Archiw  
elektrotech 11 no.2:193-227 '62.

1. Katedra Techniki Laczeniowej, Politechnika, Warszawa.

P/516/62/000/026/001/005

AUTHOR: Palczewski, Antoni

TITLE: Analysis of the parameters affecting the time distortion of pulses transmitted by a pulse relay

SOURCE: Warsaw. Politechnika. Zeszyty naukowe. no. 61. 1962. Elektryka. no. 26. 3 - 12.

TEXT: The distortion (defined as the difference between relay pull-in and release time) is investigated and is shown to be affected by the load and by all the parameters affecting the relay operating time, namely the Q of the relay circuit, the length of the line connected to the relay winding, the pulse duty cycle, the amplification voltage, and the properties of the dial system. Only the first four parameters are discussed, the fifth being treated in a separate article. It is found that only the length of the line exerts a noticeable influence on the distortion. Conditions under which the distortion is negative or positive are treated along with the manner in which it affects the particular central station in which the relay is used. The conclusions of

Card 1/2

Analysis of the parameters...

P/516/62/000/026/001/005

of the analysis are that when the pulse relay operates at positive distortion the maximum distortion can occur in the last pulses of the dialing series, provided the following conditions are simultaneously satisfied: the relay has the worse magnetic circuit quality and its winding is connected to the shortest line, while the amplification voltage in the central station has the lowest possible value. In the case of negative distortion, its maximum value can occur during the first pulse of the dialing sequence, under the following conditions: the magnetic circuit quality is optimal and its winding is connected to the longest line, the central-station amplification voltage being at its maximum permissible value. There is 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Politechnika Warszawska, Katedra techniki Lacznosci (Warsaw Polytechnic Institute, Department of Communication Engineering)

Card 2/2

P/515/62/000/026/002/005

AUTHOR: Palczewski, Antoni

TITLE: Effect of dial-pulse circuit on the operation of a pulsing relay

SOURCE: Warszaw. Politechnika. Zeszyty naukowe. no. 61. 1952. Elektryka.  
no. 26. 13 - 26.

TEXT: The time distortion caused by the parameters of the dialing circuit is discussed for local and trunk telephone systems with and without blocking capacitors. The distortion introduced into the pulsing relay is brought about by the need for equalizing the difference existing in certain central stations between the durations of the operating pulses of the dial system and the difference in the relay pull-in and release times. To keep the distortion within acceptable limits, it is necessary to maintain the circuit parameters in a certain range. The most important and most variable parameter is the length of the line connected to the relay winding. The use of capacitor charging and discharging currents for this purpose is described. The optimal circuitry is presented and it is shown that while the distortion produced by

Card 1/2

Effect of dial-pulse circuit...

P/516/62/000/026/002/005

it has a larger absolute value, the fluctuations in the distortion are smaller. The advantages of the proposed system over DC systems are also discussed.

ASSOCIATION: Politechnika Warszawska. Katedra Teletechniki Lacznowej.  
(Warsaw Polytechnic Institute. Department of Telecommunications-  
Engineering).

Card 2/2

KWAPISZ, M.; PALCZEWSKI, B.; PAWELECKI, W. (Gdansk)

On the existence and the unicity of solutions of certain  
differential equations of the type  $u_z = f(x, y, z, u, u_x, u_y, u_z, u_{xy},$   
 $u_{xz}, u_{yz})$ . Annales Pol. math. 11 no. 1. 75-106 '61.

PALCZEWSKI, B.; PAWELESKI, W. (Gdansk)

Some remarks on the uniqueness of solutions of the Darboux problem with conditions of the Krasnosel'skii-Krein type.  
Annales Pol math 14 no.2:97-100 '64

PALCZEWSKI, B.

(Gdansk)

On the uniqueness of solutions and the convergence of successive approximations in the Darboux problem under the conditions of the Krasnosel'skii-Krein type. Annales Polonici Mathematici 14 no. 28  
123-140 '64

PALCZEWSKI, B.

