

GAMBASHIDZE, Abo Ksenofontovich; IVANOV, A.S., inzh., retsenzent;  
KHARITONOV, N.F., retsenzent; MARSHALKIN, G.A., kand.tekhn.  
neuk, retsenzent, spetsared.; KRUGLOVA, G.I., red.;  
PEREDERIY, S.P., tekhn.red.

[Equipment used in wine making] Oborudovanie vinodel'cheskogo  
proizvodstva. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, 1960. 250 p.  
(MIRA 14:4)

(Wine and wine making--Equipment and supplies)

IVANOV, A. S.

Water pipes

Wooden pipes in water supply line construction. Les. prom. 12 no. 4, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August, 1952 ~~1953~~. Unclassified.

IVANOV, A. S.

Ivanov, A. S.

"The Measurement of Wood Hardness by Wedge Shock." Min Higher Education USSR.  
Leningrad Order of Lenin Forestry Engineering Academy imeni S. M. Kirov.  
Leningrad, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences.)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis<sup>1</sup>, No. 27, 2 July 1955

SHAMSON, A.S., inzh.; IVANOV, A.S.

Automatically controlled weight of a square meter of paper sheet.  
(MIRA 13:10)  
Bum.prom. 35 no.4;9-10 Ap '60.

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tsellyulocznoy i  
bumazhnoy promyschlennosti (for Shamson). 2. Krasnogorodskaya  
bumazhnaya fabrika (for Ivanov).  
(Papermaking machinery) (Automatic control)

TATARSKIY, Vitaliy Borisovich; IVANOV, A.S., redaktor; IONINA, I.N.,  
vedushchiy redaktor; GENADIEVA, T.M., tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Microscopic determination of carbonates of the calcite and aragonite group] Mikroskopicheskoe opredelenie karbonatov grupp kal'tsita i aragonita. Leningrad, Gos.nauchn-tekhn.izd-vo neftianoi i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry. Leningradskoe otd-nie, 1955.61 p.  
(Carbonates (Mineralogy)) (MLRA 8:3)

IVANOV, A. S.

Agriculture & Plant & Animal Industry

Great plan of transforming nature. Saratov, "Kommunist", 1949

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1950? Unclassified

CA IVANOV, A.S.

21

Clarification of used sunflower oil. A. S. Ivanov,  
Rybinsk Khos. 25, No. 3, 10-18(1949); Chem. Ztbl. 1949,  
1020.—Used sunflower oil accumulating in the production  
of canned fish is subjected to a step-by-step alk. refining.  
The oil is first treated with an aq. soln. contg. 10-12%  
NaOH and 10-12% NaCl. After standing 10 hrs. at 70°  
in contact with this soln. the soap layer is sepd. It is then  
treated with a fresh soln. contg. 4% NaOH and 20% NaCl.  
This soln. is heated to 50° and sprayed onto the oil (also at  
50°) while the latter is stirred. This mixt. is stirred for 20  
min. at 90° and then allowed to stand 10 hrs. at 70°. After  
sepn. of the lower layer, the oil is again shaken with 10%  
NaCl soln. and then washed repeatedly with water. Changes  
in the acid no. and the color are reported in tables.  
M. G. Moore

MITROFANOV, Vladimir Pavlovich; RUDZITSKIY, Aleksandr Abramovich; LOSSIYEVSKIY,  
V.L., prof., retsenzent; RAKOVSKIY, M.Ye., dots., retsenzent; KULIK,  
M.I., inzh., retsenzent; IVANOV, A.S., inzh., spetsred.; KHUGLOVA,  
G.I., red.; DOBUZHINSKAYA, L.V., tekhn. red.

[Automatic control in the manufacture of beet sugar] Avtomatizatsiya  
svaklosakharnogo proizvodstva. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, 1958.  
299 p. (MIRA 11:9)

(Sugar manufacture)  
(Automatic control)

OCHKIN, Vasiliy Alekseyevich, inzh.; IVANOV, A.S., inzh.-mekhanik,  
spetsred.; NOZDRINA, V.A., red.; TARASOVA, N.M., tekhn.red.

[Meat cannery equipment and its operation] Oborudovanie  
miasokonservnykh zavodov i ego ekspluatatsii. Moskva,  
Pishchepromizdat, 1959. 306 p. (MIRA 13:2)  
(Canning industry--Equipment and supplies)  
(Meat, Canned)

GONCHAROV, Nikolay Nikolayevich; IVANOV, A.S., inzh., spetsred.;  
KOSSOVA, O.N., red.; GOTLIB, E.M., tekhn.red.

[Mechanic's handbook for the milk industry] Spravochnik mekhanika  
molochnoi promyshlennosti. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, 1959. 657 p.  
(Milk plants--Equipment and supplies)

IVANOV, A. S.

Ivanov, A. S. and Nokhina, Yu. I. - "Minoga parasitic worms", Trudy. Astralch.  
gos. med. in-ta, Vol. IX, 1943, p. 84-85.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 3, 1949).

MEL'NIK, M.A.; IVANOV, A.S.; PODGAYETSKAYA, M.G., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; BABASEVA, Ye.P.; LESTOVETSKAYA, G.I.; MITSINSKIY, N.V.

Treating mycoses of the scalp with "Lesovaia" liquids nos 1 and 2 without using X rays. Report No.2. Vest.ven. i derm. 30 no.4:52-53 (MLRA 9:10) Jl-Ag '56.

1. Iz mikologicheskogo otdeleniya Kiyevskogo gorodskogo kozhno-venerologicheskogo dispensera.  
(ANTISEPTICS) (DERMATOMYCOSIS) (SCALP—DISEASES)

KAPELINSKIY, Yu.N.; POLYANIN, D.V.; ZOTOV, G.M.; IVANOV, I.D.; SERGEYEV,  
Yu.A.; MENZHINSKIY, Ye.A.; KOSTYUKHIN, D.I.; DUDUKIN, A.N.;  
IVANOV, A.S.; FINOGENOV, V.P.; ZAKHMATOV, M.I.; SOLODKIN, R.G.;  
DUSHEN'KIN, V.N.; BOGDANOV, O.S.; SEROVA, L.V.; GONCHAROV, A.N.;  
LYUBSKIY, M.S.; PUCHIK, Ye.P. [deceased]; KAMENSKIY, N.N.;  
SABEL'NIKOV, L.V.; GERCHIKOVA, I.N.; FEDOROV, B.A.; KARAVAYEV,  
A.P.; KARPOV, L.N.; VARTUNYAN, E.L.; SHIPOV, Yu.P.; ROGOV, V.V.;  
BOGDANOV, I.I.; VLADIMIRSKIY, L.A.; LEBEDEV, B.I.; ANAN'YEV, P.O.;  
TRINICH, F.A.; GOLOVIN, Yu.M.; MATYUKHIN, I.S.; SEYFUL'MULYUKOV,  
A.M.; SHIL'DKRUT, V.A.; ALEKSEYEV, A.F.; BORISENKO, A.P.; CHURAKOV,  
V.P.; SHASTITKO, V.M.; GERUS, V.G.; ORLOV, N.V., red.; KAPELINSKIY,  
Yu.N., red.; GORYUNOV, V.P., red. V redaktsirovani prinalni  
uchastiye: BELOSHAPKIN, D.K., red.; GEORGIYEV, Ye.S., red.; KOSAREV,  
Ye.A., red.; PANKIN, M.S., red.; PICHUGIN, B.M., red.; SHKARENKOV,  
Yu.S., red.; MAKAROV, V., red.; BORISOVA, K., red.; CHEPELEVA, O..  
tekhn.red.

[The economy of capitalistic countries in 1958] Ekonomika kapita-  
listicheskikh stran v 1958 godu. Pod red. N.V.Orlova, IU.N.Kape-  
linskogo, V.P.Goriunova. Moskva, Izd-vo sotsial'no-ekon.lit-ry,  
(MIRA 12:12)  
1959. 609 p.

