

GORONOV'SKA, M.A. [Horonovs'ka, M.A.]; RABINASHVILI, G.S.; REZONSKAYA, L.B.
[Rezovs'ka, L.B.]

Adhesive for shoe lasting by the gluing method. Leh.prom. no.3:45-
47 Jl-S '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Kiyevskaya obuvnaya fabrika No.4 im. 20-letiya Komsomola
Ukrainy.

NADIRASHVILI, I. Sh; CHIKHILADZE, I. A.; TSETSKH-LAISHVILI, T. V.

Production of tritium-labeled α -aminoacetic acid. Soob. AN Griz.
SSR 34 no. 3a541-544 Je '64 (NIRA 18:1)

1. Submitted October 2, 1963.

NADIRASHVILI, M.D.

USTIASHVILI, A.D., professor; NADIRASHVILI, M.D.

Effect of volcanic mud from the Akhtala spa on ovarian function;
experimental morphological and clinical findings. Akush. i gin.
no. 4:65-66 Jl-Ag '54. (MIRA 7:11)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta kurortologii i fizicheskikh metodov lecheniya (dir. kandidat meditsinskikh nauk V.G. Gogibedashvili) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya Gruzinskoy SSR.

(OVARIES, effect of drugs on,
mud ther., clin. & exper. findings)

(MUD THERAPY,
eff. on ovaries, clin. & exper. findings)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135920002-8

NAKONOV, N. A.

NAKONOV, N. A.: - "Neuroregulatory mechanisms in the stomach of animals in various 'life periods'" (Electrogastro, gastric resear...). Moscow, 1971. 120 p.
Sci. Order of Labor Red Banner Inst of Pediatrics, Academy of Med. Sci.
(Dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Medical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 16, 1971 pp

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135920002-8"

~~NADIRASHVILI, S. A.~~

Determination of surface tension of liquids. S. A.
Nadirashvili. U.S.S.R. 103,386, Aug. 25, 1956. A bubble
of air is forced through a capillary into the liquid. The
pressure of the air in the bubble is regulated so that the size
of the bubble at its max. curvature is const. The capillary
is provided with a micrometric screw by means of which the
pressure is supplied. The bubble is projected on a screen
for measurement. M. Hosch

Phys

1

MDIVANI, K.D.; KECHKHUASHVILI, G.N.; NADIRASHVILI, Sh.A.

Discussion on the problem of "readiness" (ustanovska).

Vop. psichol. 2 no.6:144-152 M-D '56.

(MLRA 10:2)

1. Institut psichologii imeni D.N. Uznadze Akademii nauk Gruzinskoy SSR., Tbilisi. (for Mdivani)
2. Tbilisskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni I.V. Stalina. (for Kechkhuaashvili)
3. Goriyskiy gosudarstvennyy pedagogicheskiy institut imeni N. Baratashvili. (for Nadirashvili).

(Psychology)

S. A. NADIRASHVILI

MISCELLANEOUS

"An apparatus for Measuring the Surface Tension of Colloidal Solutions," by S.A. Nadirashvili, Institute of Pediatrics of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Voprosy Meditsinskoy Khimii, No 3, May-June 1957, pp 233-237.

The author studied the kinetics of adsorption layer formation in surface-active colloidal solutions by means of an apparatus devised by him. The apparatus consists of four parts: a measuring vessel, a pumping device, a pressure gauge, and an optical mechanism.

With the aid of the apparatus it was possible to obtain curves which characterize the variations of surface tension in the blood serum. A diagram of the apparatus was presented.

The construction of the apparatus is based on the principle of a bubble formed at the end of a glass capillary by means of the pumping device. The bubble is kept in the position of highest curvature, which is verified by the optical mechanism. The effect can be read on the pressure gauge at arbitrary intervals, and charted accordingly.

The apparatus is simple and convenient, since it does not lead to foam formation, which greatly interferes with biological investigations.

SAKVARELIDZE, M.A.; NADIRASHVILI, Sh.A.; MCHEDLISHVILI, G.N.

Bibliography of works of the D.N. Uznadze Institute of Psychology of
the Academy of Sciences of the Georgian Socialist Soviet Republic.
Trudy Inst.psichol. AN Gruz. SSR 11:413-451 '57. (MIRA 12:3)
(Georgia--Psychology--Bibliography)
(Bibliography--Georgia--Psychology)

GOTSIRIDZE, A.M., prof., red.; BETANELI, A.M., doktor med. nauk, red.; KHECHINASHVILI, N.N., kand. med. nauk, dots., red.; NADIRASHVILI, S.A., kand. med. nauk, dots., red.; NIKOLASHVILI, D.A., kand. biol. nauk, dots., red.; AKHVLEDIANI, O.M., kand. biol. nauk, dots., red.(Batumi); PICHKHADZE, R.I., st. prepodavatel', red.; CHOKHIDZE, D.D., red.; KIPIANI, E.Ya., red.

[Theses and abstracts of the reports presented at the Third Expanded Scientific Conference on Problems of Physiology Dedicated to the 110th Anniversary of N.E.Vvedenskii's Birth]
Tezisy i referaty dokladov Rasshirennoi nauchnoi konferentsii po problemam fiziologii, posvyashchennaia 110-letiju so dnia rozhdeniya N.E.Vvedenskogo. Kutaisi, Gos.kom-t vysshego i srednego spetsial'nogo obrazovaniia Soveta Ministrov Gruz.SSR, 1962. 166 p.
(MIRA 17:3)

1. Rasshirennaya nauchnaya konferentsiya po problemam fiziologii, posvyashchennaya 110-letiyu so dnya rozhdeniya N.Ye.Vvedenskogo, 3d, Kutaisi-Batumi, 1962.
(MIRA 17:3)

NADIRASHVILI, Sh.A.

Some psychological characteristics of the development of
generalization. Trudy Inst.psikhol. AN Gruz.SSR 14:121-128
'63. (MIRA 18:4)

NADIRASHVILI, Sh.A.

Stages of the development of generalization in schoolchildren
and the problems of their modeling. Vop. psichol. 10 no.6:76-
88 N-D '64. (MIRA 12:2)

i. Institut psichologii imeni D.N. Uznadze AN Gruzinskoy SSR,
Tbilisi.

NADIRASHVILI, Sh. A.

"Problems of modelling processes of generalization."

report submitted for Symp on Psychological Problems of Cybernetics, E. Berlin,
3-5 Sep 64.

