

SHESTOV, A.P.; OSIPOVA, N.A.

Investigation of the sulfonation process of aromatic compounds.urg.
poluprod. i kras. no.2:13-45 '61. (MIRA 14:11)
(Aromatic compounds) (Sulfonation)

SHESTOV, A.P.; OSIPOVA, N.A.

Sulfonacids of sulfones as a side product in processes of sulfonation.
Part 3: The behavior of diphenolsulfone and its acids under action
of sulfuric acid. Zhur. ob. khim. 26 no.10:2866-2872 O '56.
(MIRA 11:3)

1. Gosudarstvennyy Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut organicheskikh
poluproduktov i krasiteley.
(Sulfone) (Sulfonation)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

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as I Pev A. N. A.

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I & phenols of sulphones as by-products in sulphonation.
II. Behaviour of disulpho-acid of diphenyl sulphone during alkaline fusion of benzene-m-disulphonic acid. A. P. Shostov and N. A. Orlinova (Zh. org. khim., 1959, 26, 2005-2009). Almost complete conversion could be attained (yield of resorcinol 98.0-99%) by the method adopted. Attempts were made to exclude side reactions by (a) use of pure sulphonic acid (obtained from the sulphonyl chloride), (b) use of an apparatus containing a nickel cartridge inserted in a quartz tube housed in an electric furnace, with means for maintaining an atm. of N_2 in the tube. Resorcinol in the melt was determined by nitration and by direct separation. In the case of alkaline fusion of diphenylsulphone 3 : 3'-disulphonic acid/phenol was identified by bromination. A. I. B.

OSIPOV A, N.A.

✓ Sulfonic acids of sulfones as by-products of sulfonation processes. III. Behavior of diphenyl sulfone and its sulfonic acids during action of sulfuric acids. A. P. Shestov and N. A. Osipova (State Inst. Org. Intermed. and Dyes, Moscow), *Zhur. Obshch. Khim.*, 26, 2803-72 (1956); cf. C.A., 51, 4890n. Ph_2SO_2 heated with 20-63% oleum to about 100° yields 3,3'-disulfonic acid (I); chloride, m. 180.5-1° (from CHCl_3); aside, m. 248.8-60.1°. If the amount of SO_3 is insufficient, the product is the monosulfonic acid. Reaction of Ph_2SO_2 with 95-98% H_2SO_4 results in 8 hrs. at 230° in cleavage to PhSO_2H along with formation of some I. Sulfonation of Ph_2SO_2 greatly reduces the hydrolyzability of the substance by eq. H_2SO_4 ; under these conditions the monosulfonic acid is 30% cleaved and I is unaffected.

G.M. Kosolapoff

OS: Pova N.A.

Sulfonic acids of sulfones as by-products in processes of sulfonation. II. Behavior of diphenyl sulfone-disulfonic acid under conditions of alkaline fusion of m-benzenedisulfonic acid. A. P. Shestopal and N. A. Osipova (K. K. Vozneshenskii Sel. Nauk. Inst. Org. Tverd. Tela i Sverkhv. Difr. Moscow). Zhur. Obshchel Khim. 26, 2086-9 (1956); cf. C.A. 50, 16691; -- *m*-C₆H₄(SO₂Cl)₂ treated with NaOH gave the corresponding di-Na disulfonate, which (1 g.) fused with 3 g. NaOH under N 3 hrs. at 320° gave, on the basis of analysis by titration, 99.01% resorcinol. (m-NaOSC₆H₄SO₂) was prep'd from the corresponding disulfone/1-chloride and fused as above with excess NaOH, yielding 1 mole resorcinol/mole of the disulfone, the remainder being condensed to higher phenolic bodies of tarry nature, a small amt. of PhOH also being formed. Fusion of mixts. of the 2 sulfonates gave the same results as did individual fusions; 1 mole of the starting material yielding nearly 1 mole of resorcinol. The fusions were run in quartz ampuls, flushed with N, and closed with an Hg seal. G. M. Kosolapoff

SHESTOV, A.P.; OSIPOVA, N.A.

Sulfone sulfo acids as by-products in sulfonation. Part 2. Behavior
of disulfo acids of diphenylsulfone in the alkaline fusion of m-
-benzenedisulfonic acid. Zhur. ob. khim. 26 no.7:2005-2009 Jl '56.
(MLRA 9:10)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut organicheskikh poluproduktov
i krasitely imeni K.Ye. Voroshilova.
(Sulfonic acids)

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RIDNYY, A.A.; OSIPOVA, N.A.; ANDRIYENKO, K.A.

Introduction of the KO oil-free binder. Lit. proizv. no.2:
43-44 F '65. (MIRA 18:6)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

BARYSHEVSKIY, L.M.; DOROSHENKO, N.I.; DRUYAN, R.I.; OSIPOVA, N.A.; SAPELKIN, A.I.

Using the KO oilless binder for preparing core mixes. Biul.tehn.-ekon.
inform.Gos.nauch.-issl.inst.nauch.i tekhn.inform. 18 no.5:39-42 My '65.
(MIRA 18:6)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

RECORDED IN THE NAME OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND IS IDENTIFIED AS
OF POTATO BEAN AND THE DATE OF REC'D. IS 21 JUN 1986.
THE STARTING MATERIAL FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE STAIN IS A BROWN
SUBSTANCE WHICH WAS RECEIVED FROM THE OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.
IT IS IDENTIFIED AS A POLYMER OF POTATO BEAN. IT IS UNKNOWN WHETHER
THIS POLYMER IS A POLYMER OF POTATO BEAN.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

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REF ID: A61100
U.S. AIR FORCE, APPROVAL FORM, NO. 4, 1947
(1-37)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSIPOVA, N.N.; USOVA, M.K.

Changes in vascular reactions during acupuncture in
practically healthy people. Sbor trud. GMI no.9.115-L3
(MIRA 17:1)

1. Dotsentskiy kurs igleukalyvaniya, kafedra klinicheskoy
i eksperimental'noy fiziologii (zav. kafedroy Ye.F. Polozhayev)
TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. -
M.D. Kovrigina).

OSIPOVA, N. N., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Use of Low-Frequency
Impulse Currents in Combination with ^{Electrotherapy} Pangotherapy, General Hydro-
gen Sulfide Baths and Exercise Therapy in the Treatment of Pa-
tients with Primary Infectious Polyradiculoneuritis." Mos, 1977.
114 pp (Min of Health USSR, Central Inst for the Advanced Training
of Physicians), 200 copies (KL, 48-57, 110)

- 73 -

LOPATKIN, A.A.; STREL'NIKOVA, Zh.V.; OSIPOVA, N.S.; LEBEDIEV, V.P.

Effect of the preliminary roasting on thermal activation and
desactivation of platinum catalysts. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. mat.,
mekh., astron., fiz. khim., 12 no.5:215-219 '57. (MIRA 11:9)

1. Kafedra fizicheskoy khimii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.
(Platinum) (Catalysts)

Hypovitaminosis A in chickens. S. N. Matsko, N. M. Chapiro and J. B. Deynerov. *Voprosy Pitaniya* 6, No. 3, 43-64 (in English 84) (1927). Chickens were fed on a mixed diet deficient in vitamin A + D₃, to which 1 and 2% II (beta-carotene) were added. With the addition of 5% II to the basic diet the same rate of growth was observed as when adequate I was used. Of groups receiving 3, 2, 1 and adequate I was used, the mortality was 0, 12, 20 and 30%, resp. In the group receiving 3, 2 and 1% II showed no traces of hypovitaminosis A. 91% and 78.8% resp. of those receiving 3 and 2% II showed conjunctivitis. Those receiving 1 and 2% II showed conjunctivitis in 8 and 12% of the cases, resp., while those receiving 3 and 5% II showed no traces. S. A. Karjala

L 20889-66 EWT(i)/EWT(m)/ETC(f)/EWG(m)/FCC/ DS/GW

ACC NR: AP6002558

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0266/65/000/023/0056/0056

AUTHORS: Osipova, N. Ye.; Osmolovskaya, T. N.; Kuznetsov, O. A.; Grafov, A. Ya.; Davydov, Yu. S.

ORG: none

TITLE: Method for fabricating moisture-sensitive elements for electrolytic air humidity detectors. Class 42, No. 176708

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteni i tovarnykh znakov, no. 23, 1965, 56

TOPIC TAGS: atmospheric humidity, electrolytic cell, moisture measurement

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for fabricating moisture-sensitive elements for electrolytic air humidity detectors, based on the utilization of the change of resistance of moisture sensitive films with humidity. To increase the sensitivity and stability while widening the measurement range, the sensitive element is in the form of an insulated shell with parallel metallic electrodes wound on it. The element is placed in a hot aqueous solution with a temperature of no less than 95°C containing 1--4% sodium chloride, 38--68% of

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.3.083.8.002.2

L 20889-66

ACC NR: AP6002558

Rochelle salt, 0.1% propantriol, and 0.1% formic acid amide. The element is removed from the solution, and the electrodes are heated to a temperature of 75--80°C by an ac current for 5--6 min.

SUB CODE: O4/ SUBM DATE: 22Jun64

Cord 2/2 ULR

OSIPOVA, N.Z.

Materials on the fauna and ecology of gamasid mites (Gamasoidea, Parasitiformes) in the Chu and Talas Valleys in Kirghizistan.
Sbor. ent. rab. no. 1:192-196 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSIROVA, N.Z.