Existence and uniqueness of solutions of the Darboux  
problem for equation  $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2 \partial x_3} =$

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, u, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_3}, \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2}, \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_3}, \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2 \partial x_3})$$

Annales Pol math 13 no. 3:267-277 '63.

PALCZENSKI, J.

✓4515. DESULPHURIZATION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS OF HIGH SULPHUR CONTENT  
Krupa, H., Rosiarczyk, R. and Palczewski, J. (Polska (Petroleum, Krakow), 1956,  
vol. 12, 72-76). General review of the methods available followed by list  
of those used in Poland.  
I.P.

J  
amg

PALCZEWSKI, J.

1827. Desulphurization of petroleum products of high sulphur content. M. Kurni, H. Maslarczyk, and I. Palczewski. *Nauka* (Krakow), 1958, 16, 72-8. - General review of the methods available, followed by list of those used in Poland. Also a mention of cat method with introduction of hydrogen from outside or using hydrogen from dehydration of cyclic paraffins.

✓  
S  
M. S.

PALCZEWSKI, J.

✓ Desulfurization of high-sulfur-content petroleum products  
Marian Krupa, Helena Masiarczyk, and Jan Palczewski,  
Wojciech (Poland). M, 72-9 (1958).—A comprehensive review  
including data on the desulfurization of gasoline from Polish  
crude oils. Z. Kurtyka

PALCZEWSKI, JAN

4

✓ Desulfurization of high-sulfur-content petroleum products.  
Marian Krupa, Helena Masiarczyk, and Jan Palczewski.  
Nefro (Poland) 12, 72-8 (1958).—A comprehensive review  
including data on the desulfurization of gasoline from Polish  
crude oils. Z. Kurtyka

PALCZEWSKI, JAN

Poland/Chemical Technology) - Chemical Products and Their Application. Treatment of Natural Gases and Petroleum. Motor Fuels. Lubricants, I-13

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 62588

Author: Krupa, Marian; Masiarczyk, Helena; Palczewski, Jan

Institution: None

Title: Desulfurization of Petroleum Products Obtained from High Sulfur Content Petroleum

Original

Periodical: Odsiarczanie produktow naftowych otrzymywanych z rop Wysokosiarkowych, Nafta (Polska), 1956, 12, No 3, 72-76; Polish

Abstract: Considered are the presently practiced in Poland procedures for desulfurization of petroleum products obtained from high sulfur content petroleum and also procedures recommended for adoption in practice: catalytic desulfurization of gasoline with the use of decolorizing clays or bauxite, extraction of mercaptanes with soda solution in the presence of methanol, etc.

Card 1/1

POLAND/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Cellulose and Its Derivatives. Paper.

II

Abstr Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 8, 1959, 29776.

Author : Palczewski, T.

