

MAR 5-MYANOR, Y., MASTER SPOTTY; YANKIN, Y., MASTER SPOTTY; YANKIN, Y.,
MASTER SPOTTY; YANKIN, Y., MASTER SPOTTY; YANKIN, Y., MASTER SPOTTY;
MASTER SPOTTY

A new sports team is formed. They are not. It is a joke.

W. SYANKIN, ...

...
...
...

OVSYANKIN, V.I., doktor tekhn. nauk; KAZA INOV, I.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; FINKINSHEYN, B.A., inzh., red.

[Industrial construction in countries of Northern Europe; a survey] Industrial'noe stroitel'stvo v stranakh Severnoi Evropy; obozor. Moskva, Gosstroizdat, 1962. 57 p.
(MIRA 17:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Ovsyankin).

OVSYANKIN, V.I.; ELINZON, M.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Porous aggregates from furnace slags. Izv.ASiA no.3:114-119
'62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Deyatvitel'nyy chlen Akademii stroitel'stva arkhitektury
SSSR (for Ovsyankin).
(Aggregates (Building materials))

OVSYANKIN, V.N., kand. biol. nauk, otv. red.; KUNDZIN'SH, A.V. [Kundzins, A.],
kand. sel'khoz. nauk, red.; SAIFA, F.E., kand. sel'khoz. nauk, red.;
BAGRAMYAN, S., red.; SIDYAKOV, L., red.; SH. IT, I., tekhn. red.

[Forest and Orchard Days; outlines on forestry, gardening and landscaping] Dni lesa i sada; ocherki po lesnomu khoziaistvu, sadovodstvu i zelenomu stroitel'stvu. Pod obshchei red. V.N.Ovsiankina, Mpa, Izd-vo Akad.nauk Latviiskoi SSR, 1954. 256 p. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Latvijas Padomju Socialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu akademijs. Mez-saimniecibas problemu un koksnes kimijas instituts.
(Latvia--Forests and forestry) (Latvia--Horticulture)

OVSYANKIN, V.E., inzhener.

"Olympia," the international exhibition on construction. Nov. tekhn. i
pered. op. v stroi. LB no.5:23-29 My '56. (MIRA 9:12)
(London--Construction industry--Exhibitions)

CVSYANKIN, V. V.

"Micromethod for the quantitative investigation of Pharmaceutical Layers."
Sib. 6 Mar 61, Military Academy of Chemical Defense Inst. K. Ye. Vorob'ev.

Dissertation presented for science with an honorary degree of 4th grade.
1961.

OO: Sib. No. 180, 6 May 61

L 30407-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) DS/JM/JD/JG

ACC NR: AP6020798

SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/66/003/012/0094/0097

AUTHOR: Ovsyankin, V. V.; Feofilov, P. P.

ORG: none

11
16
E

TITLE: Mechanism of summation of electronic excitations in activated crystals

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki. Pis'ma v redaktsiyu. Prilozheniye, v. 3, no. 12, 1966, 494-497

TOPIC TAGS: activated crystal, ~~single crystal~~, fluoride, calcium fluoride, strontium compound, barium compound, lead compound, erbium, excited state, photon emission, LIGHT EXCITATION, LUMINESCENCE

ABSTRACT: The authors point out that a widely held opinion, that the visible radiation excited by ir light in crystals activated with rare-earth ions is the result of successive absorption of two photons by one center, is in error, at least for crystalline fluorides of calcium, strontium, barium, and lead activated with trivalent erbium. By investigating the kinetics of the visible glow of these crystals when excited with ultraviolet and infrared, the authors have found that in the latter case the relaxation times of the luminescence were almost two orders of magnitude higher than when ordinary luminescence is excited. For example, in

2,

Card 1/2

4

Sulfonation reaction XIII Hydrolysis of sulfonic acids A. A. Spryskov and N. A. Ovsyankina, Ivanovsk Chem.-Technol. Inst., Zhar. Obshch. Akad. Sci. Gen. Chem. 20, 1043 (1950), cf. C. I. 43, 2179c. Hydrolysis of $C_6H_5SO_3H$ with H_2O at 100° for 4 hrs. gives a hydrolysis max. of 5% when 0.58 mole H_2O mole acid is used; lower or higher proportions of H_2O give lower degree of hydrolysis; with 47.5% H_2SO_4 , this max. (12.4%) is reached at about 1.4 moles H_2O present, while in pure H_2SO_4 , the max. is at nearly 3 moles. $C_6H_5SO_3H$ with 1 mole H_2O is not hydrolyzed at 117° , while a 30% HCl hydrolysis is noticeable even at 113° ; under the same conditions the *l*-isomer hydrolyzes 50 times faster although in pure H_2O no hydrolysis at 78° occurs. *p*-Sulfosaccharic acid is hydrolyzed by H_2O only above 100° , while with 30% HCl hydrolysis proceeds at a measurable rate even at $63-70^\circ$ and rather rapidly at 80° . With *p*- $C_6H_4SO_3H$ only a slight hydrolysis occurs at 100° in 30% HCl , none in H_2O , and at higher temps. up to 140° the rates are very close; 30% H_2SO_4 gives similar results. Hence the min. temp. of hydrolysis of *p*-sulfonic acid is not a const. but varies depending on the conditions and medium used. The results are given graphically.

