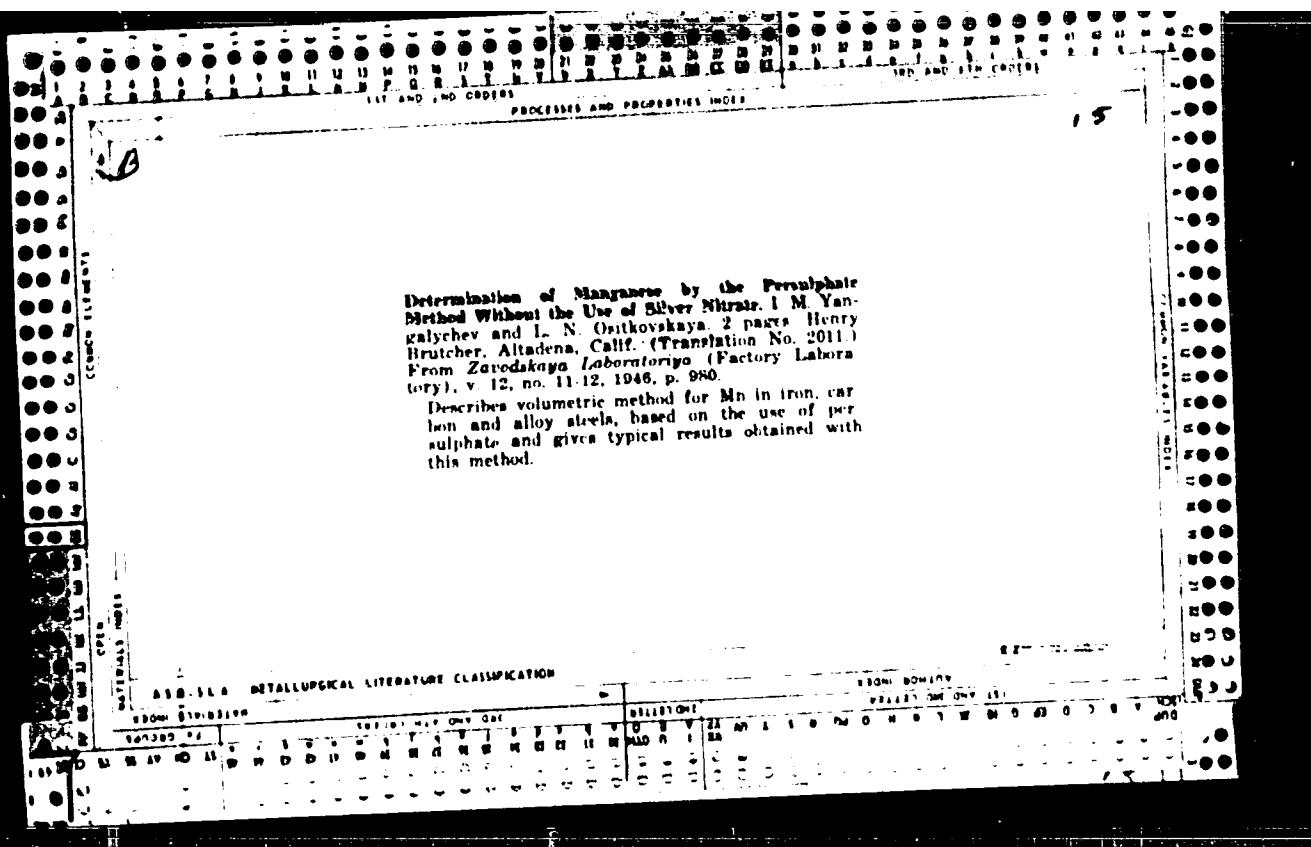
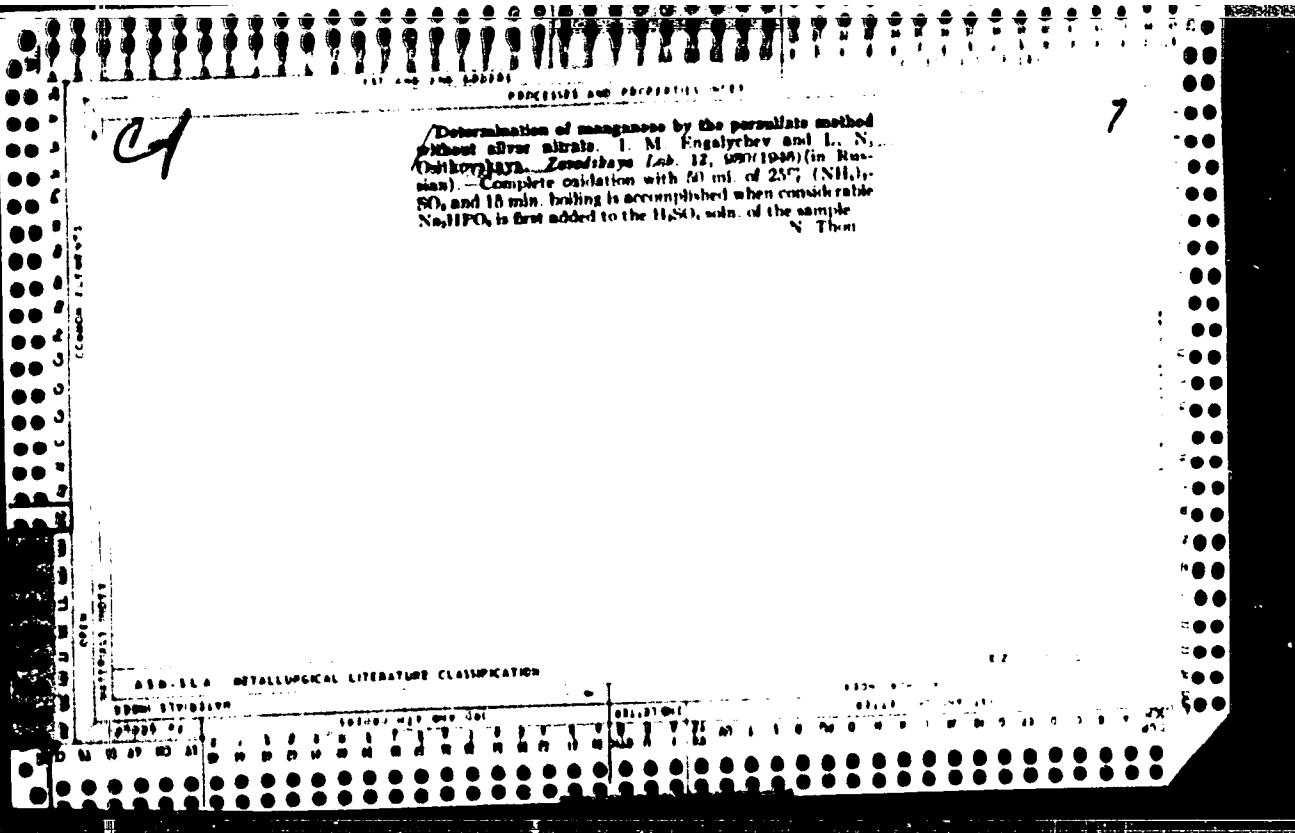


Determination of Manganese by the Persulphate Method Without the Use of Silver Nitrate. I. M. Yamalichev and L. N. Ostrovskaia. 2 pages. Henry Bratcher, Altadena, Calif. (Translation No. 2011.) From *Zarodkova Laboratoriya* (Factory Laboratory), v. 12, no. 11-12, 1966, p. 980.

Describes volumetric method for Mn in iron, iron and alloy steels, based on the use of per sulphate and gives typical results obtained with this method.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001238





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSIYEV, K.V.; USHAKOV, A.M.

Sewing machine attachment for welt cutting; Soviet Certificate of  
Inventions No.130971. Kosh.-obuv.prom. 4 no.8:42 Ag '62.

(Sewing machines--Technological innovations) (MIRA 15:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSIYUK, P.F.

DECEASED  
c1961

1961/3

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BOTANY

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

Medicine, etc.