Gamasid mites in the Q fever focus of southern Kirgizia.
Sbor. ent. sub. no. 2-87-91'61
(MFA 17:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

LITVIN, B.Z.; OSIPOVA, O.A.; FROLOVA, M.V.

Possibility of using the geobotanical method in geological mapping
and in surveys in the Angara-Ilim area. Razved. i okh. nedr 29
no.1:27-30 Ja '63. (MIA 16:2)

1. Irkutskoye geologicheskoye upravleniye.
(Angara Valley—Phytogeography)

CHERNYAK, M.G.; ASLANOVA, M.S.; VOL'SKAYA, S.Z.; KUTUKOV, S.S.;
SIMAKOV, D.P.; NAYDUS, G.G.; BOVKUNENKO, A.N.; KOVALEV, E.N.;
SHIKOL'NIKOV, Ya.A.; ZHIVOV, L.G.; KOVALEV, N.P.; KOZHUKHOVA,
N.V.; KOROLEVA, A.Ye.; VINOGRADOVA, A.M.; OSIFOVA, O.M.;
BADALOVA, E.I.; BRONSHTEYN, Z.I.; L'VOV, S.S.; KRYUCHKOV,
E.N.; SLOKH, K.I.; MASHINSKAYA, N.I., red.

[Continuous filament glass fibers; technology fundamentals
and their properties] Nepreryvnoe stekloannoe volokno; osnovy
tekhnologii i svoistva. Moskva, Khimija, 1965. 319 p.
(MIRA 18:8)

L 25783-65 EJO(j)/EWO(r)/EWT(l)/FS(v)-3/EWD(v)/EWC(a)/EWD(c) Pe-5 DD

ACCESSION NR: AR5000949

S/0299/64/000/020/G001/G001

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Biologiya. Sv. t., Abs. 2005

AUTHOR: Osipova, O. P.; Ashur, N. I.

TITLE: Light intensity effect on photostability and function of the plant photosynthetic apparatus

CITED SOURCE: Fiziol. rasteniy, v. 11, no. 3, 1964, 369-374

TOPIC TAGS: plant, chlorophyll, photosynthesis, light brightness, photostability

TRANSLATION: The state of chlorophyll *in vivo* was determined by its photostability in isolated chloroplasts. Chloroplast swelling and destruction led to a photostability loss of chlorophyll a. Data on chlorophyll fading kinetics suggests the presence of at least 3 forms of chlorophyll a differing in photostability. Chloroplasts of plants grown under intense light conditions contain chlorophyll with a higher photostability. A direct correlation has been established between chlorophyll photostability and intensity of photosynthesis.

Card 1/2

L 25783-65

ACCESSION NR: AR5000949

Institute of plant physiology AN SSSR.

SUB CODE: LS

ENCL: 00

Card 2/2

L 24904-65 ENG(j)/EMT(1)/ENG(r)/FS(v)-3/ENG(v)/ENG(a)/ENG(c) Pb-4/Pe-5 DD
S/0299/64/000/018/G0014/G0014

ACCESSION NR: AR4047772

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Biologiya. Svodnyy tom, Abs. 18027

AUTHOR: Osipova, O. P.; Nikolayeva, M. K.

TITLE: Carbon 14 activity in various leaf proteins during photosynthesis

CITED SOURCE: Fiziol. rasteniy, v. 11, no. 2, 1964, 210-215

TOPIC TAGS: bean plant, radioactive carbon, photosynthesis, chloroplast, carbon dioxide, cytoplasm, protein

TRANSLATION: Whole plants of horse (feed) beans 10-12 days old were exposed for 15 min to natural light or to light bulbs in a C₁₄O₂ atmosphere. Carbon dioxide level in the chamber was 0.35-0.50%, radioactivity was 50-100 microcuries, and chamber volume was 4 liters. The leaves after exposure were homogenized in the cold in a saccharose phosphate mixture (pH 7.2) and were divided into chloroplast and cytoplasm fractions. Protein was determined by nitrogen and specific activity after the nonprotein compounds were removed.

Card 1/2

L 24904-65

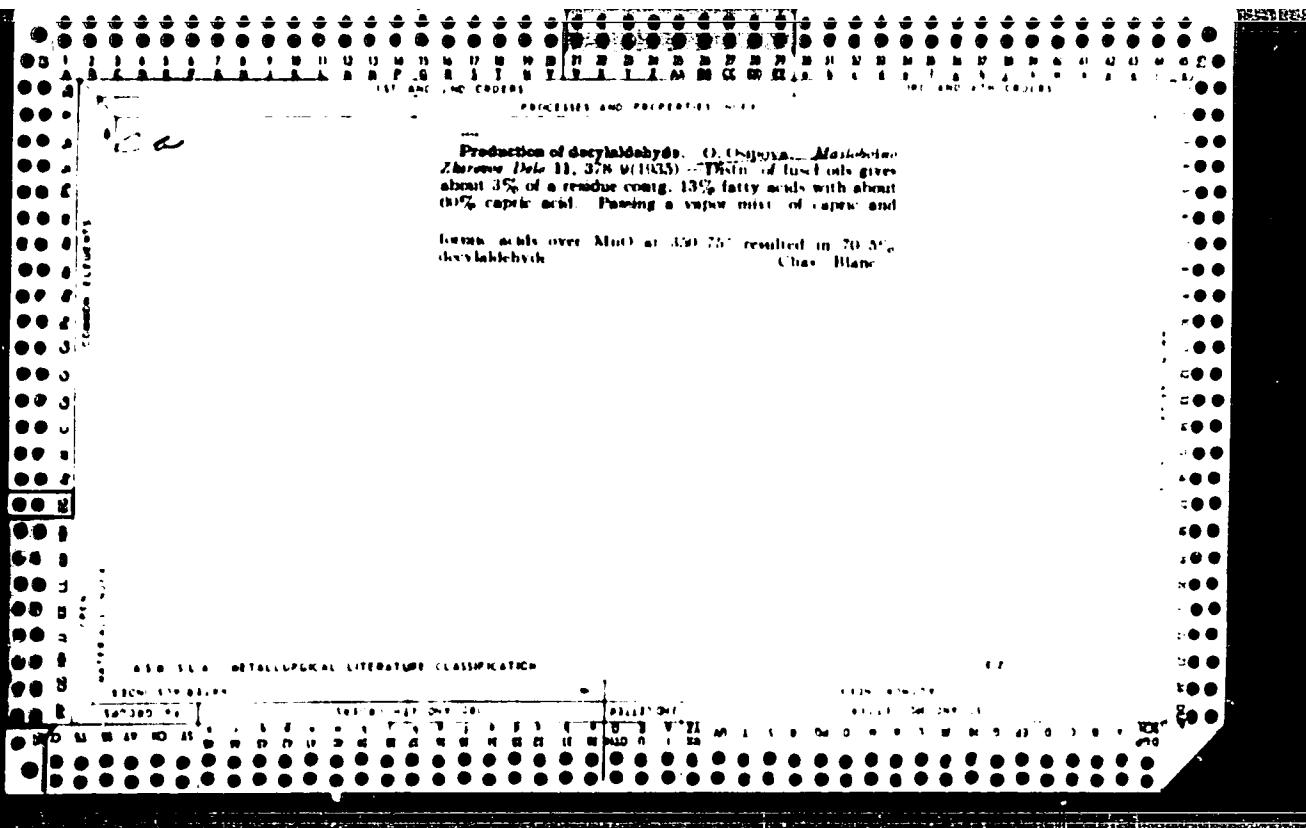
ACCESSION NR: ARA047772

Protein synthesis was localized in the chloroplast, and the chloroplast proteins were not found to be uniform in C¹⁴ activity rates. Radioactivity of C¹⁴ was highest in lipoproteins extracted together with the pigments and lipoids; C¹⁴ activity rates were lower in chloroplast water-soluble proteins. Institute of Plant Physiology AN SSSR, Moscow. Bibliography, 31 titles.

SUB CODE: LS

ENCL: 00

Card 2/2



CH

The linkage of chlorophyll with protein. G. P. Kosolapoff
Dobrolyubov and V. V. K. 37. In the free chlorophyll
ether solns of chlorophyll are bound by protein. The protein
indicates a type of linkage between the chlorophyll and the
protein and considerable binding is shown. A solution of
chlorophyll in 72% methanol gives a 10% increase in absorption
at 420 m μ in respect to protein-NH₂ and of zinc binds 4.4
times less chlorophyll than does the free protein, while de-
aminated creatinin NH₂ groups replaced by keto bonds 1.1%
chlorophyll native protein binds only traces. A solution in
90% NH_3 of the product of combination of gaudin with
chlorophyll shows abso max at 671 m μ , while chlorophyll
gives 656 m μ . The adduct is stable to light and does not
fluoresce
G. M. Kosolapoff

Inst. Plant Physiol. im. Timirjazev AS USSR

CA

II

The linkage of chlorophyll with protein. M. Znamentzova and O. Osipova (A. N. Bakule Biochem. Inst., Moscow). Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR 57: 705 (1947). Following the earlier technique it was shown that chlorophyll is bound only in traces by lectin, legumin, or glycamin, however reduced lectin takes up 10% chlorophyll, reduced legumin 3.9%, and reduced glycamin 0.4%. The reduction was performed by prolonged action of Na amalgam at constant pH on a suspension of the protein in HCl. The reduced proteins have isoelectric points about 0.2 units below those of the native proteins. Apparently the reduction in-

reduces the content of SH groups which are bound to chlorophyll.

