Garnets NA.

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PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/2172

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennaya postoyannaya komissiya po zhelezu

Zhelezorudnyye mestorozhdeniya Altaye-Sayanskoy gornoy oblasti, tom. 1, kniga. 1: Geologiya (Iron Ore Deposits of the Altay-Sayan Mountain Region, Vol 1, Book 1: Geology) Moscow, 1958. 330 p. (Series: Zhelezorudnyye mestorozhdeniya SSSR) Errata slip inserted. 2,500 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agencies: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Sibirskoye otdeleniye, USSR. Gosudarstvennaya planovaya komissiya. Glavnoye upravleniye nauchno-issledovatel'skikh i proyektnykh organizatsiy, Institut Giproruda, USSR. Ministerstvo geologii i okhrany nedr, USSR. Zapadno-Sibirskoye geologicheskoye upravleniye, USSR. Krasnoyarskoye geologicheskoye upravleniye, Sibirskiy geofizicheskiy trest, Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy geologicheskiy institut.

Eds. of the vol.: P. Te. Sledzyuk, and G.A. Sckolov; Resp. Ed. of Series: I.P. Bardin, Academician; Scientific Eds.: I.P. Bardin, Academician, T.F. Gorbachev, A.L.Dodin, N.A. Yerofeyev, A.S. Kalugin, N.N. Nekrasov, G.L. Pospelov, M.L. Skobnikov, P. Ye. Sledzyuk, S.S. Smirnov-Verin (Deceased) G.A. Sokolov, S.G. Strumilin, Academician, V.B. Khlebnikov, N.A. Chinakal, and I.S. Shapiro;

Card 1/9

Iron Ore Deposits (Cont.)

SOV/2172

Ed. of Publishing House: I.G. Kudasheva; Tech. Ed.: I.F. Kuz'min.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for structural, exploration and mining geologists, for geophysicists and mineralogists, and industrial planners.

coverage: This work purports to be the first attempt to review and summarize all the material that has been published on the iron-ore deposits of the Altay-Sayanskaya oblast' during the last 20 years. This area, the work reports is fast becoming one of the most important iron-ore bases in the Soviet Union. The book discusses the economic aspects of the geography and geology of the individual deposits, presents a qualitative and quantitative (as of January 1, 1957) analysis of ore reserves, and evaluates the prospects and possibilities of further development of the Altay-Sayanskaya iron-ore base. The genetic characteristics of iron-ore mineralization of the area are described. Extensive information on the geology of individual deposits, complexes, and regions is provided, and a general genetic description of ore mineralization in the Altay Sayanskaya region is given. There is a historical account of the exploration and development of the region, and of the development of concepts on the genesis of mineralization in the area. The following scientists participated in the preparation and writing of this volume: G.L. Pospelov, S.S. Lapin, N.Kh. Belous,

Card 2/9

Tron Ore Deposits (Cont.)

SOV/2172

V.M. Klyarovskiy, O.G. Kine, and V.A. Vakhrushev of the West Siberian Branch of the AN SSSR, I.S. Shapiro of the Permanent Interdepartmental Committee on Iron, A.S. Kalugin, A.S. Mukhin, N.A. Garnets, Yu. A. Speyt, M.I. Selivestrova, Y.G. Rutkevich, G.P. Bykov, N.I. Nikonov, and K.G. Sakovich of the West Siberian Geological Administration V.I. Medvedkov, A.S. Aladyshkin and F. Ya. Pan of the Krasnoyarsk Geological Administration, M.G. Rusanov, E.A. Yazbutis, Yu. V. Rozhdestvenskiy, G. Ye. Savitskiy, and A.D. Prodanchuk of the West Siberian Geological Survey Chermetrazvedka Trust, P.A. Lysenko, T.I. Lebedev, T.Ya. Kamenskaya, A.I. Maslennikov and R. Pipar of the Siberian Geophysical Trust, A.L. Dodin of the VSEGEI, A.S. Mitropol'skiy of the Mining Expedition, V.A. Lukin of the Mining Administration of the Kuznetsk Metallurgical Combine, S.S. Zimin of the Tomsk Polytechnic Institute, I.V. Derbikov of the Sibneftegeofizika Trust, and V.G. Korel' of the Siberian Metallurgical Institute. There are 103 diagrams including insert maps and 10 tables. There are 271 references, all Soviet.

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GARNETSKIY, V.A., aspirant; KOBAZEV, Ye.I., starshiy laborant; RACHINSKIY,
V.V., doktor khimicheskikh nauk, prof.; FURMAN, A.O., starshiy
prepodavatel'

Variant of the automatic apparatus for recording the elution
and column curves of the distribution of tagged elements in
chromatographic analysis. Izv. TSKHA no.4:224-229 '63.

(MIRA 17:1)

ZOLOTAREVSKIY, I.Ya.; SAFRYKIN, A.V.; CHBANOV, V.S.; GARNETSKOV,
V.Z.; INVUSHIN, A.P., red.; EL'KINA, E.M., tekhn. red.

[The container] Tara. Izd.2., perer. Moskva, Gostorgizdat,
1963. 229 p. (Containers)

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S/081/62/000/006/103/117 B168/B101

AUTHOR:

Garney, K.

TITLE:

Non-metallic construction materials at high temperatures

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 6, 1962, 625, abstract

6P134 (Sb. "Probl. vysokikh temperatur v aviats.

konstruktsiyakh", M., Izd-vo in. lit., 1961, 101 - 144)

TEXT: High polymers (factors reducing the strength of polymers; transparent polymers; opaque polymers), reinforced polymers (properties of fibers and flakes, polymers for reinforced plastics, fiber-reinforced polymer construction materials), polymer adhesives, ceramic materials, polymer construction and also the thermal and electrical properties of non-metallic construction materials and the use of non-metallic materials in air-craft construction are examined. 63 references. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

30

GARNICHEV, D.A.; GOLOVANOV, V.A.; KRYLOV, S.S.; KURASOV, S.I.;
OSIPOV, S.I.; PRIVALOV, V.V.; RADIONOV, N.I., inzh.,
retsenzent; SIDOROV, N.I., inzh., red.; VASIL'YEVA, N.N.,
tekhm. red.

[Electric locomotive with semiconductor rectifiers] Elektrovoz s poluprovodnikovymi vypriamiteliami. Moskva,
Transzhelderizdat, 1963. 98 p. (MIRA 17:1)

GARRICHEV, D.A.; GOLOVANOV, V.A.: ERYLOV, S.S.; KURASOV, S.I.;

OSIFOV, S.I.; HRIVALOV, V.V.; RADIONOV, N.I., inzh.,
retsenzent; SIDOROV, N.I., inzh., red.; VASIL'YEVA, N.I.,
tekhn. red.

[Electric locomotive with semiconductor rectifiers] Elektrovoz s poluprovodnikevymi vypriamiteliami. Moskvs, Transzheldorizdat, 1963. 98 p. (MIRA 16:12)

(Electric locomotives)

(Electric current rectifiers)

SUBJECT: US

USSR/Welding

135-3-10/17

AUTHORS:

Garnik I.I. Engineer, Gershovich, S.A., Engineer, and

Protsenko V.N., Engineer.

TITLE:

Electrodes "ACK-50" of type " 3.50A" for Welding Steel "HI-2".