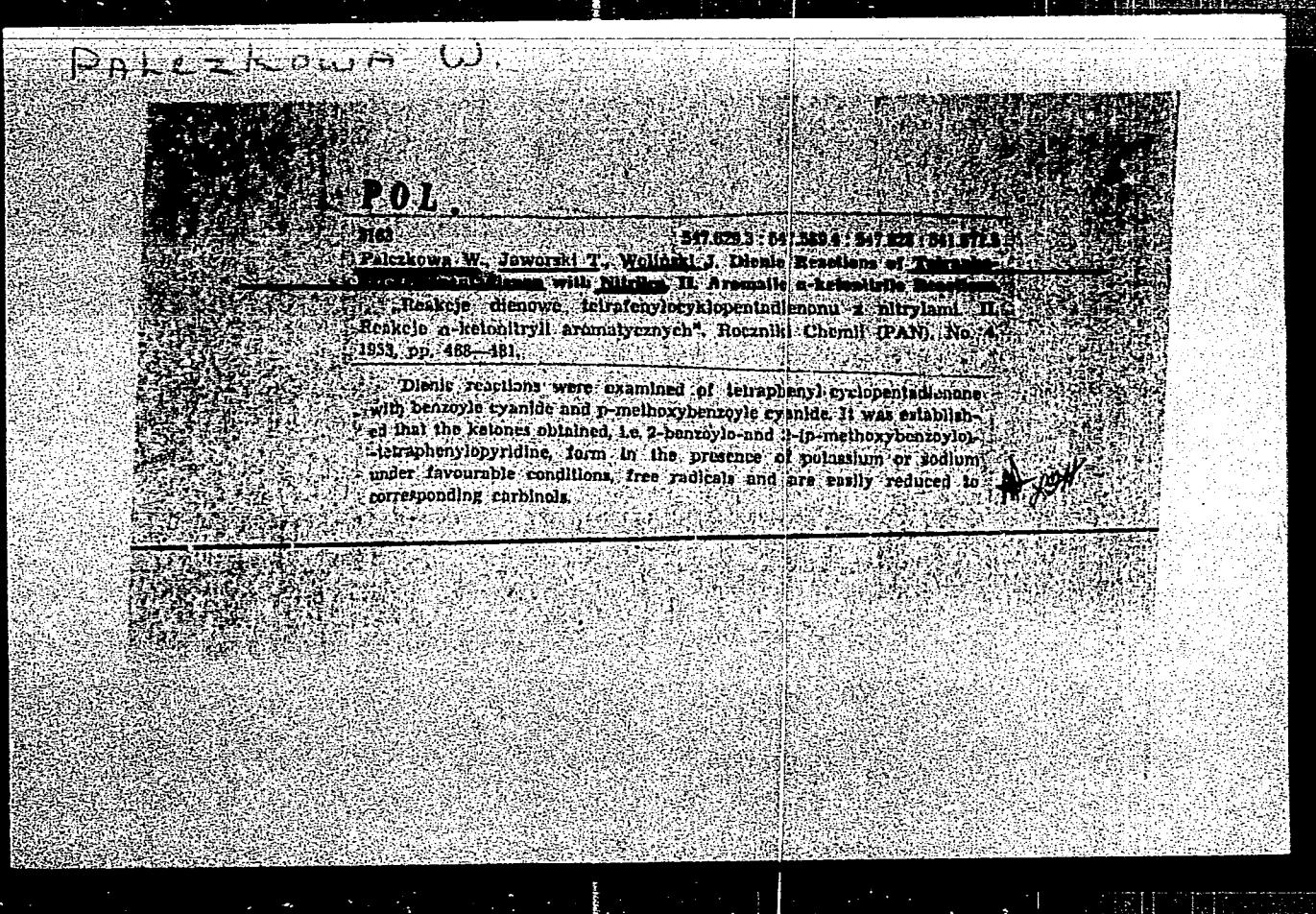
Inst :

Title : Effect of Some of the Constituents of the Cooking Acid and of the Wood and of Cooking Conditions on the Formation of  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  Ions.

Orig Pub: Przeglad Papiern, 14, No 8, 231-237 (1958) (in Polish with English and Russian summaries)

Abstract: The effect of the conditions used for the preliminary heating and steeping of the chips, of the  $\text{SC}_2$  concentration in the cooking acid, the extent of cooking of the cellulose, and of glucose, lignin, cymene,

Card : 1/2



PALDI, Andras

Raw material supply of the food industry and the price policy;  
a debate with Lajos Molnar. Elelm ipar 17 no.1:31-3 of cover  
Ja '63.

1. Orszagos Tervhivatal.

KOUTECKY, J.; PALDUS, J.; VITLIK, V.

Calculation of the positions of the  $\pi$  and  $\rho$ - bands in the electronic spectra of benzenoid hydrocarbons using the method of limited configuration interaction. Coll Cz Chem 28 no.6:1468-1482 Je '63.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague and Mathematical-Physical Faculty, Charles University, Prague.

PALDUS

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: [not given]  
Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak  
Affiliation: Academy of Sciences, Prague

Source: Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,  
Vol 26, No 10, October 1981, pp 2550-2553

Data: "Two Remarks Concerning the Properties of the Dewar  
Reactivity Number."