(c) M. Kowalewski

Extractability of chlorophyll from green plants O. P.
Osipova. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR 57, 703-803, No. 8,
(1947) — A study of numerous plants of spore- and seed-
bearing types indicates that extn. with 60% Me₂CO leads
to almost const. extn. of over 90% of chlorophyll throughout
the seasons of the year, while the seed-bearing plants give
high extractability (usually about 90%) in June, but only
70-70% in the autumn (October). Generally extn. is easier
from younger plants than from older ones of the same species.
The differences can be ascribed to variation of the strength
of binding of the protein-chlorophyll complex. G. M. K.

124

11d

Proteins of the chloroplasts. O. P. Osipova and I. V. Timofeeva. Doklady Akad. Nauk S.S.R. 67, 105-8 (1949). Chloroplasts of leaves of kidney bean after mech. sepn. and grinding were extd. by 0.3% NaOH in 60% EtOH with warming; acidification of ext. by HCl gave the protein matter. The proteins have an isolectric point at pH 5.3-5.4 and show changes of amino acid content on aging along with increased viscosity. Typical analyses are given. G. M. Kostanoff

Inst. Plant Physiol. im. Timiryazev, A.S.USSR

CA

11A

**Chlorophyll-protein complex. II. Chlorophyll and its
proteins. 1. Effect of reduction on the absorption spectra of
chlorophyll-protein complexes.**

It has been shown that the chlorophyll-protein complexes of the green algae, *Chlorophyceae*, show a much stronger chlorophyll adsorption and oxidation by Kober-Nielsens' reagent than do the chlorophyll-protein complexes of the higher plants. The latter and other show much stronger chlorophyll adsorption and oxidation of the proteins by Kober-Nielsens' reagent lowers the ability to bind chlorophyll, and during this adsorption the reducible groups of chlorophyll are utilized. — G. M. Kosolapoff

OSIPOVA, O.P.

Effect of conditions of nitrogen nutrition and illumination
on the chemical composition of chloroplasts. Izvest. Akad. Nauk
S.S.R., Ser. Biol. '53, No.1, 96-104. (MLRA 6:1)
(CA 47 no.14:7041 '53)

O P. Ojipora, Trudy Inst. Fiziol. Rastenii im. A. A. CH
Zhurnal S., No. 1, 57-60 (1939); cf. C.A. 33, 51344
The amt. of chlorophyll directly extractable by CHCl_3 in various plants varies with the season; seed-bearing plants above some 53-73% extractable chlorophyll in October, against 83-100% in June; spore-bearing plants showed very little (2-8%) difference in this respect and all had a high level of directly extractable chlorophyll (93-96%). Protein extd. from kidney-bean plants by means of alc. NaOH, washed and dialyzed, showed a higher viscosity (2.01 relative viscosity) of the material obtained from older leaves than that from younger leaves (1.7 in 1% soln. at 23°); the isoelec. point of the protein from older leaves was 5.7-5.8, that of younger leaves was 5.3-5.4; the protein from younger leaves had 0.2% more N, some 0.6% less ash content, slightly lower S (by 0.04%), more histidine (4.97% against 3.94%), less arginine (0.48% against 0.64%), more tyrosine (4.20% against 4.00%), more dicarboxylic amino acids (9.65 against 8.18%), less tryptophan (2.95 against 4.66%), and less cysteine (1.53 against 2.99%). Although the results obtained do not necessarily reflect the condition of protein in its natural state in the chlorophyll complex, it is clear that the protein component varies with plant age and it is the protein of the granules that enters the photosynthetic complex. Ultracentrifuging of uncentrated chloroplasts gave 4 fractions, none of which were individuals, but which contained different levels of protein and carbohydrate (traces) with different N content. Such fractions differed in histidine, arginine, tyrosine, and cysteine content.

G. M. Kosolapoff

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OSIPOVA, O.P.

Chemical composition of chloroplasts from plants with a different type of
methionine. Fiziol. rast. 1961, 18(4), 490-496. (USSR)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSIPOVA, O.P.

State of chlorophyll in the chloroplasts [with summary in English].
Fiziol.rast. 4 no.1:28-32 Ja-P '57. (MLRA 10:5)

1.Institut fiziologii rasteniy im. K.A. Timiryazeva Akademii nauk
SSSR, Moskva.
(Chlorophyll) (Chromatophores)

OSIPOV, O. I.

✓ Chemical composition of chloroplasts of plants with different types of metabolism. O. P. Osipova (K. A. Timiryazev Inst. Plant Physiol., Moscow). *Fiziol. Rastenij* 3, 123-30 (1956).—Examination of 2 metabolic types, kidney bean and potato, showed that the high amylolytic activity of potato chloroplasts merely indicates a high rate of utilization of starch by this plant. Both enzymic activity and enzymes are important factors in function of chloroplasts. Kidney-bean chloroplasts contain more protein than do those of potato or sunflower. The increased proteinase activity in kidney-bean chloroplasts during filling of the beans indicates possible protein utilization for growth of the beans. The lower ratio of chlorophyll and lipides to protein in the kidney-bean chloroplasts indicates lesser protection of the protein content. Considerable similarity was found in the amino-acid spectrum of the protein matter of chloroplasts of the several plant types.
G. M. Kosolapoff

[Problems of photosynthesis; reports at the Second All-Union Conference on Photosynthesis, Moscow, Jan.21-26, 1957] Problemy fotosinteza; doklady na II Vsesoiuznoi konferentsii po fotosintezu, Moskva, 21-26 ianvaria 1957 g. Moskva, 1959. 747 p.
(MIRA 12:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye biologicheskikh nauk.
(PHOTOSYNTHESIS--CONGRESSES)

OSIPOVA, O. F., ASOFRE, N. V.

Effect of light intensity on photosynthesis and the function
of the photodynamic apparatus in plants. Fiziol. rastenii
no. 3-369-374 (1968) 'MIRA-17.'

I. K. A. Timiriazev Institute of Plant Physiology, USSR
Academy of Sciences, Moscow.

OSIPOVA, O.P.; ASHUR, N.I.

Chloroplast structure in the leaves of corn grown under various
light conditions. Fiziol. rast. 12 no.2:257-262 Mr-Ap '66.
(MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut fiziologii rasteniy imeni Timiryazeva AN SSSR, Moscow.

ASHUR, N.I.; OSIPOVA, O.P.

Effect of spectral composition of light on the photosynthetic apparatus
in plants. Dokl. AN SSSR 163 no.2:511-514 J1 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut fiziology rasteniy im. K.A.Timiryazeva AN SSSR. Submitted
July 10, 1964.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSIPOVA, U.P.; STRUCHKOV, Yu.T.; Prinimala uchastiye Kon'kova, G.S.

Space groups and unit cells of organic compounds. Zhur.strukt.
khim. 4 no.5:770-772 S-0 '63. (MIKA 16:11)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

TSEL'NIKER, Yu.L.; VOSKRESENSKAYA, N.P.; OSIPOVA, O.P.

Leonid Aleksandrovich Ivanov; obituary. Izv.AN SSSR Ser. n. 27
no.4:651-652 Jl-Ag '62. (MIRA 14:9)
(IVANOV, LEONID ALEKSANDROVICH, 1871-1962)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

COBOM, C. P. (MAP)

Change of Plastid Proteins in Chloroplast Formation.

Request received from the USSR,
to the American Academy of Sciences, Washington

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

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SECRET
"Soviet Union's secret service, KGB, has been accused of kidnapping and killing a dissident Soviet scientist, Dr. Andrei Sakharov, in Moscow. The scientist was a leading figure in the Soviet nuclear weapons program. He was also a prominent dissident who spoke out against the Soviet government's policies. His disappearance has caused concern in the West and has led to speculation about the true nature of his fate. The Soviet government has denied any involvement in his disappearance, but the charges have not been fully resolved. The case remains a mystery to this day."

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

OSIPOVA, O.P.

Effect of light on the lipoprotein complex of plastids. Fiziol.
rast. 7 no.6:654-659 '60. (MIRA 14:1)

I. K.A. Timiriazev Institute of Plant Physiology, U.S.S.R. Academy
of Sciences, Moscow.
(Plants, Effect of light on) (Lipoproteins)

OSIPOVA, O.I., kand.biologicheskikh nauk

Synthetic chlorophyll! Nauka i zhizn' 28 no.3 1970 Mr '61.
(MIRA 14:3)
(CHLOROPHYLL)

OSIPPOVA, O.P.

USSR/Physiology of Plants - Photosynthesis.

I-1

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10352

Author : Osipova, O.P.

Inst : Institute of Physiology of Plants, Academy of Sciences
USSR

Title : On the Question of the State of Chlorophyll in Chloroplasts

Orig Pub : Fiziol. rasteniy, 1957, 4, No 1, 28-32

Abstract : In isolated chloroplasts of potato, sunflower, haricot, broad bean, and clover leaves the chlorophyll content was derived through photospectrometry and the content of lipoids through the decrease in weight of the chloroplasts after their extraction by benzine. It was found that up to 50% of the chlorophyll and lipoids are extractible in benzine, and there was a direct relationship between the content of these two components in the leaf. With growth

Card 1/2

G.I. OVA, U.S.

Information in G.I. OVA dated 7-19-65 US 135 was obtained from
Report no. 2: Characteristics of institutional refiners found in
various work sites. Jerry, S.M. MURRAY - 200.110-120-100.

1. Laboratory analysis showed that both the oil and water were
OK to take up to 100% of the available oxygen without any problems.

OSIPOVA, O.V.; SMIRNOV, K.M.

