

CHUMAYEVSKAYA, M.A.; GORLENKO, M.V.

A new bacteriosis of carrots in the U.S.S.R. Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly:  
biol.nauki no.4:114-116 '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy nizshikh rasteniy Moskovskogo gosudar-  
stvennogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova.  
(CARROTS--DISEASES AND PESTS)  
(BACTERIA, PHYTOPATHOGENIC)

SOV/51-6-1-8/30

AUTHORS: Chumayevskiy, N.A., Tatevskiy, V.M. and Yur'yev, Yu.K.

TITLE: The Absorption and Raman Spectra of Selenophene and Its Methyl Homologues (Spektry pogloshcheniya i spektry kombinatsionnogo rassseyaniya selenofena i yego metilgologov)

PERIODICAL: Optika i Spektroskopiya, 1959, Vol 6, Nr 1. pp 45-50 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The paper reports studies of the infrared and ultraviolet absorption spectra and Raman spectra of selenophene (I), 2-methylselenophene (II), 3-methylselenophene (III), 2,3-dimethylselenophene (IV), 2,4-dimethylselenophene (V), 3,4-dimethylselenophene (VI). The Raman spectra were obtained on a Steinheil spectrograph (linear dispersion 0.1 mm/Å). The absorption spectra in the infrared were obtained using an IKS-11 spectrometer with LiF (3300-6000  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ), NaCl (660-3000  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) and KBr (400-600  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) prisms. An infrared spectrometer VIKSM-3 with a NaCl prism was also used. The ultraviolet absorption spectra were obtained in isoctane using a SF-4 spectrophotometer. Measurements of the infrared spectra, obtained using the VIKSM-3 spectrometer, and of the ultraviolet spectra were carried out at the Optics Laboratory of I.N.S.O.S. of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. Selenophene and its homologues studied in the present work

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SOV/51-6-1-8/30

## The Absorption and Raman Spectra of Selenophene and Its Methyl Homologues

had the properties given in a table on p 50. Fig 1 gives the Raman spectra of substances I, III and V (curves a, c and e respectively). Fig 2 gives the infrared absorption spectra of all the six substances studied and Fig 3 gives the corresponding ultraviolet absorption spectra. In all the substances (with the exception of VI) characteristic intense absorption bands appeared in the infrared between 1209 and 1250  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The coincidence of certain frequencies and the general similarity of the infrared absorption spectra of thiophene and selenophene and its homologues can be taken as confirmation of the plane structure of selenophene, which belongs to the  $C_{2v}$  type of symmetry. The Raman and the infrared absorption spectra of selenophene agree with the results reported by Gerding et al. (Ref 1). The spectra of selenophene homologues show characteristic frequencies due to vibrations of the substituents (table on pp 46-47). The ultraviolet absorption spectra of selenophene and its homologues obtained in the region 2200-2800  $\text{\AA}$  did not differ greatly between each other (Fig 3). The ultraviolet spectra of thiophene and its homologues behave in a similar manner. The authors

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The Absorption and Raman Spectra of Selenophene and Its Methyl Homologues

suggest that the infrared absorption and the Raman spectra of selenophene and its homologues may be used for identification of these compounds. There are 3 figures, 2 tables and 11 references, 5 of which are Soviet, 3 French, 2 English and 1 Japanese.

SUBMITTED: March 31, 1958

Card 3/3

CHUMAYEVSKIY, N. A.

5-71002 also 2109, 2209  
84-77  
S/139/60/002/009/009/019  
B004/3060

AUTHORS:

Polysyn, A. M.; Korshak, V. V.; Sokolova, M. D.;  
Kovalev, V. M.; Chumayevskiy, N. A.

TITLE:

Production and Structure Investigation of Polymers Containing  
the Silicon- and Hydrocarbon Links in the Principal Chain  
of Macromolecules. IV.

PERIODICAL:

Vysokomolekulyarnyye soedineniya, 1960, Vol. 2, No. 9,  
pp. 1960-1963

NOTE: The authors had previously studied (Refs. 1-3) the reaction of acetylene with dihydro tetraethyl disiloxane, and determined the structure of the polymers obtained on the strength of their infrared spectra. In the present article, the authors report on the reaction of acetylene with dihydro siloxanes of varying molar ratios of the reagents. The reaction yields chain-like polymers with different terminal groups. The infrared spectra were examined for the absorption bands of the C-H bond vibrations of the -Si-H terminal group (2100-1950 cm<sup>-1</sup>), of the C-C bond vibrations of the -Si-H terminal group (1625-1635 cm<sup>-1</sup>), and the

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asymmetric stretching vibrations of the -CH<sub>2</sub> terminal group (3090 cm<sup>-1</sup>). The spectra shown in Fig. 1 reveal that the reaction of acetylene with excess dihydro siloxane yields a polymerization product (I) having

-Si-H terminal groups. In the case of an acetylene excess, polymer (II) forms with -CH=CH<sub>2</sub> as terminal groups. This could also be proven chemically. The oily polymerizate (II) was heated to 150°C at 5000 atm and at atmospheric pressure with tri-n-butyl peroxide. The product obtained was insoluble in all solvents. It (II) is caused to react with tetraethyl dihydro disiloxane in the presence of H<sub>2</sub>O, the chain is prolonged, and the resulting new polymerizate has -Si-H terminal groups. Similar reactions were carried out with acetylene and the polymers (III) described in Ref. 2 (with -Si-H as terminal group), and (IV) (with -Si-CH<sub>2</sub> as terminal group). The reaction of (III) with acetylene yielded a polymerization product with -CH=CH<sub>2</sub> as terminal group; the reaction of (IV) with tetraethyl dihydro disiloxane yielded a polymerizate with -Si-H as terminal

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group (infrared spectra, Fig. 2). In both cases, the molecular weight increased, and the chain grew longer. Furthermore, diethyl-ethylene dihydro disiloxane was caused to react with acetylene. The polymerizate, a viscous mass, had the molecular weight 1670. Table 1 shows the results of the reaction of acetylene with tetraethyl- and diethyl dihydro disiloxane of the siloxane at a pressure of 15 atm. The infrared spectra (Fig. 3) of the oily products revealed both the presence of C=C bonds and of -CH<sub>2</sub> as terminal groups. Analysis of the infrared spectra of the products obtained in various directions of phenyl acetylene and diethyl acetylene with dihydro disiloxane (Table 3). With the exception of the reaction product from di-phenyl acetylene and tetraethyl dihydro disiloxane, whose structure is still unknown, the infrared spectra (Fig. 4) revealed -Si-H bands. The infrared spectra were taken with a BHKC M-5 (KBr M-5) spectrophotometer. The authors thank A. D. Felizer and I. V. Oshitskiy for interest displayed in the work. There are 4 figures, 3 tables, and 6 references: 4 Soviet, 1 US, and 1 German.

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ASSOCIATIONS:

Institut elementorfnovleniya sozdaniy AN SSSR  
(Institute of Elemental-Organic Compounds of the AS USSR),  
Institut organonovleniya sozdaniy AN SSSR  
(Institute of Organic Chemistry Level II, S. Zolotarevsky  
of the AS USSR)

SOURCE:

April 4, 1960

5(3)  
AUTHORS:

Polyakova, A. M., Chumayevskiy, N.A. S/020/60/130/05/023/061  
BQ11/B005 7

TITLE:

The Interaction of Tetraalkyldihydridedisiloxanes With  
Bifunctional Unsaturated Compounds

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1960, Vol 130, Nr 5, pp 1037-1040  
(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The purpose of this paper is an investigation of the structure of polymeric products formed by the interaction mentioned in the title (Ref 1) by means of infrared spectroscopy. Besides these spectra, spectra of the initial components were recorded (Figs 1-4). Table 1 shows the frequencies of the tetraalkyldihydridedisiloxanes, table 2 those of the dialkenes. Figure 1 shows the infrared spectra of the former, figure 2 those of the latter. Figures 3 and 4 show the infrared spectra of the interaction products. On the basis of these results, the authors draw the following conclusions as to the structure of polymers: Cyclic monomers are formed by the interaction of divinyl monomers with disiloxanes (in equimolar ratio) while diallyl monomers form linear polymers. The authors thank

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S/051/61/010/001/006/017  
E201/E491

AUTHOR:

Chumayevskiy, N.A.