1. Moscow. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy kon'yunktturnyy institut.  
(Economic conditions)

KOVAN, Viktor Mikhaylovich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, zasluzhennyy  
deyatel' nauki i tekhniki; IVANOV, A.S., prof., rezaenzent;  
KOSILOVA, A.G., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; KUNIN, P.A.,  
inzh., red.izd-va; EL'KIND, V.D., tekhn.red.

[Elements of technology in mechanical engineering] Osnovy  
tekhnologii mashinostroeniia. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.  
izd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry, 1959. 496 p. (MIRA 12:12)  
(Mechanical engineering)

LADYGIN, Ivan Yakovlevich, kand. sel'khoz. nauk, nauchnyy sotr.;  
IVANOV, Aleksey Sergeyevich, nauchnyy sotr.; EDEL'SHTEYN,  
M.M., kand. sel'khoz. nauk, nauchnyy red.; SHLEYKIN, P.A.,  
red.; NAZAROVA, A.S., tekhn. red.

[Principles governing the use of fertilizers] Osnovy primene-  
nia udobrenii. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1962. 37 p. (Na-  
rodnyi universitet kul'tury. Sel'skokhoziaistvennyi fakul'tet,  
no.12) (MIRA 16:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ekonomiki  
sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Ladygin, Ivanov).  
(Fertilizers and manures)

POLYANIN, D.V.; ZOTOV, G.M.; GRYAZNOV, E.A.; MENZHINSKIY, Ye.A.; RUBININ, A.Ye.; CHEBOTAREVA, Ye.D.; ZAKHMATOV, M.I.; OKUNEVA, L.P.; SHMELEV, V.V.; STULOV, A.A.; POKROVSKIY, A.N.; SHIL'DKRUT, V.A.; IVANOV, A.S.; NABOROV, V.B.; FINOGENOV, V.P.; KUR'YEROV, V.G.; KHARAMTSOV, B.A.; BATYGIN, K.S.; BOGDANOV, O.S.; KROTOV, O.K.; GONCHAROV, A.N.; KRESTOV, B.D.; LYUBSKIY, M.S.; SOKOL'NIKOV, G.O.; KAMENSKIY, N.N.; YASHCHENKO, G.I.; SABEL'NIKOV, L.V.; GERCHIKOVA, I.N.; FEDOROV, B.A.; STEPANOV, G.P.; BORODAYEVSKIY, A.D.; INGATUSHCHENKO, S.K.; VARTUMYAN, E.L.; KAPELINSKIY, Yu.N., red.; MAYOROV, B.V., red.; NABOROV, V.B., red.; SOLODKIN, R.G., red.; DROZDOV, A.G., red.; ROSHGHINA, L., red.; SOLOV'YEVA, G., mladshiy red.; CHEPELEVA, O., tekhn. red.

[The economy of capitalist countries in 1961; economically developed countries] Ekonomika kapitalisticheskikh stran v 1961 godu; ekonomicheski razvitye strany. Pod red. Iu.N. Kapelinskogo. Moskva, Sotsekgiz, 1962. 447 p.  
(Economic history)

IVANOV, A.S.; ODINOKOVA, V.A., kand. med. nauk

Hashimoto's disease. Probl. endokr. gormonoter. 9 no.4:100-102  
Jl-Ag'63 (MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz Khot'kovskoy bol'nitsy (glavnnyy vrach A.Z. Gasanov) i  
patologoanatomiceskogo otdela (zav. A.A. Naumova) Moskov-  
skogo oblastnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo klinicheskogo in-  
stituta.

IVANOV, As.; IORDANOV, I.

Diuresis in blood pressure lowered by pendiomide. Khirurgiia  
(Sofiiia) 18 no.3:345-351 '65.

1. Vissh meditsinski institut, Sofiia, Katedra po fiziologiiia  
(rukovoditel: prof. T. Gonov).

ANTONYUK, B.N.; DENESYUK, I.P.; KUROV, Yu.P.; VAYNSHTEYN, A.I.; BERDNIKOV, V.A.;  
VEYTSMAN, M.B.; IVANOV, A.A.; IVANOV, A.S.; GAYEVSKIY, B.E.; KOZEL'TSEV,  
L.K.; KOZEL'TSEV, L.I.; KUVALDIN, S.G.; MIROSHIN, A.I.; MIKIKOV, G.Ye.;  
ZUBKOVSKIY, B.P.; IZYUMOV, B.N.; EDEL'SHTEYN, V.I.; KOCHETKOV, V.P.;  
BUBLIKOV, A.V.; DZHANASHIYA, V.A.

Patents. Bum. i der. prem. no.1-53-54 Ja-Mr '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

IVANOV, A. S.

PHYSICS - Problems, Exercises, etc.

Problems and questions in physics pertaining to railroads. Fiz. v. shkole No. 4, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 1952 Unclassified

IVANOV, A.S. (gorod Kyzyl).

Railroad technology in physics textbooks and problem books.  
Fiz.v shkole 14 no.2:73-76 Mr-Ap '54. (MLRA 7:2)  
(Railroad engineering)

IVANOV, A. S.

IVANOV, A. S.: "A discussion of the problems of technology of railroad transport in the school physics course in the light of the problems of polytechnic training." Academy of Pedagogical Sciences RSFSR. Sci Res Inst of Teaching Methods. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Pedagogical Sciences).

Source: Knizhnaya letopis' No. 28 1956 Moscow

IVANOV, A.S. (g. Kyzyl Tuvinskoy avtonomnoy oblasti.)

Problems and questions in physics on railroad subjects. Fiz. v shkole  
18 no.4:78 Jl-Ag '58.  
(Physics--Problems, exercises, etc.) (MIRA 11:?)

22(1)

SOV/47-59-3-15/53

AUTHOR: Ivanov A.S.

TITLE: On Technical Problems in Physics

PERIODICAL: Fizika v shkole, 1959, Nr 3, pp 57-59 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author underlines the importance of including technical problems in the physics curriculum at the secondary school level and makes recommendations for eliminating the present shortcomings in teaching practice. After having criticized the workbooks of P.A. Znamenskiy, V.A. Zolotov and V.I. Lukashik, for paying too little attention to technical problems, the author gives his definition of a technical problem in physics. The problems can be roughly divided into two groups: 1) problems in which indications about a technical branch only specify conditions, but do not change their physical character; 2) problems which not only by their terminology and their numerical data, but also by their physical

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On Technical Problems in Physics

meaning appear as specific for a given technical branch. For the first group he quotes the following example: from an open coal pit, 6,000 cbm of earth were excavated. How many dump-trucks will be filled by the excavator, if the specific weight of the earth is 1.4 g per cubic centimeter and the loading capacity of a truck is 5 tons? In this case the problem can also be applied to construction work on a RR line, without any change in the numerical data. Another example illustrates the character of the second group: as a result of the action of a pusher engine, the buffer springs of only the third part of the cars of a train were subjected to compression. What is the force the pusher brings to bear on the train, if the leading locomotive develops 2,100 HP and the train has a speed of 27 km per hour? This problem (combination of traction and pushing) is a specific one and can only be applied to the conditions of the RR transport business. The

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On Technical Problems in Physics

author summarizes the requirements for any technical problem to be solved by a pupil as follows: 1) the problem must have physical meaning and has to be interesting from the standpoint of realization of the physics program of secondary schools; 2) the problem must show a natural connection between physics and technology; 3) definitions, terminology and numerical data on a problem must correspond with established data or the actual state of development of science and technology; 4) the problem must be in line with general pedagogical principles; 5) the problem must be clear and not be encumbered with superfluous data. The author criticizes a number of problems not meeting these requirements. The problems are taken from workbooks compiled by G.I. Berleyev, M.P. Shaskol'skaya and I.A. El'tsin, P.A. Znamenskiy (see above) and N.N. Demidov. Further,

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SOV/47-59-3-15/53

On Technical Problems in Physics

Prof. I.I. Sokolov is mentioned in connection with  
the above statements. There are 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Pedagogicheskiy institut, Lugansk (Pedagogical Institute, Lugansk)

Card 4/4

IVANOV, A.S., inzh.