Stages of exercise during the formation of a given frequency of respiratory movements in man. Fiziol. zhur. 46 Mr '60. (MIRA 14:7)

1. From the State S.M.Kirov Institute of Medical Institute for Medical Improvement, Leningrad.
(RESPIRATION)

SMIRNOV, K.M.; BASKOVICH, B.L.; OSIPOVA, O.V.; PARASHIN, Ye.V.

Effect of different respiration exercises on changes in the
timing of motor reactions. [Trudy] GIDUV no.35:44-51'62. (MIRA 10:6)
(RESPIRATION) (MOTION STUDY)

VINOGRADOV, M.I., otv. red.; TOCHILOV, K.S., otv. red.; KHAVKINA, N.N., otv. red.; AVER'YANOV, V.S., red.; OSIPOVA, O.V., red.; UTKINA, N.S., red.; KISELEVA, L.J., tekhn. red.

[Materials of the Scientific Conference on Work Physiology Devoted to the Memory of A.A.Ukhtomskii] Materialy Nauchnoi konferentsii po fiziologii truda, posvyashchennaia pamyati A.A.Ukhtomskogo. Leningrad, Izd-vo Leningr. univ., 1963. 372 p. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Nauchnaya konferentsiya po fiziologii truda, posvyashchennaia pamyati A.A.Ukhtomskogo. 2. Fiziologicheskiy institut im. A.A.Ukhtomskogo Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta (for Aver'yannov, Vinogradov, Osipova, Tochilov, Utkina, Khavkina)

OSIPOVA, C.V.

Automatization of so-called voluntary changes in respiration
in the final stage of exercises. [Trudy] GIDUV no.35:27-35'62.
(MIRA 16:6)

1. Kafedra vrachel'mogo kontrolya za fizicheskim vospitaniyem i
lechebnye fizicheskoy kul'tury Lenindradskogo gosudarstven-
nogo ordena Lenina instituta dlya usovershenstvovaniya vrachey
i laboratoriya fiziologii truda (zav. - dotsent K.S.Tochilov)
Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.
(RESPIRATION) (EXERCISE)

SMIRNOV, K.M.; OSIPOVA, O.V., ASAFOV, B.D.

Physiological mechanism of the first stage. [Trudy] GIDUV
no. 35:16-26'62. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Kafedra vrachel'moje kontrolyya za fizicheskim vospitaniyem
i lechebnoy fizicheskoy kultury Leningradskogo gosudarstvenno-
go ordena Lenina instituta ilya usovershenstvovaniya vrachey,
laboratoriya fiziologii truda (zav. dotsent K.S.Tochilov)
Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta i fiziologiches-
kaya laboratoriya (zav. prof. A.M.Zimkina) Leningradskogo in-
stituta ekspertizey trudospособности i organizatsii truda
invalidov.

(EXERCISE) (CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

SMIRNOV, K.M.; OSIPOVA, O.V.; ASAFOV, N.D.

Physiological mechanism of so-called voluntary respiration control in man; a study of respiration exercises. [Trudy] GIDUV no.35:7-15'62. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Kafedra vrachebnogo kontrolya za fizicheskim vospitaniyem i lechebnoy fizkul'tury Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo ordena Lenina instituta dlya usovershenstvovaniya vrachey, laboratoriya fiziologii truda (zav. - dotsent K.S. Tochilov) Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta, fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya (zav. - prof. A.M.Zimkina) Leningradskogo instituta ekspertizy trudosposobnosti i organizatsii truda invalidov.

(RESPIRATION) (CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

OSIPOVA, O.V.; DURAVITSKAYA, L.V.

Respiration exercises for athletes before the start. [Trudy]
(MIRA 16:6)
GIDUV no.35:36-7.3'62.

1. Kafedra vrachebnogo kontrolya za dizicheskim vospitaniyem
i lechebnoy fizicheskoy kul'tury Leningradskogo gosudarstven-
nogo orensa Lenina instituta dlya usovremenstvovaniya vrachey
i lecheniya fizicheskoy trudy (prof. - student N.B. Tschilov)
Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.
(RESPIRATION) (SPORTS MEDICINE)

TOCHILIN, E.S.; MORDOV'YEVA, N.N.; OSIPOVA, G.V.; FAKHVA, I.I.; UTEKOV, S.V.;
KHAVKIN, R.N.

Physiological prerequisites for the working regime. Nerv. sist.
no. 4:176-178 (1981).

I. Fiziologicheskiy institut Leningradskogo universiteta.

OSIPOVA, Ya.K.

Structural changes in the myoneural system of mammals due to
high doses of belladonna root extract. Dokl. AN BSSR 6 no.7:
466-468 Jl 192.
(MIRA 16:8)

1. Belorusskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut nevrologii,
neurokhirurgii i fizioterapii. Predstavлено akademikom AN
BSSR D.A. Markovym.
(Belladonna. Physiological effect)
(Muscles - innervation)

OSIPOVA, O.V.

Significance of signaling stimuli for muscular work capacity in
man. Uch. zap. LGU no.239:186-202 '58. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Laboratoriya fiziologii trudovykh protsessov Fiziolicheskogo
instituta Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.
(WORK)

KULIKOVA, Ye.N.; YAKOBSON, D.A.; DONSAYA, R.B.; OSIPOVA, P.K.; GERTMAN,
Z.A.; TSYBUL'SKAYA, M.G.

Role of B. proteus in acute diseases of newborn infants. Vop. och.
mat. i det. 6 no.3:35-38 Mr '61. (MIA 14:10)

1. Iz Kazanskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta epidemiologii
i gigiyeny, 7-y detskoy bol'nitsy 4-go rodil'nogo doma.
(PROTEUS) (INTESTINES--DISEASES)
(INFANTS (NEWBORN))

OSIPOVA, P. M.

1377. CHEMICAL EXAMINATION OF COALS OF CIS-SIBERIA. Lekina, V.E.,
Kharlamova, N.H. and Osipova, P.M. (Izv. Irkutsk Univ., ser. fiz.-khim.,
nauch.-issled. Inst. (DNIIT, Irkutsk Univ., ser. phys. chem. sci. res. Inst.),
1953, vol. 1, (1/2), 147-159; abstr. in Ref. Zh. Khim. (Ref. J. Chem.,
Moscow), 1956, (12), 3620). Chemically these are classed as humic coals.
Coal from below the weathered zone has the following average properties:
17.3% moisture, 15.0% ash; and on a dry ash-free basis: 69.1% carbon,
3.16% hydrogen, 53.6% volatile matter, 5.4% fixed carbon, calorific value 7000
cal/g. An alcohol-benzene mixture extracts 3.05 to 6.31% bitumens with an
acid number of 61.4 to 67.8 and a saponification number of 110 to 145.

OSIPOVA, P.V.

Propagation of the whooping cough bacillus in liquid and solid media; author's abstract. Zmir.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. no.11:44-45 (MLRA 7:1) N '53.

1. Iz otdela mikrobiologii i immunologii (zaveduyushchiy - professor V.I.loffe) Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR.

(Whooping cough)

OSIPOVA, P.V.

Serological diagnosis of whooping cough. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i
immun. no.2:70 p '54. (MLRA 7:3)

1. Iz Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny Akademii meditsinskikh
nauk SSSR. (Whooping cough)

OSIPOVA, P.V.

Bacteriologic diagnosis of whooping cough; author's abstract.
Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. no.3:7-8 Mr '54. (MLRA 7:4)

1. Is otdela mikrobiologii i immunologii (zaveduyushchiy - professor
V.I.loffe) Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny Akademii meditsin-
skikh nauk SSSR.
(Whooping cough)

FD 161

USSR/Medicine - Sanitation, Bacteriological Technique

Card 1/1

Author : Gipova, I. V.

Title : Review of the book, "Sanitarnaya Bacteriologiya" (Sanitary Bacteriology)
by V. I. Tets

Periodical : Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun., 6, '54, May 1-64

Abstract : A favorable review of the book with comments as to suggested inclusions is given. The book deals with the bacteriological examination and the general microbiological characteristics of soil, water, air, food products, and the objects surrounding human beings. It also gives information on testing disinfection materials, and data on sanitary-bacteriological controls over the state of health and the personal hygiene of workers in the community services, and in food and medical establishments. It was criticized for omitting mention of certain pertinent Soviet achievements, i.e. the isolation, for the first time, of the botulism bacteria from fish by Konstantsov and Arustamov, of G. P. Semov's method of investigating surface microflora by "agar pouring". One defect of the book is that it is not indexed and is, therefore, difficult to use as a reference handbook.

Institution :

Submitted :

~~OSIPOWA~~

Problem of the viral etiology of rheumatism. Biul. eksp. biol. i
med. 38 no.11:65-66 N 1964. (MLRA 8:1)

1. Iz otdela mikrobiologii (zav. chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR
prof. V.I.Ioffe) Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR i
iz Gospital'noy terapevticheskoy kliniki I Leningradskogo meditsin-
skogo instituta (zav. deyatel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. M.V.
Chernorutskiy)

(VIRUSES,

rheum.)

(RHEUMATISM, virus)

OSIPPOVA, P.V.

