

ADAMOVA, N.A., kand.tekhn.nauk dost.

Comparative technical and economic characteristics of the  
straight-line and progressing-bundle systems of production  
lines. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; tekhn.prom. no.5:26-37 '59.  
(MIRA 13:4)

1. Kiyevskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut legkoy promyshlennosti.  
Rekomendovana kafedroy ekonomiki promyshlennosti i organizatsii  
proizvodstva.

(Assembly-line methods) (Clothing industry)

ADANOVA, N. S.; NEPED'YEVA, I. V.

Pleura-Tumors

Primary malignant tumors of the pleura. Klin. med. 50 no. 7, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 195<sup>2</sup>~~3~~, Unclassified.

ADAMOVA, N.S.; YABLOKOV, D.D., professor. zasluzhennyy deyatel'nauki, zavedu-  
yushchiy.

Clinical aspects of primary cancer of the liver. Terap.arkh. 25 no.2:50-  
53 Mr-Apr '53. (MLRA 6:5)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii Tomskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni  
V.M. Molotova. (Liver--Cancer)

ADAMOVA, O.P.

Effect of growing conditions on the intensity of respiration by  
legume seeds. Sber. trud. asp. i mol. nauch. sotr. VIR no. 5:169-  
177 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

VOLKOVA, L.I.; SOBOLEVA, A.M.; ADAMOVA, T.K.

Raising geese in Latvia. Ptitsevodstvo 9 no.2:16-17 F '59.  
(MIRA 12:3)

1.Direktor Rezeknenskoj inkubatorno-ptitsevodcheskoj stantsii  
(for Volkova). 2.Direktor Daugavpiļesskoj inkubatorno-ptitsevodcheskoj  
stantsii (for Soboleva). 3.Glavnyy zooteknik respublikanskoj kontory  
inkubatorno-ptitsevodcheskoj stantsii (for Adamova).  
(Latvia--Geese)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ZACEK, K.; ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.; BURIAN, V.; REZACOVA, D.; SKRIDLOVSKA, E.; VANECKOVA, N.; VONKA, V.; Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology (Ustav Epidemiologie a Mikrobiologie), Prague, Manager (Reditel) Dr J. Malok.

"Vaccination with Live (Sabin) Poliomyelitis Vaccine."

Prague, Casopis Lekarů Ceskych, Vol 102, No 46, 1963, pp 1257 - 1268

Abstract: (Authors' English summary) Results of seriological and virological investigations conducted in Czechoslovakia between 1958 and 1960 are presented. Controlled field trials of the safety and effectiveness of the vaccination of children using oral poliomyelitis vaccine (Sabin vaccine) are discussed. Results of the virological control of the nation-wide vaccination of children by this type of vaccine in 1960 are given. 1 Figure, 11 Tables, 12 Western 13 Czech references.

1/1

KOS, Miroslav, MUDr; ADAMOVA, Vlasta, MUDr; ADAM, Ervin, MUDr; DEMANT,  
Ladislav, MUDr

Cesarean section in acute poliomyelitis with respiratory disturbances.  
Cesk. gyn. 19 no.4:261-265 July 54.

1. OUNZ Praha 8-Bulovka; inf. odd. predn.prof.MUDr. J.Prochazka;  
odd. por. gyn.prodn.doc Dr.J.Moudry; odd. chir., predn. prof. MUDr  
J.Knobloch.

(PREGNANCY, complications  
polyomyelitis with resp. disord., cesarean section in)

(POLIOMYELITIS, in pregnancy  
cesarean section, indic.)

(RESPIRATION  
disord. with polio. in pregn., indic. for cesarean  
section)

PROCHAZKA, Jaroslav, Prof., MUDr.; ADAM, Ervin, MUDr.; ADAMOVA, Vlasta, MUDr.

Respiration disorders in poliomyelitis. Prakt. lek., Praha 35  
no.12:279-280 20 June 55.

1. OUNZ Praha 8 - Bulovka. Infekcni oddeleni. Prednosta: prof.  
MUDr. Jaroslav Prochazka.  
(POLIOMYELITIS, complications  
resp. disord.)  
(RESPIRATION,  
disord., in polio)



PROCHAZKA, Jar, Prof., MUDr.; ADAM, Ervin, MUDr.; ADAMOVA, Vlasta, MUDr.;  
BENDOVA, N., MUDr.

Effect of lumbar puncture on the course of poliomyelitis  
anterior acute. Prakt. lek., Praha 35 no.14:313-315 20 July 55.