Dynamic stresses in the frames of locomotive trucks. Vest. TSNII  
MPS 22 no.8:22-24 '63.  
(MIRA 17:2)

KIMSTACH, Aleksandr Karlovich; IVANITSKIY, Nikolay Mikhaylovich;  
IVANOV, Anatoliy Semenovich; MALAKHOV, K.N., red.

[Transportation service in agriculture; practices in using  
the Northern Caucasus Railroad] Transportnoe oosluzhivanie  
sel'skogo khoziaistva; opyt Severo-Kavkazskoi zheleznoi  
dorogi. Moskva, Transport, 1964. 190 p.

(MIRA 17:12)

IVANOV, A. T.

IVANOV, A. T.

6653 Ivanov, A. T. Polkashcheniya vspomogatel'stviya i mashinogo  
vremeni pri rabote na tokarnem stanku v remontno-tekhnikeskem  
tselke. (Dipyat raboty tokarya-novatora leningr. Zavoda im Karlo Larma)  
L., 1954 16 s. s chert 21 sm (Vsesoyuz. o-vo po rasprostraneniyu polit.  
i nauch znaniy Leningr dom nauch-tehn. propagandy . Listok nova  
tora. No. 32(271) 3,800 EKZ 35 K  
avt ukazan v kontse teksta (54-15535zh) 621.941 st.

SO: KNIZHENIYA LETOPIS' NO. 6, 1955

AUTHORS: Zhdanov, G.S., Zubov, V.G., Ivanov, A.T. and Firsova, M.M.  
SOV/70-3-6-11/25

TITLE: On the Elastic Properties of Quartz Irradiated by Neutrons  
(Ob uprugikh svoystvakh kvartsa, obluchennogo neytronami)

PERIODICAL: Kristalllografiya, 1958, Vol 3, Nr 6, pp 720-725 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The elastic constants of quartz, irradiated in a reactor by fast neutrons, have been measured by the method of Bergmann and Schaeffer. After irradiation by  $2 \cdot 10^{19}$  neutrons/cm<sup>2</sup> increasing errors which lay in the limits of 0.9 to 1.7% for a relative decrease in the density of quartz of 0.18% were found in the experiment for measuring the elastic constants. Comparison with the temperature variation of the elastic constants showed that the temperature and radiation changes in the elastic constants corresponding to the same change in density were sharply distinguished. The results agree qualitatively with the work of Mayer and Gigon (J. Phys.Rad., 1957, Vol 18, p 109) on the elastic moduli of irradiated quartz. Measurements were made on blocks about 20 x 20 x 4 mm cut perpendicular to the crystallographic axes. Four series each of three plates were used, careful controls being kept. The frequencies used were 8-10 Mc/s. Wittels and Sherill (Phil.Mag., 1957, Vol 48, p 24) contrasted the

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On the Elastic Properties of Quartz Irradiated by Neutrons

changes in the elastic constants produced by thermal and radiation-produced expansion of the crystal lattice. Although qualitatively the anisotropy is the same the actual values for it are quite different. This is shown experimentally. The structural meaning of the results obtained is not discussed. Acknowledgments to Academician I.K. Kikoin and V.L. Karpov. There are 4 tables. There are 11 references, 3 of which are Soviet, 8 English.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im.  
M.V. Lomonosova (Moscow State University imeni  
SUBMITTED: M.V. Lomonosov)  
June 12, 1958

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EXC-nPTA MEDICA Sec 9 Vol 13/2 Surgery Feb 59

(IX, 19)

737. (185) INDICATIONS FOR INTRAMEDULLARY FIXATION OF COMPLICATED  
DIAPHYSEAL FRACTURES (Russian text) - Ivanov A. T. - VOEN.-MED.

ZH. 1956, 12 (10-15)  
Experiments on rabbits are described (5 series) using the cannula-nail of Elanskii. Irrigation with antibiotics may not only prevent the development of infection in the wound but may also help in overcoming infection already established. Even where surgical treatment is delayed for 24 or 48 hr., if fixation and irrigation are subsequently carried out, it is possible even in the presence of severe infection of the wound to achieve primary union and complete healing of the fracture within the normal period of time.

(S)

IVANOV, A.T., inzh.; KARKHOV, A.A., inzh.

Scoop-type bulldozer blade. Mekh.stroi. 14 no.6:11-12 Je '57.  
(MIRA 10:11)  
(Bulldozers)

IVANOV, A.T.

A plant council of innovators. Mashinostroitel' no.10:15 O '61.  
(MIRA 14:9)

1. Predsedatel' Soveta novatorov zavoda imeni K. Marks'a,  
Leningrad.  
(Leningrad--Textile industry)

IVANOV, A.T.

"Determining the Subterranean Component of River Flow by the Hydrochemical Method,"  
Trudy Laboratori gidrogeologicheskikh problem AN SSSR [Proceedings of the  
Laboratory for Hydrogeological Problems of the Academy of Sciences USSR], vol. III,  
1948

IVANOV, A.T.; KUZNETSOV, N.T.

Chemistry of rivers of the Mongolian People's Republic. Izv. Akad. SSSR Ser.  
geog. no. 4:28-38 Ju-Ag '53. (MLRA 6:8)

1. Institut geografii Akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Mongolia--Chemical denudation) (Chemical denudation--Mongolia)

IVANOV, A.T.

Hydrochemical zonality of river waters of the Mongolian People's Republic.  
Biul. MOIP. Otd. geol. 29 no.5:91-92 S-0 '54. (MIRA 8:1)  
(Mongolia--Hydrology)

IVANOV, Aleksandr Timofeyevich; LANGE, O.K., doktor geol.-min.nauk, otv.red.;  
SUNTSEV, M.A., kand.geol.-min.nauk, otv.red.; RODIONOV, N.V., red.  
izd-va; GUSEVA, I.N., tekhn.red.

[Underground waters in the Mongolian People's Republic] Pod-  
zemnye vody Mongol'skoi Respubliki. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk  
SSSR, 1958. 133 p. (Akademicheskie trudy. Laboratoriia gidro-  
geologicheskikh problem. Trudy, vol. 19) (MIRA 11:10)  
(Mongolia--Water, Underground)

YERMACHENKO V.L. EVANOV A.Y.

Ways of reducing the volume of rock delivered to the surface  
at mines of the Krasnoluchugol' Trust. Ugol' 40 no.8:24-27  
Ag '65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Forest Krasnoluchugol'.

L 34816-66 EWE(e)/EWT(m) WH  
ACC NR: AP6018772

SOURCE CODE: UR/0070/66/011/003/0422/0424

AUTHOR: Zubov, V. G.; Ivanov, A. T.