NADIROV 11
85-53-6-10/43

AUTHORS: Bykov, A., Gadyl'shin, A., Nadirov, A., Engineers

TITLE: "Komsomolets" Airplane (Samolet "Komsomolets")

PERIODICAL: Kryl'ya rodiny, 1958, Nr 6, pp 14-15 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors relate how in May 1957 a group of Komsomol engineers (Bykov, B. Burov, G. Bikulev, Gal'dyshin, Nadirov, V. Mayorov, and V. Ozhegov) and technicians (L. Akinin and I. Zherebtsov) working during their leisure time completed plans for a two-seater jet trainer. This plane was not approved by the pertinent organization because its speed exceeded that intended for this type of machine. The group then designed the Komsomolets, a single-seater jet sports plane for aerial acrobatics and distance record flying. Its flight characteristics are: wing spread 7.8 m.; length of plane 10 m.; height of plane 3.50 m.; wing area 15 m²; maximal speed 148 km/hr; landing speed 114 km/hr; flight weight 2,500 kg.; fuel capacity 600 kg. The engineers decided to construct the experimental model themselves in off hours; this was approved by the directors of the plant, its technical council and the Party Committee. There are sketches and a cutaway drawing of the Komsomolets as well as 20 photographs of engineers and builders.

Card 1/1 1. Civil aviation--USSR 2. Airplanes--Design

NADIROV, A.; ALESKEROV, A.; ABDURRAKHMANOV, B.; NAMEDOV, F.G., kand.
ekon. nauk

[Problems of the distribution of socialist production] Voprosy razmeshcheniya sotsialisticheskogo preizvodstva. Baku,
Izd-vo AN Azerb.SSR, 1965. 173 p. (MIRA 18:10)

NADIROV, A. A.

NADIROV, A. A.: "The Nakhichevan ASSR (economic-geographic characteristics)." Inst of Geography, Acad Sci USSR. Moscow, 1956. (DISSERTATION For the Degree of Candidate in GEOGRAPHICAL SCIENCES.)

So: Knizhnaya letopis' No 24 1956

NADIROV, A.A.

Problems of the development of agricultural production in the
foothills area of the Nakhichevan' A.S.S.R. Dokl. AN Azerb.SSR
14 no. 8:655-658 '58. (MIRA 11:8)

1. Institut ekonomiki AN AzerSSR. Predstavлено akademikom AN AzerSSR
G.A.Aliyevym.
(Nakhichevan A.S.S.R.--Agriculture)

OFTATSKIY, L.V., red.; GUSEYNOV, G.T., akad., red.; NADIROV, A.A., kand.
geogr.nauk, red.

[Materials of the scientific session of the Academy of Sciences of the Azerbaijan S.S.R. dedicated to the future development and distribution of the food industry] Materialy nauchnoi sessii, posviashchennoi perspektivnomu razvitiyu i razmeshcheniyu pishchevoi promst. mnosti (28-30 noiabria 1981 g.)

(MIRA 17:7)

1. Akademiya nauk Azerbaidzhanskoy SSR, Baku. Institut ekonomiki. 2. Sekretar' otdeleniya obshchestvennykh nauk AN Azerb.SSR (for Guseynov). 3. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom Razmeshcheniya sotsialisticheskogo proizvodstva Instituta ekonomiki AN Azerb.SSR (for Nadirov).

NADIROV, I. N.

"Scvremennye igrovye i priyazovye pesni tatarskogo naroda."

report submitted for 7th Intl Cong, Anthropological & Ethnological Sciences,
Moscow, 3-10 Aug 64.

NADIROV, N.K.

USSR/General Problems.

A-

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 10, 1957, 33436

Author : Nadirov, N.K.

Inst :

Title : Excursion to a Lime Plant.

Orig Pub : Khimiya v Shkole, 1957, No 1, 71-72.

Abstract : A methodical article.

Card 1/1

POLOSIN, V.S.; MADIROV, N.K. (Moskva)

Methodology in studying the conditions for chemical equilibrium.
Khim. v shkole 13 no.1:31-36 Ja-F '58. (MIRA 10:12)
(Chemical equilibrium--Study and teaching)

POLOGIN, V.S.; NADIROV, N.K. (Moskva)

Decomposition of ammonia at various pressures. Khim. v shkole
13 no.6:41-43 N-D '58. (MIRA 11:12)
(Ammonia)

POLOSIN, V.S.; NADIROV, N.K.

Method of studying the conditions of ammonia synthesis. Khim.
v shkole 15 no.1:62-64 Ja-F '60. (MIR 13:5)

1. Pedagogicheskiy institut imeni Lenina, Moskva.
(Amonia) (Chemistry--Experiments)

NADIROV, N.K.; STARTSEVA, E.P.

Study of the adsorptive properties of clays. Khim. v shkole
16 no.2:63-66 Mr-Apr '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Pedagogicheskiy institut, Khabarovsk.
(Clay) (Adsorption)

NADIROV, N.K.

Production of sulfuric acid by a contact-liquid process. Knim.
v shkole 17 no.5:76-77 S-0 '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Pedagogicheskiy institut, Khabarovsk.
(Sulfuric acid) (Chemistry—Experiments)

NADIROV, N.K.; BOBRINETSKAYA, R.V.

Use of acetone in the extraction of soy-bean oil. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; pishch. tekhn. no.4:58-60 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Khabarovskiy pedagogicheskiy institut, kafedra khimii.

NADIROV, N.K.; STARTSEVA, E.P. [Startseva, Ye. P.]

Adsorption properties of clay. Biol i khim 5 no.1:60-62 '63.

1. Pedagogicheski institut, g. Khabarovsk.

NADIROV, N.K.

Some factors affecting the degree of adsorption of soya oil
pigments by tripoli. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; pishch. tekhn.
no.6:64-66 '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Khabarovskiy pedagogicheskiy institut, kafedra khimii.

NADIROV, N.K., kand.khim.nauk; BABIN, P.A.; IVAKHnenko, P.S.

Spectrophotometric analysis of soybean oil clarified with Far East
clays of the Pionersk deposit. Masl.-zhir.prom. 29 no.7:16-18
Jl '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Khabarovskiy pedagogicheskiy institut.
(Soviet Far-East—Clay) (Soybean oil—Analysis)

NADIROV, N.K.

Nickel-titanium hydrogenation catalyst. Kin. i kat. 6 no.2:355-356
Mr-Ap '65.
(MIRA 18:7)

1. Khabarovskiy pedagogicheskiy institut.

NADIROV, N.K.

Transmission spectra of refined soybean oil. Vest. AN KazSSR.
SSR 21 no.1:57-62 Ja '65. (MIR 18:7)

NADIROV, N.K.

Use of natural sorbents for bleaching soybean oil. Trudy
DVFAK SSSR. Ser. khim. no. 7:75-80 '65.

(MURA 18:12)

NADIROV, N.K.

Adsorptive properties of some natural sorbents of Siberia
and Far East. Zhur. prikl. khim. 38 no.9:1987-1994 S '65.

