

IVANOV, A.G.; MINEYEV, V.N.; NOVITSKIY, Ye.Z.; YANOV, V.A.; BFZRUKOV, G.I.

Anomalous polarization of sodium chloride under shock loading.  
Pis'. v red. Zhur. eksper. i teoret. fiz. 2 no.8:353-356 0 '65.  
(MIRA 18:12)

1. Submitted August 2, 1965.

NOVMANOV, S. (Rasgrad)

New mathematical problems. Problem 4. Mat i fiz Bulg 5 no.2:51 Mr-Ap  
'62

NOVNYK, N. G.

42102 NOVNYK, N. G. Nekot nekotoryesovremennye elektrometricheskiye-rodykontrolya-proievodstva. Polyarogmetodkhim. Analiea iampero-metrictitrovanie analiea iantsero-metrich. Tntrovahiel. Vso: Opyt novatorov mashinostroehiya kuibyshev. 1948. S. 178-81:--Bibliogr: 6 Naev.

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 47, 1948

NOVOTBAT ZK K. F.

Nosobátzky, K. F. Mehrkörperproblem in der Quanten-  
theorie. *Mat. Fiz. Lapid* 48: 352-353 (1911). Hun-  
garian. (German summary)

Im Rahmen einer allgemeinen Besprechung des quanten-  
theoretischen Mehrkörperproblems werden die Schwierig-  
keiten, mit denen die Quantelung des elektromagnetischen  
Feldes behaftet ist, durch Einführung eines quantigen  
Oscillatorpotentials beseitigt. Im Sinne einer partiellen  
Deutung der Heisenbergschen Unschärferelation wird  
auch das elektrodynamische Selbstpotential der geladenen  
Teilchen ausgemittelt, woraus sich ein klassisch singulari-  
tärester Hamiltonoperator für die Mehrkörperdynamik ergibt.  
(Author's summary)

Source: Mathematical Reviews.

Vol. 5, No. 5

NOVOBATZKY, K. F.

1000

Novobátzky, K. F. Einheitliche Feldtheorie in vier Dimensionen. *Hungarica Acta Physica* 1, no. 5, 1-6 (1944)

The author defines a parallel displacement in a Riemannian 4-space by the relation

$$d\epsilon^a = -\Gamma^a_{bc} dx^b \epsilon^c + F^a_b dx^b$$

where  $\Gamma^a_{bc}$  is the Christoffel symbol and  $F_a$  is an anti-symmetric tensor and  $d\epsilon^a$  is the distance  $\epsilon^a$  in  $d = \int \sqrt{g_{ab}} dx^a dx^b$  ( $= \int \sqrt{g} dx^1 dx^2 dx^3 dx^4$ ). He then shows that the difference of two parallel vector fields will be independent of the point at which the comparison is made if  $d_{11a} + d_{22a} = 0$ . This requires an ordering of points in space-time which he proposes to set up in terms of the values of four algebraic invariants built up from  $F_{ab}$  and the vector potential  $\phi_a$ . It is pointed out that the Maxwell-Lorentz ponderomotive force equations may be expressed in terms of this parallelism. However, the author does not interpret the constant  $\epsilon$  in equations (1) and (2) or does he discuss the field equations.

Source: Mathematical Review

CA

2

The gas theory of J. Váncor. Károly F. Novobátzky  
(Univ. Budapest). *Magyar Kém. Folyóirat* 56, 261-7  
(1950).—The gas theory of J. Váncor (*C.A.* 46, 8134) is  
discussed and its validity questioned on the basis of  
thermodynamic equations. István Fiala

NOVOBATEZKY, K. F.

3

Novobatzky, K. F. Das klassische Modell der Quanten-  
mechanik. Z. Phys. (6) 9, 406-412 (1951)

The Lagrangian describing an ensemble of classical particles, the author takes as independent variables the principal function  $S$ , the square root  $A$  of the particle density, and the potential  $V$ . An  $A$ -dependent term shows that the equations of motion are the continuity equation and the Schrödinger equation.

According to the latter then corresponds to the motion in an effective potential

$$E = V - [A^2/2m][\nabla^2 S + A]$$

See also Bohm, Physical Rev. (2) 85, 166-179, 180-193 (1952);  
ibid. 13, 709, 710]. H. C. Corben (Genoa).

Mathematical Reviews, Vol. 13, No. 8

NOVOBATZKY, K.F.

Statistical derivation of the quantized energy of radiation and gas.  
In German. Acta phys.Hung. 10 no.4:407-419 '59. (EPAI 9:4)

1. Physikalisches Institut der Roland Eotvos Universitat, Budapest.  
(Radiation) (Gases) (Quantum statistics)



NOVOBATZKY, Karoly, akademikus (Budapest)

Remarks made at the 7th Party Congress. *Magy.tud.* 66 no.12:627-630  
D '59. (EFAI 9:4)  
(Hungary--Communist Party) (Hungarian Academy of Sciences)

HOVOBATZKY, Karoly, akademikus (Budapest)

To the memory of a great physicist. *Magy.tud.* 66 no.11:561-563  
N '59. (HAI 9:4)

1. Magyar Tudományos Akademia, Budapest.  
(Joliot, Frederic) (Physicists, French)

NOVOHATKY, Karoly

Inertia and gravitation; a lecture delivered on the 325th anniversary of the existence of the Lorand Eotvos University. Fiz szemle 10 no.9: 259-261 S '60.

1. Eotvos Lorand Tudományegyetem Elmeleti Fizikai Intézete, Budapest.

NOVOBÁTZKY, Karoly, akademikus (Budapest)

Lenin, and the natural sciences. *Magy tud* 67 no.5/6:327-332 Ky-Je '60.  
(EKAI 9:9)

(Lenin, Vladimir Il'ich)  
(Natural history)

NOVOBATZKY, Karoly

Inertia and gravitation; a lecture delivered on the occasion of the 325th anniversary of the existence of Lorand Eotvos University. Fiz szemle 10 no.9:259-261S '61.

1. Eotvos Lorand Tudományegyetem Elmeleti Fizikai Intézete, Budapest.

NOVORATZKY, Karoly

Commemorative address on Niels Bohr. Fiz szemle 13 no.4:99-101 Ap  
'63.

1. Eotvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Elméleti Fizikai Intezete.

NOVOBATZKY, Karoly

Galileo Galilei, 1564-1642. Fiz szemle 14 no.6:163-166 Je '64.

1. Institute of Theoretical Physics, Lorand Eotvos University,  
Budapest.

DVORAK, Josef, dr. (Usti nad Labem, Revolucni 86, Czechoslovakia);  
NOVOBILSKY, Vlastimil (Usti nad Labem, Revolucni 86,  
Czechoslovakia)

Data on the influence of organic solvents on the temperature  
of flame. Acta chimica Hung 30 no.3:365-373 '62.

1. Forschungsinstitut fur anorganische Chemie, Usti nad  
Labem.



1  
KOSSLER I.; NOVOBILSKY, V. CSSE

Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague,  
and Dept. of Physical Chemistry, Charles University, Prague (for both)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications, No 3, 1963,  
pp 578-584.