ORG: Moscow State University im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvenny universitet)

TITLE: Dilatation of quartz caused by bombardment with fast neutrons

SOURCE: Kristallografiya, v. 11, no. 3, 1966, 422-424

TOPIC TAGS: quartz crystal, neutron absorption, neutron flux, lattice defect, FAST NEUTRON, NEUTRON BOMBARDMENT

ABSTRACT: The dilatation of quartz exposed to fast neutrons (integral flux densities of 0 to 20 n/cm<sup>2</sup>) was studied. The analysis of the results was based on the formation of submicroscopic amorphous regions and their effect on neighboring crystal lattice sites; the number of amorphous sites was proportional to the increase in volume. Data on the % volume expansion and % decrease in density as functions of integral flux density of fast neutrons are presented. Theoretically, the number ( $d_n$ ) of amorphous regions formed in a dose interval from  $\phi$  to  $\phi+d\phi$  was proportional to the number of unformed amorphous regions ( $N-n$ ), i. e.,  $d_n=(\alpha+\beta n)(N-n)d\phi$ , where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are constants. Integrating and letting  $\xi=kN$  be the relative volume expansion so that  $\xi_{max}=kN$ ,

$$\xi = \frac{a\xi_{max}[\exp(b\phi) - 1]}{\xi_{max} + " \exp(b\phi)}.$$

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UDC: 548.0

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*4 x 11 c 40, 44*  
BUTYLOCHKIN, Mikhail Ivanovich; IVANOV, Afanasiy Ustinovich; ETUSH, L.A.,  
red.izd-va; BACHURINA, A.M., tekhn.red.

[MD-2 trolley; manual of construction, operation and maintenance]  
Motodrezina MD-2; rukovedstvo po ustroistvu, ekspluatatsii i ob-  
sluzhivaniju. Moskva, Goslezbumizdat, 1957. 64 p. (MIRA 11:4)  
(Railroads--Equipment and supplies)

IVANOV, A. V.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/4948

Gel'fer, Gesel' Ayzikovich, Aleksandr Vladimirovich Ivanov, and Yakov Grigor'yevich Medvedev

Vzryvozashchishchennoye elektrooborudovaniye: spravochik dlya rabotnikov neftepererabatyvayushchey i gazovoy promyshlennosti (Explosionproof Electrical Equipment: Manual for Oil-Refinery and Gas-Industry Workers) Leningrad, Gostoptekhizdat, 1960. 328 p. Errata slip inserted. 4,100 copies printed.

Ed.: V. Ye. Ul'yashchenko; Tech. Ed.: P. S. Frumkin; Executive Ed.: P. S. Dolmatov.

PURPOSE: This manual is intended for engineers and technicians working in oil refineries and in the gas industry, and may be useful to personnel in other industries where the hazard of gas or dust explosion exists.

COVERAGE: The manual contains the specification and description of explosionproof electric machines, apparatus, and devices manufactured by Soviet industry. Data on classification of locations by the degree of

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Explosionproof Electrical Equipment (Cont.)

SOV/4948

explosion hazard, classification of explosive mixtures, selection and use of explosionproof equipment, and arrangement of electric networks in locations containing explosive substances are discussed. It is stated in the foreword that this manual is the first attempt to present in a systematic way data relating to explosionproof electrical equipment and its use. It is based on the Soviet "Rules for the Arrangement of Electrical Installations," 1957-1958 edition, the directives and instructions of the former Ministry of Petroleum and Chemical Industries, USSR, and various scientific research and planning institutes, and information from manufacturing plants. The manual uses the terms vzryvozashchishchenny (protected against explosion), vzryvobezopasnyy (explosion-safe) and vzryvoneproniçayemnyy (impene-trable to explosion) but does not make clear what difference in meaning, if any, exists. All three terms are hereafter translated as "explosionproof." No personalities are mentioned. There are 22 references, all Soviet.

Card 2/13

SOV/112-57-6-13004

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotehnika, 1957, Nr 6, p 192 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Ivanov, A. V.

TITLE: Remote-Control of Traction Substations on Electrified Railroads  
(Teleupravleniye tyagovymi podstantsiyami elektrifitsirovannykh zheleznykh dorog)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Telermekhaniz. v nar. kh-ve. M., AS USSR, 1956, pp 210-222

ABSTRACT: A detailed description is presented of a remote-control system based on a distributive-selection time-code principle. The system has been operated on a section of the Moscow railroad junction. The dispatcher's-station control board sends control signals to ten controlled stations that have 420 control objects and 700 supervisory-signal objects. Type RPN relays and type I-50/4 selectors are used in the equipment. Operating experience has shown fairly stable functioning of the remote-control system. Two tables are presented which show the places and causes of various faults. A description is presented of the diagrams of the dispatcher-station coder, of the remote-control starting

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SOV/112-57-6-13004

Remote-Control of Traction Substations on Electrified Railroads

and sending orders, of the reception of orders at a traction substation, of signal transmission from the traction substation to the dispatcher station. Two illustrations.

N.M.F.

Card 2/2

YEVGRAFOV, G.K., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.; OSIPOV, V.O., kand.tekhn.nauk;  
KOLOKLOV, V.N., inzh.; ZENKEVICH, V.A., inzh.; IVANOV, A.V., inzh.

Fatigue destruction of the parts of riveted spans of old bridges.  
Trudy MIIT no.154:5-63 '62. (MIRA 16:3)  
(Railroad bridges--Testing) (Strains and stresses)

IVANOV, A.V., inzh.; OSIPOV, V.O., kand.tekhn.nauk

Experience in the reconditioning of members of riveted and  
welded spans. Trudy MIIT no.154:106-141 '62. (MIRA 16:3)  
(Railroad bridges--Maintenance and repair)

Ivanov, A. V.

USSR

✓ 4952. PLANNING UNITS - ONE LINE FOR MECHANIZATION OF MINING.  
OPERATIONS. Lyublino, Ukr., Ivanov, A. V. and Grigor'ev, N. Ye.  
(УКСЛ (Секц.), Jan. 1955, 21-22). A discussion of the relative merits  
of chain type cutters and coal planes leads to an illustrated description  
of three promising "dynamic" planes which unlike the "scuttler" type with  
its steady cut, are suitable for anthracite. Plane VSH-1 vibrates at  
vibrates by the rotation of unbalanced masses, plane AS-1 has a spring  
mechanism and four large chisel-shaped cutters, and plane VCH-1 has four  
large electro-pneumatic hammers. (L).

GRISHYATSKIY, M.A., prof.; IVANOV, A.V., prof., red.; NAUMOV, N.P., prof., red.; GEPNER, V.Z., prof., red.; MATVYEV, B.S., prof., red.; POPOV, V.V., prof. red.; STRAUTMAN, F.I., prof., red.; NIKOL'SKIY, G.V., prof., red.; SHIBANOV, N.V., dots., red.

[Program in human anatomy for biology and soil biology faculties in state universities] Programma po anatomii cheloveka dlia biologicheskikh i biologo-pochvennykh fakul'tetov gosudarstvennykh universitetov. [Moskva] Izd-vo Mosk.univ., 1956. 10 p. (MIRA 11:3)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo vysshego obrazovaniya.  
(ANATOMY, HUMAN--STUDY AND TEACHING)

PIONTKOVSKAYA, S.P.; IVANOV, A.V.

Mites, ticks, and fleas parasitic on rodents, insectivores, and  
birds in natural foci of acarid-borne rickettsiosis in East  
Kazakhstan Province. Zool.shur. 39 no.2:200-206 F '60.  
(MIRA 13:6)

1. Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, USSR Academy  
of Medical Sciences, Moscow.  
(East Kazakhstan Province--Rickettsia)  
(Insects as carriers of disease)

IVANOV, A.V.

ALEKSEYEV, Mikhail Vasil'yevich; IVANOV, A.V., redaktor; SHNEYEROV, S.A.,  
redaktor izdatel'stva; KONYASHINA, A.D., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Fire prevention in drying of grain] Pozharnaya profilaktika pri  
suske zerna. Moskva, Izd-vo M-va kommunal'nogo khoziaistva RSFSR,  
1957. 75 p.  
(Grain--Drying) (Fire prevention)

IVANOV, A.V.