"USSR/Medicine - Literature  
Medicine - Surgery

Set 2

"New Books on Surgery, i. l. 45"

"West Khimurgii" Vol. IXIX, No. 2

Reviews of books, among them "Penicillin... It's Use in Medicine," by S. A. Afanasyev, "Traumatic Shock," by S. I. Burayev, "Combat Trauma in the Donets Front," "The Medical Activity of the Office of General Surgeons of the USSR Cavalry Institute in the Great Patriotic War," by V. V. Vinogradov, "Penicillin. Clinical Experience and Practice in the Days of the Great Patriotic War," Penicillin (It's Use in Surgery), by N. S. Belitsky, "Penicillin in Medicine," by V. V. Vinogradov, "Medical Practice in the Great Patriotic War," by V. V. Kiryev, "V. V. Vinogradov, Application of the Antibiotic Penicillin in Medicine," and "Penicillin in Surgery," by V. V. Shchepetilnikov.

RA 504.2775

Microcrystalllographic detection of ferrous ion with 2-nitro-1,3-indandiones. M. Mackinroth, V. Chupri, and G. Vassary (Bios. Med. Inst., Leningrad, USSR). *J. Russ. Phys.-Chem. Soc.*, 19, 1171 (1887); *Zhur. Fiz. Khim.*, 19, 113-14 (1895).—2-Nitro-1,3-indandiones (I) in dry form or in cold aq. soln. (6.5%) slowly formed characteristic dark-violet hexagonal platelets by reaction with  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ . The limit of detection was 1.5  $\gamma$  per drop in diln. of 1:1000. Ag, Pb, Hg, and Cu ions slowly formed yellow ppts.;  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  formed orange ppts. Other cations either did not form ppts. or only at high cation concns. Andrew Dravnick

(2)

VORONOV, N.A.; GINZBURG, Yu.N.; TOVAPOV, V.V.; TKACH, N.T.; Prinimali  
uchastiye: OSKALENKO, G.N.; KOKOTAYEVA, V.P.; POD'YACHEVA, I.B.;  
NIKANOROVA, N.A.

The problem of raising the quality of cylindrical grinding  
bodies. Trudy Giprotsement no.24:119-144 '62. (MIRA 16:4)  
(Milling machinery)

TOVAROV, V. V.; OSKALENYC, G. N.

Study of grinding in a centrifugal rotary mill. Trudy  
Giprotsement no. 26:75-94 (MIRA 17:5)

TOVAROV, V.V.; OSKALENKO, G.N.

Study of the way particles fly out from blade rotors of centrifugal  
grinding machines. Trudy Giprotsement no.24:64-91 '62.

(Milling machinery)

(MIRA 16:4)

TOVAROV, V. V., insh.; MIKOL'SKIY, Yu.N., insh.; OSKALENKO, G.N., insh.

Dynamic balancing of rotors. Stroi. i dor. mashinostr. 5 no.8;21-  
22 Ag '60.  
(MIRA 13;8)  
(Balancing of machinery)

TOVAROV, V.V.; OSKALJNEO, G.N.

*Study of the shock absorbing quality of cyprene. Trudy  
Giprotsement no.27:145-163 '63.* (MIA 17:12)

MURIC, M.; OSKANJAN, Lj.

Pulmonary tuberculosis detected during the course of a systematic and fluorographic examination. Analysis of our cases. Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 12 no.2:231-239 '60.

1. I Gradno odeljenje Gradske bolnice, Beograd (nacelnik: prim.  
dr. M.Muric)  
(TUBERCULOSIS PULMONARY diag)

OŠKANJAN, V.

"Increase in light of the UV Ceti star. In French."

p. 19 (Bulletin. Sciences Mathématiques) Vol. 10, no. 2, 1956  
Belgrade, Yugoslavia

30: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 1,  
April 1958

SLAVINSKIY, David Mikhaylovich; OSKANYAN, Mamikon Manukovich; MATVEYEV,  
Aleksandr Aleksandrovich; IVALINTS, Konstantin Yakovlevich;  
LISHNEVSKIY, Mikhail Isaakovich; KLYBYNEVA, K.P., inzhener,  
vedushchiy redaktor; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Pressure furnaces in oil refining] Topki pod davleniem v  
neftepererabotke. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i  
gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1957. 130 p. (MLRA 10:?)  
(Furnaces) (Petroleum--Refining)

ACC NR: AP7013724

SOURCE CODE: UR/0026/66/000/012/0022/0027

AUTHOR: Oskanyan, V. S.

ORG: Byurakan Astrophysical Observatory, AN ArmSSR (Byurakanskaya  
astrofizicheskaya observatoriya AN ArmSSR)

TITLE: Flare stars -- variables of the UV Cet type

SOURCE: Priroda, no. 12, 1966, 22-27

TOPIC TAGS: star, relativistic electron, UV spectrum, emission spectrum,  
cosmic radiation energy, solar flare

SUB CODE: 03

ABSTRACT: General information is given on the theory and observation of flare stars in general, but particular emphasis is on the nature of stars of the class UV Cet. With respect to the source of the energy of these flares it is speculated that the flare occurs as a result of the sharp penetration of some quantity of hot gases into the surface layers of a star where they cool slowly. On the other hand, it can be postulated that the flares are caused by relativistic electrons whose velocity is close to the speed of light and which as a result of circular motion in the magnetic field of a star or some spot on a star radiate in the short-wave region of the spectrum. However, the author feels that the continuous

UDC: 523.84

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ACC NR: AP7013724

emission spectrum in the UV and blue parts of the spectrum indicates that the energy of the flares is released as a result of some process still unknown. The author does tend to accept the hypothesis of Academician V. A. Ambartsumyan which suggests that the stars of stellar associations were formed in such groupings from initially superdense matter (protostars). Assuming that stars of the type UV Cet are very young, that is, in the process of formation, Ambartsumyan believes that in these stars there sometimes may be transformations of the remnants of protostellar matter within the interior of the star into normal matter. This results in the release of an enormous quantity of energy in the form of radiation with a continuous UV spectrum. Orig. art. has: 5 figures. [JPRS: 40,106]

Cord 2/2

OSKAROV, F.

MILK SUPPLY

More attention to exceeding the plan for milk supply. Mol. prom. 13 no. 6 (1952)

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, September 195<sup>2</sup>/, Uncl.

SHIPITSIN, Yu.V., master; OSKAREV, V.V.

Use of propane-butane for welding. Zhel.-dor.transp. 45 no.12;81 p.  
'63. (MIRA 17:.)

1. Lokomotivnoye iepo Sverdlovsk-Sortirovochnyy (for Shipitsin).  
Instruktor po svarke lokomotivnoy sluzhby Sverdlovskoy dorogi (for  
Oskarev).

DRIBINSKIY, M.B., kand.med.nauk; OSKAREVA, T.A.

Case of successful treatment of aortic coarctation associated with patent ductus arteriosus. Khirurgia no.9:128-129 '62.

(MIRA 15:10)

1. Iz otstreleniya grudnoy khirurgii (zav. - kandidat meditsinskikh nauk M.B.Dribinskiy) Kaliningradskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - zasluzhennyi vrach RSFSR kandidat meditsinskikh, nauk V.V. Filippov).

(DUCTUS ARTERIOSUS) (AORTA—DISEASES)

12

ca

Cottonseed cake - a good feed for dairy cattle. P. G. Kardos. *Milkman* from 12 Nov 7 (1953). The use of cottonseed cake is advocated strongly for dairy cattle. The daily amt is 2.5-3 kg. per head used in mixes with other feeds. It should be stopped 2-3 weeks before calf delivery and resumed after a similar period. 2 kg. is the best amt for pregnant cows. Gossypol destruction by steaming for about 2 hrs. or letting stand 24 hrs. with 2% lime water is advised after pasteurization. G. M. Kosidarski.

OSKAROV, L.

25785. Oskarov, L. 1 kor Lyubka Kaban-Batov. Vneshnyaya Terevlyana, 1 A, no 6, L. S.

SC: Letopis' Zhurnal Stat'ey, No. 3, Moscow, 1942

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OKHARIV, O.  
25705

Obzor Rynka Kekan-Pobov. Knashnyye Torgovlye, 142, No. 1, s. 5-7

SO: LETOPIS NO. 30, 1948

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSKERA, Antonin, MUDr.

Inclusion of a dispensary method in an industrial plant.  
Cesk. zdravot. 4 no.3:164-165 Mar 56.

1. Zavodni ustav narodniho zdravi v Gottwaldove.  
(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE,  
in Czech., dispensary serv. (Cs))

OSKERKO, A. A.