"Ultrasonic Degradation of Polychloroprene Aged in Air"

(2)

S/035/60/000/006/005/038/  
A001/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Astronomiya i Geodeziya, 1960, No. 6,  
p. 18, # 4995

AUTHOR: Novoborskaya, L. ✓

TITLE: Observations of the Comet Mrkos, 1957d ✓

PERIODICAL: Astron. tsirkulyar, 1959, sent. 4, No. 204, pp. 5-6

TEXT: The comet was photographed by means of an astrograph of the GAO  
(Main Astronomical Observatory AS UkrSSR (D = 40 cm, F = 5.5 cm) in August, 1957.  
The plates were measured on the KIM-3 (KIM-3) measuring machine, processing was  
performed by Kayser's method. Five comet positions and a list of fundamental  
stars are given.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian  
abstract.

Card 1/1

BOGHEKAROV, B.I., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; ~~NOVORRANTSIN, F.K.,~~  
kand. tekh. nauk.

Surface ensilage of feeds. Zhivotnovodstvo 20 no.6:39-44 Jo '58.  
(Masilage) (MIRA 11:6)

NOVOBRANTSEV, F.K., kand.tekhn.nauk

The completely mechanized swine farm. Zhivotnovodstvo 21 no.2:81-84  
F '59. (MIRA 12:3)

(Swine houses and equipment)

NOVOBRANTSEV, F.K., kand. tekhn. nauk

New machinery for feed preparation. Zhivotnovodstvo 21 no.11:61-66  
N '59 (MIRA 13:3)

(Feed mills)

NOVOBRANTSEV, E.K., kand. tekhn. nauk; CHICHEV, Yu.I., red.;  
OKOLELOVA, Z.P., tekhn. red.

[Mechanization on swine farms] Mekhanizatsiia na svino-  
vodcheskikh fermakh. Moskva, Sel'khozizdat, 1963. 142 p.  
(MIRA 17:3)

S/056/62/043/003/028/063  
B102/B104

AUTHORS: Veklenko, B. A., Novobrantsev, I. V.

TITLE: Single-electron approximation in collision theory

PERIODICALS: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 43,  
no. 3(9), 1962, 919-926

TEXT: Since the single-electron approximation is of no value in variational calculations many authors have abandoned it (Proc. Roy. Soc. A205, 483, 1951; A241, 522, 1957; Phys. Rev. 108, 716, 1957; 119, 1283, 1960). The present authors now prove its applicability for studying electron-atom collisions and show that this approximation can be of great use in calculations of electron scattering from many-electron atoms when the wave function of the system depends on many variables. This is demonstrated in the example of an infinitely slow electron colliding with an N-electronic atom. Exchange and polarization effects are taken into account. The equation obtained for the energy of the system agrees with the classical Hartree-Fock equation for bound electrons. As a concrete problem, the scattering of a zero-energy electron from a hydrogen atom is calculated.

Card 1/2

√B

Single-electron approximation in ...

S/056/62/043/003/028/063  
B102/B104

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut (Moscow Institute of  
Power Engineering)

SUBMITTED: March 15, 1962

Card 2/2



MIKHIN, Yu.I.; VIRGIL'YEV, Yu.S.; NOVOBRATSKAYA, I.F.

Considering the texturing of a specimen in analyzing the intensity of the diffraction image from graphite carbon materials. *Konstr. uglegraf. mat.* no.1:274-280 '64.

Determining the specific weight of carbon graphite materials by the method of X-ray weakening. *Ibid.*:291-295 (MIRA 17:11)

S/182/61/000/011/002/005  
D038/D113

AUTHORS: Novobratskiy, R. L., Seredin, P. I. and Tyurin, N. N.

TITLE: Production of forged rods with improved mechanical properties from titanium alloys

PERIODICAL: Kuznechno-shtampovochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 11, 1961, 12-15

TEXT: The effect of the deformation stage on the mechanical properties of forged rods was studied. The rods were extruded from BT5 (VT5) and BT3-1 (VT3-1) titanium alloys listed in Table 1. Forgings were cast in vacuum arc furnaces in 2 meltings, and heated in a fuel oil furnace with a mild oxidizing atmosphere. VT5 titanium alloy specimens were annealed at  $750 \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ , aged for 2 hours, and cooled in air. VT3-1 titanium alloy specimens were homogenized at  $870 \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ , aged for 2 hours, cooled to  $650^{\circ}\text{C}$  in a furnace, aged for 1 hour at  $650^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and cooled in air. It is stated that the degree of deformation for the VT5 titanium alloy was zero at  $1020^{\circ}\text{C}$  and for the VT3-1 titanium alloy zero at  $1030^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The annealed and un-annealed specimens underwent tensile and impact tests. The authors conclude that (1) by increasing the degree of deformation after the last heating, the plasticity

Card 1/2

S/182/61/000/011/002/005  
D038/D113

Production of forged rods ...

and strength of the forged rods can be raised with a corresponding structural change in the metal; (2) to bring the mechanical properties of the rods to the suitable **TY** (TU) specifications by forging, the following degree of deformation should be used after the last heating - 60-70% for the VT5 titanium alloy, and 50-60% for the VT3-1 titanium alloy; (3) the new forging process improved the metal quality, and reduces rejects. N. N. Averkina and A. A. Petrova took part in the laboratory tests. There are 6 figures, 3 tables and 2 Soviet-bloc references. ✓

Table 1. VT5 and VT3-1 Titanium alloys

Alloy	Ti	Al	Cr	Mo	Fe	Si	C	N	H
VT5	Base	5.23	-	-	0.11	0.05	0.047	0.011	0.006
VT3-1	Base	6.16	2.17	2.61	0.58	0.06	0.040	0.031	0.006

Card 2/2

NOVOBYTOV, A.

Atomic dirigible. Grazhd. av. 21 no.10:28 0 '64.

(MIRA 18:3)

ACC NR: AR6036138 (AV) SOURCE CODE: UR/0398/66/000/010/A059/A059

**AUTHOR:** Kozyrchuk, L. R.; Novochadov, P. V.

**TITLE:** Equipment, insulation water-repellent covers, and deck sheathing in refrigerator holds on board ships of the fishing industry fleet

**SOURCE:** Ref. zh. Vodnyy transport, Abs. 10A497

**REF SOURCE:** Sb. Rybolovn. flot. T. 2. L., Sudostroyeniye, 1965, 158-164

**TOPIC TAGS:** refrigeration, fishing ship, insulating material

**ABSTRACT:** Conditions of storage and transportation of fish and its products in refrigerated holds are examined. To assure the correct temperature conditions in holds it is recommended to keep air spaces between the insulation material and the cargo. This can be accomplished with bars and movable gratings made of wood, light alloys, or plastics. A brief description is given of the hold machinery most widely used on vessels of the fishing industry and of initial conditions of calculation and designing of heat insulation, taking into consideration additional requirements with regard to shipboard insulation materials and insulation design. The merits,

Card 1/2

UDC: 629.12.06:621.56

ALEKSEYEV, Aleksey Nikolayevich; GEORGIYEV, Oleg Georgiyevich;  
ROMANOVA, G.I., otv. za vyp.; NOVOCHADOVA, L.A., red.;  
RAKITIN, I.T., tekhn. red.

[Medicobiological problems of space flights; materials  
for a lecture] Mediko-biologicheskie problemy poletov v  
kosmos; material k leksii. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie,"  
1962. 48 p. (MIRA 17:3)

\*

NOVOCHADOVA, N.V.