TITLE:

Vibrational Spectra of Organic Compounds Containing  
Elements of Group IV (Si, Ge, Sn). I. Characteristic  
Absorption Bands in the Infrared Spectra of  
Organosilicon Compounds

PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, 1961, Vol.10, No.1, pp.69-78

TEXT: The author gives the results of a study of the infrared  
absorption spectra of a large number of organosilicon compounds,  
including alkylalkenylsilanes, dihydride-disiloxanes and  
alkylchlorosilanes. The spectra were recorded using double-beam  
spectrophotometers **ВИКС М-3** (VIKS M-3) with NaCl and LiF prisms  
and a single-beam spectrometer **ИКС-12** (IKS-12) with a KBr prism;  
the latter instrument was used also with an NaCl prism (the  
results are indicated by crosses in Fig.2). The spectrograms  
for the 700 to 2300 and 2800 to 3200  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  regions are given in  
Fig.1 to 4. Table 1 lists the valence vibrational frequencies  
of the Si-Cl bond (in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) and Table 2 gives the absorption  
frequencies of various functional groups attached to an atom of  
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S/051/61/010/001/006/017  
E201/E491

Vibrational Spectra of Organic Compounds Containing Elements of Group IV (Si, Ge, Sn). I. Characteristic Absorption Bands in The Infrared Spectra of Organosilicon Compounds

silicon. Several relationships are established on the characteristic features of the absorption bands of organosilicon compounds in the regions 2100 to 2300 and below 1300  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Acknowledgments are made to I.V.Obreimov for his advice, to V.F.Mironov and A.M.Polyakova for supply of some materials and to R.A.Isayeva and Ye.D.Vlasov for help in this work. There are 4 figures, 2 tables and 9 references: 2 Soviet and 7 non-Soviet.

SUBMITTED: March 31, 1960

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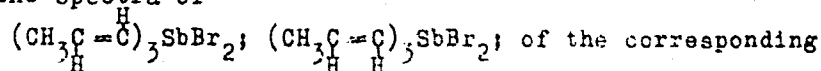
S/O20/61/136/001/027/037  
B004/B056

9.4300 (1137, 1143, 1164)

AUTHORS: Borisov, A. Ye., Novikova, N. V., and Chumayevskiy, N. A.TITLE: Infrared Absorptionspectra of Organometallic Compounds of the Ethylene Series. On Cis- and Trans-configurations of Propylene-antimony Compounds ( $\text{Sb}^{\text{III}}$  and  $\text{Sb}^{\text{V}}$ )

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1961, Vol. 136, No. 1, pp. 129-132

TEXT: The present paper is an account on investigations of the infrared absorption spectra of cis- and trans-isomeric propylene compounds with tri- and pentavalent antimony. Synthesis of these substances was described in an earlier paper (Ref. 1). Investigation was made with a БНК М-3 (VIKS M-3) spectrometer and an NaCl prism within the range of 700-1800  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and with an ИК-12 (IKS-12) spectrometer and KBr prism within 400-700  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Figs. 1-3 show the spectra of



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Infrared Absorption Spectra of Organometallic  
Compounds of the Ethylene Series. On Cis- and  
Trans-configurations of Propylene-antimony  
Compounds (Sb<sup>III</sup> and Sb<sup>V</sup>)

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S/O20/61/136/001/027/037  
B004/BQ56

X

chlorides and iodides, moreover of  $(\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}=\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}})_3\text{Sb}$ ;  $(\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}=\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}})_3\text{Sb}$ ;  
 $(\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}=\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}})_5\text{Sb}$ ;  $(\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}=\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}})_5\text{Sb}$ ;  $(\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}=\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}})_4\text{SbBr}$ ;  $\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}=\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}})_4\text{SbBr}$ ; and, for

comparison, sketches of  $\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}-\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}-\text{Br}$  and  $\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}}-\overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}-\text{Br}$  spectra. Frequencies

are listed in Table 1. All trans-configurations exhibit intense absorption at 945-970  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The frequencies of the CH-group uneven oscillations are at 971  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for tri- and pentapropenyl antimony, at 945  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for dihalogen derivatives, and at 967  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for tetrapropenyl stilbonium bromide. The trans-configurations are distinguished by bands at 718-726  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  which do not exist in the cis-configuration. The 920-940  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  absorption bands of the cis-configuration are considerably less intense than the 945-970  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  absorption bands of the trans-configuration. Only cis-tripropenyl antimony and cis-pentapropenyl antimony turned out to have bands at 970  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , but their intensity amounts to only one third of the trans-configuration

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Infrared Absorption Spectra of Organometallic  
Compounds of the Ethylene Series. On Cis- and  
Trans-configurations of Propylene-antimony  
Compounds (Sb<sup>III</sup> and Sb<sup>V</sup>)

S/020/61/136/001/027/037  
B004/B056

intensity. The same holds for propenylbromide: Intensity of the 930 cm<sup>-1</sup> band of the cis-configuration only one third of the trans-configuration band. The bands at 655-660 cm<sup>-1</sup> of the cis-configuration are 2 - 2.5 times more intense than those of the trans-configuration. Cis-configurations of the halogen derivatives and of tetrapropenyl stilboniumbromide showed intense bands at 452 cm<sup>-1</sup> which were not observed in the case of trans-configurations and cis- and trans-tri- and pentapropenyl antimony. The plane vibrations at the double bonds are more intense at 1200 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the case of trans-isomers and at 1300 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the case of cis-isomers. A. N. Nesmeyanov is mentioned in the paper. The authors thank Academician I. V. Obreimov for his interest in the investigation, and R. A. Isayeva and Ye. D. Vlasov for their collaboration. There are 3 figures, 2 tables, and 8 references: 5 Soviet, 1 US, and 2 British. X

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk  
SSSR (Institute of Elemental Organic Compounds of the  
Academy of Sciences USSR)

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Infrared Absorptionspectra of Organometallic  
Compounds of the Ethylene Series. On Cis- and  
Trans-configurations of Propylene-antimony  
Compounds (Sb<sup>III</sup> and Sb<sup>V</sup>)

S/020/61/136/001/027/037  
B004/B056

PRESENTED: July 18, 1960, by I. V. Obreimov, Academician

SUBMITTED: June 16, 1960

Legend to table 1. Frequencies of the Sb<sup>III</sup> and Sb<sup>V</sup> propenyls. 1) cis,  
2) trans, 3) boiling point, 4) melting point.

(CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH) <sub>2</sub> , Sb		(CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH) <sub>2</sub> , SbCl <sub>2</sub>		(CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH) <sub>2</sub> , SbBr <sub>2</sub>		(CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH) <sub>2</sub> , SbJ <sub>2</sub>		(CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH) <sub>2</sub> , SbBr		(CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH) <sub>2</sub> , Sb	
1) цис- т. кип.) 70°/4-5	2) транс- т. кип.) 82°/5 мм	3) цис- т. пл.) 74-75°	4) транс- т. кип.) 160- 162/4мм	5) цис- т. пл.) 85-86°	6) транс- т. кип.) 167°/4 мм	7) цис- т. пл.) 122- 123°	8) транс- т. кип.)	9) цис- т. пл.) 140- 143°	10) транс- т. пл.) 45-48°	11) цис- т. кип.)	12) транс- т. кип.)
1600	1600	1606	1607	1604	1605	1600	1598	1600	1600	1600	1600
1438	1442	1440	1440	1443	1440	1425	1437	1445	1432	1440	1437
1378	1377	1385	1376	1382	1377	1378	1375	1380	1367	1380	1375
1320	1320	1308	1306	1305	1306	1297	1302	1305	1304	1321	1308
1193	1199	1201	1191	1199	1190	1196	1185	1195	1225	1200	1190
1115	1115	—	1160	—	1105	1100	1165	1109	1185	1115	1110
—	1000	1047	1075	1045	1075	—	1065	1048	1062	—	1062
1030	1040	—	1042	—	1041	1040	1030	—	1043	1035	1040
970	971	940	957	939	951	937	945	960	967	970	971
920	933	928	—	925	—	925	—	924	945	920	938
710	720	665	724	—	722	—	718	700	726	—	722
660	655	625	667	683	655	660	660	680	663	660	662
—	610	455	620	818	620	610	615	635	625	—	600
—	—	—	—	452	—	452	—	452	—	—	—

Table 1

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BORISOV, A.Ye.; NOVIKOVA, N.V.; CHUMAYEVSKIY, N.A.