M. Kosolapoff

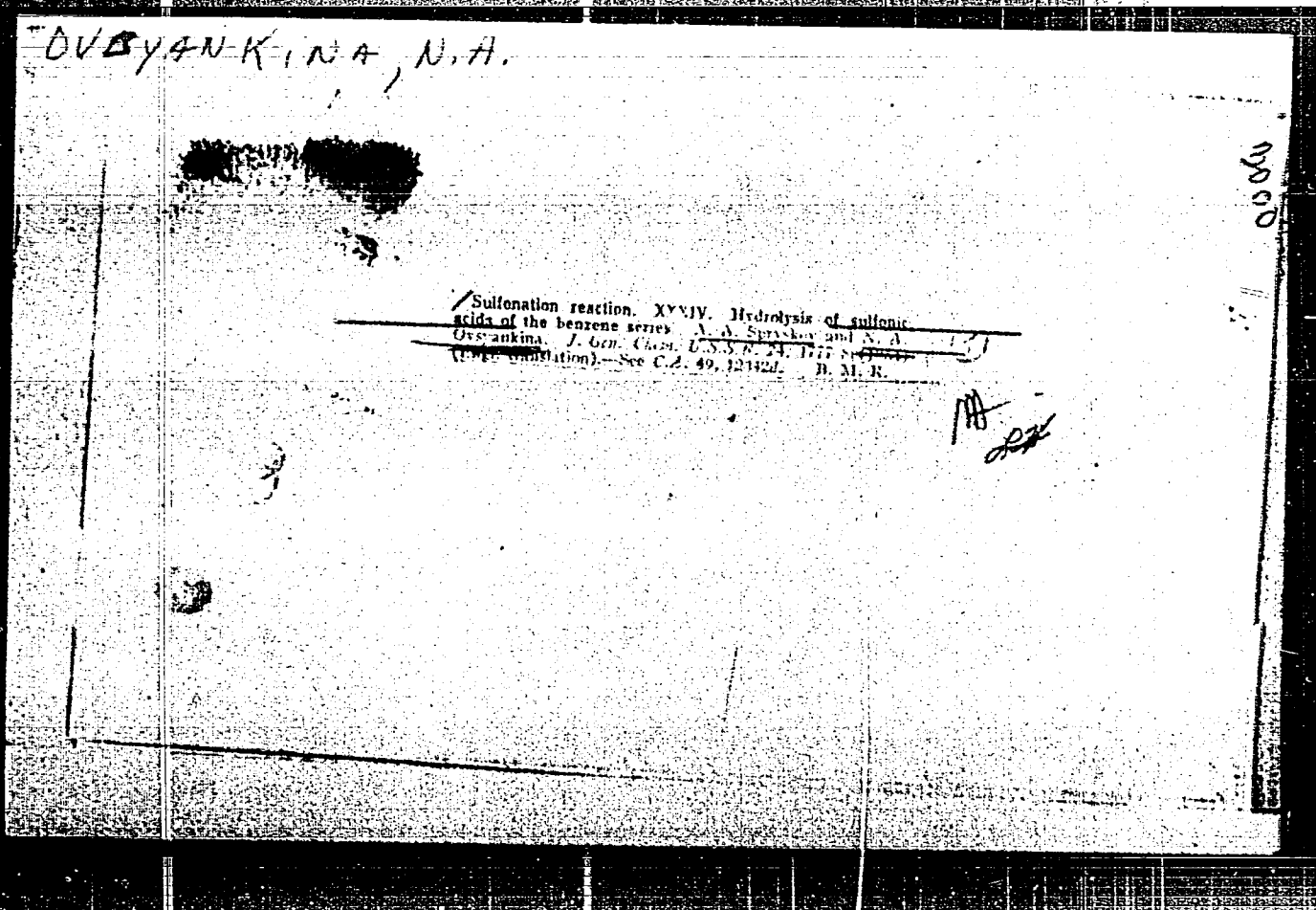
A

Sulfonation reactions XVII Hydrolysis of sulfonic acids in the presence of hydrochloric, sulfuric and phosphoric acids. A. A. Spyskov and N. A. Chavankin (Leningrad State Med. Inst.), *Zhur. Obshch. Khim.* (Gen. Chem.) 21, 1504 (1955), cf. C. A. 49, 3807d, 45, 3811d. Hydrolysis of $C_6H_5SO_3H$ I and $C_6H_4SO_3H$ II is accelerated by mineral acids in a different way. HCl gives the greatest acceleration. H_2SO_4 is least effective, while H_3PO_4 is intermediate. H_2PO_4 of 90% concentration has no effect on hydrolysis of I - II except by heating. With acid 0 hrs. with 0.5% H_2SO_4 in 210.5-21.0° (amb.). The hydrolyses were run by heating 0.5-1.0 g. samples of acids in sealed tubes with known amts. of HCl and mineral acid, and following the reaction by SO₂ detns. The results given graphically indicate the following concns. of the various mineral acids that give the indicated hydrolysis extent. With I, 4% hydrolysis by 6% HCl, 14% H_2SO_4 , 2%, H_2PO_4 ; 25% hydrolysis by 24.5, 47, and 76% acids, resp.; 50% hydrolysis by 27, 52 and 80% acids, resp. With II, 10% hydrolysis by 6.8% HCl, 20% H_2SO_4 , and 80% H_2PO_4 ; 20% hydrolysis by 17% HCl or 41% H_2SO_4 (H_2PO_4 is mentioned only in the example above), and 50% hydrolysis by 27% HCl or 40% H_2SO_4 . In all expts. the hydrolysis was run 2 hrs. at 100° in the presence of total of 4.5 moles H₂O, but with varying amts. of mineral acids to give the required concn. C. M. Kosolapov

CA

10

Sulfonation reaction XVII Hydrolysis of sulfonic
acids in the presence of hydrochloric, sulfuric and phosphoric
acids V. A. Spivakov and N. A. Cherkashina
U.S.S.R. Chem. Abstr. 21:1040 (1957) Engl. translation
p. 10



OVSYANKINA, N. A. and SPRYSKOV, A. A.

Study of the Reaction of Sulfonation. XIX. On the Mechanism of
Hydrolysis of Sulfonic Acids, page 112, *Sbornik statey po obshchey khimii*
(Collection of papers on General Chemistry), Vol II, Moscow-Leningrad,
1953, pages 165-166.

Ivanovo Chemical-Technological, and Ivanovo State Medical Inst

OVSYANKINA, N. A.

USSR/Chemistry - Sulfonation reaction

Card 1/1 Pub. 151 - 19/37

Authors : Spryskov, A. A., and Ovsyankina, N. A.

Title : Investigation of sulfonation reaction. Part 34.- Hydrolysis of sulfo-acids of the benzene series

Periodical : Zhur. ob. khim. 24/10, 1810-1814, Oct 1954

Abstract : The orientation of various substitutes in the benzene nucleus and its effect on the rate of hydrolysis of sulfo-acids, isomerisation of the para-isomer of phenolsulfonic acid and hydrolysis of benzene polysulfonic acid, was investigated. It was found that the hydrolysis reaction of mono substituted sulfo-acids of the benzene series takes place at different rates depending upon the position of the substitute. The order of the kinetic stability of isomers toward hydrolysis is described. Conditions favorable for the hydrolysis of certain benzene sulfonic acids are listed. Seven references: 2-USSR; 3-USA; 1-German and 1-Czech (1894-1951). Tables.

Institution : State Medical Institute and Chemical-Technological Institute, Ivanov

Submitted : April 28, 1954

OVBYANKINA, N. A.

Dissertation defended for the degree of Candidate of Chemical Sciences
at the Institute of Organic Chemistry imeni N. D. Zelinskiy in 1962:

"Hydrolysis of Sulfo Acids of the Aromatic Series."

Vest. Akad. Nauk SSSR. No. 4, Moscow, 1963, pages 119-145

DEMESHEVA, G.A.; IVANCHIKOVA, E.I.; KRIVOSHAPKIN, M.A.; LEYCHIK, V.M.;
OVSYANKINA, Y.I.; PEKTISTOVA, V.P.; TSINMAN, M.Z.; BEKKULOVA, S.N.;
SUBKHANBERDIYA, K.Kh.; PURAKOV, P.I., laureat Stalinskoy premii,
spetsial'nyy redaktor; BALANINA, O.V., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystven-
nykh nauk, spetsial'nyy redaktor; SAKHAROVA, V.M., spetsial'nyy
redaktor; KOSENKO, V.V., spetsial'nyy redaktor; ZHIZNEVSKIY, F.V.,
otvetstvennyy redaktor; BURLACHENKO, L.A., redaktor; ALPEROVA, P.V.,
tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Experience of agricultural leaders of Kazakhstan; an annotated
bibliography] Opyt peredovikov sel'skogo khoziaistva Kazakhskoi SSR;
annotirovanniy ukazatel' literatury. Alma-Ata, 1955. 290 p. (MLA 9:12)

1. Akademiya nauk Kazakhskoy SSR, Alma-Ata. Tsentral'naya nauchnaya
biblioteka. 2. Tsentral'naya nauchnaya biblioteka Akademiya nauk
Kazakhskoi SSR. (for Demesheva, Ivanchikova, Krivoshapkin, Leychik,
Ovsiyankina, Peektistova, Tsinman)
(Bibliography--Kazakhstan--Agriculture)

IVANCHIKOVA, E.I.; KOLBNIKOVA, M.T.; KONOBRITSKAYA, Ye.M.; KUIRYASHOVA,
M.M.; KUL'BAYEVA, Sh.N.; MEDVEDEVA, S.G.. Prinsipali uchastiye:
ABDULLINA, M.B.; KLIMENKO, K.M.; OVSYANKINA, V.I.; SOKOLOV, M.V.;
URAZOVA, M.I.; VOROB'YEVA, G.P.. AKHMEDOVA, H.B., otv.red.;
NOVOKHATSKIY, I.P., red.; SHEVCHUK, T.I., red.; AITMUKHAMBETOVA,
S.; ROROKINA, Z.P., tekhn.red.

[The Karaganda Economic Administrative Region; bibliography]
Karagandinskiy ekonomicheskii administrativnyi raion; biblio-
graficheskii ukazatel' literatury. Alma-Ata, 1959. 458 p.
(MIRA 13:2)

1. Akademiya nauk Kazakhskoy SSR. Alma-Ata. Tsentral'naya
nauchnaya biblioteka.

(Bibliography--Karaganda Economic Region)
(Karaganda Economic Region--Bibliography)

NOVIKOV, A.V.; GANINA, A.Z.; ONEGINA, A.K.; STULOVA, M.V.; AZAROVA, L.A.;
DAN'KOVA, M.N.; OPOLCHENTSEVA, T.D.; SHIBAYEV, D.P.; ZHABYKO, Ye.G.;
MIRKINA, A.G.; OVSYANKINA, Ye. I.; SAVENKOV, F.S., red.; SLEMZIN,
A.A., red.; FOMICHEV, P.M., tekhn.red.

