

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0011362200

S/182/60/000/012/006/010 A161/A030

AUTHORS:

Nayguz, N.I. and Berul', G.M.

TITLE:

Tube Swaping Press With Synchronous Slides Motion

PERIODICAL: Kuznechno-shtampovochnoye proizvodstvo, 1960, No.12, pp. 21-25

TEXT: The Odesskiy zavod pressov (Odessa Press Plant) has designed and produced a NO40 (PO40) hydraulic press for swaging steel and nonferrous metal tube ends preliminary to drawing through dies. Tubes of 80 to 408 mm in diameter may or may not be heated. The article gives detailed design and operation information. The press eliminates the hot swaging on drop hammers, the swaged (pointed) tube end is shorter, and noise is completely eliminated. The press 'Fig.1) is annular, with 8 radial cylinders and a hydraulic oil drive; the work rate is 40 swagings per hour, the press effort 2,000 tons. The cylinders (2) are attached with bolts (3) and fixed with pins; the wedges (4) are tightened at the test with 250 kg/cm pressure and form a rigid system with the cylinders; residual stresses in the circular cast steel frame (1) ensure geometrical stability. The piston cylinders (Fig.2) are easily removable. The hollow cast iron piston (2) is sealed with six Card 1/12

Tube Swaging Press With Synchronous Slides Motion A161/A030 S/182/60/000/012/006/010

piston rings (3) and its travel is limited by the split ring (4) which is retained with the ring (5). The holes (6) closed with plugs (7) are designed for removing the ring (4); the ring (8) is for tight fitting of the bronze guide bushing (9) on the cone (10) that is designed for easy insertion of the piston into the cylinder. The punches are attached to the piston rods and bear columns preventing the pistons from turning in the cylinders and bearing in their turn pushing rods exerting pressure on the racks of a tracing slide valve. Replaceable tool sectors (2), (Fig. 3) are attached to the punches (1) and fixed by spring-loaded latches. The contacting surfaces of the sectors are comb-shaped to prevent metal from flowing into interstices. The work surface of the tool is staged to prevent the tube from moving out under pressure. A lever in one of the sectors presses on a microswitch to switch the press on when a tube is installed. A mechanical bed (Fig. 4) automatically feeds tubes in and out. It includes a central shaft (1), two drive shafts (2 and 3), drive (4) for discs and drive (5) for rollers, stops and limit switches. The discs with sector-shaped cuts are bearing rollers (8); the rollers are connected with bevel gears (9) engaging with gears (10) on the central shaft. When it rotates, the rollers on the right and left discs rotate in the opposite sense; the left discs are rotated through gears

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Tube Swaging Press With Synchronous Slides Motion

(11) by the shaft (3), and the right discs from the shaft(2). The discs must rotate in one sense for moving the tube, and to achieve this both drive shalts are coupled through an auxiliary disc (12). The angle between rollers from left and right is changed by swinging the discs in the opposite sense to accomodate tubes of larger diameter. The gear (13) and lever (14) are designed for this purpose. Stops on the disc (12) actuate limit switches for giving a signal to the automatic control board. A mobile electromagnetic stop (16) and lever system (17) fix the discs. The friction clutch (18) protects the lever system. Even motion of all eight pistons is controlled by a hydraulic synchronizer (Fig. 5) with eight swinging bronze bushings (2) fitted to the frame with 0.01 mm gap; gears (3) rigidly coupled with the bushings are engaging with racks (4) with flanges (5) that are joined to the press alides. When the slides move, the racks (4) and gears (3) turn the bushings (2). The valve (6) has a flange (7) with a spiral shank entering the bore in the valve; the pins (8) enter the flutes. Oil feed into the one or the other valve space makes it move (with rotation due to the spiral). It engages by the pin (9) with the gear (10) placed on a needle bearing in a bore in the frame. Gears (12) are rigidly coupled with swing slide valves

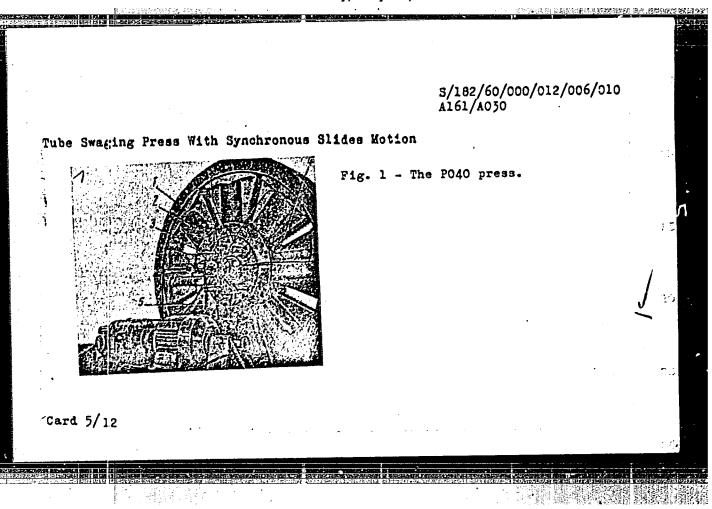
Card 3/12

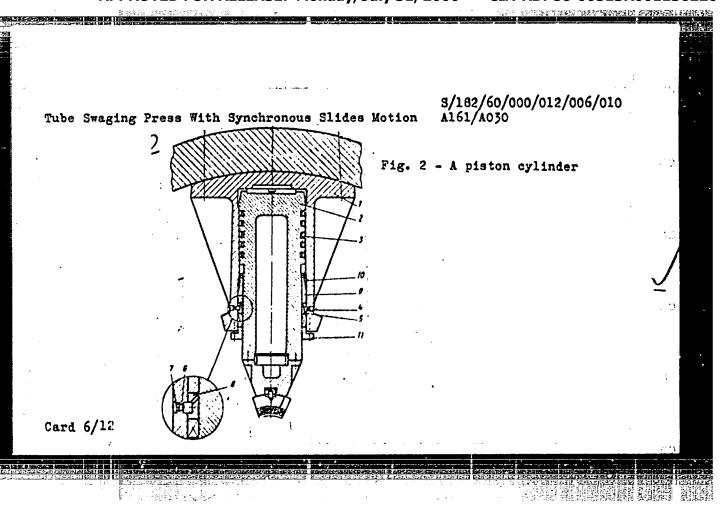
Tube Swaging Press With Synchronous Slides Motion

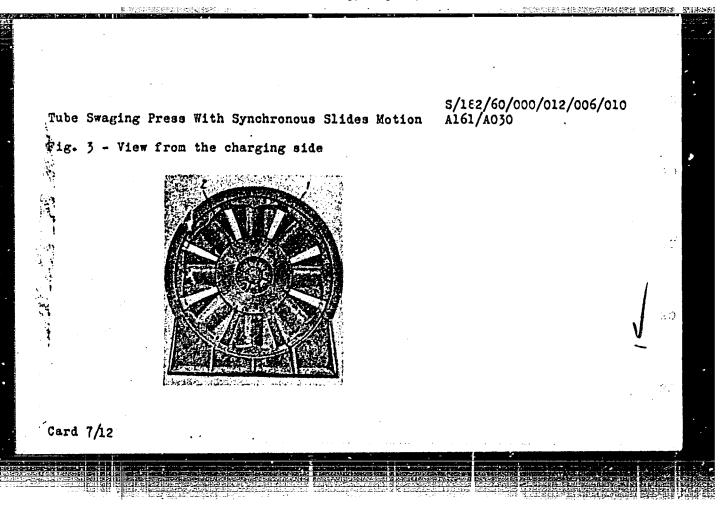
S/182/60/000/012/006/010 A161/A030

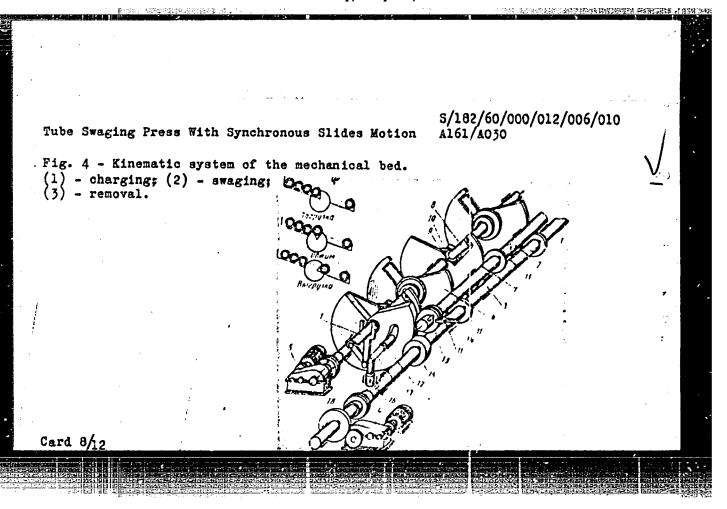
(13) that are rotated by gears(10) and (12). The pressure and drain ducts of the valve (13) communicate through flat slits in the bushings and valves that are matching in two positions that correspond to the work and the return travel of slides. If one of the slides begins to lead, its bushing also begins leading its slide valve, and it closes the slit preventing oil from entering into the leading cylinder. If a cylinder lags, its bushing brakes the valve (13) through the pin (14), and with it the setting mechanism. All other bushings start leading their valves and closing the slits, i.e., the velocity of all other slides is reduced. The hydraulic drive control is automated and either actuated with push buttons (for setting), or with electric impulses (automatic cycle). The hydraulic drive works from a Hnm-100 (NPM-100) pump and a H-400 (N-400) eccentric pump. hydraulic system is illustrated in the diagram (Fig. 6). The eccentricity and elliptic inaccuracy of the swaged tube ends does not exceed 5-6% of the punch travel. The work rate is 30 times higher than swaging on drop hammers, and the press cost is amortized in one year. There are 6 figures.