USSR/Electricity - Faults, Location of      Jul 51  
Pulse Method

"Determination of the Fault Point on Electrical  
Transmission Lines With the Help of Pulse Line Me-  
ters," A. A. Oskerko, Engr

"Rabochiy Energetik" No 7, pp 16-20

The pulse meter IL-1, designed by the Cen Sci Res  
Lab, Min of Elec Power Stations, has an accuracy of  
1-2% in locating faults on transmission lines. Sev-  
enteen of these instruments are now in use in the  
high-voltage network of Mosenergo. In 1950, 18  
faults were located by means of pulse line meters.

206T50

GOMBERG, A. J.

Electric Meters

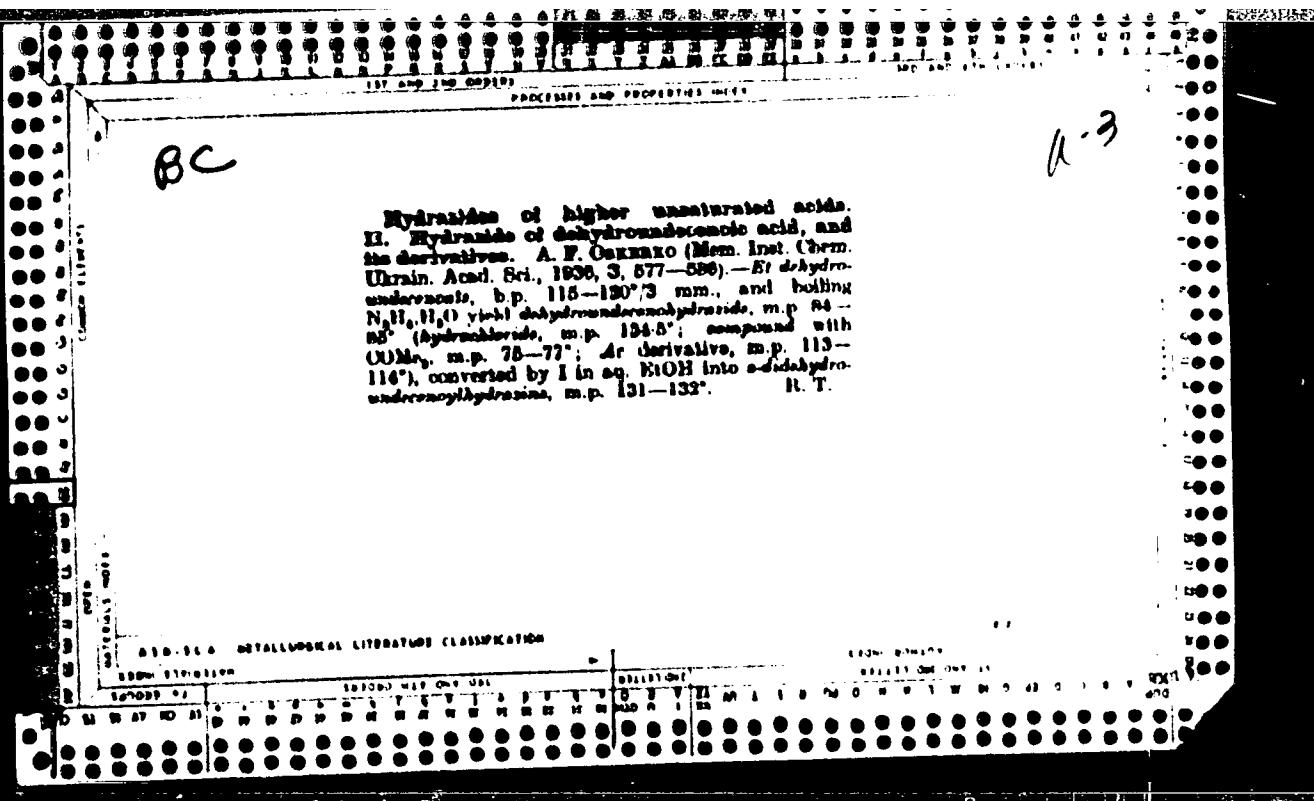
Operations of electric power companies.

Inch.  
Moskovskij Listok russkoj sotsialisticheskoy pravdy, April 1917, No. 10.

OSKERKO A. [EJ]

10

Hydrazides. A. Oskerko. *Mos. Inst. Chem. Obzor*, No. 2, no. 76 (in German) 77 (1988). The hydrazides of oleic acid (I), m. 105.0° (HCl salt, m. 110-12°), erucic acid (II), m. 77.8° (HCl salt, m. 120-1°), and erucene acid (III), m. 84.8° (HCl salt, m. 128-30°), are obtained by boiling the Mg esters of the appropriate acids with NaN<sub>3</sub> (H<sub>2</sub>O). *Aldehydes of unsaturated fatty acids*. *Ibid.* 79 (in German) 82. The amide of I, II and III, prep'd. from the above HCl salts and aq. NaNH<sub>2</sub>, or from the acid chlorides and NaN<sub>3</sub> in MeCl, are oils, readily decompd. at room temp. to yield carbamides; when boiled with HCOOH they yield resp. the amide of I, m. 42.3°, of II, m. 47.4° and of III, m. 73.4°. *Hydrazides and azides of naphthenic acids*. *Ibid.* 28 (in German) 32. The *hydrazide*, m. 28.9° (HCl salt, m. 187.9°), and *azide* IV, an oil, of dehydroronaphthoic acid V have been prep'd. by the above methods. IV decomp. at room temp. to yield the carbamide, 6.10% of V, the carbamides, 6.84.8%, of which is obtained by boiling with HCOOH. Gaseous or aq. NH<sub>3</sub> converts IV into the amide of V.