[Economy of Kaluga Province; collected statistics] *Merodnoe khoziai-*
stvo Kaluzhskoi oblasti; statisticheski sbornik. Moskva, Gos.stat.
izd-vo, 1957. 142 p. (MIRA 11:6)

1. Kaluzhskaya oblast', Statisticheskoye upravlenie. 2. Statisti-
- cheskoye upravleniye Kaluzhskoy oblasti (for all except Savenkov,
Slemzin, Fomichev) 2. Nachal'nik Statisticheskogo upravleniya
Kaluzhskoy oblasti (for Savenkov)
(Kaluga Province--Economic conditions--Statistics)

ОПЫТ А.А., маст-вой мастер (stantsiya bezekne il Latvlyakoy dorogi)

Experience in erecting reinforced concrete bridge spans. Put' i dokt. z.
no.11:26-27 № 1 58. (MIRA 11:19)
(Latvia--Railroad bridges)

OVSYANKO, Dmitriy Mikhaylovich, podpolkovnik; MURZAYEV, N.I., red.;
MASLOVA, N.Ya., tekhn. red.

[Educational role of the military courts of honor] Vospita-
tel'naya rol' ofitserkikh tovarishcheskikh sudov chesti. Mo-
skva, Voenizdat, 1962. 77 p. (MIRA 1:9)
(Courts of honor)

OVSYANKO, L.G., inzh.; PETROVSKIY, I.A., inzh.

New techniques for boring hammer rams. Mashinostroenie no.5;
32-33 S-0 '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Luganskiy teplovozostroitel'nyy zavod imeni Oktyabr'skoy
revolyutsii.

I 10521-66 EWT(m)/ETC/ENG(m)/EWA(h) DS/RM
ACC No: AP5027180 SOURCE CODE: UR/0076/65/039/010/2553/2558 -

AUTHOR: Skorokhod, O. R.; Ovsyanko, L. M. 55 44 55 44 72 B
ORG: Belorussian State University im. V. I. Lenin (Belorusskiy gosudarstvenny universitet) 55 44

TITLE: Radiation resistance of ion-exchange resins 1 55

SOURCE: Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, v. 39, no. 10, 1965, 2553-2558

TOPIC TAGS: ionizing radiation, ion exchange, resin, irradiation resistance, physical chemistry property, chemical composition

ABSTRACT: A study was made of the effect of γ -radiation from Co^{60} on the sorption capacity of a sulfonated styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer (KU-2 cation exchange) with respect to benzoic acid, aniline, and pyridine. The samples of KU-2 were washed with hydrochloric acid and distilled water and then exposed to γ -radiation from Co^{60} at 150 r/sec at 17-20C in sealed ampules filled with the corresponding medium. After irradiation, the ion-exchanger was washed with water and dried. KU-2 subjected to γ -radiation of an integrated dose of 1.1×10^4 darkened, but did not suffer noticeable changes in properties. Its exchange capacity and swelling in water remained the same. A study of sorption kinetics under static conditions and the isothermic curves of sorption of benzoic acid, aniline, and pyridine showed that irradiation with a dose of 10^4 r hardly affected the sorption properties of KU-2 with respect to these substances. The breaking of C-S and the main C-C bonds

Card 1/2

UDC: 543.544
2

L 10521-66

ACC NR: AP5027180

occurred during irradiation of KU-2 in the H form with an integrated dose of 10^8 r. This caused the decrease of the exchange capacity of SO_3H -groups and increased swelling in water. The effect was much stronger when the irradiation was made in water and aqueous solution of nitric acid instead of air. The γ -irradiation had a different effect on sorption capacity with respect to benzoic acids, aniline, and pyridine. The sorption of benzoic acids on irradiated samples increased, while that of pyridine and aniline decreased after irradiation. The sorption of aniline and pyridine changed symbatically with changes in the concentration of sulfo groups in KU-2. In all cases studied the pyridine was sorbed in larger quantities than aniline. The sorption of benzoic acid increased with decreasing temperature. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 2 tables. [19]

SUB CODE: 18,07 SUMM DATE: 07Apr64/ ORIG REF: 014/ OTH REF: 001/ ATD PRESS:

4167

bel

END 2/2

KHATTANI, P. A., KHANSAFARI, ... and VSYANI, ...

"Application of ...
The ...

... presented at ...
... ..

OVSYANNIKOV, A.

New M-61 marine anemometer. Mor. flot 23 n.3:26 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Starshiy inzh. Glavnogo upravleniya gidrometeoro-logicheskoy
sluzhby. (Anemometer)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.

Common nation-wide cause. PC 4 no.5:2-4 My '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Predsedatel' Tsentral'nogo pravleniya Nauchno-tekhnicheskogo
obshchestva sel'skogo khozyaystva, chlen-korrespondent
Vsesoyuznoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni V. I.
Lenina.

(Agricultural research)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.

Efficiency promoters in our department store. Sov. to g. 1960. 60
60 Jo '60. (MIRA 10 7)

1. Predsedatel' komissii po r tsionalizatsionnoy rabote pri
goroiskom Tekstil'shvestoroo, g. Gor'kiy.
(Gorkiy--Clothing industry--Technological innovations)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.

Mechanization of accounting in Soviet trade. Sov. top. no. 2:22-25
P. 198. (MIRA 11:1)
(Machine accounting) (Commerce--Accounting)

OVSTANNIKOV, A. (Leningrad).

"Standard lot" method of machine accounting for products shipped
and paid for. Bukh.uchet 15 no.10.49-51 O '56. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Glavnyy bukhgalter 1-y Leningradskoy tabachnoy fabriki imeni
Uritskogo.
(Tobacco industry--Accounting) (Machine accounting)

OVSYANNIKOV [unclear]

1971-1972 multiplace automobile. Avt. transp. 42 no.11;
36-38 N '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Moskovskiy avtomobil'nyy zavod im. I.A. Likhacheva.

OVSTANNIKOV, A.

Automatic tide gauge. Mor. flot 19 no. 5129 My '59.

(MIRA 1217)

1. Starshiy inzhener Glavnogo upravleniya gidrometeluzhby pri Sovete
Ministrov SSSR.

(Tide gauges)

1. OVSIANNIKOV, A.
2. USSR (600)
4. Moving-Picture Projectors
7. Disappointing liner details.
Kinemekhanik. No.9, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953, Unclassified.

OVSYANNIKOV, A.

Results of a club survey. Sov. profsoiuz, 13 no. 10-11
Mr '62. (MIRA 1962)
(Community centers)

1. A. OVSYANNIKOV
2. USSR (600)
4. Agricultural Machinery
7. Give full support to collective-farm rationalizers and inventors. *Tr. Vsesoyuzn. nauchn. issled. inst. sel'sk. khoz. machinostroyeniya*. 1953. no. 1. 1953

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions. Library of Congress. April 1953.

OVSYANNIKOV, A.A.

Experience in over-all machine accounting in an industrial
enterprise. [Izd.] LOHITOMASH 44:110-121 '58. (MIRA 11:9)
(Machine accounting)

PIS'MEN, L.M., kand. khim. nauk; ONSYANNIKOV, A.A.

Problems of macrokinetics and plasma chemistry, meeting of the
Department of General and Technical Chemistry. Vest. AN SSSR
35 no.9:106-110 1965. (MOSKVA 1965)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.

