

FRANKL, J.; FUTAR, R.; MAGYAR, K.

Data on the effects of Bismocillin. Orv. hetil. 93 no. 32:935
10 Aug 1952. (GLML 23:5)

1. Doctor for Frankl and Futar. 2. Department of Internal Diseases
(Head Physician -- Prof. Dr. Jozsef Frankl), Kaposvar General Hos-
pital, Samogy County.

FRANKL, Jozsef, Dr.

Antibiotic studies on the normal and pathological bacterial flora of the skin. *Borgyogy. vener. szemle* 12 no.1-2:30-35 Feb-Apr 58.

1. A Kaposvari Korhaz (Igazgatofoorvos: dr. Kelemen Janos) Borgyogyas-zati Osztalyanak (Foorvos: dr. Frankl Jozsef egyet. Magantanar) kozlemenye.
(SKIN, microbiol.
symbiosis & antibiosis of bact. isolated from normal & pathol. skin (Hun))

FRANKL, Jozsef, Dr.; VAZSONYI, Zsuzsanna, Dr.

Dermatological and venerological aspects of epidemic myalgia. *Borgyogy.*
vener. szemle 13 no.1:26-31 Feb 59.

1. Somogy megve Kaposvari Kozkorhaza Borgyogyaszati Osztalyanak kozle-
menye.

(PLEURODYNIA, EPIDEMIC, manifest.
skin & genital inflamm. (Hun))

(SKIN DISEASES, etiol. & pathogen.
pleurodynia, epidemic (Hun))

(GENITALIA, dis.
inflamm. in epidemic pleurodynia (Hun))

FRANKL, J.; VAZSONYI, Zs.

Therapy of psoriasis with bucarban. *Borogygy. vener. szemle* 13 no.2:
88-90 Apr 59.

1. Somogymegye Kaposvari Kozkorhaza Borogyaszati Osztalyanak kozle-
menye.

(PSORIASIS, ther.
carbutamide (Hun))

(ANTIDIABETICS, ther. use
carbutamide in psoriasis (Hun))

KELENYI, G.; FRANKL, J.; ORBAN, I.

Clinical aspects and pathogenesis of porphyria cutanea tarda.
Orv. hetil. 101 no.24:829-834 12 Je '60.

1. Pécsi Orvostudományi Egyetem, Kóronsectani Intezet es Kapesvari
Megyei Kórház, Borgyegyesszati Osztaly.
(PORPHYRIA)

FRANKL, Jozef, dr.; ZAVILLA, Norbert, dr.

Tuberculous lupus associated with Addison's disease. Tuberkulozis 14
no.6:188-189 Je '61.

1. Somogy megye Tanácsa Kaposvári Közkorháza (igazgató: Arató Miklós
dr.) Bőrgyógyászati Osztályának és Kóronctani Intézetének közleménye.

(LUPUS compl) (ADDISON'S DISEASE compl)

FRANKL, Jozsef, dr.; KLUGE, Endre, dr.

A new form of the Hloch-Sulzberger syndrome. Borgyogy. vener.
szemle 40 no.2:64-69 Ap'64

1. Somogy megye Kaposvari Kozkorhaza Borgogyaszati es Ideg-
gyogyaszati Osztalyanak kozlemenye.

*

FRANKL, Jozsef, dr.; VAZSONYI, Zsuzsanna, dr.

Apropos of the dermatologic use of cycloserine. *Borgyogy vener. szemle.* 40 no.4:145-150 Ag '64.

1. Somogy megye Tanácsa Kaposvári Kózkórháza Bőrgyógyászati Osztályának közleménye.

TERAPIA MEDICA Soc.9 Vol.11/6 Surgery June 57
FRANKL Z.

2940. FRANKL Z. Dept. of Oral Surg., Péterfy Sándor utca Policlín., Budapest.
"Arrest of severe parenchymatous oral haemorrhages
by thrombin infiltration THERAPIA HUNG. 1956, 1 (11-14) illus. 4
The procedure is described. The infiltration of thrombin may be employed as a
preventive measure in haemophilia or similar conditions. In such cases any dental
or oral surgical intervention is carried out under thrombin protection after gen-
eral preparation of the patient and, to enhance the local haemostatic action, an
absorbable fibrin sponge is also applied, along with an acrylate plate which pro-
vides pressure. Three case histories are presented. Tagay - Istanbul

ACTA MEDICA Sec.9 Vol.11/10 Surgery Oct 57

5217. FRANKL Z. Mund- und Kieferchir. Abt., Krankenh. Poliklin. Péterfy
Sándor-utca, Budapest. *Gelenksbildung mit einem Fibrinkappen-Inter-
positum im Kiefergelenk. Formation of a jaw-joint by the inter-
position of a fibrin crown into the articulation DTSCH.
ZAHN-, MUND- U. KIEFERHEILK. 1956, 25/5-6 (201-203) Illus. 6
This is done in cases of ankyloses of the jaw. The fibrin does not provoke any
foreign body reaction. After fresh cartilage has been laid down on the joint sur-
faces by the undisturbed function, the fibrin is reabsorbed without trace - this is
an advantage in comparison with vitallium or artificial material as interposita.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 9 Vol 13/10 Surgery Oct. 59

5752. ACCURATE LOCALIZATION OF OSTEOTOMY IN KOSTECKA'S OPERATION FOR PROGNATHISM - Die genaue Lokalisation der Osteotomie bei der Kostečka'schen Progenie-Operation - Frankl Z. Mund- und Kieferchir. Abt., Krankenh.-Poliklin., Budapest - OST. Z. STOMAT. 1958, 55/2 (63-71) Illus. 26

Kostečka performs osteotomy of the ramus mandibulae as a treatment of prognathism. He has devised an appropriately curved needle with which the Gigli saw used to saw through the ramus can be easily introduced behind the ramus. This allows quick operation without skin incisions or trauma to the surrounding soft tissues. The risk of infection is minimal, the facial nerve is not injured. The prognathism is corrected by postoperative interdental splinting. Twenty-five years of practical experience have confirmed the efficacy of this method.

Kopasz - Travník

SALCEWICZ, Jozef; FRANKL, Zygmunt

Heating rate as a factor of improving the caking ability of coal. Koks smola gaz 6 no.6:202-211 '61.