Infrared absorption spectra of organometallic compounds in the ethylene series. Cis-, trans-configuration of propylene antimony compounds (Sb<sup>III</sup> AND Sb<sup>V</sup>). Dokl.AN SSSR 136 no.1:129-132 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soedineniy AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom I.V.Obreimovym.  
(Antimony organic compounds--Spectra)

5.3760

30035  
S/020/61/141/001/021/021  
B119/B108

AUTHOR: Chumayevskiy, N. A.

TITLE: Vibrational spectra of some alkyl and alkyl-alkenyl stannanes (Sn<sup>IV</sup>)

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 141, no. 1, 1961, 168-171

TEXT: The author investigated the infrared and Raman spectra of the

following substances:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{Sn} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \quad \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{Sn} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \quad \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \end{array} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{Sn} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{Sn} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array} \quad (4)$$

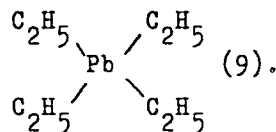
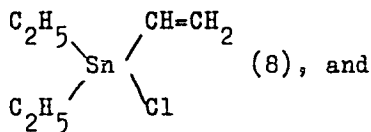
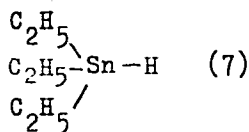
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \quad \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{Sn} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \quad \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \end{array} \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \quad \text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{Sn} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{C}_2\text{H}_5 \quad \text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \end{array} \quad (6)$$

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Vibrational spectra of some alkyl ...

30035  
S/020/61/141/001/021/021  
B119/B108



A BHKC M-3 (VIKS M-3) infrared spectrophotometer with an LiF prism was used for the spectral range of  $3000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , and one with an NaCl prism in the range of from  $700$  to  $2000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The range between  $400$  and  $700 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  was measured by means of an MKC-14 (IKS-14) infrared spectrophotometer with a KBr prism. The Raman spectra were taken by means of an WCP-15 (ISP-15) spectrograph with a ФЭП-1 (FEP-1) photoelectric recorder. Results: The Sn-H absorption band of triethyl stannane lies at  $1820 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The force constant  $K_q(\text{Sn-H})$  of the Sn-H bond in  $\text{SnH}_4$  was calculated to be  $\sim 3.8 \cdot 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2}$ . Both the scattering and the absorption bands of the Sn-CH<sub>3</sub> bond are between  $1190$  and  $1195 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , those of the Sn-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> bond between

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Vibrational spectra of some alkyl ...

30035  
S/020/61/141/001/021/021  
B119/B108

1183 and 1190  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The absorption band of the  $\text{Pb-C}_2\text{H}_5$  bond lies at 1158  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The absorption band of the  $\text{C=C}$  bond of vinyl and allyl derivatives of  $\text{Sn}^{\text{IV}}$  lies at 1580  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for (6), and at 1628  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for (4) and (5). The absorption bands of the  $-\text{CH}_2$  terminal groups are between 3045 and 3050  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for vinyl derivatives, and at 3080  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  for allyl derivatives. For (8), the absorption bands of the  $\text{Sn-C}_2\text{H}_5$  bonds in (8) lie at 526 and 495  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , that of the  $\text{Sn-CH=CH}_2$  bond at 471  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . In general, the infrared absorption bands and the Raman lines for the stretching vibrations of the  $\text{Sn-C}$  bonds lie between 450 and 530  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . I. V. Obreimov is thanked for his criticism and V. F. Mironov for supplying the substances. There are 4 figures, 1 table, and 4 references: 3 Soviet and 1 non-Soviet. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: C. W. Joung, J. S. Koehler, D. S. McKinney, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 69, 1410 (1947).

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Vibrational spectra of some alkyl ...

30035  
S/020/61/141/001/021/021  
B119/B108

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk  
SSSR (Institute of Elemental Organic Compounds of the  
Academy of Sciences USSR) X

PRESENTED: June 1, 1961, by I. V. Obreimov, Academician

SUBMITTED: May 27, 1961

Card 4/4

39005  
S/051/62/013/001/003/019  
E039/E420

247000

AUTHOR:

TITLE:

Chumayevskiy, N.A.

Characteristic frequencies in the vibrational spectra of germanium organic compounds. II

PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, v.13, no.1, 1962, 68-74

TEXT: The infrared absorption spectra and combination scattering spectra of a series of Ge organic compounds with different substitutions on the Ge atoms are investigated. Comparison is made with earlier analogous work on the silicon organic compounds. The frequency of vibration of the valency bond Ge-H is less than for Si-H. In the case of SiH<sub>4</sub>, the frequency  $\nu_{Si-H} = 2190 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , whereas for GeH<sub>4</sub>,  $\nu_{Ge-H} = 2114 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Similarly for (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>GeH,  $\nu_{Ge-H} = 2010 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  for (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiH,  $\nu_{Si-H} = 2125 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Spectra for the group Ge-ALK and Ge-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>(ALK = CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>) are also investigated. For example, infrared absorption bands for Ge-CH<sub>3</sub> and Ge-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> groups lie in the frequency 1230 to 1255  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Spectra of numerous of this group are illustrated. In the Ge-CH = CH<sub>2</sub> group the absorption band for the double bond

Characteristic frequencies ...

S/051/62/013/001/003/019  
E039/E420

is shown to lie in the region 1585 to 1590  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; in the case of the vinyl group 1585 to 1590  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and for the allyl group 1630 to 1635  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . In addition, the Ge-C bond is studied; the infrared absorption spectra and the combination scattering spectra lying in the range 500 to 650  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Finally, the  $\text{GeCl}_2$  and  $\text{GeCl}_3$  group is examined, the absorption spectra of which lie in the region of 425  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The measurements on the infrared absorption spectra were carried out in the 3000  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  region using a double beam spectrophotometer ВНКМ (VIKSM)-3 No.12, with a LiF prism ( $\Delta\nu = 6 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ); in the 700 to 2000  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  region with a double beam spectrophotometer VIKSM-3 No.11 with a NaCl prism ( $\Delta\nu$  at 1000  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  equal 10  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) and in the 400 to 700  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  region with a double beam spectrophotometer ВКС-14 (IKS-14) with a KBr prism ( $\Delta\nu = 4 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) and using cells of thickness 0.05 and 0.02 mm. The combination scattering measurements were made using a three prism spectrograph ВСП-51 (ISP-51). A series of laws are established relating the characteristic band and line spectra of the investigated compounds. There are 6 figures and 3 tables.

SUBMITTED: May 18, 1961  
Card 2/2

S/O20/62/146/005/009/011  
B107/B186AUTHORS: Mironov, V. F., Chumayevskiy, N. A.

TITLE: Some laws for the vibrational spectra of organosilicon compounds

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR.. Doklady, v. 146, no. 5, 1962, 1117-1120

TEXT: The infrared and Raman spectra of the following compounds were studied:  $Cl_n(CH_3)_{3-n}SiCH=CH_2$ ;  $Cl_n(CH_3)_{3-n}SiCH_2-CH=CH_2$ ; $(CH_3)_3Si(CH_2)_n-CH=CH_2$  ( $n=0-3$ );  $(CH_3)_3ECH_2-CH=CH_2$  ( $E = C, Si, Ge, Sn$ ).Results: (1) In the series  $Cl_n(CH_3)_{3-n}SiCH=CH_2$ , the intensity of the C=C absorption band increases up to the threefold ( $\nu_{C=C} = 1600 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) as n increases; for  $Cl_n(CH_3)_{3-n}SiCH_2-CH=CH_2$  ( $\nu_{C=C} = 1635 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) the reverse effect is true. In the Raman spectra, this effect is not so strong and does not exceed the limit of error. (2) In the series  $(CH_3)_3Si(CH_2)_nCH=CH_2$  ( $n = 0-3$ ), the allyl configuration has the strongest, and the vinyl configuration the  
Card 1/3

Some laws for the vibrational...

