

TAL', K.E., kand. tekhn. nauk; LESSIG, N.N., kand. tekhn. nauk; Prinimani uchastiye: GVOZDEV, A.A.; ALEKSANDROVSKIY, S.V.; BORISHANSKIY, M.S.; DMITRIYEV, S.A.; KRILOV, S.M.; MIKHAYLOV, K.V.; MULIN, N.M.; NEMIROVSKIY, Ya.M.; CHISTYAKOV, Ye.A.; VASIL'YEV, B.F.; BOGATKIN, I.L.; ZALESOV, A.S.; NIKITIN, I.K.

New standards SNiP II-V. 1-62 for the design of concrete and reinforced concrete elements. Bet. i zhel.-bet. 9 no.3:97-102 Mr. '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut betona i zhelazo-betona Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for all except Vasil'yev, Bogatkin, Zalesov, Nikitin). 2. Gosudarstvennyy institut tipovogo proyektirovaniya i tekhnicheskikh issledovaniy (for Vasil'yev, Bogatkin, Zalesov, Nikitin).

Book-957. Kantorovich, L. V., and Kirišoff, V. I. Approximate methods of higher analysis [Näherungsmethoden der höheren Analysis]. Berlin, Deutscher Verlag der Wissenschaften, 1956. 611 pp. 47 DM.

Originally published in Russian (AMR 5, Rev. 970), this translation into German now makes this work readily available. The quality of the translation is excellent. W. A. Nash, USA

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KRILOV, V.N.

HUNGARY

ALIKHANJAN, Dz. I., MINOLIN, Dz. Z., SZUCHODOLCZ, V. V., KRILOV, V.N.:  
Soviet Academy of Medicine, Atomic Energy Institute Named After Kur-  
chatov [Russian version not given].

"Some Recent Problems of Microbial Genetics."

Budapest, Biological Hozlemanyok, Vol 10, No 2, 62, pp 87-96.

Abstract: The article is a translation from the Russian of a lecture presented at a congress on microbial genetics held in Moscow in January 1962. It represents a brief review of recent advances in the genetics of microorganisms, dealing mostly with work of Western European and United States scientists. Of 49 references, almost all are Western.

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RUSSIAN, VI

USSR/General and Special Zoology. Insects

F

Abs Jour : *Ref Zhur* - Biol., No 6, 1958, No 25821

Author : ~~Kirilov~~ V.P.

Inst : Institute of Water and Forest Economy

Title : To the Biology of the Pine Silkworm in the Forest Belts of Semipalatinsk oblast', Kazakh SSR. (K biologii osnovego shelkopryada v lentochnykh borakh Semipalatinskoi oblasti Kazakhskoi SSR.)

Orig Pub : Tr. In-ta vodn. i lecn. kh-vo, Kazakhsk. fil. VASKHNIL, 1956, 1, 215-230.

Abstract : The silkworm was a most injurious pest of pine trees in forest belts. According to observations in 1955 the exodus of the butterflies was from the end of June to the middle of August (about 45-48 days), the average fertility was 160 eggs (19-264), the eggs were developed in 9-12 days. The hatching of the larvae in mass occurred in the last third of July and at the beginning of August. The larvae of the third and fourth

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USSR/General and Special Zoology. Insects

P

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 6, 1958, No 25821

hatchings began to hibernate at the first autumn frost;  
emergence from hibernation began at the warming up of the  
upper soil layer to 3-4°. Passing into the chrysalis stage  
was from the second half of June to the end of July.

Card : 2/2

## EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.18 Vol.1/1 Cardiovascular Jan 57

298. KRILOV V. S. Dept. of Surg., 2nd Med. Inst., Moscow; Inst. of Restorative Surg., Sverdlovsk *Monolithic plastic aortal prostheses (Russian text)* Eksp. Khir. 1956, 2 (43-50) Illus. 5

Experiments were carried out on 22 dogs on replacement of the abdominal aorta by a prosthesis, prepared from polyvinyl plastic. The diameter of the prosthesis was 0.6-1.0 cm. and the length 1.0-2.5 cm. The prosthesis was sterilized by boiling. The abdominal aorta was exposed by an oblique left-side incision in the retroperitoneum. The prosthesis was stitched into the defect in the aorta by an uninterrupted mattress suture. Stitching of the transplant took 35 min. and bloodlessness of the aorta lasted on the average 44 min. Of the 22 dogs, 13 died at intervals of from 2 to 12 days, 4 were sacrificed for investigation in 2 months 20 days, 6 in 9 months, and 5 of the dogs are living at present. The results of the intervention were controlled by aortagraph: below the distal suture the lumen of the aorta was somewhat enlarged. In 80 days the small plastic tube was covered internally by compressed thrombotic masses. The surface of the organized thrombus and also the thrombotic masses were in a short time covered by endothelium. On the outside the prosthesis was covered by a fibrous capsule. After 180 days the lumen of the vessel remained clear, the inside of the prosthesis was covered with endothelium. In some places the endothelium was distributed in several layers. As for the adventitia the small tube was surrounded by coarse fibre connective tissue. The experiments testify to the possibility of replacing an abdominal aorta defect by a polyvinyl plastic prosthesis. The endothelization of the lumen of such a prosthesis was completed within 6 months.

Burmistrov - Leningrad

*KRILOVA, E. YA.*

USSR/Inorganic Chemistry. Complex Compounds.

C

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur. Khimiya, No 1, 1958, 657.

Author : Mikheyeva, V.I., Shamray, F.I., Krilova, E.Ya. - I;  
 Mikheyeva, V.I., Markina, V. Yu., Kryukova, O.N. - II;  
 Shamray, F.I., Mikheyeva, V.I., Krilova, E.Ya. - III;  
 Mikheyeva, V.I., Shamray, F.I., Krilova, E.Ya. - IV.