Contours of hydrogen lines for stars of early spectral classes.  
Uch.sap.Len.un. no.153:105-113 '52. (MIRA 8:6)  
(Stars--Spectra)

DOMBROVSKIY, V.A.; NOVOCHADOVA, N.V.

Polarization of the light of certain stars Cephei and Lacertae.  
Vest. LGU 8 no.2:37-46 F '53. (MIRA 12:7)  
(Stars) (Polarization (Light))



112-57-7-14298

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika, 1957, Nr 7, p 77 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Novod, F., and Pobul, G.

TITLE: Closed-Mesh Distribution Networks in the Estonian SSR (K voprosu o raspredelitel'nykh setyakh po zamknutoy skheme v ESSR), (Electrienergia jaotamise segasusteemi rakendamise voimalustest Eesti NSV-s)

PERIODICAL: Sots. pollumajandus, 1956, Nr 8, pp 23-25

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry.

Card 1/1

NOVODED, N. P., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Chlorophos for controlling the shield bug *Eurygaster integriceps*. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 6 no.6:31  
'61. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Ukrainskiy institut zashchity rasteniy, Kiyev.

(Chlorophos) (Eurygasters--Extermination)

NOVOD, F.

Determination of the fundamental parameters of units for series  
compensation. Izv. AN Est. SSR. Ser. fiz.-mat. i tekhn. nauk no. 4:  
403-409 '64. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Institut termofiziki i elektrofiziki AN Estonskoy SSR.

NOVODED, N.F., nauchnyy sotrudnik

"Khlorofos" insecticide. Nauka i zhizn' 28, no.1:77-78 Ja '61.  
(MIRA 14:1)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zashchity rasteniy,  
Kiyev.

(Insecticides)

NOVODED, M.F.

What the control has shown. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 8 no.12:  
17-18 D '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Glavnyy agronom "Ukrsel'khoztekhniki" po yadokhimikatom.

BONDIN, V.P.; SVECHNIKOV, I.D.; CHIGAREV, G.A.; PANAFIDIN, K.A.; MEZIN,  
A.F.; KUDEL', K.A., kand.biolog.nauk (Kiyev); NOVODED, W.F.,  
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik (Kiyev) <sup>N</sup>

Mist spraying against the Colorado beetle. Zashch.rast.ot vrod.1  
bol. 7 no.6:50-53 Je '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Grazh-  
danskogo vozdushnogo flota, Vsesoyuznyy institut zashchity rasteniy  
i Ministerstvo sel'skogo khozyaystva Belorusskoy SSR (for Bondin,  
Svechnikov, Chigarev, Panafidin, Mezin). 2. Ukrainskiy institut  
zashchity rasteniy (for Novoded).  
(Potato beetle) (Spraying and dusting)

NOVODELOV, G.

Fighting steppe fires. Pzh. delo 4 no.1:17-20 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Nachal'nik otdela Upravleniya pozharney okhrany Kazakhskoy SSR.  
(Fire extinction) (Steppes)

~~NOVODENSKIY, Valeriy Vladimirovich; MARCHENKO, Aleksandr Afanas'yevich;~~  
LEBEDEV, Aleksandr Sergeyevich; KURYSHEV, Viktor Vasil'yevich;  
APIRIN, B.S., inzhener, redaktor; UDAL'TSOV, A.N., glavnyy  
redaktor

[Semiautomatic device for milling spiral grooves on rollers.  
Semiautomatic device for machining both faces. Device for machining  
slits in threaded stoppers. Device for milling casings] Polnavtomat  
dlya frezerovaniia spiral'nykh kanavok na valikakh. Polnavtomat dlya  
frezerovaniia dvukh tortsov. Prispoblenie dlya frezerovaniia  
shlitsev v rez'bovykh probkakh. Prispoblenie dlya frezerovaniia  
koshukha. Moskva, 1956. 17 p. (Peredovoi proizvodstvenno-tekhnicheskii  
opyt. Ser. 11, Frezernye i zuboreznye raboty. No.T-56-188/4)  
(MIRA 10:9)

1. Moscow. Institut tekhniko-ekonomicheskoy informatsii  
(Machine tools--Attachments)



NOVODERZHNIK, P. I.

SERGEYEV, M.Ye., professor; PALLADOV, S.S., dotsent; ~~NOVODERZHNIK, P.I., dotsent~~; KIRYUKHIN, T.F., dotsent; ~~TSEBIVITINOV, B.F., dotsent~~; GURVICH, B.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; ANDRUSEVICH, D.A., st. преподаvatel'; GRANOVSKAYA, I.Ye., redaktor.

[Science of industrial wares] Tovarovedenie promyshlennykh tovarov. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo torgovoi lit-ry. Vol. 2. 1954. 663 p. (MLRA 7:8)  
(Manufactures)

NOVODEREZHKIN, R.I.

NOVODEREZHKIN, R.I., kand. tekhn. nauk.

Reflection of visible and ultraviolet light from the surface of white  
knit goods. Leg. prom. 16 no.8:35-38 Ag '56. (MIRA 10:12)  
(Knit goods) (Reflection (Optics))

NOVODEREZHKIN, P. I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk (g. L'vov)

Transmission of ultraviolet rays through packaging materials. Sov.  
torg. no.9:53 S '57. (MLRA 10:8)  
(Ultraviolet rays) (Packaging)

KISELEV, Vasily Stepanovich; SHCHEGLOV, Lev Mikhaylovich; ARKHANGEL'SKIY, N.A., prof., red.; KALLIGA, G.P., dotsent, retsenzent; YEGORKIN, N.I., prof., retsenzent; DAVANEDV, A.V., dotsent, retsenzent; NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., dotsent, retsenzent; KUTYANIN, G.I., prof., retsenzent; BULGAKOV, N.V., prof., retsenzent; BORISOVA, G.A., red.; MEDRISH, D.M., tekhn.red.

[Articles made from silicates, plastics and chemical industry products] Tovary silikatnye, iz plasticheskikh mass i khimiko-moskatel'nye. Pod red. N.A. Arkhangel'skogo. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo torg. lit-ry, 1958. 320 p. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Kafedra tovarovedeniya promptovarov Vsesoyuznogo zaochnogo instituta sovetskoy torgovli (for Bulgakov).  
(Glassware) (Plastics) (Pottery)

NOVODEREZHIN, P.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; LEGKUN, Ya.A., inzh.

Effect of the light and atmospheric conditions on knit goods  
made of lustrous and mat viscose silk: Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; tekhn.  
leg.prom. no.4:134-138 '58. (MIRA 11:12)  
(Synthetic fabrics--Testing)

**NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., kand. tekhn. nauk.**

Passing of ultraviolet and blue-violet rays through dry and wet  
knit fabrics. Izv.vys. ucheb. zav.; tekhn. leg. prom. no.4:139-147  
'58. (MIRA 11:12)

L'L'vovskiy torгово-ekonomicheskii institut.  
(Knit goods--Testing) (Ultraviolet rays)

NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, dots.

Changes in optical properties of knitted cotton fabrics caused by  
bleaching. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; tekhn.log.prom. no.6:68-74 '58.  
(MIRA 12:4)

1. L'vovskiy torгово-ekonomicheskii institut.  
(Knit goods--Testing)

NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., kand. tekhn. nauk.