Contribution of our inventors and efficiency promoters.  
Stroi.mat. 6 no.1:7-9 Ja '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Predsedatel' zavodskoy organizatsii Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva  
izobretateley i ratsionalizatorov Pavlovskogo zavoda silikatnykh  
i stroitel'nykh materialov.  
(Pavlovsk(Leningrad Province)--Building materials industry--Equipment and supplies)

IVANOV, A.V., mashinist teplovoza

Diesel locomotives should be built with consideration to the conditions under which they will be operated. Elek. i tepl. tiaga  
4 no. 12:41 D '60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Depo Ashkhabad.  
(Diesel locomotives)

ACCESSION NR: AT4041511

S/2910/63/003/010/0185/0189

AUTHOR: Ivanov, A. V.

TITLE: The relationship between the matrix elements of the coordinate and of the momentum in approximate quantum mechanical computations

SOURCE: AN LitSSR. Litovskiy fizicheskly sbornik, v. 3, no. 1-2, 1963, 185-189

TOPIC TAGS: quantum mechanics, quantum mechanical approximation, coordinate, momentum, matrix element, electron motion, electrical dipole moment, Hartree Fock Equation, oscillator strength, transition probability

ABSTRACT: In problems of the interaction between an electron and a radiation field, the two types of nondiagonal matrix elements used most frequently are the elements of the coordinate operator,  $\langle \vec{r}_n | \vec{r}_m \rangle$  (electrical dipole moment) and the elements of the momentum operator,  $\langle \vec{p}_n | \vec{p}_m \rangle$ . These are related by the fundamental equation

$$i\vec{p}_{n'm} = \omega_{nm} \cdot \vec{r}_{n'm}. \quad (1)$$

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The author shows that this equation is valid only when the matrix element construction is based on the wave function of Hartree. When the wave functions of Hartree-Fock are used, Equation (1) becomes

$$ip_{nn} + A = \omega_{nn} r_{nn} \quad (2)$$

where A are double integrals resulting from the exchange terms. It follows that the introduction of exchange operators into the Hamiltonian in the Hartree-Fock method leads to violation of the quantum-mechanical correspondence principles in computation of quantities which are expressed by nondiagonal matrix terms of the coordinate and momentum. The deviation is small and can serve as a measure of accuracy of Hartree-Fock method. An example using atoms of Li and N<sup>4+</sup> is given. Matrix elements  $\langle n' m' | n m \rangle$  and the product  $\omega_{nm}^2$ ,  $r_{nm}$  are computed for various transitions. The Hartree-Fock method gives better element values in the sense that computations of the oscillator strengths and transition probabilities computed from these values are closer to the experimental data. Equation (1), however, is violated by ±12% which means that

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ACCESSION NR: AT4041511

the oscillator strengths and the transition probabilities of these atomic systems can be only computed with an accuracy of 4 - 25 percent, which is a limit inherent in the Hartree-Fock method. "I wish to express my gratitude to my scientific supervisor, Prof. A. S. Kompaneyets, and to the co-workers of the Mathematics Department of the Institute of Chemical Physics AN SSSR A. N. Ivanova and A. I. Prilkozhenko for their assistance in this work." Orig. art. has: 6 equations and 5 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimicheskoy fiziki, AN SSSR, Moscow (Institute of Chemical Physics, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP, GP

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 003

Card 3/3

S/020/63/148/001/004/032  
B172/B186

AUTHOR: Ivanov, A. V.

TITLE: Stability of some numerical algorithms inverting regular difference equations

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 148, no. 1, 1963, 28 - 31

TEXT: A linear system

$$l^n y^n = f^n$$

of order n is considered whose matrix has the shape

$$l^n = \begin{pmatrix} -b_1^n & c_1^n \\ a_1^n & -b_2^n \\ & \ddots \\ & & -b_{n-1}^n & c_{n-1}^n \\ & & a_n^n & -b_n^n \end{pmatrix}$$

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S/020/63/148/001/004/032  
B172/B186

Stability of some...

i.e.  $l_{ik} = 0$  for  $k < i-1$  and  $k > i+1$ . The system (2) is regular if positive numbers  $v$  and  $\mu$  ( $v < \mu$ ) exist such that

$$a_i^n, c_i^n \geq v, a_i^n + c_i^n \leq b_i^n, b_i^n \leq \mu \quad (i = 1, \dots, n)$$

holds for all  $n \geq N$ , where

$$a_1^n = b_1^n - c_1^n, c_n^n = b_n^n - a_n^n.$$

An algorithm inverting (2) is represented by the system of equations

$$x_k = \psi_k^n(x_{k-1}, F)$$

where  $F = (F_1, \dots, F_n)$  is a vector consisting of elements of  $l^n$  and  $f^n$ ;

$x_{k-1} = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{k-1})$ ;  $\psi_k^n$  is an arithmetical or logical operation. The values  $x_{k_i}$  ( $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ ) give the solution  $y^n$  of (2). The author defines

the concept of weakly stable and strongly stable algorithms and lays down

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S/020/63/148/001/004/032  
B172/B186

Stability of some...

the conditions under which algorithms of the form

$$\sigma_i = -\frac{c_i^n}{b_i^n + a_{i-1}^n \sigma_{i-1}}, \quad i = 2, \dots, n-1; \quad \sigma_1 = \frac{c_1^n}{b_1^n};$$

$$\psi_i = -\frac{f_i^n - a_{i-1}^n \psi_{i-1}}{b_i^n + a_{i-1}^n \sigma_{i-1}}, \quad i = 2, \dots, n; \quad \psi_1 = -\frac{f_1^n}{b_1^n}$$

$$y_i^n = \psi_i - \sigma_i y_{i+1}^n, \quad i = 1, \dots, n-1; \quad y_n^n = \psi_n.$$

are weakly or strongly stable. Furthermore, difference methods for the boundary value problems

$$(Au_x)_x + Bu_x + Cu = D, \quad u(0) = u(1) = 0$$

$$\text{and } u_t - (Au_x)_x - Bu_x - Cu = D, \quad u(0,t) = u(1,t) = 0, \quad u(x,0) = 0$$

are studied.

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JA

Stability of some...

S/020/63/148/001/004/032  
B172/B186

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskoys otdele niye Matematicheskogo instituta im.  
V. A. Steklova Akademii nauk SSSR (Leningrad Department of  
the Mathematics Institute imeni V. A. Steklov)

PRESENTED: June 27, 1962, by V. I. Smirnov, Academician

SUBMITTED: June 20, 1962

✓A

Card 4/4

ACCESSION NR: AT4039372

S/2517/64/070/000/0059/0115

AUTHOR: Ivanov, A. V.

TITLE: Approximation properties of ordinary difference equations

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Matematicheskiy institut. Trudy\*, v. 70, 1964. Krayevye zadachi matematicheskoy fiziki (Boundary value problems in mathematical physics), no. 1, 59-116

TOPIC TAGS: boundary value problem, boundary problem, mathematical physics, difference equation, approximation method, approximation calculation, applied mathematics, linear algebra, parabolic equation, algorithm

ABSTRACT: The necessity often arises of solving approximating, linear, algebraic systems of high order with tridiagonal matrices, the elements of which satisfy special conditions. Finite difference methods often are used in the solution of boundary problems for homogeneous differential equations of the second order. Implicit methods are used for the solution of compound problems for unidimensional parabolic equations. The present article investigates the nodal equation

$$Ly = f,$$

(1)

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ACCESSION NR: AT4039372

i.e., the question of the occurrence of the nodal function  $y \in K(1, n)$ , which the given nodal operator  $\mathcal{L}$  transforms into the given nodal function  $f \in K(1, n)$ . It is clear that the solution of the nodal equation (1) is equivalent to the solution of the linear algebraic system

$$\mathcal{L}y = f \quad (2)$$

with tri-diagonal matrix  $\mathcal{L}$ , the coefficients of which can be written in the form

$$l_{ij} = (\mathcal{L})_{ij} = a_i \delta_j^{i-1} - b_i \delta_j^i + c_i \delta_j^{i+1}, \quad 1 \leq i, j \leq n; \quad \delta_j^k = \begin{cases} 0, & k \neq j, \\ 1, & k = j. \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