Authors:

KOUTECKY, J  
PALDUS, J

PALDUS, J.

Quantum chemical study of trinuclear interaction. Pt. 3.  
Coll Cz Chem 28 no. 5:1110-1116 My '63.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy  
of Sciences, Prague.

KOUTECKY, J.; PALDUS, J.

Calculation of the excitation energies of benzenium and diphenylmethyl ions by the semiempirical method of limited configuration interaction. Coll Cz Chem 28 no.6:1483-1490 Je '63.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

PALEUS, J.

Quantum chemical study of transannular interaction. Pt.4.  
Coll Cz Chem 28 no.10:2667-2684 O '63.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of  
Sciences, Prague.

PALDUS, J.; KOUTECKY, J.

Quantum chemical study of transannular interaction. Part 2: Interaction of two double bonds in the molecules of germacrol and bicyclo-[1,2,2]-heptadiene-(2,5) and interaction of three double bonds in the molecule of barrelene. Coll Cs Chem 27 no.9:2139-2151 S '62.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

KOUTECKY, J.; PALDUS, J.; ZAHRADNIK, R.

A study of benzodithiylium by a simple MO LCAO method. Coll Cz chem  
(EEAI 9:12)  
25 no.3:617-624 Mr '60.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of  
Science and Institute of Industrial Hygiene and Occupational  
Diseases, Prague.  
(Molecules) (Quantum theory) (Sulfur)  
(Benzodithiylium)

KACL, J.; KOLAR, J.; PALECK, L.; PECHACEK, E.

Chondroma of the mediastinum. Sborn.lek. 62 no.9:249-252 S '60.

1. Radiologicka klinika fakulty všeobecného lekarství University Karlovy v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab. I. patologicko-anatomický ústav fakulty všeobecného lekarství University Karlovy v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. B. Bednář  
(MEDIASTINUM neopl)  
(CHONDROMA case reports)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

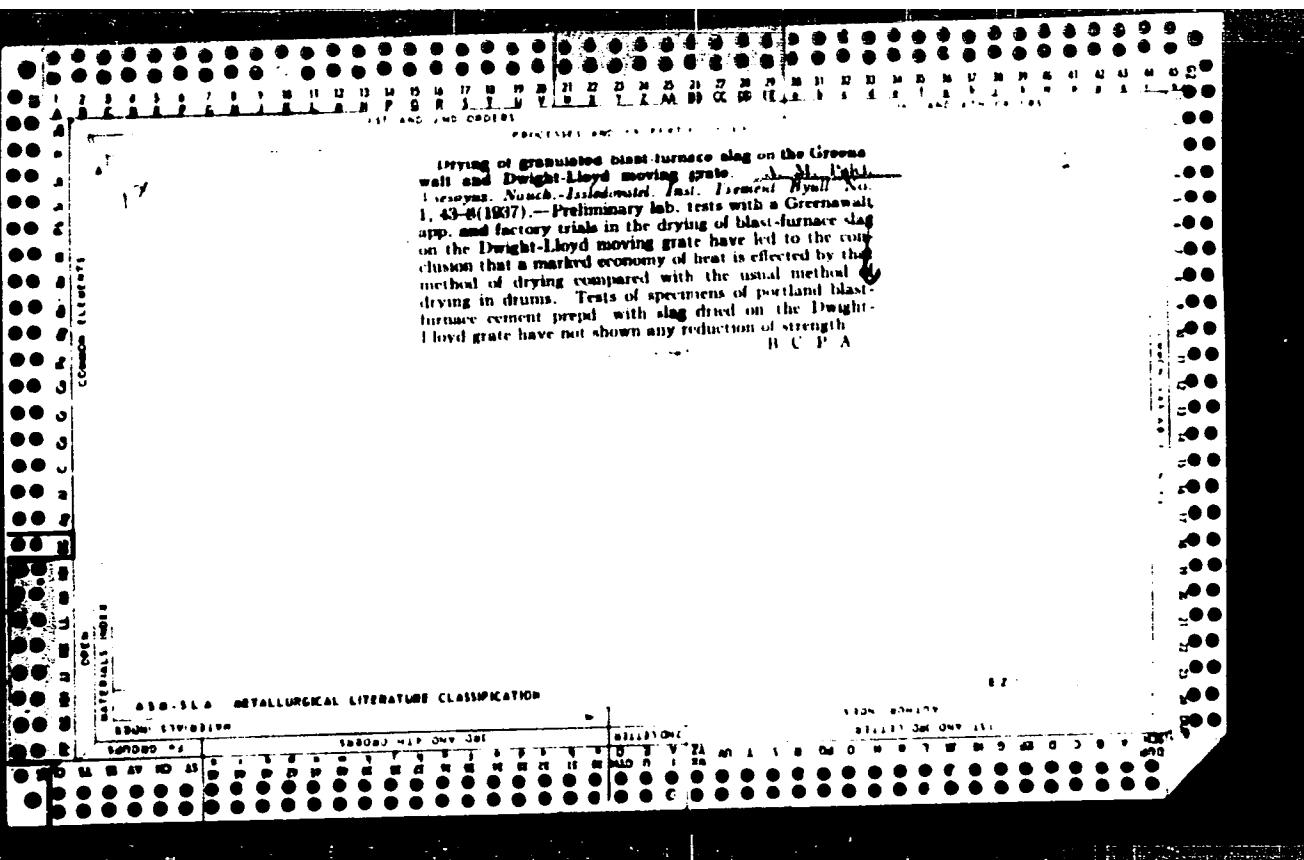
CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