(Elektrody A & K-50 tipa 3.50A dlya svarki stali H Λ-2).

PERIODICAL:

"Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo", 1957, # 3, p 22, (USSR).

ABSTRACT:

Type ")-50A" electrodes are used for low-alloy construction steel. In view of acute need for such electrodes, the laboratory of the author's plant has developed a new electrode coat-

for welding steel "HĴ-2".

The recipe for the coating of "CM-11" electrodes which are not applicable for welding steel "H Ω -2"(give pores, vertical and overhead welding is impossible) was used as the initial basis.

The coating for electrode type ")-50A" of grade "ACK-50", applicable for use with a.c. and d.c. (with reverse polarity) was created as a result of the latest work. The recipes of coatings "CM-11" and "ACK-50" are as specified below(in % of

weight):

Card 1/4

LE:	Electrodes "ACK-50" of type "3-50A" f (Elektrody ACK-50 tipa 3 50A dlya sw	or Walding	35-3-10/17 Steel "H <i>¶</i> -2". H <i>M</i> -2).	
		<u>M-11</u>	<u>K-50</u>	
	Marble	28.2	26.4	
	reldspar	20.3	19.2	
	Sodium silicate	_	3.8	
	Ferrosilicon	8,5	9.0	
	Ferromanganese	3.5	3.3	
	Powdered iron	32.8	31.0	
	Powdered aluminum	-	1.0	
	Titanium dioxide	3.5	3.3	
	Cellulose	1.9	1.8	
	PotashLiquid glass of 1.40 - 1.44 density,	1.3	1.2	
	the potassium liquid glass 75 %, the sodium liquid glass 25 % (of dry compound weight)	22-24	22-24	·
	The thickness of coating recommended:			
1 2/4				

135-3-10/17 TITLE: Electrodes "A(K-50" of type " > 50A" for Welding Steel "+1.0 -2". (Elektrody A(K-50 tipa)50A dlyn swarki stali HA-2). Diameter of the Diameter of the The maximum allowable rod in mm electrode in mm. difference in coating thickness, in mm 6.25-6.35 0.10 5 7.35-7.50 0.15 8.35-8.50 0.15 The resulting mechanical properties (on the average) are: in weld metal: resistance limit 50 kg/mm², relative elongation 28 %; in welded joint: resistance limit 57 kg/mm², angle of bend 180°, impact resistance 18 kg/cm2. The electrodes are burning evenly in all space positions, on direct and on alternating current; the fusion is quiet; the weld metal is finescaled the slag covers the weld uniformly and is easily removed; no splattering takes place. For final and complete tests the electrodes were sent to the welding institute im. Paton of the USSR Academy of Sciences. There it was established that the "A CK-50" electrodes are applicable for welding steel "H \mathcal{N} -2" in all positions and with direct, as well as alternating current; their mechanical properties are cor-Card 3/4

135-3-10/17

TITLE:

Electrodes "ACK-50" of type " 350A" for Welding Steel " HM-2". (Elektrody ACK-50 tipa 350A dlya svarki stali HM-2).

responding to type "3.50A" by the standard "10002523-51", destined for welding heavy duty structures of steel "HO-2".

The electrodes under consideration are widely applied, also at the plant "imeni Molotov" in Dnepropetrovsk which produces steel structures for the combined metallurgical works under construction in India, and at the plant "imeni Pravda" in Dneprodzherzhinsk for construction of corn harvesters,

The article contains 3 tables.

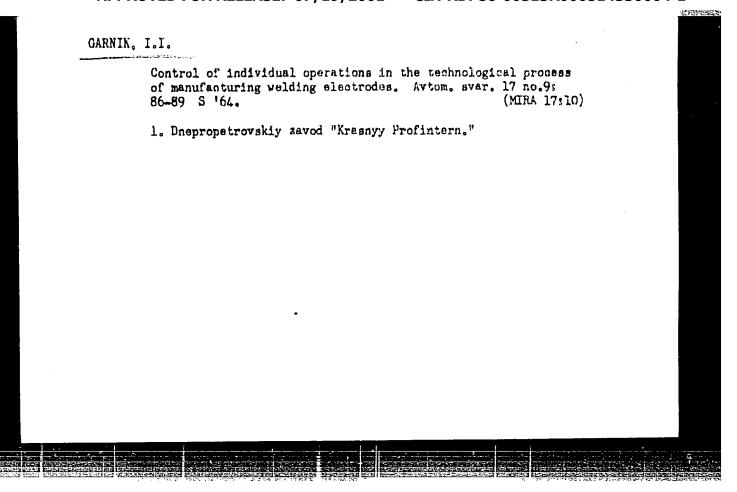
ASSOCIATION: Dnyepropetrovsk Electrode Plant.

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Card 4/4



KRUZHALOV, B.D.; SHESTUKHIN, Ye.S.; GARNISH, A.M.

Catalytic oxidation of propylene to acrolein in the presence
of selenium. Kin.i kat. 3 no.2:247-251 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:11)

l. Novokuybyshevskiy filial Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
sinteticheskogo spirta.

(Propene) (Acrolein) (Catalysts)

GARNISH, A.M.; SHAFRANSKIY, L.M.; SKVJKISOV, N.P.; ZVEZDINA, E.A.;

STEPANOVSKAYA, V.f

Catalytic oxidation of propylene to acrolein in the presence of water vapors. Kin.i kat. 3 no.2:257-260 Mr-Ap '62.

(MIRA 15:11)

1. Novokuybyshevskiy filial Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta sinteticheskogo spirta.

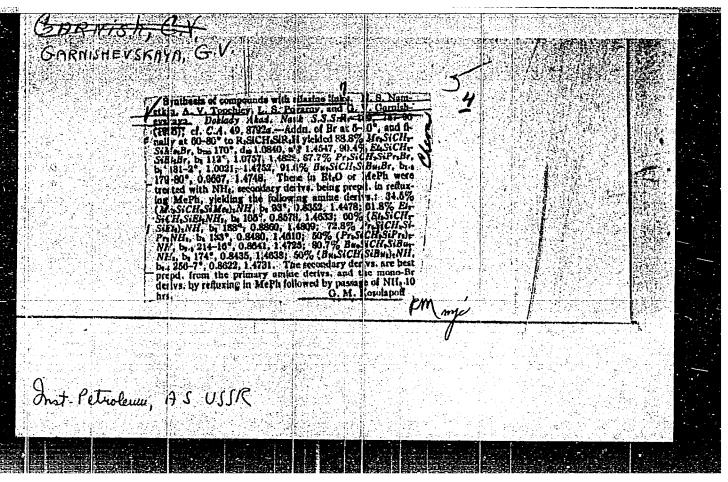
(Fropene) (Acrolein) (Water vapors)

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GARNISH, A.M.; SHAFRANSKIY, L.M.; DANILOVA, A.G.; KUZ'MINA, V.A.; Prinimali uchastiye: ZVEZDINA, E.A.; ISHCHERIKOVA, G.A.

Obtaining acrolein from a propane-propylene fraction. Nefteper. i neftekhim. no.10:26-28 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Novokuybyshevskiy filial Nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta sinteticheskikh spirtov.