BC

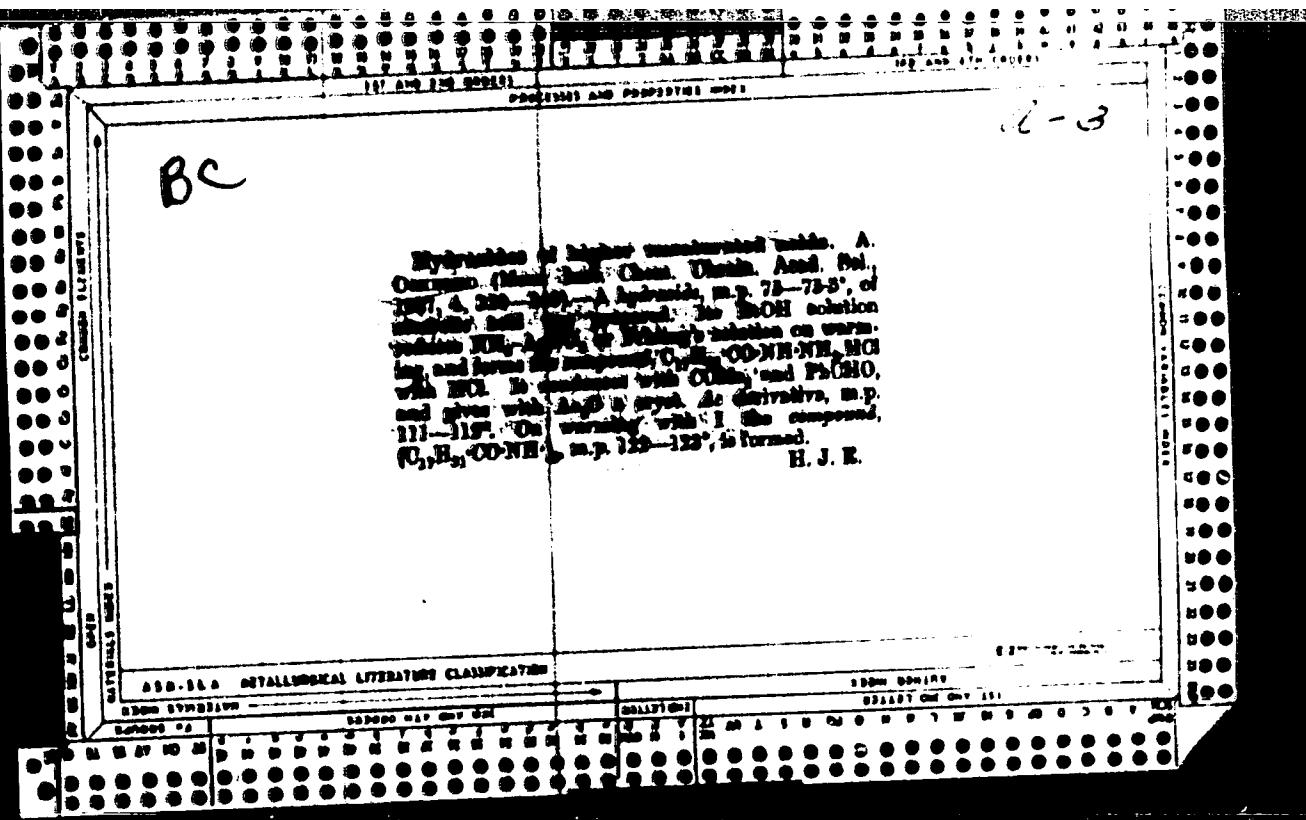
a - 3

Effect of specific groups on a reaction mechanism. A. Opanas'ko [Zh. Inst. Chern. Ukrains. Akad. Nauk., 1957, 6, 118-129]. 2-hydroxy-3-oxo- $\beta$ -tyrosolone, not tetrahydroximate, is formed from 3 $\alpha$ -tyrosine and  $N_2H_4\cdot H_2O$ . Cyclization is due to the proximity of the triple linking and the  $CO_2H$ . X. S.

**APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000** CIA-RDP86-00513R001238-

1A  
The effect of functional groups in organic compounds on  
the direction of the reaction. A. I. Becker. *Angew.  
Chem., Usen. Ausg.* No. 4, 105-202 in German  
SG 30 (1937).  $\text{MeC}_2\text{NHCOC}_2\text{CH}_3$  was obtained by the

action of  $\text{H}_2\text{NNH}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  upon  $\text{MeC}_2\text{CCO}_2\text{Et}$  in cold or  
hot concentrated sulfuric acid as well as in cold weakly acidic solns.  
Similarly, the reduction of  $\text{MeC}_2\text{CCO}_2\text{Et}$  with metals  
Na in EtOH gave ButOH and butyric acid. The addn  
of hydrazine or of H at the triple bond is due to its ac-  
tivity which it acquired on account of the presence of the  
aromatic groups. D. J. Karrick



SOV/126-6-1-28/12

AUTHORS: Kritskaya, V. K., Nodia, N. M. and Osip'yan, Yu. A.  
TITLE: On the Bonding Forces in Martensite Crystals (Z vesnus'  
o silakh svyazi v kristallakh martensita)  
PERIODICAL: Fizika Metallov i Metallovedeniye, 1958, Vol. 1, No. 1  
pp 177-181 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: It was shown in Refs. 1-4 that the introduction of carbon into  $\alpha$ -iron leads to a change in the bonding forces. In the present paper the bonding forces in the martensite crystals are investigated by measuring Young's modulus under different conditions. Young's modulus is determined by measuring the resonance frequency of elastic longitudinal vibrations of specimens in the form of rods. The modulus was calculated from the following formula

$$E = \frac{4F^2 l^2 \rho}{981 \cdot 10^5} \text{ (kg/mm}^2\text{)}$$

( $F$  = natural frequency of longitudinal vibrations,  
 $l$  = length of the rod and  $\rho$  = density). The vibrations were produced by an LIG-40 sonic generator. Experiment have shown that changes in Young's modulus of martensite

Card 1/2

On the Bonding Forces in Martensite Crystals

as the carbon content increases are in the range of 10% to 20% as the changes in the characteristic temperature. In the case of 0.1% carbon content Young's modulus increases by 20% compared with the modulus for pure iron. At higher temperatures, it decreases. The results are summarised in figures and a table. There are 5 figures, 1 table and 5 references which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut metallovedeniya i fiziki metallov TsNIIChM  
(Institute of Metallography and Physics of Metal)  
TsNIIChM

SUBMITTED: October 29, 1956.

Card 2/2

1. Martensite crystals--Bonding  
Vibration 2. Martensite crystals--Metallurgical  
3. Carbon--Metallurgical effects  
Applications

SOV. 37-52. - 948

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 4, p. 29 USSR

AUTHORS: Il'ina, V. A., Kritskaya, V. K., Kurdyumov, G. V., Osipyan, Yu. A.  
Stelleckaya, T. I.

TITLE. Study of the Dependence of the Bonding Forces on the State of  
Crystals of Metals and Solid Solutions (Izuchenie zavisimosti sli-  
svyazi ot sostoyaniya kristallov metallov i tverdykh rastvorov)

PERIODICAL. Sb. tr. In-t metalloved. i fiz. metallov Tsentr. nauch.-issled. i na-  
chernoy metallurgii. 1958, Vol 5, pp 462-484

ABSTRACT. Ref. RzhMet. 1958, Nr 5, abstract 10396

Card 1/1

24(2)

AUTHORS: Nadgornyy, E. M., Osip'yan, Yu. A., Perkas, M. D., Rzepenets, V. M.

SOV/53-67-4-3, 7

TITLE: Thread-shaped Crystals With a Strength That Is Near Theoretical Strength (Nitevidnyye kristally s prochnost'yu, blizko k teorecheskoy)

PERIODICAL: Uspokhi fizicheskikh nauk, 1959, Vol 67, Nr 4, p. 125-132  
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: The present paper gives a survey of results obtained (especially by papers published in Western periodicals) concerning the properties and the growth of the so-called "whiskers", i.e. thread-shaped crystals, which, as regards size of magnitude, are 10<sup>3</sup> times as long as thick. The strength of these crystals surpasses that of ordinary crystals of the same substance by 10 to 100 times their amount and attains values that are near those calculated on the basis of the forces of interatomic interaction. Special interest is further caused by investigations of electric resistance (especially at low temperatures), of the domain structure of the ferromagnetic crystals, as well as of photoelectric and optical quantities. The present paper presents a clear survey of what

Card 1/3

Hydranides of higher unsaturated acids. The hydranide of dehydroundecenoic acid and its derivatives. A (see also, J. Gen. Chem. (U.S.S.R.) 7, 505 (1937); J. Am. Chem. Soc. 61, 4944); and preceding abstr. The prep. and properties of dehydroundecenoyl hydranide (I) and its derivs. are described. I and most of the derivs. are new compds. I, m. 84.8°, resulted in 90% yield when 1 mol. of I, dehydroundecenylate (cf. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 61, 4944) was introduced dropwise into 1.5 mols. of boiling (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O. After refluxing the mixt. for 3-4 hrs., it was poured into cold H<sub>2</sub>O, the filter residue was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O and dil. alc. and then recrystd. from alc. I, HCl, m. 134.6° (abstr.). AgNO<sub>3</sub> in NH<sub>4</sub>OH and Fehling soln. are reduced by heating with alc. I, I with AgNO<sub>3</sub> in alc. forms a white ppt. of AgNO<sub>3</sub>AgC(C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>20</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CONHNH<sub>2</sub>, which after several hrs. is completely decompd. I evapd. with excess Me<sub>2</sub>CO gives the acetone deriv. C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>20</sub>CONHNH<sub>2</sub> Me, m. 75.7° (D.G.O.). Boiling I with 2 mols. of Ac<sub>2</sub>O for 10 min. and then evapd. to dryness resulted in the Ac deriv. C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>20</sub>CONHNHAc, m. 113.1°. I oxidized in dil. alc. with Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> in alc. gave (C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>20</sub>CONH)<sub>2</sub>Cr, m. 131.2°. Chas. Blanc

Preparation of high molecular alkene and alkyne halides  
A. F. Charkov. *Atom. Inst. Chem., Acad. Sci. Ukraine*

S.S.R. 5, 251-68 (in Russian, 200, in English, 270) (1970).  
Halogen derivs. of oleyl alk. were prep'd. by various  
methods (PCl<sub>5</sub>, PCl<sub>3</sub>, PBr<sub>3</sub>, SOCl<sub>2</sub>, HBr). The best re-  
sults were obtained by the direct action of gaseous HBr  
upon oleyl alk. at a temp. above 100°. The product is  
isolated by heating the mixt. to 145-150° to eliminate Me-  
OH and HBr and then distg. or sicc. The invstiga-  
tions are to be continued. *Full references.* B.Z.K.

OSKERKO, A.