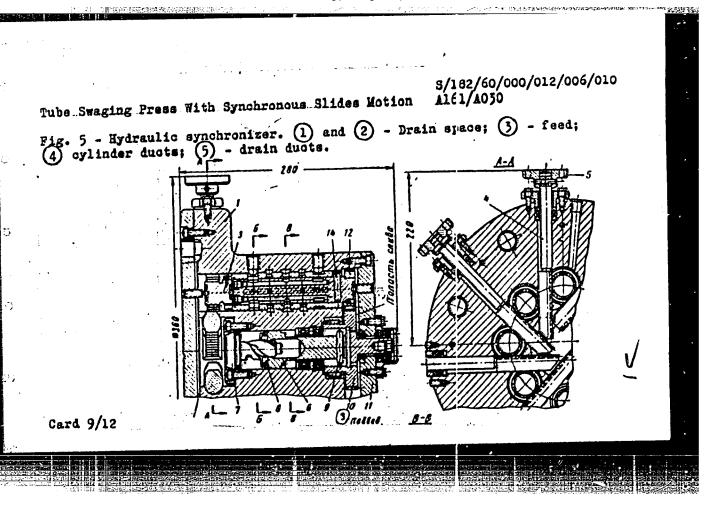
Card 4/ 12

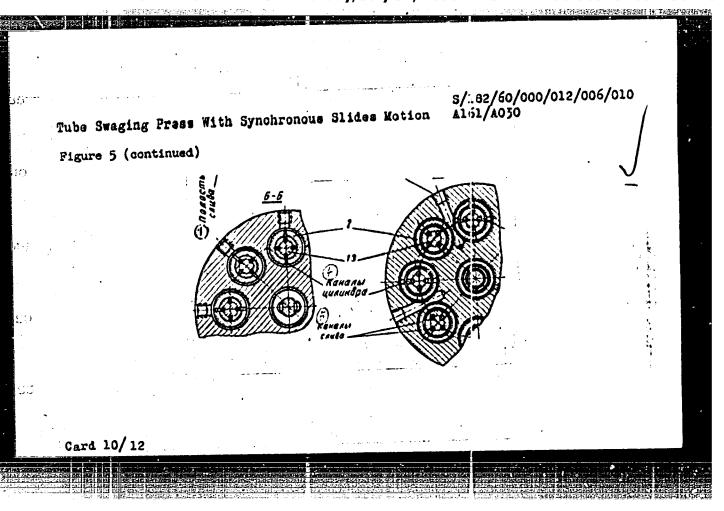






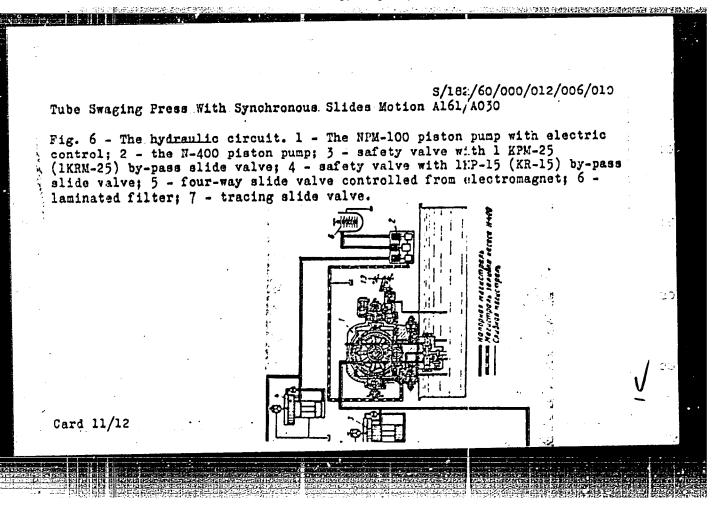


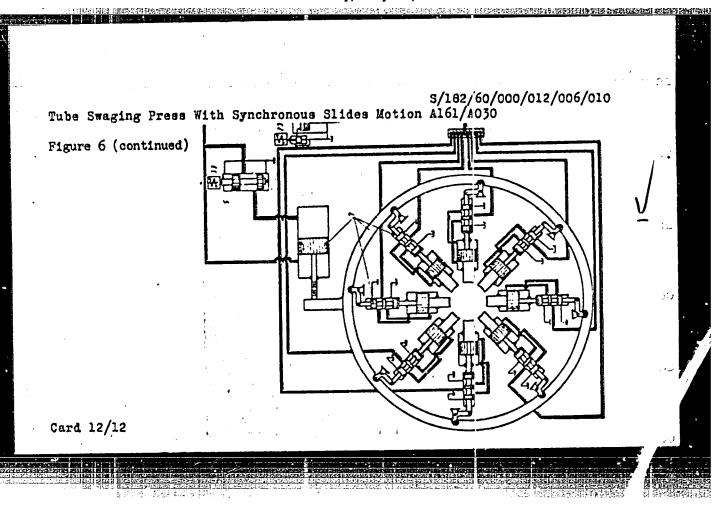


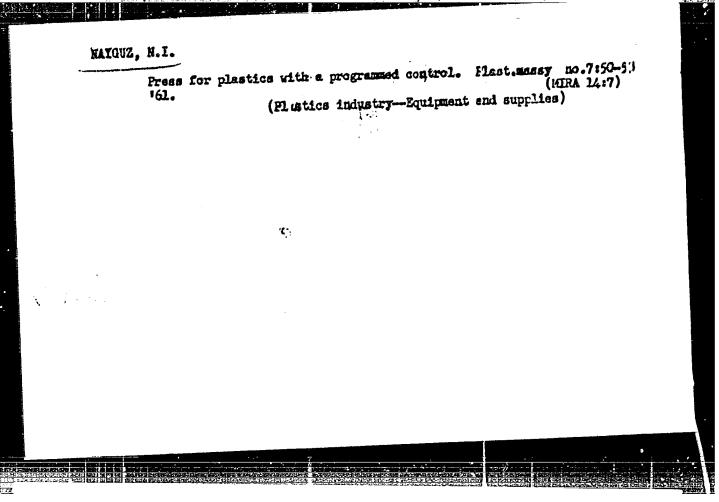


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NAYGUZ, H.I.

Power presses for the namifacture of wood particle boards.
Bum.i der.prom. no.1:50-53 Ja-Mr '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Odesskiy zavod pressov.
(Hardboard) (Power presses)

S/226/62/000/003/013/014 I007/I207

AUTHOR:

Nayguz, N. I. and Mil'shteyn, D. S.

TITLE:

Hydraulic press for hot pressing hard alloys and refractory (high-melt ng) materials

PERIODICAL:

Poroshkovaya metallurgiya, no. 3, 1962, 89-96

TEXT: This describes a hydraulic press produced in 1960 by the Odesskiy zavod pressov (Odessa Press Factory), permitting parts of various shapes to be obtained by sintering and pressing powder components at a temperature of up to 2800°C and under a specific pressure of 200 kg/cm². It consists of an individual hydraulic (oil) drive, a servosystem for control of cross -head displacement, an electric plant for voltage regulation and automatic control of press operation, auxiliary equipment for cooling, waste water and oil removal, and a special electric-resistance heating unit intended to raise the temperature of the parts to be pressed heating unit intended to raise the temperature of the parts to be pressed to 2800°C. The pressing unit has the following basic characteristics: 1) Pressing force (maximum), 40 tons; 2) Cross-head stroke, 450 mm; 3) Maximum diameter of parts to be pressed, 130 mm; 4) Cross-head traveling rate, 0.3 mm/sec; 5) Power of electric-heating unit, 240 KVA; 6) Maximum intensity of heating current, 4200 A; 7) Working pressure on the press-form, 200 kg/cm²; 8) Over-all size of press, 2700 × 2800 × 3835 mm; total weight (including electric installation), 11 tons. There are 3 figures.

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136220

Hydraulic press for hot...

S/226/62/000/003/013/014
1007/1207

ASSOCIATION: Odesskiy zavod pressov (Odessa Institute for Prescuring)

SUBMITTED: October 28, 1961

Card 2/2

HAYGUZ, H.I.; HERUL', G.M.; REKHTER, V.Sh.

Three-position automatic presses for the summacture of coalgraphite products. Kuz.-shtam.proizv. (no.8:30-3) Ag '62.

(Hydraulic presses) (Graphite)

NATGUZ, H.I.; SLYUSARENKO, A.F.

