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Basalt and glass wool. Jan Lehner. *Ceskoslov. Sklád a Keram.* 3, No. 11, 204-6 (1963); *Silikattech.* 5, 273-4 (1954).
The industrial production of mineral wool by fusion and centrifugal dispersion is described. The fibers have an av. diam. of 12-60 μ and are useful for insulation. The fusion furnace is a shaft kiln with a production of 10-60 kg./hr. The raw material is either glass bottle cullet or basalt in 0-10 cm. fractions. The fusion temp. for basalt is higher than that for the glass (1350-1450°). The temp. of the pan for the centrifugal dispersion is 900°; it rotates with a speed of 3000-4000 r.p.m., inclined to the horizontal plane by 5-20°. Slag wool, or wool from phonolite, is fused in a cupola furnace, with addn. of coke. The melts are dispersed by superheated steam from U- or V-shaped nozzles.
W. Eitel

82

LEHNER, J.

Mineral fibers. p. 81.
SBLAR A KERAMIK, Praha, Vol. 5, no. 4, Apr. 1955.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (HEAL), LC, Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1955,
Uncl.

LEHNER, J.

Basalt melting furnace for glass fiber production.
p. 163. SKLAR A KERAMIK, (Ministerstvo lehkeho
prumyslu) Praha. Vol. 6, No. 7, July 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL),
Library of Congress. Vol. 5, no. 12,
December 1956

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and
Their Application. Ceramics. Glass. Binders.
Concrete.

H-13

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 13, 1958, 44082.

Author : Lehner Jan
Inst :
Title : Mineral "Staple" Fiber.

Orig Pub: Sklar a keramik, 1957, 7, No 6, 165-167.

Abstract: The Institute of Mechanization of Glass and Fine
Ceramics has developed a procedure for the production
of mineral "staple" fiber (MSF) by spraying of fused
composition. The rock is charged to a shaft furnace
and heated by the hot flue gases. The fused compo-
sition is fed to a Pt-furnace from which it is dis-
charged in separate jets which are blown with steam

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and
Their Application. Ceramics. Glass. Binders.
Concrete.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khin., No 13, 1958, 44082.

H-13

to form thin fibers. It is stated that MSF can be used to produce hard or semi-rigid panels. In lieu of a lubricant the fiber can be coated with a binder. Physical characteristics of this material are listed. Thickness of individual MSF is 1-10 μ . MSF is stable to the action of water, acids and alkalies, and to the last mentioned it is more resistant than glass fiber and slag wool. Tensile strength of MSF 5 μ in diameter is 60-100 kg/mm². Physico-chemical properties of MSF are described and data concerning its thermal conductivity are

Card : 2/3

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and
Their Application. Ceramics. Glass. Binders.
Concrete.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khin., No 13, 1958, 44082.

H-13

provided. MSF is used for the manufacture of
various filters (for example, biological, chemical,
etc.), and also as an asbestos substitute and
filler for plastics.

Card : 3/3

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products H
and Their Applications. Glass.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1959, No 4, 12567.

Author : Lehner, Jan.

Inst : ~~Not given.~~

Title : Use of Gaseous Oxygen for the Intensification of
Combustion.

Orig Pub: Sklar a keramik, 1957, 7, No 12, 362-366.

Abstract: Theoretical bases are presented for enriching air with oxygen (O_2) for combustion of various types of solid and gaseous fuels. From the data cited, the conclusion is made that enrichment of air with O_2 not only provides an increase in temperature in the combustion chambers and working space of the furnaces but also improves the heat transmission of the gases in the melting vat because

Card 1/4

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products H
and Their Applications. Glass.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1959, No 4, 12567.

Abstract: The best results of melting were obtained with enrichment of air to 26-27% of O₂. In addition, the productivity of the kiln was increased from 50 to 70 kg/hour (by 40%), removal of fiber - from 130 to 184 kg/m² per hour, with outlay of O₂ 6.1 nm³/hour. The quality of the mineral fiber was also increased. Temperature in the melting area of the kiln was increased from 1350 to 1425°, but increased wear and tear of the lining made of lovinite (Czech chrommagnesium brick) was not observed.

Other methods for introducing O₂ are: by means of enriching the air of the blower ventilator, or by the addition of O₂ directly into the working area

Card 3/4

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products H
and Their Applications. Glass.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1959, No 4, 12567.

Abstract: of the kiln; no results were given. The author considers that with the reduction of costs for gaseous O₂, the enrichment of air by it for combustion can sharply increase the productivity of glass furnaces. -- S. Glebov.

Card 4/4

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. H
Ceramics. Glass. Binding Materials.
Concrete. - Glass.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1959, 20252

Author : Lehner, Jan

Inst : -

Title : Viscosity of Raw Material for Artificial Inorganic Fibers.

Orig Pub : Sklar a keramik, 1958, 8, No 5, 132-134

Abstract : Viscosities (V) are cited of a glass mass for the manufacture, by different methods (mechanical blowing or centrifugal), of mineral fiber depending on the chemical composition of the raw material (glass,

Card : 1/2

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. H
Ceramics. Glass. Binding Materials.
Concrete. - Glass.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1959, 20252

basalt, slag) and the temperature. V was determined in a rotating viscosimeter. The effect of different oxides on the formation of fibers and on V during high temperatures of fused minerals was analyzed in detail. An optimal method is indicated for drawing out the fiber depending on the V and the chemical composition of the batch. Tables are presented of the chemical composition of the different basalts, raw material for slag and mineral fiber, and their V depending on the temperature and the corresponding graphs. -- D. Shapiro

Card : 2/2

H-36

LEHNER, J.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and Their Application, Part 2. - H
Ceramics, Glass, Binders, Concretes. -
Binders, Concretes and Other Building
Materials.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 18, 1958, 61802.

Author : J. Lehner.
Inst : Not given.
Title : Mineral Insulation Fiber "Staple".

Orig Pub: Stavivó, 1958, 36, No 1, 14 - 17.

Abstract: The scheme of the installation for manufacturing the fiber, the chemical composition of initial materials and the properties of objects made of the mineral fiber are presented. An experiment of preparing mineral insulating fiber abroad is described.

Card 1/1

COUNTRY : CZECHOSLOVAKIA

REF ID

ABS. JOUR. : RZKhim., No. 1959, No. 87311

AUTHOR : Lehner, J.

INST. :
TITLE : Viscosity of Fused Rocks at Elevated Temperature

ORIG. PUB. : Silikaty, 1959, 3, No 2, 104-109

ABSTRACT : Viscosity of fused rocks is an important factor in the manufacture of articles therefrom. The author describes a method of measuring the viscosity of fused rocks and presents the results of the determinations.
From author's summary.

CARD:

LEHNER, Jan, ind.

Progress in the field of rock fibers. Sklar a keramik 1A
no. 7:208-209 JI '64.

1. State Research Institute of Complex Mechanization and
Automation of the Glass and Fine Ceramic Industry, Prague.

LEHNER, Jan, inz.

New information on base rock fiber, Okon a keramik 14 [14. 15]
no. 1:7-9 Ja 1963.

1, State Research Institute of Complex Mechanization and Automation
of Glass and Fine Ceramics Industry, Prague.