1. Politechnika Slaska, Instytut Chemicznej Przerobki Wegla.

FRANKL, Zygmunt

Experimental use of power coal in the coking industry. Koks 7
no.6:240-241 N-D '62.

1. Instytut Chemicznej Przerobki Węgla, Zabrze.

NOVAK, Bohumir, inz. dr., ScC.; FRANKLOVA, Sona

Contribution to the knowledge of the dynamics of the lysimetric value of earth and sand in manuring with organic fertilizers.
Rost vyroba 9 no.5:487-500 '63.

1. Ustredni vyzkumny ustav rostlinne vyroby, mikrobiologicke oddeleni Ruzyně.

FRANKMAN, D. Z.
USSR/7136 Miscellaneous - Industrial Processes

Card 1/1

Author : Frankman, D. Z.

Title : Reconstruction of tongs

Periodical : Stan. i Instr., No. 5, 32 - 33, May 1954

Abstract : Referring to the service life of new feeding-tongs the author recommends a new method for the reconstruction of used tongs. The reconstruction method is explained. It was proven that each reconstruction job increased the serviceability of feeding tongs by 1650 - 2200 hours. Drawings.

Institution : ...

Submitted : ...

FRANKO, I.

Lesi i pastbishcha. Per. s ukr. (Forests
and pastures. Translated from the Ukrainian). Kiev,
Goslitizdat Ukrainy, 1953. 108 p.

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol. 7, No. 5, August 1954

FRANKO, Janos

If the committee on bungling works well. Magy kisipar 7 no.6:2
21 Mr '63.

1. Ferfiszabok kontarbizottsaganak vezetoje.

FRANKE, Ondrej

Contribution to the hydrogeological conditions of the Trnava
area. Geol prace 64:189-198 '63.

Some hydrogeological results of the research on mineral waters.
Ibid. 199-202

L. Dianyž Star Geological Institute, Bratislava.

FRANKO, Ondrej, promovany geolog

Temporary protection zones of natural health springs and mineral drinking water springs. Geol pruzkum 5 no.7:204-205 JI '63.

1. Geologicky ustav Dionyza Stura, Bratislava.

FRANKOV I. A.

USSR/Pharmacology. Toxicology. Cholinergic Drugs V

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur- Biol., No 8, 1958, 37535

Author : Frankov I. A.

Inst : Not given

Title : Dependence of the Toxicity and Anticholinesterase Properties of a Number of Alkyl-Amides of Dialkyl Phosphoric Acids on their Chemical Structure. (Zavisimost' toksichnosti i antikholinesteraznykh svoystvo v ruady alkilamidov dialkyl forfornykh kislot).

Orig Pub : V zb.; Khimia i primeneniya fosfororgan. soyedineniy. M., AN SSSR, 1957, 366-371

Abstract : Toxicity to mice and the anticholinesterase properties (in experimental tests according to the Borisov-Rozengart method) of a number of organophosphorus compounds of the type

Trinisk, State Med Inst.

Card 1/3

Study of 1st Conf - 8-10 Dec 55 Kazan

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lowering

USSR/Pharmacology. Toxicology. Cholinergic Drugs v

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 8, 1958, 37535

Abstract : of the anticholinesterase properties (78.9% blocking in dilution of 1:1000 as against 100% blocking in dilution of 1:10,000). In a series of monoethyl amides the replacement of radicals linked to phosphorus and of the undivided chains by isogroupings as well as an increase in the number of carbon atoms lowers toxicity but has no effect in their anticholinesterase properties. A decrease in toxicity and anticholinesterase properties takes place when the number of carbon atoms in radicals linked to nitrogen is increased and the compounds in which the radicals are linked to phosphorus contain undivided chains. In such cases, the presence of isogroupings causes an increase in toxicity and anticholinesterase properties.

Card 3/3

FRANKOV, I.A., Dn Med Sci --(diss) "Chemical structure and pharmacological activity of certain phosphore^{IA}organic compounds." Minsk, 1958.
16 pp with graphs (Minsk State Med Inst), 300 copies (M, 44-89, 143)

-68-

SHADURSKIY, K.S.; Primalni uchastiye: KOMISSAROV, I.V.; FRANKOV, I.A.;
TSAPAYEVA, T.S.. MEREZHINSKIY, M.F., prof., red.; STEPANOVA,
N.P., tekhn.red.

[Pharmacology as a basis for therapy; a manual for physicians]
Farmakologiya kak osnova terapii; posobie dlia vrachei. Minsk,
Gos.izd-vo BSSR. Red.nauchno-tekhn.lit-ry. Vol.1. [Pharmacology
of the cholinergic processes] Farmakologiya kholinergicheskikh
protssosov. 1959. 315 p. (MIRA 12:9)
(AUTONOMIC DRUGS)

KON'KOV, P.S., , kand. tekhn.nauk, dots.; DONTSOV, A.Ya., inzh.;
YURCHENKO, I.F., inzh.; ANGELEYKO, V.I., retsenzent;
BABENKO, V.I., retsenzent; ZAPREVSKIY, G.S., retsenzent;
KRIMNUS, G.Kh., retsenzent; MANIN, I.I., retsenzent;
NAUMOV, G.K., retsenzent; TOLSTOSHEY, A.N., retsenzent;
TUCHKEVICH, T.M., retsenzent; FEDORETS, V.M., retsenzent;
FEL'DMAN, M.F., retsenzent; FRANKOV, N.Ya., retsenzent;
USENKO, L.A., tekhn. red.

[Establishing work norms in railroad transportation] Tekh-
nicheskoe normirovanie truda na zheleznodorozhnom transporte.
Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1963. 366 p. (MIRA 16:9)
(Railroads--Production standards)

DOSTAL, J.; FRANKOVA, A.

A rare occurrence of sympathoblastoma. Rozhl. chir. 41 no.12:810-812
D '62.