GARNISH EVSKAYA, G.V

AUTHOR:

TOPCHIYEV, A.V., Member of the Academy,

20-3-32/64

KRENTSEL', B.A., TOLCHINSKIY, I.M., GARNISHEVSKAYA, G.V.

TITLE:

On the Production of Crystalline Polypropylene by the Polymerization of Propylene by Means of a Metal-Organic Catalyzer. (O poluchemii kristalicheskogo polipropilena na metalloorganicheskom katalizatore,

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 114, Nr 1, pp 113-115

(U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT:

The chemistry of polymeric compounds has recently been enriched by new methods of polymerization which make it possible to obtain stereoregular crystalline poly- of -olefines.

The papers hitherto published contain hardly any data concerning the conditions of the synthesis of the polymerization products. Experiments hitherto carried out show that in the case of polymerization under atmospheric pressure as well as at increased pressure the best results were obtained (at a temperature of nearly 50°). As may be seen from table 1, practically the same results were obtained by working with pure and technical propyles. The X-ray picture of propylen disclosed the existence of sharp characteristic rings of crystalline material. The miorophotogram did not differ

Card 1/2

On the Production of Crystalline Polypropylene by the Folymentzation of Propylene by Means of a Metal-Organic Catalyzer.

from that of NATT.

Investigation of the infrared absorption spectrum of propylene showed in the broad interval of temperatures the presence of strips (characteristic in the case of amorphous metal parts), which increase considerably by melting. (With 1 Table and 5 References).

ASSOCIATION: PRESENTED BY:

Not given

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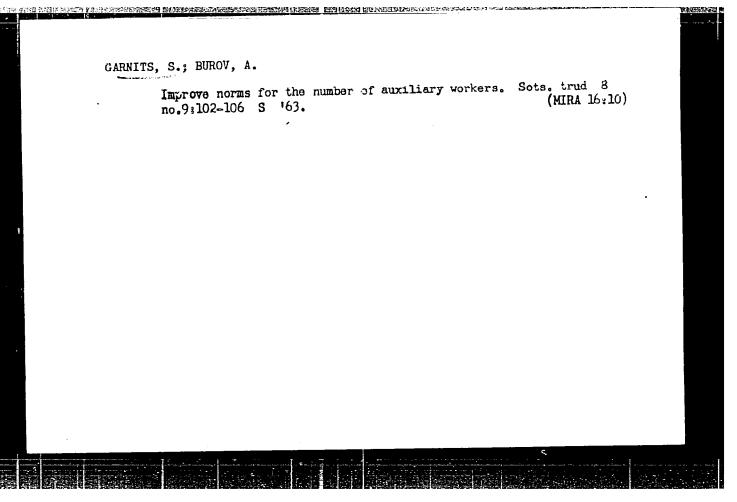
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GARNISZEWSKI, M., mgr inzh.

Still more theeses on stability. Tech gosp morska 10 no.5/6:153-154
My-Je '60.

1. Biuro Konstrukcyjne Taboru Morskiego, Gdansk.

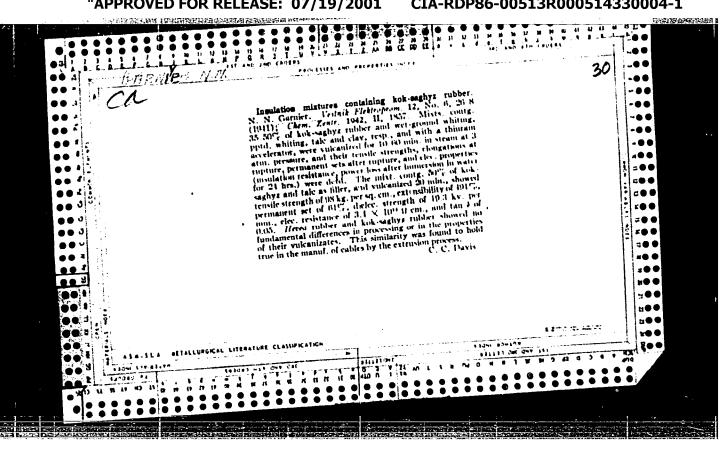
(Stability of ships)

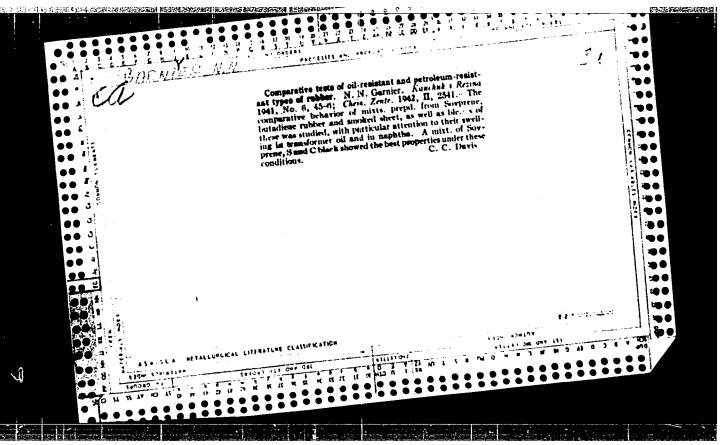


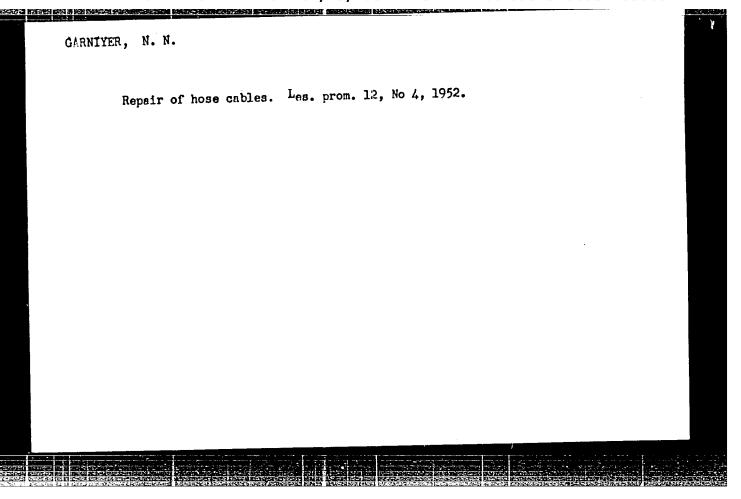
SOLOV'YEVA, V.P.; GARNITSKAYA, L.Ye.

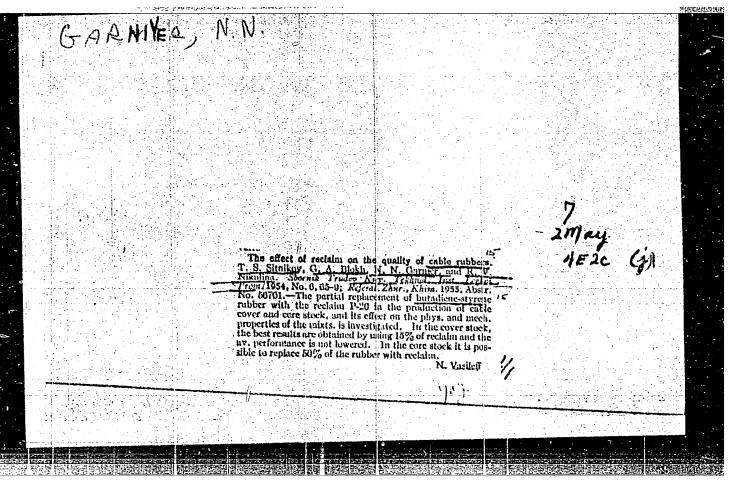
Biclogical activity of preparations from maral anthers preserved at a low temperature. Apt. dolo 13 no.1:48-53 Ja-F '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Ukrainskiy eksperimental'nyy institut glaznykh bolezney i tkanevoy terapii imeni V.P.Filatova, Odessa.









PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

965

Garniyer, N. N., and Lyubimova, T. N.

Agregaty neprerynoy vulkanizatsii; v pomoshch' kruzhkam tekhnicheskogo obucheniya (Arrangament for Continuous Vulcanization; Aid for Technical Study Groups)
Moscov, Gosenergoizdat, 1957. 104 p. 5,000 copies printed.

Ed.: Timokhina, V. I.; Tech. Ed.: Larinov, G. Ye.

PURPOSE: The book is intended for students of technical study groups and workmen and foremen in the electric cable industry.

COVERAGE: The authors briefly describe the technology of producing cables and conductors with rubber insulation which existed before the introduction of arrangements for simultaneous operations and which still exists today. They describe the technology of continuous vulcanization with the simultaneous insulation of cable cores (ANV-115) and the sheathing of cables (ANV-150). They also describe the control and operation of the equipment and control of the compressor for producing steam at a pressure of 15-20 atm. They outline safety regulations, duties of the crew, operating conditions of the ANV-115

Card 1/6

Arrangement for Continuous Vulcanization (Cont.) 965 and ANV-150 units, and discuss questions of quality control and troub shooting. The book is a result of experience gained in the Ukrakabel Elektroproved, Sevkabel, Azovkabel, and other factories. There are 6 references.	le- Soviet	
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SOV/94-58-12-8/19

AUTHORS: Garniyer, N.N., Kalitin, V.G., and Demchenko, Z.A.

TITLE: A Combined Process of Wire Drawing and Annealing on Wire Drawing Machines (Sovmeshcheniye protsessa

volocheniya i otzhiga na volochil'nykh mashinakh)

PERIODICAL: Promyshlennaya Energetika, 1958, Nr 12, pp 19-20 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Copper wire is usually annealed in coils in an oven but this has numerous disadvantages. This brief note

but this has numerous disadvantages. This brief note describes an annealing device that is fitted to the wire drawing machine so that the wire is annealed as it is drawn. The wire is heated by passage of alternating current at a voltage of 36 V, contact being made by two rollers, the lower of which is in a water bath in which the cooling takes place. During the time that it is being heated the wire passes through a tube which it leaves below water level, the atmosphere of steam in the tube keeps away air so that the copper is bright. Wire produced on this machine is of uniform quality and there

produced on this machine is of uniform quality and there is a considerable economy of electric power. This

Card 1/2

SOV/94-58-12-8/19

A Combined Process of Wire Drawing and Annealing on Wire Drawing Machines

suggestion was awarded a second prize in an All-Union Power Economy Competition. There is 1 figure.

Card 2/2

SOV/84-58-5-15/57

AUTHOR:

Garnier, N.

TITLE:

Our Experience in Accident-free Work (Nash opyt

bezavariynoy raboty)

PERIODICAL:

Grazhdanskaya aviatsiya, 1958, Nr 5, pp 16-17 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

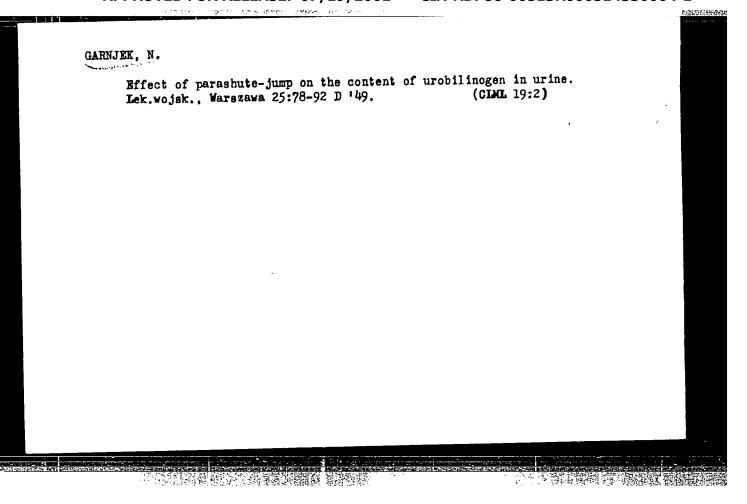
The article reports on the work of an unidentified training unit of Aeroflot, which prepares plane commanders and co-pilots. A number of instructors are named and their methods of work with students are described. Particular stress is laid on cooperation of teachers and flight instructors with the Party organization to tighten discipline and augment flight safety.

A large proportion of the plane commanders of Aeroflot is said to have graduated from this training unit.

1. Air Forces--USSR 2. Aviation accidents--Countermeasures

3. Personnel -- Training

Card 1/1



TSOIOIO, A., kand.tekhn.nauk; GARNOV, A., ingh.

Coatings for reinforced concrete ships and containers resistant to petroleum products. Rech. transp. 10 no.11:30-31 N '60.

(MIRA 13:11)

(Protective coatings)

(Ships, Concrete)

ACC NR: AP6036097 SOURCE CODE: UR/0256/66/000/011/0022/0025

AUTHOR: Garnov, V. I.

ORG: none

TITLE: Rocket-course director [Air defense training]

SOURCE: Vestnik protivovozdushnoy oborony, no. 11, 1966, 22-25

TOPIC TAGS: air defense, antiaircraft defense, attationy training

ABSTRACT: In this article it is stated that during tactical exercises in the antiaircraft forces, the controller gives special attention to the direction of antiaircraft fire at low-altitude and small-sized targets and to the detailed study of ground interference, since such interference sometimes resembles signals from targets. It is also necessary to note any disturbance from neighboring stations and the length of time antiaircraft troops can remain at their air-defense posts in gas masks.

[WS]

SUB CODE: 15,05/SUBM DATE: none/

Card 1/1

UDC: none

GARNOV, V. V. (Institute of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences of USSR)

High-Speed Stereoscopic Motion Picture Photography by means of the O P type of camera.

report submitted for the 5th International High Speed Photography Congress, Washington, D.C. 16-22 Oct., 1960.

GARWOV, V. 7. (Institute of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences of USSR)

And Dusovin, A.S.

High-Speed St reoscopic Motion Picture Photography at a Rate of UP to 1,250,000

Frames Per Second.

report submitted for: The 5th International High Speed Photography Congress,

Washington, D. C. 16-22 Oct., 1960.

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S/120/60/000/005/044/051 E192/E382

AUTHORS: Garnov. V.V. and Dubovik, A.S.