(MIRA 18:11)

1. Khabarovskiy pedagogicheskiy institut.

NADIROV, P. V., Cand Geol-Min Sci -- (diss) "Geological research into natural outcroppings of petroleum-bearing layers in Azerbaydzhan and their prospects for open-cut and underground exploitation." Baku, 1960. 19 pp; (Academy of Sciences Azerbaydzhan SSR, Inst of Geology im Academician I. M. Gubkin, Council of the Natural Economy Azerbaydzhan SSR, Joint Azpetroleum, AzNII for the Extraction of Petroleum); 100 copies; price not given; (KL, 25-60, 128)

NADIROV, S.G.; ZHYNALOV, M.M.

New eruption of the Boz-Dag (Kobi) mud volcano, Azerb. neft. khoz.
37 no.3:9-10 Mr '58. (MIRA 11:8)
(Boz-Dag Range—Mud volcances)

NADIROV, S.G.; MIRZOYEV, R.Kh.

Open-cut mining of Azerbaijan oil fields. Azerb.neft.khoz. 38
no.1:9-11 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:4)
(Azerbaijan--Oil fields--Production methods)

NADIROV, S.G.; SALAYEV, S.G.; ZEYNALOV, M.M.

Geological prerequisites for open-pit mining of oil-bearing in the
Oligocene-Miocene complex in Kobystan. Izv. AN Azerb. SSR. Ser. geol.
-geog. nauk no.5:39-50 '59 (MIRA 13:3)
(Kobystan--Petroleum geology)

NADIROV, S.G.

Geological conditions permitting the open pit underground mining
of some oil fields in Azerbaijan. Trudy AzNII DN no.9:90-98 '60.
(MIRA 14:5)
(Azerbaijan—Petroleur mining)

NADIROV, S.G.

Lithophysical characteristics of Azerbaijan oil-bearing beds suitable
for open pit and underground mining. Trudy AzNII DN no.10:178-185
'60. (MIRA 14:4)

(Azerbaijan—Oil sands)

NADIROV, S.G.

Comparative evaluation of the commercial importance of Azerbaijan
oil fields suitable for open hole and underground exploitation.
Azerb. neft. khoz. 3^o no.3(405):8-10 Mr '60. (MIRA 14:9)
(Azerbaijan--Oil fields--Production methods)

ALL-ZADE, A.A.; AHMEDOV, G.A.; ZEYNALOV, M.M.; NADIROV, S.G.

Prospects for finding oil and gas in Mesozoic sediments of
Azerbaijan in the light of new data. Izv. AN Azerb.SSR.Ser.
geol.-geog.nauk i nefti no.3:3-22 '62. (MIRA 15:12)
(Azerbaijan—Petroleum geology)
(Azerbaijan—Gas, Natural—Geology)

SOV/139-58-5-22/3

AUTHORS: Tonkonogov, M.P. and Nadirov, E. G.

TITLE: Mechanism of High-Frequency Heating of Coal (Mekhanizm vysokochastotnogo nagreva ugley)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, fizika. 1958. Nr 5, pp 111-112 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The paper was presented at the Conference of Higher Education Establishments on Dielectrics and Semiconductors Tomsk, February 1958. High-frequency heating of coal could be applied in coking. Such a possibility was investigated on coal from Karaganda. The electrical conductivity of this coal varies around $10^{-8} \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$. Magnetic heating in substances with such low electrical conductivity is very small and can be safely neglected even at high frequencies and strong fields. To evaluate the possibility of heating by alternating electric fields the authors measured the loss angle as a function of frequency using a Q-meter KV-1 and mercury electrodes. The maximum of $\tan \delta$ (Fig.1) is accompanied by a fall of permittivity. The value of $\tan \delta$ at $f = 10^6$

Card 1/2

7129-58-5-22/35

Mechanism of High-Frequency Heating of Coal

maximum near 300 kc/s is of the order of unity. It follows that in the region near 300 kc/s dielectric heating should be very effective and this frequency can be recommended in experiments on coking of coal. There is 1 figure and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Karagandinskiy gornyy institut (Karaganda Mining Institute)

SUBMITTED: April 7, 1958.

Card 2/2

SOV/139-58-5-23/35

AUTHORS: Tonkonogov, M.P. and Nadirov, Y.E.G.

TITLE: Characteristics of Mechanical Break-Up of Coal in Strong Electric Fields (Kharakteristiki razrusheniya ugley v sil'nykh elektricheskikh poljakh)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, fizika, 1958, Nr 5, pp 113-114 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The paper was presented at the Conference of Higher Education Establishments on Dielectrics and Semiconductors, Tomsk, February, 1958. The authors measured the electrical conductivity and permittivity of coal from Karaganda. The electrical conductivity was about $10^{-8} \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ and varied within one order of magnitude. Permittivity was measured at the power frequency with an NIE-1 instrument and at high frequencies by means of a KB-1 Q-meter. Fig.1 shows a dielectric constant (permittivity) as a function of frequency; its value varies from 21-34 with a maximum near 100 k/c δ . The authors studied also electrical breakdown of coal in water. The breakdown occurs first in water and the discharge

Card 1/3

17-11-1984-1-13/30

Characteristics of Mechanical Break-Up of Coal in Strong Electric Fields

channel becomes a source of a shock wave which breaks up the coal sample. The mechanism of formation of the shock wave is similar to that observed in gases and described by Drabkina (Ref.3). Electrical breakdown of coal in water breaks up coal but can be used only for small lumps. Electrical breakdown of coal in air does not break it up mechanically but simply produces a narrow discharge channel in it. The authors obtained the following values of electric strength on application of a uniform constant electric field:

Thickness of sample in mm	Electric strength in V/cm
3.11	2.4×10^5
2.87	2.48×10^5
1.66	1.67×10^5
1.83	1.67×10^5

Card 2/3

Characteristics of Mechanical Break-Up of Coal in Strong Electric
Fields

SOV/139-58-5-23/35

There are 1 figure, 1 table and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Karagandinskiy gornyy institut (Karaganda Mining
Institute)

SUBMITTED: April 7, 1958.

Card 3/3

BUKETOV, Ye.A.; MEKLER, L.I.; NADIROV, Ye.G.; PASHINKIN, A.S.; TROFIMOV, L.D.

System tellurium - tellurium dioxide. Zhur. neorg. khim. 9 no.1:224-225
Ja '64. (MIRA 17:2)

NADIROV, Ye. T.

M.P.Tonkonogov, and Ye. T. Nadirov (Karaganda Mining Institute)

"The destruction of coal by an electrohydraulic shock"

Report presented at a Conference on Solid Dielectrics and Semiconductors,
Tomsk Polytechnical Inst., 3-8 Feb. 58.
(Elektrichestvo, '58, No. 7, 83-86)

NADIROV, Yu., polkovnik, kand. voyennykh nauk; KHABAROV, B., polkovnik, kand. voyennykh nauk

Operational skill and its meaning. Voen. znan. 35 no.9:35-36 S '59.
(MIRA 12:12)
(Military art and science)

NADIROVA, I. M., Cand Biol Sci -- (diss) "Functional morphology of yeast organisms in drying and deep freezing (on the problem of the anabiotic ~~condition~~^{state} of the cell)." Mos, 1957. 20 pp (Inst of Microbiology, Acad Sci USSR), 120 copies (KL, 52-57, 105)

- 30 -

NADIROVA, M.A.