Comparative evaluation of the penetration of ultraviolet and  
visible rays through white knit goods. Leg. prom. 18 no.2:21-23  
P '58. (MIRA 11:2)  
(Knit goods) (Ultraviolet rays--Physiological effect)



NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Permeability of silk fabrics to ultraviolet and blue violet  
rays. Tekst. prom. 18 no.9:51-53 S '58. (MIRA 11:10)  
(Silk--Testing)

NOVODERZHKIN, Petr Ivanovich; PALLADOV, S.S.; TER-OVAKIMYAN, I.A.;  
~~ARKHANGEL'SKIY, N.A., red.~~

[Clothing and knit goods] Tovary shveinye i trikotazhnye.  
Moskva, Gos.izd-vo terg.lit-ry, 1959. 344 p. (MIRA 13:6)  
(Knit goods) (Clothing and dress)

NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I.

Changes in the luster of artificial fibers. Izv.vys.ucheb.  
zav.; tekhn.tekhn.prom. no.4:32-38 '59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. L'vovskiy torgovo-ekonomicheskiy institut.  
(Textile fibers, Synthetic--Optical properties)

NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent

Using the method of spectral light reflection for comparative evaluation of the dyeability of knit fabrics made of mat and lustrous rayon. Izv.vys.ucheb.sav.; tekhn.log.prom. no.3:67-74 '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. L'vovskiy torgovo-ekonomicheskii institut. Rekomendovana otchetnoy nauchnoy konferentsiyey professorsko-prepodavatel'skogo sostava.

(Dyess and dyeing--Rayon)

NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk

Using optical methods for the analysis of synthetic fibers. Tekst.  
prom. 21 no.1:43-47 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:3)  
(Synthetic fibers--Testing) (Polarization(Light))

FUGACHEVSKIY, G.F., aspirant; NOVODEREZHKIN, P.I., prof.

System for sun exposure test of textile fabrics. Tekst. prom.  
24 no.9:60-61 S '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra tovarovedeniya promyshlennykh tovarov L'vovskogo  
torgovo-ekonomicheskogo instituta.

38996

S/096/62/000/007/001/002  
E191/E435

26.2120

AUTHORS: Sherstyuk, A.N., Candidate of Technical Sciences  
Novoderezhkin, V.P., Engineer

TITLE: Contribution to the determination of velocities in an axial turbo-machine, taking into account the curvature of the streamlines in the axial cross-section

PERIODICAL: Teploenergetika, no.7, 1962, 50-53

TEXT: The problem has been solved in principle but the solution is laborious, requiring 2 sets of approximations. In the first approximation, the axial velocity components are determined from the given tangential components, ignoring the curvature of the streamlines in the axial cross-section. The continuity equations then yield the streamlines and their curvature. From this curvature, another approximation of the axial components is obtained. NASA Report No.955, 1950, contains an approximate formula for obtaining the second approximation streamlines from the first so that a third approximation is unnecessary, but the computations remain laborious. H. Petermann ("Konstruktion", 1, 1956) has given an approximate solution dispensing with  
Card 1/3

Contribution to the determination ... S/096/62/000/007/001/002  
E191/E435

computed with and without consideration of streamline distortion,  
are compared. There are 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut  
(Moscow Power Engineering Institute)

Card 3/3

ACC NR: AP6033475

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/018/0061/0061

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001237520004-

INVENTOR: Novoderezhkin, V. V.; Kolobova, V. I.; Manoil, G. I.; Porshtnyakova, Z. S.;  
Pucheglazova, I. I.; Izralleva, E. S.

ORG: none

TITLE: Method of producing positive electrodes of dry-charged lead-acid storage  
batteries. Class 21, No. 185989

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 18, 1966, 61

TOPIC TAGS: storage battery, battery component, positive electrode, lead oxide,  
electrode design

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a method of producing positive  
electrodes by pasting, drying, forming, neutralizing the acid, and hot-air drying  
them in multizone continuous-motion dryers. To simplify production technology, the  
acid is neutralized during the drying process by lead oxide contained in the active  
material. Drying takes place at a temperature up to 200C, with relative air  
humidity not over 30%, and with 5-6 m/sec air velocity for 15 to 20 min. Air tem-  
perature is then reduced to 100C-120C, and the process is maintained at this  
temperature for 5 to 7 minutes.

SUB CODE: 10/ SUBM DATE: 08May65/

Card 1/1

UDC: 621.3.035.23:66.047.3



FUKS, D.A., inzh.; NOVODEREZHKIN, V.V., inzh.; SHEYNINA, F.B., inzh.;  
IZRAILEVA, E.S.; DUROV, V.P., inzh.

New method for using storage batteries in electric power stations  
and substations. Energetik 12 no.7:27-29 J1 '64. (MIRA 17:9)

DASOYAN, Martin Avetisovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; NOYODEREZHKIN,  
Vladimir Vasil'yevich, inzh.; TOMASHEVSKIY, Fedor Feliksovich,  
inzh.; SOROKINA, M.I., red.

[Manufacture of storage batteries] Proizvodstvo elektriche-  
skikh akkumulatorov. Moskva, Vysshaia shkola, 1965. 411 p.  
(MIRA 18:6)

NOVODEREZHKINA, L. N.

"Innervation of an Artery." Thesis for degree of Cand. Medical Sci. Sub 13  
Nov 50, First Moscow Order of Lenin Medical Inst

Summary 71, 4 Sep 52, Dissertations Presented for Degrees in Science and Engineering  
in Moscow in 1950. From Vechernyaya Moskva, Jan-Dec 1950

NOVODEREZHKINA, L.N.

Age-related morphology of the motor nerve end of the masseter and facial muscles in rabbits. Trudy SMI 15. - 1964  
(IRA 1987)

1. Iz kafedry normal'noy anatomii (zav. - prof. I.A. Skangina)  
Smolenskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta.

NOVODERZHINA, Yu.G.

Effect of trace elements in increasing the vitamin C activity  
of tomatoes. *Fiziol.rast.* 7 no.1:121-123 '60.  
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Department of Hygiene, Rostov-on-Don State Medical  
Institute.  
(Trace elements) (Tomatoes) (Ascorbic acid)

NOVODERZHINA, Yu.G.

Vitamin C activity in tomatoes. Vop.pit. 19 no.1:90 Ja-F '60.  
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Iz kafedry obshchey gigiyeny (zav. - prof. L.G. Zhitomirskiy)  
Rostovskogo-na-Donu meditsinskogo instituta.

(VITAMIN C)  
(VEGETABLES chemistry)

NOVODERZHINA, Yu.G., kand.med.nauk; SMIRNOVA, V.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Using chemobacteriological methods for decontaminating and processing  
refuse. Sbor.nauch.trud.RNI AKKH no.3:68-75 '83. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Ispolnyayushchiy obyazannosti zaveduyushchego khimiko-bakterio-  
logicheskoy laboratoriyey Rostovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo  
instituta Akademii kommunal'nogo khozyaystva (for Novoderzhkina).

NOVODERZHEKIN, A., inzhener; GRINBLAT, A., inzhener.

Readers' comments on D.N.Gavrichenkov's pamphlet "Utilization of the productive capacity of the grain milling industry." Muk.-elev.prom. 20 no.9:31 S '54. (MLBA 7:12)

1. Rostovskiy trest Glavmuki (for Novodershkin).
2. Voronezhskiy trest Glavmuki (for Grinblat).  
(Grain milling) (Gavrichenkov, D.N.)