✓ 3003. Experimental pertussis infection in white rats. E. V. Osipova. Zh. Mikrobiol., 1955, No. 9, 83-84; Referat ZN Biol., 1956. Abstr. No. 71291.—Infection of rats by inhalation, intranasally, or intraperitoneally, even with dense suspensions of pertussis bacteria, resulted only in a brief infective process with a small nodule in the lung, without noticeable aerological disturbance, terminating in 18 days. With i.p. infection rapid destruction of the bacteria occurs in the body cavity; death of the animals follows in 48 hours. Pertussis bacteria were recovered from body cavity exudate and from minced spleen tissue. Approx. 3×10^4 cells constitute a lethal dose for animals between 120 and 290 g. With the injection of $\frac{1}{2}$ LMD, microbes disappear from the body cavity 3-4 days after injection. In exudate smears phagocytosis with destruction of leucocytes and lysis of bacteria is visible. The i.p. introduction of 0.1-0.15 ml. of endotoxin of pertussis bacteria, prepared by the Bezredka-Tsvyce method, results in 100% mortality of animals between 150 and 290 g. Large doses of heat and formalin-treated vaccine, retaining toxicity, cause death of rats when introduced.

i.p.; similar doses of "Bezred" vaccine, no longer retaining toxicity, do not cause death. Slight immunity with respect of live culture and endotoxin is produced by vaccination with small doses of live pertussis vaccine. White rats are extraordinarily sensitive to endotoxin (as distinct from mice they are of little use for the reproduction of the infective process), hence they can be used for the study of the toxic components of the pertussis bacteria. (Russian) C. Prince

OSIPOVA, P.V.

Sensitivity of kittens to *Hemophilus pertussis* and its toxin. Zhur. mikrobiol. peid. i immun. 27 no.4:27-31 Ap '56. (MLRA 9:7)

1. Iz otdela mikrobiologii Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR.

(WHOOPING COUGH, exper.
sensitivity of kittens to *Hemophilus pertussis* & its toxin)

OSIPOVA, P.V.

Bacillus bronchisepticus and its relation to Hemophilus pertussis:
culture and antigenic characteristics of Bacillus bronchisepticus.
Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i immun. 28 no.10:137-142 O '57. (MIRA 10:1?)

1. Iz Institute eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR.

(BRUCELLA,

bronchiseptica, relation to Hemophilus pertussis (Rus))

(HEMOPHILUS PERTUSSIS,

relation to Brucella bronchiseptica (Rus))

OSIPOVA, P.V.; PICULEVSKIY, D.A.

Clinicomicrobiological characteristics of chronic tonsillitis.
Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i immun.28 no.12:7-9 D '57. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR i kliniki
bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa I Leningradskogo meditsinskogo instituta
imeni I.P. Pavlova.

(TONSILLITIS, microbiology,
clin. aspects (Rus)

CSEPAH PL.

Scientific Preprints of Pathology, published by Ministry, MDC, 1964
ed. by Dr. V. P. Chikane, Dr. L. S. Mehta, Dr. D. K. Patel and Bhagat, in 87 chapters.
Each chapter contains 10-15 papers.

In the following conference on the scientific preprints of pathology, organized by
the Institute of Pathology and Microbiology, Dr. V. P. Chikane, Dr. D. K. Patel, Dr.
Bhagat, Dr. L. S. Mehta, Dr. A. K. Patel, Dr. R. K. Patel, Dr. S. K. Patel, Dr. S. K. Mehta,
together with other Institutes and medical establishments, papers were read by
the following (See Table of Contents)

1. Balyone (Central Institute of Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine) 1.1
2. Balyone (In. Pathol): Immunologic effectiveness of pertussis
vaccine 1.2
3. Bala (see above for page 29): Induction of immunity in
children infected with pertussis and pertussis-like bacteria 1.3
4. Bambhaniya et al (New Inst. of Dermatology and Venereol.):
Serological studies in children associated with pertussis infection 1.4
5. Balaji et al (Bharat et al.): Immunizing
effectiveness of multiple antigenic mixtures of the pertussis organism under
experimental conditions 1.5
6. Bakhshani et al (see above and Inst. of Biostatistics and
Academy of Sciences (IBAS)): Methods for preparation and
experimental study of the fundamental biological properties of
protective antigens of the pertussis organism 1.6
7. Bagchi et al (Inst. of Exptl. Med. and of Inst. of
Microbiology): Effect of pertussis immunization on the course of an
experimental meningitis 1.7
8. Bala (see directly above Balyone p 155 etc.):
Immunological characteristics of the mucous of the
pertussis organism and of the reactive agent of hemophagocytosis 1.8
9. Bandyopadhyay (see page 20 above), The field and seroconversion
of pertussis organisms in humans and
10. Ballo (see Opt. no. above): Some specific and general
problems of the pathology of lactation with respect to pertussis 1.9

OSIPOVA, P.V.

Relationship between *Brucella bronchiseptica* and *Hemophilus pertussis*:
comparative immunological characteristics of toxins. Zhur.mikrobiol.
epid. i imun. 30 no.1:33-36 Ja '58. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Iz Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR.
(HEMOPHILUS PERTUSSIS,
toxin, comparison of immunol. properties with
Bacillus bronchisepticus toxin (Rus))
(BRUCELLA,
bronchiseptica toxin, comparison of immunol.
properties with *Hemophilus pertussis* toxin (Rus))

OSTPOVA, E. I.; CHITOVICH, N. V.

"Toxic antigen of *P. pertussis*."

Report submitted at the 13th All-Union Congress of Hygienists,
Epidemiologists, and Infectionists. 1959

OSIPOVA, P.V.; PIJULEVSKIY, D.A.

Serological characteristics of chronic tonsillitis. Zmr.
mikrobiol.epid. i immun. 30 no.5:71-75 My '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Iz Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR i kliniki
bolezney ucha, gorla i nosa I Leningradskogo meditsinskogo
instituta imeni Pavlova.

(TONSILLITIS, immunol.
serol. reactions (Rus))

OSIPOVA P.V.

USSR / Microbiology. Microbes Pathogenic for Man and
Animals. Bacteria. Hemophilus Bacteria.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 5, 1959, No. 242¹⁵

Author : Osipova, P. V.
Inst : Institute of Experimental Medicine, Academy
of Sciences USSR

Title : On Characteristics of Whooping Cough Culture
18323, Highly Virulent in Intracerebral
Infection

Orig Pub : Yezhegodnik. Inst eksperim. med. AMN SSSR,
1956, T.2 (II), 1957, 395-399

Abstract : A strain of *H. pertussis* 18,323 isolated
by Hendrich and his co-workers was studied
with respect to its cultural, antigenic pro-
perties. Toxicity, ability to induce in-
fectionary process under various methods of

Card 1/2

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USSR / Microbiology. Microbes Pathogenic for Man and
Animals. Bacteria. Hemophilus Bacteria.

F

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 6, 1959, No. 24065

infection, and immunogenic properties of various vaccines in infection with this strain, were studied. It was found that the strain was differentiated from the usual cultures of H. pertussis of the 1st phase by its ability to multiply and to induce a pathological process in the brain of mice with introduction into the brain of 100-500 microbes, leading to the death of the animals on the 5-14th day.

Card 2/2

REF ID: A6513R001238
LIFE, Vladimir Ilyich; LIFER, Valerii Vasil'evich; LIFER, V. V.,
Leina Nizhnevolzhsk; LIFER, Valerii Vasil'evich; LIFER, V. V.
U.S.A., reg.

(shooting range; shooting range, Leningrad; shooting range,
prevention of accidents; shooting range, Leningrad; shooting
range, Leningrad; shooting range, Leningrad; shooting range,
Leningrad, Nizhnevolzhsk; shooting range, Leningrad)

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RECORDED ON: 1968-04-27 10:00:00

IVANOV, A.V.; FOTIYEVA, N.N.; OSIPOVA, R.P.; KONOVALOVA, N.V.

Stratigraphy, and oil and gas potentials of Permian sediments
in the southeastern part of the Pechora Depression and upper
Pechora Valley. Trudy VNIGRI no.133:204-232 '59.
(MIR 13:1)

(Pechora Valley--Petroleum geology)
(Pechora Valley--Gas, Natural--Geology)

OSIP'YUK, R.P.

Fractionation erythrocyte sedimentation rate as an indication
of the body's reaction in rheumatic fever. Pediatriliia 37
no.7:86-87 Jl '59. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Iz kafedry detskih bolezney Chelyabinskogo meditsinskogo
instituta.
(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (BLOOD--SEDIMENTATION)

CA

Notes on the methods for the analysis of Schwalbachschwarz (Sulfur Black) Tech P-
Paste. N. S. Olsuf'ya. Aushubroshchaya from 1931, No. 6, 11 (1). Chem Zem
1932, 1, 1682 J. Water is digt by distn with benzene. Shy extn with CHCl_3 . These
2 extns can also be combined by digesting the dye paste with benzene in a specially con-
structed extn app., letting the water flow off into a graduated receiver and then digest-
ing the benzene. The method of Selivanov (C. A. 25, 4063) for detg. the concn. of the
dye is suggested. M. G. Moller.

ASB-LLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

PROCESS AND PROPERTY INDEX

CO

The suspension method of dyeing with indigo and sulfonate dyes. R. S. Olsipova and T. N. Shaurina. Akademiia Nauk SSSR. Izdatelstvo Nauchno-Izdatel'skogo Upravleniya po Khimicheskym Naukam. Pressa Akademii Nauk SSSR. Moscow. 1957. No. 4, 27-34. Akademicheskiy Zhezhar 1, No. 2, 84 (1958). This is the first attempt to use under practical conditions the suspension method for the dyeing of animal and plant fibers which was proposed by M. A. Hinske in 1911. The fiber is acted upon by a suspension of dye insol. in water (part of the dye being absorbed by the fiber), the dye is changed into the sol. state, and fixed on the fiber. With indigo dyes no foam is formed. Very fine suspension of the dyes must be obtained. For best results the dye is dispersed in the presence of dispersants and of stabilizers. The best absorption takes place in an acid medium, and is increased by the added of NaCl. The greater the suspension temp. is the better are the results obtained. The suspension contain: Indigo dye 1-5 g. and NaCl 50 g. per l. of water. The developing bath for indigo dyes contains NaOH 20 (30) 46 l., Na₂S₂O₃ 25 g., NaCl 30 g., and for sulfonate dyes Na₂S₂O₃ 5 and NaCl 70 (100) g. per l. of water. An even and fast color is obtained.