1. OUNZ Praha 8 - Bulovka, Infekcni oddeleni, Prednosta: prof.  
MUDr. Jaroslav Prochazka.

(POLIOMYELITIS

acute anterior, eff. of lumbar punction)

(SPINAL PUNCTURE

lumbar, eff. on acute anterior polio.)

PROCHAZKA, Jar., Prof., MUDr.; ADAMOVA, Vlasta, MUDr.; ADAM, Ervin, MUDr.

Therapy of respiratory disorders in poliomyelitis. Cesk. pediat.  
10 no.8:578-587 Oct 55.

1. Z kliniky infekcnich chorob v Praze 8--Bulovka, prednosta prof.  
MUDr. Jaroslav Prochazka.  
    (POLIOMYELITIS, complications  
      resp. disord., ther.)  
    (RESPIRATION  
      disord. in polio., ther.)

ADAM, Ervin, MUDr.; ADAMOVA, Vlasta, MUDr.

Diagnosis of diaphragmatic paralysis in polio. Cesk. pediat.  
10 no.8:588-589 Oct 55.

1. CUNZ-Praha 8--Bulovka, infekcni oddeleni. Prednosta: prof.  
MUDr. Jaroslav Prochazka.

(POLIOMYELITIS, complications  
paralysis of diaphragm, diag., x-ray)  
(DIAPHRAGM, paralysis  
in polio., diag. x-ray)

ADAMOVA, Vlasta, MUDr.; ADAM, Ervin, MUDr.

Pregnancy in acute anterior poliomyelitis. Cas. lek. cesk.  
94 no.30-31:815-818 22 July 55.

1. Z infekcniho odd. OUNZ--Bulovka, Praha 8, prednosta prof.  
MUDr. J. Prochazka. MUDr. Mir. Kos. Z porod. gynekol. odd. OUNZ--  
Bulovka, Praha 8, prednosta doc. MUDr. J. Moudry.

(PREGNANCY, complications  
polio., acute, anterior.)

(POLIOMYELITIS  
acute, anterior, in pregn.)

ADAM, E., MUDr.; ADAMOVA, V., MUDr.; DANESOVA, J., MUDr.

Prevention of chickenpox with mixed human plasma. Cesk. pediat.  
11 no.9:691-694 Sept 56.

1. Infekční klinika na Bulovce v Praze 8, prednosta prof. MUDr.  
Jaroslav Prochazka.

(CHICKENPOX, prev. & control  
mixed human plasma (Cz))

(PLASMA, ther. use  
prev. of chickenpox with mixed human plasma (Cz))

ADAM, Ervin, MUDr.; ~~ADAMOVA, Vlasta, MUDr.~~; TACHOVSKA, Marie, MUDr.

Acute anterior poliomyelitis in infants. Cesk. pediat. 11 no.9:  
698-703 Sept 56.

1. Infekcni klinika v Praze 8 - Bulovka, prednosta prof. Dr.  
Jar. Prochazka Dolacovaci ustav nasledku detske obrny v Krci-  
Praha XIV, prednosta Dr. M. Tachovska.  
(POLIOMYELITIS, BULBAR,  
anterior, acute in inf. (Cz))

ADAMOVA-V

KROO, H.; MALKOVA, N.; ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.

Paretic form of tick meningoencephalitis in childhood. Cesk.  
pediat. 12 no.3:247-249 Mar 57.

1. Infekcni klinika v Praze 8 - na Bulovce Prednosta prof. MUDr.  
Jaroslav Prochazka.

(MENINGOENCEPHALITIS, in inf. & child  
paretic tick meningoencephalitis (Cz))

(PARESIS, in inf. & child  
same)

(TICKS  
tick meningoencephalitis in child, paretic form (Cz))

ZACEK, Karel; VLADIMIRVONKA; ADAM, Ervin; ADAMOVA, Vlasta; RADKOVSKY, Josef

The state of seroimmunity for poliomyelitis in Czechoslovakia. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 2 no.4:423-437 1958.

1. Institute for Sera and Vaccines, Prague, Clinical Laboratory for Research on Poliomyelitis, Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague. K. Zacek, Ustav ser a ockovacich latek, Praha 12, Srobarova 48, Czechoslovakia.

(POLIOMYELITIS, immunol.  
serol. tests in Czech.)



ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.; ZACEK, K.; VONKA, V.; RADKOVSKY, J.

The incidence of poliomyelitis antibodies in children living in children's homes. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 2 no.4:438-442 1958.