TITLE: Projection on the Screen of the Photographs of SUltrafast Photo-recording Equipment, Type COP (SFR)

PERIODICAL: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, 1960, No. 5, pp. 141 - 143

TEXT: The ultrafast photo-recording equipment, type SFR (Ref. 1), is employed in the investigation of very rapid processes. However, the resulting photographs cannot be projected directly onto a screen due to the non-standard form of the pictures (frames) and their limited number. Consequently, a special equipment was constructed at the Institute of Chemical Physics of the AS USSR which makes it possible to obtain standard films from the photographs so that these can be projected onto a screen. An example of a photograph showing the explosion of a charge is given in Fig. 1; this was taken by means of the SFR equipment. The same picture photographed on a standard film is given in Fig. 2. The "converting" device is illustrated in Fig. 3. The operation of this system is as follows. A film from Card 1/4

S/120/60/000/005/044/051 E192/E382

Projection on the Screen of the Photographs of Ultrafast Photo-recording Equipment, Type SFR

the SFR equipment 4 is illuminated by a device consisting of a lamp 1 and a condensing objective 2. The current of the lamp is controlled by a special variable resistance. The frames of the film 4 are situated in the focal plane of the objective 6 and are "reproduced" by the objective 8 in the focal plane of a projection camera, type "Rodina", where another film 11 is placed. The focusing of the optical system is achieved by displacing the objective 6 . A shutter 7 is situated between objectives 6 and 8; this permits obtaining the exposure times up to 1/250 sec. The system is fitted with a diaphragm 5. When a frame is changed a mirror shutter closes the optical channel. The image of the frames situated on the film 4 is reconstructed on the grid of the sight 13 by means of the mirror shutter 9 and can be observed visually through the eyepiece 16 . The sight with the grid permits setting of the successive pictures of the film 4 with an accuracy up to 0.01 mm. Card 2/4

S/120/60/000/005/044/051 E192/E382

Projection on the Screen of the Photographs of Ultrafast Photo-recording Equipment, Type SFR

After fixing a frame the shutter 7 is closed. The mirror shutter 9 opens the optical channel and the exposure of the frame is done by means of the shutter 7. The operation of the mirror shutter 9 is synchronised with the drive mechanism of the film 10 . A prism 15 and a photo-resistor 14 are placed in the plane of the grid 13 and these operate as an exposure meter. By means of this device it is possible to determine the necessary exposure time for achieving uniform densities for various frames of the film. The photographic resolving power of the optical system of the equipment is 50 to 40 lines/mm. The projection of the resulting film has dimensions of $1.5 \times 2 \text{ m}$ and is effected by employing a projector type KD-3 (KD-3), which gives 24 frames/sec. Since the length of the film is small, it is necessary to arrange the film into a closed circle in order to obtain continuous projection.

Card 3/4

S/120/60/000/005/044/051 E192/E382

Projection on the Screen of the Photographs of Ultrafast Photo-recording Equipment, Type SFR

There are 3 figures and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR

(Institute of Chemical Physics of the AS USSR)

SUBMITTED:

July 30, 1959

Card 4/4

23.1000

1138

89052 \$/077/6:/005/005/003/006 B019/B059

AUTHORS:

Garnov, V. V., Dubovik, A. S.

TITLE:

High-speed stereoscopic exposure and projection

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinematografii,

v. 5, no. 5, 1961, 356 - 360

TEXT: At the institute given under association, a method of high-speed stereoscopic exposure by means of an COP(SFR) apparatus was developed. This method, in which an additional stereoscopic attachment is used, was suggested by G. L. Shnirman and A. S. Dubovik. Fig. 1 shows the optical scheme of this device with the stereoscopic attachment. As was described in earlier publications, the SFR device has a two- or four-channel recording system in order to reach faster recording. Exposure is made simultaneously with both or all four ray paths, respectively (Fig. 1). 12 000 to 300 000 pictures per second can be taken with a two-channel camera, and 50 000 to 1 250 000 with a four-channel camera. Stereoscopic investigations of explosions were made by I. I. Tamm by means of such a camera. These investigations led to new knowledge concerning the departure of the Card 1/3

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s/077/61/005/005/003/006 BO19/BO59

High-speed stereoscopic exposure...

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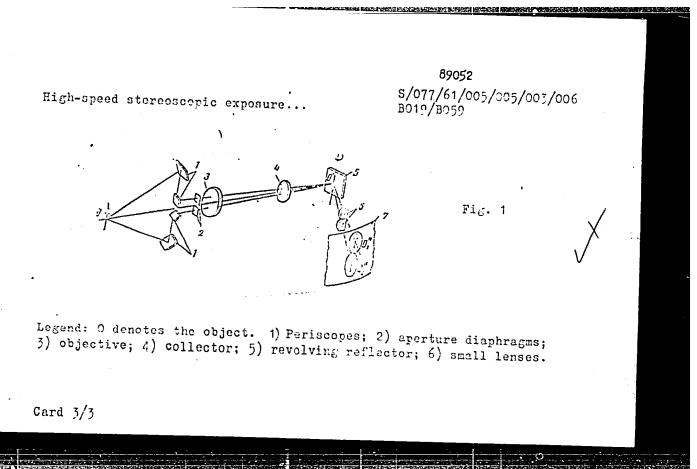
explosion products. The pictures were projected by means of two synchronous projectors with the film having been re-copied to standard size. The stereoscopic attachment was devised at the Eksperimental nyye masterskiyo IKhF AN SSSR (Experimental Works of the IKhF AS USSR) under the supervision of design engineer Ye. A. Zaytsev. The major part of the experiments was made by the laboratory assistant V. V. Shauro. There are 4 figures and 5 Soviet-bloc references.

Institut khimicheskoy fiziki Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute ASSOCIATION:

of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences USSR)

February 14, 1960 SUBMITTED:

Card 2/3



GARNOV, V. V.

"Stereoscopic Photography for Investigation Different High Speed Processes"
report presented at the 6th Intl. Cong. of High-Speed Photography,
The Hague, 17-22 Sep '62

ACCESSION NR: AP3003606

s/0077/63/008/00h/0270/0275

AUTHORS: Garnov, V. V.; Shauro, V. V.

TITLE: High speed photography of luminous processes with color film

SOURCE: Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinematografii, v. 8, no. 4, 1963, 270-275

TOPIC TAGS: photography, high speed photography, luminous process, combustion process, color film, high speed motion picture camera, thallium salts, VV explosive, VV liquid explosive, GS 50/50 liquid explosive, trotyl, ammonite, SFT-2 high speed camera, SFR-2M high speed camera, ZhFR high speed camera

ABSTRACT: The possibility of using a color film DS-2v for high-speed photography of luminous processes is discussed. The photosensitivity of a film and the magnitude of a delay necessary for achieving best results were calculated. Because the DS-2v photosensitivity was insufficient for registering the VV detonations in a broad temperature interval, a special process for developing the DS-2v films was worked out, based on the use of thallium salts. The tests of the process consisted of photographing explosions of different VVs, including trotyl, ammonite

ACCESSIGN NR: AP3003606

No. 6, TG 50/50, liquid VV, and various gas mixtures. The explosion color temperatures ranged from 2500K to 6000K. The charges varying from ten grams to several hundreds of kilograms were exploded in air and in special containers, such as gas-chambers, pipes, etc. It was established that: 1) DS-2v film can be used in the color photography of explosion processes in cameras with a speed range from 25 000 to 625 000 frames/second and at temperatures of 2500-6000K; 2) the use of thallium salts in the new procedure of film development increased the photosensitivity of the film 3-4 times. The authors consider it their duty to thank Doctor of technical sciences V. Ya. Mikhailov and Doctor of technical sciences A. S. Dubovik for the discussion of this article and for valuable remarks. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR (Institute of Chemical Physics AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 11Jun62