1. Oddeleni detske chirurgie, prednosta MUDr. F. Fojtik, a oddeleni
detskokojenecke, prednosta prof. dr. B. Epstein, nemocnice na Bulovce.
(NEUROBLASTOMA) (RETROPERITONEAL NEOPLASMS)

CZECH

Estimation of small amounts of trichloroethylene and trichloroacetic acid. Bohumil Souček and Jiva Pranková (Charles Univ., Prague, Czech.). *Pracovní Listy*, 4, 201-73 (1962). As absorbent for C_2HCl_3 , a mixt. of 01.54% pyridine, 38% water, and 0.40% of 15% NaOH soln. is superior to previously used solvents because it does not contain excess alkali. C_2HCl_3 was liberated from water contg. biol. material by bubbling N through the soln. at 00° for 60 min. (av. recovery $101.9 \pm 9.5\%$), or by distg. in vacuo at +20° and 10 mm. Hg for 5 min. ($98 \pm 14.0\%$) and was absorbed in the pyridine soln. at -18°. C_2HCl_3 can be estd. in the presence of CCl_3CO_2H by distn. in vacuo and detg. it in aq. soln.; the av. recovery is $107.5 \pm 33.4\%$ when approx. 10 γ is present, and $77.5 \pm 13.8\%$ for approx 50 γ . CCl_3CO_2H is estd. in the residue with an av. recovery of $89 \pm 9.8\%$ if the abs. amts. are 5-500 γ . In blood C_2HCl_3 was detd. in the presence of CCl_3CO_2H with the same accuracy as in aq. solns. but CCl_3CO_2H could be detd. only to 60%. In the air C_2HCl_3 can be estd. with an error $\pm 10-20\%$ in amts. up to 10 γ and $\pm 5\%$ if over 10 γ .

L. J. Urbánek

of The Inst. for Phys., Victoria Univ. Hesperia

PAVLAS, Petr; FRANKOVA, Mary

Effect of decolorization by ion exchange resins on the composition of juices and molasses. Listy cukrovar 80 no.2:27-35
F⁶⁴ (MIRA 17:7)

PAVLAS, Peter; FRANKOVA, Mary

Composition of sugar beets and juices from the 1963/64
campaign. Listy cukrovar 80 no.9:239-249 S '64.

FRANKOVA, S.,; HORACKOVA, A.

Use of our modification of reactometry in the study on the activity of psychopharmaca. *Activ. nerv. sup.* 3 no.2:205 '61.

(PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY)

FRANKOVA, S.

Dietary fat intake and higher nervous activity. Review of previous studies. Cesk. gastroent. vyz. 15 no.4:290-293 Je '61.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyziwy lidu, Praha, reditel doc. MUDr. J. Masek.
(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM physiolo) (FATS nutrition & diets)

FRANKOVA, S.

Relationship between dietary fat intake and higher nervous activity
in rats. *Activ. nerv. sup.* 4 no.3/4:471-475 '62.

1. Institute of Human Nutrition, Prague.
(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM) (LIPIDS) (DIET)
(REFLEX CONDITIONED)

FABRY, P.; BRAUN, T.; PETRASEK, R.; FRANKOVA, S.; MASEK, J.; FODOR, J:

Some effects of high-fat diets in experimental animals. Cesk.
gastroent. vyz. 16 no.3/4:178-182 Ap '62.

1. Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu v Praze, reditel doc. MUDr. J. Masek,
DrSc.

(FATS) (DIET) (CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM)
(TISSUE METABOLISM)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

S. FRANKOVA, Institute for Research in Human Nutrition, Prague.

"Effect of Benactyzine and LSD on Higher Nervous Activity in Rats."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 5, No 2, May 63; pp 214-215.

Abstract: Study of effect of 10 to 40 mg./Kg. benactyzine i.p. and of 0.05 to 0.1 mg./Kg. LSD in 8 relatively placid and 8 relatively temperamental rats. At low doses, benactyzine was excitatory in both groups but more in placid rats; at high ones, tranquilizing. LSD was depressant linearly in both groups. Five Western and 1 Czech ref.

1/1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413610009-7

(Ustav pro vyzkum vyzivy lidu) Chief (reditel) Prof Dr J. MASEK, DrSc;
Prague.

"Reactometric Study of Higher Nervous Activity in Obese Persons Undergoing Reducing Diet Treatment."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 5, No 3, July 63; pp 287-288.

Abstract: Study of 2 optical and 2 acoustic reactions in 57 obese women kept first for 2 weeks on a 2000-calorie reducing diet and then for 2 weeks on a 1000-calorie one. Delay in reaction as time went on was quite striking becoming longer than in normal controls which averaged longer than untreated obese. Cold is stated to have possibly vitiated results by playing artefactual role. Graph; 2 Western, 1 Soviet and 4 Czech ref's.

1/1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

L 29403-66

ACC NR: AP6019989

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0079/65/007/003/0276/0277

AUTHOR: Frankova, S.

23
B

ORG: Institute of Human Nutrition, Prague

TITLE: Effect of ²²cycloserine isomers on behavior in rats [This paper was presented at the 7th Annual Psychopharmacological Meeting, Jeseník, 20-23 January 1965]

SOURCE: *Activitas nervosa superior*, v. 7, no. 3, 1965, 276-277

TOPIC TAGS: rat, pharmacology, behavior pattern

ABSTRACT: Administration of 40 mg/kg of the d-isomer of cycloserine did not show changes in the dynamics of spontaneous activity. The dl-isomer increased the exploratory activity as well as the periods of rest. The l-isomer decreased the exploratory activity. [Orig. art. in Eng.] [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 001

Card 1/1 CC

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

FRANKOVA, S.; Institute of Human Nutrition, Prague. [Orig. version not given].

"The Development of Spontaneous Behavior in Rats During the Initial Phases of Ontogenesis."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 8, No 2, Jun 66, pp 196-197

Abstract: The development of orienting-exploratory activity (OEA) of young rats up to the time of weaning is discussed. Development of the OEA activity and the relation of behavior development to the amount of stimulation are described. Predictive value of tests designed by the authors is evaluated. 1 Table, no references. Submitted at the 4th Conf. for Exper. and Clin. Study of Higher Nerv. Functions at Mar. Lazne, 12-15 Oct 65. Article is in English.