NOVODERZHKIN, A.; ZIL'BERING, M.

Raising the level of economic work as an important condition for  
a further upsurge of production. *Muk.-elev. prom.* 29 no.12:8-9  
D '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Nachal'nik planovo-finansovogo otdela Rostovskogo upravleniya  
khleboproduktov (for Novoderzhkin). 2. Glavnyy bukhgalter  
Bel'tskogo kombinata khleboproduktov No.3 (for Zil'bering).

POLTAVSKAYA, I.A., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; ZHELDAKOVA, G.G.;  
NOVODERZHINA, Yu.G.

Effect of organic-mineral fertilizers and the AMB bacterial  
preparation on the growth and development of woody plants.  
Agrobiologiya no.5:736-739 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Rostovskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Akademii kom-  
munal'nogo khozyaystva.  
(Woody plants--Fertilizers and ~~measures~~)

NOVODEVICHENSKIY, A.

Machine for reconditioning supporting surfaces of an anvil block.  
Mashinostroitel' no.3:10 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:4)

AVDEYEVA, T.I.; NOVOLODSKAYA, A.A.

Interaction of sodium and potassium aluminosilicates  $R_2O \cdot Al_2O_3 \cdot 2SiO_2$  with calcium carbonate at temperatures of sintering.  
Izv. SO AN SSSR no. 7 Ser. khim. nauk no. 2:82-88 '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Khimiko metallurgicheskiiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR, Nevosibirsk.



1ST AND 2ND DEGREE      1ST AND 2ND DEGREE

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

Common Elements

Common Valences

OPEN

MATERIALS INDEX

Common Elements

Common Valences

2

The adsorption of vapors of ethyl alcohol, water and benzene by hydrous gels of aluminum, iron and magnesium. Ye. K. Zhuravskiy. *Uchenye Zapiski Leningrad. Gosudarst. Univ. Ser. Khim. Nauk. Ser. 5*, 101-20(1958)

The hydrous gels of Fe, Al and Mg were obtained by pptn. from weak aq. solns. with NH<sub>3</sub>. The gels were slowly dried by slowly raising the temp. The adsorption ability of Al and of Fe gels with respect to the vapors of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH, H<sub>2</sub>O and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> was smaller than for gels prepd. by other methods. The Fe gel adsorbs water only slightly, but C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> readily. The adsorption ability of MgO gel is great with respect to org. liquid vapors although smaller than those of Al and Fe. In Al gel investigations the crystal forms ( $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , etc.) were carefully detd. The expts. showed that vapor adsorption by gels obeys the theory of potential adsorption rather than that of capillary condensation. Thirty-seven references. W. R. Hess

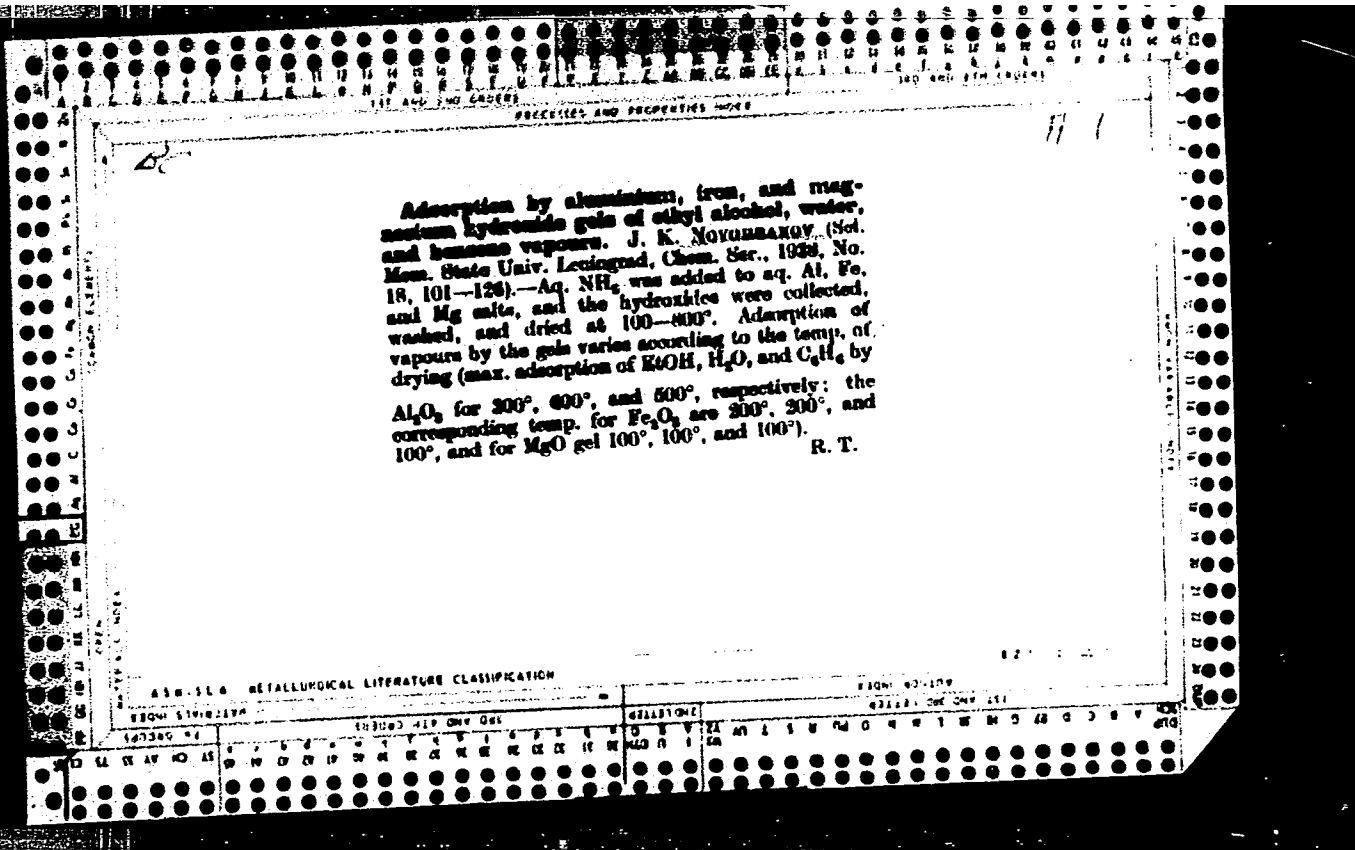
63M-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