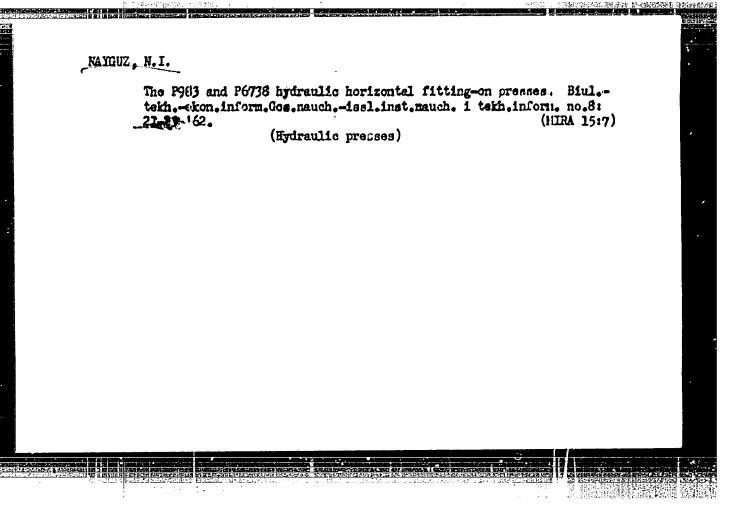
AF£-1A-type sutomatic molding unit. Kus.-shtam.proisv. 4
no.12:29-33 D 162.
(HR) 16:1)
(Hydraulic presses) (Grinding wheels)

NAYGUZ, N. I., insh.

Few P943 and I1039 presses. Mashinostreenie no.5:14-16
S-0 '62.

1. Odesskiy zavel pressov.

(Hydraulic presses)



NAYGUZ, Natan Lusifovich; BASIN, Mikhail Natanovich; MOKROV, I.I., inuk., retsensent; PILIPENKO, Yu.P., insh., red.; GORNOSTAYFOL'SKA'IA,M.S.; tekhn. red.

[Presses for coll briquetting of metal scrap] Pressy dlia kholad-nogo briketirovaniia metallicheskoi struzhki. Moskva, Mash;iz, 1963. 94 p.

(MIRA 16:6)

(Prwer presses) (Scrap metals)

\$/193/63/000/001/005/008 ACO4/A101

AUTHOR:

Nayguz, N. I.

TITLE:

Madels 11957 (P957) and 11 6039 (P6039) hydreulic 800-ton capacity

straightening presses

PERIODICAL: Byullaten' tekhniko-ekonomicheskoy informatsii, no. 1, 1963, 28 - 31

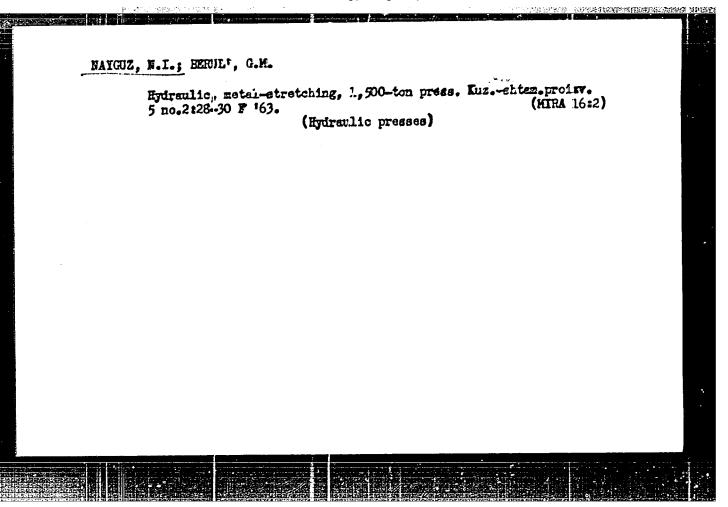
The Odesskiy zavid pressov (Odessa Press Plant) has staffied the fire-duction of the models p957 and p6039 800-ton presses for straightening weided motal structures, sections, shafts and tubing. The bracket-shaped design of tress presses makes it possible to use them in various boiler, bending and stamping of the basic press units is given and the following technical data presented (model p6039 specifications in brackets): pressing capacity, tons - 800 (800); piston stroke, nm - 500 (500); overhang, nm - 700 (700); open height, nm: with tool - 1,400 (670), without tool - 1,700 (1,050); distance between lower supports, nm: maximum - 6,000 (5,000), minimum - 2,000 (2,000); table dimensions, nm: length - 7,000 (6,000), width - 1,100 (1,100); working fluid pressure, kg/cm² - 200 (200); press hydraulic drive motor: A094-6 (A054-6), power,

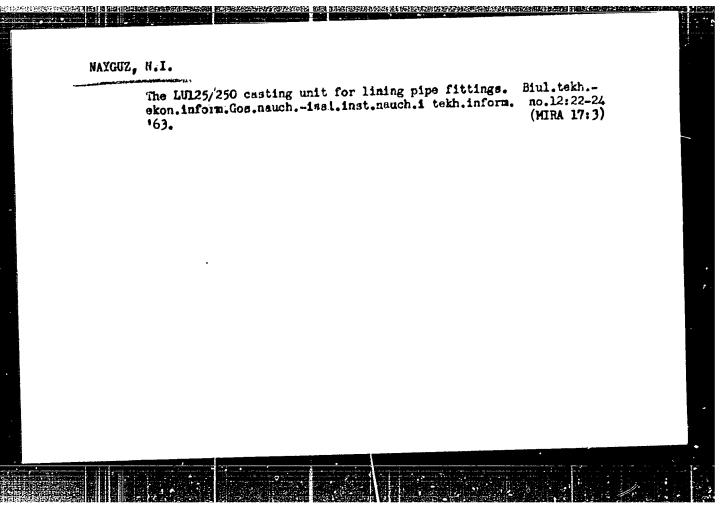
Card 1/2

Models II 957 (P957) and II 6039 (P6039) hydraulic... 3/193/63/000/001/005/008

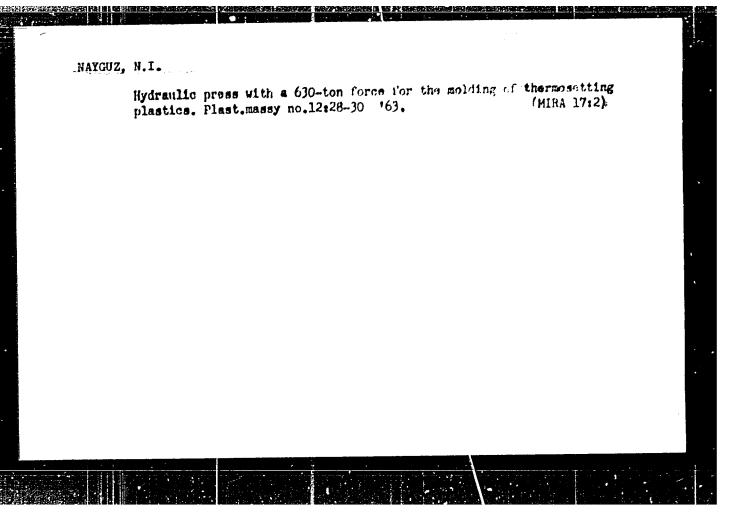
kW - 75 (75), Speed, rpm - 985 (985); press hydraulic drive pump; HILLH 1-200 M.

[NPD1-200M] (NPD1-200M), capacity, 1/min - 20-200 (20-200), pressure, ky/on² - 200 (200); roll-train hydraulic drive pump; - (T 12-14A [C12-14A]); capacity 1/min; - (50); pressure, ky/on²: - (50); roll-train rotation hydraulic motores: - (mio), effective power, kw: - (5), speed, rpm: - (150 - 700); displacement rate of components, m/min: - (0.4 - 1.9); press height over floor level, rm: - (6,070 (5,100); displacement rate of components, m/min: - (0.4 - 1.9); press height over floor level, rm: - (6,070 (5,100); downard dimensions, rm: length - 7,000 (7,900), width - 3,830 (3,830), height - 7,900 (7,170); weight of press, tons - 66 (66). There is 1 figure.





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ACCESSION NR: AR4036166

8/0282/64/001/003/0067/0057

SOURCE: Ref. Zh. Ehimich. i kholod. mashinostr. Otd. vyep., Abs. 8.47.452

AUTHOR: Neygue, N. I.