1/1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

FRANKOVA, S.; Research Institute for Human Nutrition (Ustav pro Vyzkum Vyzivy)
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000" CIA-RDP86-00513R000413610009-7"

"Development of Spontaneous Motor Activity in Rats During Initial Phases of Ontogenesis."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 8, No 3, Sep 66, pp 248-257

Abstract [Author's English summary modified]: The study covered the first 4 weeks of life. The activity was measured in an empty undivided cage (basic situation); this was best suited for the first 2 weeks of life; later the variety of activities could be observed better in a more broken up space. Two other situational conditions met by the rats in a later stage of life provided a variety of stimuli; rats exposed to the additional stimuli showed a greater variety and intensity of activities, indicating that the stimuli exercise a positive influence on the development of activity. Higher activity shown by very young rats was maintained by these individuals in later life. 3 Figures, 2 Tables, 23 Western, 4 Czech references.

1/1

MALKOVA, D.; FRANKOVA, V.

The lymphatic system in the development of experimental tick-borne encephalitis in mice. Acta virol. Engl. Ed. 3:210-214
0 '59.

1. Military Institute of Hygiene, Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague.

(LYMPHATIC SYSTEM pathol)
(ENCEPHALITIS EPIDEMIC exper)

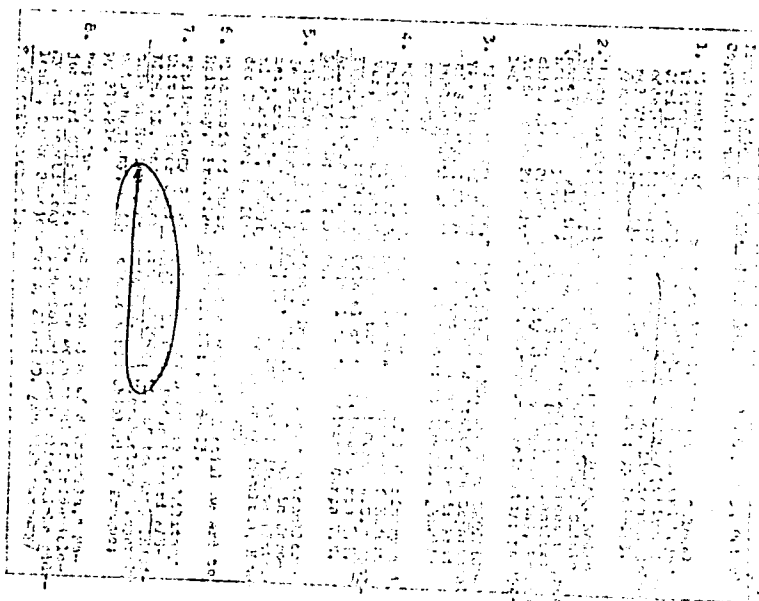
CERNY, Ervin; HOLUB, Miroslav; FRANKOVA, Vera

The role of adenoviruses in severe infectious diseases of the respiratory tract, Cesk. otolar 10 no.5:276-284 0 '61.

1. ORL oddeleni Ustredni vojenske nemocnice, Praha, pik. doc. MUDr. Ervin Cerny Vojensky ustav hygieny, epidemiologie a mikrobiologie, Praha, pplk. MUDr. Zdenek Vkasak.

(RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTIONS virol)
(ADENOVIRUS INFECTIONS)

FRANKOVA, V.



FRANKOVA, V.

1. [Illegible text]

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FRANKOVA, V.

Results of attempts to detect viruses in sewage waters in
Prague. Cesk. epidem. 14 no.1:42-49 Ja '65

1. Vojensky ustav Hygieny, epidemiologie a mikrobiologie,
Praha.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

FRANKOVA, V; SERVENTA, R; SIMON, K.

1. Military Institute of Hygiene, Epidemiology and Microbiology (Vojensky ustav hygieny, epidemiologie, mikrobiologie), Prague; 2. Hygiene Institute (Ustav hygieny), Prague

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Hygiena, No 8, 1964, pp. 489-497

"A Study of the Influence of Water Conditioning by Coagulation with Aluminium Sulphate on the Elimination of Virus Contamination."

FRANKOVIC, A.

Effect of a slightly leaking screen upon flow in porous soils. p. 1052

TEHNIKA Beograd, Vol 10, No. 8, 1955

SO. EBAL, Vol 5, No. 7, July 1956

FRANKOVIC, Ante, dr. ing.

Determining the critical depth and speed in open canals. Vodoprivreda
Jug 2 no.7/8:1-5 '59. (EEAI 10:1)

1. Arhitektonski, građevinski i geodezijski fakultet, Zagreb.
(Canals) (Hydraulics)

FRANKOVIC, Ante (Zagreb)

Hydrologic conditions of the Vrana Lake. Gradevinar 14 no.10:
345-350 0 '62.

FRANKOVIC, B.

Calculation of unexpected power failures by means of the probability method. p. 282.

ENERGETIKA. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 9, no. 6, June 1959

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 10,
Oct. 1959.
Uncl.

FRANKOVIC, Baltazar, inz.

Problem of automation of coal cutter loaders. Automatizace 5 no.3:73-74 Mr '62.

1. Laboratorium banictva Slovenskej akademie vied, Kosice.

FRANKOVIC, Baltazar, inz.

Selective invariance in multivariable control systems. Stroj cas
14 no.3:261-266 '63.

1. Ustav strojov. a automatizacie, Slovenska akademia vied, Bratislava.

FRANKOVIC, B., inz. CSc.

Optimum static control of continuous production processes.
Stroj cas 15 no.6:497-508 '64.

1. Institute of Mechanization and Automation of the Slovak
Academy of Sciences, Bratislava.

PORAY-KOSHITS, B.A.; KVITKO, I.Ya.; FRANKOVSKAYA, I.V.; FAVORSKIY, O.V.

Synthesis of esters of the pyridine series. Zhur.prikl.khim.
37 no. 5:1081-1087 My '64. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskij institut imeni Lensoвета.

FRANKOVSKAYA S. I.

*Effect of local fluorization on the microscopic structure and the penetration of the hard tooth tissues STOMATOLOGIJA 1953, 6 (27-28) (Russian text)

In the first experiment the teeth were examined microscopically in ordinary and in polarized light before and after fluorization. In the 2nd the enamel was examined for penetration of methylene blue and in the 3rd and 4th experiments both the enamel and the dentine were examined for penetration of silver nitrate before and after the local application of fluorine. The results indicate that an obliteration of the organic parts of the enamel and the dentine tubuli may occur. Fluorization of the organic parts of the hard tooth tissues seems to play a certain rôle in caries prevention.