KOPYSC, Zbyslaw; LEHNERT, Andrzej

Pancytopenia with various developmental defects of Fanconi. *Pediat.*
Pol. 37 no.3:295-300 '62.

1. Z Oddziału Dziecięcego Szpitala Wojewodzkiego w Zielonej Gorze
Dyrektor: dr med. Z. Pieniezny.

(METABOLIC DISEASES case reports)

LEHNERT, K.

2/3
cc
Koch.

SLABOPROUDY OBZOR (Weak Current/Communication/Review, Czechoslovakia)
Vol 15, No. 6, June, 1954

Tasks and prospects of manufacturing technology in the telecommunication and electronics industry (in Czechoslovakia.)

The position as regards putting into use research results for practical production is still not satisfactory due to insufficient skill of the personnel carrying out practical development work and insufficient cooperation between research and production personnel. Maximum utilization of pressed components, welding and pressed screws (instead of machined ones) is advocated. Although up to 10% of the production costs are spent for surface treatment, the results are unsatisfactory, partly because of obsolete equipment and partly because insufficient adherence of the personnel to the specifications and instructions regarding their work. Insufficient attention is being paid to the possibilities of using standard components for new equipment. It is mentioned that in the Soviet Union new instruments must in certain ranges of products contain 40 to 60% of "inherited" components.

By K. Lehnert

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LEHNERT, K.

TECHNOLOGY

Periodical: SDELOVACI TECHNIKA. Vol. 6, no. 11, Nov. 1958.

LEHNERT, K. Tasks of technical workers during efficiency tests. p. 401.

Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 3
March 1959 Unclass.

LEHNERT, Karel, inz.

Some ideas on the development, level, and main tasks of light-current engineering. Slaboproudý obzor 25 no. 2: 65 F '64.

1. Ministerstvo všeobecného strojírenství, Praha.

LEHENKA, Z.

Something about home fungi and fungicidal treatment. p. 151. (Rural Farming, Vol. 24, No. 5, May 1974, Warszawa, Poland)

30: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (AMA), 10, No. 3, No. 12, Dec. 1954, Uncl.

LEHNERT, Z.

"Technical causes of the formation of moisture in buildings." p. 342.
(PREZEGLAD BUDOWLANY. Vol 26, No. 11, Nov. 1954. Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions. (EEAL). LC. Vol. 4, No. 4.
April 1955. Uncl.

LEHNERT, Z.

The problem of destroying fungi in waste building materials.
p. 234. PRZEGLAD BUDOWLANY, Warszawa. Vol. 28, no. 6, June 1956 .

SOURCE: East European Accession List (EEAL) Library of Congress
Vol. 5, no. 8, August 1956.

KOREC, R.; technicka spolupracá LEHOCKA, I.

Estimation of glucose by the glucose oxidase method. Cas. lek. cesk.
102 no.6:152-155 8 F '63.

1. Ustav pre vseobecnu a experimentalnu patologiu lekarskej fakulty
UPJS v Kosiciach, prednosta doc. dr. R. Korec.
(BLOOD SUGAR) (OXIDASES) (BLOOD CHEMICAL ANALYSIS)
(GLUCOSE)

KOREC, R.; Technicka spolupraca LEHOCKA, I.

Subtotal pancreatectomy in rats. Cas. lek. cesk. 101 no.24/25:757-759
22 Je '62.

1. Ustav pre vseobecnu a experimentalnu patologiiu lekarskej fakulty
Univerzity P. J. Safarika v Kosiciach, prednosta doc. dr. R. Korec.

(PANCREAS surgery)

SCHWEIGER, O.; TOMCSANYI, A.; KULKA, F.; LEHOCKI, M.; TOMCSANYI, A., Frau.

Experimental studies on intrapleural absorption of p-aminosalicylic acid. Acta physiol. hung. 11 no.1:83-94 1957.

I. I. Medizinische, Biochemische und Chirurgische Abteilung des Staatlichen Koranyi Tuberkulose-Instituts, Budapest.

(PLEURA, physiol.

intrapleural absorp. of PAS, determ. method (Ger))

(PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID, metab.

intrapleural absorp., determ. method (Ger))

Magyar, Imre, dr.; LEHOCKY, Dezső, dr.; MARTON, Istvan, dr.

New methods in the treatment of insulin-resistant diabetes.
Orv.hetil. 105 no.7:289-285 16 F '64.

1. Orvostovábbképző Intézet, I. Belgyógyászati Tanszék.

*

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ARNDARCIK, J.; LEMOCKY, J.; Chair of Comparative Physiology, Veterinary Faculty (Katedra Porovnavacej Fyziologie, Veterinarska Fakulta), Kosice.

"FSH and ICSH in the Urine of Cows During the Estrual Cycle."

Prague, Geskoslovenska Fysiologie, Vol 15, No 5, Sep 66, p 366

Abstract: The activity of the follicle-stimulating and interstitial cells stimulating hormones (FSH and ISCH) during the sexual cycle of cows was investigated. Maximum values of FSH were found on the 5th and 15th day, and maximum values of ICSH on the 1st, 5th, 10th, 15th, and 20th day. The formation and secretion of hypophyseal gonadotropins in cows was proved. 2 Western, 1 Czech reference. Submitted at 3 days of physiology of domestic animals at Liblice, 10 Dec 65.

1/1

LEHOCKY, M.

Technical control in the repair shops of machine-tractor stations. p. 211.
(Mechanisace Zemedelstvi, Vol. 7, No. 9, May 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug 1957. Uncl.

HUNGARY/Nuclear Physics - Installations and Instruments. Methods of Measurement and Research C-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 1, 1959, No 210

Author : Lehocz Jozsef
Inst : -
Title : Pulsed Modulator for 1 Mw with a Delay Line for the Supply of the Magnetron.

Orig Pub : Magyar tud. akad. Kozp. fiz. kutato int. kozl., 1957, 5, No 5, 483-492

Abstract : Description of the construction and operation of a pulsed generator, which produce a maximum pulse of 1 Mw of duration of 1 microsecond. The modulator is intended to feed a magnetron for a linear accelerator under construction.

Card : 1/1

HUNGARY

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00092912

KORMOCZY, Gyorgy, Dr. LEHOCZKI, Zoltan, Dr; The Chinoin Pharmaceutical and Chemical Product Factory, Department of Medical Science (chief: SZENTMIKLOSI, Peter, Dr) and First Veterinary Hospital of the City Council of Budapest (chief: LEHOCZKI, Zoltan, Dr) (A Chinoin Gyogyszer and Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Orvostudomanyi Osztaly es a Budapest Fovarosi Tanacs 1. sz. Allatkorhaza).

"The Use of a New Spasmolytic Preparation in Veterinary Medicine."

Budapest, Magyar Allatorvosok Lapja, Vol 18, No 7, July 1963, pp 279-281.