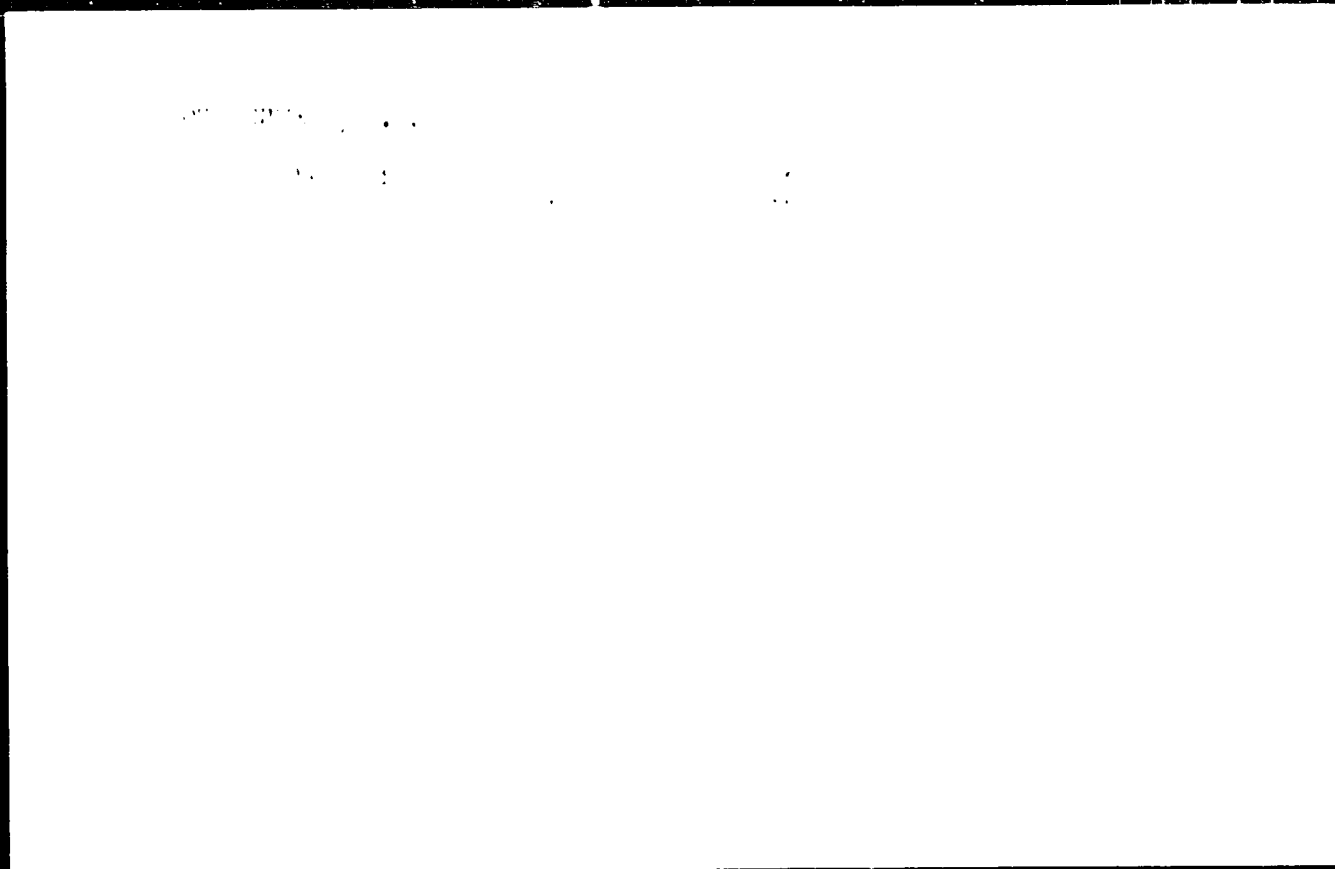
Specialize the trade and production of clothing. Sov.torg.
no.3:56 Mr '59. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Glavnny tovaroved Gor'kovskogo gorodskogo tekstil'shvey-
torga.

(Clothing industry)

OVSTANNIKOV, A.

Militant helper of the forest workers. Sov. profsojuzy 16 no. 11.
60-61 Ag '60. (MIRA 11:)
(Lumbering--Periodicals)



STOLBOV, V.F. OVSYANNIKOV, A.I.; ARUTYUNOV, B.A., otv. red.;
OLESENKO, V.M., red.

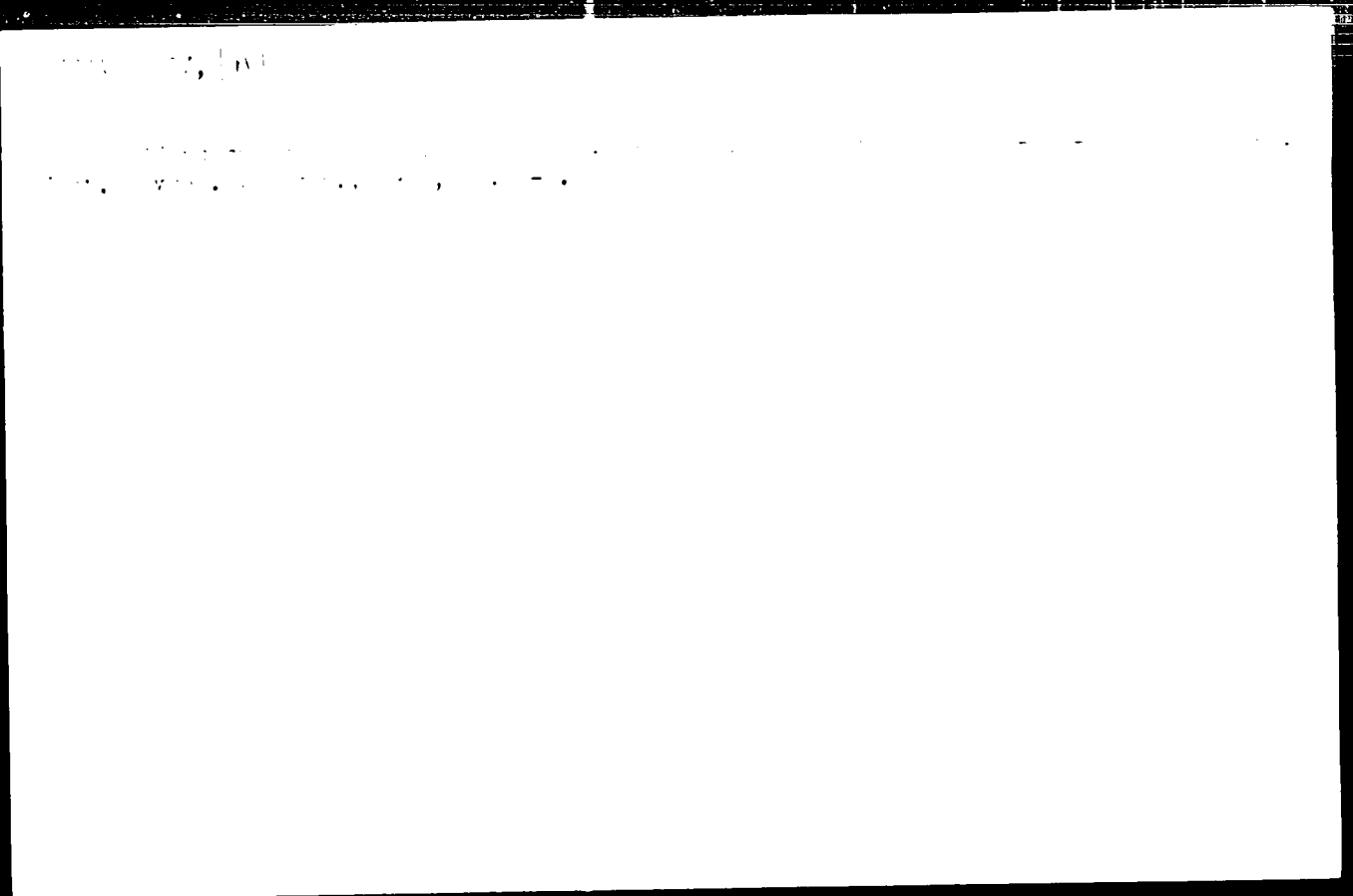
[Work practices in sealing electric wires in reinforced
concrete panels of standard apartment houses] Opyt raboty
p. zamendichivaniyu elektroprovodki v zhelezobetonnnykh pa-
nelyakh tipovykh zhilykh domov. Novosibirsk, Trest Sibelektro-
montazh, 1973. 60 p. (MLA 18:..)