Title : Preparation of Amorphous Boron of High Purity - I;  
 Physico-chemical Analysis of Reaction of Magnesium and  
 Boron Anhydride - II;  
 Purification of Amorphous Boron - III;  
 Problem in Evaluation of Quality of Amorphous Boron - IV.

Orig Pub: Zh. Neorgan. Khimii, 1957, 2, No 6, 1223-1231; 1232-1241;  
 1242-1247; 1248-1253.

Abstract: I. A study was made of the reduction reaction of  $B_2O_3$  with metallic Li, Na, K, Be, Mg, Ca and Al, employing methods of thermo-

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Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur. Khimiya, No 1, 1958, 657

graphy and chemical analysis to the solid reaction product obtained by acid treatment. It was confirmed that concurrently with borides of constant composition,  $CaB_6$  and  $AlB_{12}$ , amorphous phases of varying composition were also formed in large amount during reduction of  $B_2O_3$  with Na, K, Li, and Mg. To obtain amorphous boron (I) on a plant scale, the thermal reaction for reduction of  $B_2O_3$  with Mg is recommended which, even after first acid treatment, secures a content of  $\sim 80\%$  in the form of basic mixture - Mg.

II. The reaction of  $B_2O_3$  with Mg was studied employing methods of differential thermal and complete chemical analysis of the reaction products while varying the concentration of each of the components of the reaction mixture from 0 to 100%. The basic reactions for preparation of boron by the thermal reduction process with magnesium were determined and the composition

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USSR/Inorganic Chemistry. Complex Compounds.

C

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur. Khimiya, No 1, 1958, 657

for evaluation of the content of active B and of B that is combined in lower oxides utilizing concurrently ceriometric and aurometric methods.

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-6-



KRILEVA, I.V., SOBENIY, A.A., CHERTKOVA, Ye.I., BELOISOV, V.V., and GORYACHEV, A.V.

"Redistribution of material within crustal layers and folding", Soviet Geology [*Sovetskaya geologiya*], No 9, 1949.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol 12/3 Med. Micro. Mar 59

918. PROTECTIVE PROPERTIES OF TYPHOID FEVER TYPE-SPECIFIC VI-PHAGE A AND ITS ADAPTIVE PROPERTIES IN THE ORGANISM OF MICE (Russian text) - Krilova M. D., Semina N. A., Sitazhkina T. V. and Chepkov V. N. - Z. MIKROBIOL. (Mosk.) 1958, 4 (41-47) Graphs 6 Tables 1

In tests in mice the typhoid fever Vi-phage A showed a high protective effect against S. typhi phage-types C, D<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>, D<sub>3</sub>, E<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>2</sub>, G, L<sub>2</sub>, but not against the phage-types D<sub>2</sub> and E<sub>2</sub>. This protective effect probably depends on its adaptive properties.

Tarabčák - Košice

GERKE, P., akademik, otv. red.; RUDZITIS, K., prof., red.; BUMEISTERS, V.,  
kand. med. nauk, red.; BRAMBERGA, V., kand. med. nauk; SKARDS, J.,  
kand. med. nauk; ~~KRILOVA, N., red.~~; LEMBERGA, A., tekhn. red.

[Clinical and experimental medicine] Kliniska un eksperimentala  
medicina. Riga, PSR Zinatnu akad. izdevnieciba. Vol.1. 1962.  
254 p. (MIRA 16:5)

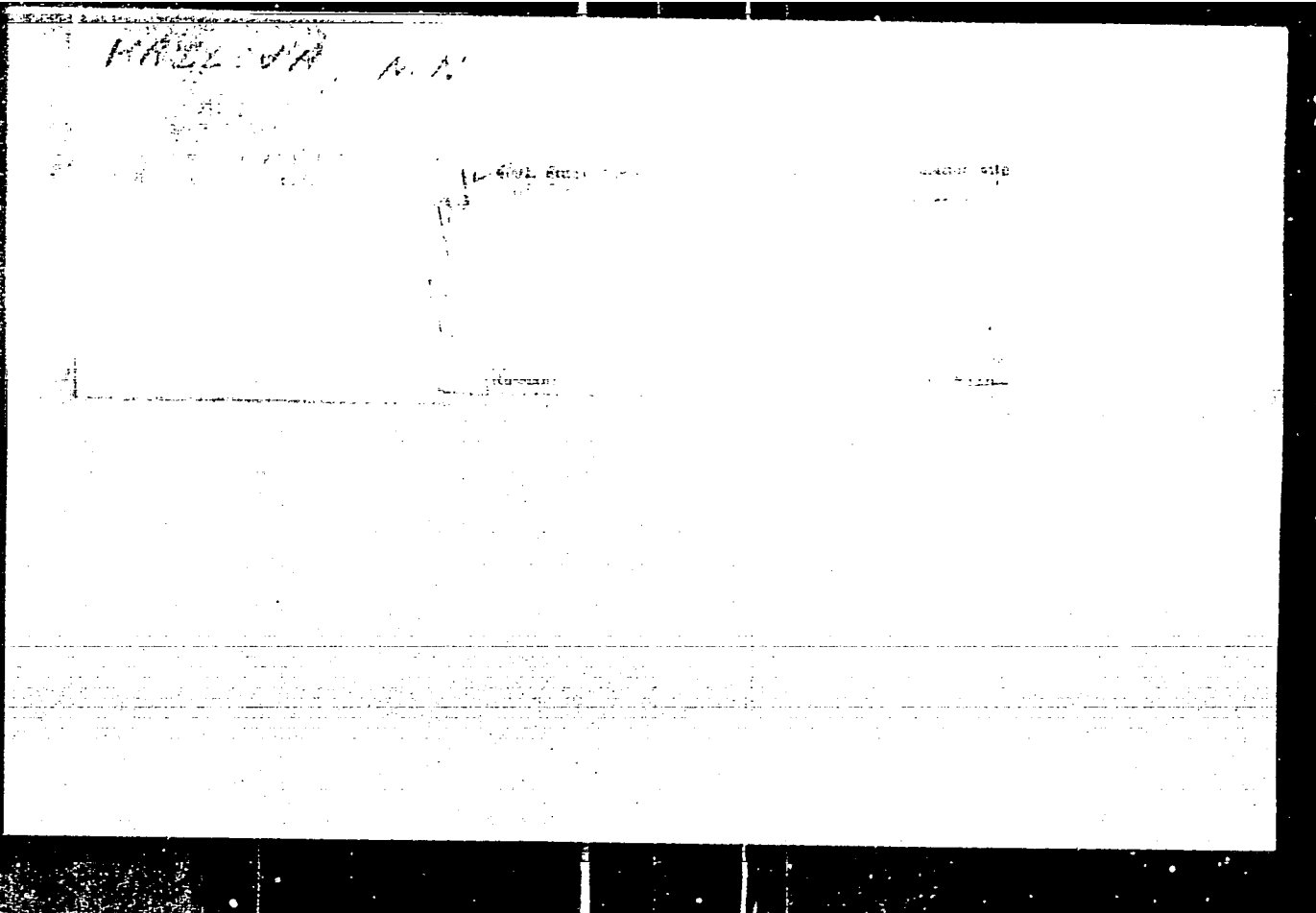
1. Latvijas Padomju Sotsialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu akademijs.  
Eksperimentalas un kliniskas medicinas instituts. 2. Latvijas  
Padomju Sotsialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu Akademijs (for Gerke).  
3. Latvijas Padomju Sotsialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu Akademijs  
Eksperimentalas un kliniskas medicinas instituta Onkologijas sek-  
tors (for Bramberga). 4. Latvijas Padomju Sotsialistiskas Repub-  
likas Zinatnu Akademijs Eksperimentalas un kliniskas medicinas  
instituta Kliniskas fiziologijas un terapijas sektors (for  
Skards).