Abstract: [Authors' English summary modified] Comparative studies have been carried out by the authors using Ridol inj. (phenothiazide + methylhomatropine + codeine+ novamidazophenum), a combination with spasm-analgetic effect and No-Spa inj. (tetraethoxy-benzol-tetradihydro-isoquinoliniumchloride), a new spasmolytic compound. Ridol is unsuitable for the intramuscular administration to large animals but i.v. or i.m. administration of No-Spa in doses of 4 cg/50 kg body weight was effective in the treatment of diseases of the digestive tract. Intestinal spasm was alleviated without affecting the peristalsis. Its effectiveness was enhanced by combined administration with Algopyrin (novamidazophenum). 14 Hungarian, 5 Western references.

HUNGARY

KAPP, P., LEHOCZKI, Z.: Veterinary Medical University, Department of Pathology (chairman: KARDEVAN, A.) (Allatorvostudományi Egyetem, Patológiai Tanszék), Budapest, and Animal Hospital (head: LEHOCZKI, Z.) (Allatkorház), Budapest.

"Endemic Outbreak of Canine Hepatitis (Rubarth's Disease) Among Bears."

Budapest, Acta Veterinaria Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae, Vol XVI, No 4, 1966, pages 429-436.

Abstract: [English article, authors' English summary modified] An outbreak of infectious canine hepatitis was observed in the animal nursery of the Budapest Zoo in the spring of 1965. All of the 4-5 months old bear cubs died within about 2 weeks. Pathological and histological studies revealed that the most severe lesions had developed in the central nervous system and were manifested in the form of serous, hemorrhagic lymphocytic meningo-encephalitis. The Cowdry type A intranuclear inclusion bodies characteristic of Rubarth's disease were present in various organs, in the endothelial cells of blood vessels and sinusoids as well as in the parenchymal cells of the liver, in every case. The brain lesions were similar to those seen in foxes which died of encephalitis or occasionally in dogs which died of canine hepatitis. The results of serological tests and the timing of the outbreak both were indicative of a transmission of the infection from dingo puppies to the bear cubs which were housed together in the nursery. 1 East German, 7 Western 1/1 references. [Manuscript received 5 Jul 66.]

LEHOCZKY, Alfred, egyetemi hallgato (Budapest)

Remarks about the beginnings of the workers' movement at Czd.
Borsod szemle 6 no.6:54-63 '62.

LEHOCZKI, Andras

The role and use of the auxiliary assemblies of telecommunication installations in up-to-date operations. Hir techn 13 no.4:149-155 Ag '62.

1. Híradastechnikai Tudományos Egyesület tagja; Beloiannisz Híradastechnikai Gyar.

LEHOCZKY, Arthur, dr.; SZALAY, Gyorgy, dr.?

Tuberculosis and motherhood. Tuberkulozis 14 no.2:36-39 F '61.

1. A szentesi Megyei Korház tbc szuleszeti osztalyanak kozlemenye.

(TUBERCULOSIS in pregn)
(PREGNANCY compl)
(ABORTION THERAPEUTIC)

SZALAY, Gyorgy, dr.; LEHOCZKY, Arthur, dr.

Changes in conditions of 731 tuberculous patients during the course of pregnancy and several weeks after delivery. Tuberkulozis 14 no.2: 39-42 F '61.

1. A szentesi Megyei Korhaz tbc szuleszeti osztalyanak kozlemenye.

(PREGNANCY compl) (PUERPERIUM compl)
(TUBERCULOSIS in pregn)

SZALAY, Gyorgy, dr.; LEHOCZKY, Arthur, dr.

Management of tuberculous patients during and after pregnancy. Tuberkulozis 14 no.7:216-218 J1 '61.

1. A szentesi Megyei Korház tbc szuleszeti osztalyanak kozlemenye.

(TUBERCULOSIS in pregn) (PREGNANCY compl)
(PUERPERIUM compl)

SIMON, Artur; KOVACS, Lajos; DEZSENYI, Gyorgy; LEHOCZKY, Daniel

Investigations on the formation of titanium tetrachloride-
aluminum alkyl catalyst systems in connection with the atmospheric
polymerization of ethylene. Pt. 2. Magy kem folyoir 65 no. 5:
197-201 My '59.

1. Szerves Vegyipari es Muanyagipari Kutato Intezet, Budapest.

THERAPY

HUNGARY

MAGYAR, Imre, Dr, LEHOCZKY, Dezso, Dr, MARTON, Istvan, Dr; Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education, I. Department of Medicine (chairman: MAGYAR, Imre, Dr) (Orvostovabbkepzo Intezet, I. Belgyogyaszati Tanszek), Budapest.

"Treatment of Insulin-Resistant Diabetes with Swine Insulin."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 107, No 18, 1 May 66, pages 829-832.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The plasma of two "insulin-resistant" diabetic patients was found to greatly reduce the effect of the generally used insulin mixture (prepared from cattle-sheep-swine pancreas) in in-vitro experiments. Similarly, the results of i.v.insulin loading tests and of the hypoglycemic convulsion test in mice also confirmed the insulin-neutralizing effect of the patients' plasma. At the same time, pure swine insulin was found to be effective in both in-vivo and in-vitro experiments. Assuming the presence of a type-specific insulin resistance caused by insulin antibody, the patients were given a prolonged treatment with swine insulin. The treatment resulted in a satisfactory improvement in carbohydrate tolerance and in a considerable decrease in the amount of insulin needed, in both cases. 6 Hungarian, 16 Western references.

1/1

LEHOCZKY, DEZSO, dr.

BERCI, Gyorgy, dr.; FOLDES, Geza, dr.; HERCZEG, Tibor, dr.;
LEHOCZKY, Dezas, dr.

Early diagnosis of portal hypertension. Orv. hetil. 98 no.18:463-468 4 May 57.

1. Az Orvostovábbkepzo Intezet (igazgato: Doleschall, Frigyes, dr.) Sebeszeti Osztalyanak (foorvos: Molnar, Bela, dr.) I. sz. Belgyogyaszati Osztalyanak (foorvos: Biedermann, Janos, dr.) es a IV. sz. Belgyogyaszati Osztalyanak (foorvos: Aszodi, Zoltan, dr.) kozlemenye.

(HYPERTENSION, PORTAL, diag.

early, comparative evaluation of various methods. (Hun))

LEHOCZKY, D.

86.001.3.017

43/60 studies on the formation of titanium tetrachloride-aluminum alkyl catalyst systems. A. Simon, L. Kovacs, Gy. Derszanyi, D. Lehoczky. Magyar Kemiai Folyoirat, Vol. 66, 1969, No. 5, pp. 197-201, 8 figs.

$Al(C_2H_5)_3$ and $TiCl_4$ were reacted in molar ratios of 0.5-5 and the reaction products were analyzed in order to establish the composition of the formed complex compounds. In the above range of molar ratios the starting materials gave compounds with almost constant Al and Ti contents; the formation of these compounds could be described with reaction equations which conformed well to the processes. A method was developed for measuring the gas evolution which accompanied the formation of the catalyst complexes; the measured amounts of gases did not correspond to the reaction equations because the gas undergoes further reactions which is also verified by the fact that the amount of gas produced decreases with time.

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1-9-69 (N/B)

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RAK, Kalman; LEHOCZKY, Dezso; KRIZSA, Ferenc; CSERHATI, Istvan; KELEMEN, Endre

Thrombocytosis in mice caused by the blood serum of hematological patients. Magy. belorv. arch. 14 no.5:194-197 0 '61.