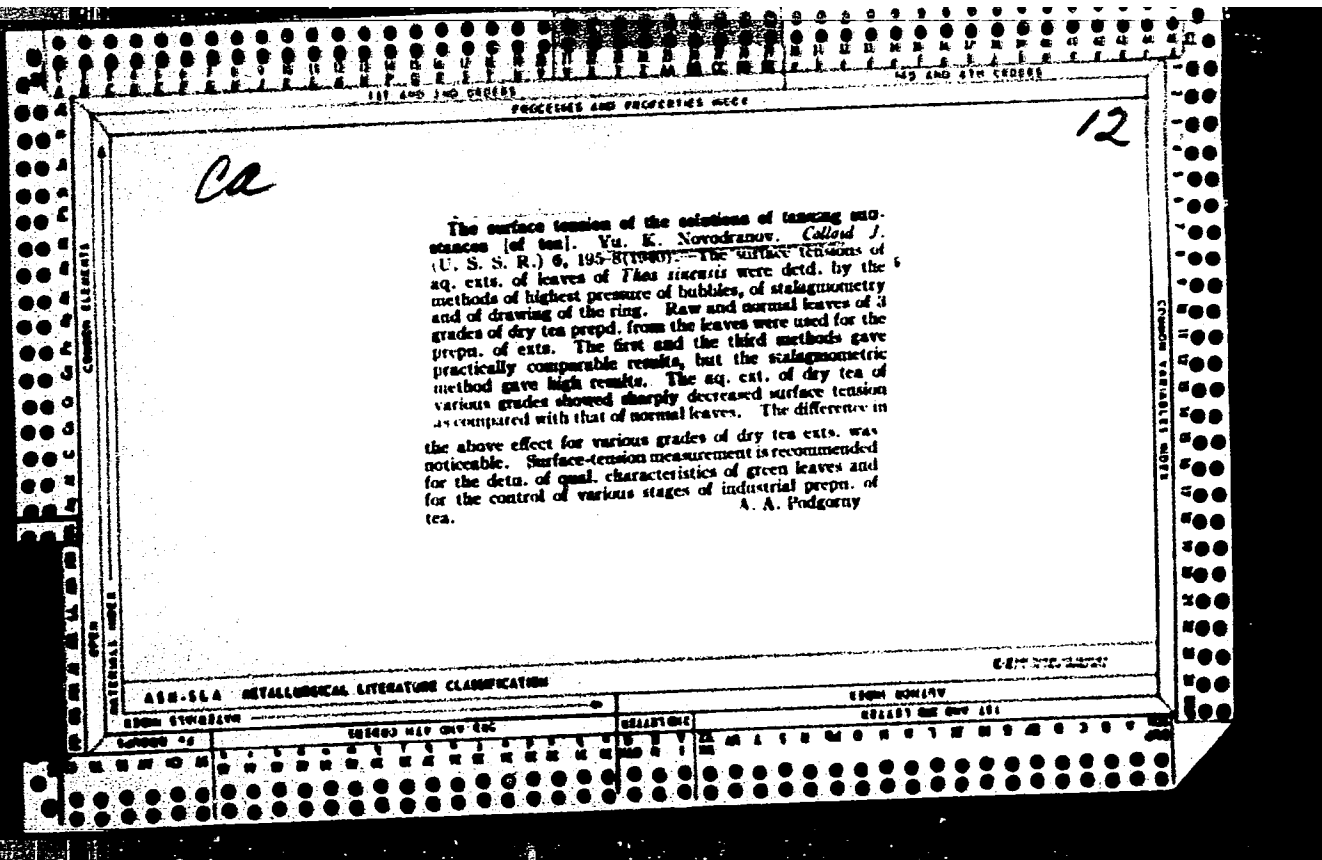
EDMHI 510510V

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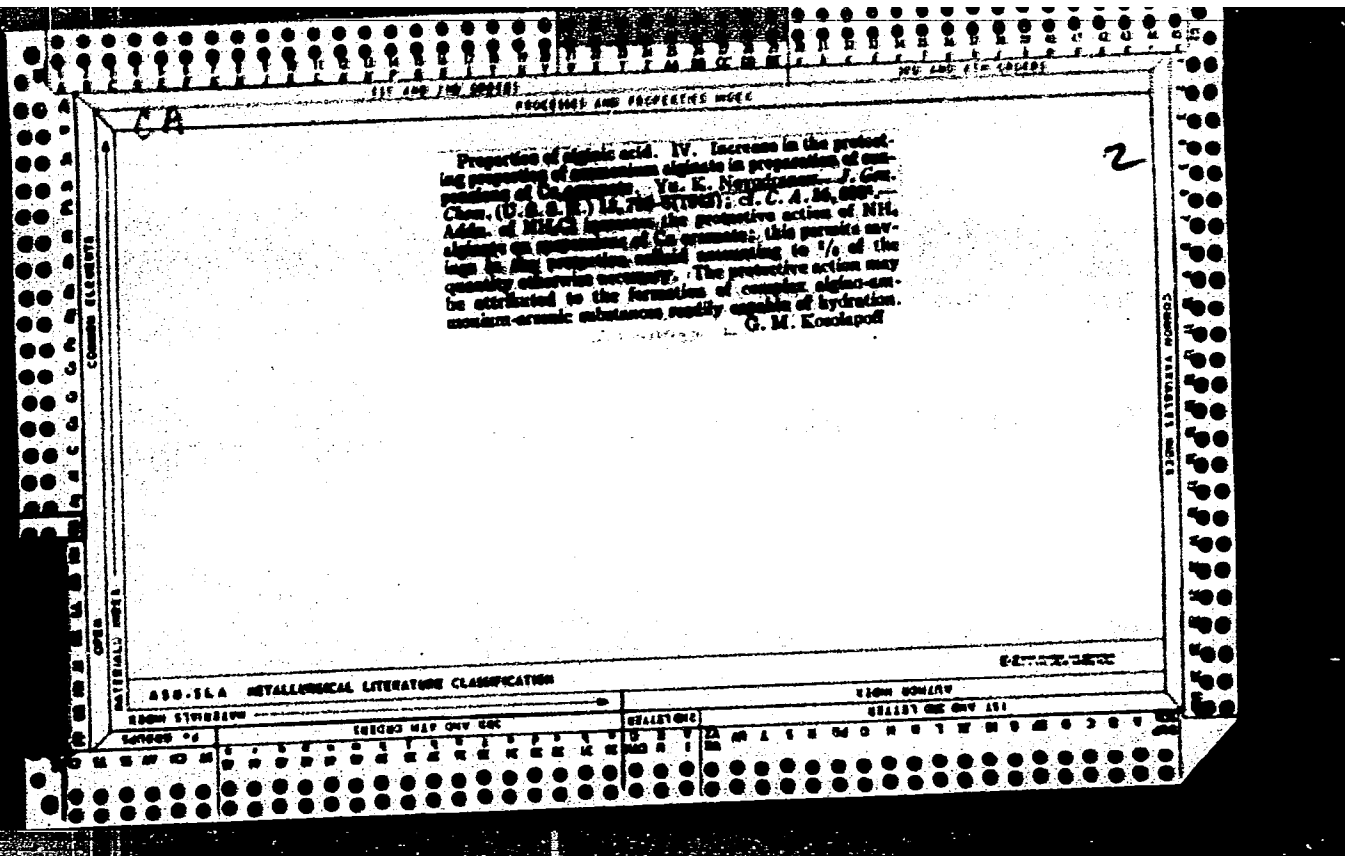
EDMHI 510510V











NOVODRANOV, YU. K.

31029. NOVODRANOV, IŪ. K. Morskie vodorosli kak istochnik pishchevogo i promyshlennogo syr'ia. (Priroda, 1946, no. 12, p. 45-54, illus.) 37 refs. *Title tr.:* Marine algae as the source of raw materials for nutrition and industry.

