

OSERETSKOVSKAYA, N. G.

USSR/Chemistry - Inorganic

Jan 51

"Products of the Interaction of Silicate Glasses With Hydrofluoric Acid," N. G. Ozeretskivskaya

"Zhur Prikl Khim" Vol XXIV, No 1, pp 32-36

Among results obtained from expt on reactions with hydrofluoric acid of glasses contg different metal silicates, data on crystallo-optical characteristics (hitherto unknown in literature) of barium and calcium fluorosilicates listed.

172714

MOLCHANOV, V.S.; OZRETSKOVSKAYA, N.G.

Alkali ~~resistance~~ of glass and cleaning of optical parts by
alkaline solutions. Opt.-mekh. prom. 25 no. 2:48-51 P '58.

(MIRA 11:7)

(Glass optical)
(Alkalies)

OZHEBTSKOVSKAYA, N.G.

Effect of fertilizers on hydrochemical conditions of vinba-chalcal-
burnus nursery ponds. Trudy probl. i tem. sov. no.7:14-20 '57.

(Fertilizers and manures)

(MIRA 10:4)

(Peekups Valley--Fish ponds)

OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.G.; SMIRNOVA, N.F.

Chemical analysis of the Peekups River and ponds in Kraen-dar
Territory in connection with fertilization. Trudy Zool.inst.
26:96-128 '59. (MIRA 1):5
(Peekups Valley--Fish culture)

OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.G.; SMIRNOVA, N.F.

Hydrochemical study of the Oza River from the source to the estuary
carried out in the summer of 1959. Trudy Zool. inst. J. 1964.
MIRA 1964.

ROMODANOVSKAYA, O. V.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N. N.

Prevention of vernal recurrent of malaria. *Sovet. med.* 16 no.
5:19-22 May 1952. (GLML 22:2)

OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.N., ZAYTSEVA, K.A.

Results of therapy of quartan malaria with associated artemisinin, chloroquine, and plasmodid in polyclinics. Klin. med., Moskva 31: 107-110, 1953.
(CML 1953)

1. Of Moscow Municipal Anti-Malarial Station (Head -- N. N. Ozeretskova)

ОЗЕРЕТСКОВСКАЯ И ДРУГИЕ

. EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.2 Vol.9/10 Physiology, etc. Oct56

4883. OZERETSKOVSKAYA N. N., BUTCHNEVA N. V. and ANDREYEVA [?]
• Experimental treatment of tertian malaria with [?]
incubation period in the Altai province, using new [?]
viet drugs (Russian text) SOVETSK. MED. 1955, 5 (36-43) Index 2
Treatment of *Pl. vivax* malaria with mepacrine (I), proguanil (II) and panopacrine
(III) decreased the proportion of relapses to about 13%. Five other drugs were
tested in the Altai area (Soviet Mongolia) on 88 cases of relapsing vivax malaria.
Most of the subjects had had attacks before the trial and some as many as
12 attacks. All had enlarged spleen and liver. Labial and facial herpes were
commonly at the time of the attack. The 5 drugs were as follows: 4-[4-(diethylaminomethyl)-4-hydroxyanilino]-7-chloroquinoline (IV), and 4-[4-(diethylaminomethyl)-4-hydroxyanilino]-7-chloroquinoline (V) (also known as amodiaquine, designated in the text by the numbers 333 and 334), 8-aminoquinoline derivative called quinocide (VI), a pyrimethamine derivative called chloridine (VII) and 1-(*p*-chlorophenyl)-2,4-diamino-6,6-dimethyl-1,3,5-triazine (chlorazine) (VIII). These drugs were compared with [?]
(IX). The results can be assessed approximately from the following table. [?]
pared by recalculating the weighted average of the duration of fever in the
presence of parasites in the peripheral blood.

OZONETSKOYE ...

"A Group Infection with trichinella in the
Soviet Arctic Region by T. N. ...
Meditsinskaya parazitologiya i Immunologiya
1957, pp 152-159.

As a result of eating the meat of walrus (Phipps), three out of six members of the expedition on the island (De Long's islands) fell ill with trichinella in August-September, 1957. In the entire Arctic region it is the first case of trichinella infection to have been registered.

High temperature, muscle pain, eosinophilia and eosinophilia (up to 24-83 per cent) were observed. The diagnosis was confirmed by finding one trichinella larva in the infected muscle.

The sources of infection of pinnipeds are ...