(MEDICINE, CLINICAL) (MEDICINE, EXPERIMENTAL)

KUKAINE, Rita, KRILOVA, N., red.; PILADZE, Z., tekhn. red.

[Poliomyelitis prevention] Poliomiēlita profilakse. Rīga,  
Latvijas PSR Zinatnu akademijas izdevnieciba, 1962. 65 p.  
(MIRA 16:5)

(POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE)



КОЛЕСОВА, Е. М., АЛЕКСАНДРОВСКАЯ, В. А., ПАСХОВИЧ, А. М., ТИМОФЕЕВ, В. П., КОЛЕСОВА, Е.

"Thermal degradation of polysaccharides," a paper presented at the 9th Congress on the Chemistry and Physics of High Polymers, 29 Jan-2 Feb 57, Moscow, Forest Research Inst.

B-3,084395

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 7 Vol 13/10 Pediatrics Oct 59  
2820. THE FUNCTIONAL CONDITION OF THE LIVER IN RHEUMATIC CHILD-  
REN WHEN TREATED BY ACTH (Russian text) - Krilova T.V. -  
PROBL. ENDOKR. 1958, 4/2 (88-91) Graphs 2

Antitoxic, prothrombin-producing and pigment functions of the liver were studied in 24 children with rheumatism (joint and cardiac forms) before and after treatment by ACTH. Certain patients were examined at the peak of administration of maximal doses of the preparation. Glycaemia was also studied in these conditions. The patients received from 840 to 1,000 U. of ACTH per course, commencing from 60 U. (20 U. t.i.d.), decreasing the 24-hour dose to 40-20 U. The above-mentioned functions of the liver were disturbed in the majority of the children before treatment. After administration of ACTH along with a general clinical improvement, normalization or pronounced improvement of the antitoxic, prothrombin-forming and pigment function of the liver took place in the majority of the patients. Glycaemic curves underwent a change in more than half of the children (the curves approached the 'diabetic type'). The changes were most pronounced at the peak of introduction of large doses of ACTH. These disturbances were of short duration and disappeared in a few days after the administration of ACTH was discontinued.

(VI, 7)

KACHANOV, V.A.; KRILKOVA, Ye.P.

Dust from grinding as a secondary raw material. Kauch. i rez. 16  
no.7:35-37 JI '57. (MIRA 10:10)

1. Yaroslavskiy zavod asbotekhnicheskikh izdeliy i Tsentral'naya  
nauchno-issledovatel'skaya laboratoriya asbotekhnicheskikh izdeliy.  
(Asbestos) (Brakes)



MOLEV, E.V. [Molev, Ye. V.]; KRILOVA, Z.A. [Krylov, Z.A.]

Culture of Euglena, Infusoria, Hydra, Cyclops, and Daphnia  
in school. Biol i khim 8 no.1:50-51 '65.

1. Michurin State Pedagogical Institute, Michurinsk.

L 31734-66 T DJ

ACC NR: AP6021175

SOURCE CODE: RU/0007/65/016/03-/0234/0246

AUTHOR: ~~Krilovici, N.~~ (Engineer); Danilov, B. (Engineer); Cristescu, M. (Engineer); Groze, A. (Engineer); Dima, C.; Mitacu, A.; Stan, I.

38  
B

ORG: none

TITLE: Possibilities of manufacturing multigrade oils in the Rumanian People's Republic

SOURCE: Petrol si gaze, v. 16, no. 3-4, 1965, 234-246

TOPIC TAGS: petroleum product, petroleum refining, fuel and lubricant additive

ABSTRACT: The authors discuss laboratory tests performed with a view to the manufacture in Rumania of the multigrade oils SAE 10w-30 HD and SAE 20w-40 HD from Rumanian raw materials plus imported additives. The multigrade oils produced in the laboratory were found to have characteristics similar to those of imported oils of the same type, leading to the conclusion that their manufacture in Rumania is possible and advantageous. Orig. art. has: 11 figures and 11 tables. [Based on authors' Eng. abstract] [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 11, 13 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 004 / SOV REF: 001

Card 1/145



IVANOV, M.F.; KRIMAN, G.Ye.