Eggers Lura- Holbaek

SO: ^{EX}ERPTA MEDICA, Section II Vol. 7 No. 11

Chair of Stomatol. Therapy, Kiev Med. Stomatol. Inst.

FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I., dotsent (Kiyev)

Effect of local fluoridation on the fluorine content of the teeth.
Probl. stom. 3:23-27 '56 (MLRA 10:5)
(FLUORINE--THERAPEUTIC USE) (TEETH--CARE AND HYGIENE)

VAL'CHUK, V.N., assistant (Kiyev); FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I., dots. (Kiyev)

Some data on the condition of the blood vessels and capillaries
in patients with parodontosis. Probl.stom. 4:115-118 '58.

(MIRA 13:6)

(GUMS--DISEASES)

(BLOOD VESSELS)

FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I., dots. (Kiyev)

Indications and method in the use of massage of the gums in the treatment of paradentosis. Probl.stom. 4:245-249 '58.

(MIRA 13:6)

(GUMS--DISEASES)

(MASSAGE)

FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I., dots. (Kiyev)

Influence of d'arsonvalisation on the condition of the capillaries
of the periodontium in paradentosis. Probl.stom. 4:251-256 '58.

(ELECTROTHERAPEUTICS)

(GUMS--DISEASES)

(MIRA 13:6)

NOVIK, I.O.; FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I.; LESHCHUK, G.F.; EPEL'BAUM, Z.M.

Use of carbon dioxide in the compound treatment of pyorrhea
alveolaris. Probl. stom. 5:74-81 '60. (MLA 15:2)

1. Kiyevskiy meditsinskiy institut.
(CARBON DIOXIDE THERAPEUTIC USE) (GUMS DISEASES)

DANILEVSKIY, N.F.; FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I.; FLIS, Z.A.; YAVORSKAYA, Y.O.S.

Use of propolis in stomatology. Probl. stom. 5:422-428 '60.
(MIRA 15:2)

1. Kiyevskiy meditsinskiy institut.
(PROPOLIS) (STOMATOLOGY)

FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I. (Kiyev); MARCHENKO, A.I. (Kiyev); SKURSKAYA, N.N.
(Kiyev)

Use of celandine in the treatment of the inflammatory dystrophic
form of parodontosis. Probl.stom. 6:103-108 '62. (MIRA 16:3)
(GUMS--DISEASES) (GELANDINE)

FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I. (Kiyev)

Duration of fluorine bonds with the mineral components of the
tooth under local fluoridation. Probl.stom. 6:128-131 '62.
(MIRA 16:3)

(TEETH)

(FLUORINE—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I., dotsent

Vibrator for the massage of the gums. Stomatologiya 42 no.2:
91-92 Mr-Ap'63 (MIRA17:3)

1. Iz kafedry terapevticheskoy stomatologii (zaveduyushchiy
prof. I.O.Novik) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

VISHNYAK, G.N., kand. med. nauk; FRANKOVSKAYA, S.I., dotsent; YAVORSKAYA,
Ye.S., dotsent

Effect of autohemotherapy on the activity of cholinesterase in
paradentosis patients. Stomatologiya 42 no.3:95-96 My-Je'63.
(MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz kafedry terapevticheskoy stomatologii (zav. - prof. I.O.
Novik) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta (rektor- dotsent
V.D. Bratus').

FRANKOVSKAYA, V.G.

Practice of progressive workers of vegetable drying plants of the
White Russian S.S.R. Kons. i ov. prom. 12 no.2:34-36 F '57.

(MLRA 10:6)

1. Vsesoyunnyy nauchno-issledoyatel'skiy institut konservnoy i
ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti.

(White Russia--Vegetables--Evaporation)

FRANKOVSKAYA, V.G.

NASAKIN, T.N.; FRANKOVSKAYA, V.G.

Electromagnetic vibration separator. Kons. 1 ov. prom. 12
no.11:32-33 N '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1.Gosplan RSFSR (for Nasakin). 2.Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'-
skiy institut konservnoy i ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti (for
Frankovskaya).

(Separators (Machines))
(Food--Drying)

FRANKOVSKAYA, V.G.
NASAKIN, T.N.; FRANKOVSKAYA, V.G.

Cutting container bottoms out of plywood. Kons. i ov. prom. 12 no.12:
12-13 D '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Gosplan RSFSR (for Nasakin). 2. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'-
skiy institut konservnoy i ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti.
(Containers) (Woodworking machinery)

FRANKOVSKAYA, V. G.

Problems in mechanization of time consuming activities in medical institutions. Nov. med. tekhn. no.3:67-71 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut meditsinskikh instrumentov i oborudovaniya.

(HOSPITALS--ADMINISTRATION)

FRANKOVSKAYA, V.G. (Moskva)

Problems in mechanizing work process in the diagnosis and treatment
of patients. Sov. zdrav. 20 no.8:39-43 '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Iz Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta meditsinskikh
instrumentov i oborudovaniya.
(HOSPITALS—ADMINISTRATION) (CARE OF THE SICK)

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... and ...

... heart of a frog. A 4% solution of ...
prep. of the cavities in various degrees of ...
heightened sensitivity of the dental cervix, in cases of acute sensi-
tivity after the prep. of teeth under a crown, as well as for anaestheti-
zing the gums for carvelling. No failure of anaesthetic was
observed. In 4 patients ... were anaesthetized the seal-

FRANKOVSKIY, CH. S.

FRANKOVSKIY, CH. S.--Synthesis and Investigation of Diamines of the Benzimidazol Series and Their Azo-Dye Derivatives." Min Higher Education USSR. Leningrad Order of Red Banner Technological Inst imeni Leningrad Soviet. Laboratory of the Technology of Organic Dyestuffs imeni A. Ye. Poray-Koshits. Leningrad, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Chemical Science).

SO Knizhnaya letopis'
No 2, 1956.