11(4)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/2925

Baku, Azerbaydzhanisty nati-nasledovatel'skiy institut nefti-
pererabatyvushchiy proryazhennost' imeni V. V. Kryzhevova.
Sbornik trudy, vyp. 2. (Collection of Works, No. 2) Baku,
44 n-tsye, 1951. 373 p. Errata sliu' inverzad. 500
kopiy printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: Azerbaydzhan. Ministerstvo neftyanoy
promyshlennosti.

Ed. of Pub.-Lening House: T.B. Altman; Editorial Board: V.S. Alyev,
Candidate of Chemical Sciences, V.S. Qusyra, Doctor of Chemical
Sciences, A.M. Kaliyev, Doctor of Chemical Sciences, N.M. Induov,
Candidate of Technical Sciences, V.Ye. Maslyanin, Candidate of
Chemical Sciences, P.G. Suleryanova, Candidate of Technical
Sciences, A.M. Levantsev, Candidate of Technical
Sciences, Candidate of Chemical Sciences, N.B. Al'
or Technical Sciences, M.M. MelikZade, Candidate of Chemical
Sciences.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for chemical
engineers, technicians, and refiners concerned with advanced
methods of petroleum conversion.

COVERAGE: The collection presents an analysis of different
types of crude extracted in Azerbaijan and of the products
recovered from these crude through petroleum conversion
processes. The deserving, desulfurizing and demulsifying of crudes
is described and the suitability of those crudes for the
production of diesel-fuels is discussed. Benefits of catalytic
cracking performed over a fluidized bed synthetic catalyst
and the chemical composition of gasoline produced by two-
stage catalytic cracking are analyzed. A system produced by two-
flow of oil, gas as well as catalyst circulation in a hyper-
refining system are reviewed. Various types of additives and
are outlined. Refining of coker and of carbon black
Mezunyan, V.Ya., M.K. Dzhilyayev, K.I. Antonova, Sh.E. Dul'stanov,
and A.S. Arutunyan; Preliminary Treatment of Gas Crudes for
Refining

Azeryan, S.N., V.V. Yermekhin, A.G. Isakov, A.V. Endian,
Tegedz, G. / T. M. Mulyan, N.M. Induov, A.V. Endian,
Source for Diesel Fuel. Azerbaydzhan Crude as a Raw Material
Card 38

Nasirov, A.B., V.S. Gutierrez, and D.I. Zulfiqarly, Effect of
Certain Catalysts of Catalytic Cracking Performed Over a Fluidized
Synthetic Silica-Alumina Catalyst on the Formation of Aromatic
Hydrocarbons in Gasoline

Card 38

AGAYEVA, S.M.; KUPRIYANOVA, L.A.; NADIROVA, M.N.

Comparison of laboratory methods for evaluating the motor qualities
of diesel fuel. Sbor. trud. Az NII MP no. 4:23-28 '59. (MIRA 15:5)
(Diesel fuels—Analysis)

L 23007-66 ENT(m)/T DJ/WE
ACC NR: AP6007670 (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/003/0043/0043

AUTHOR: Terteryan, A. B.; Ivanyukov, D. V.; Agayeva Aga-Kyzy, S. M.; Grachev, D. S.;
Yermokhin, V. V.; Ismailov, A. G.; Kupriyanova, L. A.; Nadirzha, M. M.;
Terteryan, S. A.

24
B

ORG: none

TITLE: Deparaffination of distillate petroleum products. // Class 23, No. 178436

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 3, 1966, 43

TOPIC TAGS: deparaffination, petroleum product, petroleum refining

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a method describing the dewaxing of petroleum products using carbamides. The carbamide is introduced in the form of a solution in isopropyl alcohol during the process for separating normal paraffin hydrocarbons. The latter is carried out without the use of filters. [LD]

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 11Jul57

Card 1/1 da

UDC: 665.545.3:547.495.2

2

ALEKPEROV, I.I., kand. med. nauk; KNABENGOV, V.G., kand. med. nauk;
NADIROVA, N.F.; nauchnyy sotrudnik.

Clinical aspects of the vibration disease. Azerb. med. zhur.
42 no. 7:65-67 J1 '65 (MIR 19:1)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny truda i
professional'nykh zabolеваний imeni Efend'yeva Ministerstva
zdravookhraneniya Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR direktor-dotsent
I.G. Samedov).

MURADYAN, G.T.; NADIROVA, N.T.

Treatment of the diseases of peripheral nerves by painful
stimulation of short duration. Zhur. eksp. i klin. med.
3 no.1:73-78'63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Klinika nevrologii i neyrokhirurgii Yerevanskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(NERVES, PERIPHERAL — DISEASES)

L 27608-66 EWT(m)

ACC NR. AP6018420

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/166/002/0472/0475

AUTHOR: Ugolev, A. M.; Iysenitova, N. N.; Nadirova, T. Ya.; Timofeyeva, N. M.ORG: Institute of Physiology im. I. P. Pavlov, AN SSSR (Institut fiziologii AN SSSR)TITLE: Digestive functions of intestinal epithelium in connection with serious radiation injuries 19SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 166, no. 2, 1966, 472-475TOPIC TAGS: radiation injury, digestive system, radiation biologic effect, pathogenesis, enzyme, polysaccharide, hydrolysis

ABSTRACT: The authors determined the enzymatic activity of the surface of the intestine, intestinal homogenates and the contents of the intestine in irradiated rats (1,150 r.). Invertase, peptidase and amylolytic activity in control animals and in rats 4, 24, 48, and 72 hours after irradiation was studied. The results led the authors to suppose that defects in digestion near the wall of the intestine are significant in the pathogenesis of the disturbances resulting from severe radiation injuries. The almost complete suppression of invertase activity in homogenates and intact intestinal sections indicates that not only synthesis but also translocation of this enzyme to the surface of the cell is disrupted. In the case of dispeptidases, it is the latter process which is mostly affected, since there is no important

Card 1/2

UDC: 612.33+616.001.28

L 27608-66

ACC NR: AP6018420

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change in the store of the enzyme in intestinal cells. The level of amylolytic activity of the contents of the intestine was considerably higher than normal which indicates that digestion in the intestinal cavity is less affected than digestion along the wall. But in spite of the high content of amylase in the intestine, its activity on the surface was almost nil. This weakening of the processes of adsorption of pancreatic enzymes by intestinal cells must result in a disruption of hydrolysis of polysaccharides along the wall. The paper was presented by Academician V. N. Chernigovskiy on 6 March 1965. The authors thank O. V. Malinovskiy and O. V. Ivanov for their valuable advice and assistance. Orig. art. has: 3 figures. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 25Jan65 / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 009

Card 2/2 C

NADIROVA-UDEL'NOVA, I.M.