1. Az Orvostudományi Egyetem I Belklinikája, Szeged és Orvostovábbképző Intézet, Budapest közleménye.

(BLOOD PLATELETS) (BLOOD DISEASES)

KELEMEN, E.; RAK, K.; CSERHATI, I.; LEHOCZKY, D.

Thrombocytosis-enhancing activity of serum from patients with pathological thrombocytopoiesis. Acta med. hung. 17 no.3/4:293-295 '61.

1. First Department of Medicine (Director: M. Julesz), University Medical School, Szeged and Postgraduate Medical School (Director F. Doleschall), Budapest.

(BLOOD PLATELETS chemistry)
(PURPURA THROMBOPENIC blood)
(THROMBOPENIA blood)

LEHOCZKY, Dezso, dr.; RONA, Gyorgy, dr.

Steroid therapy of Adams-Stokes syndrome. Orv.hetil. 102 no.11:
494-496 12 Mr '61.

1. Arvostovabbkepzo Intezet, I. es II. Belgyogyaszati Osztaly.
(ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES ther)
(HEART BLOCK ther)

LEHOCZKY, Dezso, dr.; BALAZS, Marta, dr.; KARDOS, Eva, dr.; PREKOPP, Laszlo, dr.

Simultaneous presence of adenoma of the islets of Langerhans and peptic ulcer: Zollinger-Ellison syndrome. Orv. hetil. 102 no.53:2520-2524 D '61.

1. Orvostovabbkepzo Intezet es a Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, II Gyermekklinika.

(ISLET CELL TUMOR compl) (PEPTIC ULCER compl)

HUNGARY

LEKMEZY, Dorottya, dr. RONA, Gyorgy, dr. SZABATI, Lajos, dr. FARKAS, Ferenc, dr. KALAYAS, Endre, dr. Intézet az Orvostudományok Intézeté-
of Budapest (Szülészeti Orvostudományi Intézet, 2nd Medical University
of Budapest, 1. Medical Clinic (Magyar Orvostudományi Intézet, 1. Orvosi
Klinikai)

"Demonstration of a Thrombocytosis-Inducing Serum Component in Before
Acute Thrombocyte Elevation of Various Etiology -- in Mice and Men."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 10, 13 Mar 1963, pages 415-417.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] Experiments have demonstrated
a thrombocytosis-inducing activity in the serum of mice and in man
an acute increase of the thrombocyte number. This activity was found
in mice after five different procedures which resulted in acute thrombo-
cytosis and in men having acute thrombocytosis of four different
pathomechanisms. The proposal seems justified that toxic thrombocyto-
penic serum treatment plays a role in the acute increase of the
physiological thrombocyte count and in the acute thrombotic stage of
outbreaks of various diseases. It was shown that the serum component

LEHOCZKY, Dezso, dr. RONA, Gyorgy, dr. ACS, Eva, dr.

Hemorrhagic thrombocytopenia. Magy. belorv. arch. 16 no.1:10-15 Mr '63.

- 1. Orvostovabbkepzo Intezet I., II. es IV. Belosztalya, Budapest.
- (BLOOD PLATELETS) (BUSULFAN) (SPLENOMEGALY)
- (PHOSPHORUS ISOTOPES) (LEUKOCYTOSIS) (HEMORRHAGE)
- (THROMBOSIS)

DOCTOR, Frigyes, dr.; LEHOCZKY, Dezso, dr.

The role of the plasma factor in leukocytopoiesis. Magy.
belorv. arch. 16 no.2:64-73 My '63.

1. Orvostorabbkepzo Intezet Laboratoriumi es I Belgyogyaszati
Tanszek.

(LEUKOCYTTOSIS) (LEUKOCYTES) (LEUKOCYTE COUNT)
(POLYCYTEMIA VERA) (PURPURA, THROMBOFENIC)
(LEUKEMIA) (AGRANULOCYTOSIS)

LEHOCZKY, Dezso, dr.; RAK, Kalman, dr.; CSERHATI, Istvan, dr.; KRIZSA, Ferenc,
dr.; KELEMEN, Endre, dr.

Determination of a thrombocytosis-producing factor in the serum of
mice and man before the increase in the number of platelets. Orv.
hetil. 104 no.10:343-348 10 Mr '63.

1. Budapesti Orvostovábbképző Intézet és Szegedi Orvostudományi
Egyetem, I. Belklinika.

(SPLENECTOMY) (BLOOD PLATELETS) (RADIATION EFFECTS)
(ULTRAVIOLET RAYS) (BLOODLETTING) (PREDNISOLONE)

LEHOCZKY, G.

New methods in the radium treatment of uterine cancer. *Magy. radiol.*
4 no. 4:173-176 Nov 1952. (CML 24:1)

1. Doctor. 2. Gynecology Department (Head -- Head Physician Dr. Gyoza Lehoczky), National Institute of Oncology (Director -- Head Physician -- Prof. Dr. Bela Wald).

Lehoczky, G.
REV, K.; REV, L.; LEHOCZKY, G.

Alteration of the alkaline phosphatase activity of cervical cancer
by the effect of radium gamma rays. Kiserletes orvostud. 4 no. 6:
469-474 Dec 1952. (CIML 24:1)

1. Pathohistology Laboratory and Gynecology Department of National
Institute of Oncology.

SELLEI, Camillo, dr.,; LEHOCZKY, Gyozo, dr.,; BARTSCH, Aurel, dr.,;
ECKHARDT, Sandor, dr.,; HARTAI, Ferenc, dr.,; MOINAR, Endre, dr.,;
TOTTOSSY, Bela, dr.

Hormone and surgical therapy of the metastases in breast cancer.
Orv. hetil. 97 no.2:45-49 8 Jan 56.

1. Az Orszagos Onkologiai Intezet (igazgato: Venkei Tibor dr. az
orvostudomanyok Kandidatusa) Belgyogyaszati Osztalyanak (foorvos:
Sellei Camillo dr.) es Nagygyogyaszati Osztalyanak (foorvos:
Lehoczky Gyozo dr.) kozlemenye.

(BREAST, neoplasms

metastases, ACTH & cortisone ther. & surg. castration
(Hun))

(ACTH, ther. use

cancer of breast, metastases, with cortisone & surg.
castration (Hun))

(CORTISONE, ther. use

cancer of breast, metastases, with ACTH & surg.
castration (Hun))

(CASTRATION

in ther. of breast cancer metastases, surg. with
(ACTH & cortisone ther. (Hun))

LEHOCZKY, Gyozo, dr.; CSEREP, Gyorgy; BOZOKY, Laszlo, dr.

A special cobalt applicator for the preoperative irradiation of cancer of the cervix uteri. Magy. onkol. 6 no.3:129-137 Ag '62.

1. Orszagos Onkologiai Intezet, Nogyogyszereszet Osztaly es Orszagos Atomenergia Bizottsag Izotop Intezete.
(COBALT ISOTOPES) (RADIOTHERAPY) (CERVIX NEOPLASMS)

LEHOCZKY, Gy.