AUTHORS: Poray-Koshits, B. A., Frankovskiy, Ch.S. 79-28-4-18/60

TITLE: Investigations in the Field of the Diamines of Benzimidazole Series (Issledovaniye v oblasti diaminov benzimidazol'nogo ryada).
I. The Synthesis and Physical and Chemical Properties of Diamines (I. Sintez i fiziko-khimicheskiye svoystva diaminov)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, 1958, Vol. 28, Nr 4, pp. 928-934 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In the present paper the authors synthesized the diamines of the benzimidole series and examined their physical properties. As could be assumed from theoretical considerations and from data found in publications, the diamines of this series should furnish substantive dyes in the case of an diazotiation and an azo combining. The diamines of the benzimidazol series have been described only little in publications. Therefore it was necessary to develop a method for their production. These diamines proved to be accessible according to their method of synthesisation

Card 1/4

Investigations in the Field of the Diamines of
Benzimidazole Series. I. The Synthesis and Physical
and Chemical Properties of Diamines

79-28-4-18/60

(see experimental part). The dependence of the reactivity of aromatic amines in acylation on their basicity constants, on diazotization, on the formation of azomethines on the diazoamino compounds and on the imidazole derivatives was investigated already earlier (Reference 1). In the present paper the authors investigated the dependence of the basicity constants of the synthesized diamines on their structure. The problems of the interrelations existing between the basicity constants (of the 1st and of the 2nd), of the coincidence of the diazotisation of both amino groups etc. are very complicated and of great theoretical and practical interest. In the cases described here the dependence of the basicity constant on structure was even more complicated, because the investigated products possess three basicity constants. As the first basicity constant in most investigated diamines is about the same and approximates the value of the basicity constant of benzodazole ($k \approx 1.10^{-9}$) it obviously must be

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Investigation in the Field of the Diamines of
Benzimidazole Series. I. The Synthesis and Physical
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79-28-4-18/60

attributed to the imidazole nucleus. From this it follows, that the 1st and 2nd constant must be attributed to the amino groups of the investigated diamines. The basicity constants were determined by the method of potentiometric titration. The results of the investigations are given in the table.

Summary: The diamines of the benzimidazole series possessing 2 amino groups in different benzene nuclei, have nearly identical basicity constants independent from the fact, whether their amino groups are conjugated to each other, or not. The cause of this phenomenon must be looked for in the fact, that above all the most basic imidazole nucleus reacts in the salt formation. Its transformation into a onion ion interrupts conjugation between the amino groups.

There are 1 figure, 1 table and 8 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

Card 3/4

Investigations in the Field of the Diamines of
Benzimidazole Series. I. The Synthesis and Physical
and Chemical Properties of Diamines

79-28-4-18/60

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskii institut imeni Lensoveta
(Leningrad Institute for Technology imeni Lensovet)

SUBMITTED: March 20, 1957

Card 4/4

AUTHORS: Poray-Koshits, B. A., Frankovskiy, Ch.S. 79-28-4-19/60

TITLE: Investigations in the Field of the Diamines of Benzimidazole Series (Issledovaniye v oblasti diaminov benzimidazol'nogo ryada).
II. Substantive Properties of the Azo Dyes- of Diamine Derivatives (II. Substantivnyye svoystva azokrasiteley - proizvodnykh diaminov)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Obschey Khimii, 1958, Vol. 28, Nr 4, pp. 934-938 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: According to a number of authors (References 1-4) one of the essential factors of the substantiality of dyes is represented by its chemical structure, in particular the length of the conjugated compound chain and the linear arrangement of molecules. The present paper is a continuation of the investigations by A. Ye. Poray-Koshits in the field of the substantive benzimidazole dyes. According to the opinion of A. Ye. Poray-Koshits the benzimidazole

Card 1/3

Investigations in the Field of the Diamines of
Benzimidazole Series. II. Substantive Properties of the
Azo Dyes- of Diamine Derivatives

79-28-4-19/60

nucleus is a strong chromophore influencing the substantial properties of the dye molecule. Therefore it could be expected that the benzimidazole dyes possess a sufficiently high substantiability. In a previous paper (Reference 5) 7 diamines of this series were described and their structure as well as their basicity constants were accurately determined. The aim of the present paper was the synthesis of the azo dyes of the investigated diamine derivatives and the examination of their substantial properties. 1,5-naphthol sulfo acid for single dyes as well as the naphthion and H.I., and the Chicago-SS-acids were employed as azo components. With these examples the influence of the diamino structure on the substantive properties of the dyes and the influence of the azo components was observed. Table 1 and 2 give the results.

Summary: Dyes formed from bidiazotized diamines of the benzimidazole series and from 1,5 naphtho sulfo acid, possess different substantibilities depending on whether the azo groups are mutually conjugated or

Card 2/3

Investigations in the Field of the Diamines of 79-38-4-19/60
Benzimidazole Series. II. Substantive Properties of the
Azo Dyes- of Diamine Derivatives

not. According to the substantiality of the obtained dyes it is possible to pass a judgement on the presence of the absence of conjugation between the amino groups of the initial diamines. The character of the influence of other azo components (e. g. I-, H-, or Chicago - SS acids) on the substantiality of azo dyes is analogous to that of the benzidine dye series. There are 2 tables and 7 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskij institut imeni Lensoveta
(Leningrad Institute for Technology imeni Lensoveta)

SUBMITTED: March 20, 1957

Card 3/3

FEL'DMAN, I.Kh.; FRANKOVSKIY, Ch.S.

Synthesis of some substituted azo derivatives of benzene. Zhur.ob.
khim. 32 no.7:2115-2118 J1 '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Leningradskiy khimiko-farmatsevticheskiy institut.
(Benzene) (Azo compounds)

FEL'DMAN, I.Kh.; FRANKOVSKIY, Ch.S.

Synthesis of some substituted azo derivatives of benzene.
Pt.2. Zhur.ob.khim. 33 no.3:906-910 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Leningradskiy khimiko-farmatsevticheskiy institut.
(Benzene)
(Azo compounds)

FELDMAN, I.Kh.; FRANKOVSKIY, Ch.S.