Card 1/2

EX. 1000 Sec. 6 Vol. 13/1: Internal Sec.

6982. SEVERE CASES OF OPISTHORCHIASIS (Russian text) - Ozerova, L. I.,
kaya N. N., Chochieva Z. R. and Kivashko, N. T. *WET*
PARAZIT. PARAZIT. BOL. 1958, 27/4 (439-445) *Graphik 2 Tables*

A description is given of 2 cases of opisthorchiasis complicated by cirrhosis. In
cases of opisthorchiasis in combination with primary cancer of the liver, addi-
tive to hepatitis and cirrhosis are intensive infestation, secondary infection of the
bile ducts and protracted alimentary disorders. In cirrhosis of an opisthorchid
aetiology an effective combination of specific and pathogenetic therapeutics is indi-
cated. To reveal factors conducive to primary cancer of the liver during opist-
horchiasis special investigations are necessary. (IV, 6, 17)

OZKRETSKOVSKAYA, N.N.

Pathogenesis of the pain syndrome in trichinellosis. *Parazitologiya*, 1958, 22 no.6:90-95 Ja '58

1. Iz Klinicheskogo sektora (zav.-prof. N.N. Plotnikov) Instituta malyarii, meditsinskoy parazitologii i gel'mintologii i gosudarstvennogo zdravookhraneniya SSSR (dir. - deyatvitel'nyy chlen AN SSSR prof. P.G. Sergiyev) i kafedry obshchey i gosital'noy terapii i giginienicheskogo fakul'teta (zav. - deyatvitel'nyy chlen AN SSSR prof. Ye.M. Tareyev) i Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.M. Sechenova.

(TRICHINOSIS, manifest.

acute, abdom. pain (Rus))

(ABDOMEN, dis.

acute pain in trichemosis (Rus))

OZEBRETSKOVSAYA, N.N., IVANOVA, M.G., MIKHAYLOVA, G.D.

Result of treatment of trichinosis with ACTH and cortisone.
med. 22 no.9:111-119 S 59 (MERA 1959)

1. Iz klinicheskogo sektora (zav. - prof. N.N. Plotnikov) Instituta malyarii, meditsinskoy parazitologii i gel'mintologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii nauk SSSR prof. P.G. Serdiyev) i Leningradskoy infektsionnoy polikliniki imeni S.P. Botkina (glavnyy vrach M.M. Figurina).

(TRICHINOSIS, ther.

ACTH & cortisone, alone & in combination (Rus))

(ACTH, ther. use

trichinosis, alone & with cortisone (Rus))

(CORTISONE, ther. use

trichinosis, alone & with ACTH (Rus))

OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.N.

Steroid therapy in trichinosis: review of literature. *Parazitologiya i paraz.bol.* 27 no.6:710-716 N-D '58. (MIA 100)

1. Iz klinicheskogo sektora Instituta malyarii, meditsinskoy parazitologii i gel'mintologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (dir. instituta - prof. P.G. Sergiyev, zav. sektorem - prof. N.N. Plotnikov).

(STEROIDS, ther.use,
trichinosis, review (Rus))

(TRICHINOSIS, ther.
steroids, review (Rus))

OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.F.

On the pathogenesis of visceral lesions in trichinosis. *Wiedomości parazyt.* 6 no.4:323-325'60.

1. Institut meditsinskoy parazitologii i tropicheskoy meditsiny, Moskva, SSSR.

(TRICHINOSIS pathol)

BLOTHIKOV, N.N.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.N.

Therapy of trichinosis with steroid hormone and its complications.
Wiadomosci parazyt. 6 no.4:342-344 '60.

1. Institut meditsinskoy parasitologii i tropicheskoy meditsiny,
Moskva, SSSR.

(TRICHINOSIS ther)
(ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES toxicol)
(CORTICOTROPIN toxicol)

OZERETSKOV KAYA, S.S.; VIKHERI, A.M., (Moskva)

Systematic vasculitis in trichinosis. Klin.med. 38 no.3: 47-7. Moskva
(MIRA 16:7)

1. Iz klinicheskogo sektora (zav.-prof. N.N.Plotnikov) Instituta malyarii, meditsinskoj parazitologii i gel'mintologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (dir.-deystvitel'noyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. P.G.Sergiyev), kafedry obshchey i gospi'tal'noy terapii sanitarnogigiyenicheskogo fakul'teta (zav.-deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. Ye.M.Tarev) i Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.M.Sechenova i laboratorii patologicheskoy anat'mii deystvitel'nogo chlena AMN SSSR prof. I.V.Davydovskogo.