DATE ACQ: 02Aug63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CH, PH

NO REF SOV: 007

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

5/0077/64/009/002/0116/0121 ACCESSION NR: AP4026819 AUTHORS: Carnov, V. V.; Dubovik, A. S. TITLE: Stereoscopic filming of high-speed processes by two independently working motion picture cameras SOURCE: Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinematografii, v. 9, no. 2, 1964, 116-121 TOPIC TAGS: photography, stereoscopic photography, pulsation frequency/SN 4 stereometer ABSTRACT: The nature of the method of making stereoscopic pictures of a high-speed process by means of "pulsation frequencies" was treated both qualitatively and quantitatively. The method was cited as being more dependable than mechanical camera synchronization and less complex and less expensive than electronic means. The case of different filming frequencies for each of two cameras was studied (the special case of identical frequencies satisfies the same general relationships). The coincidence relationships developed were: 1) the time interval between stereopair formation T_{ct} is given by $T_{ct} = kt_1 = mt_1$, where t_1 and t_2 are times between films for cameras 1 and 2 respectively, and k and m are constants

f	epresenting the number of exposures per unit time for 1 and 2 respectively. The requency of stereopair formation h_{ot} is then given by $h_{cr} = \frac{1}{T_{cr}} = \frac{1}{kt_1} = \frac{h_1}{mt_2} = \frac{h_2}{m}$.	
Bo of the skill of	t pulsation points the time lag in synchronization Δt is $\frac{t_1-t_2}{2(m-k)} = \frac{T_{cr}}{2mk} = \frac{t_1}{2k} = \frac{1}{2kn_1}$. An additional relationship is presented relating filming parameters to process speed. The independence of camera parameter is emphasized by a schematic diagram. A test of the method was made by recuracies between 1/600 and 1/800 were obtained for path coordinates. Stereometer covide a supplementary stereopair system is mentioned. Satisfaction of pulsation at a film speed of 100 exposures per second must be accompanied by a filming requency accurate to 1% for good results. The authors thank N. M. Sitsinskaya for escussing the work. Orig. art. has: 12 equations and 4 figures.	
ea An	SOCIATION: Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR (Institute of Chemical Physics SSSR)	

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L 12010-66 EFA/EWT(1)/EWT(m)/T/EWA(c) IJP(c) WW/JWD ACC NR: AT6001407 SOURCE CODE: UR/3180/64/009/000/0201/0208 AUTHOR: Garnov, ORG: none TITLE: Stereoscopic photoregistration of some fast processes SOURCE: AN SSSR, Komissiya po naucimov fotografii i kinematografii. Uspekhi nauchnoy fotografii, v. 9, 1964. Vysokoskorostnaya fotografiya i kinematografiya (High-speed photography and cinematography), 201-208 TOPIC TAGS: high speed photography, stereoscopic photography, photographic equipment, projection apparatus, SFR 2M camera ABSTRACT: This article describes some studies of fast processes by means of stereoscopic photography carried out at the Institute of Chemical Physics AN SSSR (Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR). For the attainment of high quality photographs the photographic resolving power of the system must be fully utilized, especially for velocities parallel to the basis of the picture. The author also discusses the problem of synchronization in photography and automated methods for finding the stereopair for two pictures Card 1/2

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ACC NR: AT6001407

taken on separate films. The method was applied to the study of <u>detonations</u> of explosives weighing up to 200 kg. Two <u>SFR-2M cameras</u> (f_k = 70 or 210 mm) were located at the ends of a 7 — 10-m base and operated synchronously with a picture-taking frequency of 625,000 sec-1. Pictures were taken at a certain angle of convergence. The distance of the devices from the epicenter of the explosion was 50 — 100 m. The author concludes by a brief description of stereometers used for the analysis of the pictures; he recommends the <u>SM-4</u> stereometer (F. V. Drobyshev, Osnovy aerofotos yemki i fotogrammetrii. Geodezizdat, 1953) which permits an accurate determination of the paralax and automatically introduces the orientation error corrections. Orig. art. has: 12 formulas and 4 figures.

SUB CODE: 14 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 006

Card 2/2

36268-65 EWT(1)/T/EED(b)-3 IJP(c) ACCESSION NR: AP5000169 8/0286/65/000/005/0052/0052 AUTHORS: Fedin. Ye. D.; Garnov. V. V.; Lipanin, C. G. TITLE: A device for high-speed pulsed stereoscopic x-ray photographing of rapidly occurring processes. Class 21, No. 168804 SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 5, 1965, 52 TOPIC TAGS: x ray photography, stereoscopic photography, spatial perception ABSTRACT: This Autzor Certificate presents a device for the high-speed pulsed stereoscopic x-ray photographing of rapidly occurring processes. It contains pulsed x-ray tubes, pulse voltage generators, and a synchronizing device (see Fig. 1 on the Enclosure). To insure the exact timing of the radiography and the reconstruction of the three-dimensional model of the objects being studied, the pulsed x-ray tubes a e connected in pairs to a single pulse voltage generator. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. ASSOCIATION: none SUBMITTED: 14Mar63 ENCL: 01 SUB CODE: ES, OP NO REF SOV: OTHER: OOO Card 1/2

GARNOV, V.V.; FEDIN, Ye.D.

High speed stereo radiography. Zhur. nauch. 1 prikl. fot. 1 kin.
10 no.2:124-131 Mr-Ap 'e5. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut flziki Zemli imari Shmidia AN SSSR.

L 36828~66 EWT(1)/TIJP(c) ACC NR AP6016937 SOURCE CODE: UR/0077/66/011/001/0033/0038 (A)AUTHOR: Dubovik, A. S.; Garnov, V. V. ORG: Institute of Physics of the Earth im. O. Yu. Shmidt, AN SSSR (Institut fiziki Zemli AN SSSR) TITLE: State of the art and some developments in high-speed stereophotography 40 SOURCE: Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinematografii, v. 11, no. 1, 1966, 33-38 TOPIC TAGS: stereoscopic photography, high speed photography, motion picture photography, motion picture projector ABSTRACT: This paper is a report on the present state of high-speed stereophotography as well as on developing trends in this field. High-speed stereoscopic photography is conditionally divided into two classes according to base length: 1. base length less than 1 meter; 2. base length greater than 1 meter. A single camera is generally used for the first class while the second ordinarily requires two cameras. Camera synchronization in the second case is accomplished either by mechanical methods or by remote control. The Institute of Physics of the Earth AN SSSR uses an installation with two AKS-2 cameras separated by a distance of 2 meters and mounted on a rigid base. This unit may be used for photography at 100 frames per second with an exposure time of Card 1/2 778.4:778.37

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

Card 2/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000514330004-1

ACC NR: AP6016937

1/1000 second. The "beat frequency" method may be used for synchronizing cameras separated by distances too great for practical connection. In this case both cameras operate at a predetermined frequency to produce stereopairs. A base line of 20-30 m may be used in practical application of this method. The short-base system generally split-frame and full-frame units. The split-frame method uses mirrors to produce two images of the specimen being photographed on a single frame. The second method process being photographed. This type of attachment with the SFR-L camera may be used 800 mm. Polaroid equipment for projection of stereoscopic motion pictures is also

SUB CODE: 14/ SUEM DATE: O5Nov64/ ORIG REF: O11/ OTH REF: O04

5(2) AUTHORS:

Garnova, T. G., Zlotnikov, L. Ye., Moshinskaya, M. B., Paradzhanova, N. G., SOV/32-25-2-15/78

Shvartsman, V. P.