Synthesis of substituted azo derivatives of benzene. Part 3.
Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no. 2401-2410 51 '61 (MIRA 17:8)

1. Leningradskiy khimiko-farmatsevticheskiy institut.

ACC NR: AR6022387 (N) SOURCE CODE: UR/0397/65/000/024/0065/0065
AUTHOR: Fel'dman, I. Kh.; Frankovskiy, Ch. S.; Yamshchikov, V. P.; ³⁹
Mordvinova, Ye. T.; Maryukhta, Yu. B.; Zaikina, N. A.; Vitovskaya, G. A.;
Arkad'yeva, G. Ye.
TITLE: Azo-derivatives of benzene as potential antibacterial^b compounds.
I.
SOURCE: Ref. zh. Farmakologiya. Toksikologiya, Abs. 24.54.512
REF SOURCE: Tr. Leningr. khim.-farmatsevt. in-ta, vyp. 18, 1965, 171-172
TOPIC TAGS: benzene, chemical compound, microorganism contamination,
bacteria, plant parasite
ABSTRACT: An in vitro method of serial dilutions was used to test the
activity of several synthetic azo-compounds in relation to
dermatophytes, some gram positive and gram negative bacteria and two
species of yeastlike molds. All the tested azo-compounds containing a
carboxylic group proved inactive. The exception was 2,4-dichlor-3-
carboxy-4'-oxyazobenzol. The azo-compounds displayed highest activity
in relation to Cr. neoformans, weaker activity in relation to
dermatophytes, and the weakest in relation to Candida albicans. Only
Card 1/2 UDC: 615.7

ACC NR: AR6022387

certain azo-compounds displayed antibacterial and antiviral action. The highest in vitro activity was displayed by 2,4-dichlor-4'-methyl-4-oxyazobenzol and 2,4-dichlor-4'-oxyazobenzol which proved most effective in relation to yeastlike molds and dermatophytes and weakest in relation to bacteria. M. Zabolotskaya. [Translation of abstract].

SUB CODE: 06, 07

Card 2/2 MT

SAVIN, D.K., nauchn. sotr.; FRANKOVSKIY, TS.F., nauchn. sotr.;
NAURUZBAYEV, S.K., nauchn. sotr.; SON, I.N., nauchn.
sotr.; SUSLIN, V.D., nauchn. sotr.; MARTYUSHEV, Ye.D.,
nauchn. sotr.; ORLOVSKAYA, A., red.; YEGOROVA, V., red.

[Mechanization of livestock feeding] Mekhanizatsiia ot-
korma skota. Alma-Ata, Kainar, 1965. 237 p.

(MIRA 18:7)

1. Kazakhskaya Akademiya sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk.
Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mekhanizatsii i
elektrifikatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva. 2. Kazakhskiy
nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mekhanizatsii i
elektrifikatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva (for all except
Orlovskaya, Yegorova).

FRAN. KOVONIN, V. Y.

"Scab (*Fusiclallium dentriticum*) on a pine shoot," Botanicheskii Zhurnal S.S.S.R.,
vol. 33, 1943, pp. 251-254. 451 R943

SC: JIRA, SI 90-53, 15 December 1953

FRANKOVSKIY, V.Ya., kand. biol. nauk

How apple and pear scab originates. Zashch. rast. ot vred. 1 bol.
3 no. 2: 61 Mr-Ap '58. (MIRA 11:4)
(Apple--Diseases and pests) (Pear--Diseases and pests)

FRANKOVSKIY, V. Ya

COUNTRY	: USSR	0
CATEGORY	: Plant Diseases. Diseases of cultivated Plants	
ABS. JOUR.	: RZhMiol., No. 21 1958, No. 90285	
AUTHOR	: Frankovs'kiy, V. Ya.	
INST.	: -	
TITLE	: The Viability of the Conidia of the Apple Tree Scab Pusicladium dendriticum Fuck	
ORIG. PUB.	: Mikrobiol. Zn., 1958, Vol. 20, No. 1, 6-7	
ABSTRACT	: It has been shown that the spores of P. dendriticum do not lose viability and are capable of sprouting in the spring after passing the winter in the leaves of the tree. They are the primary source of infection even before the dissemination of the ascospores. Conidia from leaves and liliolles kept in herbaria for more than 9 months sprouted in a moisture chamber. Early spring spraying of apple trees with a concentrated solution of fungicide is recommended in the case of trees with non-deciduous foliage. -- G.A.D'yakova	
CARD:	Z Kievgrads'koi derzhavnoi sil's'kospads'koi 1/1 doslidnoi stantsii	

FRANKOVSKIY, V.Ya.

Speed of the infection of apples with scab. Zashch.rast.ot vred.
i bol. 4 no.4:41 J1-Ag '59.

(MIRA 16:5)

1. Zaveduyushchiy otdela zashchity rasteniy Kirovogradskoy oblastnoy
sel'skokhozyaystvennoy stantsii.
(Apple scab)

FRANKOVSKIY, V.Ya. [Frankovs'kiy, V.IA.]

Effect of climatic conditions on the ripening of the ascospores of
apple scab (*Venturia inaequalis* Winter). Mikrobiol. zhur. 23 no.6:
60 '61. (MIRA 15:4)

(APPLE SCAB)

FRANKOVSKIY, Ye. [5]
GA

15

The use of mineral fertilizers in rotation with lupines
E. Frankovskii. *Chemisation Socialistie Agr. (U. S. S. R.)*
10, No. 1; 24-8(1941).—The application of P and K fer-
tilizers on a lupine soil plowed under in the fall was found
to be most advantageous on podzol soils. Of the K sources
manure salts proved to be best. Superphosphate and raw
rock phosphate did not differ in effectiveness. The resid-
ual effects of the combination of lupines and of P-K fertili-
cation were noted for a no. of years. J. S. Julle

ASB-11.A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

FRANKOVSKIY, YE. S.

"Lupine as a Green Fertilizer Under Conditions in the Central Part of the Northern Nonchernozem Zone of the Soviet Union." Thesis for degree of Cand. Agricultural Sci. Sub 12 Apr 49, All-Union Sci Res Inst of Fertilizers, Agricultural Engineering, and Soil Science imeni K. K. Gedroyets.

Summary 82, 18 Dec 52, Dissertations Presented For Degrees in Science and Engineering in Moscow in 1949 From Vechernyaya Moskva, Jan-Dec 1949.

FRANKOWSKA, Janina

Properties of eyes in children. *Pediat. polska* 29 no.8:785-792
Aug 54.

1. Z Zespolu Klinik Dzieciacych Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie.
Kierownik: prof. dr. med. M.Michalowicz, prof. dr med. R.Baranski,
prof. dr. med. J.Kossakowski. i z Instytutu Matki i Dziecka w
Warszawie. Dyrektor: prof. dr med. Fr.Groer.

(EYE, physiology,
in inf. & child.)