Effect of the conditions of cultivation before drying and
subsequent storage on changes in the viability of dry yeast
organisms. Trudy Inst. genet. i sel. AN Azerb.SSR 2:139-147 '62.
(MIRA 16:2)
(Yeast)

NADIRYAN, V.

An outstanding efficiency promoter of the Republic. Prom.Arm.
4 no.6:45-46 Je '61. (MIRA 14:8)
(Kirovakan--Chemical industries)

NADIR'YANES, N.N.

Diagnosis and treatment of appendicitis. Voen.-med.zhur. no.6:28-33
Je '51. (MLRA 9:9)
(APPENDICITIS)

L 20362-66 EPF(n)-2/EWP(t) IJP(c) JD/JG,LHB
ACC. NR. AP6012040

SOURCE CODE: BU/0011/65/018/003/0207/0210

AUTHOR: Nadjakov, E.; Genchev, D.

ORG: Institute of Physics, BAN

TITLE: L sub beta 1 line of Mo and Nb and the L sub alpha 1,2 line of Zn in compounds

SOURCE: Bulgarska akademiya na naukite. Doklady, v. 18, no. 3, 1965, 207-210

TOPIC TAGS: molybdenum, niobium, zinc, x ray spectrum, chemical bonding, emission spectrum, absorption spectrum

ABSTRACT: X-ray spectra reflect changes in the physical and chemical state of a substance all the more strongly, the more outwardly the electronic level they include. The L and M X-ray spectra of the elements are, therefore, of particular interest for the explanation of the character of the chemical bond. A number of papers (see, e.g., P. Gallon, C. R. Acad. Sci., 248, 1959, 2085; M. A. Blokhin, V. F. Demekhin, I. G. Shveytser, Izv. AN SSSR, Ser. fiz., 28, 1964, 834) have been devoted to the L emission and absorption spectra of elements with an unfilled 4d shell, in particular Mo and Nb. The present work contains experimental data on the displacement of L₃ of Mo in chemical compounds MoO₃, Na₂MoO₄, H₂MoO₄, and MoS₂, of L_{3,1} of Nb in Nb₂O₅, and of L_{3,1,2} of Zn in ZnO and ZnS (sphalerite). This paper was presented by Academician G. Nadjakov on 19 November 1964. The author thanks M. Ivan Yordanov for his valuable assistance in measurements and in elaborating the experimental material. Orig. art. has: 3 tables. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07 20 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 005 / SOV REF: 012

80

B

2

DEYEV, M.Ya., master; YELCHEV, G.A., slesar'; SNIGIREV, F.I., slesar'; NEKRASOV, V.G., slesar'; NAD'KIN, N.A., mashinist elektrovoza; OSHIVALOV, A.V., mashinist elektrovoza; PANCHENKO, P.M., mashinist elektrovoza.

Brush-holder units must be improved. Elek. i tepl. tiaga 2 no.4:6-7
Ap '58. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Elektromashinnyy tsekh depo Zlatoust Yuzhno-Ural'skoy dorogi (for Deyev). 2. Depo Zlatoust-Yuzhno-Ural'skoy dorogi (for all except Deyev).

(Electric brushes) (Electric railway motors)

POPOV, L.; NADKOV, M.; SAMSONOVA, S.

A new method of asepsis in surgical practice. Suvrem. med., Sofia 9 no. o:
40-47 1958.

1. Iz Kozhno-venericheskata klinika pri VMI--Sofiiia (Direktor: prof. L.
Popov).

(RESINS

resin of styrax benzoides with mercuric oxycyanide for surg.
asepsis (Bul))

(ANTISEPTICS, MERCURIAL

mercuric oxycyanide with resin of styrax benzoides for surg.
asepsis (Bul))

(CYANIDES,

same)

(ANTISEPSIS AND ASEPSIS

surg. asepsis with resin of styrax benzoides & mercuric
oxycyanide (Bul))

Locating storm centres by radio direction-finding methods.
M. Nadler. Slaboproudny Obzor, 15, No. 2, 56-63 (1964) Ir Czech.
Two systems used in locating the position of atmospheric disturbances are described and compared. It is thought that the French-Swiss narrow-beam direction-finding recorder is superior to the British-American system (main station+three instantaneous direction finders), since it (1) provides a permanent record, (2) works automatically, (3) estimates the intensity of a storm and (4) gives greater accuracy. It is suggested that the narrow-beam system can be improved by synchronizing the recording drums of the main and auxiliary stations and by transmission of the signals received by the auxiliary finders, together with appropriate time co-ordinates, to the base station. Improvement in the British-American system may be achieved by transmitting the data received by the auxiliary stations, with synchronizing and calibrating pulses, to the main station. 35 references are given.

R. S. Sidorowicz

LL

NADLER, M.

7
Electronic counters for industrial purposes. p. 29.
SLABOPROUDY OBZOR, Prague, Vol. 15, no. 7, July 1954.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6,
June 1956, Uncl.

NADLER, M.

Julius Strnad's Thyratrony (Thyratrons); a book review p. 587.
SALBOPOUDY OBZOR, Vol. 15, No. 12, Dec. 1954, Prague.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, No. 5, No. 6, June 1956 Uncl.

3098. GRAPHICAL DESIGN OF BISTABLE CIRCUITS FOR
PRE-ASSIGNED STATIC OPERATING CONDITIONS.

M. Nadir. 031.874.3
Prace v oboru, Vol. 18, No. 1, 1955. In Czech.

Considered an Eccles-Jordan circuit in which the grid biasing resistances are returned to a negative supply. It is assumed that a certain output anode voltage is required and the anode current is limited to a value constant with a long expected life. The value of the current must be very stable. The graphical method of calculating the circuit is based on the fact that the ratio of the values of the anode voltage to the total voltage divided the anode current by the parameters of the circuit, a second approximation is carried out, in which the referred resistor values are employed. R.S. Sidorowicz

NADLER 11

8466. A HIGH-SPEED ELECTRONIC ARITHMETIC UNIT FOR
AUTOMATIC COMPUTING MACHINES / M.Nadler.

Acta Tech. (Prague), Vol. 1, No. 6, 404-78 (1959).

Algorithm and basic logical design for a proposed high-speed parallel electronic arithmetic unit are given. 64-bit words represent either a signed 54-bit floating point number or a 1+1 address instruction. Operations provided are addition (9 μ s), multiplication (23 μ s), division (43 μ s) and square root (optional, 23 μ s) based on 6-phase 1 Mc/s clock pulses; each operation occupies a fixed time and includes a second check calculation using complements; each word includes a parity check bit. Physical realization would require 1500 toggles and 25000 diodes, the circuits being of a direct-coupled latching type with three-stage diode input matrices. Decrease of the memory access time from 5 μ s to 2 μ s would increase the mean computer speed from 40000 to 20000 operations per second. The total addition time including shifts, normalizing and checking is limited to 8 cycles by separating the adding and carrying processes, combining pyramidal with anticipating carry, and using binary stepped shifts of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 places. Multiplication, division and square root forming, using much equipment in common, are also speeded by using a separate carry register which is being cleared continuously throughout the operation, and by extensive use of short cutting. Negative numbers are represented by ones complements with end-around-carry.