W. R. Henn

ASTM-ILS METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

ITEMS INDEXED

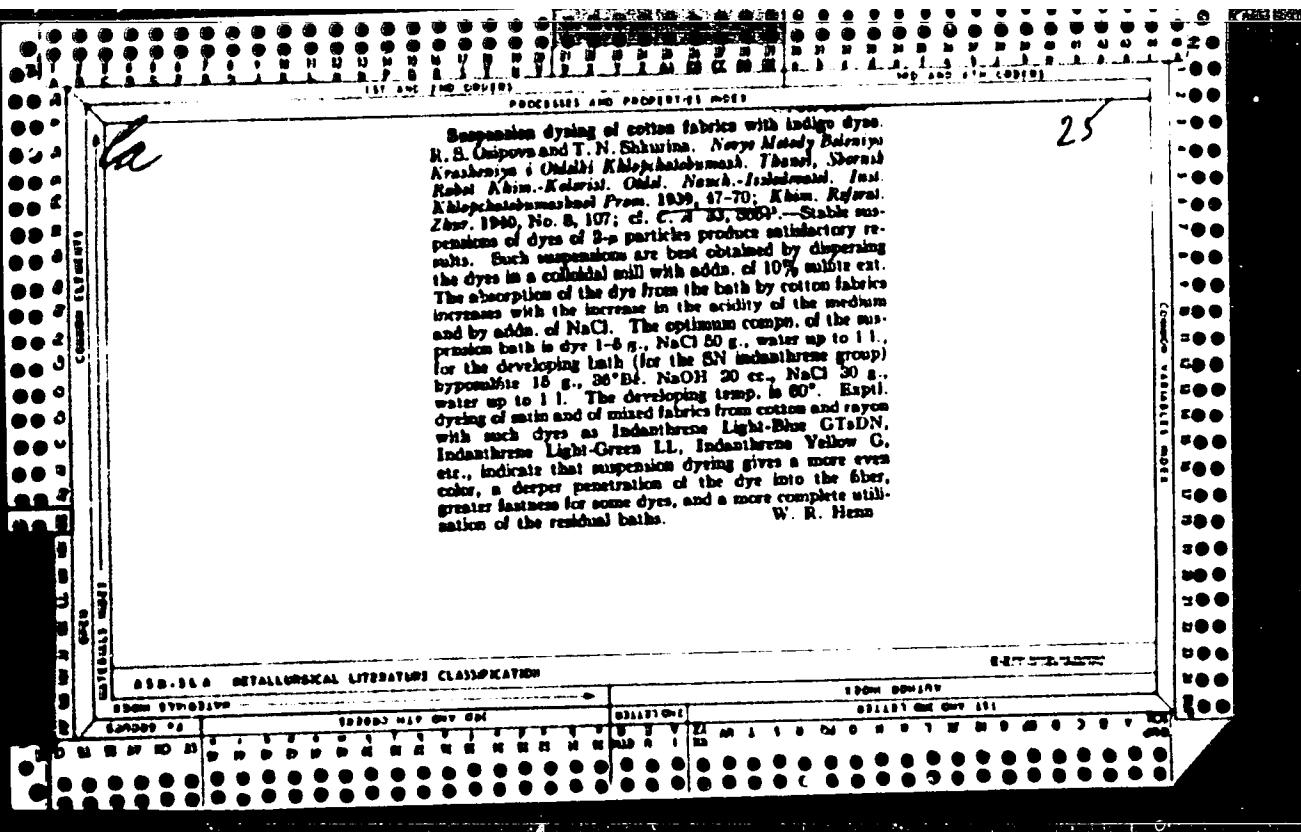
ITEMS NOT INDEXED

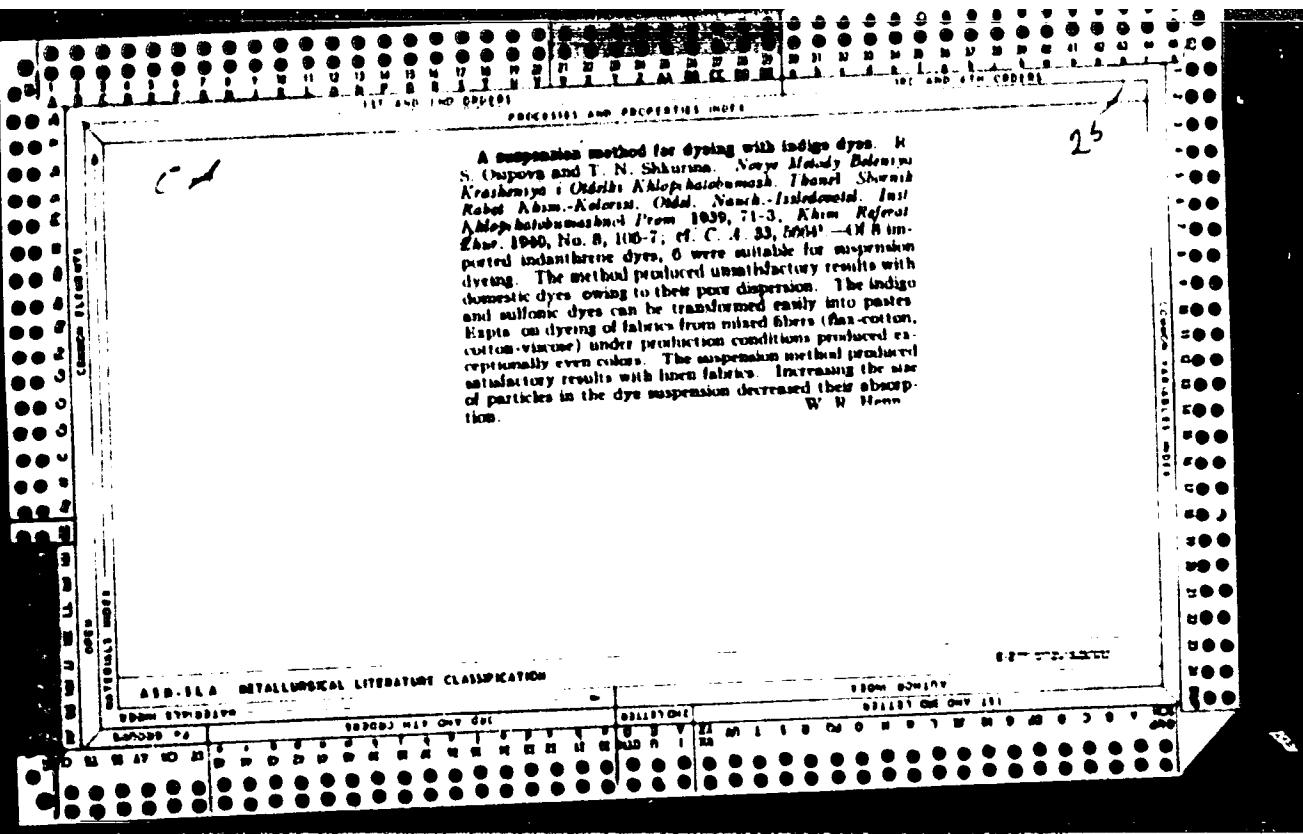
CA

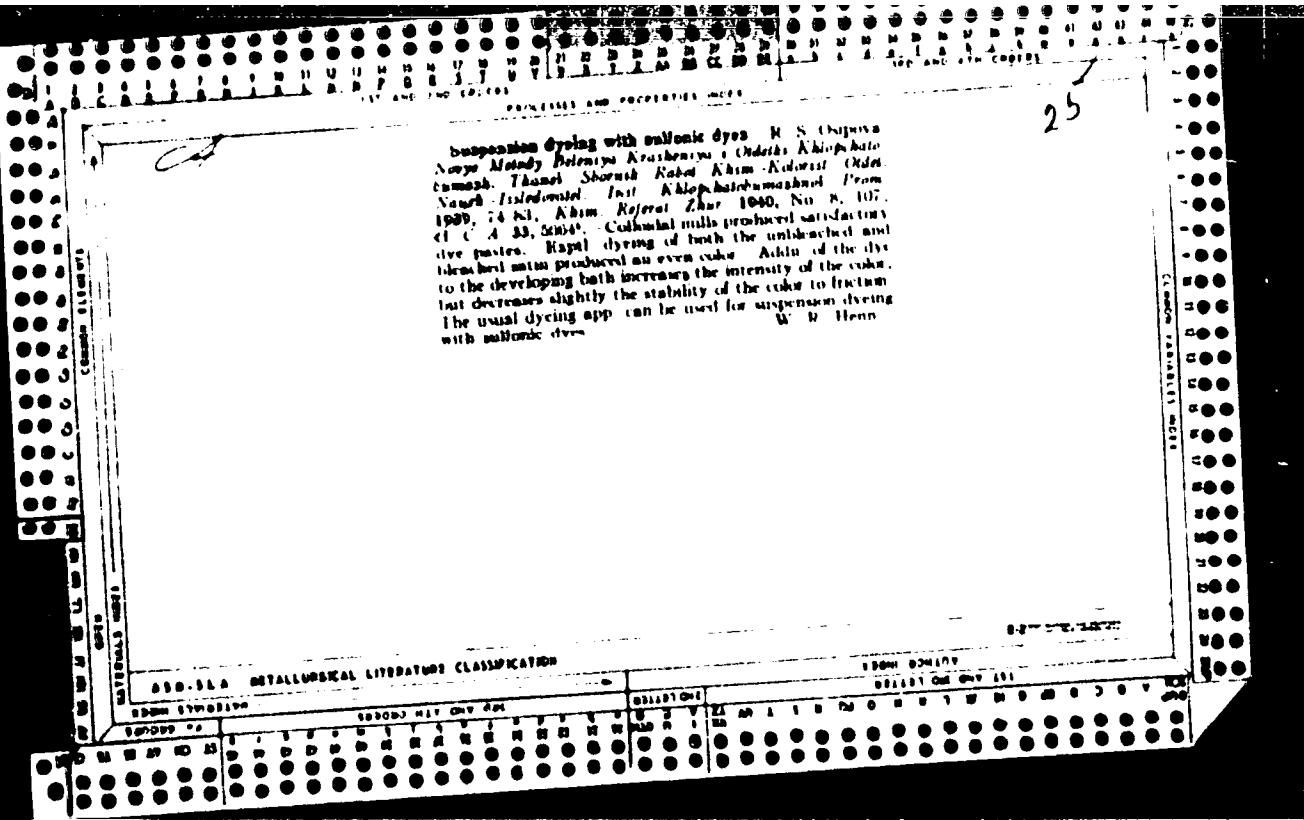
207

The utilization of the indanthrenes (manufactured in S. S. R.) for suspension dyeing, R. S. Uspurov, A. N. Gribko, Russ. Pat. No. 1039, No. 1,437. Akim Referat Zhar. 1939, No. 6, (18). Highly dispersed dye pastes were produced in a Goldschmidt and Kluettner dispersion colloidal mill. A max. degree of dispersion was obtained from a 20-fold suspension with a velocity of flow of the paste of 0.8-1.1/min. The contents of the pastes of various indanthrenes were 40-60%. Methods for dyeing with chloranthrene dyes produced in C. S. R. (Chloroanthrene, Indigo Red KKh, Indigo Bright Violet 2R, Indigo Bright Green C, Indigo Dark-Blue BD and Indigo Golden Yellow ZKh) are given. The