"Lucrativeness of cutting devices." p. 159

GEP. (Gepipari Tudományos Egyesület). Budapest, Hungary.
Vol. 11, No. 4, Apr. 1959

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EFAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8,
August 1959
Uncla.

LEHOCZKY, Gy.

Clinical nomenclature of preblastomas of the cervix uteri. Neoplasma
9 no.6:607-612 '62.
(CERVIX NEOPLASMS) (NOMENCLATURE)

DEMOCZYK, I.

Short history of the Ceramica Factory in Jimbolia. p.465.

REVISTA CONSTRUCTIILOR SI A MATERIALELOR DE CONSTRUCTII. (Asociatia
Stiintifica a Inginerilor si Tehnicienilor din Romania si Ministerul
Constructiilor si al Materialelor de Constructii)
Bucuresti, Rumania
Vol. 11, no. 9, Sept. 1959.

Monthly list of Eastern European Accession Index (EEAI) IC vol. 8, No. 11
November 1959
Uncl.

LEHOCZKY, Istvanne

Health protection and cleanliness. Munka 14 no. 2: 20-21
F '64.

1. Aluminiungyar szb.tt.-felelose.

LEHOCZKY, J.

Biological specialization of the rust fungus *Uromyces scillarum*
(Grev.) Wint. In English. Acta bot. Hung. 5 no.3/4:391-398 '59.
(Uromyces) (EEAI 9:5)

LEHOCZKY, J.

The rust disease of hyacinth plants; causal agent: *Uromyces scillarum*
(Grev.) Wint. F.spec.hyacinth ILKY. Acta agronom Hung 10 no.3/4:
467-479 '60. (EEAI 10:6)

1. Plant Quarantine Laboratory, Budapest.
(Hungary--Hyacinths) (Uredinales) (Uromyces)

LEHOCZKY, K.

Remarks on Gyula Bartalits' article "Investigation of the cause for the Rise in Road-Construction Cost."

p. 430
Vol. 5, no. 9, Sept. 1955
MELYEPI TESTUDOMANYI SZEMLE
BUDAPEST

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, VOL. 5, no. 2
Feb. 1956

LEHCCZKY, L.; SOOS, P.

Design of an outdoor radiation (*gamma*) field. *Acta agronom*
Hung 13 no.1/2:1-20 '64.

1. University of Agricultural Sciences, Godollo-Budapest.
Submitted January 25, 1963.

LEHOCZKY, László; SOS, Pál

Radioisotopes in agriculture. Mezogazd techn 3 no.6:28-29 '63.

LEHOCZKY, Laszlo

Mechanization of agriculture in the United States. Mezo-
gazd techn 4 no.1:3-5 '64.

LEHOCZKY, Laszlo, dr., a mezogazdasagi tudomanyok kandidatusa

Experiments with new type plows. Elet tud 16 no.36:1143-1146
3 S '61.

1. Agrartudomanyi Egyetem helyettes rektora.

LEHOCZKY, Laszlo, Dr.,kandidatus

Why should we increase the speed of ploughing? Elet tud 17 no.13:
397-399 Ap '62.

1. Az Agrartudományi Egyetem rektorhelyettese

LEHOCZKY, Oszkar

Technical academy and the country constructions. Munka 13 no.9:7
S '63.

1. "Épitok Lapja" szerkesztoje.

SCHONDORF, B., dipl. ing. (Nemzet Szovetségi Koztarsasag); LEHOTSKY, Jozsef
[translator]

Finish rolling. Gepgyartastechn 2 no.5:185-189 My '62.

LEHOCZKY, Oszkar,

The working people are provided for. Hung TU no.7/8:14-15
Jl-Ag '63.

IDENTITY, Center

A. Mail-order house building drive, Bang Tu no. 2, 1955 F 165.

LEHOCZKY, Oszkar

Workers of the Buda Brick and Roof Tile Enterprise for the fulfillment of the yearly plan. Munka 13 no.10:16-17 0 '63.

1. "Epitok Lapja" szerkesztoje.

LEHOCZKY, Oszkar

Construction work in below zero weather. Hung TU no. 2:14-15
F '64.

LEHOCZKY, T.

ca

114

The effects of a new brain-stimulating agent, aktedron, in health and in disease. Tibor Lehoczky. *Orosz Helilap* 81, 1151-6(1937).--Aktedron (Benzedrine phosphate) stimulates the functions of the cerebral cortex and is strongly euphoristic. No increase of blood pressure was observed, but in 3 cases the abnormal electrocardiogram curve was much improved. S. S. de Finály.

ASAC-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

FROM: STP 8114

GROUP: 1

ST: CM AV SS TS

QK

LEHOCZKY T.

888. LEHOCZKY T. A Székesfővárosi Szt. István Közkórház Ideggyógyászati Osztályának Közleménye. Leukotomia ('psychosurgery') Magyarországon
Leucotomy in Hungary Orvosok Lapja, Budapest 1949, 5/13 (420-422) Tables 3

A short review of the results of 173 prefrontal leucotomies, performed in Hungary up to the 1st of August 1948. In 9 cases, operated on because of intolerable pain, results were excellent. In the remaining 164 psychotic cases good remission was seen in 24.30/o, fairly good and slight remission: 20.7 o/o each, no change in 28^o/o, relapse in 13.4^o/o. Mortality 6^o/o. The best results were seen in involution-melancholia, the worst in the demented cases of hebephrenic and simple schizophrenias. The author stresses the significance of careful individual re-education. As regards indications and contra-indications he agrees with the statements of Freeman and Watts. To render scientific evaluation of the results possible the need for a uniform international classification is urgent.

Angyal - Budapest

So. NEUROLOGY & PSYCHIATRY Section VIII Vol. 3¹ Jan-Jun 1950 Excerpta Medica

C.A. LEHOCZKY, T.

114

The mechanism of carbon monoxide poisoning. *Villeg.*
 Lehoczky. *Orvosi Hetilap* 90, 325-36 (1949). In 4 cases
 poisonings there was softening of pallidum on both sides at
 different grades in the basal ganglions, appearance of necro-
 biotic points in the sensorial center of brain, further non-
 specific alterations of the nerve cells in the cerebral cortex.
 CO seems to intrude into nerve cells not directly through the
 blood but by the mediation of the intraparenchymal liquor
 which absorbs CO and eventually accumulates it at various
 points of the nervous system and causing there degeneration
 of nerve elements. Two further factors should be added
 to the known factors of CO poisoning: a factor of the cephalo-
 rachidian liquor and the factor of tissues which bind
 CO at various rates. 37 references. István Fényes

LEHÓCKZY T.
(Article 1983)

A fõvarosi Szt. Istvan kórház ideggyógyászati osztályának közleménye. Újabb szempontok a Friedreich-fele betegségben New aspects in Friedreich's disease Mag. belorv. Arch. 1950, 3/1 (42-46) Illus. 8

Four cases are described. Only in one case a myocardial lesion was found. Thus the assumption that the myocardial and neurological lesions might be caused by the same toxic agent is not confirmed.