(TRICHINA AND TRICHINOSIS)

(BLOOD VESSELS--DISEASES)

OWENET, KON, RAY, R. A.

"New with a report on the...
..."

REPORT ON THE...
..."

MAN...
..."

OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.N.; FRCL'KOVA, A.Ya.; TOM'LINAYA, N.I.

Pathogenesis of organic and systemic lesions in trichinosis.
Report No.1: The nature of trichinosis encephalitis and
meningoencephalitis; experimental research. Med. parazit.
parazitol. 33 no.3:197-211. My-Je '74.

1974 (1974)

1. Klinicheskiy otdel Instituta meditsinskoy parazitologii i
tropicheckoy meditsiny imeni Murtalana skopo Ministerstva
zdravookhraneniya SSSR, Moskva.

PLOTNIKOV, H.N.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.N.; ALEKSEYEVA, M.I.; TURCHINS, M.Ye.;
VITEBSKIY, Ya.D.; DYAKIN, V.M.; FROL'TSOVA, A.Ye.; TUMOL'SKAYA, N.I.

Use of tepal (thymol ester of palmitic acid) in echinococcosis
in man. Sov.med. 28 no.4:129-136 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Klinicheskiy otdel Instituta meditsinskoy parazitologii i
tropicheckoy meditsiny imeni Martsinovskogo Ministerstva
zdravookhraneniya SSSR, kafedra propedevtiki i terapii professional'-
nykh bolezney sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo fakul'teta I Moskovskogo
ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta imeni Sechenova i Kurganskaya
oblastnaya bol'nitsa.

0714011 10 10 10

... period of incubation ... effect of steroid ... fever, myalgia, ... (V RA 12)

... Ministerstva ... lechentya ... April 1, 1958

PLOTNIKOV, N.N.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.N.; KARNAUKHOV, V.K.; ZAL'KOVA, N.S.;
FAYUSOVICH, G.M.; KUKHTA, G.I.; ALEKSEYEVA, M.I.

Specific therapy of opisthorchosis in man by means of hexachloro-
paraxylene; preliminary report. Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. 33 no.6:
676-681 N-D '64. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Klinicheskiy otdel Instituta meditsinskoy parazitologii i
tropiceskoy meditsiny imeni Martsinovskogo Ministerstva zdravo-
okhraneniya SSSR.

OZERNYTSKOVSAYA, N.Ye.

Excretion of tyrosine and its oxidation products with the urine of children during their first year of life. Vop.med.khim. 4:180-188 '52.
(MIRA 11:4)

1. Otdel fiziologii i Khimiko-analiticheskaya laboratoriya Tsentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta Ministerstva zdavookhraneniya RSPSR, Moskva.
(TYROSINE) (URINE--ANALYSIS AND PATHOLOGY)
(INFANTS)

OZARETJUKOVSKAYA, Nina Fevzen'yevna

State Sci Res Pediatric Inst of the Min of Health RSFSR,
Academic degree of Doctor of Medical Sciences, based on her defense,
6 April 1954, in the Council of the Department of Medico-Biological
Sciences, Acad Med Sci USSR, of her dissertation entitled: "On
Disturbance of Processes of Nitrogen Exchange in a Growing Organism
during albumin Deficiency."

Medical
Academic degree and/or title: Doctor of Sciences

SO: Decisions of Psk, List no. 15, 2 Jul 55, Byulleten' VVO SSSR, no. 15,
Aug 56, Moscow, pp 5-7, Uncl. JPRS/NY-537

OZRETSKOVSKAYA, N.Ye., doktor meditsinskikh nauk; **CHERNIKOVA, A.P.,**
kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Adrenaline metabolism in children ill with dysentery. Vop.okh.mat.
i det. 1 no.4:56-62 J1-Ag '56. (MLRA 9:9)

1. Iz otdela infektsionnykh bolezney (sav. - prof. B.G.Shirvindt)
i biokhimicheskoy laboratorii Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'-
skogo pediatricheskogo instituta Ministerstva zdreookhraneniya
RSFSR (dir. V.N.Karachevtseva) Moskva.
(DYSENTERY) (ADRENALINE)

OZERETSKOVSKAYA, N.Ye., doktor med. nauk; ANANEKO, A.A., kand.med.nauk;
GRESHKOVICH, V.I., vrach; ZELENITSKAYA, S.S., kand.med.nauk

Significance of some biochemical indices in the evaluation
of the nature of the course of rheumatic disease and its
activity. Vop.okh.mat. i det. 8 no.2:17-22 1969 (KIRA 1657)

1. Iz biokhimicheskoy laboratorii i revmaticheskoy kliniki
Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta (dir.
kand.med. nauk V.P.Spirina) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya
RSFSR, Moskva.