In connection with the nodal equation, the author first investigates approximation algorithms, realizing several explicit methods of solution of the second order nodal equation. Both the Gaussian and the factorization methods are discussed. Following the above discussion, the author considers an explicit representation of the solution of equation (1) in a special case. He considers the nodal equation with coefficients satisfying the conditions

$$a_i, c_i > 0; \quad a_i + c_i = b_i. \quad (4)$$

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ACCESSION NR: AT4039372

A solution of equation (1) satisfying the conditions of (4) is obtained:

$$\begin{aligned}
 y'_i &= -p_{i-1} \left( \frac{\sigma_i}{p_{i-1}} + \frac{\sigma_{i+1}}{p_i} + \dots + \frac{\sigma_n}{p_{n-1}} \right), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n, \\
 \sigma_i &= \frac{1}{p_i} \left( \frac{a_1' a_2' \dots a_i'}{a_1 a_2 \dots a_i} \cdot \frac{p_0 f'_1}{a_1} + \dots + \frac{a_k' a_{k+1}' \dots a_i'}{a_k a_{k+1} \dots a_i} \times \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \times \frac{p_{k-1} f'_k}{a_k} + \dots + \frac{a_r'}{a_s} \cdot \frac{p_{t-1} f'_t}{a_t} \right), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n, \\
 p_i &= \frac{a_1' a_2' \dots a_i'}{a_1 a_2 \dots a_i} + \dots + \frac{a_1' a_2' \dots a_k'}{a_1 a_2 \dots a_k} + \dots + \frac{a_1'}{a_1} + 1, \\
 i &= 1, 2, \dots, n; p_0 = 1.
 \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

Finally, the author considers the fundamental solution of a nodal equation with constant coefficients. The nodal function  $Q_k \in K(1, n)$ , depending on the parameter  $k$  ( $k = 1, 2, \dots, n$ ), is designated by the nodal equation  $ly = f$ , if it satisfies the equation

$$lQ_k = \delta_n \tag{6}$$

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ACCESSION NR: AT4039372

where  $\delta_k$  is the nodal function belonging to  $K(1, n)$ , which is equal to zero when  $i \neq k$  and equal to 1 when  $i = k$ . The author proves that the fundamental solution is of the form:

$$Q_{ki} = \begin{cases} \frac{i(n+1-k)}{a(n+1)}, & i \leq k, \\ \frac{k(n+1-i)}{a(n+1)}, & i > k. \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

During the course of the article, the author proves 17 theorems. "In conclusion, I would like to thank Prof. O. A. Ladyzhenskaya for suggesting the problem and for her constant help." Orig. art. has: 206 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Matematicheskiy institut AN SSSR (Institute of Mathematics, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 00 DATE ACQ: 11Jun64 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MA NO REF SOV: 008 OTHER: 001

Card 4/4

IVANOV, A.V.

Use of paper-type pipes in electric wiring operations. Prom. energ.  
15 no.11:44 N '60. (MIRA 14:9)  
(Electric wiring, Interior) (Electric engineering--Materials)

CHUBUKOV, A.A.; IVANOV, A.V.; CHERNOGOROV, L.L.; Prihimali uchastiye:  
KOGAN, I.L.; TALANOVA, L.N.; POPOVA, Ye.P.; AEROSOV, A.P.

Cleaning of spinnerets in the manufacture of viscose fibers.  
Khim.volok. no.1:69-70 '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Rostovskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekhnologii  
mashinostroyeniya.

(Rayon spinning)

AVENOV, A. V.

Properties of generalized solutions to linear elliptic and  
parabolic equations. Vest. LGU 19 no.7:5-15 '64  
(MIRA 17:7)

GAYDUK, S.I.; IVANOV, A.V.

Problem in the conjugation of equations o<sup>n</sup> the parabolic and hyperbolic types. Dokl. AN BSSR 8 no.9:560-563 9 '64.

(MIRA 17:12)

1. Institut matematiki i vychislitel noy tekhniki AN Belorusskoy SSR.

IVANOV, A.V.

Second International Conference of the UNO on peaceful use of  
atomic energy [with summary in English]. Inzh.-fiz.zhur.  
no.12:117-122 '58. (MIRA 11:12)  
(Geneva--Atomic energy--Congresses)

IVANOV, A. V., VAL'TER, A. K., SINEL'NIKOV, K. D.<sup>1</sup>, TARANOV, A. Ye., and ABRAMOVICH, A. M.

"Investigation of the Radiational Losses of Electrons by the Calorimetric Method," Zhur. Eksp. i Teor. Fiz. 1941, Vol. 11, No 1, pp 43-59.  
Khar'kov Fiziko-Tekhnicheskoi Institut USSR

9.4177 (1035, 1051)

35590  
S/046/62/026/003/011/015  
B142/B104

AUTHOR: Ivanov, A. V.

TITLE: L<sub>23</sub>-X-ray spectra of sulfur in sulfides

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 26,  
no. 3, 1962, 405 - 408

TEXT: Bell et al. (see Ref.) calculated the electron distribution in the 3p-shell of the sulfur atoms in PbS and found a partial hybridization of the electron states as well as a mixture of ionic and covalent bonds. These theoretical results were confirmed experimentally by a study of the fine structure of the X-ray spectrum. As had been expected for hybridization, the L<sub>23</sub>-spectrum consisted of two bands (corresponding to the transitions of s-electrons from the 3s and from the 3p bands into the 2p level). The first band is intensive and reaches a maximum at 148.5 ev, the second is weaker and reaches a maximum at 158.7 ev. The intensity ratio is ~6:1. Each band has a primary and a secondary maximum. From the similarity of the band shapes the author concludes that the wave functions of s-electrons in

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S/048/62/026/003/011/015  
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L<sub>23</sub>-X-ray spectra of sulfur ...

the 3s and 3p band are similar. The fine structure was investigated both in the short and in the long-wave ranges. The primary and secondary maxima of the intensive long-wave L<sub>23</sub>-spectrum which describes the energy states of s-electrons in the 3s-band, correspond to the maxima K<sub>3</sub><sup>1/2</sup> - and K<sub>3</sub><sup>1/2</sup> in the K-spectrum of sulfur in ZnS. This K-spectrum describes the energy states of the p-electrons in the 3s-band. From the occurrence of these maxima it can be concluded that a partial hybridization of the electrons takes place in the 3s-band. Similarly, the occurrence of the maxima in the short-wave range of the L<sub>23</sub>-spectrum proves a partial hybridization of the electrons in the 3p-band. The twofold nature of the bands of the K and L<sub>23</sub>-spectrum indicates two energy states of the electrons in the 3s and in the 3p-bands as a result of the occurrence of two maxima. This was expected from the assumption of a mixture of ion and covalent bonds. Papers by Bell, Eichhoff, O'Bryan, Skinner, Fogel', Valasek, Shalimova, Deodhar, and Stelling were used. There are 5 figures and 11 references: 3 Soviet and 8 non-Soviet. The four references to English-language publications are: D. G. Bell, D. M. Hum, L. Pincherle, D. W. Sciama, P. M. Woodward, Proc. Roy. Soc., 217 A, 71 (1953). X

Card 2/3

$L_{23}$ -X-ray spectra of sulfur...