Innervation of the ovaries in fish. Vest.Len.un.11 no.3:85-97 1956.  
(FISHES--ANATOMY) (OVARIES--INNERVATION) (MLRA 9:7)

KRIMAN, I.

Standardization of the main ship engines in the Caspian Basin. Mor.  
flot 16 no.11:12-13 N '56. (MIRA 10:1)

1. Glavnyy inzhener Kaspiyskogo parokhodstva.  
(Marine engines) (Caspian Sea--Ships)

KRIMAN, I.

Experience in increasing capacity of power plants and ship speeds. Mor.  
flot 19 no.1:31-34 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Glavnyy inzhener Kaspiyskogo parokhodstva.  
(Marine engines) (Ships--Speed)

KRIMAN, I.; PLOTNIKOV, A., Inzh.

Textbook on steam boilers. Mor. Flot 25 no.5:46 My '65. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Glavnyy inzh. Kaspiyskogo parokhodstva (for Kriman).

*ya*  
KRIMBERG, B. *skol'shchik*

My suggestions. Stroitel' no.11:12-13 ' 58.

(MIRA 11:12)

1. Stroitel'no-montashnoye upravleniye No.8 tresta Moldpromstroy,  
Kishinev.

(Windows) (Glass cutting)



KRIMBERG, B.Ya., master

New method for puttying rabbets. Suggested by B.IA.Krimberg.  
Rats.i izobr.v stroi. no.9:65-67 '59. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Trost Moldpromstroy, Kishinev.  
(Windows)

YANITSKIY, G.; KRIMBERG, B.Ya., stekol'shchik; SUKACH, G., inzh.; VOLOVICH,  
A., inzh.; BRUDUN, I., tekhnolog

Suggested, developed, introduced. Izobr. i rats. no.11:30-31 N  
'60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Berdyanskiy zavod dorozhnykh mashin (for Sukach, Volovich).
2. Dnepropetrovskiy rechnoy port (for Brudun).  
(Technological innovations)

POPOV, K.S., kand. tekhn. nauk; GAYVORONSKAYA, Z.I.; UMANETS, V.P.;  
NILOV, V.I.; VALUYKO, G.G.; OKHREMENKO, N.S.; ZHDANOVICH,  
G.A.; DATUNASHVILI, Ye.N.; SERBINOVA, N.I.; MARCHENKO, G.S.;  
KURAKSINA, N.K.; TYURIN, S.T.; TYURINA, L.V.; KRIMCHAR, M.S.;  
RAZUVAYEV, N.I.; OGORODNIK, S.T.; MIKHAYLOV, S.M.;  
ZHILYAKOVA, O., red.; GLIKMAN, N., red.; FISENKO, A., tekhn.  
red.;

[Wine making; manual for the workers of wineries on state and  
collective farms in the Crimea] Vinodelie; rukovodstvo dlia ra-  
botnikov vinodel'cheskikh zavodov sovkhov i kol'khozov Kryma.  
Simferopol', Krymizdat, 1960. 415 p. (MIRA 16:3)  
(Crimea--Wine and wine making)

Banchenko, Ye. V., Erinon, B. I., Putnikin, G. G. - "The stability of molds for die casting under pressure", Sbornik (Mosk. in-t stali i spialna), 57, 1972, p. 112-25.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 3, 1972).

*ПАНЧЕНКО, ЕЛЕНА ВАСИЛЬЕВНА*  
PANCHENKO, Yelena Vasil'yevna; SKAKOV, Yuriy Aleksandrovich; POPOV,  
Konstantin Viktorovich; KRIMER, Boris Isaakovich; ARSENT'YEV,  
Petr Pavlovich; KHORIN, Yakov Davidovich; LIVSHITS, B.G., doktor  
tekhn.nauk, prof., red.; GORDON, L.M., red.isdatel'stva;  
KARASEV, A.I., tekhn.red.

[Metallographic laboratory] Laboratoriia metallografii. Pod red. ;  
B.G.Livshitsa. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo lit-ry po chernoj  
i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1957. 695 p. (MIRA 10:12)  
(Metallography)

AUTHOR: Krimer, B. I., Yerezenko, V. M. 73-3-4-10/38

TITLE: Review of the Lectures ( Obsuzhdeniye dokladov)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Neorganicheskoy Khimii, 1958. Vol. 3. Nr 4.  
pp. 895-897 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Krimer states that the results concerning the phase equilibrium in the tungsten-niobium system, which were delivered by V. S. Mikheyev did not completely agree with those obtained by Krimer in the Laboratory for Metallography of the Institute for Steel (Moscow). Here Krimer gives his results which are represented in one table and 7 diagrams. The author worked with almost pure tungsten (99.99%); pure niobium was not at his disposal; furthermore, with 99.4% niobium containing 6% of secondary components of which titanium, 0.1% silicon, 0.07% iron and 0.04% lead. Besides, the author acknowledges that the meltings were performed in a vacuum-electrode-furnace, which possessed a copper base and that by this the alloys were polluted to a small extent. The first two diagrams here refer to the

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Review of the Lectures

78-3-4-10/38

measurements of the lattice periods of the solid solution at 1200° and 1400°; the following two of the hardness measurements according to Vickers: a) after homogenization and b)- after hardening at 1200°; the next diagram shows measurements of the specific electric resistance conditions, and finally a diagram shows temperature measurements of the melt dependent on its composition. Krimer arrives at the assumption that it is "more probable" that the formation of a continuous series of solid solutions must be the consequence of the combined action of niobium and tungsten. Yeremenko, of the Institute for Metal-Ceramics and Special Alloys of the Ukrainian AS, compares the results of his investigations of 1956 concerning the alloy structure of the chromium-niobium systems with the results of V. F. Franke which were last delivered on the same subject, and finds them in agreement except the temperatures, especially the solidus temperature - in the author's measurements - resulted 60° higher; because, however, here a degree of accuracy of  $\pm 30^\circ$  is in question, the author is of opinion that the