"To the question of the reciprocal influence of functional groups in organic compounds on the direction of the reaction. Action of hydrazine-hydrate upon tetrol-ethyl-ester." Oskerko, A. (p. 333)

SO: Journal of General Chemistry (Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii) 1938, Volume 8, No. 4

Hydranides of higher unsaturated acids IV. Hydranide of stearoleic acid and its derivatives A. F. Cherkas J. Gen. Chem. (U.S.S.R.) 8, 334 9 (in English 1939-40) (1939), Mem. Inst. Chem. Acad. Sci. Ussr S. S. R. 4, 329 (1948) in Russian 339-9, in German 339-40 (1937); cf. C. A. 31, 7844 and preceding abstr. - *Ei* (stearoleic acid), b. 195-7°, and heating N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> yield stearole (unsaturated hydranide), m. 75-6.5° (HCl soln, m. 126-32° (dissociation), combined with CO/Mg, m. 104.5°. As deox., m. 111-12°, converted by Li in eq. KOH into 1 distorted hydranide, m. 122-3°. Chav. Blanc

AND 16A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION  
1949-1950

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSKERKO, A.

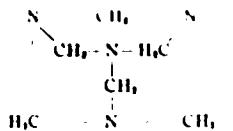
"Hydrazides of highest unsaturated acids. Communication IV." Oskerko, A. (p. 339)  
30: Journal of General Chemistry (Zhurnal Osnovnoi Khimii) 1938, Volume 8, No. 4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

*a*

STRUCTURE OF UROTRIPTIC  
A. I. Oskorbo, *Fiz. Khim.*  
1938, No. 3, 350. Refer. Zavod. No. 5, 46.  
1939. On the basis of X-ray data, the following ring  
structure for hexamethylenetetramine is more probable:



W. R. Henn

*BL**a-3*

Synthesis of azido-derivatives of acetylene hydrocarbons. Synthesis of  $\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{N}_3)_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}_3$ . A. F. Olsmann. (Biom. Inst. Chem. Ultman, Acad. Sci., 1954, 3, 415-420).—The reduction of  $\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{N}_3)_2\text{CO}_2\text{Et}$  by  $\text{Zn}$  in anhyd.  $\text{MeOH}$ ,  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ , or  $\text{Bu}_2\text{O}$  gives  $\Delta^1$ -azidoacetylene, m.p.  $>6^\circ$ , b.p.  $108-109^\circ/2$  mm. (phosphorization, m.p.  $81^\circ$ ; anal., b.p.  $114-115^\circ/4$  mm.), which adds  $\text{Br}_2$  and is converted by  $\text{AgNO}_3$  into the salt,  $\text{AgNO}_3\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{N}_3\text{OAg}$ , and by  $\text{PbO}_2$  in  $\alpha$ -dioxane- $\delta^1$ -undecane (I), b.p.  $48-59^\circ/2$  mm. Interaction of (I) and  $\text{NaN}_3$  in eq.  $\text{CO}_2\text{Na}$  yields  $\alpha$ -azido- $\Delta^1$ -undecene, a liquid, which adds  $\text{Br}_2$ , evolves with some  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  2 atoms of  $\text{N}_2$ , and is converted by  $\text{AgNO}_3$  into the compound,  $\text{AgNO}_3\text{C}_2\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_3\text{OAg}$ .

J. J. B.

A50-114 DETAILED LEVEL 2 CLASSIFICATION											
SOURCE INFORMATION				DRAFTED BY							
REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID
REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID	REF ID

L 5374-66

ACC NR: AP5024581

SOURCE CODE: UR/0292/65/000/009/0035/0036

AUTHOR: Kraytsberg, M. I. (Candidate of technical sciences); Oskerko, B. F. (Engr.);  
Suslov, O. N. (Engr.); Kaganovskiy, S. A. (Engr.)

ORG: none

TITLE: Electric-power generator with reciprocating motion

SOURCE: Elektrotehnika, no. 9, 1965, 35-36

TOPIC TAGS: electric power generator, reciprocating generator

ABSTRACT: The principle of operation of the electric-power generator with a reciprocating motion is explained. Some experimental data obtained from a 500-w laboratory model of a variable-reluctance generator are reported. These findings are offered: (1) Unlike in the conventional a-c generators, the emf and maximum output power in a variable-reluctance reciprocal generator increase up to an optimal point and then fall off with the increasing excitation current; (2) There is an optimal value of the height of the moving core which corresponds to a maximum output power; (3) The generator capacity is proportional to the fill factor of the moving core; (4) With the fill factor exceeding a certain value, the relation

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.313.12

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ACC NR: AP5024581

between the position of the moving core and the resulting flux becomes nonlinear which causes considerable ripple in the excitation current; (5) At 33 cps, the required amount of active materials is high; hence, generators designed for 75-100 cps deem desirable. Orig. art. has: 4 figures, 3 formulas, and 1 table.

SUB CODE: EE/ SUEN DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 000/ OTH REF: 000

OC

Cord 2/2

AUTHORS: Tolmach, I.M. and Cokerko, B.F., Engineers 11C-58-5-25/07

TITLE: Disadvantages of the "two-winding" Method of Starting Synchronous Motors (O nedostatkakh paska sinkronnykh elektrodvigateley pri vkluchenii odnay iz dvukh parallel'nykh vetyey)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Elektropromyshlennosti, 1958, Vol 29, Nr 5, p 80 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This note discusses a letter by Engineer Ya.I. Dodin and Professor A.Ya. Berger published in Vestnik Elektro-promyshlennosti, 1957, Nr 12, which recommended the "part-winding" method of starting synchronous motors, connecting one of two parallel winding paths before the other. Several objections are raised to this procedure. Investigations made by the works in 1954-1955 showed that there were a number of accidents to motors started in this way, including mine-winding equipment, although the windings were secured in just the same way as for direct-on-line starting. The trouble is not, as Berger thinks, due to weak fixing of the end-windings, but is a characteristic feature of the method of starting, which the Khar'kov Electromechanical Works no longer uses

ASSOCIATION. KhEMZ

Card 1/1

USCOMM-DC-60586

TOLVACH, I.M., inzh.; OSKERIKO, B.P., inzh.

Shortcomings in the starting of synchronous motors during the connection of one of the two parallel branches. Vest. elektroprog.  
29 no. 5:80 My '58. (MIRA 11:7)

1. Khar'kovskiy elektronekhanicheskiy zavod.  
(Electric motors, Synchronous)

..,068/60/000/001/003/006  
E071/E433

AUTHORS: Oshurkova, L.S., Kulakov, A.V. and Mykol'nikov, I.A.

TITLE: Production of High-Grade Heavy Pyridine Bases

PERIODICAL: Koks i khimiya, 1960, No.1, pp.42-43

TEXT: The development of the process of extraction of heavy pyridine bases from creosote and naphthalene oils on the Kuznetsk Works is outlined. The extraction of bases is done with a 20% sulphuric acid. It was found that the maximum amount of bases is extracted and the process is not accompanied by the formation of acid tar if the coefficient of excess of acid during the washing of the creosote fraction is 1.1 and on washing of naphthalene oil 1.7 to 1.8. Under these conditions, the content of free acids in the pyridine sulphate decreased from 6 to 2.8%. In order to produce pyridine bases conforming to GOST7922-56 (GOST 7922-56) (Grade A) a two stage method of decomposition was adopted:  
a) preliminary decomposition consuming 30 to 40% of alkali, in which the removal of impurities naphthalene and oil takes place and b) final decomposition - yielding high quality pyridine bases.  
A careful settling of pyridine bases of the first decomposition stage before their separation from the purified sulphate and the

Card 1/2

OSIECIMSKI, Roman, mgr inz.

Characteristics of the eroding phenomena in the Swinemuende-Stettin  
fairway. Tech gosp morska 10 no.9:278-281 S '60. (EEAI 10:3)  
(Poland--Harbors)

**OSKIERKA, I.**

POLAND/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons,

M-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10778

Author : Malinowski, E., Bankowska, H., Oskierka, I.

Inst :

Title : Experiments with Potato Grafting. III. Grafting  
Solanum Rybinii on Tomato.