Haberland - Debrecen

Source: EXCERPTA MEDICA Vol. 5 No. 5 Section VIII May 1952

LEHOCZKY T. Neurologus a gyakorlo orvos szempontjabol Neurosyphilis from the view-
point of the general practitioner Orvosi Hetilap, Budapest 1950, 91/4 (106-111)

Regular examination of the CSF is an absolute requirement. Fever therapy should be used in every case of parenchymatous, cerebrospinal, and asymptomatic neurosyphilis. Tables forms the only exception in which Quarz irradiation and autohaemotherapy is useful. The radicular pain of takes responds to X-ray irradiation. Of the different forms of pyrtotherapy typhoid vaccine injection is that of choice. Penicillin treatment is recommended in every case in which pyrexia is contraindicated.

Intrathecal administration is superfluous. The author proposes the compulsory use of preliminary bismuth injections to avoid dangerous Herxheimer reactions.

Author (VIII, 13)

SO: Neurology & Psychiatry Section VIII Vol 3 No 7-12

LEHOCZKY T. A székesfevárosi Istvan-Koskorház Ideggyógyászati osztályának közleménye. Az agyidegek egyoldali (globalis) bemulasos tunetcsoportja
Palsy of all left-side cranial nerves Orv. Hetil. 1950, 91/29 (920-923)
Tables 2 Illus. 3

A case of Garcin's syndrome, i.e. palsy of all cranial nerves on the left side is described. The author gives a short review of the 14 different syndromes described under different names in cases of one-sided lesions of the cranial nerves. Careful examination of the mucous membrane of the naso-pharyngeal cavity often renders early diagnosis possible.

Angyal - Budapest (VIII, 2)

So: Neurology & Psychiatry Section VIII, Vol. 4, No. 1-6

LEHOCZKY T. Serv. neurol., Hop. munic. Saint-Etienne, Budapest. Periarterite nodosa dans le système nerveux central et périphérique Periarteritis nodosa in the central and peripheral nervous system Acta morphol. (Budapest) 1951, 1/2 (183-197)
Illus. 14.

A case of generalized periarteritis nodosa which presented a polyneuritic syndrome. Subcutaneous nodules being absent, the idea of a periarteritis was temporarily rejected. Yet, the complete absence of an infectious focus as well as a too extensive muscular atrophy was not in favour of the diagnosis of polyneuritis. Autopsy revealed an extensive periarteritis of the pericardium and parenchymal necroses, tract, the liver and the kidneys with intima proliferation and changes in the pancreas, but without inflammatory infiltrations around the vessels. No changes in the spinal cord - and in the peripheral nervous system - putamen, medulla oblongata and spinal infiltration, mostly by lympho and plasmocytes, rarely accompanied by macrophages and polyblasts. Simple hyaline degeneration was found in the white centre of the cerebral hemispheres small patches of softening were found without any connections with vessels. In the spinal cord, the branches of the anterior spinal artery were found to be severely injured, and this fact was responsible for a degeneration of the anterior columns of both sides in the lower cervical and upper thoracic segments. The disease seems to have begun in the inner organs where the injuries to the arteries are in a more advanced stage, whereas those of the system seem to be more recent. Four main factors are
(1) obliteration
(2) direct effects of the

- 2 -

substance. (3) a toxic factor, explaining e.g. the softening of the brain, and (4) a mechanical factor, periarteritic nodules in great number in the interstitial tissue of a peripheral nerve trunk (e.g. sciatic) damaging the nerve fibres by compression. The theory of periarteritis nodosa being an allergic disease needs additional confirmation in view of the fact that eosinophilia is present in only 12% of the cases.

Zawisch - Graz (V, 8)

So: Excerpta Medica, Section VII Vol. 5 No. 8

LEHOCZKY, T.

The pain. Fogorv.szemle 44 no.9:257-263 Sept 51. (GLML 21:1)

1. Professor Doctor. 2. Budapest Stomatological Clinic.

LEHOCZKY T., CSORNYI M.

Chorionepithelica által okozott felszvezeto kisagyj tunetszoport. /Misleading cerebellar syndrome caused by chorionepithelica/ Orv. hetil., Budap. 92:25 24 June 51 p. 813-6.

1. Neurological Department (Head Physician--Prof. Dr. Tibor Lehoczky) and Prosectorium (Head Physician--Prof. Dr. Bela Radnai), Istvan Hospital, Budapest.
CIML Vol. 20, No. 10 Oct 1951

LEHOCZKY, T.

Synthetic drugs in the therapy of parkinsonism. Orv. Hetil., Budap. 92 no.28:912-914 15 July 1951. (CIML 20-11)

1. Neurological Department (Head Physician -- Prof. Dr. Tibor Lehoczky), Istvan Capital Hospital.

LEHOCZKY, T.

Filatov therapy in multiple sclerosis. Orv. Hetil. Budap. 92
no.33:1063-1064 19 Aug 1951. (CLML 20:11)

1. Doctor. 2. Neurological Department (Head Physician -- Prof.
Dr. Tibor Lehoczky, Istvan Capital Hospital.

LEHOCZKY, T.;MAKKAI, E.

Pathological sleep of long duration (hypnolepsy) with paradoxical awakening. Acta med. hung. 3 no.2:147-156 1952. (CLML 23:4)

1. Communication of the Neurological Service of Istvan Hospital in Budapest.

LEHOCZKY, T.; FODOR, T.

v.3 no.1:36-40 Mar 1952

Clinical significance of dissociation of abdominal reflexes. *Magy. belorv. arch.* 5 no.1:36-40 Mar 1952. (CIAML 25:4)

1. Doctors. 2. Neurology Department (Head Physician -- Prof. Dr. Tibor Lehoczky), Istvan Metropolitan Hospital.

LEHOCZKY, T.

Aspects of recent research in multiple sclerosis. Orv. hetil.
93 no. 4:109-114 27 Jan 1952. (CIML 23:3)

1. Doctor. 2. Neurology Department (Head Physician -- Prof. Dr.
Tibor Lehoczky), Istvan Hospital, Budapest.

EXCERPTA MEDICA 3/4 sec 16 Apr 55 Cancer

1605. LEHOCZKY T. Dept. of Neurol., István-Hosp., Budapest *Hemangioendotheliomatous meningioma simulating cerebral arteriosclerosis* Neurology (Minneapolis) 1953, 3/10 (737-743) Illus. 8

The patient, now 65, had at the age of 52 a general epileptiform seizure and, in the following 6 yr., although mild arteriosclerosis was the only clinical sign, there were 2 more seizures. At the age of 58, jacksonian seizures appeared with conjugate deviation and faciobrachial convulsions on the left side. Thereafter there were permanent symptoms of anisocoria, mild central facial paresis, marked Oppenheim and Barré symptoms on the right, and ataxic gait. Spinal fluid, ocular fundi, and skull X-rays were negative. After another period of 6 yr. in which several generalized seizures were the only symptoms, marked psychic changes and pyramidal symptoms developed. The patient then went rapidly downhill, with development of multiple decubitus ulcers, acute polyarthritis, and bilateral femoral thrombophlebitis, death occurring within a year. At autopsy both frontal poles were softened, and contained haemorrhagic areas reaching the cortical substance. Tumorous tissue was found over widespread areas of the meninges infiltrating into the intact cortical substance with occasional cyst formation. According to Globus' terminology the tumour was a pial (vascular) meningioma.