TITLE: Model TP6008 thermal plastic machine

CITED SOURCE: Byul. techn.-ekon. inform. Gos. kom-t Sov. Min. RSFSR po koordinatsii nauchno-issled. rabot, 1965, 56-38

TOPIC TAGS: plastic, thermal plastic, forming, plastic forming, thermal plastic machine, thermal plastic forming

TRANSLATION: A thermal plastic machine produced by the Odessa press plant is briefly described. The machine is intended for the production of parts up to 500 cm⁵ of polystirol, polyethylene, caprone, butvar, acetylcellulose ethrole and other thermal plastic materials with a mastication structure of no more than 500° C. A granular material with grain dimensions 0.008-0.125 cm⁵ is used as the initial material. The machine is horisontal of the column type with hydraulic release and attachment of the forms in the vertical plane. The machine operates on automatic and semi-automatic cycles. The operating cycle is begun with a switch. The

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ACCESSION NR. AR4036155

velocity of rotation of the 80 mm sorew is continuously regulated within the range 20-100 revolutions/minute. The heating cylinder has four heating zones. Individual hydraulic lines with storage devices provide the necessary displacements of the machine's mechanism. The joining force is 350 tons. The height of the forms is 300-500 mm, the injection force is 61.5 tons, the established power of the electric motor is 40 kilowatts, the number of idle cycles per hour without supplying material is 200. The size of the machine is 7400 x 2175 x 2800 mm. The weight of the machine without hydraulic lines and electrical controls is 10 tons. One illustration. By N. Solov'yev

DATE ACQ: 17Apr64

SUB CODE: MT

ENCL: 00

.Card 2/2

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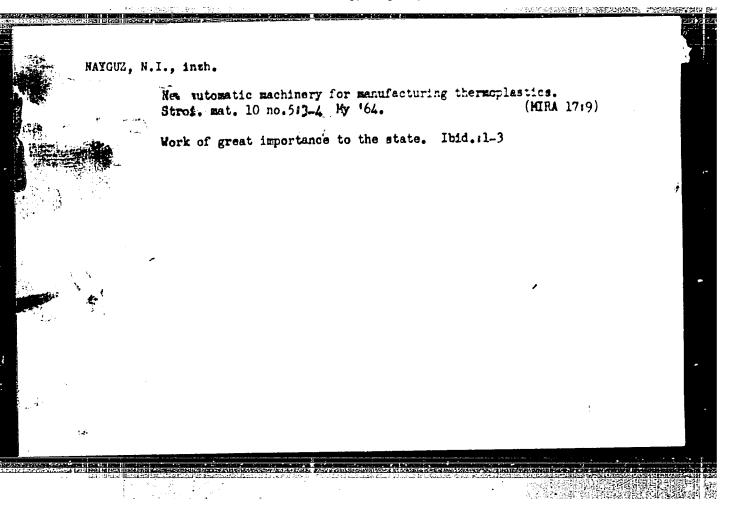
CIA-RDP86-00513R0011362200

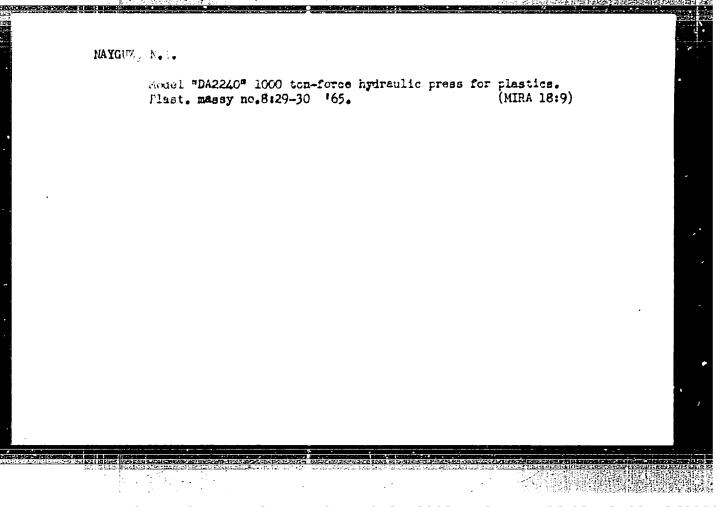
NAYGUZ, N.I.; BASIH, M.N.

Hydraulic gag presses with a capacity of 800 toms. Suz.-sites.

proizv. 6 no.1:40-42 Ja 64.

(MIRA 17:3)





New automatic TF50CA machines for the canufacture of thermoplastics.
Plast. massy. no.9:47-51 '65.

(AIRA 18:9)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136220

AUTHOR:	Naykhin, B.2.	3-58-7-21/36
FITLE:	More of Good School Equipment (Bol'shoborudovaniya)	ne khoroshego uchebnogo
PERIODICAL:	Vestnik vysshey shkoly, 1958, Nr 7, p	op 65-66 (USSR)
ABSTRACT:	Higher schools, institutes and vuzes huge sums for placards, tables and dihelping students in their studies. To office - SKB developed a new method tables, etc. by blueprinting and colo to the requests. It considerably cut There is 1 diagram and 1 photo.	iagrams necessary for The Special Construction of printing these placards, oring them later according
ASSOCIATION:	Spetsial'noye konstruktorskoye byuro obrazovaniya SSSR (The Special Const. Ministry of Higher Education of the Ministry of Higher Educatio	ruction Office of the
Card 1/1		

以在这个是是自己打造的。 第一个人,是是是自己的人们的,我们就是一个人们的人们是是一个人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们也不是一个人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人

SAVEL YEV, I.A., kand-med-nauk; MAYEHIN, M.S.

Gase of acute dilatation of the storach. Vest. rent. 1 rad. 39 no.3163-65 Kr-Je *64. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Gospitelizaya terapevticheskaya klinika (sav. - dotsent G.F.Borke) lechelmego fakulitata Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova i 2-ya klinicheskaya bolinitsa TSentralinogo rayona Odessy.

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THE STREET OF THE STREET STREET, STREE

BIRYUKOV, P. (Onepropetrovsk); NAYKIN, V. (Dnepropetrovsk); RAS'IANOV,
I. (Dnepropetrovsk)

Deivce for the unloading of containers. Sov. torg. 35 no.5:
57-58 ky '62. (KIRA 15:5)

(Loading and unloading)

NAYMAGON, N.L.

Case of rapidly progressing otogenous meningitis in nonperforative acute otitis. Zhur. ush., nos. i gorl. bol. 23 no.4: 80-81 J1-Ag 62. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Otdeleniye bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa (zav. - zasluzhennyy vrach ESSR B.A.Faynshteyn) 2-y Mozyrskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy. (EAR-DISEASES) (MENINGITIS)

工业等等的 经成功程度的编程员

507/25-53-1-7/51

AUTHOR: Lebedyanskiy, L.S., Chief Designer of the Plant, Hayman,

A.M. and Khlebnikov, Yu.V., Engineers of the Plant

TITLE: Gas Turbines in Locomotives (Gazovaya turbina na lokomotive)

PERIODICAL: Nauka i zhizn', 1959, Nr 1, pp 12-13 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The Kolomna Locomotive Building Plant imeni V.V. Kuybyshev

is developing the first Soviet gas turbine locomotive with a capacity of 3,000 hp in one unit in which a single-shaft gas turbine will operate with electric transmission. The author gives a short description of this locomotive. There

are 2 photographs.

ASSOCIATION: Kolomenskiy teplovozostroitel'nyy zavod imeni V.V. Kuybyshe-

va (Kolomna Locomotive Building Plant imeni V.V. Kuybyshev)

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SCHOOLSE SERVICE SERVI

S/145/60/000/002/020/020 D221/D302

AUTHORS: Pchelkin, Yu.M., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and

Nayman, A.M., Engineer

TITLE: Experimental investigation of a combustion chamber

operating on heavy liquid fuel

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Mashino-

stroyeniye, no. 2, 1960, 208 - 223

TEXT: The Kolomenskiy Steam Locomotive Plant im. Kuybyshev together with the MVTU im. Bauman are producing the first Soviet gas turbine locomotive of 6,000 hp. It should operate on heavy liquid fuel, namely, on fleet crude oil, mark O-12 (F-12). A sectional combustion chamber was adopted, containing two centrifugal injection units. Three chambers are provided with starting plugs, but all are connected by pipes to transfer the flame. Initially, diesel oil was used for accumulating practice and for reducing the delivery period, but subsequently, the work was carried out on crude oil. The schematic diagram of test installation is given. The

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Experimental investigation of a ...

chamber is started with diesel oil ignited by plug C3-15 (SE-15), and prior to stopping the whole fuel system is filled up with the former, to eliminate the densification of crude oil. Control of the stand is ensured from a desk. Testing of the chamber on diesel oil began in 1956 in order to try out the stand, determining the economy of the chamber, and also to select the variant of frontal arrangement that provides the best results. The coefficient of efficiency of the chamber was calculated on the basis of mean temperature, and supplemented by data of gas analysis. Detailed description is given of different frontal arrangements. Important research was carried out to ensure improved starting characteristics as well as reliability of equipment. Several sparking systems were investigated, such as the high voltage method, proposed by TsNII MPS, and the capacitance system with a plug of surface discnarge operating in dc. and ac. Good results were secured with the first and last schemes. Long tests revealed that there was no carbon deposition or warping. After examining individual chambers, the whole block of six was investigated. No large wear was observed, although some clearances were measured. The tests were carried out on crude

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Experimental investigation of a ...

with sulphur content as per BTY-427-55 (VTU-427-55). Comparative examinations of jet pipe CKF (SKG) 134/74 on diesel oil and sulphur crude oil were also made. Data indicate a lower coefficient of combustion in all operating conditions when crude oil was used. The remaining characteristics of the chamber did not change. At the present time, final tuning takes place at the Kolomenskiy Factory. Detrimental effect of crude oil and its products of combustion on the elements of the chamber and fuel equipment were also investigated, but no damage could be noticed. There is a project to introduce additives to the fuel. There are 11 figures and 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: MVTU im. Baumana (MVTU im. Bauman) and Kolomenskiy

zavod (Kolomenskiy Factory)

SUBMITTED: December 15, 1959

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MACHNEY, B.N., inzh. (Kolomna); NAYMAH, A.M., inzh. (Kolomna); NESTEROV, E.I., inzh. (Kolomna); SHAKHRAY, D.I., inzh. (Kolomna); KHLEENIKOV, Yu.V., inzh. (Kolomna)

Prospects of the use of gas-turbine locomotives. Znel.-dor.transp. 45 no.12:48-52 D '63. (MIRA 17:2)

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CONTROL CONTRO

KIST YANTS, L.K.; NAYMAN, A.M.; SERDELEVICH, G.Ye.; LEBEDEV, B.P., doktor tekhn. nawk, prof., retsenzent; VINOGRADOV, H.S., retsenzent; MEYLIKHOV, M.Ye., inzh., red.