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Review of the Lectures

78-3-4-10/38

determined difference is not of great importance. the author states that the temperatures given in the lectures by Funke and Yelyutin generally were too low. Concerning the solubility of chromium in niobium (maximum concentration) Yeremenko is of opinion that on this subject too high values were published, for 20% certainly were too high. The author maintains that he had performed radiographic investigations of the Cr<sub>2</sub>Nb compound as well; however, two compound modifications, which are dealt with by Funke and Yelyutin could not be determined by him. There are 7 figures, 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut stali, Moskva (Moscow, Steel Institute)  
Institut metallokeramiki i spetsial'nykh splavov AN USSR  
(Institute for Metalloceramics and Special Alloys, AS  
Ukrainian SSR)

Card 3/3



KRIMER, B.I., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; MATVEYEV, Yu.Ye., inzh.

Investigating phase equilibrium in the tungsten - niobium system.  
Sbor. Inst. stali no.38:420-426 '58. (MIRA 11:8)

1. Kafedra metallografii Moskovskogo instituta stali in. Stalina.  
(Phase rule and equilibrium)  
(Tungsten-niobium alloys--Metallography)

18(6)

307/163-59-2-43,43

AUTHORS: Gorelik, S. S., Krimer, E. I.

TITLE: Investigation of the Initial Temperature of the Recrystallization of the Alloys of the System Tungsten-Niobium (Issledovaniya temperatur nachala rekristallizatsii splavov sistemy vol'fram-niobiy)

PERIODICAL: Nauchnyye doklady vysshey shkoly. Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 2, pp 233-237 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The dependence of the initial temperature of the recrystallization on the concentration of the components in the system tungsten-niobium was investigated. The alloys of this system form a continuous series of solid solutions. Metals of a purity of 99.9 percentages by weight tungsten and 99.4 percentages by weight niobium were used for the production of the alloys. The alloys were melted in a vacuum furnace in an argon protective atmosphere with a tungsten electrode. Several properties of the alloys with purest tungsten and niobium are given in a table. The results concerning the initial temperature of the recrystallization of the solutions investigated are given in the figure. The initial temperature of the recrystallization of niobium and tungsten are 1150, 1000°.

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S07/163-53-2-43, '49

## Investigation of the Initial Temperature of the Recrystallization of the Alloys of the System Tungsten-Niobium

respectively. The results show that the addition of small quantities of the second component (0.5 - 5%) increases the initial temperature of recrystallization by approximately 300°. The maximum initial temperature for the recrystallization of the alloys of the system W - Nb is obtained in tungsten alloys by addition of 5 - 8 gram-atomic percentage niobium. The initial temperature of the recrystallization of alloys of equiatomic composition (50% W and 50% Nb) is only inconsiderably increased. The maximum values for

$T_{\text{solution}}$  of the investigated single-phase alloys of these  $T_{\text{melt}}$

two-substance systems are not higher than 0.50 - 0.55. There are 1 figure, 1 table, and 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut stali (Moscow Steel Institute)

SUBMITTED: May 8, 1958

Card 2/2

18(7)

SOV/32-25-9-50/53

AUTHOR:

Krimer, B. I., Docent

TITLE:

N. F. Lashko and N. I. Yeregin. Phase Analysis and Structure of Austenite Steels. Mashgiz, 1957, Edition: 3,000 Copies, 233 Pages, Price: 9 Rubles

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Nr 9, pp 1148-1149 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A review of the book mentioned in the title is given; it is intended for engineers and technicians to be used for work in the field of metallography of high-alloy austenite steels. The work contains data obtained by the authors themselves as well as data published in 234 other articles. In the first chapter, the properties of austenite and ferrite steels are compared, and the influence exerted by the alloying constituents on the stability of the  $\alpha$ - and  $\gamma$ -phases in ferroalloys and on the structure formation of austenite steels is investigated. Several methods used to investigate austenite steels are explained in the second chapter, and in the third chapter a classification of the carbide phases and phases penetrating into the austenitic structure together with some properties of these phases is given. In the fourth chapter, problems of the two-phase structure of austenite steels are discussed.

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SOV/32-25-9-50/33

N. F. Lashko and N. I. Yeregin. Phase Analysis and Structure of Austenite Steels. Mashgiz, 1957, Edition: 3,000 Copies, 233 Pages, Price: 9 Rubles

The fifth chapter deals with changes in the structure of austenite steels in the non-equilibrium state. In the sixth chapter, the distribution of the alloying constituents in steel between the individual phases occurring is described, while in the seventh chapter the effect exercised by Ni, Mn, and Co on the phase composition of composite alloy austenite steels is considered. The eighth chapter is devoted to the formation of intermetallic phases in austenite steels.

. In the review, some shortcomings and errors in the text of the book are referred to, such as the fact that colored microphotographs should be reproduced instead of black-and-white reproductions, some necessary data are lacking, and incorrect interpretations of phase transformations are given.

Card 2/2

KRIMER, B.I.

MAL'TSEV, Mikhail Vasil'yevich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; BARSUKOVA, Tamara Aleksandrovna, dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; BORIN, Fedor Andreyevich, dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; GOLOVIN, A.F., prof., general-mayor inzh.-tekhnicheskoy sluzhby, retsenzent; USOV, A.F., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; PANCHENKO, Ye.V., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; KRIMER, B.I., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; SHPICHINETSKIY, Ye.S., red.; KAMAYEVA, O.M., red.izd-va; VAINSHTEYN, Ye.B., tekhn.red.