*Contains* discussion of the economic importance of seaweeds, evaluation of their resources in Russian northern seas, and chemical analysis: albumin, carbohydrates, cellulose, fat, organic acids (algin), fat, etc. Technological schemes are outlined for the extraction (fig. 1 and 2) and uses of algae in the food industry, in medicine, manufacture, and as cattle feed and fertilizer. The most important marine algae are noted: *Laminaria*, *Ulva*, *Porphyra*, *Rhodomenia*, etc., and their uses discussed.

*Copy seen:* DLC; MH.



27

*Ca*

Investigation of the properties of alginic acid. VII.  
 Wetting capacity of alginates. *Vysokomol. Soedin.*  
 (Leningrad State Univ.). *Kolloid Zhur.* 9, No. 1, 87-96  
 (1947); cf. *C.A.* 41, 2034a. — This investigation com-  
 prised a study of: wetting of alginate films by H<sub>2</sub>O, benz-  
 ene, hexane, CCl<sub>4</sub>, EtOH, CHCl<sub>3</sub>, benzyl alc., and Me<sub>2</sub>CO;  
 and wetting of Ni, Al, Fe, and asphalt by Na alginate; and  
 the effect of Na and NH<sub>4</sub> alginates on the wetting of  
 the paraffin, wood, Ni, Al, and Fe by org. liquids. The  
 alginates studied in the 1st part of this investigation were  
 Na, NH<sub>4</sub>, Ca, Al, and Th salts. The degree of wetting  
 was detd. by projecting the contact angle on a screen and  
 measuring the angle. The wetting of alginate films by  
 the polar and apolar liquids seemingly followed no rules.  
 However, the observed results fell into pattern if the  
 structure of the alginates and the liquids was taken into  
 account. The molts. of alginic acid and of alginates con-  
 tain both hydrophilic and hydrophobic groups. The films  
 were made on glass. It was observed that the liquids  
 wetted the surface turned toward the glass quite differently  
 than they did the surface turned toward air. This is ex-  
 plained by the presence in the glass-turned surface of more  
 polar groups (the glass itself being polar) than in the air-  
 turned surface. A scraped surface of an alginate film was  
 wetted differently than either the glass-turned or air-turned  
 surface. This is so because a scraped surface, being an inner  
 surface, is arranged less orderly than either of the other  
 surfaces. The wetting of Ca and Al alginates differed  
 from the wetting of Na and NH<sub>4</sub> alginates. This is ex-  
 plicable from the difference in the structure of the 2 kinds  
 of salts. The wetting of Ni, Al, Fe, and asphalt was  
 tested with Na alginate solns. of varying concns. The 3  
 metals were wetted by Na alginate solns. Ni was wetted  
 better, the higher the concn. of the soln., i.e. the angle  
 of contact decreased with concn. The greatest drop in the  
 value of the angle was observed at 1% concn. Fe and Al  
 were wetted less by low alginate concns. than by pure  
 H<sub>2</sub>O. At alginate concns. of 0.25-2.00% the wetting  
 was progressively improved. The nonwetting at low  
 alginate concns. is ascribed to a unimol. Na alginate  
 film formed on the H<sub>2</sub>O and having its hydrophobic part  
 turned toward the H<sub>2</sub>O. Apparently, at a concn. of 0.25%  
 an inversion occurs and wetting improves with concn.  
 The wetting of asphalt improved with concn. of the algi-  
 nate. The effect of alginates on the wetting of paraffin,  
 wood, Ni, Al, and Fe by org. liquids was studied with Na  
 and NH<sub>4</sub> alginate solns. of up to 3% concn. There was  
 no great difference between the effect of the Na and NH<sub>4</sub>  
 salts. Two % of alginate soln. decreased the angle of  
 contact of paraffin with benzyl alc., CHCl<sub>3</sub>, benzene,  
 and hexane but increased the angle of CCl<sub>4</sub>. In their  
 response to Na alginate the liquids were divided into  
 2 groups: hexane, benzene, and benzyl alc. in one,  
 and CHCl<sub>3</sub> and CCl<sub>4</sub> in the other. Wetting of paraffin

AS 6. SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

627

NOVODRANOV, Yu.K.

Studying the properties of alginic acid. Part .Uch.zap.Len.un.  
no.108:150-160 '49. (MIRA 10:3)  
(Alginic acid) (Nicotin)

NOVODRANOV, Yu.K.

Effect of surfactants on the electrokinetic potential. Uch.zap.Len.  
un. no.131:23-24 '49. (MLBA 9:6)

1.Laboratoriya kolloidnoy khimii.  
(Potential, Theory of)(Surface-active agents)(Electrochemistry)

NOVODRANOV, Yu.K.

Effect of surfactants on the rate of the platinum-hydrosol  
decomposition of hydrogen peroxide. Uch.zap.Len.un.no.131:  
35-47 '49. (MLRA 9:6)

1.Laboratorya kolloidnoy khimii.  
(Surface-active agents) (Hydrogen peroxide) (Platinum)



CA

2

Ivan Ivanovich Zhukov. Vd. K. Novodranov. Invest.  
Ibid. Nash S.S.S.R., Otdel. Naim. Nash 1930, 331-4.  
Obituary with portrait. G. M. Koudapoff

NOV 0 8 1951

USSR:

The determinations of solvation by the measurement of the speed of propagation of ultrasonic waves. Ye. K. Novodranov and S. N. Mal'gin. *Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR Ser. Khim. Nauk* No. 10, 163 (1951). In solns of sucrose, galactose, arabinose, maltose, and lactose, two moles of H<sub>2</sub>O were found to be linked to each OH group in the carbohydrate mol. For starch, dextrin, saponin, and arbutin (hydroquinone glucoside), 1 g. of dissolved solid is combined with 1 g. of H<sub>2</sub>O. The technique of ultrasonic wave generation and its application to solvation problems is

*Handwritten mark*



NOVODRANOV, Yu. K.

Journal of the Science  
of Food and Agriculture  
Foods  
May 1954

✓ Properties of alginic acid. XVI. Solvation of alginates. Yu. K. Novodranov and S. N. Afal'tsman (*Ukr. khim. Zhur.*, 1952, 18, 227-234). Determinations of the velocity of ultrasound in aq. solutions of the alginates of Na, K, NH<sub>4</sub>, Mg, Ca, and of ethyl-, diethyl-, triethyl-, n-propyl-, n-butyl-, mono-, di-, and tri-isamyl-, hexyl-, heptyl-, mono- and di-cyclohexylamines, piperidine, and hexamethylenetetramine, mono-, di-, and tri-ethanolamines, at 20°, indicate that the hydration of Na, K, and Mg alginates depends mainly on the size of the inorganic ion, that of alginic acid much less than that of its salts, and less than values claimed by others, and that of the organic salts depends on the length and number of the radicals in the amines, and on the critical concn. for micelle formation in solutions of the individual salts.

R. C. MORRIS

*Leningrad State Univ.*

NOVODRANOV, Yu. K.

Study of the properties of alginic acid. Part 15. Effect of alginates  
on conjugate solubility. Uch.zap.Len.un no.155:270-283 '52.(MLBA 9:1)  
(Alginates) (Solubility)

NOVODRANOV, Yu. K.