S/020/62/146/005/009/011  
B107/B186

weakest C=C absorption band. Further data are given in Fig. 4. The frequencies of the absorption bands and Raman lines increase with n, approaching the values for olefins with an isolated C=C bond. (3) In the series  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{ECH}_2\text{-CH=CH}_2$  (E = C, Si, Ge, Sn), the intensity of the C=C absorption band increases in the stated sequence, and the frequencies change from  $1650 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  to  $1628 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Fig. 4 shows a distinct difference between on the one hand C, and Si, Ge, and Sn, on the other. As to the known difference between C and Si regarding the presence of empty 3d-orbits, the authors assume the same for Ge and Sn. There are 4 figures and 1 table. The two most important English-language references are: L. Pauling, J. Phys. Chem., 56, 361 (1952); F. G. A. Stone, D. Seyferth, J. Inorg. and Nucl. Chem., v. 4, 112 (1955).

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh sovedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Elemental Organic Compounds of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

PRESENTED: February 10, 1962, by I. V. Obreimov, Academician

Card 2/3

S/062/62/000/011/004/021  
B101/B144

AUTHORS: Andrianov, K. A., Volkova, L. M., and Chumayevskiy, N. A.

TITLE: Vibration spectra of organic compounds containing elements of group IV (Si, Ge, Sn). Communication 7. Infrared absorption spectra of substituted amino-methyl siloxanes and stretching vibration frequencies of C-H bonds

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk, no. 11, 1962, 1958 - 1964

TEXT: The IR absorption spectra of the following compounds were studied:

$C_6H_5NHCH_2(CH_3)Si(OC_2H_5)_2$ , b.p. 130 - 132°C/5 mm Hg,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4975;

$C_6H_5NHCH_2(CH_3)_2SiOC_2H_5$ , b.p. 140 - 144°C/20 mm Hg,  $n_D^{20}$  1.5111;

$C_6H_5NHCH_2(CH_3)_2SiOSi(C_2H_5)_3$ , b.p. 109 - 109.5°C/0.5 mm Hg,  $d_4^{20}$  0.9402,

$n_D^{20}$  1.4927;  $(C_2H_5)_3SiOSi(CH_3)(CH_2NHC_6H_5)OSi(C_2H_5)_3$ , b.p. 159 - 161°C/1 mm Hg,

$d_4^{20}$  0.9514,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4819;  $(C_2H_5)_3SiOSi(CH_3)[CH_2N(C_2H_5)_2]OSi(C_2H_5)_3$ ,

Card 1/3

S/062/62/000/011/004/021  
B101/B144

Vibration spectra of organic...

b.p. 102 - 106°C/0.5 mm Hg,  $d_4^{20}$  0.8882,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4410;
$$(C_2H_5)_3SiOSi(CH_3)(CH_2N \begin{matrix} \diagup CH_2CH_2 \\ \diagdown CH_2CH_2 \end{matrix} O)OSi(C_2H_5)_3$$
, b.p. 129 - 131°C/1 mm Hg,
 $d_4^{20}$  0.9425,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4525;  $C_6H_5NHCH_2(CH_3)_2SiOSi(CH_3)_2C_6H_5$ , b.p. 123-128°C/1 mmHg,  $d_4^{20}$  1.0047,  $n_D^{20}$  1.5310;  $C_6H_5(CH_3)_2SiOSi(CH_3)(CH_2NHC_6H_5)OSi(CH_3)_2C_6H_5$ ,b.p. 187 - 196°C/1 mm Hg,  $d_4^{20}$  1.0534,  $n_D^{20}$  1.5381; $C_6H_5NHCH_2(CH_3)_2SiOSi(C_2H_5)_2OSi(CH_3)_2CH_2NHC_6H_5$ , b.p. 173 - 175°C/0.5 mm Hg, $d_4^{20}$  1.023,  $n_D^{20}$  1.5218;  $(C_2H_5)_3SiOSi(CH_3)(CH_2NHC_6H_4Cl)OSi(C_2H_5)_3$ , b.p.153 - 157°C/0.5 mm Hg,  $d_4^{20}$  1.000,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4885, and $(C_2H_5O)_2Si(CH_3)CH_2NH(CH_2)_6NH_2$ , b.p. 144 - 147°C/7 mm Hg,  $d_4^{20}$  0.9238, $n_D^{20}$  1.4450. The results confirm the conclusions drawn by N. A. Chumayevskiy(Optika i spektroskopiya, v. X, no. 1, 1961, p. 69) concerning the  
Card 2/3

Vibration spectra of organic...

S/062/62/000/011/004/021  
B101/B144

frequencies of Si-O-Si, Si-O-C, Si-CH<sub>3</sub>, Si-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, and Si-C bonds. In the present paper the frequencies of the C-H bonds in the Si-CH<sub>3</sub> and Si-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> groups were identified, using data from the earlier paper. The following interpretation of frequencies is suggested:  $\nu_s(\text{CH}_2)$  2870 - 2880 cm<sup>-1</sup>;  $\nu_{as}(\text{CH}_2)$  2925 - 2940 cm<sup>-1</sup>;  $\nu_s(\text{CH}_3)$  2900 - 2910 cm<sup>-1</sup>, and  $\nu_{as}(\text{CH}_3)$  2956 - 2970 cm<sup>-1</sup>. There are 4 figures and 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Elemental Organic Compounds of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: March 23, 1962

Card 3/3



MIRONOV, V.F.; CHUMAYEVSKIY, N.A.

Some regularities in the vibration spectra of organosilicon compounds.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 146 no.5:1117-1120 0 '62. co. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Institut Elementoorganicheskikh soedineniy AN SSSR.  
Predstavleno akademikom I.V.Obreimovym.  
(Silicon organic compounds--Spectra)

S/020/63/148/006/015/023  
B117/B186

AUTHORS: Nesmeyanov, A. N., Academician, Borisov, A. Ye., Novikova, N. V.,  
Chumayevskiy, N. A.

TITLE: Infra-red absorption spectra of stereo-isomers of propenyl-  
lithium

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 148, no. 6, 1963, 1312 - 1313

TEXT: Infra-red absorption spectra of cis- and trans-isomers of propenyl-  
lithium were studied more accurately in comparison with the results ob-  
tained ( in a 20% ether solution) earlier (DAN, 119, 712 (1958)) by the  
same authors, and with those of N. L. Allinger and R. B. Hermann (J. Org.  
Chem., 26, 1040 (1961)). In order to eliminate the misleading frequencies  
by which the ether is characterized, the spectra mentioned were taken both  
in ether solution and in paraffin oil. A comparison of the spectra taken  
in these media showed the following frequencies to be consistent:  
1625  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , 1540- $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and 1300  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  in spectra of the cis-isomer; 1635  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ,  
1550  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  in the spectrum of the trans-isomer. Hence the higher frequencies  
in the infra-red spectrum of propenyllithium of the C-C oscillations  
Card 1/2

Infra-red absorption spectra of...

S/020/63/148/006/015/023  
B117/B186

(1635  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and 1545  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) correspond to the trans-isomer, and the lower frequencies (1625  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and 1535  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) correspond to the cis-isomer. Thus, the infra-red absorption spectra gave results that were in agreement with those obtained by Allinger and Hermann. The conclusions drawn in the above paper from optical and chemical data as to the configuration of cis- and trans-isomers are still valid.

ASSOCIATION: Institut. elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR  
(Institute of Elemental Organic Compounds of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: November 26, 1962

Card 2/2

LIVSHITS, B.L.; CHUMAYEVSKIY, N.A.

Use of the method of perturbations in analyzing the vibrations of  
monodeuteromethane and the plane vibrations of ethylene. Opt. i  
spektr. 15 no.5:609-616 N '63. (MIRA 16:12)

ANDRIANOV, K.A.; VOLKOVA, L.M.; GHUMAYEVSKIY, N.A.

Vibrational spectra of organic compounds containing the elements of the IV<sup>th</sup> group (Si, Ge, Sn). Report No.7: Infrared absorption spectra of substituted aminomethylsiloxanes and the frequencies of N-H bond stretching vibrations. Izv.AN SSSR. Otd.khim.nauk no.11:1958-1964 N 162. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soedineniy AN SSSR.  
(Siloxanes--Spectra) (Hydrogen bonding)

CHUMAYEVSKIY, N.A.

Vibrational spectra of compounds containing elements of the  
carbon subgroup. Usp.khim. 32 no.9:1152-1175 S '63.