[Metallography of nonferrous metals and alloys; with an atlas of macro- and microstructures in supplement] Metallografiya tsvetnykh metallov i splavov: s prilozheniyem atlasa makro- i mikrostruktur. Pod obshchey red. M.V.Mal'tseva. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po Chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1960. 372 p. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Kafedra metallovedeniya Moskovskogo instituta tsvetnykh metallov i zolota im. M.I.Kalinina (for Mal'tsev, Barsukova, Borin).  
(Nonferrous metals--Metallography)

Moscow, Institut stali

Proizvodstvo i obrabotka stali i splavov (Production and Treatment of Steel and Alloys) Moscow, Metallurgizdat, 1960. 342 p. (Series: Inst. Stornik, 33) 2,100 copies printed.

Ed. Ye. A. Bortko; Ed. of Publishing House: S. L. Mager; Tech. Ed.: M. R. Kleyzman; Editorial Council of the Institute: M. A. Glinkov, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences; R. N. Grigorian, Doctor, Candidate of Technical Sciences; V. P. Yerushin, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences; A. A. Zhubovitskiy, Professor of Technical Sciences; I. N. Kidin, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences; B. G. Livenko, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences; I. P. Lyubomirskiy, Corresponding Member, Academy of Sciences USSR; and A. M. Kobaynina, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for technical personnel in industry, scientific institutions and schools of higher education, dealing with open-hearth and electric-furnace steelmaking, metal rolling, physical metallurgy, metallography, and heat treatment. It may Card 1/10

also be used by students specializing in these fields.

CONTENTS: The book contains results of theoretical and experiment-al investigations of metallurgical and heat-engineering processes in open-hearth and electric furnaces. Data are included on the following: desulfurizing of pig iron outside the blast furnace, interaction of oxides of the carbide-forming metals with solid carbon, the change of content of gases in the bath of the open-hearth furnace in various periods of melting, intensification of the electric melting of steel; etc. Other articles deal with the nonuniformity of deformation in rolling, the effect of the continuous cooling process on the number of factors, and other problems in the processing of metals. Articles on physical metallurgy and the theoretical principles and techniques of the heat treatment of steel are also included. No personalities are mentioned. References accompany most of the articles. There are 207 references, both Soviet and non-Soviet.

Card 2/10

Livshits, B. G., and M. M. Pyller. Candidate of Technical Sciences [Department of Metallurgy]. Investigation of the Phase Equilibrium in the Co-Cr-Al System 267

Kidin, I. N., Yu. A. Babnin. Candidate of Technical Sciences, and V. I. Lezhnevich. Engineer [Department of Physical Metallurgy and Heat Treatment]. Kinetics of Isothermal Transformation of Austenite Generated During Induction Heating in Ball-Bearing Steel 264

Berenshteyn, M. L., Docent, Candidate of Technical Sciences, and V. M. Kuznetsov, Engineer [Department of Physical Metallurgy and Heat Treatment]. Effect of Conditions of Austempering on the Tendency of Steel toward Temper Brittleness 297

Pyller, M. M., and B. I. Krizhar. Candidate of Technical Sciences [Department of Metallurgy]. Properties of Co-Cr-Al Alloys 306

Kidin, I. N. Relationship Between Carbon Concentration in Card 7/10

S/148/60/000/007/008/015  
A161/A029

AUTHORS: Strug, Ye.M.; Krimer, B.I.; Panchenko, Ye.V.

TITLE: Determining Specific Electric Resistance on Specimens of Arbitrary Shape

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Chernaya metallur-  
giya, 1960, Nr 7, pp 125-128

TITLE: The improved Galender (Russian transliteration) spot resistance method /Ref 2,3, English/ was used in experiments with specimens of Fe-Al and W-Nb system alloys, and the results agreed with data of previous studies of Fe-Al alloys available in literature. The essence of the Galender method consists in measuring the voltage drop between two arbitrarily chosen points on the specimen surface. The article includes a detailed description of the measuring device used (Figures 1 and 2), having two brass bars and two contact needles. The measurement errors were not higher than 0.002%, though current instability and inaccuracy of graduation raised it to 0.5-1.0%. A "ППТН-1" (PPTN-1) low-resistance potentiometer was used for measurements. The instrument was graduated for different

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S/148/60/000/007/008/015  
A161/A029

Determining Specific Electric Resistance on Specimens of Arbitrary Shape

metals and alloys (Figure 3). The slope angle of the straight line in (Figure 3) to the axis of the abscissa yields the coefficient  $\alpha$  and is to be introduced into the formula  $\rho = \alpha R_N \frac{V_x}{V_N}$  ohm  $\cdot$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m where  $R_N$  is the

standard resistance;  $V_x$  - the resistance drop on the specimen;  $V_N$  - the resistance drop on the standard resistance;  $\alpha$  - the graduation coefficient;  $\rho$  - the specific electric resistance of material tested. The dependence of the instrument readings on the specimen thickness ( $d$ ) is shown in (Figure 4), where it can be seen that from 4 mm and higher the thickness has no more effect. The method has been tried on Fe-Al (Figure 5) and W-Nb (Figure 6) alloys. The results coincided well with the available literature data for Fe-Al alloys. The method may be employed for determination of electric resistance in small specimens as well as specimens of brittle metals that are not easily machineable. It is mentioned that Engineer Yu.Ye. Matveyev participated in experiments with W-Nb alloys, and steel needles were used for potential contacts. There are 6 Figures and 4 references: 2 are Soviet and 2 English.

Card 2/3

S/148/60/000/007/008/015  
A161/A029

Determining Specific Electric Resistance on Specimens of Arbitrary Shape

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut stali (Moscow Steel Institute) ✓

SUBMITTED: July 3, 1959

Card 3/3

MYULLER, N.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; KRIMER, B.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Properties of cobalt-chromium-aluminum alloys. Sbor.Inst.  
stali no.39:306-314 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

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(Cobalt-chromium-aluminum alloys)

FANCHENKO, Yelena Vasil'yovna, dots.; SKAKOV, Yuriy Aleksandrovich,  
dots.; KRIMER, Boris Isaakovich, dots.; ARSENT'YEV, Petr  
Pavlovich, dots.; TSVILING, Mira Yakovlevna, assistant;  
POPOV, Konstantin Viktorovich, dots.; Prinimala uchastiya  
SHARSHATKINA, A.V.; LIVSHITS, B.G., doktor tekhn. nauk,  
prof., red.