[Combustion chambers of gas-turbine locomotive engines] Kamery sgoraniia lokomotivnykh gazoturbinnykh dvigatelei. Moskva, Mashinostraenie, 1965. 147 p. (MIRA 18:8)

6(0) AUTHOR: SOV/111-59-8-27/30

Nayman, Alois, Doctor, Minister of Communications of the

Czechoslovak Republic

TITLE:

Millions of Words Between Prague and Moscow

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik svyazi, 1959. Nr 8. p 31 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In this article the author reviews the development and progress in telephone, telegraph, postal, radio and TV communications between Czechoslovakia and the Soviet Union. As early as October 1945, regotiations were begun between representatives of the Postal Ministry of the CSR and the Ministry of Communications of the USSR to regulate relations between the two states in the field of communications. A conference of the Ministers of Communications of the two countries in 1959 agreed on the measures for construction of the present system of telephone, telegraph and radio communications between the two states, and later that year an agreement on parcel exchange was signed. In 1955 a delegation of the Ministry of Communications of the USSR, headed by N. D. Psurtsev, Ministry of Communications (who was in Czechoslo-

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SOV/111-59-8-27/30

Millions of Words Between Prague and Moscow

vakia during the war as a high communications officer), and the following summer (1956) negotiations were continued in Moscow, and agreement reached on exchange of TV programs and on scientific-technical collaboration. In December, 1957 a conference of ministers of communications of all socialist countries was called in Moscow for the purpose of creating an Organizatsiya sotrudnichestva sotsialisticheskikh stran (Cooperative Organization of Socialist Countries) in the fields of electrical and postal communications. The volume of telephone calls between the USSR and CSR has increased 10 times in comparison with 1948, and presently exceeds 600,000 conversation-minutes per year. By 1951 it was possible to reach Czechoslovakia by telephone from any settled area of the USSR, and in 1953 rates were lowered during less busy hours. New telephone communication, and the introduction of a semiautomatic distance dialing system between Prague and Moscow radically improved communications between the capitals. The volume of telegraphic correspondence is twice as great as in 1948, and the

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Millions of Words Between Prague and Moscow

number of words transmitted by telegraph exceeds 3 million per year. Since 1957 a subscribers telegraph has been in operation between the two countries, and regular phototelegraph communications has been organized. The USSR is an intermed; ary for telegraphic communication between the CSR and the Asian countries. There has also been an increase in the exchange of radio programs between the USSR and CSR. The author also mentions the development of postal communications, particularly as regards air mail. Air mail volume has increased 10 times since 1948; parcel exchange has grown 15 times in the same period. In conclusion the author stresses the importance of cooperation in the form of exchanges of documents, special literature, visits, and specialists, The USSR, he says, has offered valuable aid to the CSR in solving problems in the fields of television, and the construction of radio-relay lines and modern powerful cable systems.

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MEL'KUMOV, Lev Georgiyevich; BOGOPOL'SKIY, Beko Khaimovich;

HERLOVSKIY, Vyacheslav Mikhaylovich; KOVALEV, Yuriy

Sergeyevich; KOZIN, Yuriy Vladimirovich; HAYMAN, Artdr

Yefimovich; FEL'DMAN, Yelizar Samoylovich; SHUVAYEV,

Anatoliy Andreyevich [deceased]; KORENDYAYEV, G.V., otv.

red.; HELOV, V.S., red. izd-va; LOMILIMA, L.N., tekhn.

red.; IL'INSKAYA, G.M., tekhn. red.

[Automatic control of mine compressor stations] Avtomati-

[Automatic control of mine compressor stations] Avtomatizatsiia shakhtnykh kompressornykh stantsii. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1963. 151 p. (MIRA 16:8) (Automatic control) (Air compressors)

KOZINETS, P.V.; KARTASHOV, I.N.; KAGANOVSKIY, A.I.; GESYUK, Z.M.;
SASIN, I.F.; NAYMAN, G.M., inzh., retsenzent; LIFCHUK, A.M.,
kand. tekhn.nauk, red.; CALANOVA, M.S., red. izd-va; EL'KHID,
V.D., tekhn. red.

[Technology of diesel locomotive construction] Tekhnologiia
teplovozostroeniia. [By] P.V.Kozinats i dr. Moskva, Mashgiz,
375 p.

(Diesel locomotives—Design and construction)

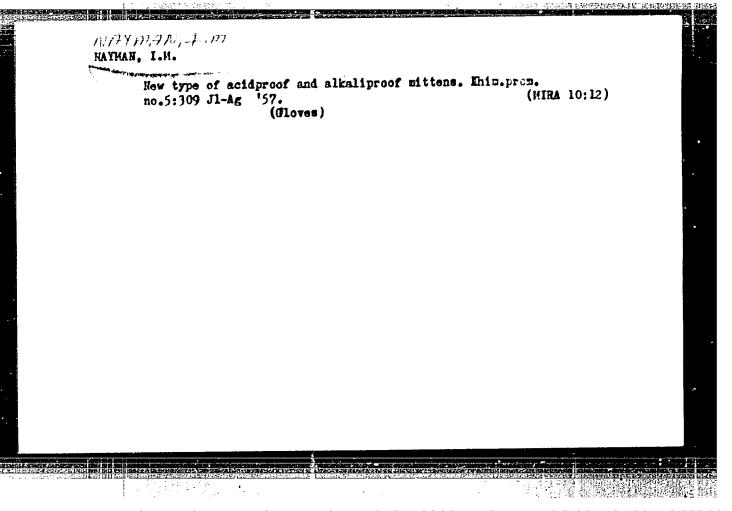
HATMAN, I.M.; KIEYBS, B.D.

Experience in the prevention of eye injuries in the metalworking industry. Vest.oft. 69 ap.5:26-32 S-0 '56. (MIRA 9:12)

1. Is Moskovskogo instituta okhrany truda Vsesoyusnogo TSentral'nogo Soveta professional'nykh soyusov i Hauchno-iseledovatel'skogo instituta glasnykh bolesney ineni del'ugol'tsa (dir. - kandidat meditsinskikh mauk A.V.Roslavtsev)

(EYE, wounds and injuries prev. in metal-working indust.)

(IMDUSTRIALHTOISME prev. of eye inj. in metal-working indust.)



WATMAN, Isaak Markovich; POLONSKIY, Zinoviy Borisovich; EHABAROV,
Petr Gavrilovich; KUZHKISOVA, H.I., red.; SHADRINA, W.D.,
tekim.red.

[Means of individual protection in industry] Sredstva
individual'noi sashchity na proisvodstva. Isd.2., ispr.
i dop. Isd-vo VYSSPS Profisdat, 1958. 273 p. (NIRA 12:6)

(Industrial safety)

HATKAH, I.M.

Individual safety measures for electric welders and gas welders. Okhr.truda i sots.strakh. no.2:61-64 Fe *59. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Zaveduyushchiy laboratoriyey individual noy zashchity Moskovskogo instituta okhrany truda Vsesoyuznogo TSentral nogo soveta professional nykh soyuzov.

(Velding-Safety measures)

25(5)

AUTHORS: Gayevaya, L. A., Nayman, I. M. 507/64-59-4-22/27

TITLE:

Eye- and Face Protection in the Production of Calcium Carbide, Corundum, and When Working With Aggressive Substances (Zashchita glaz i litsa v proizvodstve karbida kal'tsiya,

korunda i pri rabote s agressivnymi veshchestvami)

PERIODICAL:

Khimicheskaya promyshlennost:, 1959, Nr 4, pp 79-80 (USUR)

ABGTRACT:

In the Chernorechenskiy khimicheskiy zavod imeni M. I. Kalinina (Chernorechenskiy Chemical Works imeni M. I. Kalinin), and Yerevanskiy karbidniy zavod (Yerevan Carbide Works) the heat radiation of carbide furnaces at the moment of pouring-out the end product exceeds considerably the standard. It is therefore absolutely necessary to introduce a corresponding working protection. Some new, respectively modified protection devices (for face and eyes) for the workers of the carbide and corundum production, and in the production of red pheaphorus are described. First a face-protection (Fig 1) consisting of a steel

grid screen and a radiative protection is described. The latter one consists of protective glass of the type SO-32, with either

blue cobalt glass of the type P-500, or a glass with a

Card 1/2

Eye- and Face Protection in the Production of SOV/64-59-4-22/27 Calcium Carbide, Corundum, and When Working With Aggressive Substances

reflecting aluminum layer. For the protection against the high temperature occurring in the corundum production, a face protection made of transparent safety glass (methylmethacrylate) (Fig 2) is recommended, which is in an aluminum frame to prevent deformation. As skull guard against aggressive substances two protective devices (Figs 3, 4) are provided, which consist of a helmet (plastics, "viniplast") with a safety glass- or metal grid face protection. A tissue protection (made of "moleskin"-VTU 1392-56 Glaviskozh) for ears and neck is attached to the helmet. There are 4 figures and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut okhrany truda VTsSPS (Moscow Institute for Working Protection VTsSPS)

Card 2/2

NATMAN, I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Preventive means exist; why are they lacking at the plants?