S/048/62/026/003/011/015  
B142/B104

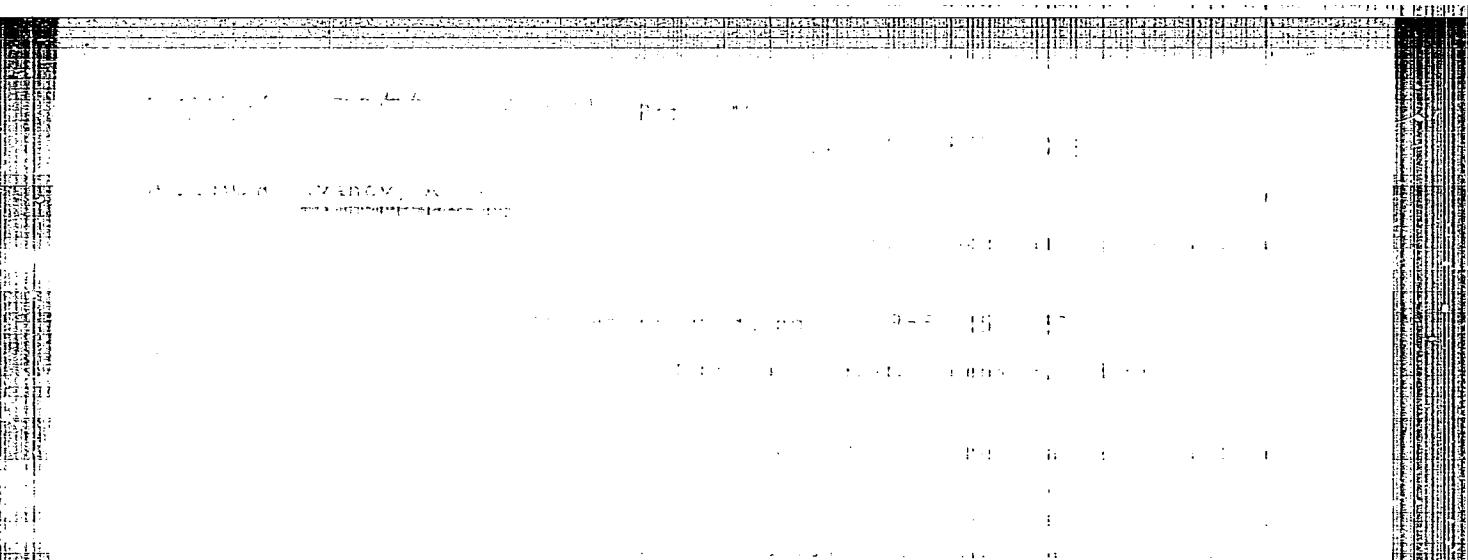
H. M. O'Bryan, H. W. B. Skinner, Phys. Rev. 45, 370 (1934). T. Valasek,  
Phys. Rev., 43, 612 (1933). G. B. Deodhar, Proc. Roy. Soc. 131 A, 647  
(1931).

4

Card 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619020006-7



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619020006-7"

between the oscillator frequency and the variation of the external acceleration are established by the method of equivalent linearization for direct and indirect sensors. It is found that: (1) Direct acceleration sensors are better suited for overall acceleration, while care, therefore, must be taken into account; (2) the

loss of the

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trated mechanical parameters possess a rather low sensitivity ( $0.001 \pm 0.010$  g); their frequency range (10 cps) is not high, either; however, these sensors are

*llc*  
Card 2/2

GITIS, S.S.; IVANOV, A.V.

Reactions of aromatic nitro compounds. Part 19: Effect of the substituents on the re-etherification of aryl ethers of 2,4-dinitrophenol. Zhur. oh. khim. 34 no.10:3390-3392. O '64.

(MIRA 17:11)

1. Novomoskovskiy filial Gosudarstvennogo instituta azotnoy promyshlennosti.

IGLITSIN, M.I.; MEYYER, A.A.; KARAGIOM, O.V.; LEVINSON, D.I.; IVANOV, A.V.

One-probe method for measuring the specific resistance of semiconductors carrying a-c current. Zav. lab. 31 no.9:1092-1094 '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut redkometalicheskoy promyshlennosti.

JW/RK  
ACC NR: AP6035826

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/020/0035/0035

INVENTOR: Gitis, S. S.; Ivanova, V. M.; Nemleva, S. A.; Seina, Z. N.; Ivanov, A. V.

ORG: none

TITLE: Preparative method for pyromellitimide. Class 12, No. 187006

22

B.

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 20, 1966, 35

TOPIC TAGS: pyromellitimide, pyromellitic anhydride, urea, chemical synthesis

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a method of preparing pyromellitimide from pyromellitic anhydride. To ensure an increased yield, the method provides for treatment of pyromellitic anhydride with urea in a boiling solvent (e.g., acetic acid), followed by the separation of the precipitate.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 08Oct65/ ATD PRESS: 5104

Cord 1/1 LS

UDC: 547.557.1' '585.07

KOLOBKOV, M.N.; IVANOV, A.V., redaktor; IL'INA, L., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Natural resources of Khakasia; a geographical sketch] Piroda Khakasii;  
geograficheskii ocherk. Abakan, Khakasskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1955. 33 p.  
(Khakasia--Geography)

(MIRA 10:5)

OLENICH-GIENENKO, Aleksandr Pavlovich; IVANOV, A.V., redaktor; KOMM, V.G.,  
tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[In the mountains of the Caucasus] V gorakh Kavkaza. Moskva, So-  
vetskii pisatel', 1955. 293 p. (MIRA 8:5)  
(Caucasus—Description and travel)

GRIGOR'YEV, A.A., akademik, otvetstvennyy redaktor; IVANOV, A.V., otvetstvennyy redaktor; PERVAKOV, I.L., redaktor; GLASYKH, D.Z., tekhnicheskiy redaktor; KOSHELEVA, S.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[The Karelian A.S.S.R.] Karel'skaia ASSR. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1956. 332 p. (MLRA 9:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Karel'skiy filial, Petrozavodsk.  
(Karelia--Economic geography)

IVANOV, A.V.; FOTIYEVA, N.N.; OSIPOVA, R.P.; KONOVALOVA, M.V.

Stratigraphy, and oil and gas potentials of Permian sediments  
in the southeastern part of the Pechora Depression and upper  
Pechora Valley. Trudy VNIGRI no.133:204-232 '59.

(MIRA 13:1)

(Pechora Valley--Petroleum geology)  
(Pechora Valley--Gas, Natural--Geology)

GARMONOV, I.V., doktor geol.-mineral.nauk; IVANOV, A.V.; NEFEDOVA, Ye.I.;  
SMIRNOVA, G.N.; SUGROEOV, V.M.; FILIPPOVA, B.S., red.izd-va;  
POLENOVA, T.P., tekhn.red.

[Underground waters in the south of the West Siberian Lowland and  
the conditions of their formation] Podzemnye vody iuga Zapadno-  
Sibirs'koi nizmennosti i usloviia ikh formirovaniia. Moskva, Izd-  
vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1961. 126 p. (Akademija nauk SSSR. Laboratoriia  
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VASIL'YEV, L.L., red.; IVANOV, A.V., red.; KOLOSOV, N.G., red.;  
MAKAROV, P.O., red.; POLKANOV, A.A., red. [deceased]; POLYANSKIY,  
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L 26785-66 EWP(j)/EWT(1)/EWT(m)/ETC(m)-6/T IJP(c) RM/WW/DJ  
 ACC NR: AP6017452 SOURCE CODE: UR/0237/66/000/002/0021/0024

AUTHOR: Ivanov, A. V.; Rozov, S. P.; Firsov, N. T.