Conference on chromatographic analysis. Vest. LGU 8 no.2:129  
F '53. (MIRA 12:7)  
(Chromatographic analysis--Congresses)

study of enolization in the presence of a strong base  
velocity of polymerization of 1,1-dichloroethene  
in solution of various dielectric constants  
dration. ~~As a result of the study~~  
Zapiski ~~of the Institute of Chemistry~~  
No. 169, 1964, p. 1089.  
W. 7330. Hydration of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  in the presence of  
 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ,  $\text{HClO}_4$ ,  $\text{HNO}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ,  
 $\text{Cl}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ,  
examined. The degree of hydration of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  is  
affected by the nature of the acid, the concentration of  
 $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ , and the temperature. The maximum  
upto 2 in the case of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ .  
The hydration of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  in the presence of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$   
 $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ . Molar ratio of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  to  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  is 1:1.  
diol lacks an  $\text{H}^+$ . Hydration of acetylene in the  
electrolytic nature of the reaction. The reaction is  
pyridine solution of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  in the presence of  
lauric and myristic acids. The reaction is  
Hydration of  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  in the presence of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$   
chloride anion in the presence of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ .

NOVODRANOV, Yu.K.; SIN'KOVA, S.N.

Study of solvation by measuring the rate of ultrasonic wave  
propagation. Part 3. Hydration of electrolytic organic compounds.  
Uch.zap.Len.un. 169:165-172 '53. (MIRA 9:6)  
(Hydration) (Electrolytes)



NOVODVORETS, I.

Using new techniques. Prom. koop. 12 no.10:12-13 0 '58.  
(MIRA 11:10)

1. Predsedatel' pravleniya arteli "Kul'tprom," g. Minsk.  
(Minsk--Toy industry)

TSEKHNOVITSER, Yu., inzh.-arkhitektor; NOVODVORSKAYA, I., inzh.-arkhitektor

Prestressing large-span construction elements using their own  
weight. Stroitel' no.12:14,26 D '58. (MIRA 12:1)  
(Prestressed concrete construction)

*NOVODVORSKAYA I.P.*  
OBUDOVSKIY, P.K., inzhener; POKACHEV, A.K., inzhener; TARASOV, S.V.;  
NOVODVORSKAYA, I.P.

Let us discover and exploit to the fullest extent internal production potentials. Tekst.prom. 14 no.9:4-10 § '54. (MIRA 7:11)

1. Glavivkhlopprom (for Obudovskiy and Podachev).
2. Sennyy master krasil'nogo tsekha Moskovskoy shelkootdelochnoy fabriki im. Sverdlova (for Novodvorskaya)  
(Textile industry)

NOVODVORSKAYA, Ye.B., prof. patolog

Respiratory oxygen diseases in workers of the foundry shops of  
Kirov and Voroshilov Factories. Zdrav. Bel. 7 no.9:55-56 S '61.  
(MIRA 14:10)

1. Is 3 klinicheskoy bol'nitsy Minska.  
(MINSK—FOUNDRYMEN—DISEASES AND HYGIENE)  
(RESPIRATORY ORGANS—DISEASES)

NOVODVORSKAYA, Yelizaveta Markovna; GRIDASOVA, Ye.S., red.

[Methods for conducting exercises in physics (in technical schools of higher education)] Metodika provedeniia uprazhnenii po fizike (vo vtuze). Moskva, Vysshiaia shkola. Pt.2. 1965. 200 p.  
(MIRA 18:11)

NOVODVORSKAYA, Ye. M.

USSR/ Physics

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 9/43

Authors : Biberman, L. M., and Novodvorskaya, Ye. M.

Title : Effect of reabsorption on width of spectral lines

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 106/1, 35-38, Jan 1, 1956

Abstract : The dependence of the width of spectral lines on the parameters of a light source is discussed and a formula, expressing the width of a spectral line, is presented. Based on this formula diagrams of the widening of spectral lines were constructed. A study of the diagrams led to the suggestion that the dependence of the widening of spectral lines should be looked for in the concentration of radiating atoms which, in turn, can be determined through evaluation of the so-called optical density ( $K_0 l$ ) where the  $l$  is the extension of the source in the direction of the observer (the thickness of the radiating source). Five references: 1 Germ., 1 Jap. and 3 USSR (1928-1954). Graphs; table.

Institution : Moscow Energetic Institute imeni V. M. Molotov

Presented by: Academician G. S. Landsberg; July 8, 1955

BUKHOVTSEV, Boris Borisovich; KRIVCHENKOV, Vladimir Dmitriyevich;  
MYAKISHEV, Gennadiy Yakovlevich; SHAL'NOV, Vladimir  
Petrovich; NOVODVORSKAYA, Ye.M., red.; RAYSKAYA, N.A., red.

[Problems in elementary physics; textbook for self-  
education] Sbornik zadach po elementarnoi fizike; posobie  
dlia samoobrazovanija. Moskva, Izd-vo "Nauka," 1964. 438 p.  
(MIRA 17:7)

GUTKIN, A.M.; NOVODVORSKAYA, Ye.M.; GRIDASOVA, L., red. izd-va;  
YEZHOVA, L.L., tekhn. red.

[Methods for conducting exercises in physics (in institutes of higher education); methodological manual for teachers in technical colleges] Metodika provedeniia uprazhnenii po fizike (Vo vtuze); metodicheskoe posobie dlia prepodavatelei vysshikh tekhnicheskikh uchebnykh zavedenii. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo "Vysshiaia shkola." Pt.1. [Mechanics and molecular physics] Me-  
khanika i molekuliarnaia fizika, 1961. 174 p. (MIRA 15:1)  
(Physics—Study and teaching)



EUROVA, T., ing. POPOVICI, M., ing.; KONERTH, H., ing.; NOVODVORSKI, L., ing.

Some experiments for obtaining high grade chemical cellulose  
from fir wood. Pt.2. Cel hirtie 12 no. 5/6:169-175 My-Je'63.

NOVODORSKIS, A. I.

USSR/Solid State Physics - Phase Transformations in Solids, E-5

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 12, 1956, 34677

Author: Novodorskis, A. I.

Institution: None

Title: On the Applicability and Procedure of Microanalysis of Steel

Original Periodical: Kauno politechn. inst. darbai, 1955, 3, 161-165; Lithuanian;  
Russian resumé

Abstract: None

1 of 1

- 1 -

NOVODVORSKIS, A.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk (g.Kaunas)

Steel under the microscope. Nauka i zhizn' 22 no.10:27-29 0 '55.  
(Steel--Analysis) (MLRA 9:1)

NOVODVORSKIS, A.I.

137-58-3-6215

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 3, p 253 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Novodvorskis, A.

TITLE: Microstructural Analysis Determines Defects Introduced in Carbon Steel by Preliminary Heat Treatment (Primeneniye mikrostruktur-nogo analiza dlya opredeleniya defektov predvaritel'noy termiches-koy obrabotki uglerodistoy stali) (in Lithuanian)

PERIODICAL: Kauno politechn. inst. darbai. Tr. Kaunassk. politekhn. in-ta, 1957, Vol 6, pp 93-98

ABSTRACT: . Presentation of a method of metallographic detection of defects in steel which has been subjected to annealing or normalization (overheating, scorching, appearance of a carbide network, accumulation of structurally free cementite, etc.). Causes for structural defects are listed together with peculiarities in properties acquired by the metal owing to the influence of certain defects. Recommendations for the elimination of defects caused by preliminary heat treatment procedures are given. It is suggested that the results of this work may be utilized in plant laboratories not equipped with

Card 1/2