Gurdjian - Detroit, Mich.

ESZENYI-HALASY, M.; LEHOCZKY, T.

Migraine and brain tumor. Acta med. hung. 4 no. 1:93-104 1953. (GLML 24:2)

1. Neurological Department of Istvan Hospital, Budapest.

LEHOCZKY, T.;SIMONYI, J.

Two cases of hypernephroma. Orv. hetil. 94 no.32:889-892 9 Aug 1953.
(GIML 25:1)

1. Doctors. 2. Neurological Department, Istvan Hospital.

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LEHOCZKY T.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.12 Vol.9/11 Ophthalmology Nov55

1796. LEHOCZKY T. Dept. of Neurol., István Hosp., Budapest. * Pathologic changes in the optic system in disseminated sclerosis
ACTA MORPH. ACAD. SCIENT. HUNG. (Budapest) 1954, 4/3 (395-408)
The pathological findings of 20 autopsy cases of multiple sclerosis with particular reference to the optic system are reviewed. In some cases where there were no gross pathologic defects, histologic examination revealed what is felt to be significant changes. The author believes that the initial stage of the disease is due to an infectious agent that sets up the sensitivity in the nervous system for future episodes of demyelination.
Nathanson - New York, N. Y. (VIII, 5, 12)

Excerpta Medica 3/2 sec 16 Feb 55 Cancer

784. LEHOCZKY T. and HALASY M. Dept. of Neurol., István. Hosp., Budapest
Brain tumour and cerebral arteriosclerosis Acta med. Acad. Scient. hung. (Budapest)
1954, 5/3-4 (215-230) Tables 2 Illus. 6

The axioma that in advanced age all cerebral lesions should be regarded as tumours until definitely proved otherwise has justification. Features such as sudden onset, fluctuating clinical course, absence of signs of intracranial pressure, raised sedimentation rate, marked hypertension, normal cerebrospinal fluid, etc. cannot in themselves rule out the presence of a cerebral neoplasm in the older age group. As electroencephalography appears to be of less value in this group than in younger individuals, and also because of the apparent dangers of angiography, stress is laid upon the necessity for complete histories and thorough clinical observation of the elderly patient to establish or reject the important diagnosis of intracerebral neoplasm.

Silversides — Toronto

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; SOS, Jozsef, dr.

Pathological changes of the spinal cord (spinal myelopathy)
in white rats, induced by nutritional disturbances. Ideg.
szemle 8 no.5:129-139 Oct 55.

1. Az Istvan-korhas Idegosztalyanak (foorvos: Lehoczky Tibor
dr.) es az Eotvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Korelettani Intezetenek
(igazgato: Sos Jozsef dr. egyetemi tanar). kozlemenye.

(SPINAL CORD, dis.

exper. spongioid lesions caused by exper. vitamin B1
& phosphorus defic. & extirpation of stomach mucous
membrane in rats (Hun))

(VITAMIN B1 DEFICIENCY, exper.

causing spongioid lesions of spinal cord in rats. (Hun))

(PHOSPHORUS, defic.

exper., causing spongioid lesions of spinal cord in
rats. (Hun))

(STOMACH, surg.

exper. extirpation of mucous membrane, causing spongioid
lesions of spinal cord in rats. (Hun))

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 8 Vol 12/1 Neurology Jan 59

249. NEUROALLERGIC RELATIONS IN THE HISTOPATHOLOGY OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS - Die neuroallergischen Beziehungen in der Histopathologie der multiplen Sklerose - Lehoczký T. 'Istvan' Krankenh., Budapest - THESIS (Budapest) 1957 (176 pages) Tables 2 illus. 209

This monograph relates the histopathological data with the clinical course of multiple sclerosis. The disease is regarded as involving the entire central nervous system, which makes it necessary to study the 'focus-free', seemingly intact parts of the nervous tissue. The significance of an allergic mechanism is considered all-important in the initial phase and in the demyelination phase of multiple sclerosis. Different forms of tissue oedema, the vascular changes and the formation of granulomas, as well as the rarely occurring thrombosis and haemorrhage are discussed. In the initial phase, 20 to 40% of patients visit the oedlist. The visual disturbances are the result of a predilection lesion of the optic nerves. Chronic multiple sclerosis is an active process in the majority of cases, which can be demonstrated histopathologically. The occasional virulence of this process explains the acute phases in the course of the disease. This monograph contains an exhaustive bibliography and an index.

HALASY, Margit, dr.; ~~LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.~~

Case of tuberculoma of medulla oblongata cured by isoniazid.
Orv. hetil. 98 no.5-6:121-124 10 Feb 57.

1. A Budapesti Istvan Korhaz Idegosztalyanak (foorvos: Lehoczky, Tibor dr.) kozlmenye.

(MEDULLA OBLONGATA, neoplasms
tuberculoma, isoniazid ther., recovery (Hun))
(TUBERCULOMA, ther.
isoniazid in tuberculoma of medulla oblongata,
recovery (Hun))
(ISONIAZID, ther. use
tuberculoma of medulla oblongata, recovery (Hun))

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, Dr.

Neuropathological regularity in multiple sclerosis. Ideg. szemle
11 no.1-2:18-21 Feb-Apr 58.

(MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS, pathol.

regularity in pattern of histopathol. changes (Hun))

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, Dr.

Rarely occurring cerebral vascular diseases. Orv. hetil. 99 no.45:
1553-1560 9 Nov 58.

1. Az Istvan Korhaz Ideggyogyaszati Osztalyanak (foorvos: Lehoczky
Tibor Dr.) kozlemenye.

(BRAIN, blood supply

vasc. dis. of rare occurrence (Hun))

LEHOCZKY, Tibor

Ethical considerations in neurology and psychiatry. Ideg. szemle 12 no.2:
33-36 Feb 59.

(ETHICS, MEDICAL
in neurol. & psychiatry (Hun))

(NEUROLOGY
ethical problems in (Hun))

(PSYCHIATRY
same)

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.

Corticosteroids and ACTH in neurology. Idegyogy. szemle 14 no.6:
161-165 Je '61.

1. Fovarosi Istvan korhaz Idegyogyaszati Osztalya.

(ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES ther)
(CORTICOTROPIN ther)
(NEUROLOGY ther)

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HALASY, Margit, dr.

Experience with frenolon in neurology. Ideggyogy. szemle 15 no.4:
110-114 Ap '62.

1. Az Istvan-korhaz (Budapest) Idegosztalyanak kozlemenye Forvos:
prof Lehoczky Tibor dr.

(TRANQUILIZING AGENTS ther)

HALASY, Margit, dr.; LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.

New trends in the treatment of depression. Orv.hetil. 102 no.24:
1126-1128 11 Je '61.

1. Budapesti "Istvan" Korhaz, Ideggyogyaszati Osztaly.

(DEPRESSION ther) (PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY)

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; SCHISCHA, Lipot, dr.; HAFNER, Zsolt, dr.

Anterior tibial syndrome. Orv. hetil. 102 no.38:1793-1795 17 S '61.