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K.P., inzhener, retsenzent; BARANOV, I.A., inzhener, redaktor;  
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[Improving the technology of casting fixtures] Usovershenstvovanie  
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7 N 17 K 11  
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(China--Maps)



KRIMER, I.L., redaktor

[Italy; school map] Italiia; uchebnaia karta. Otvetstvennyi redaktor  
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KRIMER, I.L., otv.red.; SOBOLEVA, V.S., otv.red.; SKURYGINA, P.V.,  
P.V., otv.red.; SHURAN, Ye.M., otv.red.; TRET'YAKOVA, L.Ye.,  
otv.red.; BALANTSEVA, I.A., otv.red.; SHAPIRO, Ye.M., otv.red.;  
FEDOSEYEV, V.A., red.; BENEVSKAYA, V.A., red.; SOLOV'YEV, S.N.,  
tekh.n.red.

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ACC NR: AP6027086

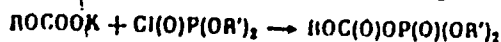
SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/65/035/010/1877/1878

AUTHOR: Shamshurin, A. A.; Krivoshechkova, O. Ye.; Krimer, M. Z. 30ORG: Institute of Chemistry, AN MoldSSR (Institut khimii AN MoldSSR) 13TITLE: Synthesis of dialkylcarbalkoxyphosphates 1

SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 35, no. 10, 1965, 1877-1878

TOPIC TAGS: chemical synthesis, phosphate, potassium compound, carbonate, ester, solubility, organic solvent, chemical stability, hydrolysis

ABSTRACT: To synthesize dialkylcarbalkoxyphosphates, the authors used various potassium monoalkylcarbonates as one component and dialkylchlorophosphates as the other component in accordance with the equation



The 15 esters obtained were colorless liquids with a faint odor, sparingly soluble in water and soluble in ether, alcohol, benzene, and other organic solvents. They are unstable at room temperature and stable at 0°C. Hydrolysis results in the formation of dialkyl phosphate, alcohol, and carbon dioxide. The yield of dialkyl-carbethoxyphosphates was 60%. The physicochemical properties of the products are presented. Orig. art. has: 1 table. [JPRS: 36,328]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 14Dec64 / ORIG REF: 007

Card 1/1 111P

UDC: 546.185:547.26'118

SHAMSHURIN, A.A., KRIVOSHCHENKOVA, O.Ye.; KUMER, M.Z.

Synthesis of dialkylcarbalcoxy phosphates. Zhur. ob. khim.  
35 no.10:1877-1878 O '65. (MIRA 18:10)

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ASKOVA, I.A., inzh.; IVANOVA, S.N., inzh.; KRIMER, R.N., inzh.;  
KUDRYAVTSEVA, E.I., inzh.

White opacified glazes containing zirconium for porcelain  
insulators. Stek.l ker. 19 no.11:32-35 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Zavod "Izolyator".  
(Electric insulators and insulation)  
(Glazes)

FRIMBERG, E. N. (trans.), KUZNETSOVA, G. V. (trans.), DENKIN, P. A. (trans.).

Expedient method of drying large porcelain insulators. Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR, no. 21, pp. 328-32, 1964. (MIRA 17:10)

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KRIBERMAN, B.M.

✓ Selective correction of zinc  
Kovton, and B. M. Kriberman  
116 18, 611-3 (1965)

6300

of



Krimmerman, B.M.

AID P - 3502

Subject : USSR/Chemistry  
Card 1/1 Pub. 152 - 17/21  
Authors : Zabolotnyy, I. I., Koztun, V. P., and B. M. Krimmerman  
Title : Selective corrosion of zinc  
Periodical : Zhur. prikl. khim., 28, 6, 655-659, 1955  
Abstract : Plates of sheet zinc (1.8 mm thick) containing 0.0% Pb, 0.12% Cd, and 0.02% Fe were treated with acid solutions, namely: 18.4% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub> at room temperature. The experimental data show that the nature of the corrosion depends on the acid used. One diagram, 6 references, all Russian (1931-1953).  
Institution : None  
Submitted : S 4, 1953

GUREVICH, Aleksandr Mikhaylovich; GOROZHANKIN, Viktor Ivanovich; KRI-  
MEHMAN, M.N., inzhener, redaktor; SOKOLOVA, N.N., tekhnicheskiy re-  
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L.A., red.; SUSHKEVICH, V.I., tekhn. red.

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SMOLIN, Aleksandr Petrovich; SHIMANOVICH, S.V., inzh., retsenzent;  
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repair] Ekskavatory E-505 , E-505A (E-651); konstruktsiia,  
ekspluatatsiia i remont. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo  
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(Shoveling; machines)

SOKOLOV, K.M.; YEVSTAFEYEV, S.V.; ROSTOTSKIY, V.K.; GRECHIN, N.K.; STANKOVSKIY,  
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VALUTSKIY, I.I.; VATSSLAVSKAYA, L.Ya.; VOL'FSON, A.V.; DOMBROVSKIY,  
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ROGOVSKIY, L.V.; SMIRNOV, G.Ya.; SHAFRANSKIY, V.N.; SHIMANOVICH, S.V.;  
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SHIMANOVICH, S.V., inzh.; NECHETOV, G.P., inzh., retsenzent;  
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I.M., inzh., retsenzent; KRIMERMAN, M.N., inzh., red.;  
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[Machines for making building materials] Mashiny dlia proiz-  
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CHURABO, Dmitriy Dmitriyevich; MALOV, A.N., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent;  
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KIND, V.D., tekhn. red.