Okhr.truda i sots.strakh. 3 no.2:33-34 F '60.

(HEA 13:6)

(Hygiene) (Cleaning compounds)

NATMAN, I.M.; ROSLOVISEV, A.V. (Moskva)

Government standards for means of individual protection for the eyes.
Gig. truda i prof. zab. 4 no.5:54-56 ky '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Vaesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut okhrany truda i Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut glaznykh bolezney imeni Gel'mgol'tsa. (EYE—PROTECTION) (INDUSTRIAL HYGIERE)

HAYMAH, Issak Markovich, kand. khim. nauk; DENISOVA, I.S., red.; SHIKIN,

S.T., tekim. red.

[Protection of the eyes in industry] Zeshchita glas na proisvodstve.

Ixd.2., perer. 1 dop. Moskva, Ixd-vo VTsSFS Frofixdat, 1961. 286 p.

(MIRA 14:11)

(ETE—PROTECTION)

3/058/63/000/001/067/120 A160/A101

AUTHORS:

Ryabov, V. A., Nayman, I. M., Borisova, I. I., Grinevetskeya, S. N.,

Viktorova, Yu. N., Gayevaya, L. A.

TITLE:

New light filters for the protection of the eyes during production

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 1, 1963, 83, abstract 10602 ("Steklo. Byul. Gos. n.-1. in-ta stekla", no. 1 (110), 1961, 72 -

81)

TEXT: A description is given of the technological process of producing neutral and selective light filters designed mainly for controlling metallurgical processes. The light filters are made by applying oxide films from metal salts of the 4, 5 and 6th period of the periodic system of elements by the aerosols method. Presented are the characteristics of the light filters with oxide layers from cobalt, iron, lead + antimony and lead + antimony + iron.

Yu. Kutcy

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

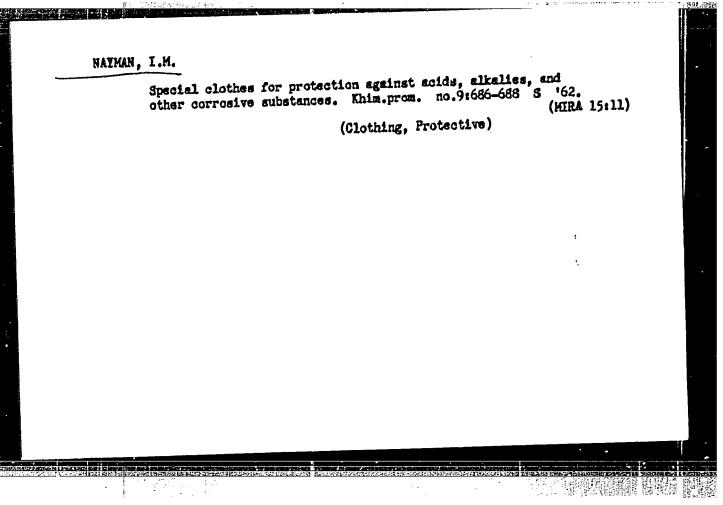
NATMAN, I.M., kand.khimicheskikh nauk; LICKUMOVICH, Kh.Kh., kand.tekhn.rauk

Work boots for workers in iron end steel casting shops.

(MIRA 15:5)

(Boots and shoes)

MAIMAN, I., kand.khimicheskikh nauk Correct use of protective clothing out of raterial with acid resistant impregnation. Okhr. truda i sots. strakh. 5 no.6:38 Je '62. (MIRA 15:7) 1. Zaveduyushchiy laboratoriyey Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta okhrany truda Vsesoyuznogo tsentral'nogo soveta professional'nykh soyuzov. (Clothing, Protective)



NAYMAN, I.M.; BRAYNINA, M.L., starshiy inzh.

Characteristics of fabrics for acid-proof protective clothing.
Tekst.prom. 22 no.1:21-24 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Zaveduyushchiy laboratoriyey sreistv individual noy zashchity Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta okhrany truda Vsesoyuznogo tsentral nogo soveta professional nykh soyuzov (for Nayman). 2. Laboratoriya sredstv individual noy zashchity Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta okhrany truda Vsesoyuznogo tsentral nogo soveta professional nykh soyuzov (for Braynina).

(Clothing, Protective) (Acid resistant materials)

KOBYLYAMSKIY, D., kand. tekhm. mauk; BONDIN, Yu.; NATMUM, I.; RAYKHMAN, S.

Technological information. Okhr. truda i sets. strakh. 6
mo.3:33-37 Mr '63.

(Industrial safety) (Work clothes)

NATMAN, K.; PIRATEVA, L.

Horms for losses of bones through drying need to be reviewed.

Miss, ind. SSSR 29 no.2:32 '58. (MIRA 11:5)

1.Tbilisskiy myasokombinat.

(Bone products)

GUGLIN, E.R.; NAYMAN, L.I. (Volgograd)

Changes in the laucocyte count in the blood of healthy people. Probl. gemat. 1 perel. krov1 8 no.7:29-32 J1 63. (MIRA 17:10)

是一個語言語言語言語

KIST'IANTS, L.K., kand.tekhn.nauk; NAYMAN, L.M., insh.

Gooling of the fire tube of a cointer-flow combustion chamber.

Trudy TSNII MPS no.241t119-132 '62.

(Gas turbines)

(Gas turbines)

MAYMAN, L.M., inzh.; SERDELEVICH, G.Ye., inzh.

Froblem concerning the warping of the fire tubes of the combustion chambers of gas turbine engines. Trudy TSNII HPS no.241:141-153
162. (Gas turbines)

HAYMAN, L. V.; ZYKOV, S. A.

On the classification and differentiated training of children with hearing disorders. Vest. otorinolar., Moskva 13 no.4:16-21 July-Aug 1951. (CIML 21:1)

1. Candidate Medical Sciences L. F. Neyman and Candidate Pedagogical Sciences S. A. Zykov.

AGEYEVA-MAYKOVA, O. G., VOYACHEK, V. I., YERGGLAYEV, V. G., KULIKOVSKIY, G.G., LIWHASHEV, NAYMAN, L. V., RASPOPOV, A. P., SUPRUNCV, V. K.

PRECBAZHENSKIY, BORIS SERGEYEVICH, 1892-

Boris Sergeyevich Preobrazhenskiy. 60th birthday, Vest. oto-rin., 14, No. 3, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, ______1953, Unclassified.

TURCHANSKIY, M.L.; NAYMAN, 1./.

Analysis of aluminum-magnesium alloys using arsenotomatry.
Zav. lab. 30 no.61673-674 *04 (MPRA 17:8)

1. (Messkiy gosudaratvennyy podagogi beakly institut imeni Ushinskogo.

BABAYAN, A.T.; INDZHIKYAN, M.G.; WAYMAN, M.B.

Equivalence of nitrogen bonds in tetramethylammonium bromide.

Igv. AN SSSR. Otd.khim.nauk no.1:174 Ja 159. (MIRA 12:4)

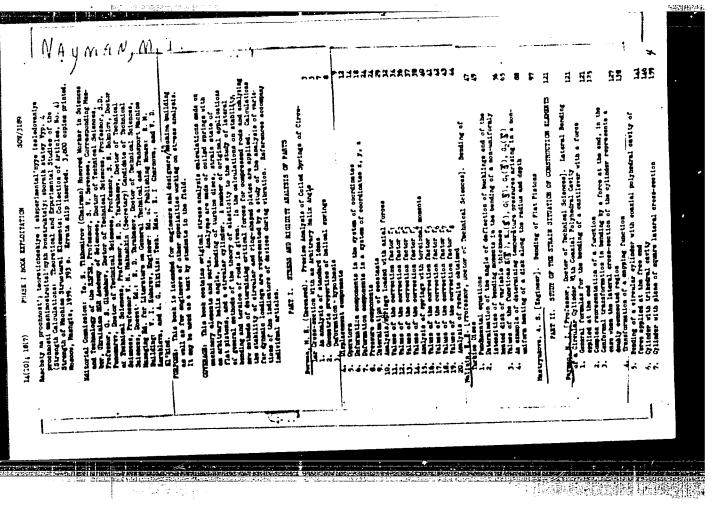
1. Institut 'inicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR i Institut organicheskoy khimii AN Ang. R. (Ammonium compounds) (Chemical bonds)

HATKAN, M.I., prof., doktor tekhn.nank

Torsion of circular oylinders having coaxiel many-sided hollows.
Resch. na prochn. no.3:170-193 '56. (MIRA 12:2)
(Gylinders) (Forsion)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136220



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R0011362200

NAYMAN, N.F.; SORKINA-FINKEL!, L.I.