(MIRA 16:9)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soedineniy AN SSSR,  
opticheskaya laboratoriya.

(Organometallic compounds--Spectra)

NESMEYANOV, A.N., akademik; BORISOV, A.Ye.; NOVIKOVA, N.V.; CHUMAYEVSKIY, N.A.

Infrared absorption spectra of propenyllithium stereoisomers.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 148 no.6:1312-1313 F '63. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soedineniy AN SSSR.  
(Lithium compounds--Absorption spectra) (Stereochemistry)

L 42147-65 EPF(c)/EWP(j)/EWT(m)/T Pg-4/Pr-4 RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5007659

S/0020/65/160/006/1307/1310

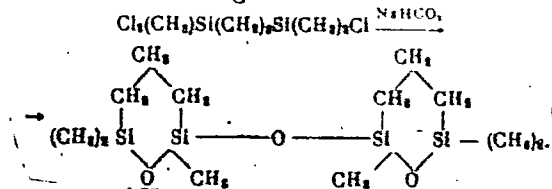
AUTHORS: Andrianov, K. A. (Academician); Delazari, N. V.; Volkova, L. M.; Chumayevskiy, N. A.

TITLE: Synthesis and spectra of trimethylalkyl-(phenyl, chlor)-1-oxa-2,6-disilacyclohexanes

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 160, no. 6, 1965, 1307-1310

TOPIC TAGS: cyclohexane, IR absorption spectrum, spectrophotometer/ VIKS M 3 spectrophotometer, IKS 14 spectrophotometer

ABSTRACT: The authors have produced new trimethylalkyl-(phenyl, chlor)-1-oxa-2,6-disilacyclohexanes, with a yield of 60-80%, during hydrolysis of bis(alkylchlorosilyl)propanes by an aqueous solution of caustic potash. On heating an ether solution of 1-dimethylchlorosilyl-3-methyldichlorosilyl propane with bicarbonate of soda, a bicyclic compound was obtained according to



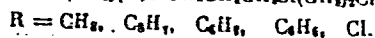
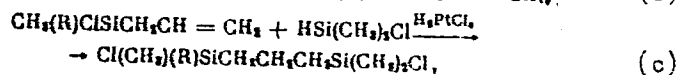
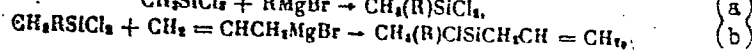
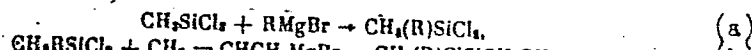
Card 1/6 2



L 42147-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5007659

Bis-(alkylchlorosilyl) propanes were obtained according to reactions (a), (b), and (c)



The properties of the newly synthesized substances are given in a table. The IR spectra were obtained and compared with other compounds. These spectra were studied on two spectrophotometers: a VIKS M-3 with an NaCl prism (700-1500  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) and an IKS-14 with a KBr prism (400-700  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ). The spectra are illustrated in Fig. 1 on the enclosure. Orig. art. has: 1 table and 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh sovedineniy, Akademii nauk SSSR  
(Institute of Hetero-Organic Compounds, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 26Oct64

ENCL: 01

SUB CODES: OC, OP

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 007

Card 2/3

L 33264-66 EWP(j)/EWT(m) RM

ACC NRI: AR0016189

SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/65/000/011/1024/1024

AUTHOR: Chumayevskiy, N. A.

TITLE: Concerning certain regularities in the vibrational spectra of organic compounds of elements of groups IV-B and V-B

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 11D177

REF SOURCE: Tr. Komis. po spektroskopii. AN SSSR, t. 3, vyp. 1, 1964, 84-91

TOPIC TAGS: conjugate bond system, spectrum analysis, vinyl compound, vibration spectrum, nuclear shell model

ABSTRACT: The author investigated regularities in the vibrational spectra of organic compounds containing IV-B elements (Si, Ge, Sn) and V-B elements (P, As, Sb). Several common features manifest in the closeness of the oscillation frequencies of the fragments of the investigated compounds, and particularly of C=C oscillations, are established. It is deduced that the C=C bond in the organo-elemental vinyl derivatives of elements of the IV-B and V-B groups differs from the S=C bond in olefins. The fact that many properties of the vibrational spectra of compounds of elements of the IV-B and V-B groups are common is due to the structure of the outer layers of the electron shells of these elements. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 20, 07/

Card 1/1 *slj*

CHUMAYEVSKIY, N.A.; BORISOV, A.Ye.

Cis- and trans-configurations of propenyl compounds of As<sup>IV</sup>, Hg<sup>IV</sup>,  
and Sn<sup>IV</sup>. Dokl. AN SSSR 161 no.2:366-369 Mr '65.

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR. Submitted (MIRA 18:4)  
September 14, 1964.

GREYNER, Gans Rolandovich; IL'YASHENKO, Vladimir Pavlovich;  
PERVUSHIN, Nikolay Nikolayevich; CHUMAYEVSKIY, Viktor  
Alekseyevich; GEYNIKH, G.K., kand.tekhn.nauk,  
retsenzent; SEKUNOVA, O.N., nauchn.red.; SINITSIN,  
A.I., nauchn.red.; VASIL'YEVA, N.N., red.; FRUMKIN, P.S.,  
tekhn. red.

[Automatic control of air pump compressor plants] Avtomati-  
zatsiya vozdukhnykh porshnevnykh kompressornykh ustanovok.  
Moskva, Sudpromgiz, 1963. 147 p. (MIRA 16:8)  
(Air compressors) (Automatic control)



CRIMINALS, I. K.

CHUMBALOV-T.K.

Carbohydrates of *Ephedra intermedia* and *Ephedra equisetina*. K. V. Taraskina, T. K. Chumbalov, and K. A. Vinogradova. *Vestnik Akad. Nauk Kazakh. S.S.R.* 12, No. 4, 89-93 (1968) (in Russian).—The *E. intermedia* and *E. equisetina* contain, resp., 1.07 and 1.3% monosaccharides, 0.23 and 0.27% dextrin, inulin and glutenous substances, 0.45 and 0.67% starch, 5.13 and 2.99% pectins, and 1.19 and 1.59% cellulose which is sol. in 80% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Both contain some free glucose. G. M. Kosolapoff

low

3

TARASKINA, K.V.; CHUMBALOV, T.K.

Hepedine from Tien Shan deck (*Rumex tianschanicus* A. Les) and horse  
deck (*Rumex confertus* Willd). Vest. AN Kazakh. SSR 12 no. 7: 107-111 J1  
156. (MIRA 9:9)

1. Predstavlena akademikom AN KazSSR M. I. Geryayevym.  
(Dyes and dyeing) (*Rumex*)



CHUMBALOV, T.K.; KIL', T.A.

Chemical composition of the "kermek" (*Statice Gmelini Willd*)  
tanning root. Part 1: Flavone dyes. *Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; khim.i*  
*khim.tekh.* 5 no.1:150-154 '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Kirova, kafedra  
organicheskoy khimii.

(Flavones)

CHUMBALOV, T.K.; KIL', T.A.

Chemical composition of the *Statice gmelini* Willd tanning root.  
Part 2: Leucoanthocyanidins. *Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;khim.i khim.tekh.*  
5 no.2:318-321 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Kirova,  
kafedra organicheskiy khimii.  
(Tanning materials) (Leucoanthocyanidins)

CHUMBALOV, T.K.; PASHININA, L.T.

Study of the catechins of the mountain rhubarb. *Biokhimiia* 27  
no.4:651-655 J1-Ag '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. The Kasakh State University, Alma-Ata.  
(RHUBARB) (CATECHOL)

TARASKINA, K.V.; CHUMBALOV, T.K.

Anthraquinone dyes of Tatar rhubarb (*Rheum Tataricum* L.Fil).  
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;khim. i khim.tekh. 6 no.2:305-309 '63.  
(MIRA 16:9)

1. Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Kirova, kafedra  
organicheskoy khimii.

(Kazakhstan--Rhubarb)

CHUMBALOV, T.K.; MURZYCHKINA, R.A.

Transformations of natural anthraquinone dyeing substances,  
Report No.1. Nitrogen-containing derivatives of chrysophanic  
acid. Khim. prirod. soed. no.5:360-363 '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

1. Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni S.M. Kirova.  
Submitted February 10, 1965.