addition of high mol. sulfonated alk. in the suspension bath and of phenol and β -naphthol in the developing bath had an optimum effect on the quality of chloroanthrene, while for Indigo Red KKh 3 g./l. of anhydrite salt and 10 cc. of AcOH to the suspension bath produced an optimum effect. Comparative expts. of suspension dyeing with Chloroanthrene and Indigo Red KKh in a no. of plants and with different equipment proved that the suspension method with developing in jiggers can be used successfully with finely ground pastes.

W. R. Ham







"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238

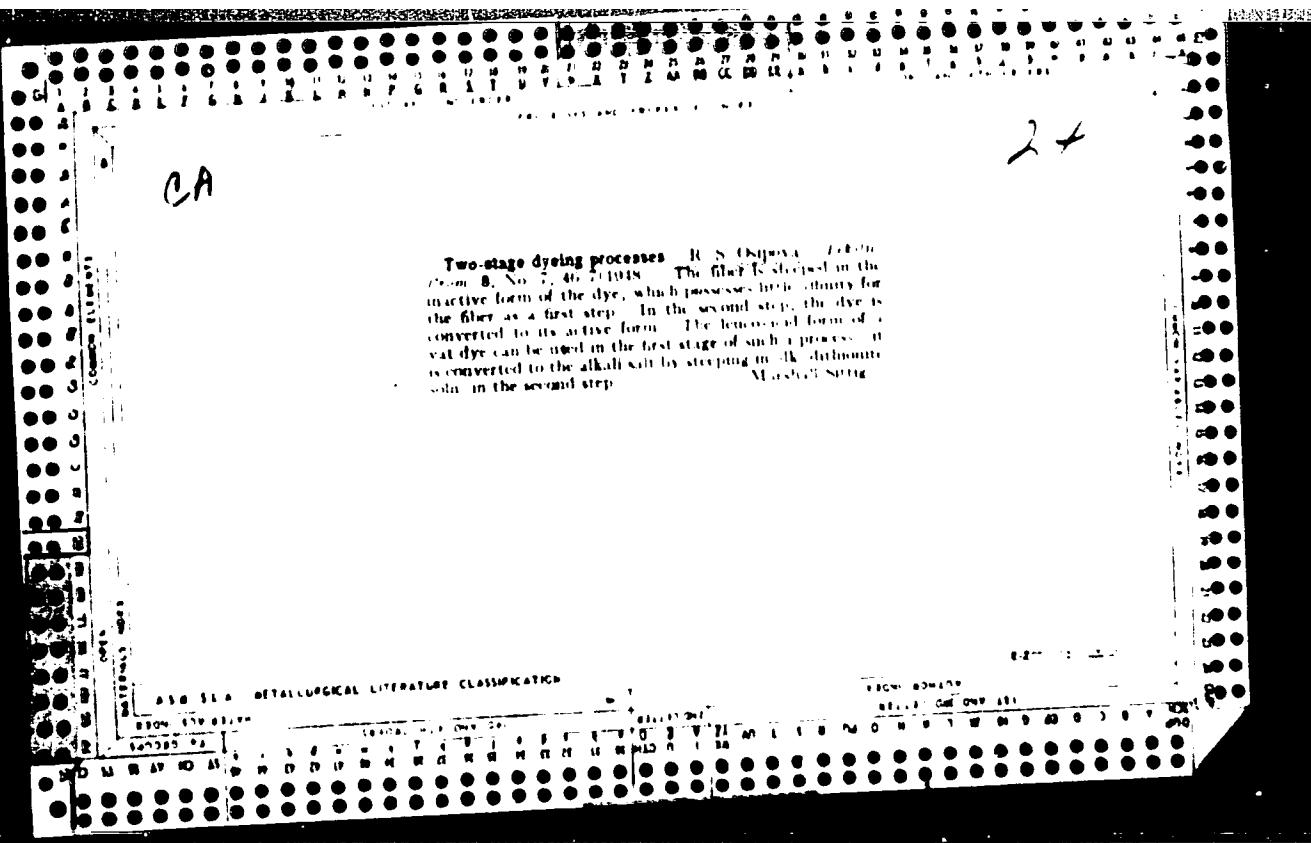
CGIRW, U.S., to the Department of Defense, Central Intelligence Agency, CIA, Washington, D.C., 20501.

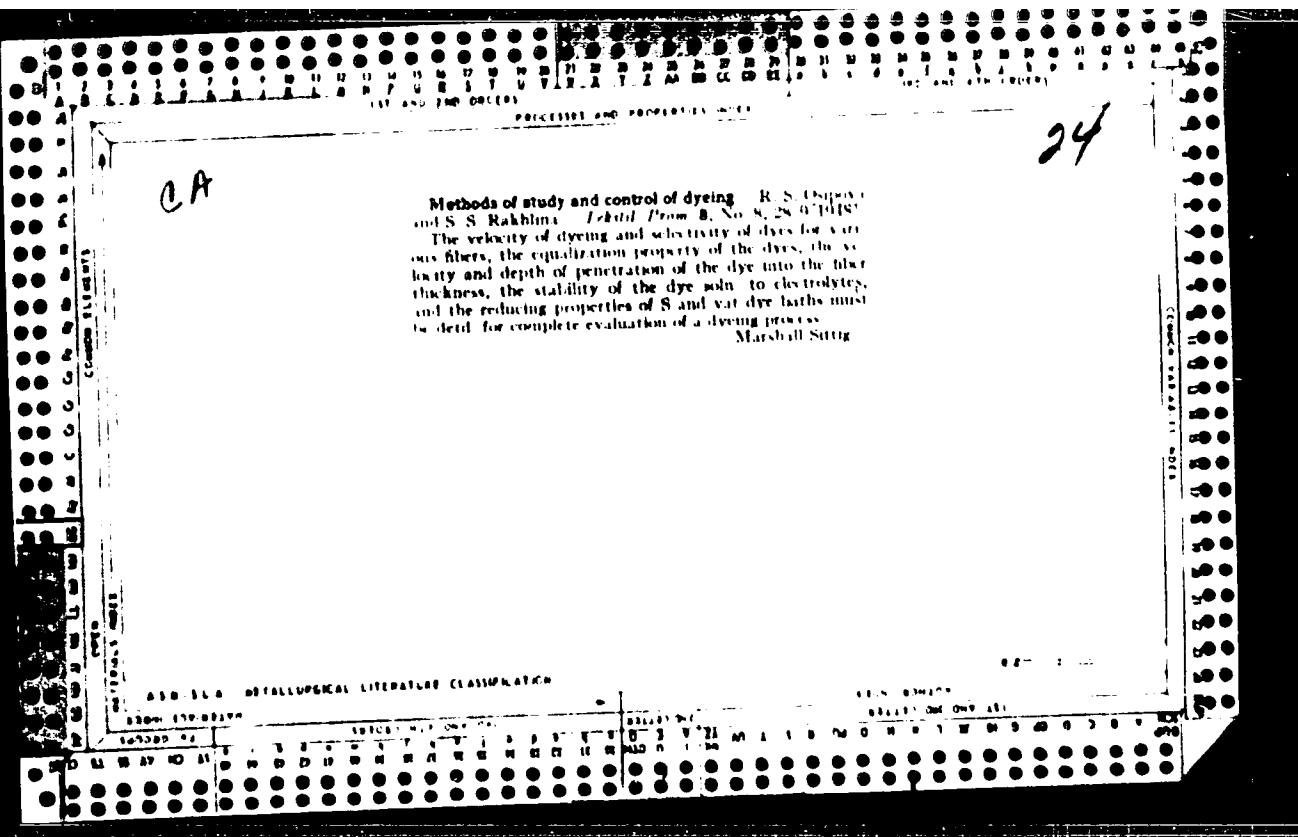
DIA memo dated "May 22, 1986" from "DIA Directorate of Defense Planning and Analysis" to "Directorate of Defense Planning and Analysis".