C.A. Montgomery

2

SM

NADLER, F.

Electronic analogy for the relay in logical circuits. p. 45.
(STROJE NA ZPRACOVANI INFORMACI, Vol. 4, 1956, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SJ: Monthly List of East European Accessions (SEAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec 1957. Incl.

NADLER, M.

Division in digital machines by the method of radixes. p. 79.
(STROJE NA ZPRACOVANI INFORMACI, Vol. 4, 1956, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SD: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec 1957. Incl.

NADLER, N.

A six-phase arithmetic unit based on radix division. p. 103.
(STROJE NA ZPRACOVANI INFOMACI, Vol. 4, 1956, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (SEAL) EC, Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec 1957. incl.

NADLER, ZS.; BOGNAR, J.

Use of Metanil Yellow, Astrazon Blue G, Xylene Blue VS and
Setoglaucine as indicators in cerimetry. In German. p. 51.
ACTA CHEMICA. (Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia) Budapest.
Vol. 10, no. 1/3, 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress,
Vol. 5, No. 12, December 1956.

HADLER, M. (Praga)

On the use of operational calculus for the large-signal solution
of transients in servomechanisms with saturable amplifiers.

Avtom.i telem. 17 no.5:467-470 My '56. (MLRA 9:8)
(Magnetic amplifiers) (Calculus, Operational)
(Servomechanisms)

Nadler, M.

621.375.232.5
2219. CATHODE FOLLOWER AS A VERSATILE AMPLIFIER.

M.Nadler

Státoprávny Obzor, Vol. 17, No. 8, 138-42; No. 9, 494-500 (1958)

In Czech.

Accurate formulae, taking into account the more important stray capacitances, are derived for the output voltage, and the input and output impedances of a linear cathode follower. Low- and high-frequency characteristics of the device are investigated. It is shown by considering the complete equivalent circuit that at high capacitive loads the system can become non-linear. In case of low amplitude pulse operation of the cathode follower, when, with the valve being cut off, the negative edges are appreciably slowed down. The problems of designing the cathode follower for symmetrical or pulsed operation are discussed. A number of special cathode-follower circuits is shown.

R.S.Sidorowicz

6/29/88

NADLER, M.

Nadler, M.

Cathode follower, a versatile amplifier. (Conclusion) p. 494.

Vol. 17, no. 9, Sept. 1956

SLABOPROUDY OBZOR

TECHNOLOGY

Czechoslovakia

So. East European Accessions, Vol. 6, May 1957

No. 5

Nadler, M. On the utilization of operational calculus in
the investigation of transition processes in servomechan-
isms that have an amplifier with saturation. Avtomat.
i Telemeh. 17 (1956), 467-470. (Russian)

ADAMOV, M.

"Introduction to digital computers. Pt. 1. A survey of the types of computers."

p. 409 (Aplikace Matematiky, Vol. 2, No. 4, 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia.)

Monthly Index of East European Publications (M.I.E.P.), Vol. 7, No. 4, June 1957.

NADLER, M.

Miniature heads for magnetic pulse recording.

p. 103 (STROJE ZPRACOVANI INFORMACI) Vol. 5, 1957,
Praha, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 3,
March 1958

NADLER, M.

Division by digital computers according to the radix method.

p. 293 (STROJE ZPRACOVANI INFORMACI) Vol. 5, 1957,
Praha, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 3,
March 1958

NADLER, MORTON.

TECHNOLOGY

NADLER, MORTON. Oscilograficka mereni. Prel. Vladimir Tacek. Praha, statni nakl. technicke literatury, 1958. 190 p.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEL) LC, Vol. 8, no. 3, March, 1951. Uncl.

16,6800

35874
S/044/62/000/002/070/092
C111/C222AUTHOR: Nadier, Morton

TITLE: Equi-distant codes (E-codes) and their construction

PERIODICAL: Referativnyj zhurnal, Matematika, no. 2, 1962, 53,
abstract 2V302. ("Stroje zpracov. inform.", 1960, no. 6,
č1-70)

TEXT: Considered are equi-distant binary codes (E-codes), i. e.,
codes in which an arbitrary pair of signals is situated at the same
distance d. A new geometrical interpretation is suggested in addition
to the usual interpretation of signal systems through the corners of
an n-dimensional Euclidian unit-cube. A recurrence method to construct
an E-code is given. It is exemplified by a 15 digit code with the code
distance 4, which is obtained by combining a 3 digit E-code with a
code distance 2 and 4 digit complementary code. The latter consists of
4 signal pairs. In each pair there appear signals having the form

 a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4 and $1-a_1, 1-a_2, 1-a_3, 1-a_4$

that is, signals having a distance from each other that is equal to
the number of their digits, while signals from different pairs have
Card 1/2

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C111/C222

Equi-distant codes (E-codes) ...

the distance 2 from each other. To each signal of one and the same pair is added one and the same signal of the 3 digit code. It is found that the equi-distant codes can be used as well as the usual self-correcting codes to correct the error resulting from the magnetic tape of memory cells in computers. It is pointed out that the use of equi-distant codes has a number of advantages over the usual self-correcting codes.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

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PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

CZECH/4855

Nadler, Morton, and Vilem Nessel

Elektronkový osciloskop (Cathode-Ray Oscilloscope) 2d ed. enl. Prague, SNTL, 1960.
275 p. (Series: Výběr elektrotechnické literatury) 2,700 copies printed.

Reviewer: Jindřich Forejt, Doctor of Natural Sciences, Docent; Tech. Ed.: Marie Králová; Chief Ed.: František Kašpar, Engineer, Doctor; Resp. Ed.: Ota Karen, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for all persons who use cathode-ray oscilloscopes as measuring instruments, i.e., technical personnel in communications, electrical and mechanical engineering, in automation and computer fields, and also for chemists, biologists, doctors, and others. It may also serve as a useful manual for designers and constructors of oscilloscopes and as a valuable textbook for students in industrial schools and in schools of higher education.

COVERAGE: The book deals with the problems of design and construction of cathode-ray oscilloscopes. It explains the function of their basic components, such as cathode-ray tubes, time bases, and amplifiers, and examines the equipment of

Card 1/15

KAS'YANOVA, A.A.; LABAZNIKOV, A.F.; HADLER, Ya.S.; SOPMAN, A.S.

New material for prosthetic devices. Ortop.travm. i protez. 20
no.2:47-48 F '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Iz Moskovskogo protezno-ortopedicheskogo zavoda im. K.Marksa
(dir. - V.P. Nikiforov).
(PROSTHESIS
laminated polyamide material (Bus))

NADLER, Z.