Investigations have been made by the Bureau of Fisheries and the State Game Commission to determine the cause of the decrease in the number of fish in the streams. The Bureau has recommended that the State Game Commission prohibit the taking of fish in the streams during the months of April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December, January, February, and March.

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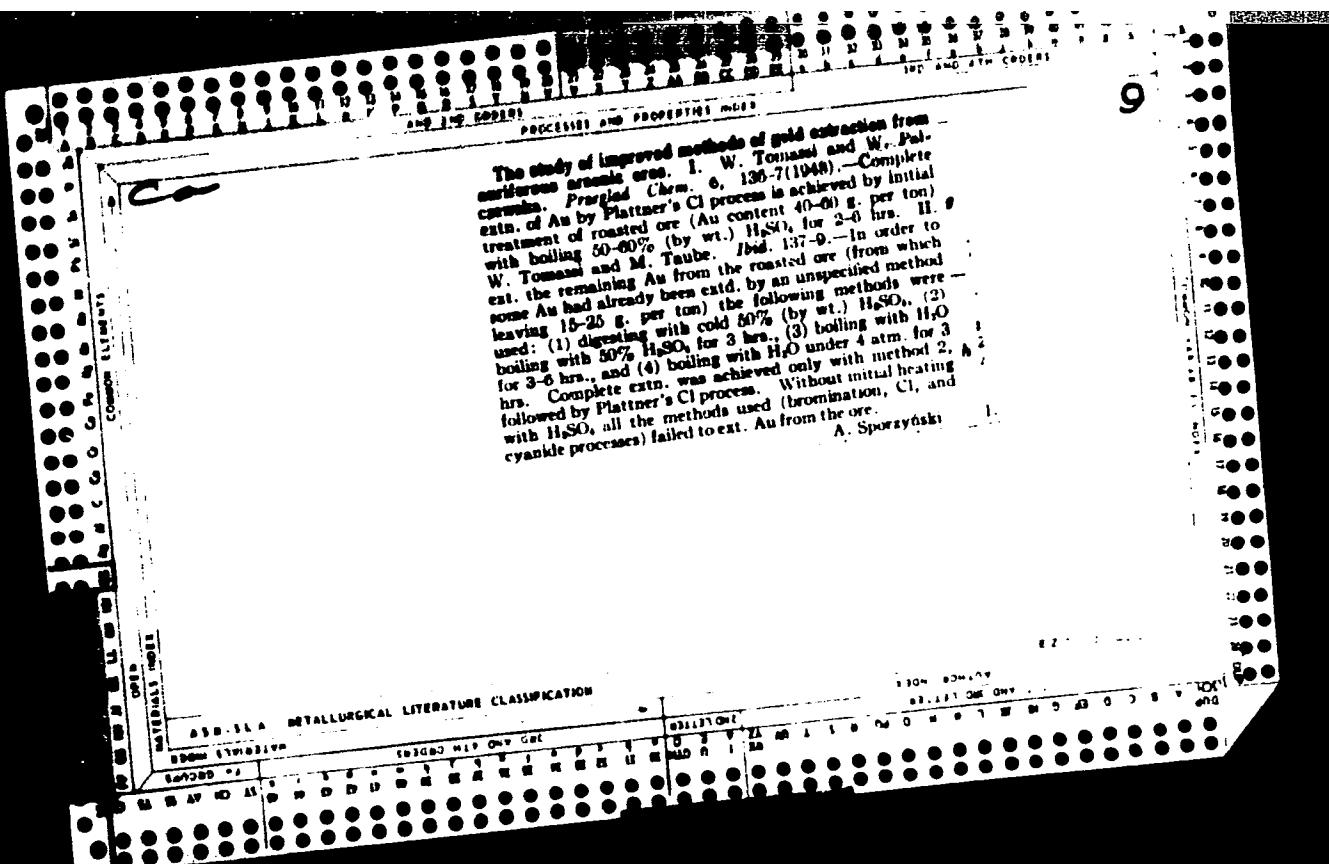
Drying of granulated blast-furnace slag on the Greenwall and Dwight-Lloyd moving grate. *J. Am. Inst. Ceramists, March, 1926, vol. 17, p. 111.*—Preliminary lab. tests with a Greenwall app., and factory trials in the drying of blast-furnace slag on the Dwight-Lloyd moving grate have led to the conclusion that a marked economy of heat is effected by this method of drying compared with the usual method of drying in drums. Tests of specimens of portland blast-furnace cement prep'd with slag dried on the Dwight-Lloyd grate have not shown any reduction of strength. B C P A