TEGISBAYEV, Ye.T.; CHUMBALOV, T.K.; ABUBAKIROV, N.K.

Triterpene glycoside silenoside from the roots of bladder  
campion. Rast. res. 1 no.1:102-106 '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Alma-Atinskiy gosudarstvennyy meditsinskiy institut; Alma-  
Atinskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. S.M. Kirova i Institut  
khimii rastitel'nykh veshchestv AN UzSSR, Tashkent.

L 16469-66 EWT(m)/EWP(t) IJP(c) JD/DM  
ACC NR: AP6005533 SOURCE CODE: UR/0089/66/020/001/0054/0055

AUTHOR: Zeynalov, E. I.; Obaturov, G. M.; Shalin, V. A.; Chumbarov, Yu. K. 41.

ORG: none B

TITLE: Using indium in neutron film badges 19.56

SOURCE: <sup>27</sup>Atomnaya energiya, v. 20, no. 1, 1966, 54-55

TOPIC TAGS: radiation dosimeter, neutron radiation, gamma radiation, indium

ABSTRACT: The authors describe the IFKNG film badge with an indium intensifier shield designed for thermal and intermediate neutrons and  $\gamma$ -radiation. A table is given comparing the theoretical and experimental values for the relative effect of thermal and intermediate neutrons on these badges. It is found that the IFKNG badge may be used with RM-5-4 x-ray film for simple and accurate measurement of thermal neutron doses from 0.005 rem, intermediate neutron doses from 0.03 rem and  $\gamma$ -radiation doses from 0.015 r in mixed fields of neutron and  $\gamma$ -radiation from nuclear reactors. Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 1 table, 1 formula.

SUB CODE: 18/ SUBM DATE: 10Sep65/ ORIG REF: 000/ OTH REF: 000

UDC: 539.107.37 2

CHUMBAROVA, A.A.

BOBROV, A.R.; SIBIRYAKOV, A.A.; AKATNOV, I.N.; BIL'DE, A.E.; KOZIN, A.I.,  
GROSMAN, I.S.; BASKAKOV, A.I.; YATSYSHIN, A.M.; TRUNOV, A.F.;  
KUTUZOV, N.L.; VICHIK, Ya.B.; CHUMBAROVA, A.A.; PRYAKHIN, R.I.;  
ZINOV'YEV, N.I.; MIKHAYLOVA, S.P.

Georgii Alekseevich Uarov. Muk.-elev.prom. 21 no.1:31 Ja '55.  
(Uarov, Georgii Alekseevich, 1898-1954) (MIRA 8:5)



YAKHONTOV, L.N.; BELOVA, O.I.; CHUMBURIDZE, B.I.

Fifth Congress of the Pharmaceutical Society of the German  
Democratic Republic. Aptech. delo 12 no. 3878-81 . My-Je'63  
(MIRA 1782)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Determination of oxymethylantracene in subject  
in the ...

MSHVIDOBADZE, A.Ye.; CHUMBURIDZE, B.I.; SARDZHVELADZE, O.V.

Fluorescence chromatographic analysis of synthetic antimalarial preparations. Aptech. delo 12 no.3:36-39 My-Je'63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. Kafedra farmatsevticheskoy khimii Tbilisskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

ABADZHIAN, K.A., inzh.; CHUMBURIDZE, G.K., inzh.

Use of a concrete pump in the construction of tunnels under water.  
Energ. stroi. no.20:103-105 '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Tbilisskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sooruzheniy i  
gidroenergetiki imeni A.V Vintera.  
(Concrete construction) (Tunnel lining)

TOKAGHIROV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; CHUMBURIDZE, G.K., inzh.

Comparison of Soviet and foreign methods of calculating the  
linings of pressure tunnels for internal pressure. Gidr. stroi.  
32 no.2:41-44 F '62. (MIRA 15:7)  
(Tunnel lining)

CHUMBURIDZE, I. P.

PA 50712

USSR/Electricity  
Power Plants, Electric  
Circuit Breakers

Dec 1947

"Dual Automatic Repeater-Type Break-In at the Armen-  
Energo," Docent I. P. Chumburidze,  $\frac{1}{2}$  p

"Elektricheskiye Stantsii" No 12

Many articles have described the circuit hookups for  
method of multiple automatic repeater-type break-in  
systems. All have been very complex, however, re-  
quiring complex system of relays. Author describes  
simple dual automatic repeater-type break-in system  
requiring minimum of relays. States that same system

IC

50712

USSR/Electricity (Contd)

Dec 1947

can be adopted for multiple ARB. States that system  
has been in effect for 8 $\frac{1}{2}$  years at ArmenEnergo, and  
has had to operate 270 times. No errors evidenced  
during periods of operation.

IC

50712

CHUMBURIDZE, I. P.

Subject : USSR/Electricity AID P - 1296  
Card 1/1 Pub. 27 - 20/30  
Author : Chumburidze, I. P.  
Title : N. N. Krachkovskiy's article: "Interconnection diagrams of hydroelectric power stations" (Elektrichestvo, #11, 1953) (Discussion)  
Periodical : Elektrichestvo, 1, 75-76, Ja 1955  
Abstract : The author critically discusses at length the above article and points to certain incorrect statements concerning, in particular, nonsymmetrical diagrams. He points out some different solutions for diagrams of the stations' own needs. One diagram.  
Institution : ARMENENERGO  
Submitted : No date

CHUMBURIDZE, I.P., dotsent.

~~Transcaucasian conference of readers of "Elektrichestvo."~~ Elek-  
trichestvo no.2:90-91 F '56. (MLRA 9:5)  
(Electric engineering--Periodicals)



CHUMBURIDZE, I.P.

Conference of readers of "Elektricheskie stantsii" held in Erivan.  
Elek.sta. 28 no.1:94 Ja '57. (MIRA 10:3)  
(Erivan--Power engineering--Congresses)

~~CHUMBURIDZE, I. P.~~

"Main Electrical Connection Systems for Hydroelectric Power Plants  
and Substations." *p 44*

in book - New Developments in the Design of Electric Equipment for Hydroelectric  
Power Plants, 1957. 222 p. Moscow-Leningrad, Gosenergoizdat.  
(Data of the Conference on Design and Operation, Moscow, 16-24 May 1956.)

8(6), 14(6)

SOV/112-59-2-2746

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotehnika, 1959, Nr 2, p 65 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Chumburidze, I. P.

TITLE: Main Schemes of Electrical Connections of a Hydroelectric Generating Station and Substation (Glavnyye skhemy elektricheskikh soyedineniy gidroelektrostantsii i podstantsii)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Novoye v proyektir. elektr. chasti gidroelektrost. M.-L., Gosenergoizdat, 1957, pp 44-49

ABSTRACT: There is no single opinion in selection of the main scheme of electrical connections for a hydroelectric station and substation. Usually, two types of schemes are compared: the ring-bus scheme and the straight-bus scheme. In addition to reliability and economy, the main schemes must provide for flexibility and convenience in operation. Bus-failure causes are analyzed on the basis of published data and operating experience, and the conclusion drawn that nearly all possible causes of bus outage can be eliminated by using modern

Card 1/2

SOV/112-59-2-2746

Main Schemes of Electrical Connections of a Hydroelectric Generating Station . . . .

high-quality equipment and highly qualified service personnel. The article proves that the buses are one of the most reliable elements of the switchgear. In connection with a limited number of service personnel, automation and telemechanical devices should be used; they require strict scheme clarity and flexibility. A detailed survey of various double-bus schemes is made, ranging from the usual double-bus single-breaker scheme up to sectionalized-bus transfer-type schemes that ensure reliability, flexibility, and structural simplicity of the switchgear. A brief characterization of every scheme is given. The conclusion is offered that with 4 feeders or less, the ring-bus scheme and the "bridge"-type scheme are expedient for hydroelectric generating stations and substations; with more than 4 feeders, double-bus schemes; for important plants, more flexible sectionalized-bus schemes. The simplest schemes with a minimum number of breakers or with no breakers, or schemes with a minimum number of interconnections are not considered.

S.S.L.