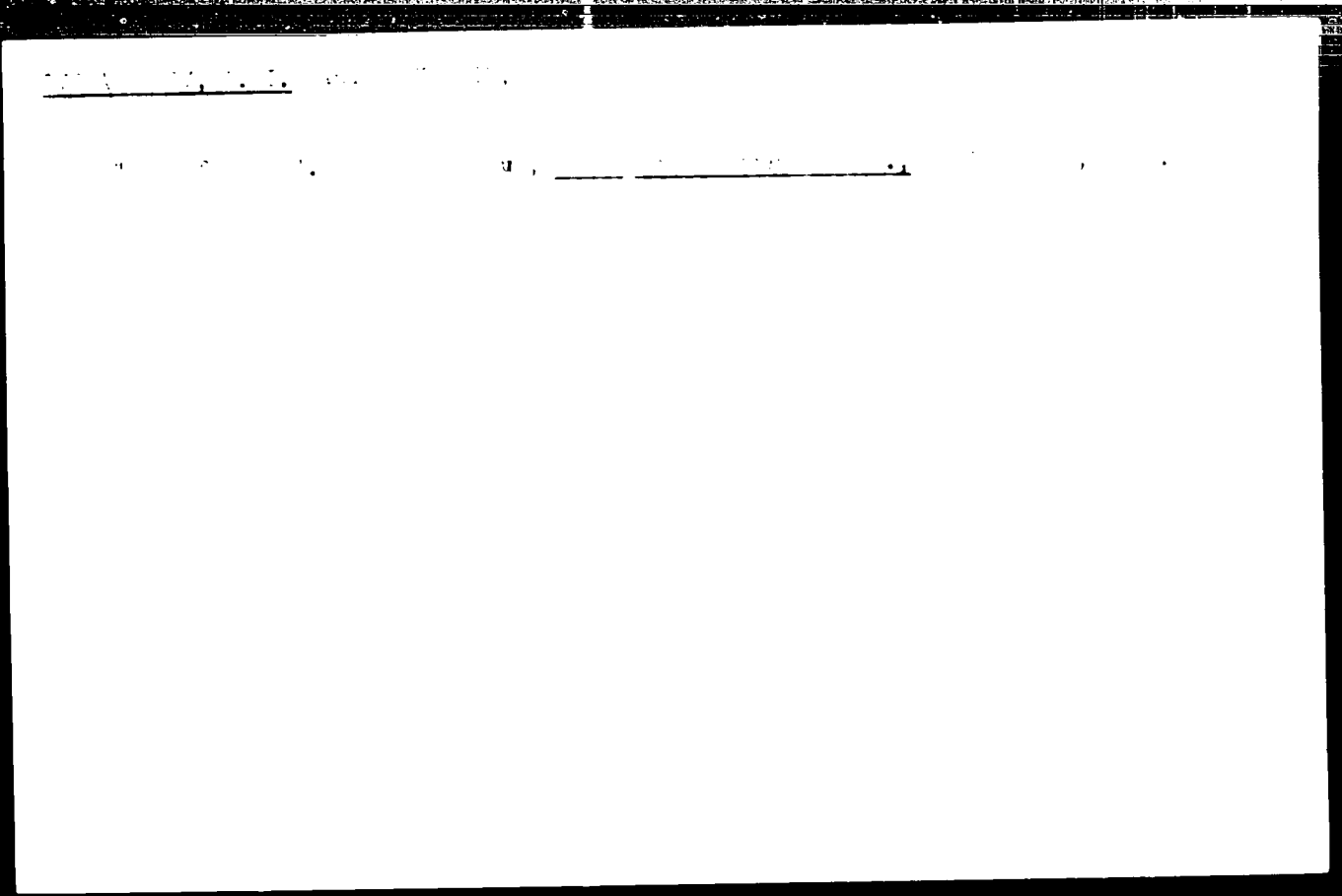
ORLINA, M.M.; OVSIANNIKOV, A.I.; KHAYDUROVA, V.S. (Kiybyshev-obl.)

Liver function in atherosclerosis. Kaz. med. zhur. no.6:85 N-D '60.
(MIRA 13:12)

(LIVER)

(ARTERIOSCLEROSIS)





OVSYANNIKOV, A.I. (Moskva)

Darwin's law on effects of cross- and self-fertilization and
the stock breeding. Agrobiologiya no.2:299-303 M~Ap '66.

(MIRA 15:4)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Vsesoyuznoy akademii sel'skoykh nauk imeni Lenina.

(Stock and stock breeding)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.I., prof., red.; BALAKIN, V., red.

{Methods of swine breeding} - metody razvedeniya sviney.
Pod red. A.I.Ovsyannikova. Moskva, Kolos, 1961. 304 s.
(MIRA 1911)

1. Vsesoyuznaya akademiya sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni V.I.Lenina. 2. Chlen-korrespondent Vsesoyuznoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni V.I.Lenina (for Ovsyannikov).

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N., gornyy inzh.

Some regularities of ore crushing during its breaking in a compressed medium. Gor.zhur. no.12:19-23 D '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy gornorudnyy institut, Krivoy Rog.

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N.

Some features of breaking ore confined in vertical holes.
Vzryv. delo no.51/8:273-280 '63. (MIRA 16:6)

(Blasting)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N.

Variation of water temperature in the sea. Meteor. i gidrol. no.4:
32-33 Ap '63. (MIK 16:5)

1. Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby.
(Sea water—Temperature)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N., inzh.

Some features of breaking ore in "compression." Izv. vys. ucheb.
zav.; gor. zhur. 5 no.10:27-32 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Krivorozhskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy gornorudnyy institut.
Rekomendovana kafedroy razrabotki rudnykh i rossypnykh mestorozh-
deniy Sverdlovskogo gornogo instituta.

(Blasting)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N., gor'nyy inzhener

Effect of the amount of free space on the shattering of a
uniform massif in blasting. Vzyv. dolo no.50/7:79-83
'62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Krivorozhskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy gornorudnyy
institut.

(Blasting-Models)

OVSIANNIKOV, A.N.; DYADECHKIN, N.Y.

Using the modeling method to study the breaking of ore under
compressed conditions. Sbor. nauch. trud. KGRU no.13:54-63
'62. (MIRA 16:8)

(Geological models) (Blasting)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N.

Handbook on surveying for building contractors. Geod. i kart.
no.2:73-76 P '64. (MIRA 17,3)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N., gornyy inzh.

Some regularities of ore crushing during its operation in a compressed medium. Izv. zhur. no.12:19-23 D 163. (M...)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy gornorudnyy institut, Krivoy Rog.

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N.

Transfer of a fine current-conducting cable of remote oceanographic devices through the wave-breaking zone. Meteor. i gidrol. no. 2: 54-55 F '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR.

2(9)

AUTHOR: Ovsyannikov, A. N.