(RHEUMATIC HEART DISEASE)
(BLOOD—ANALYSIS AND CHEMISTRY)

1770 T. MITCHELL, JR., 1970
ANALYSIS OF THE
RANGES IN THE
rheumatic fever
2000 My-10-10
Institution
Institution

RUBIN, B.A.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, O.L.

Hexose monophosphate respiration pathway in potato tubers.
Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.biol. no.2:257-264 Mr-Apr '50. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Institute of Biochemistry, Academy of Sciences of the
U.S.S.R., Moscow.

(POTATOES--DISEASE AND PEST RESISTANCE) (HEXOSE PHOSPHATES)
(OXIDATION, PHYSIOLOGICAL)

KHANDOBINA, L.M.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, O.L.

Oxidation processes in carrot roots infected with *Phoma*
Rostrupii. *Biokhim.pl. i ovoshch.* no.5:133-146 '59.
(MIRA 13:1)

1. Kafedra fiziologii rasteniy Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta imeni M.V.Lomonosova.
(Carrots--Diseases and pests)
(Oxidation, Physiological)

RUBIN, B.A.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, O.L.

Apotomic oxidation in potato tubers infected with *Phytophthora infestans*. Dokl.AN SSSR 133 no.4:976-979 Ag '60.
(MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut biokhimii imeni A.N.Bakha Akademii nauk SSSR.
Predstavleno akademikom A.I. Oparinyam.
(POTATO ROT) (OXIDATION, PHYSIOLOGICAL)

1961 BLOKHOVSKAYA, L. I., I. K. LAM, L. YE., and B. I. B. U. S. S. R. and
S. S. S. R. U. S. S. R.

"The Biochemistry of the Interaction of the Host Plant and the
Parasite in the Potatoe-Phytophthora infestans System."

Report presented at the 14th International Biochemistry Congress,
Moscow, 10-16 Aug 1961

RUBIN, B.A.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, O.L.

Direct oxidation of potatoes infected by Phytophthora. Biokhim.
pl.1 ovoshch. no.7:133-147 '62. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Institut biokhimii imeni A.N.Bakha AN SSSR.
(Potato rot) (Oxidation, Physiological)

RUBIN, B.A.; OZERETSKOVSKAYA, O.L.

Uncoupling of respiration and phosphorylation in necrotised tissues of potato tubers. *Biokhimiia* 28 no.1:80-88 Ja-F '63.

(MIRA 16:4)

1. Institute of Biochemistry, Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R., Moscow.

(PHOSPHORYLATION) (PLANTS—RESPIRATION)
(PLANTS, EFFECT OF TEMPERATURE ON)

OZERETSKOVSKIY, D.S.

Theory of the forms of schizophrenia. Slowly developing schizophrenia.
Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 61 no. 6:875-880 '61. (NIA 15:2)

1. Kafedra psikiatrii (zav. - prof. D.S.Ozeretkovskiy) i Leningrad-
skogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Pavlova
(SCHIZOPHRENIA)

USSR/Medicine - Hookworm Infection Jan 1948
Medicine - Diagnosis

PA47789

"Psychic Disturbances during Ancylostomiasis,"
Prof D. S. Ozretskovskiy, Deputy, Chair Psychi-
stry, Azerbaijan State Med Inst, Azerbaijan
Sci Res Inst Malaria and Med Parasitol, 1 1/2 pp

"Voprout 1 Psihiat" Vol VIII, No 1

Psychic disturbances included in general picture
of anemic conditions. Contemporary psychiatry
has tendency to isolate basic anemic condition in
ancylostomiasis. No well-defined symptoms for
psychic disturbances during ancylostomiasis. Single
symptom of anemia may be indication of pernicious

47789

USSR/Medicine - Hookworm Infection (Contd) Jan 1948

anemia rather than ancylostomiasis. Submitted for
publication, 18 Feb 1947. Director of Azerbaijan
Scientific Research Institute of Malaria and Medi-
cal Parasitology: Prof P. P. Popov.