Card 2/2

CHUMBURIDZE, I.P., dotsent; BELOUSOV, M.M., kand. tekhn. nauk

Discussion of I.A. Syromiatnikov's article "Principal trends in carrying out complete electrification." Elektrichestvo no.2:87-90 F '61.

(MIRA 14:3)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-tekhnicheskiy komitet Soveta Ministrov Gruzinskoy SSR.

(Electrification)  
(Syromiatnikov, I.A.)

CHUMBURIDZE, I.P. (Tbilisi); VAYNSHTEYN, B.Z. (Tbilisi)

Voltage unification in the circuit control of the rolling stock. Zhel.-  
dor.transp. 45 no.12:53-54 D '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Direktor Tbilisskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo elektrotekhnicheskogo  
instituta (for Chumburidze). 2. Rukovoditel' laboratorii Tbilisskogo nauch-  
no-issledovatel'skogo elektrotekhnicheskogo instituta (for Vaynshteyn).

CHUMBURIDZE, I. T.

CHUMBURIDZE, I. T. -- "The Problem of Cortical Mechanisms of Disorders to Certain Heart Functions." Published by the Acad Sci Georgian SSR. Acad Sci Georgian SSR. Tbilisi State Medical Inst. Tbilisi, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate of Medical Sciences.)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No 5, Moscow, Feb 1956

~~CHUMBURIDZE, I.T.~~

USSR/Medicine - Cardiology

FD-2794

Card 1/1                    Pub 154-15/19

Author                    : Chumburidze, I. T.

Title                     : ~~On the cortical mechanisms of the disturbance of certain functions of the heart~~  
: On the cortical mechanisms of the disturbance of certain functions of the heart

Periodical                : Zhur. vys. nerv. deyat. 5, 281-287, Mar-Apr 1955

Abstract                 : Investigated the role of a disturbance in higher nervous activity in producing certain forms of functional pathology of the heart. Administered carbocholine to five dogs and studied the effect on the cardiovascular system. Graphs; electrocardiograms. Twenty-one references, all USSR (15 since 1940).

Institution               : Experimental Department of the Institute of Clinical and Experimental Cardiology of the Academy of Sciences of the Georgian SSR

Submitted                : September 13, 1954



CHUMBURIDZE, I.T.

Effect of a disturbance of the cortical mechanisms on coronary circulation and conductivity of the heart. Soob. AN Gruz.SSR 16 no.5:375-382 '55. (MLRA 9:2)

1.Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR, Institut klinicheskoy i eksperimental'noy kardiologii, Tbilisi. Predstavleno deystvitel'nyy chlenom Akademii N.D.TSinamsgrishvili.

(Heart) (Nervous system, Parasympathetic)

KIPSHIDZE, N.N.; CHUMBURIDZE, I.T.; TVILDIANI, D.D.; DUMBADZE, Z.G.

Use of Likent's test in coronary insufficiency. Terap.arkh.  
no.6:97-102 '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta eksperimental'noy i  
klinicheskoy terapii (dir. - dotsent N.N. Kipishidze) Ministerstva  
zdravookhraneniya SSR.  
(CORONARY HEART DISEASE) (ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY)

KIPSHIDZE, N.N.; CHUMBURIDZE, I.T.; TVILDIANI, D.D.; DUMBEDZE, Z.G.

Changes in the duration of individual phases of mechanical systole of the left ventricle and pulse wave spread rate in arteries of elastic and muscular type in hypertension. Kardiologia 3 no.3:27-33 My-Je'63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy terapii (dir. - dotsent N.N.Kipshidze) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya Gruzinskoy SSR.  
(HYPERTENSION) (PULSE)  
(HEART BEAT)

TSINTSADZE, K.I.; ELIOZISHVILI, V.K.; CHUMBURIDZE, I.T.

Effect of chronic irritation of the gallbladder on the  
electrocardiographic indices of a dog and a rabbit. Trudy  
Inst. klin. i eksper. kard. AN Gruz. SSR 7 no.2:7-23 '61.  
(MIRA 17:1)

GVANTSELADZE, Valentina Sergeyevna; MIKHARADZE, Shalva Kuz'mich;  
CHUMBURIDZE, Irakliy Teymuravovich

[Congenital heart defects; clinical aspects, diagnosis  
and surgical treatment] Vrozhdennye poroki serdtsa; kli-  
nika, diagnostika i khirurgicheskoe lechenie. Tbilisi,  
Izd-vo AN Gruz.SSR, 1963. 114 p. [in Georgian]

(MIRA 17:5)

MAKHARADZE, Sh.K.; KUTATELADZE, N.M.; CHUMBUKIDZE, I.S.; KARSANIDZE, A.I.

Experimental coronary angiography. Trudy Inst. klin. i eks per.  
kard. AN Gruz. SSR 8:559-563 '63. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Institut kardiologii AN GruzSSR, Tbilisi.

CHUMOURIDZE, O. G.

22723 Chumouridze, O.G. K Voprosu Kriptogennogo Peritonita-V Ogl: I.  
Chumouridze. Trudy (Toilis. Gos. Med. In-T), T. V, 1948, S. 351-357. -Na  
Grud. Yaz. - Rezyume Na Rus. Yaz

So: Letopis', No. 30, 1949

CHUMBURIDZE, O.G.

External secretory function of the pancreas in experimental gastric ulcer. Trudy Inst. fiziol. 3:132-140 '54. (MLRA 8:2)

1. Laboratoriya kortiko-vistseral'noy patologii. Zaveduyushchiy I.T.Kurtsin.

(PEPTIC ULCER, experimental,  
pancreatic secretion)

(PANCREAS, in various diseases,  
exper. peptic ulcer, secretory changes)



CHUMBURIDZE, O.G.

New experimental model of stomach ulcers of corticovisceral origin and the dynamics of change in the gallbladder motility caused by them. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 32 no.3:679-686 D '63.

(MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy khirurgii i gematologii, Tbilisi. Predstavleno akademikom K.D. Eristavi.

SHVALEV, V.N.; CHUMBURIDZE, O.G.; ANDREYEVA, V.A.; VOLOSKOVA, V.Ye.;  
KURTSIN, I.T.

Changes in the nervous apparatus of the stomach in experimental  
peptic ulcer. Dokl.AN SSSR 149 no.3:703-706 Mr '63.

(MIRA 16:4)

1. Institut fiziologii im. I.P.Pavlova AN SSSR. Predstavleno  
akademikom V.N.Chernigovskim.

(PEPTIC ULCER)

(STOMACK--INNVERVATI<sup>Q</sup>N)

Country : USSR  
Category : Farm Animals. Q-2  
Cattle.  
Abs. Jour : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 16, 1958, 74061  
Author : Vardosanidze, D. G.; Chumburidze, S. I.  
Institut. : Georgia Zootechnical Veterinary Institute.  
Title : Biochemical Blood Indicators in Female Milch  
Buffaloes Kept in Stall-Pasture Conditions.  
Orig Pub. : Materialy 12-y Nauchn. konfarentsii, posvyash-  
chen. 25-letiyu Gruz. Zootekhn.-vet. inta.\*  
Abstract : The blood of milch female buffaloes which were  
kept in stall-pasture conditions contained (in  
percent): 7.32 of general protein, 4.45 of al-  
bumin, 2.56 of globulin, and 0.31 of fibrino-  
gen. For female buffaloes kept in pasture con-  
ditions the corresponding figures were 6.12;  
3.65; 2.23 and 0.26.  
Card: 1/1  
\*Tbilisi, 1957, 43-44

TSITSISHVILI, G.V., akademik; ANDRONIKASHVILI, T.A.; CHUMBURIDZE, T.A.;  
KORIDZE, Z.I.

Chromatographic separation of a mixture of hydrocarbon gases  
C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>4</sub> on X-type zeolites with a different content of calcium  
cations. Dokl. AN SSSR 156 no. 4:932-934 Je '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut khimii im. P.G.Melinishvili AN GruzSSR. 2. AN Gruz  
SSR (for TSitsishvili).

TSTISHVILI, G.V., akademik; ANDRONIKASHVILI, T.G.; CHUMBURIDZE, T.A.

Chromatographic properties of magnesium-containing type zeolites.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 164 no.5:1104-1106 C '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Institut fizicheskoy i organicheskoy khimii im. P.S.Palikishvili  
AN GruzSSR. 2. AN GruzSSR (for Tstishvili).