✓ 2185. The use of Metanil yellow, Astral blue, Xylene blue and Setoglanicin in cerimetry. J. Horváth and Z. Vályi (Kolozsvári Műszaki Egyetem, Univ. Hosztergáthy, Miskolc, Hungary). *Magyar Kém. Foly.*, 1955, 61 (1), 372-376.
The use of Metanil yellow (**I**) [4-(3-sulphulic-
benzene)diphenylamine, sodium salt] and Astral
blue G (**II**) (an ethyl or ethoxy derivative of tri-
aminotriphenylmethane) in cerimetric titrations
is described. **II** has a colour change at c. 0.72 V
(vs. the S.C.E.) which is about equal to the equiv.
potential of the Fe(II)-ceric sulphate reaction.
II can be used in the cerimetric determination of
Fe²⁺ (also in the presence of HgCl₂ and HgCl₄),
ferrocyanide, As, Ti and quinal. In addition to
these, **I** can be used for the titration of Mo⁶⁺, U
and ascorbic acid. Trivalent Sb can be titrated
in conc. HCl soln., in the presence of **I**, but As
needs HCl as catalyst and thus their mixture can
be determined. The colour change of **I**, which was
used, is irreversible (carmine red to greenish blue);
the colour change of **I** in its oxidised form is revers-
ible, but less intense and less contrasting. Neither
indicator can be used for the cerimetric titration
of I, H₂O₂, Ta, NO₃⁻, VII and oxalate, with any of
the procedures attempted. Kylee blue VS and
Setoglanicin O behave similarly to **II**. A. G. Pato

VINKMAN, M.K.; GINTSINGER, A.B.; POSPELOV, A.G.; POLETAYEVA, O.K.;
YEGOROVA, L.I.; ROMANENKO, M.F.; FEDYANINA, Ye.S.; ASTASHKIN, V.A.;
CHERNYSHeva, S.V.; ROMANENKO, Ye.V.; ASKARINA, N.A.; BOYARINOV, A.S.;
NADLER, Yu.S.; GORELOV, G.F.

Scheme of the stratigraphy of Lower Cambrian and the lower part of
Middle Cambrian sediments in the Altai-Sayan fold area. Trudy
SNIIGGIMS no.24:23-34 '62. (MIRA 16:10)

KALUGIN, A.S.; ANAN'YEV, A.R.; GRATSIANOVA, R.T.; KUL'KOV, N.I.; MIKHNOVA, N.V.;
NADLER, Yu.S.

Stratigraphic position and the age of the horizon of the volcanic
sedimentary iron ores in Devonian sediments in the Altai. Trudy
SNIIGGIMS no.29:142-148 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

Nadler, Zs.

✓ Use of Metanil Yellow, Astrablue G, Xylene Blue, and
Sotekhuanin indicators in cerimetry. J. Bogdán and Zs.
Nádler (M. Univ. Tech. Univ. Budapest, Magyarország)
Mém. Acad. Sci. Hung. 10, 51-60 (1950) (in German)
(English summary); cf. Young, *C.A.*, 46, 24394. —The
behavior of Metanil Yellow (I), Astrablue G (II), Xylene
Blue VS (III), and Sotekhuanin O (IV) in cerimetric titra-
tions was studied potentiometrically. The transition po-
tentials relative to the satd. calomel electrode of II, III, and
IV are 0.72, 0.71-0.70, and 0.71-0.75 v., resp. II can be
used for the cerimetric titration of Fe (in the presence of Hg
salts), $\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6$, As, Ti, and hydroquinone. I can be used
for these, as well as Sb, Mo, U, and ascorbic acid. None
of these indicators are suitable for iodide, H_2O_2 , Tl, nitrite,
V, or oxalate. III and IV are similar to I and II in their be-
havior. *J. W. Lowberg Jr.*

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"S. S. T."

"Tele-Line Corporation of Poland, Warsaw, Poland, 1980, 1981,
and continuing to 1982", 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985,
1986, Warsaw, Poland)

Ap Monthly List of West European Accidents, (T-1), 1, 1981, 1982,
May 1981, incl.

NADOL'NIKOV, A.G.; FASTOVSKIY, V.G.; PETROVSKIY, Yu.V.

Miniature refrigerating machine. Pril. i tehn. eksp. Z no. 6;
188-190 N-L '63. (MERA 17;6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut.

180383-67 B.T(1)

ACC NR: AP6012153

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/007/0070/0071

AUTHORS: Pyatnitskiy, A. I.; Nadol'nikov, A. G.; Aranovich, R. M.; Kurnosova, V. M.

SRC: none

TITLE: Cryostat for radiation receivers. Class 42, No. 180383 [announced by All-Union Electrical Engineering Institute im. V. I. Lenin (Vsesoyuznyy elekrotekhnicheskiy institut)]

SOURCE: Izobroteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 7, 1966, 70-71

TOPIC TAGS: cryostat, cooling

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a cryostat for radiation receivers. In its cooling system the coolant is formed by throttling compressed gas which is initially cooled in a helical heat exchanger first by a coolant and then by the return flow of liquefied gas passing through the liquefying chamber. To increase the efficiency and usefulness of the cryostat and to simplify its design, the upper part of the heat exchange helix passes into a heat conducting tube which is placed in the chamber with the liquid coolant (see Fig. 1). The lower part passes through a vacuum tube with the return flow of liquefied gas, which is connected with the liquefying chamber.

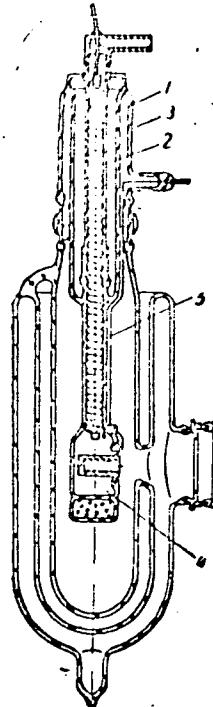
Card 1/2

UDC: 621.565.4

L 09000-67

ACC NR: AP6012153

Fig. 1. 1 - heat exchange helix; 2 - heat conducting tube; 3 - chamber with liquid coolant; 4 - liquefying chamber; 5 - return gas flow tube



Orig. art. has: 1 diagram.

SUB CODE: 20¹⁵/ SUBM DATE: 07Jan65

NADOLNY, Antoni, inz.

The enrichment of lead ore in Moulouya, Morocco. Rudy i
metale 7 no.8:381-383 Ag '62.