Orig Pub : Acta Agrobot., 1956 (1957), 5, 33-42

Abstract : An attempt was made through grafting to induce blossoming in varieties which ordinarily blossom only slightly or not at all. The cultivated tomato and the wild variant *Lycopersicon esculentum* (L.e.) were grafted in the following way: 1) on the tomato rootstock without any auxiliary shoots, 2) with one or two young auxiliary shoots, 3) with several blossoming auxiliary shoots. The greatest number of blossoms appeared both on the tomato and on L.e. in the first variant. With self-pollination one berry appeared only in the first variant.

Card 1/2

POLAND/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

**APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000**

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10778

M-3 CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

In order to study the formation of air tubers and stolons, tuber shoots of potato were grafted onto the main stem of a Golden Jubilee tomato from which all auxiliary shoots had been removed. The tomato stem was cut off above the second leaf, and the potato shoot was attached there, using a forked graft. Part of the plants received supplementary P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> fertilization (variant No 4), and part were grown under conditions of a ten-hour day (variant No 5). The plants in variant No 5 hardly formed any blossoms, but air tubers did form on their stems. The greatest amount of blossoming occurred in the No 4 variant, the stalks seeming to form new, independent plants, upon whose base there appeared a large number of air stolons. The new shoots had large, dark-colored leaves, and tubers appeared on some of the stolons.

Card 2/2

*Oskierka, I.*

POLAND/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

M-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10779

Author : Malinowski E., Bankowska H., Oskierka I.

Inst :

Title : Experiments with Potato Grafting. IV. Grafting  
Solanum commersonii on Tomato.

Orig Pub : Acta. agrobot, 1956, (1957), 5, 43-54

Abstract : Solanum commersonii (S.C.) blossoms profusely but has no fruit; when grafted onto tomato, it gives normal fruit and seed even after self-pollination. The largest number of racemes and blossoms came from variant No 1 (cf. Part III); the plants of the third variant blossomed much worse than the control. The largest number of air tubers and stolons formed on the first variant also. Seedlings were grown from seed of fruit grown in the first variant, and then these seedlings were grafted onto Lycopersicum esculentum. Stolons formed on the graft seedlings much

Card 1/2

2

OSKIERKA, I.

POLAND/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

M-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10780

Author : Malinowski, E., Bankowska, H., Oskierka, I.

Inst :

Title : Experiments with Potato Grafting. V. Solanum polyadenium  
Air Stolons.

Orig Pub : Acta. agrobot, 1956 (1957), 5, 55-61

Abstract : Solanum polyadenium was grafted onto Golden Jubilee tomato with the aim of getting fruit from the self-pollinating S. polyadenium blossoms. When grafted with two young shoots the graft's flowering increased markedly, and fruit was produced by the self-pollination. When two old shoots were left on the rootstocks, no fruit grew on the graft; an average of 40 blossoms formed on each plant (126 in the first case). The seedlings from the self-pollination were grafted onto Lycopersicon esculentum. The variants from the graftings were as before (see parts 3

Card 1/3

3

POLAND/Cultivated Plants - Potatoes, Vegetables, Melons.

M-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., № 3, 1958, 10780

lateral shoots. The stolons become progressively shorter in proportion to their distance from the place of graft. No stolon formation was noted on the riceones.

Card 3/3

OS'KIN, A. I.

Grain - Krasnodar Territory

Overall mechanization of work in handling grain on collective farms of Krasnodar Territory. Dost. sel'khoz., no. 8, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November <sup>4</sup><sup>2</sup> 1952, Uncl.

OS'KIN, A. T.

Os'kin, A. T.

"An experiment in high-production use of trailer train harvesting combines." Moscow Order of Lenin Agricultural Academy imeni K. A. Timiryazev. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Agricultural Sciences.)

Knizhnaya Letopis'  
No. 2<sup>e</sup>, 1956. Moscow.

OS'KIN, Aleksandr Ivanovich; BUDKO, Aleksey Ivanovich; KORYLYAKOV, L.M.,  
redaktor; SOXOLOVA, N.N., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Over-all mechanization of harvesting in the Kuban] Kompleksnaya  
mekhanizatsiya uborki na Kubani. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo selkhoz. lit-ry,  
1956. 157 p.  
(Kuban--Harvesting machinery)

OS'KIN, Aleksandr Ivanovich; KRYUKOV, V.L., red.; CHICHEVA, L.I., red.; TRUKHINA, O.N., tekhn. red.

[Over-all mechanization of rice cultivation] Kompleksnaia me-khanizatsiia vozdelivaniia risa. Moskva, Izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry, zhurnalov i plakatov, 1961. 111 p. (MIRA 14:11)  
(Rice) (Farm mechanization)

OS'KIN, A.I.; BUDKO, A.I.

Technology and overall mechanization in cultivating and harvesting  
corn. Mekh.i elek.sots.sel'khoz. 20 no.4:1-6 '62. (MIA 15:8,

1. Kubanskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ispytaniy traktorov  
i sel'skokhozyaystvennykh mashin.  
(Corn (Maize))

SPKIN, Aleksandr Vasil'evich

[Czyn przeprowadzony przez ekipę A.V. Pervitcza; rozmówce-  
nia o zwiększeniu mechanizacji uprawy kukurydzy w rejonie  
V.IA. Pervitcza; rekomendacje dla rolników dotyczące  
tejże zasad uprawy kukurydzy bez udziału ludzkiej pracy.  
Moskwa. Biuro Tekchn. Informacji i Wystawy, 1961. s. 1-10]

OS'KIN, A.I.; KRYUKOV, V.L., red.

[Technology of corn harvesting with the remodeled SK-3  
and SK-4 combines, its postharvest processing and storage]  
Tekhnologija uborki kukuruzy pereoborudovannymi kompa-  
nami SK-3 i SK-4, ee posleuborochnaja obrabotka i khranenie  
zerna. Moskva, Biuro tekhn. informatsii i reklamy, 1963. 47 p.  
(MIRA 17:5)

ALEKHIN, N.V., dots., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; GEORGIYEVSKIY, I.S.,  
dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; KUDRYAVTSEV, M.Ye., dots.,  
kand. sel'khoz. nauk; OS'KIN, A.I., dots., kand. sel'-  
khoz. nauk; PRONIN, A.F., dots., kand. sel'khoz. nauk;  
SACHLI, S.N., dots., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; DMITRIYEV,  
I.I., red.; TRUKHINA, O.N., tekhn. red.

[Manual on the adjustment of agricultural machines]  
Spravochnik po regulirovke sel'skokhoziaistvennykh ma-  
shin. [By] N.V.Alekhin i dr. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Mo-  
skva, Sel'khozizdat, 1963. 686 p. (MIRA 17:1)

John T. Mulligan - Cal. Inv. No. 11-1007 - Granite.

*See also*: Ref. [1] in which the Re 2, 10, 30, 100

The following "Two-Thirds" are the "Grains"

## THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LIBRARIES

SEARCHED : H-2051-C

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001238-

GFMMERLING, A.V., doktor tekhn.nauk; OS'KIN, B.I., inzh.

Calculation of prestressed beams under elastoplastic conditions.  
Trudy TSNIISK no.7:97-124 '61. (MIRA 15:3)  
(Beams and girders)

SEMENOV, Mikhail Nikolayevich; OS'KIN, G.I., kand. ist. nauk, red.;  
MUKHINA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Be alert] Bud'te bditel'ny. Moskva, Izd-vo DOSAAF, 1962. 93 p.  
(MIRA 16:2)  
(Espionage)

TECHAGY, FLY, IZAKOV, HIK, KAYEVI, LIP, LINDEN, LUKIN, M.,  
MIRKOVICH, N., PAVLOV, V., RABINOVICH, V., SAKHAROV, V.,  
SCHERBINA, V., TIKHONOV, V., VASIL'EV, V., VEDENOV, V.,  
VOLKOV, V., VORONOV, V., ZHURAVLEV, V., ZUBOV, V.

Severely reduced range of predilection ( $\approx$  10% of total).

OS'KIN, G.N.

Prepare new technical conditions for the pipelines constructed  
in Siberia and the Far East. Stroi. truboprov. 9 no.8:38-39  
Ag '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Stroitel'no-montazhnoye upravleniye No.1 tresta  
Omsknefteprovodstroy, Okha-na-Sakhaline.

OS'KIN, I.M.