TSITSISHVILI, G.V., akademik; ANDRONIKASHVILI, T.G.; CHUMBURIDZE, T.A.

Gas chromatographic properties of barium-containing type-X  
zeolites. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 38 no.1:63-68 Ap '65.  
(MIRA 18:12)

1. Institut fizicheskoy i organicheskoy khimii imeni  
Melikishvili, AN GruzSSR. 2. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy  
SSR (for TSitsishvili). Submitted Dec. 11, 1964.

KIPSHIDZE, N. N.; CHUMBURIDZE, T. I.; TKESHELASHVILI, L. K.; TVILDIANI, D.D.;  
TORDIYA, M. V.; DUMBADZE, Z. G.; SALUKVADZE, N. S.; DIDEBASHVILI, A. A.;  
GAVAKHISHVILI, N. N.

Studies on Cardiovascular System, some Biochemical, Hematologic and  
Haemostatic Blood Indications in Old Age. Clinical Cardiology

Gerontology, 6th International Congress, Copenhagen, Denmark  
11-16 August 1963

CHUMENKOV, P.F., insh.

Experimental operation of the UTV-450 gas turbine injector  
on sliding bearings. Energomashinostroenie 7 no.9:36-37 S  
'61. (MIRA 14:9)

(Gas turbines--Design)



PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 955

Pisarevskaya, Klara Isidorovna; Chumichev, Aleksey Grigor'yevich; and Berezovskiy, Semen Mikhaylovich, Deceased

Ekspluatatsiya oborudovaniya dlya razdelki metallichesкого loma  
(Operation of Equipment Used for the Preparation of Scrap Metal)  
Moscow, Metallurgizdat, 1958. 251 p. 3,000 copies printed.

Ed.: Gurvits, A.I.; Ed. of Publishing House: Lanovskaya, M.R.;  
Tech. Ed.: Bekker, O.G.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for skilled workers, engineers, and technicians employed at scrap-preparation depots, scrap drops, and scrap shops, as well as at plants reprocessing secondary ferrous metals. The book may also be useful to students at metallurgical tekhnicums.

COVERAGE: Descriptions are given of equipment for processing iron and steel scrap, together with instructions for the operation and maintenance of the equipment, performance data, and information on

Card 1/10

Operation of Equipment (Cont.) 955

technological processes. In addition, systems of organizing scrap-preparation operations are described. The authors express their thanks to P.V. Matveyev, Engineer, for his assistance in preparing the book. There are 8 references, all Soviet.

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GO/whl  
12-17-58

Card 10/10

SOV/130-58-6-7/20

AUTHORS: Ful'makht, V.V., Kan, Ye.M. and Chumichev, A.G., Engineers

TITLE: The Largest Installation in the World for the Continuous Casting of Steel (Samaya krupnaya v mire ustanovka nepreryvnoy razlivki stali)

PERIODICAL: Metallurg, 1958, Nr 6, pp 15 - 17 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors describe a four-machine, continuous-casting installation designed jointly by the Giprostal' and the Tsentral'nyy nauchno issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii (Central Research Institute for Ferrous Metallurgy). This installation is being built in the melting shop of the Stalino Metallurgical Works for casting four billets or slabs simultaneously of carbon and low-alloy steels from 140-ton ladles. Thickness and width ranges are 120-250 and 600-1200 mm, respectively and casting speed is 0.6-1.2 m/min. All units are in a 25-m dia. reinforced concrete-faced pit with its bottom 24 m below floor level; the pouring platform is 3 m above it. The platform has four 14-ton tundishes, two of which are in reserve. The tundishes can be quickly moved with the aid of rotary and lifting tables. The four moulds are of the independent-wall construction and each wall consists of an inner copper and an outer cast-iron plate with channels for cooling water between them; the mould for a particular size of billet

Card 1/3

The Largest Installation in the World for the Continuous Casting of Steel

SOV/130-58-6-7/20

is assembled in a special holder. There is a special device for lubricating the inner walls when pouring starts. The casting is started with the aid of three-part primer, 13.8 m long, with a swallow-tail top which forms a bottom for the mould. The primer is lowered by the machine roller system and is split into its component parts and stored. Each directing roller-section, with a total length of 10.5 m, consists of an upper and a lower part, the rollers being 140 x 1 200 mm. The billet is spray-cooled as it passes down the section and then enters the drawing stand provided with hollow, water-cooler rollers. Under each drawing stand is a flame-cutting installation which cuts the billet into lengths of 4.2 - 5.2 m. The cutting system descends at the casting speed and can be raised at 0.3 m/sec. The cut billets are raised by 16-ton lifts (one for each pair of machines) to the floor level. Instrumentation is provided on panels at the pouring and intermediate levels, television is available for remote observation and a loudspeaker system for intercommunication. A model of the installation is on exhibition at the Brussels fair. An annual saving of 9.4

Card 2/3

SOV/130-58-6-7/20

The Largest Installation in the World for the Continuous Casting of Steel

million roubles is expected from the use of the continuous instead of ordinary methods of casting.

There are two figures.

ASSOCIATION: Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii (Central Research Institute for Ferrous Metallurgy)

Card 3/3 1. Steel - Casting 2. Industrial plants - Equipment

SIKIRYAVYY, A.G.; CHUMICHEV, A.S.; NIKOLAYEV, V.A.; TARANOVA, L.D.;  
GUSINSKAYA, M.S.

Work of the separation plant of the Ertil' Sugar Factory. Sakh.  
prom. no.4:21-23 Ap '60. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Direktor Ertil'skogo sakharnogo zavoda (for Sikiryavyy).
2. Glavnyy inzhener Ertil'skogo sakharnogo zavoda (for Chumichev).
3. Nachal'nik planovogo otdela Ertil'skogo sakharnogo zavoda (for Taranova).
4. Pomoshchnik starshego khimika po separatsii Ertil'skogo sakharnogo zavoda (for Gusinskaya).  
(Ertil'--Sugar manufacture)

CHUMICHEV, D. A.

Density of Urban Population

Geogra Fiya V Shkole, Issus 6, November, December 1949. Article's  
Talinabad" (Moscow, Feb. 50)

CHUMICHEV, D. A.

House of Specialists of Ministry of Agriculture.

Geografiya V Shkole, Issue 6, November-December 1949. Article  
"Stalinabad." (Moscow, Feb. 1950)



CHUMICHEV, D. A.

Coal Deposits

P: Geografiya V Shkole, Issue 6, Nov.-Dec. 1949, Article "Stalinabad"  
(Moscow, Feb., 1950)

CHUMICHEV, D.A.

~~CHUMICHEV, D.A.~~ Stalinabad. (Geografiia v shkole, 1949, no. 6., p. 29.).  
DLC: Unclass.

SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part II, 1951, Unclassified

CHUMICHEV, Dmitriy Aleksandrovich; DOBRONRAVOVA, K.O., redaktor; KOSHELEVA,  
S.M., ~~tehnicheskii~~ redaktor; MAL'CHEVSKIY, G.N., redaktor kart.

[Tadshik SSR] Tadshikskaya SSR. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1954.  
126 p. (MLRA 8:2)

(Tadzhikistan)

*CHUMICHEV, D. A.*

AUTHORS: Agakhanyants, O.Ye. and Selivanov, R.I. 12-1-21/26

TITLE: None Given

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Vsesoyuznogo Geograficheskogo Obshchestva, 1958,  
# 1, pp 95 - 98 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The reviewers criticize a book "The Tadzhik SSR" (Tadzhikskaya SSR) composed by a large collective of authors (D.A. Chumichev, P.N. Ovchinnikov, A.V. Popov, Yu.L. Shchetkin, A. Dzhalilov, V.A. Kozachkovskiy, B. Kh. Karmysheva, M.R. Rakhimov, I.K. Narzikulov, S.L. Malayeva). This book gives a general picture of Tadzhikistan. A great part of the work is devoted to physico-geographical matters, connecting natural description with economic evaluations.

However, there is a series of deficiencies such as problems of divisions into districts, which are insufficiently covered, wrong descriptions of some natural phenomena and erroneous economic recommendations. Many facts relating to nature and economics are obsolete. On the basis of the mentioned observations the book cannot be recommended to a large circle of readers.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress  
Card 1/1