ORG: none

TITLE: Vacuum x-ray spectrometer for the 1.5-45  $\mu\text{m}$  spectral region

SOURCE: Optiko-mekhanicheskaya promyshlennost', no. 2, 1966, 21-24

TOPIC TAGS: spectrometer, emission spectrum, absorption spectrum/SP-114 spectrometer

ABSTRACT: The authors describe the SP-114 spectrometer for analyzing emission and absorption spectra in the 1.5-45  $\mu\text{m}$  x-ray region. The device uses the principle of glancing beam incidence on a stationary concave diffraction grating with Rowland circle spectral focusing. A schematic diagram and cutaway view of the instrument are shown. The instrument has spectral working ranges of 1.5-4.5  $\mu\text{m}$  and 4.5-45  $\mu\text{m}$  which are selected by changing the diffraction grating and master template. The grating for the shortwave range has a radius of curvature of 6 m, while that for the longwave range has a radius of curvature of 2 m. The width of the input and output slits for the spectrometer may be varied from 0 to 0.4 mm without destroying the vacuum in the instrument. Provision is made for controlling the height of both slits. The condenser mirrors may be adjusted without destroying the vacuum. All the vacuum seals in the instrument are made from metal and teflon so that the device may be

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heated for degassing. The regulated power supply may be controlled from 0 to 10 kv and plate current is adjustable from 20  $\mu$ a to 200 ma. An oil-vapor pump is used for evacuating the spectrometer tube to a pressure of  $1 \cdot 10^{-5}$  mm Hg, while a second oil-vapor pump evacuates the x-ray tube to a pressure of  $1 \cdot 10^{-6}$  mm Hg. The instrument measures 140x130x140 cm overall. Instrumental errors are analyzed. The authors are grateful to A. I. Yefremov for a number of comments and assistance in developing the instrument and to Academician A. A. Lebedev for directing the work. Orig. art. has: 4 figures. [JFRS]

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Card 2/2 CC

L 21536-66 EWT(1)/ETC(m)-6 IJP(c) WW  
ACC NR: AP6008303

SOURCE CODE: UR/0237/66/000/002/0021/0024

AUTHOR: Ivanov, A. V.; Rozov, S. P.; Firsov, N. T.

ORG: none

TITLE: A vacuum x-ray spectrometer for the 1.5-45  $\mu\text{m}$  spectral region

SOURCE: Optiko-mekhanicheskaya promyshlennost', no. 2, 1966, 21-24

TOPIC TAGS: spectrometer, x ray spectroscopy, diffraction grating

ABSTRACT: The authors describe the SP-114 diffraction-grating vacuum spectrometer for studying emission and absorption spectra in the 1.5-45  $\mu\text{m}$  spectral region to determine the energy structure of solids. The optical system of the instrument is based on sliding incidence of the rays on a fixed concave diffraction grating and Rowland circle spectral focusing. A schematic diagram of the instrument is shown in the figure. The input slit 2 and diffraction grating 3 are fastened to a template 1. Receiver 4 with reception slit 5 is mounted on carriage 6 which is moved by lead screw 7 and nut 8 along template 1. The carriage may be moved either manually by handwheel 9 or automatically by drive unit 10. The automatic drive moves

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ACC NR: AP6008303

the carriage at rates of 1, 2.5, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 1000  $\mu$ /sec. The instrument has working ranges of 1.5-4.5  $\mu$ m and 4.5-45  $\mu$ m which are set by changing the diffraction grating and template. The width of slits 2 and 5 may be varied from 0 to 0.4 mm without breaking the vacuum in the instrument. Between the input slit and the radiation

source is a condenser 11 with replaceable spherical or toric mirrors 12 for focusing the source on the input slit and (in the case of toric mirrors) compensating for astigmatism of the lattice in certain spectral intervals. The condenser mirrors as well as the anode 14 and cathode 15 in the x-ray source 13 may be adjusted without breaking the vacuum in the instrument. The unit has a lock device 16 for placing filters in the beam between the input slit and the lattice. The instrument measures 140 x 130 x 140 cm. "The authors are grateful to A. I. Yefremov for a number of comments and for assistance in developing the instrument and to Academician A. A. Lebedev for directing the work." Orig. art. has: 4 figures. [14]

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ATT PRESS: 4218  
Card 2/2

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SO: Sum No. 457, 18 Apr 55

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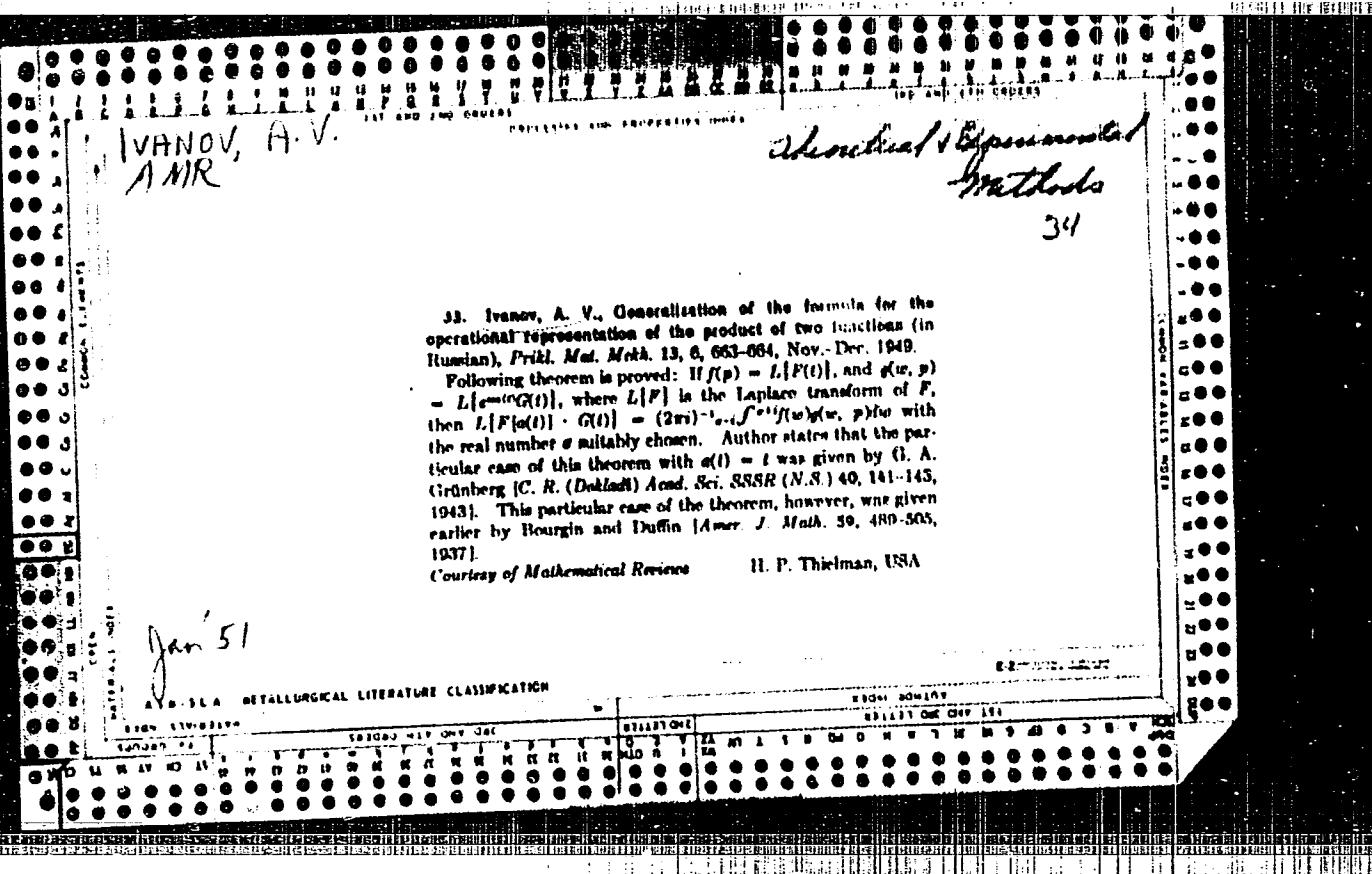
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