Design of the standard Z ruler. Geofiz. prib. no.10:108-115  
'61. (MIRA 15:8)  
(Slide rule)  
(Magnetic prospecting—Equipment and supplies)

AL'TGAUZEN, M.N.; GINZBURG, I.I.; DUBOVSKAYA, M.V.; YERSHOV, A.D.;  
MLKOV, V.G.; OS'KIN, N.I.; ROZHKOVA, Ye.V.; STRAKHOV, N.M.;  
KHRUSHCHOV, N.A.; SHMANECHKOV, I.V.; SHCHERBAKOV, D.I.;  
YANSHIN, A.L.; AMIRASLANOV, A.A.; GOTMAN, Ya.D.; ZUBREV, I.N.;  
KOROVYAKOV, I.A.; ORLOVA, P.V.; PASOVA, F.G.; SAAKYAN, P.S.;  
TERENT'YEVA, K.F.; SHANOBSKIY, L.M.; CHERNOSVITOVS, Yu.L.;  
SHCHERBINA, V.V.

IUrii Konstantinovich Goretskii; obituary. Sov.geol. 4 no.12:  
153-155 D '61. (MIRA 15:2)  
(Goretskii, Iuri Konstantinovich, 1912-1961)

OS'KIN, P.

Agricultural production costs. Fin.SSSR. 20 no.11:12-21  
N '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Saratovskim oblastnotdelom,  
(Saratov Province--Collective farms--Costs)

OS'KIN, F.

For improving the standard of economics. Fin. SSSR 20 no. 7:18-22  
Jl '59.

(MIRA 12:11)

1.Zaveduyushchiy Saratovskim obfinotdelom.  
(Saratov Province--Finance)

OS'KIN, P.

Close to production. Fin.SSSR 22 no.6:41-46 Je '61.  
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Saratovskim obfinotdelom.  
(Saratov Province---Finance) (Auditing)

1. OS'KIN, P.A.
2. USSR (600)
4. Agriculture
7. Complex mechanization of grain-cleaning. Krasnodar, Kraevoe izd:tel'stvo, 1952
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March, 1953. Unclassified.

OS'KIN, P. T.

Viticulture

We obtain each year abundant yields of grapes. Vin. SSSR 12 No. 7 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 195<sup>2</sup>, Uncl.

OS'KIN, V.I.

"Penalty and Encouragement, as Essential Means of Military Education."  
(Vzyskaniya i pooshchreniya vazhnye Sredstva Voinskogo Vospitaniya.)  
M. Voyenizdat 1955. 48 str.

OS'KIN, Valentin Il'ich, polkovnik; SHARPILO, P.N., red.; MYASNIKOVA, T.F.,  
tekhn. red.

[Disciplinary practice in the Soviet Armed Forces] Distsiplinarnoia praktika v Sovetskikh Vooruzhennykh Silakh. Moskva, Voen.izd-vo M-va oborony SSSR, 1961. 78 p.  
(Military discipline)

MAVRISHCHEV, V.S., kand. ekon. nauk; VIGULIN, F.P., kand. ekon. nauk; STROKOVA, V.I., kand. ekon. nauk; VYBOZHCHIKOV, V.I., kand. ekon. nauk; LOFATIN, N.V., kand. ekon. nauk; SOSTIN, L.M., kand. ekon. nauk; ZYATIKOV, Ya.M., kand. ekon. nauk; LYSOV, N.Ye., kand. ekon. nauk; MIVIL'SKAYA, K.I., kand. ekon. nauk; TRUBILKOV, N.F., kand. ekon. nauk; OS'KIN, V.Ya., kand. ekon. nauk

'Chemicalization of industrial production in White Russia'  
Khimizatsiya promyshlennogo proizvodstva Belorussi. Minsk,  
Nauka i tekhnika, 1976. 1st p.

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1. T. I. -

2. T. I. -

3. T. I. -

4. T. I. -

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OS'KINA, M., nauchnyy sotrudnik.

Teacher and friend of Soviet youth. Prof.-tekhn.oibr. 12  
no.11:3-5 N '55. (MLRA 9:2)

1. Muzei M.I.Kalinina.  
(Kalinin, Mihail Ivanovich, 1875-1946)

BAJCIUNAS, Jonas; DOVYDAITIS, Vytautas; OSKINIS, Bronius; VILPISAU SKAS, V.,  
red.; PROSKIETYTE, D., red.; PAKERYTE, O., tekhn. red.

[Following the clouds] Debesu keliais. Vilnius, Valstybine  
politines ir mokslines literaturos leidykla, 1961. 190 p.  
(MIRA 15:3)  
(Lithuania--Gliding and soaring)

OSKO, I . 1949

"Survey of Strains in Szegvar."

Orvosok Lapja, Budapest, 1948 4/1C(114-145)  
Fbst: Exc. Med. III, Vol. III, No. 1, p. 11

CA

## PROPERTIES AND PREPARATION

10

A new dinitro, hexamethyl acid and some derivatives. MANNI R. ORSICKA. *Acta Lit. Sci. Univ. Hung. Francisco-Josephinae, Sect. Chem., Mineral. Phys.* 2, 165 (1930). German 192, 5 (1932). Anisohydroxylic acid, 2,4,5-(MeO)<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>COC(=O)H (I), needles, m. 187°, prep'd. from 1,3,4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(OMe)<sub>3</sub> and (COCl)<sub>2</sub> in abs. benzene, is sol. in alc., acetone, benzene, glacial AcOH and alkalies. The chloride of I changes in the air to I, acetone, benzene, glacial AcOH and alkalies. The chloride of I changes in the air to I, its bluish yellow crystals m. 128°. The amide of I, from the chloride and dry NH<sub>3</sub>, is greenish yellow, m. 212°, sol. in alc., acetone, insol. in benzene, light green, amide, from the chloride with PhNH<sub>2</sub>, in benzene, yellow, m. 182°, sol. in alc., CHCl<sub>3</sub>, & toluene, m. 181°, sol. in alc., acetone and glacial AcOH. The ester of I, from I and MeOH with concd. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, m. 137°, sol. in alc., benzene, glacial AcOH, CHCl<sub>3</sub> and ether. Et ester, m. 102°, sol. in alc., glacial AcOH, benzene and CHCl<sub>3</sub>. Iso-Am ester, m. 65°, has the same solubilities as the Et ester. 2,4,6,2',4',6'-Hexamethoxybenzo-phenone, formed by mixing cooled solns. of 1,3,4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(OMe)<sub>3</sub> and (COCl)<sub>2</sub>, treating with powd. AlCl<sub>3</sub> and distg. off the solvent, light yellow, m. 232°, sol. in CHCl<sub>3</sub>. 2,4,6,2',4',6'-Hexamethoxybenzo-phenone, formed as a secondary product in the former reaction, yellow tablets, m. 147°, sol. in alc., acetone, benzene, CHCl<sub>3</sub> and glacial AcOH. Anisohydroxyhydroquinone tri-Me ether (2,4,6,4'-tetramethoxybenzophenone), prep'd. by mixing cooled solns. of 1,3,4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(OMe)<sub>3</sub> and anisyl chloride and treating as above, yellow, m. 123.5°, sol. as above. 2-Chloro-2,4,5-trimethoxyacetophenone (II), prep'd. by mixing cooled solns. of 1,3,4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(OMe)<sub>3</sub> and CICH<sub>2</sub>COC(=O)Cl and treating as above, is an oil of unpleasant odor and light yellow color. The formulas and analyses of the compds. are given. Results of microanalyses proved the formulas, excepting for II where the oil could not be obtained free from C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(OMe)<sub>3</sub>.

S. S. OR FINLAY

## ABD-514 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

OSKOLKOV, A.I.; USIKOV, I.K.

Semiautomatic machine for burnishing holes. Mashinostroitel'  
no.5:14 My '63.  
(MIRA 16:7)

(Machine tools)

PALITSYN, Vladimir Andreyevich, inzh.; SPEKTOR, Moisey Isaakovich, inzh.;  
OSKOLKOV, Aleksey Ivanovich, inzh.; SAMOKHOTSKIY, A.I., inzh.,  
ved. red.; TRUSOV, L.P., kand. tekhn.nauk, red.; SOROKINA, T.M.,  
tekhn. red.