001 001 001

TITLE: Experience in the Investigation of the Hydrological Conditions in the Sea (Opitnyye dannyye, priblizheniya k resheniyam voprosa)

PERIODICAL: Meteorologiya i Gidrometeorologiya, 1959, Nr. 1, pp. 1-12, 120-121

ABSTRACT: The stationary observations made for a long time by the meteorological (Hydro-meteorological Service) created the basis for passing over to the later and higher stage of development of the sea network and of the observatories. The present state of the sea network, the technical personnel and the equipment and apparatus and ships permit these new tasks to be solved. The order of the GUGMS (Main Administration of the Hydrometeorological Service) Nr. 44 of March 19, 1957 requires the passing over to collecting the data of observations, and their processing, the annuals, to a generalization of conditions. The principal task is that every observatory and station must study the conditions in the respective region. In this connection, the work of the Caspian Expedition of the Gosmarnetovyye okeanograficheskoy Institut (State Oceanographic Institute)

Card 1/3

SOV, C-

Experience in the Investigation of the Hydrometeorological Conditions of the Black Sea

in the years 1910-1911, it describes the results of the first observations in the middle Caspian Sea, in accordance with the hydrometeorological conditions in the region of the Black Sea. The available information on the hydrometeorological observations was established on pile-work stations of the Black Sea. These points made the observations of the hydrometeorological program. Besides, separate frequent observations of wind, the wave and current elements were carried out. The methods and apparatus were improved during work. In the observations, the lat was replaced by the perspective (perspektometr) and then by graphic recordings of the profile. The anemometers were replaced by the anemometer (anemograf) and then by anemometers with electric contacts and brakings. Float observations were replaced by observations with sea wind indicators and then by wind indicators with filar electric contacts and by installations of wind indicators with electric contacts and brakings. Independent plot graphs of wind indicators BPV-1 with telegraph, and various designs were used. The expedition had a

Card 2/3

SCV 10-1-1
Experience in the Investigation of the Hydrodynamics of the Sea

investigations were carried out in great detail, which work is, as far as possible, given in detail. - On the basis of the data obtained by the known the rational method of calculating the currents were worked out by A. P. Titov, I. S. Yul. T. Kravtsov, and G. V. R. M. P. P. P.

Doc. 103

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N.; SALGANIK, V.A.; VOROTELYAK, G.A.; POLYANSKIY, V.S.

Ways of increasing the effectiveness of breaking ore with
holes drilled with rock drills. Gor. zhur. no.12:10-12
D '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy gornorudnyy institut,
Krivoy Rog.

(Krivoy Rog Basin--Boring)

OVSYANNIKOV, A.N., otv. za vypusk; VASIL'YEVA, N.N., tekhn. red.

— [Technical instructions on the operation, maintenance and repair of electric brakes for passenger trains with locomotive traction. These instructions complement the TsV-2039, 1885 and TsT-2032 instructions in force for automatic brakes] Tekhnicheskie ukazania po ekspluatatsii i remontu elektropnevmaticheskikh tormozov v passazhirskikh poezdakh s lokomotivnoi tiagoi. Nastoiashchie ukazania dopolniaiut deistvuiushchie instruktsii po avtotormozam TsV-2039, 1885 i TsT-2032. Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1962. 58 p. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Glavnoye upravleniye vagonnogo khozyaystva.

(Railroads--Brakes)

3(2)

AUTHOR: Ovsyannikov, A. I.

TITLE: Conference of Chiefs of River Mouth Stations (Sobremennyye nachal'nikov ust'yevykh stantsiy)

PERIODICAL: *Meteorologiya i gidrologiya*, 1968, nr 5, p 6-10

ABSTRACT: A Conference of the Chiefs of River Mouth Stations of the Gosmeteosluzhba (Hydro-meteorological Service) took place in Moscow at the Gosudarstvennyy okeanograficheskiy institut (USSR State Oceanographic Institute) from February 27 to March 4, 1968. Reports were delivered by: S. S. Baydin, Chief of the Laboratory of River Mouths of the GOIN, as well as the Chiefs of the River Mouth Stations. It was stated that the investigation of the river mouth areas has been considerably improved in the last few years. Large monographs on the river-mouth and coastal conditions of the Volga, Amu-Dar'ya and Kuban' have been published. The river mouth stations on the Northern Dvina and on the Volga, however, are still facing difficulties and could not fully develop their work. New hydrological instruments and new methods for the investigation of sea motion were discussed at the conference.

Card 1 2

Conference of the Chiefs of River Mouth Stations

S. V. ...

I. V. Samoylov reported on investigations of river mouth areas in the Chinese People's Republic. Resolutions for the improvement of the investigations of river mouth areas were adopted.

Card 2, 2

USCOMM-DC_61197

OVSIANNIKOV, A.N.

"Sea snow." Priroda no.6:82 Je '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Starshiy inzhener Glavnogo upravleniya Gidrometsluzhby,
Moskva.

(Plankton)

CVSYANNIKOV, A.S.

Method for determining the photosynthetic activity of apple
tree foliage in connection with the fruit yield. Fiziol. rast.
12 no.5:941-946 S-C 165. (Mikr 1961)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sadovodstva imeni Michurina,
Michurinsk.

OVSTANNIKOV, Aleksandr Vasil'yevich; NEELIN, S.Ye., redaktor; SACHEVA,
A.I. Tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Climatological therapy for tuberculosis patients on the southern
shore of Crimea] Klimatolechenie bol'nykh tuberkulezom legkikh na
iuzhnom beregy Kryma. Moskva, Gos.isd-vo meditsinskoi lit-ry, 1955.

206 p.

(MLRA 8:8)

(Crimea--Climatology, Medical) (Tuberculosis)

PA 40/49747

OVSYANNIKOV, A. V.

Usssr/Engineering
Heating, Industrial
Efficiency, Industrial

Apr 49

Utilization of Hot Air From Pyrite Furnaces
and Cooling Water of Sulfuric Acid Refrigerators
for Heating, A. V. Ovsyannikov, Engr, OZON, 1948,
3 pp

"Prom Energet" No 4

Refers to a plan developed by a chemical
combine, using heat waste of secondary re-
sources. Reveals that, based on very careful

40/49747

USSR/Engineering (Contd)

Apr 49

calculated data, 125 C of heat per kg of
burned pyrite and 392 C of heat per kg of
cooling water from sulfuric acid refrigerators
can be utilized. Gives table and graphs of
experimental results.

40/49747

USSR/Fuel - Sulfuric Acid Industry
Efficiency, Industrial

Jan 50

"Methods of Using Secondary Energy Resources in the
Sulfuric Acid Industry," A. V. Ovsyannikov, Engr,
Orgres, 3½ pp

"Prom Energet" No 1

Describes methods for using heat of cinders from
pyrite furnaces and heat of furnace gases with four
diagrams

157T41

OVSYANNIKOV, A. V., Eng.

Hot Water Heating

Laying-out hot-water heating systems for industrial enterprises. Rab. energ. 2
no. 9, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions. Library of Congress, —December— 1952.

OVSYANNIKOV ENGINEER A. V.

Hot-water heating

Installing hot-water heating systems in industrial buildings. Za ekon. tot.
9 No. 5, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August ~~1953~~ 2incl.

~~SECRET~~
Final Abstracts

16.15, Jan 1954

Domestic Heating, Cook. Lighting, etc

2

Ind. Eng.

①

✓ 745. OPERATION OF HOT WATER HEATING AND VENTILATING SYSTEMS OF INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS. Dzyvannikcy, A.V. (Energetik (Pwr Engr, Mosc-w), Aug. 1953, 4-6). Common faults in planning, installation and operation are described. (L).

6-4-54

ОВСЯННИКОВ, А.В.

БРИК. П.М., инженер; ОВСЯННИКОВ, А.В.

Steam-water preheaters for small and medium boiler installations.
Elek.sta. 25 no.2:49-50 P '54.

(MLRA - 2)

(Steam boilers)

Subject : *Water jet connection*

Card 1/2 Pub. 29 - 22/27

Authors : Genkin, B. I. and A. V. Cvsyannikov, Engg.

Title : Adjusting water-jet connections of district heating systems to thermal networks

Periodical : Energetik, 11, 29-33, N 1955

Abstract : The authors describe a water-jet connection system in centralized city heating networks. In this kind of water-jet connection the hot heating water is mixed with the returning cooler water. The advantage of this method of connection as compared with direct connection consists, according to the authors, in the possibility of operation of district heating systems together with local networks on different temperatures. Three tables, 6 drawings.

CONFIDENTIAL

By the Director, Office of Industrial Water and Sewerage Systems
institutions must have sufficient operating
equipment on hand. A number of typical operating
problems are listed below, along with their causes,
possible corrective action, and assignment. For design
water supply problems, see corrosion and other
Design Considerations and Industrial Water Supply
problems. Give attention to the above mentioned
problems in the design, operation, and maintenance of
industrial water supply systems.