L 30 500-66 T JW/JW/dE
ACC NR: API029144

SOURCE CODE: RU/0007/66/017/002/0005/0100

AUTHOR: Marolo, A. (Physicist)

ORG: none

TITLE: Concerning the installation and use of volume meters for the measurement of liquid hydrocarbons

SOURCE: Petrol si gazo, v. 17, no. 2, 1966, 25-100

TOPIC TAGS: hydrocarbon, metrology, measuring instrument

ABSTRACT: The author summarizes proper techniques and precautions relating to the correct use of volume meters of various types for the measurement of liquid hydrocarbons; the suggestions are a summary of the American Petroleum Institute's Standard 1101 of 1960. Orig. art. has: 8 figures. [Based on author's Eng. abstr.]
[JPRS: 36,556]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBJ DATE: none

Card 1/1 JS

UDC: 681.121.14:665.58

S/035/62/000/010/039/128
A001/A101

AUTHOR: Nadolschi, L.

TITLE: Observation of the solar eclipse of February 15, 1961, by four members of the Astronomical Circle in Yassy

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Astronomiya i Geodeziya, no. 10, 1962, 54, abstract 10A372 ("Gaz. mat. si fiz.", 1962, v. B13, no. 1, 23 - 28, Rumanian)

TEXT: A group of students and schoolboys under the guidance of the author conducted photographic, visual and meteorological observations during the eclipse. The variation of the solar shine in ordinary light and at wavelengths λ 4700, 5500, 5800, and 6400 was determined by means of a special photographic photometer. The table and graph of variation of luminosity logarithm are presented. The maximum luminosity drop near the maximum phase (~0.99) took place in violet and the next one in green rays, which is due to energy distribution in the spectrum of the solar limb. The photographs of the partial eclipse phases, the table of relative humidity and the graph

Card 1/2

Observation of the solar eclipse of...

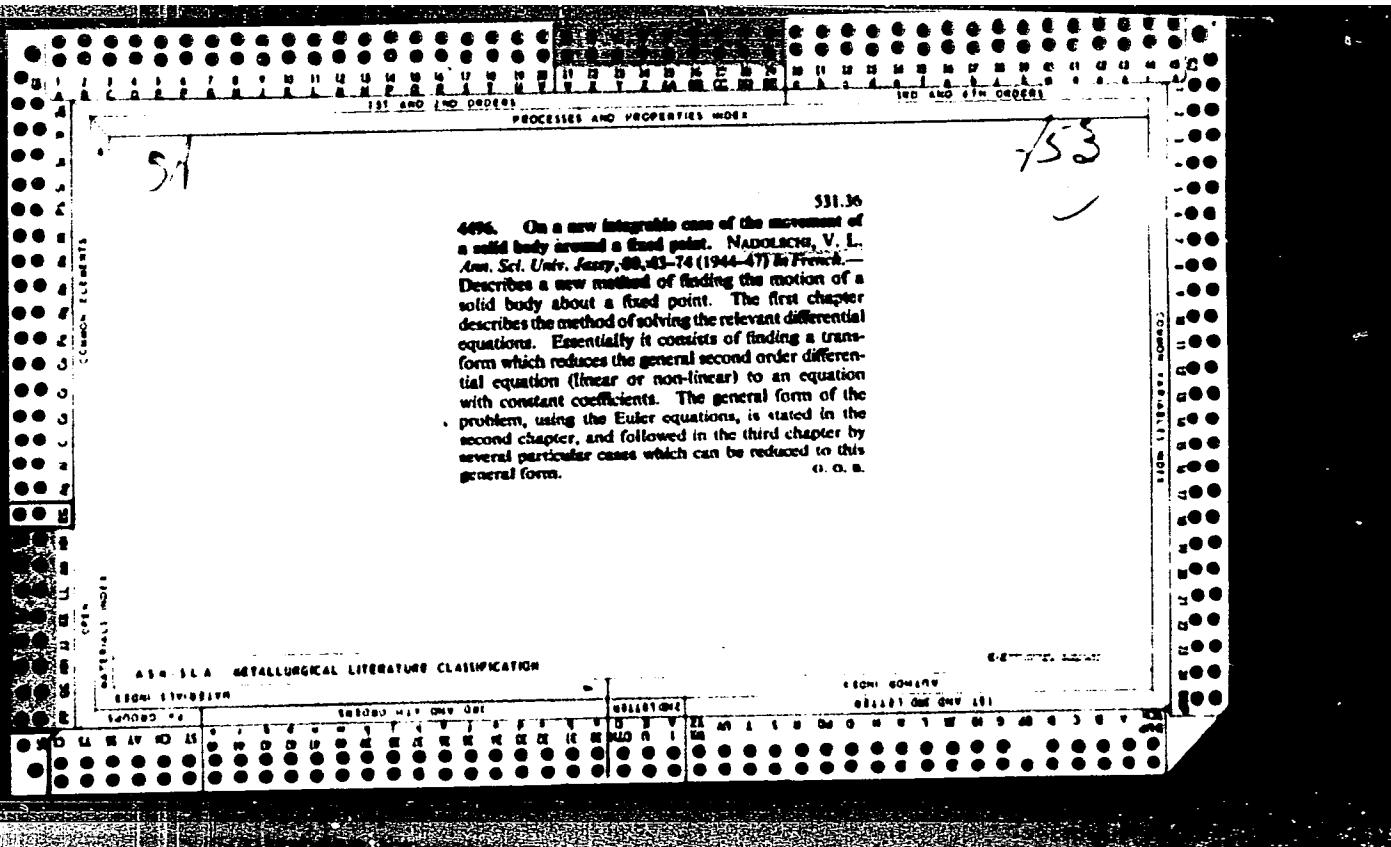
3/035/62/000/010/039/128
A001/A101

of air and soil temperature variations during the eclipse are presented.

V. Bronshten

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2



RUMANIA/Optics - Optical Technology

K

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Fizika, No 9, 1959, 21279

Author : Nadolschi, V., Grindei, T.

Inst : Iasi Affiliate of the Romanian Academy of Sciences, Iasi,
Romania

Title : Determination of the Curvature of Spherical Bent Optical
Surfaces

Orig Pub : Studii si cercetari stiint. Acad. RPR, Fil. Iasi. Fiz,
si stiinte tehn., 1957, 8, No 2, 149-153

Abstract : The method proposed consists of measuring, with the aid
of a microscope having a micrometric moving tube, the
distances between certain points of the investigated
surface with vertical axis and the mid-point of a calibra-
ted thread, located on one of the surfaces, stretched
over the surface and making contact with the edges of the

Card 1/2

- 115 -

NADOLSKI, V.

An approximative method of computing the ephemerides of the artificial satellite. p. 195.

STUDII SI CERCETARI STINTIFICE. FIZICA SI STINTE TEHNICE.
Iasi, Rumania. Vol. 8, no. 2, 1957

Monthly list of European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 8, Aug. 1959

Unc1.

NADOLSCHE, V.

Some remarks on the determination of the correction for a pendulum.
Studii fiz tehn Iasi 11 no.1:89-92 '60. (EEAI 10:3)
(Pendulum) (Chronograph)