TITLE:

The Testing of Chromathermographic Gas Analyzers (Ispytaniya

khromatermograficheskikh gazoanalizatorov)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Nr 2, pp 157-159 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The operation of the thermodynamic gas analyzer KhT-2 and the universal chromathormographic setup of the KhT-3 model was tested. Both apparatus have already been described in another paper (Ref). The KhT-2 model was used to analyze the discharge of the propane column of a gas fractionating unit. It is fully automated, and it has been possible to carry out 1193 analyses in 68 days with this apparatus. The universal chromathermograph KhT-3 was used in the central laboratory of the Moscow Petroleum Processing Plant (see Ass.). Parallel determinations were carried out with the Podbil'nyak apparatus which is in general use (Tables 1,2). The investigation results are in good agreement. The advantage of the KhT-2 apparatus is, however, that the saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons up to $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{A}}$, including the butane isomers can be determined with it in

Card 1/2

The Testing of Chromathermographic Gas Analyzers

SOV/32-25-2-15/78

one operation, while the KhT-3 apparatus in addition to the saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons also permits the determination of all butane, butylene, pentane, and amylene isomers (15-20 components). In the investigations at the Moscow Petroleum Refining Plant the authors were assisted by L. P. Zhigacheva, T. V. Krasnova, I. P. Lentishchev, V. V. Naumova, A. A. Osaulenko, S. E. Simongau, A. V. Pupkov, S. Sadkov, and B. V. Alekseyev. There are 1 figure, 2 tables, and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION:

Moskovskiy neftepererabatyvayushchiy zavod (Moscow Petroleum Refining Plant)

Card 2/2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000514330004-1

SIMONOV, A.M.; GARNOVSKIY, A.D.

Amination of heterocyclic compounds containing on imidazole ring.
Zhur. ob. khim. 31 no.1:114-117 Ja '61. (MURA 14:1)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Amination) (Benzimidasole)
(Pehnanthrimidszole) (Imidazole)

GARNOVSKIY, A.D.; SIMONOV, A.M.

Some transformations of heterocyclic systems containing an imidazole ring. Part 2: Amination of N-alkyl substituted napht

(1, 2)imidazole and 6, 7, 8, 9-tetrahydronapht(1, 2)imidazole. Zhur.ob.khim. 31 nc.6:1941-1944 Je '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Naphthimidazole) (Amination)

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OSIPOV, Q.A.; SIMONOV, A.M.; MINKIN, V.I.; GARNOVSKIY, A.D.

Dipole moments of imidazole and its derivatives. Dokl.AN SSSR 137 no.6:1374-1376 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:4)

l. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet. Predstavleno akademikom M.M.Shemyakinym.

(Imidazole-Dipole monents)

MINKIN, V.I.; OS POV, O.A.; GARNOVSKIY, A.D.; SI DNOV, A.M.

Dipole moments of imidazole and its derivatives. Zhur. fiz. khim. 36 no.3:469-473 Mr '62. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Rostovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

SIMONOV, A. M.; POZHARSKIY, A. F.; GARMOVSKIY, A. D.

Results of the proceedings of the conference on five-membered nitrogen heterocycles. Zhur. VKHO 8 no.2:219-221 '63.

(MIRA 16:4)

(Heterocyclic compounds—Congresses)

(Mitrogen compounds)

5/0249/63/019/009/0021/0024

ACCESSION NR: APLO14693

AUTHORS: Osipov, O. A.; Ismailov, Kh. M.; Kashireninov, O. Ye.; Garnovskiy, A. D.;

Orlova, L. V.

TITLE: Investigation of some dialkylaminomethylphenols and aromatic sulfides (Presented by M. A. Dalin, academician of the Azerbaydzhan (AN SSR)

SOUPCE: AN AzerbSSR. Doklady*, v. 19, no. 9, 1963, 21-24

TOPIC TAGS: antioxidant, dialkylaminocathylphenol, sulfide, intramolecular bond, intermolecular bond, hydrogen bond, whole moment, magnetic susceptibility, infrared spectra

ABSTRACT: The dipole moments and magnetic susceptibility and the infrared spectra of dialkylaminomethylphenols (DAAFP) and aminomethyl derivatives of alkylphenylsulfides (ANAPS) were studied. These substances were of interest as potential antioxidants for lubricating oils, and they all contained a phenolic hydroxyl group in ortho position in respect to the dialkylaminomethyl group. The investigation centered on whether there occurred in these compounds the formation of either intramolecular or intermolecular hydrogen bonds, as

Card 1/3 7

ACCESSION NR: APLO14693

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O-H & OH & R & CH_2N(R)_2) \\
\hline
-CH_2N(R)_2 & -CH_2N - H-O - R
\end{array}$$
(VII)

To this end, dielectric conductivity measurements were conducted in benzene solutions and the dipole moments calculated, using P. A. Osipov's technique (ZhOKh. 156, t. 26). The existence of intramolecular hydrogen bonds in most of the DAAMP was confirmed, but was proved absent in the AMAPS compounds. Orig. art. has: 2 formulas and 3 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvenny*y universitet (Rostov-on-the Don State University); Institut neftekhimicheskikh protsessov (Institute of Petroleum Processes)

Card 2/37_

SIMONOV, A.M.; GARNOVSKIY, A.D.; SHEYNKER, Yu.N.; KHRISTICH, B.I.;
TROFIMOVA, S.S.

Some transformations of the systems containing an imidazole ring. Part 3: Action of bases of N-methyl-N*-(2,4-dinitrophenyl) imidazolium salts. Zhur.Ab.khim. 33 no.2:571-579 F 163.

(NIRA 16:2)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.

(Imidazolium compounds)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001 C

CIA-RDP86-00513R000514330004-1

KOGAN, V.A.; OSIPOV, O.A.; GARNOVSKIY, A.D.

Compounds of thorium tetranitrates with salicylalaniline.
Zhur. neorg. khim. 9 no.2:494 F'64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.

GARNOVSKIY, A.D.; SIMONOV, A.M.; MINKIN, V.I.; DIONIS'YEV, V.D.

Transformations of systems containing an imidazole ring. Part 4:
Electron absorption spectra of N-alkyl-N'-3,4-dinitrophenyl imidazolium salts. Zhur.ob.khim. 34 no.1:272-276 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.

L 17823-65 EPA(s)-2/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR/EWP(j)/T Pc-L/Pr-L/Ps-L/Pt-10 RPI/RAEM(a) RM/WW ACCESSION NR: AP4047650 S/0079/64/034/010/3407/3411

AUTHOR: Garnovskiy, A. D.; Osipov, O. A.; Dalgatov, D. D.; Simonov, A. M.; Minkin, V. I.