ASSIGNMENT: OAKES

Part 3/3

ESKIN, M.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; OVSIANNIKOV, B.A., inzh.

Programming and carrying out of industrial testing of an
automatic drill bit feed control using drawworks band brakes.
Trudy Gipromeftomasha.Nefteprom.delo no.1:45-61 '61.

(MIRA 1':8)

(Oil well drilling--Equipment and supplies)
(Automatic control)

8(0), 11(4)

SOV/112-59-2-3264

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotehnika, 1959, Nr 2, p 149 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Ovsyannikov, B. A., Ostrovskiy, Yu. I., Peskin, G. L., and Eskin, M. G.

TITLE: Instrument for Measuring and Recording the Rpm's of a Giproneftemash-Make Turbodrill (Pribor dlya izmereniya i registratsii skorosti vrashcheniya turbobura konstruktsii Giproneftemasha)

PERIODICAL: Novosti neft. tekhn. Neftepromysl. delo, 1957, Nr 8, pp 3-9

ABSTRACT: A teletachometer with a wire connecting link between the primary element and the oscillograph is described. A type DOT-3 AC tachometer generator is installed in the turbodrill adapter. The tachometer-generator rotor is coupled to the turbodrill shaft. The tachometer-generator frequency is converted into DC voltage which is subsequently amplified by two amplifiers. One amplifier feeds two series-connected oscillograph loops that record drilling conditions and dynamic process. The second amplifier feeds an

Card 1/2

SOV/112-59-2-3264

Instrument for Measuring and Recording the Rpm's of a Giproneftemash-Make

electron potentiometer that indicates the rpm. A low-frequency generator is used for calibrating the system.

V N Ch

Card 2/2

OVSYANNIKOV, B. N.

"Some Problems of Strength in Metals at the Points of Concentration of Stresses Due to Impact." Min. Higher Education USSR, Moscow Order of Labor Red Banner Higher Technical School imeni Bauman, Moscow, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 22, 1955, pp 93-105

SOV/133-59-6-31/41

AUTHORS: Ovsyannikov, B.M. and Timoshuk, L.T., Candidates of Technical Sciences

TITLE: On the Problem of Methods of Evaluation of the Ability of Sheet Steel to Deep Drawing (K voprosu o metodakh otsenki sposobnosti listovoy stali k glubokoy vytyazhke)

PERIODICAL: Stal', 1959, Nr 6, pp 560-562 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The suitability of a modelling method of testing (two axial stretching) the ability of steel to deep drawing was investigated. Specimens of sheet steel somewhat differing in the technology of production rolling conditions and thermal treatment were taken for the investigation. Chemical composition and mechanical properties of tested steels is given in table 1. A laboratory press with a plunger of a parabolic shape was used for the tests which give, in the zone of maximum deformation, two axial stretching with a ratio of two main deformations $e_1:e_2 = 1.8 : 2.4$. The maximum diameter at which no breaking of the stretched specimens takes place was taken as a criterion of the drawing ability. A comparison of the

Card 1/2

SOV/133-59-0-31/41

On the Problem of Methods of Evaluation of the Ability of Sheet Steel to Deep Drawing

results of the investigation of the sensitivity of the testing method to indicate the influence of the temperature at the end of hot rolling on the ability of cold rolled steel to deep drawing are given in table 2 and in the diagram. It is shown that with increasing temperature at the end of hot rolling the coefficient of work hardening decreases and the limiting diameter of the specimen increases despite the fact that there are no obvious differences in mechanical properties (including Eriksen's test). It is concluded that the method tested is sufficiently indicative and can be used for testing the deep drawing properties of steel. There is 1 figure, 2 tables and 11 references, 6 of which are Soviet and 5 English.

ASSOCIATION: TsNIICM

Card 2/2

OVSYANNIKOV, B.M.; TIMOSH'K, L.T.

Increasing the precision in measuring the hardness of metals. Zav.
lab. no.11:1389-1391 '59.

(MIRA 13:4)

1. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy
metallurgii.

(Metals-- Testing) (Hardness)

28 (5)

AUTHORS:

Ovsyannikov, B. M., Stolyarov, V. A.,
Timoshuk, L. T.

SOV/32-25-8-32/44

TITLE:

On the Influence of Geometrical Parameters of Conical
Diamond-tips on the Measuring Results of the Hardness of Metal

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Nr 8, pp 996-998 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The theoretically and experimentally conducted investigations (Refs 2-5) unequivocally point to the influence mentioned in the title on the metal-hardness tests according to Rockwell (MHR). As up to the present there has not been found a functional correlation between the parameters of a standardized test and the constants characteristic of the material, the theoretical explanations are based on various assumptions. Some explanations of this kind are mentioned as G. P. Zaytsev (Ref 2) and (Ref 3) with the corresponding data (Table 1) and explanations of the Vsesoyuznyy institut metrologii im. Mendeleyeva (All-Union Institute of Metrology imeni Mendeleev) and the NIIVSPROM. The last-mentioned institute investigated the influence of the curvature radius (R) of the conical diamond tips (DT) on the (MHR). The obtained diagrams (Fig 1) show that a continuous increase of the Rockwell hardness rating can be observed with the

Card 1/2

On the Influence of Geometrical Parameters of Conical SJV/32-25-8-32/44
Diamond-tips on the Measuring Results of the Hardness of Metal

increase of the (R) (Table 2). On especially prepared test-tips (TT) of hard alloy, the influence of the end angle-degree of the (TT) on the results of the (MHR) was tested and it was established (Fig 2, Table 3) that better results are obtained if at a deviation of the (R) of the φ from the nominal value and an increase of the deviation of the angle α at the (TT) end cause a decrease of the α . It is indicated that if at the manufacture of the (DT) the tolerance limits of the main dimensions ($\alpha = \pm 10-30'$ and $R = \pm 0.005-0.010$ mm) are being observed, a considerable decrease of the systematic error can be achieved, as well as the gauging of the testing instruments can be made much easier. There are 3 figures, 3 tables, and 5 references. 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii (Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy)

Card 2/2

OVSYANNIKOV, B.M.

ISSUE 3 BOOK REPRODUCTION 808/7013

Analizy i obzory. Izvestiya naukoobrazovatelnykh

institute y obzory obrabotki metallov deformatsionnykh (Investigations in the Field of Metal Processing) Moscow, 1964-1965, 1966. 68 p. Periodically issued. 4,000 copies printed.

Red. Bd.: A.B. Puzanov; Ed. of Publishing House: G.Ye. Puzanov; Publ. No.: 8.7. 68/67.

REMARKS: This collection of articles is intended for engineers, designers, and scientific research workers engaged in the plastic working of metals.

CONTENTS: Articles of the collection deal with the following problems: tensile stresses in metal during forging and cross-rolling; deformation of a Lubinskiy blanking by hydraulic pressure; intensification of plastic deformation in stamping; metal stress under the state of stress in helical cross-rolling on a three-roll mill; testing of sheet steel for mechanical tension by the method of bulging membranes under hydraulic pressure; deformability of sheet steel; determination of the quality of industrial lubricants used in the cold stamping of sheet steel; determination of the quality of carbon sheet steel and the temperature field of a blank in the hot stamping of steel plates. No personalities are mentioned. Each article contains conclusions based on investigations. References, presumably brief, accompany most of the articles.

INDEX OF CONTENTS:

Trudovoye, A.D. On the Tensile Stresses in Metal During Forging and Cross-rolling	3
Osipov, V.D. Intensification of Lubinskiy Blanking by Hydraulic Pressure	12
Reber, V.P. Problems of Intensifying the Plastic Deformation in Stamping	18
Levin, V.M., and Ye.Je. Svet'yakov. Investigations Based on the Theory of Slip-line Fields in the Cold-chamber Under Friction of Blanking Helical Cross-rolling on a Three-roll Mill	25
Shchegolev, S.A. On the Problem of Testing Sheet Steel for Mechanical Tension by the Method of Bulging [a Membrane] Under Hydraulic Pressure	38
Osipov, V.D. Some Results of Investigating the Deformability of Sheet Steel [a Membrane] Under Hydraulic Pressure for Deep Drawing	45
Trudovoye, A.P. On the Quality of Industrial Lubricants Used in the Cold Stamping of Sheet Steel	50
Reber, V.P., and G.Ye. Puzanov. On the Problem of Determining the Quality of Carbon Sheet Steel	55
Smolin, Ye.A. Methods of Investigating the Temperature Field of a Blank in the Hot Stamping of Steel Plates	60

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Case 3/3

12/19/67
5-1-67

S/032/60/026/06/29/044
B010/B016

10.82.11

AUTHOR: Ovsyannikov, B. M.