H C P A



PALCYSKAYA. Equilibrium of formation of tetrafluoroboric acid in mixtures of hydrofluoric and boric acids. I. G. Ryss, M. M. Slutskaya, and S. D. Palcyskaya. Zhur. Fiz. Khim. (J. Phys. Chem.) 22, 1322-30 (1948); cf. C. A. 41, 6798f.--Mixts. of x mols. HF and y mols. H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> were dissolved in water in waxed flasks. Some days later an excess of alkali was added, then inverted sugar, and the soln. was titrated (phenolphthalein). The decrease in acidity showed the amt. a of BF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> formed. When x:y was 4, a was over 0.9y, when x was 1.5 or greater, and was smaller the smaller x was (c.g.a = 0.75 y at x = 0.1). The equil. is represented by the reaction BF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> + H<sub>2</sub>O = BF<sub>3</sub>OH<sup>-</sup> + 11F, and the const. K = x(y - a)<sup>2</sup>/4ay is at 11-12° about 3 X 10<sup>-3</sup> mol./kg., i.e. agrees with that calcd. from hydrolysis of KBF<sub>4</sub> (C. A. 41, 15341). When x was 1, a was 0.66y at x:y = 1 and 0.98 y at x:y = 4. If HBF<sub>4</sub> were the sole reaction product of HF and H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub>, a would have a min. at x:y = 4; as a is smaller in the presence of an excess of H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub>, hydroxyfluoroboric acids must have formed. The yield a was even smaller when HF was dissolved in a satd. soln. of H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub>. The method of prep. HBF<sub>4</sub> solns. by satg. HF solns. with H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> results in solns. contg. much BF<sub>3</sub>OH<sup>-</sup>. The titration of HBF<sub>4</sub> solns. according to Kern and Jones (C.A. 24, 5668) yields incorrect values.

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renovation of crushed-stone and rock surfaces with a single-layer coarse-grain covering. p. 16).

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