From the pages of foreign biological and agricultural publications. Agrobiological no.1:158-159 Ja-F *64 (MIRA 17:8)

(HIJMAN, F.E.

USSR/ Mathematics - Spectral functions

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 6/62

Authors

: Glazman, I. M., and Nayman, P. B.

Washington (B. P. L. P.

Title : On the convex cover of orthogonal spectral functions

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 102/3, 445 - 448, May 21, 1955

Abstract Some-problems are discussed connected with the construction of a set of all spectral functions of a differential system:

 $-y''+q(x)y-\lambda y=0$, y'(0)=hy(0). $(0 \le x < \infty)$

which is considered as a convex set of functions. Definitions of a spectral, and an orthogonal spectral function are given. Seven references: 6 USSR and 1 Swiss (1940-1954).

Institution: V. I. Lenin Polytechnical Institute, Kharkov, and The Aviation Institute,

Markov.

Presented by: Academician S. L. Sobolev, January 27, 1955

16(1) 507/140-59-1-12/25 Nayman, P.B. AUTHOR: On the Set of Isolated Points of Increase of the Spectral TITLE: Function of a Jacobian Matrix Being Constant With Respect to the Limit Value (O mnozhestve izolirovannykh tochek rosta spektral'noy funktsii predel'no-postoyannoy yakobiyevoy matritay) PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Matematika, 1959, Nr 1, pp 129-135 (USSR) The infinite symmetric Jacobian matrix ABSTRACT: with real elements $a_{k,k} = -\beta_{k-1}$, $a_{k,k+1} = \alpha_k > 0$, $a_{j,k} = 0$ (|j-k|>1) is called constant with respect to the limit value if $\lim \alpha_n = \alpha > 0$, $\lim \beta_n = \beta$. Let $\sigma(x)$ be the spectral function of the matrix (1) being constant with respect to the limit value; let M be the set of points of increase of G(x) lying at the $\beta_n + \alpha_n + \alpha_{n+1} - \beta - 2\alpha$ left hand of x = -A-20 and Wn = Theorem: If there exists an N so that for all n>N it holds Card 1/2 ·

11

SOV/140-59-1-12/25 · On the Set of Isolated Points of Increase of the Spectral Function of a Jacobian Matrix Being Constant With respect to the Limit Value

> $\alpha\omega_n \leqslant \frac{\alpha_n}{2n} \left(1 - \frac{1}{4n}\right) - \frac{\alpha_{n+1}}{2(n+1)} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4(n+1)}\right), \text{ then M is finite.}$ Theorem: If to a 6>0 there exists a number N so that for all $n>N \ \text{it holds} \ \alpha \omega_n>\frac{\alpha_n}{2n} \ (1-\frac{1-\delta}{4n}) \ -\frac{\alpha_{n+1}}{2(n+1)} \ (1+\frac{1}{4(n+1)}), \ \text{then M is}$ infinite. Theorem: For an s>0, for large n let there hold the inequation $\frac{\alpha - \alpha_n}{\alpha} = \frac{c}{n^s} + 0(\frac{1}{n^{s+1}})$. If $\lim_{n \to \infty} \sup_{n \to \infty} n^2 \omega_n < \frac{1}{4}$, then M is finite. If $\lim_{n \to \infty} \inf n^2 \omega_n > \frac{1}{4}$, then M is infinite.

There are 5 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Khar'kovskiy aviatsionnyy institut (Khar'kov Aviation Institute) SUBMITTED: March 24, 1958

Card 2/2

35721 5/020/62/143/002/003/022 B112/B108

16,1500

AUTHOR: Nayman, P. B.

TITUE: Theory of periodic and almost-periodic Jacobi matrices

PERICDICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 143, no. 2, 1962, 277-273

That: An infinite matrix $A = \|a_{jk}\|$ the elements of which fulfill the conditions $a_{jk} = 0$ for |j-k| > m, $a_{jk} \neq 0$ for |j-k| = m is called a generalized Jacobi matrix of the order 2m. It is shown that the spectral theory of the n-periodic Jacobi matrices T can be reduced to the spectral theory of the matrices $E_n = \|e_{jk}\|$ with $e_{jk} = 0$ for $|j-k| \neq n$ and $e_{jk} = 1$ for |j-k| = n. The spectral theory of the almost-periodic Jacobi matrices T + K is developed in a similar manner. There are 4 Soviet references.

PRESENTED: November 2, 1961, by S. N. Bernshteyn, Academician

SUBMITTED: October 21, 1961

Card 1/1

NATHAN, Ya.M., inch.

assembling a precast reinforced dome. Hont. i spets. rab. v. etroi. 22 no.12:19-21 D *60. (MIRA 13:11)

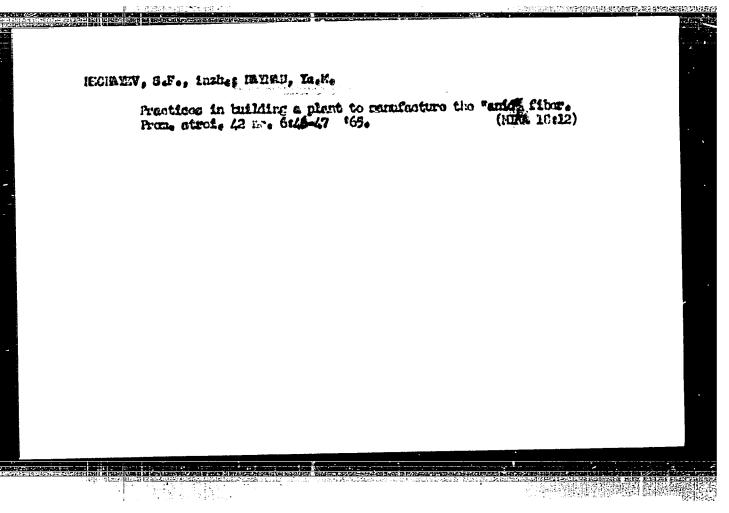
1. Stroitel'no-montazhnyy uchastok Ho.21 Hinstroya USSR. (Domes)

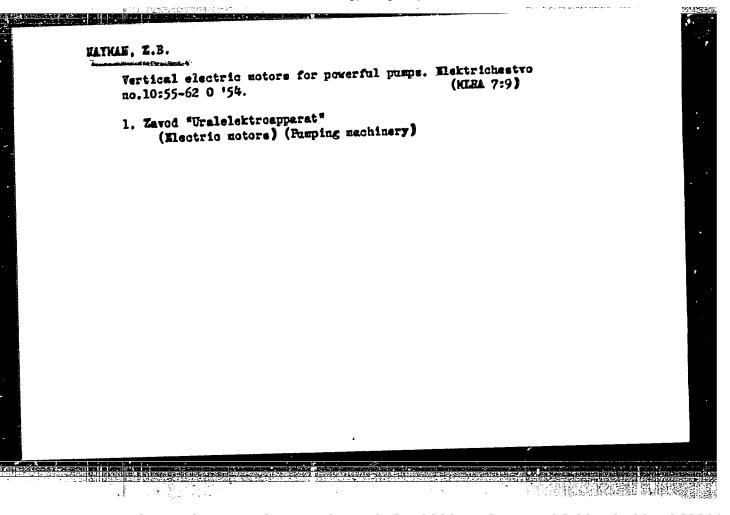
BRUK, V.V., inzh.; NAYMAN, Ye.M., inzh.

Erection of a television tower 353 m. high. Mont. i spets. rab. v stroi. 25 no.5:9-12 My *63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Kiyevskoye spetsializirovannoye upravleniye No.21 tresta TSentrostal'konstruktsiya.

(Vinnitsa---Television---Transmitters and transmission)





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SUTIN, I.A., BEHDERSKAYA, Ie.A. POLYAKOVA, I.L., HATMAN, Z.I., EPSHTEYN, P.V.
FOURLISON, T.A.

Epidemiology of diphtheria of nutritional origin. Zhur.mikrobiol.
epid. i immun. 29 no.9155-59 S'58

1. Is Stalingradskogo instituta epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i
gigiyeny.

(DIPHTHERIAE, transm.
by ice cream (Rus))
(FOOD.
ice cream transm. of diphtheria (Rus))
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HAYMAH, Z.I.

Serological types of diphtheria cultures isolated in Stalingrad; autions abstract. Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. 1 immun. 31 no. 10:96 0 160. (MTRA 13:12)

1. Iz Stalingradskogo instituta epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny.

(STALINGRAD—DIPHTHERIA)

NAYMANOV, I.L. (Docent, Huryat Agricultural Institute).

"Reactivity of sheep during brucellosis in relation to their age..."

Veterinariya, vol. 39, no. 3, March 1962 pp. 48

AVERBAKH, Yu.A., inzh.; NAYMANOV, O.S., inzh.

Choice of the type of a reversible control diaphragm for central heating take-off. Elek. stut. 35 no.1:16-18 Ja 164.