[High-temperature double-chamber electric furnace for heating  
stamping billets] Vysokotemperaturnaya dvukhkanernaia elektri-  
cheskaya pech' dlia nagрева zagotovok pod shtampovku. Moskva,  
Filial Vses. in-ta nauchn. i tekhn. informatsii, 1958. 11 p.  
(Perevodoi nauchno-tehnicheskii i proizvodstvennyi optyt. Tema 5.  
No.M-58-206/12)

(Electric furnaces)

(MIRA 16:3)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSKOL'KOV, A.I.; SHAT'YALOV, B.G.

Burnishing instead of polishing. Mashinostroyeniye, no.8, 3c, Apr. 1962.  
(MIRA 1/1962)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSKOLKOV, A.P.

Differential properties of bounded generalized solutions to  
quasi-linear systems of the variational type. Vest.IGU 18  
no.7:9-29 '63. (MIRA 16:4)

(Differential equations, Linear)

25491  
S/043/61/000/002/001/009  
D207/D306

16.3540

AUTHOR: Oskolkov, A.P.

TITLE: On solving boundary problems for linear elliptic equations in the unbounded domain

PERIODICAL: Leningrad. Universitet, Vestnik. Seriya matematiki, mehaniki i astronomii, no. 2, 1961, 38 - 50

TEXT: A class of linear elliptic partial differential equations, whose solutions' behavior near infinity is analytic, is considered here. Let  $\Omega_1$  be a bounded region of the n-dimensional Euclidean

space  $R^n$ ,  $n > 3$ , with the boundary S belonging to a class  $L_2(1, \alpha)$ ,  $0 < \alpha < 1$ , and let the functional spaces be given by  $C^{(m,\alpha)}(\bar{\Omega}_1)$ ,  $m > 0 \dots (A)$ . Then, the function  $u(x)$  is in (A) if its first m derivatives are continuous over the closed region  $\bar{\Omega}_1 = \Omega_1 + S$  and the m-th derivatives are continuous in the Hölder sense in  $\alpha^{\text{th}} \bar{\Omega}_1$ .

Card 1/4

25491

On solving boundary ...

S/043/61/000/002/001/009  
D207/D306

The norm in A is given by

$$\|u\|_{C^{(m,\alpha)}(\bar{\Omega}_I)} = \sum_{k=0}^m \max_{\substack{x \in \bar{\Omega}_I \\ D^k}} |D^k u(x)| + \sup_{\substack{x, x' \in \bar{\Omega}_I \\ D^m}} \frac{|D^m u(x) - D^m u(x')|}{|x - x'|^\alpha}, \quad (1)$$

where  $D^k$ ,  $k = 0, \dots, m$  denotes all possible derivatives of order  $k$  and in this case (A) becomes a Banach space. Banach spaces  $C^{(m,\alpha)}(S)$  of the functions defined on the boundary  $S$  are defined in a similar manner. The author considers in a present paper the Dirichlet's problem for a general linear elliptic equation of 2nd order,

$$Lu = a_{ij}(x) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + a_i(x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} + a(x)u = f(x) \text{ in } \Omega_I, \quad (2)$$

$$u|_S = \varphi \quad (3)$$

assuming that

Card 2/4

25491  
S/043/61/000/002/001/009  
D207/D306

On solving boundary ...

$$0 < \lambda_1 |\xi|^2 \leq a_{ij}(x) \xi_i \xi_j \leq \lambda_2 |\xi|^2, \quad |\xi|^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n |\xi_i|^2, \quad (4)$$

$$\|a_{ij}\|_{C^{0,\alpha}(\bar{\Omega})}, \quad \|a_i\|_{C^{0,\alpha}(\bar{\Omega})}, \quad \|a\|_{C^{0,\alpha}(\bar{\Omega})} \leq M < \infty, \quad (5)$$

$$\|f\|_{C^{0,\alpha}(\bar{\Omega})} < \infty, \quad (6)$$

$$\|\varphi\|_{C^{2,\alpha}(\Omega)} < \infty. \quad (7)$$

Schauder's theorem is stated than and proved for the unbounded domain. Solutions of Schauder's type in both bounded and unbounded regions are of two kinds: a) Within the region  $\Omega_e$  which take into account the behavior of the function at infinity, but disregard its behavior near the boundary, and b) Those which include the behavior of the function near the boundary, its values on the boundary  $S$  of  $\Omega_e$ . In the latter case the solution for the closed domain consists of the terms valid near the boundary of those valid within the region, and in case of unbounded region this reduces to the

Card 3/4

On solving boundary ...

25491

S/043/61/000/002/001/009

D207/D306

terms valid within the region. It is the last type of solution that is considered in detail by the author. Eight theorems are stated, by which the existence theorem for the solution of the boundary problem with a normal partial in the unbounded region  $\Omega_e$  can be proved by the method of continuation along the parameter. There are 12 references: 6 Soviet-bloc and 6 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language publications read as follows: A. Douglis, L. Nirenberg, Interior estimates for elliptic systems of partial differential equations. Comm. pure appl. math., VIII, No. 4 1955; D. Gilbarg, J. Serrin, On isolated singularities of solutions of second order elliptic differential equations, J. analyse math., 4, 309-340, 1955-1956; R. Finn, D. Gilbarg, Three dimensional subsonic flows and asymptotic estimates for elliptical partial differential equations, Acta. math. 98, no. 2-4, 1957; L. Bers, Local behavior of solutions of general linear elliptic equations, Comm. pure appl. math. VIII, no. 4, 1955.

Card 4/4

OSKOLKOV, A.P.

Solution of boundary value problems for linear elliptic  
equations in an infinite region. Dokl. AN SSSR 153 no.1:  
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TITLE: A class of solutions of boundary-value problems for linear elliptical equations  
with three independent variables in an unbounded domainSOURCE: Leningrad. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriya matematiki, mekhaniki i astronomii,  
no. 1, 1964, 150-156TOPIC TAGS: boundary value problem, elliptical equation, linear elliptical equation,  
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ABSTRACT: The author considers the linear, uniformly elliptical equation:

$$Lu = a_{ij}(x) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + a_i(x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} + a(x) u = f(x), \quad x = (x_1, x_2, x_3), \quad (1)$$

with:

$$\lambda_1 \sum_{i=1}^3 b_{ij}^2 \leq a_{ij}(x) b_{ij} \leq \lambda_2 \sum_{i=1}^3 b_{ij}^2, \quad \lambda_1 > 0. \quad (2)$$

Card - 1/3

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in a three-dimensional region lying outside a Lyapunov region  $S$  of class  $L_2(1, a)$ ,  $0 < a < 1$ , and including the point at infinity. The coefficients of (1) are regular at infinity. Let  $\delta(t)$  be a Dini function, i.e., a function which satisfies the Dini condition:

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\delta(t)}{t} dt < \infty; \quad (3)$$

In the neighborhood of infinity. The right hand side of (1) should satisfy the inequality  $|f(x)| \leq |x|^{-2} g(|x|)$ . The Dirichlet problem for (1) and (2), with zero boundary conditions at infinity, is given by:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Lu = f(x) = 0, \quad f(x) \in C_{\Delta, 0}^{1, \alpha}(S, \bar{D}_0), \\ u|_S = \varphi(x), \quad \varphi(x) \in C^{1, \alpha}(S), \\ u(x) \rightarrow 0, \quad |x| \rightarrow \infty. \end{array} \right\} \quad (4)$$

and is then solved. The principal aim of this paper is to prove two theorems on the solvability of the boundary-value problem given by (4).

Card 2/3

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The equation:

$$\Delta u + \frac{l-2}{3} \frac{1}{x_i} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} = -\frac{u(r)}{r^2}, \quad 1 < l < 2, \quad (5)$$

is also considered, outside the sphere  $|x| = r \geq R > 0$ , and its solution is obtained as:

$$u(r) = \frac{1}{1-l} \left[ J_l(r) + r^{l-1} \int_r^\infty \frac{u(s)}{s^{l-1}} ds \right]. \quad (6)$$

Some other boundary-value problems are also solved. It is pointed out that all the results obtained can be carried over to cases where the number of independent variables is greater than three; the case of  $n = 3$  was treated here merely for simplicity of exposition. Orig. art. has: 39 equations.

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3/3

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AUTHOR: Oskolkov, I.

TITLE: Repairing Generators at the Electric Stations of Transportable Movie  
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ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry

Card 1/1

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