Re: Yugoslavia/Moscow, USSR, Soviet Union

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238





MIRKA - Tbilisi, USSR; USSR, L.A.

U.S. grain B1, 10 percent ergosterol. MIRKA, 1978, 10000-130
(MIRKA 18:4)
N-0 16..

L. Institut iudicative, vinegrainytni i vinoedlyn Grindley
KRF, Tbilisi.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 2 Vol 12/9 Physiology Sept 59

4460. THE EFFECT OF THE SUBSTANCE WITH THYROIDAL EFFECT (IODATED CASEIN) ON THE COURSE AND THE OUTCOME OF CORAZOL INTOXICATION OF MICE (Russian text) - Osipova S. V. Leningrad Ped. Inst. - BYULL. EKSPER. BIOL. I MED. 1958, 46/10 (69-70) Tables 1

The toxic effects of pentetrazone can be mitigated by preliminary administration of 2:4-dinitrophenol which disturbs phosphorylation processes. Iodinated casein, like other substances which influence the thyroid, disturbs conjugated phosphorylation, but unlike dinitrophenol it has no effect on the toxic action of pentetrazone.

OSIFCVA, S. V.

"Resistance of the Organism to the Combined Effect of Oxygen Starvation and Toxic Suppression of Respirational Phosphorylization in Various Postnatal Stages of Development. (Data on the Question of the Effect of Pharmaceutical Agents Which Disrupt Combined Phosphorylization on the Function of the Reflex Arc.)" Cand Med Sci, Leningrai Pediatric Medical Inst, Leningrai, 1954. (KL, No 1, Jan 55)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (12)
SO: Sum. No. 550, 24 Jun 55

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Growth Physiology.

T

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 15, 1958, No. 69723

Author : Osipova, S. V.

Inst : Not given

Title : Resistance of the Organism to the Combined Action of Oxygen Deficit and Toxic Suppression of Respiratory Phosphorylation at Different Stages of Postnatal Development

Orig Pub : Byul. Eksper, Biol. i Med., 1957, Vol 43, No 3, 50-53

Abstract : The injection of 2,4-dinitrophenol (I), which poisons respiratory phosphorylation, led to a sharp reduction in the resistance of white mice to anoxia produced by withdrawing air from a pressure chamber. In adult mice the effect was seen in doses of one to five gamma per gm, and in mice under four weeks of age it was seen in doses of ten gamma per gm (MLD was 25 gamma per gm). The administra-

Card 1/2

3

BEL'GOVA, I.N.; OSIPOVA, S.V.

Associated effect of poisons blocking the cytochrome system and of poisons inducing disorders of respiratory phosphorylation on resistance of mice to lowered atmospheric pressure [with summary in English]. Biul.eksp.biol. i med. 45 no.1:54-57 Ja '58.
(MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz kafedry farmakologii (zav. - prof. V.M.Kerasik) Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinskogo instituta. Predstavlena deystvitel'-num chlenom AMN SSSR V.V.Zakusovym.

(AZIDES, effects,

sodium azide on resist. of mice of low atmospheric pressure (Rus))

(CYANIDES, effects,

potassium cyanide on resist. of mice to low atmospheric pressure (Rus))

(ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE, effects,

resist. in mice to low pressure after admin. of potassium cyanide & sodium azide (Rus))

OSIPOVA, S.V.

Effect of a thyrotropic substance (iodized casein) on the course and outcome of coreazole intoxication in mice [with summary in English].
Biul.eksp. biol. i med. 46 no.10:69-70 O '58 (MIRA 11:11)

1. Iz kafedry farmakologii Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinsko-
go instituta (zav. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. V.M. Karasik)
Predstavlena deystvitel'nym chlenom AMN SSSR V.N. Chernigovskim.

(AZOLEs, toxicity,
pentylenetetrazole, eff. of iodized casein on course
outcome in mice (Rus))

(IODINE, effects,
iodized casein, on pentylenetetrazole pois, in mice
(Rus))

KARASIK, V.M.; OSIKOVA, S.V.

role of the balance of macroenergy compounds in the activities of the respiratory centers. Biul. eksp. biol. i med. 51 no.4:3-7 Ap '61.
(MIRA 14:8)

1. Iz kafedry farmakologii (zav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR
V.M.Karasik) Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(PHENOLS) (RESPIRATION)

AZOS, S.; AREP'YEV, A.; ARTAMONOV, I.; BABINA, I.; BEREGOVSKIY, V.; BLOZHKO, V.; BRAVERMAN, A.; BYKHOVSKIY, Yu.; VINOGRADOVA, M.; GALANKINA, Ye.; GIL'DENGERSH, P.; GLOBA, T.; GREYVER, N.; GORDON, G.; GUL'DIM, I.; GULIAYEVA, Ye.; GUSHCHINA, I.; DAVYDOVSKAYA, Ye.; DAMSKAYA, O.; DERKACHEV, D.; YEVDOKIMOV, A.; YEGUNOV, V.; ZABELYSHINSKIY, I.; ZAYDENBERG, B.; AZMOSHNIKOV, I.; ITKINA, S.; KARCHEVSKIY, V.; KLUSHIN, D.; KUVINOV, Ye.; KUZNETSOVA, O.; KURSHAKOV, I.; LAKERNIK, M.; LEYZEROVICH, G.; LISOVSKIY, D.; LOSKUTOV, F.; MALBIVSKIY, Yu.; MASLYANITSKIY, I.; MAYANTS, A.; MILLER, L.; MITROFANOV, S.; MIKHAYLOV, A.; MYAKINENKOV, I.; NIKITINA, I.; NOVIN, R.; OGNEV, D.; OL'KHOV, N.; OSPOVA, T.; OSTRONOV, M.; PAKHOMOVA, G.; PETKER, S.; PLAKSIN, I.; PLETENEVA, N.; POPOV, V.; PRESS, Yu.; PROKOF'YEVA, Ye.; PUCHKOV, S.; REZKOVA, F.; RUMYANTSEV, M.; SAKHAROV, I.; SOBOL', S.; SPIVAKOV, Ya.; STRIGIN, I.; SPIRIDONOVA, V.; TIMKO, Ya.; TITOV, S.; TROITSKIY, A.; TSELKONNIKOV, K.; TROFIMOVA, A.; FEDOROV, V.; CHIZHIKOV, D.; SHEYN, Ya.; YUKHTANOV, D.

Roman Lazarevich Veller: an obituary. TSvet. met. '71 no. 5:78-79
Mv '58. (MIRA 11:6)
(Veller, Roman Lazarevich, 1877-1952)

SOV/136 59 "Z" 7/70

AUTHOR: Osipova, T. and Troitskij, A.

TITLE: First Meeting of the Scientific-Technical Society for Non-Ferrous Metallurgy

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnyye metally, 1959, Nr 7, pp 81-84 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A meeting of the scientific-technical society of Non-Ferrous Metallurgy was held in April 1959 at Sverdlovsk. The meeting heard the following reports: A.S. Mikulenko on "Account of the Work of the Central Board of the STS (NTO) for Non-ferrous Metallurgy for 1955-1958 and Tasks for the Society in Connection with the Decisions of the 21st Meeting of the CPSU on the Development of the Economy of the USSR for 1959-1965"; N.A. Grafas on "Report of the Review Committee"; G.V. Davydov on "Rules of the STS for Non-Ferrous Metallurgy". The following contributions were made during discussion of these main reports: L. Ya. Ural'skiy Dzhezkazganskii kombinat (Dzhezkazgan combine) on the work of the Society at the combine and some shortcomings; Ye. S. Shteynberg on the work of the Economics and Labour-organization section; I.N. Epov. Darasunskoye

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First Meeting of the Scientific Technical Society for Non-Ferrous Metallurgy

rudoupravleniye (Barnaul Ore Management) on the work of the Society in his organization; I. F. Bertenev, Chelyabinskii elektrodnnyy zavod (Chelyabinsk Electrode Works) on the role of the Society in training workers; M. F. Bazhenov, Gosplan SSSR (USSR), on the economic importance of saving non-ferrous metals and the role of the Society in promoting this; L.F. Shukhovitskiy Noril'skiy Kombinat (Noril'sk Combine) on a detailed account of the work of the Noril'sk Administration of the Society; V.P. Koryakin Orgbyuro vsesoyuznogo ogranichivushchego izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov (Organizing Bureau of the All Union Society of Inventors and Rationalizers) on the need for greater assistance to inventors and rationalizers; I. A. Strigin, Gosplan of the USSR, on some features of economic plans for 1965-1966 and the important roles of various branches of the non-ferrous metals industry and the Society; M.A. Sereinov Institut metallurgii i obogashcheniya AN, Kaz. SSR (Metallurgy and Beneficiation Institute of the AS Kaz SSR) on the lack of adequate liaison between the Society

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