(MIRA 17:6)

NESTEROV, V.N.; TSEFT, A.L.; ISAKOVA, R.A.; NAYMANOV, S.

Recovery of bismuth from concentrates by sublimation in vacuum. Trudy Inst. mot. i obog. AN Kazakh. SSR 5:77-81 (MIRA 15:11)

(Bismuth--Matallurgy) (Vacuum metallurgy)

(Bismuth--Matallurgy) (Vacuum metallurgy)

TSEFT, A.L.; DADABAYEV, A.Yu.; NAYMANOV, S.

Processing Balkhash copper concontrates. Trudy Inst. met. 1 obog. AN Kazakh. SSR 6:55-63 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

History of the Quaternary glaciation in the northern area west of the Sea of Okhotek. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; geol.i razv. 5 (MIRA 16:1) no.9:16-24 S *62. (Gkhotek Sea region---Glacial epoch)

NAYMARK, A.A. SPASSKAYA, I.I.

Pasic characteristics of the geomorphology and Quaternary geology of the western part of the Chukchi Peninsula. 1zv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv. 7 no.7:42-49 Jl '64 (MIRA 18:2)

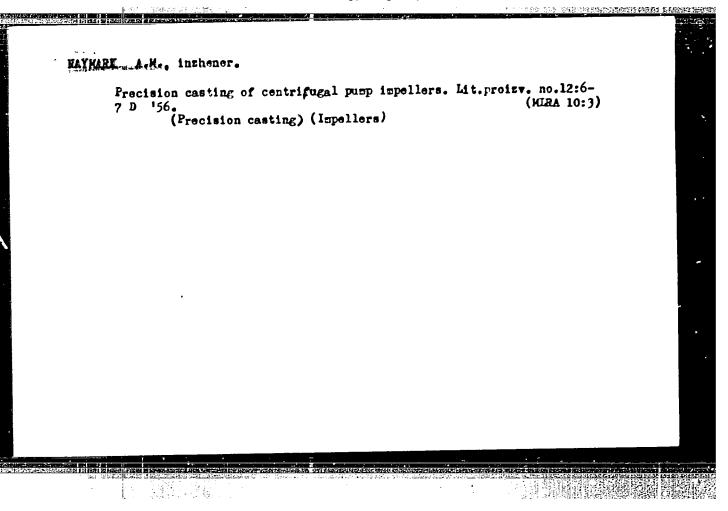
1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

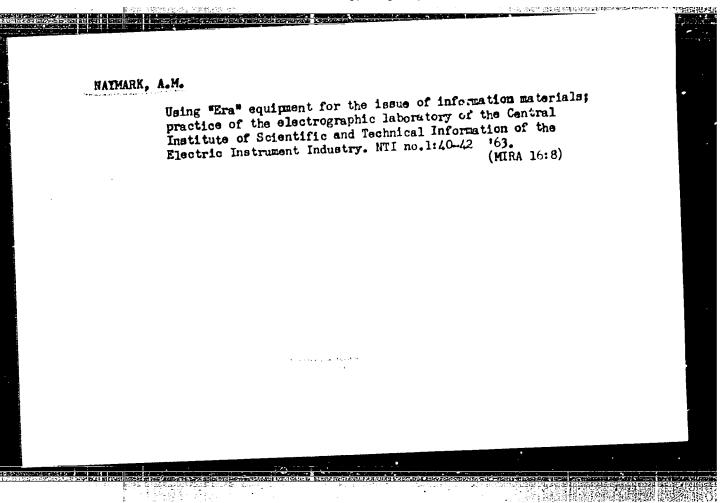
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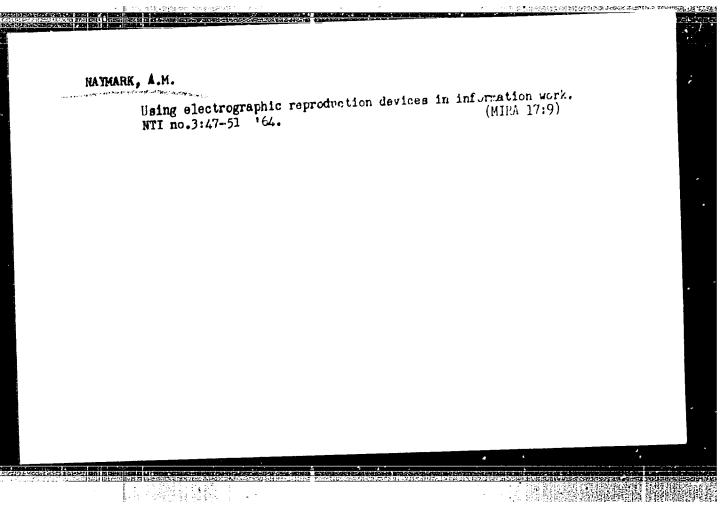
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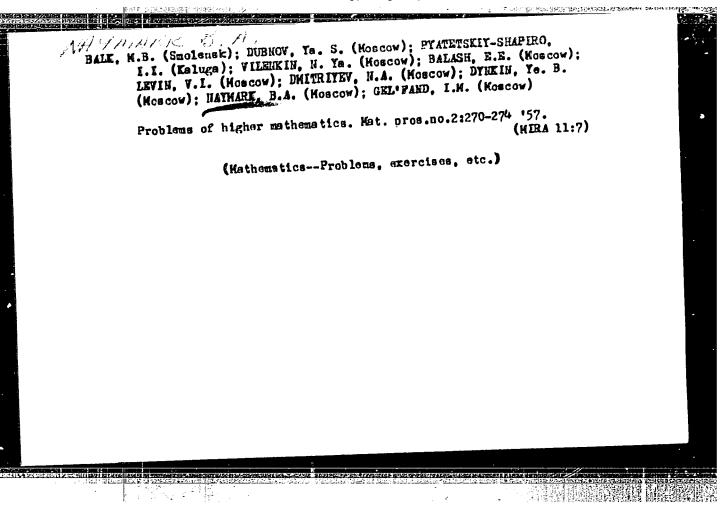
ACC NR. AP7006023 SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/170/004/0912/0915 AUTHOR: Naymark, A. A. ORG: none TITIE: Map of the neotectonics of the northeastern USSR SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 170, no. 4, 1966, 912-915 TOPIC TAGS: tectonics, physical geology ABSTRACT: The author has compiled a map of the total amplitudes of neotectonic movements for the extreme northeastern part of the USSR. Analysis of the map shows that this area can be divided into a number of distinctive zones: A zone of recent subsidence. A zone of extremely low contrast of neotectonic movements. A zone of relatively contrasting neotectonic movements. There are some characteristics of neotectonics common for the entire area, such as relatively small values of uplifts, only in a few places exceeding 1,000-1,200 m. There also is an almost total absence of absolute depressions. Only in the Anadyr region does the depth of the most recent downwarping attain -300 m. In the remaining area this value does not exceed 0- -100 m. There is a clearly expressed relatively small value of the gradients of recent deformations (from 5-20 to 40-60 m/km), which made it possible to draw isolines only at intervals of UDC: 551.24(571.651+571.661

and in the T lownwarpings was presente	ion Shan the valuer are 3.000-4.000	rs. As a compar 188 of the recent m and the gradie	large recent faults ison it is noted the uplifts are 5,000- nts are 50-200 m/km on 17 June 1966.	at in the Caucas 6,000 m, the	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
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1 2/2					









NAYMARK, B.A.; BIKCLICH, A.S., SHVIKOVA, L.S.

Economic efficiency in the increase of the lifetime of the piston of a drill pump. Meah. i neft. obor. no.2:24-27 '65. (MIRA: 13:5)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-isaledovatel*skiy proyektny; institut neftyanogo mashinostroyeniya.

NAYMARK, B.M.

PG - 838 CARD 1/1 USSR/WATHEWATICS/Differential equations

SUBJECT NAIWARK B.M. The completeness of the system of eigenfunctions and adjoint AUTHOR TITLE

functions of a strongly elliptic system of differential

equations.

loklady Akad. Nauk 112, 198-201 (1957) PERIODICAL

reviewed 6/1957

Let the system

Let the system
$$L(u) = (-1)^{m} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\partial^{m}}{\partial x_{i_{1}} \cdots \partial x_{i_{m}}} \left(B^{(i_{1} \cdots i_{m},j_{1} \cdots j_{m})}(x) \frac{\partial^{m} u}{\partial x_{j_{1}} \cdots \partial x_{j_{m}}}\right) +$$

(1)
$$+ \sum_{i,j} \frac{\partial^{x} i_{1} \cdots \partial^{x} i_{m}}{\partial^{m}} (K^{(i_{1} \cdots i_{m}, j_{1} \cdots j_{m})} (x) \frac{\partial^{x} j_{1} \cdots \partial^{x} j_{m}}{\partial^{m} j_{1} \cdots \partial^{x} j_{m}}) + T(x) u = f$$

be strongly elliptic, where B,K are m-fold continuously differentiable complex matrices of N-th order and T(x) is a differential expression of the order < 2m (B - Hermitean, K skewsymmetric etc.). It is shown that for sufficiently small Athe system of eigenfunctions and adjoint functions of the Dirichlet problem is complete for (1).

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