OZRETSKOVSKIY, D. S. PROF

47789

OZERETSKOVSKIY, D.S.

[Obsessive states] Naviaschivye sostoiania. Moskva, Medgiz,
1950. 166 p. (MIRA 14:7)

(OBSESSIONS)

OZERETSKOVSKIY, D.S.

IU.V.Kannabikh; on the 15th anniversary of his death. Zhur.
novr. i psikh. 54 no.5:375-379 My '54. (MLRA 7:6)
(KANNABIKH, IURIY VLADIMIROVICH, 1872-1939)

OZERETSKOVSKIY, D.S.

Slow forms of schizophrenia. Zhur. nevr. i psikh 59 no.5:556-562
150 (MIRA 12:7)

1. Kafedra psikhatrii (zav. - prof. D.S. Ozeretskivskiy) 1-go
Leningradskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.P. Pavlova.

(SCHIZOPHRENIA,
slow forms (Rus))

ОЗЕРЕТСКОВСКИЙ, Д.С. (Leningrad)

Some materials on the history of the study on the marginal
forms of mental diseases. Trudy 1-go MF 34:232-241 '64.
MIRA 18:11

E 39444-65 EED(b)-3/EF(n).2/SWT(1) Pu-4 IJP(c) WW

ACCESSION NR: AP5006050

S/0139/65/000/001/0039/0041

AUTHOR: Nesis, Ye. I.; Ozeretkovskiy, G. A.

TITLE: Volume pulsations of vapor bubbles in a liquid

SOURCE: IVUZ. Fizika, no. 1, 1965, 39-41

TOPIC TAGS: sound generation, bubble formation, vapor bubble

ABSTRACT: Earlier studies of the generation of sound by pulsating gas bubbles in superheated liquids were based on the assumption that the bubbles do not contain any vapor of the liquid at all, and that the gas is absolutely insoluble. Since this is a highly idealized assumption, the authors consider the case of bubbles of pure vapor, under the assumption that the bubble is in mechanical and thermodynamic equilibrium with the liquid and that the equilibrium is disturbed by an external factor. The equation of motion of the bubble is written in the generalized form $m \frac{dv}{dt} = -\Delta P$ (m -- mass, v -- velocity, ΔP -- difference between external and internal pressures on the bubble surface). When allowance is made for the thermodynamic properties of the vapor (regarded as an ideal gas), the final differential equation for the bubble growth takes the form

Card 1/2

USSR/Chemistry - Catalysts

Jan 52

"Problem of the paramagnetic state of catalytically Active Iron Layers (Errors in S. L. Kiperan and M. I. Tumban's Article 'Investigation of the Magnetic Properties of Iron-Carbon Catalysts')," V. B. Ivoditsov, I. N. Ozeretskovskiy, N. I. Kobosov, Moscow State U inent M. V. Lomonosov

"Zhur Fiz Khim" Vol XXVI, No 1, pp 135-144

Sufficiently thin layers of Fe on carbon are completely paramagnetic, i.e., the Fe is atomic rather than cryst. Catalytic activity of amonia

21944

OZERETSKOVSKIY, I. N.

Fe catalysts, etc., is due to atomic "ene -ias" rather than Fe or any other element in the crystal state. There is a sharply lowered ferromagnetism in comparison with ordinary iron even in highly coated Fe layers on carbon. Dila of the Fe adsorption layer on carbon leads to a strong increase of paramagnetism due to Fe atoms. The same phenomenon was observed with adsorbed Ni(NO₃)₂. Increase of magnetic susceptibility and ferromagnetism in the samples after oxidation were observed.

21944

USSR/Chemistry - Iron-Carbon Catalysts

Mag. 13

"Concerning the Magnetic Properties and Structure of Iron-Carbon Catalyst,"
M.I. Temkin and S.L. Kiperman

Zhur Fiz Khim, Vol 33, No 5, pp 252-260

The authors subject to criticism the theory of active "ensemble" set forth by V. B. Yevdokimov, I. N. Ozeratskovskiy and N. I. Kobozev. They state that the work of Kobozov et al actually confirms their own conclusion, to wit, the Fe on C is found in the form of small crystals which are spontaneously magnetized under the influence of the molecular field. The authors reject the assertion of Kobozov et al the Fe on C is found in an atomic, non-crystal-line state.