TITLE: Complex compounds of metals with certain nitrogen-containing ligands.

I. Complexes of the 2-o-hydroxyanilbenzimidazole series

SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 34, no. 10, 1964, 3407-3411

TOPIC TAGS: organometallic compound, chelate compound, benzimidazole derivative, organic complex

ABSTRACT: Two new o-hydroxyanils of 1-methyl-2-formylbenzimidazole were synthesized: 1-methylbenzimidazole-2-aldehyde-2'-hydroxyphenylimine and 1-methylbenzimidazole-2-aldehyde-(2'-acetylamino-5'-methoxy)phenylimine. The complex-forming ability of the first compound was investigated; the complexes of the second compound are to be subsequently described. Heating an alcoholic solution of the compound with the acetates or nitrates of Cu, Ni, Pb, Mn, Th or UO₂ gave brightly colored thermally stable rather insoluble crystals. Based

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on elementary analysis and IR spectra, the 1:1 complexes formed with Pb and UO2 and the 2:1 complexes formed with Ni and Th were assigned the following chelate structures:

(III) Me = Pb, $X = OCOCH_1$, NO_1 ; (IV) $Me = UO_1$, $X = OCOCH_1$.

(V) Me = Mi, X = nymo; (VI) Me = Th, $X = NO_1$.

1-methylbenzimidazole-2 derivatives containing no hydroxyl group or hydroxyl group in the p-position would not complex. The heteroatom of the imidazole ring

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ACCESSION NR: AP4047650	얼마 봤다. 얼마를 다 살아지나 나는 다	2
would not form a complex u	or chelate formation, since nder similar conditions. " 10 (Zeiss) apparatus in a pa	Spectra were obtained by
orig. art has: 10 formulae	등에 가는 것으로 하는 것이다. 경기 경우 사람들은 사람들은 것이다.	나는 문제를 보고 있다. 그리고 있다. 사람들은 기계를 보고 있는 것이 되었다.
ASSOCIATION: Rostovskiy-	-na-Dony gosudarstvenny*y	universitet (Rostovon-
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		요

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[Theoretical bases of electric wire communication] Teoreticheskie osnovy elektroprovodnoi sviasi.Meskva, Gos.isd-vo lit-ry po voprosam sviasi i radio. Fart.l. [General theory of passive linear circuits with lumped constants] Obmachaia teoriia passivnykh linear nykh tsepei s sosredotochennymi postoiannymi. 1956. 691 p.

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PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

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Garnovskiy, Nikolay Nikolayevich

Teoreticheskiye osnovy elektroprovodnoy svyazi. ch II: Teoriya tsepey s raspredelennymi postoyannymi (Theoretical Fundamentals of Wire Communications. Pt. 2: Theory of Circuits With Distributed Constants) Moscow, Svyaz'izdat, 1959. 386 p. Errata slip inserted. 6,600 copies printed.

Resp. Ed.: K. Ye. Kul'batskiy; Ed.: N.N. Luzhetskiy; Tech. Ed.: A. B. Veyntraub.

PURPOSE: The book is intended for aspirants, students of schools of higher education, and engineers and scientists concerned with problems of electrical communications.

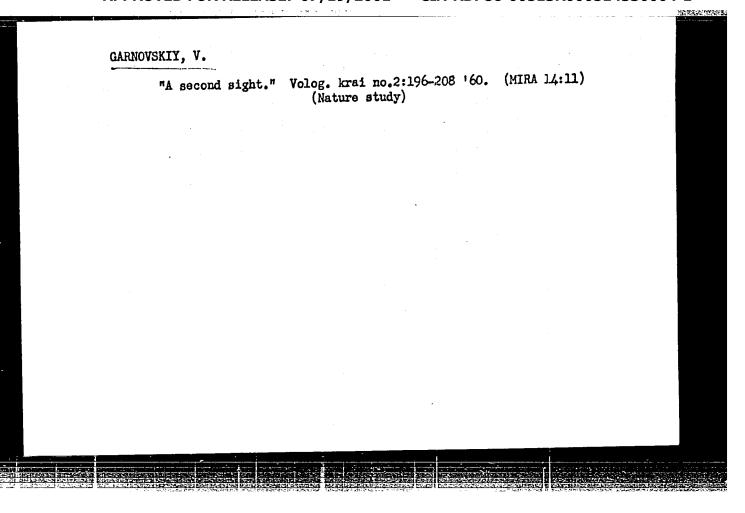
COVERAGE: The author outlines the theory of circuits with distributed constants and presents methods and examples of calculating circuits of great practical importance. The author thanks Doctor of Technical Sciences Professor I. G. Klyatskin, Doctor of Technical Sciences K.Ye. Kul'batskiy, and Candidate of Technical Sciences A. P. Udalov for their help. There are 59 references: 56 Soviet (18 of which are translations), 2 English, and 1 German.

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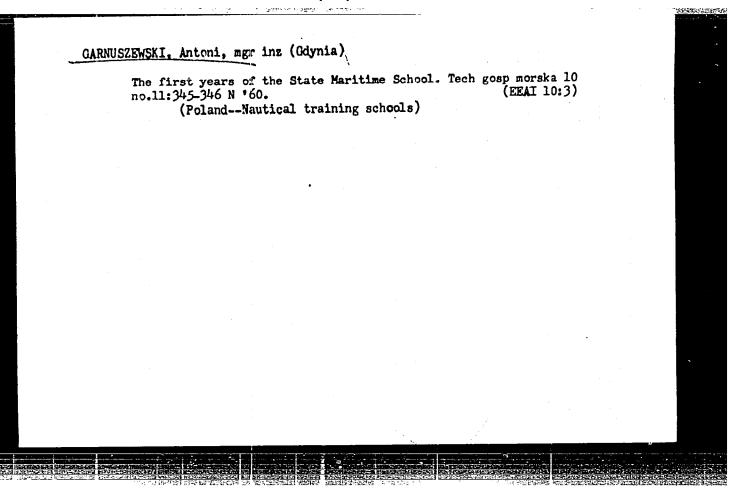
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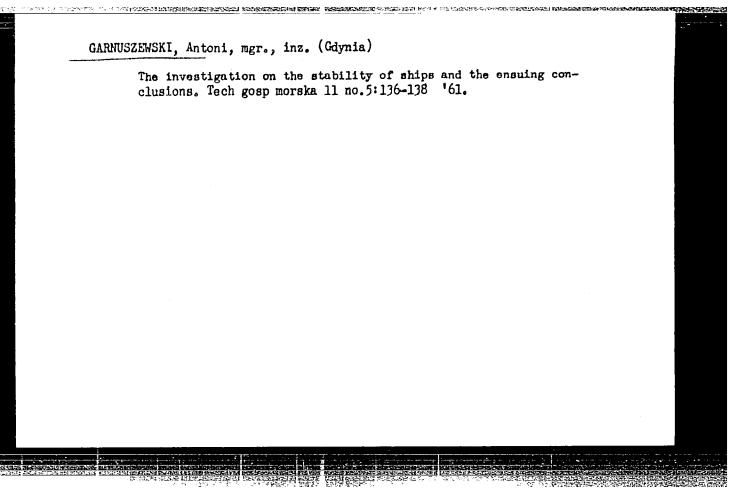
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