[Parts and units of instruments; design and construction manual]  
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BORODACHEV, I.P., inzh. tekhn. nauk; KROKOV, I.P.,  
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Organizing motion-picture and photographic supply stores. Sov.  
torg. no.2:57-58 F '59. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Direktor spetsializirovannogo magazina kino-fototovarov  
No.6 Moskul'ttorga.

(Photography--Apparatus and supplies)  
(Motion-picture photography--Apparatus and supplies)

KRIMERMAN, P.

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(Czechoslovakia--Motion-picture cameras)



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1. Direktor moskovskogo magazina "Kinolyubitel'."  
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SMORODIN, Viktor Alekseyevich; KRIMERMAN, Petr Moiseyevich; ALEKSEYEVA,  
E.F., red.; BABICHEVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[For the buyer of still and movie cameras] Pokupateliu o foto- i  
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(Cameras)

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20 no.2:38 F '60. (MIRA 13:7)  
(Motion-picture cameras)

KRIMMERMAN, P.

Semiautomatic "Neva" motion-picture camera. Sov.foto 20 no.3:39  
Mr '60. (MIRA 13:7)

(Motion-picture cameras)

KRIMERMAN, P.

Amateur motion-picture cameras. Sov. tovg. 34 no.11:43-46 N '60.  
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(Motion-picture cameras)

BARINOV, L.V.; GEODAKOV, A.I.; GRINEVICH, G.Ya.; IOFIS, Ye.A., kand.  
tekhn. nauk; KRIMEJMAN, P.M.; LAPAURI, A.A.; MINENKOV, I.B.;  
FANFILOV, N.D.; PELL', V.G., kand. tekhn. nauk; PERTSIK, A.G.;  
POLYANSKIY, N.N.; POPOV, A.N.; SIMONOV, A.G.; SUROV, S.G.;  
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Pod obshchei red. E.A.Iofisa i V.G.Pellia. Moskva, Iskusstvo,  
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1. 1. 1.

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(Czechoslovakia--action pictures--editing) (CIA 14:8)

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Motion-picture and photographic stores of the German Democratic Republic. Sov. tovg. 35 no.11:60-63 II '61. (MIRA 14:10)

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BARINOV, L.V.; GEODAKOV, A.I.; GRIBENICH, G.Yu.; IGDIS, Ye.A.,  
kand. tekhn. nauk; KRIMERMAN, P.M.; LAPAURI, A.A.;  
MINENKOV, I.B.; PANFILOV, N.D.; PELL', V.G., kand.  
tekhn. nauk; PERTTSIK, A.G.; POLYANSKIY, N.N.; POPOV,  
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TELESHEV, A.N., red.

[Handbook for the amateur photographer] Spravochnik fo-  
toliubitelia. Izd.2., ispr. i dop. Moskva, Iskusstvo,  
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S/081/61/000/011/032/040  
B103/B202

**AUTHORS:** Rudakova, N. Ya., Bilonizhka, A. D., Krimerman, S. Z.

**TITLE:** Carbamide deparaffination of filtrates of paraffin production from the Dolina and Borislav petroleum

**PERIODICAL:** Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya. no. 11. 1961, 483, abstract 11M193 (11M193). ("Nauchn. zap. Gos. n.-i. i proyekt. in-t ugol'n., rudn., neft. i gaz. prom-sti Ukrniiprojekt". 1960, vyp. 83 - 85)

**TEXT:** Medium oil fractions of the petroleum from the Dolina and Borislav deposits boiling out in the temperature range 260 - 500°C and solidifying at 28 - 33°C contain up to 33% solid paraffin hydrocarbons and supply raw material for the production of petroleum paraffin. 18 - 20 % paraffin and 82 - 80 % filtrate were obtained from the paraffin distillate by means of the filter press method. The filtrate contains up to 8.4 % paraffin, its solidification point lies at +9°C. To obtain a filtrate with a relatively low solidification point and easily meltable paraffins a carbamide deparaffination of the filtrate of the paraffin production was

Card 1/2

Carbamide deparaffination...

S/081/61/000/011/032/040  
B'03/B202

carried out. Deparaffination was carried out by means of crystalline carbamide in the presence of rectified alcohol as activator. The following proved to be the optimum conditions for carbamide deparaffination of the filtrate of paraffin production: carbamide consumption referred to raw material 70 %, activator 2%, duration of stirring 40 min. As a result of carbamide deparaffination the solidification point of the filtrate drops to -24, -25°C and low-melting paraffins with their melting point at +33, +34°C are obtained. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

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AUTHORS: Dzhidzhev, B. G. ; Kharlamov, V. I. ; Kharlamov, A. D.

TITLE: Utilization of Heavy Oil Fractions in the Manufacture of Paraffin-Based Grease Oils

PERIODICAL: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topiv i mazutov, 1980, No. 1, pp. 31-36 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The heavy paraffin oils, i.e., fractions over 500<sup>0</sup>, have been separated for use in the manufacture of grease oils of the Borolene, Dalkol, and Alkopol type in amounts of 2 to 10%, and are not utilized thus far. The authors examined the possibility of producing lubricants and semi-lubricants from them. The experimental fractionation of the heavy oil had  $\rho_{40}^{20} = 0.9147$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>,  $\eta_{40}^{20} = 1.0$  centipoise, viscosity at 60 and 100<sup>0</sup> C respectively, and initial pour point

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ASSOCIATION: ... .. (100 ... ..)

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Oil ...  
Oil ...

Symbol	Unit	Value	...	...	...	...
SOLID HYDROCARBONS	...	...	...	...	...	...
SOLID HYDROCARBONS & BITUMEN	...	...	...	...	...	...
OF OIL EXTRACTS	...	...	...	...	...	...
OIL	...	...	...	...	...	...
SOLID HYDROCARBONS	...	...	...	...	...	...
OIL	...	...	...	...	...	...
SOLID HYDROCARBONS	...	...	...	...	...	...
OIL	...	...	...	...	...	...

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