TITLE: Investigation of the Influence of Geometric Main Parameters
of the Notch Upon the Results of the Impact Test

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, 1960, Vol. 26, No. 6, pp. 756-759

TEXT: The sensitivity to temperature of some structural steels was investigated as well as the influence of concentrated stresses in impact tests. Some data and indications with respect to the thermal treatment of the steel grades investigated (of the types МСТ.(MSt.) 3, H12 (NL2), 45, 18ХНМА(18KhNMA), 30ХГСА(30KhGSA), 40Х(40Kh), et al) are given in a Table. The tests were performed on cylindrical (with cyclic notch), and prismatic samples (with unilateral notch). The test temperature was varied from +20°C to -196°C. Three experimental series were performed and the following factors investigated: 1) the dependence of the impact strength on the radius of the curvature ρ at the top of the notch, 2) the influence of the depth of the notch upon the values of the impact strength, 3) the selection of the form of the notch in impact tests. When using the spatial

Card 1/2

S/028/61/010/010/00 7002
D211/D101

AUTHOR: Ovsyannik V. S.M.

TITLE: Standardization of the rate of deformation in tensile tests

PERIODICAL: Standartizatsiya 1981 No 10 20-22

TEXT: Two standards (OCT-1497-42) GOST-1497-42 and GOST-1496-61, are compared by the author and an attempt is made to show why the latter is more suitable. GOST-1497-42 contains information on the rate of displacement of the clamping jaws of tensile machines. Experimental results show that the standardization of the rate of deformation in the actual specimens and the standardization of the rate of stress applied to the specimens are the more important criteria in determining the resistance of metals to deformation. From January 1, 1982 GOST-1497-62 will replace the old standards GOST-1497-42 and GOST-1496-61. These new standards are all expressed in terms of "rate of

Car 1 /2

S/020/21/000/010/01/00
221/240

Standardization of the rate ...

deformation of the specimen" in order to be able to make a direct comparison between results obtained from tests carried out on specimens of varying length and cross-section. P. Ya. K. and others carried out experiments on S-1 and S-2 steels at the following rates of deformation: 10 mm/min and above yield stress not exceeding 20 mm/min. Volkogen and L.V. Primatova have shown by testing of steel details that for specimens with diameters ranging from 10 to 20 mm the rate of deformation has no effect on yield stress. P. V. Markin and B.D. Jankovskiy recommended an increase in the rate of deformation to above 20 mm/min. i.e. the rate of deformation should be increased by 2 times below the yield stress and above the yield stress of the standards given by GOST 1497-42. M.S. Polyakov suggested that the rate of deformation according to the standard IM 204-26 (SMI 204-26) the rate of deformation should be equal to 0.001 mm/min.

Card 2/2

S/137/61/000/010/022/056
A006/A101

AUTHOR: Ovsyannikov, B.M.

TITLE: On the problem concerning methods of evaluating the capability of sheet-steel to deep drawing

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, no. 10, 1961, 23, abstract 10D156 ("Sb. tr. Tsentr. n.-i. in-t chernoy metallurgii", 1960, no. 19, 270 - 277)

TEXT: The possibility of an extended practical use of a series of methods to evaluate the capability of sheet steel to deep drawing is presently rather limited. This is determined by a lack of data concerning the comparative evaluation of test results, carried out by different methods, with the use of thin-sheet blanks of the steel whose stamping capability under industrial conditions is known in advance. In this direction investigations were made for the purpose of confirming the advantages of one of the "simulation" test methods, i.e. a test with complex deformation of the initial plane blank (drawing of a cup of parabolic outline) 08 кнБГБ (08kpVGV) steel specimens were used, which had been subjected to recrystallization annealing and trimming, and specimens of

Card 1/2

OVSIANNIKOV, B.M.

Increasing the output of factory laboratories. Standardization 25
n. 2:44-46 P '61. (MIRA 14:3)
(Testing laboratories)

OVSYANNIKOV, B.M.

Standardizing the rates of deformation for tensile tests.
Standartizatsiia 25 no.10:20-22 C '61. (MIRA 14:6
(Testing)

27040

6/932/61/027/110/17/22

B14 R102

241800

AUTHORS: Govsyanikov, P. M., Kurganova, Ye. A., and Lebedev, I. V.

TITLE: Dynamic methods of measuring the Young's modulus E

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, v. 27, no. 1, 1961, 1, 99-111.

TEXT: A test arrangement for determining the young's modulus E of metals in the temperature range of from -80 to +900°C by means of transverse vibrations is described. Its block diagram is shown in Fig. 1. During the high-temperature tests, the sample was placed into an electric furnace. The low-temperature tests were made in a nitrogen-cooled cryostat. The Young's modulus of cylindrical test rods was determined from their natural frequency. Previous tests have shown that the size of the sample has a considerable influence upon the amount of the Young's modulus as determined with this arrangement. Samples of equal length $L = 100$ mm, but with different diameters $d_1 = 10$ mm, $d_2 = 7$ mm have Young's moduli that differ by 2.5%. This effect calls for a uniform shape and superior quality of the preparation of the test bodies. The samples were suspended
Card 1/1

X

27040

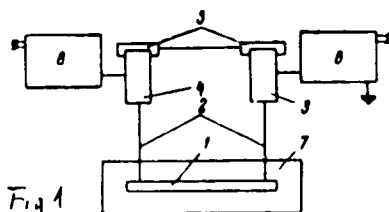
0/032/61/027/010/17, 18
E104/B102

Dynamic methods of measuring the ...

There are 5 figures, 4 tables, and 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii im. I. I. Bardin (Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy imeni I. I. Bardin)

Legend to Fig. 1: (1) test body, (2) suspension, (3) vibrator, (4) receiver, (5) cooling device, (6) 3P-10 (2G-10) sound generator, (7) furnace and cryostat, respectively, (8) 9P-7 (2G-7) oscilloscope.



Card 3/3

S/776/62/060/024/007/007
E193/F303

AUTHOR: Ovsvannikov, B.M.

TITLE: Assessment of the proneness of constructional steels to brittle fracture

SOURCE: Moscow. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii. Sbornik trudov, no. 24, 1962. Novyye metody ispytaniy metallov. 407 - 413

TEXT: In continuation of his earlier work the present author studied the difference in the sensitivity of some constructional steels [Ст.3 (St.3), НЛ2 (NL2), 45, 18ХНМА (18khNMA) and 30ХГСА (30khGSA)] to the action of the following two important factors affecting their proneness to brittle fracture: stress-concentration and temperature. The experimental work consisted of impact tests carried out at +50 to -196 °C on cylindrical, notched test pieces with the notch-root radius ranging from 4.5 - 0.05 mm. In some cases, standard impact tests were also conducted. Assessed on the basis of standard impact tests, steel NL2 was much less prone to brittle fracture than steel St.3 in terms of both the impact strength at room temperature (18.4 kgm/cm² in the former Card 1/2

LEBEDEV, D.V.; MOLOTILOV, B.V.; OVSYANNIKOV, B.M.

Methods of mechanical tension testing at temperatures of liquid
hydrogen. Sbor. trud. TSNIICHM no.24:414-429 '62. (MIRA 15:5)
(Metals--Testing) (Metals at low temperatures)

OVSYANNIKOV, B.M.

Standardization of methods for high temperature tensile testing.
Zav.lab. 28 no.10:1269 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy
metallurgii imeni L.P.Bardina.
(Metals—Testing)