FRANKOWSKA, Janina (Warszawa, ul Warszalkowska 6)

Defective vision caused by prematurity. *Pediat. polska* 32 no.7:777-782
July 57.

I. M. Instytutu Matki i Dziecka w Warszawie Dyrektor: prof dr med. Fr.
Gross i Zespołu Klinik Dzieciocych A. M. w Warszawie Kierownicy: prof.
dr med. R. Baranowski i prof dr med. M. Michalowicz.

(PREMATURE, PREMATURE)

prematurity causing visual defects (Pol))

(VISION)

defects in child caused by prematurity (Pol))

WALEWSKA, Irena; GULMANTOWICZ, Anna; KACPERSKA, Elzbieta; FRANKOWSKA, Krystyna;
CHOJNACKA, Irmina; KALINSKA, Jadwiga; SENDYS, Natalia

Appearance of iso-antibodies against the blood platelets, leukocytes
and erythrocytes after blood transfusion. Polski tygod. lek. 16 no.33:
1262-1267 14 Ag '61.

1. Z Zakladu Serologii; kierownik: dr med. S. Dubiski, z Oddzialu
Hematologicznego; kierownik: dr med. S. Pawelski i z Oddzialu Chorob
Wewnetrznych Instytutu Hematologii; dyrektor: doc. dr med. A. Trojanowski.

(ANTIBODIES) (BLOOD TRANSFUSION) (BLOOD PLATELETS)
(LEUKOCYTES) (ERYTHROCYTES)

FRANKOWSKA, Malgorzata

"Thomas More" by Danuta Petsch. Reviewed by Malgorzata Frankowska.
Kwart hist nauki i tech 8 no.1:104-105 '63.

"Thomas Aquinas" by Jozef Borgosz. Reviewed by Malgorzata Fran-
kowska. 101-103

STASIEWICZ, Irena; FRANKOWSKA, Malgorzata; GRZYBOWSKI, Stanislaw

Krakov sessions of the Institute for the History of Science
and Engineering of the Polish Academy of Sciences. Kwart hist
nauki i tech 8 no.2:317-321 '63.

FRANKOWSKA, Malgorzata; TARGOSZ-KRETOWA, Karolina; STASIEWICZ, Irena

Sessions of the Department of History of Social Sciences of
the Institute of History of Science and Technology of the
Polish Academy of Sciences. Kwart hist nauki i tech 8 no.3:
461-465 '63.

FRANCUSKA, MARIA

Frankowska, Maria, Problemy atlasu etnograficznego. Krakow, Nakl. Polskiego Tow. Ludoznawczego w Lublinie; skl. gl.: Towarzystwo Ludoznawcze, 1949. 61 p. (Problems of an ethnographic atlas. Bibl.)

SO: Monthly list of East European Accessions, LC, Vol. 3, No. 1, Jan. 1954, Uncl.

ZIOLKIEWICZ, Tadeusz; OSTROWSKI, Janusz; FRANKOWSKA-LEHARTOWSKA, Maria;
KORPAL ACKOWSKA, Regina; DRAGOWSKA-ZIEMIANSKA, Lidia.

Orthodontic abnormalities in youth during puberty in the
villages of Suchylas and Parkowo (Poznan district). Czas.
stomat. 18 no.5:573-577 My'65.

Orthodontic abnormalities and living conditions, caries, and
endocrine glands in youth during puberty inhabiting the villages
of Suchylas and Parkowo (Poznan District). Ibid. 579-582

1. Z Zakladu Ortodontji Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu (Kierow-
nik: doc. dr. T. Ziolkiewicz).

FRANKOWSKA-STOCHOWA, K.; KWIJUS, A.; OSINSKA, M.

Paternity determination on the basis of blood groups. Polski
tygod. lek. 6 nos.25-26:814-817 25 June 1951. (CJML 21:1)

1. Of the Institute of Medical Microbiology (Head -- Prof. L.
Hirszfeld, M.D.), of Wroclaw Medical Academy.

OSINKA, M.;FRANKOWSKA-STOCHOWA, K.

Method of determination of incomplete antibodies and their significance
in pathogenesis of hemolytic disease in newborn. Med. dosw. mikrob.
5 no.2:245-252 1953. (CJML 25:1)

1. Of the Institute of Microbiology of Wroclaw Medical Academy; Research
Center on Pathology of Pregnancy.

FRANKOWSKI, Alesander
FRANKOWSKI, Alesander; KIOSOWSKA, Zofia

Use of cast resins in orthopedics. Polski tygod. lek. 12 no.45:
1743-1745 11 Nov 57.

1. (Z Działu Naukowo-Doswiadczalnego Zarządu Przemysłu Ortopedycznego w Poznaniu; kierownik doc. A. Senger; z Instytutu Tworzyw Sztucznych w Warszawie dyrektor: doc. Marek Wajnryb i z Krakowskiej Wytworni Protez w Krakowie; dyrektor Florian Koralewski. (Otrzymano: 4. IV. 1957; adres: Krakow, ul. Pradnicka 10, Krak. Wytw. Protez.

(RESINS

cast resins in orthopedics (Pol))

(ORTHOPEDICS

cast resins in (Pol))

FRANKOWSKI, A.

Application of plastics in orthopedics. Polski przegl. chir.
29 no.1:77-81 Jan 57.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurgii Urazowej i Ortopedii Szpitala im.
G. Narutowicza w Krakowie Ordynator: prof. dr. J. Zaremba.
Adres autora: Krakow, Krupnicza 11a.

(PLASTICS,
in orthopedics (Pol))
(ORTHOPEDECS,
use of plastics (Pol))

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 9 Vol 13/12 Surgery Dec 59

6958. (1468) NEW METHODS OF MANUFACTURING ORTHOPAEDIC APPARATUS FROM POLYESTER RESINS - Nowa metoda sporządzania aparatów ortopedycznych z żywicy poliestrowej - Frankowski A. Kraków - TWORZYWA-GUMA-LAKIERY 1958, 8/3 (176-178) Tables 1 Illus. 2

A description is given of an original method of manufacturing orthopaedic apparatus from polyester resins directly on the subject's body. Prostheses prepared in this manner fit much more accurately than those prepared in the old way, using plaster casts. The results obtained up to now, particularly with foot supports, have been satisfactory.

(IX, 19)