1. Istvan Korhaz, Budapest, Ideggyogyaszati Osztaly.

(LEG dis)

HUNGARIAN

LEHOCZKY, Tibor. Istvan Hospital of Budapest, Department of Neurology, Budapest (Istvan-Korhaz, Ideggyógyászati Osztály)

'The Neurological Aspects of Allergy.'

Abstract. Thromb. Haemip. Vol. 104, No 6, P. 705 (1961), page 107-108.

Abstract: The author discusses those diseases which are proved or supposed to be an allergic response. Posttraumatic encephalitis, encephalitis haemorrhagica, encephalomyelitic acute and chronic are mentioned. Multiple sclerosis is described in somewhat greater detail. The various kinds of neuritis and polyneuritis, pericarditis nodosa, transneuritic polyneuritic cerebral diseases, Nowinski syndrome and trigeminal neuralgia are discussed from the standpoint of allergy. 12 Western, 2 Hungarian references.

LEHOCZKY, T., prof. dr.

Mydocalm, a new drug to relax spastic muscles in neurological diseases. Ther. hung. 9 no.1/2:10-13 '61.

1. Aus der Neurologischen Abteilung (Chefarzt: Prof. Dr. T. Lehoczky) des Istvan-Krankenhauses, Budapest.

- (MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS) (SPINAL DISEASES)
- (ENCEPHALOMYELITIS) (CEREBRAL HEMORRHAGE) (CEREBRAL PALSY)
- (CEREBRAL ARTERY DISEASES) (PARASYMPATHOLYTICS)
- (SPINAL CORD COMPRESSION) (PROPIOPHENONES)

HUNGARY

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, Dr., HALASY, Margit, Dr; Capital City Istvan Hospital,
Neurological Ward (Fovarosi Istvan Korhaz Ideggyogyaszati Osztalya).

"The 'Benign' Form of Multiple Sclerosis."

Budapest, Ideggyogyaszati Szemle, Vol XIV, No 7, July 1963, pages 212-217.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The authors report on a study of 62 patients with multiple sclerosis. These cases belong to the 'benign' form of the disease. Some cases with symptoms characteristic of the three sub-groups of the disease are described. The methods (rest, rehabilitation) which might facilitate the stabilization of the disease are discussed. The need is stressed for the establishment of convalescent homes and institutes of rehabilitation. Tb sanitariums might fill the need in the former, polio rehabilitation centers in the latter case. 1 Hungarian, 10 Western references.

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LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.

Neurological aspects of allergy. Orv. hetil. 104 no.8:337-341 24
F '63.

1. Budapesti Istvan-korhaz, Ideggyogyaszati Osztaly.
(ALLERGY) (NEUROLOGICAL MANIFESTATION)

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr. ; HALASY, Margit, dr.

"Benign" form of multiple sclerosis. Ideggyogy szemle 16
no. 7:212-217 J1 '63.

1. Fovarosi Istran korhaz Ideggyogyaszati Osztalya.
(MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS)

SOS, J.; LEHOCZKY, T.; HALASY, Margit.

Histopathologic changes of the central nervous system in experimental angiocardopathy. Acta morph. acad. sci. Hung. 12 no.4:371-378 '64

1. Department of Pathophysiology (Director: Prof. J. Soos), University Medical School, Budapest and Department of Neurology (Head: Prof. T. Lehoczky), Municipal Istvan Hospital (Director: J. Katona), Budapest.

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HALASY, Margit, dr.; (LEHOCZKUNE, Dr.); HARMOS, Gyorgy, dr.; SIMONYI, Gyorgy, dr.

Glycogenic myopathy in twins. Ideggyogy szemle 17 no.3:
65-79 Mr'64.

1. A Fovarosi Istvan Korhaz Idegosztalyanak (foorvos:Lehoczky, Tibor, dr. c. egyetemi tanar) es a Budapesti Egyetem Korelettani Intezetenek (igazgato: Sos, Jozsef, dr., egyetemi tanar) koz-
lemenye.

*

DEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HATÁSI, Margit, dr.; JÁRÓ, György, dr.; KISS,
György, dr.

Rare cases of myopathies. *Acta med. Scand.* 196 no.1216-17 34-36

1. Fovarosí István Korhaz Megosztaly es Budapesti Orvostudományi
Egyetem. Korelatívni Intezet.

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HALASY, Margit, dr.

Treatment of various types of headache with a new spasmolytic
(No.-Spa). Orv. hetil. 105 no.44:2088-2091 1 N '64.

1. Fovarosi Istvan Korhaz, Ideggyogyaszati Osztaly (foorvos.
Lehoczky Tibor dr.).

HUNGARY

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, Dr., SOS, Jozsef, Dr., SELMECI, Laszlo, Dr., and HALASY, Margit, Dr., Stephan Hospital in the Capital (Szekesfovarosi Istvan Korhaz), Department of Neurology (Idegosztaly) (Physician-in-Chief: LEHOCZKY, Tibor), Institute of Pathophysiology (Korelettani Intezet) (Director: SOS, Jozsef), in Budapest.

"Experimental Porphyrism and Its Significance in Human Pathology"

Budapest, Ideggyogyaszati Szemle, Vol 19, No 6, Jun 1966, pp 161-168.

Abstract: Experimental porphyria was induced in white rats with allyl isopropylacetyl urea (Sedormid; Hoffmann La-Roche) and with griseofulvin (Lidukden; Farbwerke Hoechst A. G.). The pathological findings in the experimental animals, especially those evident in the nerve cells, spinal marrow, and cortex of the brain, were described, discussed, and illustrated. It was shown that histological findings are suitable for identifying porphyria. The neuropathological symptoms encountered were comparable with those in humans. 27 references, including 4 German and 23 Western.

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1/1

Pathology

HUNGARY

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"Neurological Changes in Avitaminosis B12 Animal Experiments."

Budapest, Ideggyogyaszati Szemle, Vol XX, No 1, Jan 67, pages 5-10.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] Changes in the central and peripheral nervous system produced in white rats by avitaminosis B12 are reported for the first time in the world literature. The changes were essentially identical with the characteristic neuro-pathohistological changes (myelopathy, nerve cell degeneration) associated with pernicious anemia. The lesions, such as the rare or absent glial reaction and the widespread, severe injury of the nerve cells, are explained by the more intensive biochemical effect of the experimental lack of B12. 2 Eastern European, 6 Western references.

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TITLE: Testing of superheater tubes after 100,000 hr of service

SOURCE: Gep, no. 4, 1966, 133-138

TOPIC TAGS: metal tube, strength property, creep, structural change, material failure, endurance test

ABSTRACT: The study presents the results of tests made on two superheater tubes after service. The tubes came from a high-pressure boiler; their chemical composition was almost identical: 0.18% carbon; 0.32% copper and 0.32% molybdenum (tube T0); and 0.18% carbon, 0.27% copper, and 0.36% molybdenum. The T0-type tube failed after 11,500 hr of operation, while the AT 1-type tube remained in service without defects for 109,055 hr. Specimens of the tubes were heat treated and used for comparative tests. Strength properties were investigated at 20C and between 475 and 525C, creep characteristics at 520C, and structural changes in the material were examined with

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