1. Poliomyelitis Research Laboratories, Institute of Sera and Vaccines. Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague. E. Adam, Infekcni klinika, Nemocnice Bulovka, Praha 8, Czechoslovakia.  
(POLIOMYELITIS, immunol.  
antibody titer in child. in Czech.)

SKOVRANEK, V.; RADKOVSKY, J.; ROUDNY, J.; CERVENKA, J.; PECENKA, J.; SOVINA, J.;  
ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.; NOVAK, A.; ZACZEK, K.; VONKA, V.

Vaccination against poliomyelitis in Czechoslovakia in 1957. II. Evaluation of morbidity following vaccination. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 2 no.4: 469-477 1958.

1. Ministry of Health, Prague; Institutes of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague and Bratislava; Clinical Laboratory for Poliomyelitis Research, Charles University, Prague; Children's University Hospital, Infectious Diseases Department, Bratislava; Institute of Sera and Vaccines, Prague. V. Skovranek, Ministerstvo zdravotnictvi, Praha 12, Tr. W. Piecka 98, Czechoslovakia.

(POLIOMYELITIS, prev. & control,  
vacc. in Czech., morbidity in vaccinated child)

PROCHAZKA, J.; ADAMOVA, V.; ADAM, E.; RADKOVSKY, J.

Evaluation of vaccination against poliomyelitis in Czechoslovakia in 1957; The effect of vaccination on the clinical course of the paralytic form of poliomyelitis. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 2 no.4:473-483 1958.

1. Poliomyelitis Research Laboratories and Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague. J. Prochazka, Infekcni klinika, nemocnice Bulovka, Praha 8, Czechoslovakia.

(POLIOMYELITIS, prev. & control,  
vacc. in Czech., clin. course of paralytic forms in  
vaccinated child.)

ZACEK, K.; VONKA, V.; ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.

The antibody response in children vaccinated with the poliomyelitis vaccine injected in different ways. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 3 no.1: 60-66 1959.

1. Institute of Sera and Vaccines, Prague, Clinical Laboratory for Research in Poliomyelitis, Prague. K. Zacek, Ustav ser a ockovacich latek, Praha 12, Srobarova 48. Czechoslovakia.

(POLIOMYELITIS, immunol.

antibody response to intradermal & subcutaneous inject. of vaccine, comparison)

ZACEK, Karel; ADAM, Ervin; RADKOVSKY, Josef; VONKA, Vladimir; VANECKOVA, Nina; REZACOVA, Dagmar; JANDA, Zdenek; ADAMOVA, Vlasta

Repeated serological surveys performed in the general population of Czechoslovakia before and after the vaccination of children with inactivated and live poliovirus vaccine. J.hyg.epidem., Praha 4 no.4:453-469 '60.

1. From Institute of Sera and Vaccines, Clinical Laboratory for Poliomyelitis Research and from the Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague.  
(POLIOMYELITIS immunology)

ZACEK, K.; ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.; BURIAN, V.; REZAGOVA, D.; SKRIDLOVSKA, E.;  
VANECKOVA, N.; VONKA, V.

Vaccination with live poliomyelitis vaccine (Sabin). Virological and serological control of mass vaccinations performed in the Czechoslovakian SSR during 1958-59 and in 1960. Cas.lek.cesk. 102 no.46:1257-1268 N°63.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Praze (reditel prof. dr. K.Raska, DrSc.) a Ustav ser a ockovacich latek v Praze (reditel MUDr.J.Malek).

\*

... ..  
... ..  
... ..

... ..  
... ..

... ..

PROCHAZKA, Jaroslav; ADAMOVA, Vlasta; DOSTAL, Stanislav

Experience from the years 1961-1964 with diseases simulating  
poliomyelitis. Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. Univ. 8  
no.5:529-535 '65.

1. Infekcni klinika, Praha (prednosta prof MUDr. J. Prochazka).



Infectious Diseases

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

UDC 615.371(:576.858.23.095.5)

ADAM, E.; VONKA, V.; ADAMOVA, V.; BURIAN, V.; JANDA, Z.; KUBATOVA, E.; LESETICKY, F.; NOVAK, K.; Institute of Sera and Vaccines (Ustav Ser a Ockovacich Latek), Prague, Director (Reditel) Dr J. MALEK; Section of Clinical Epidemiology (Odbor Klinicko-Epidemiologiccky) Head (Vedouci) Dr E. ADAM; Section of Virological Research (Odbor Virologickeho Vyzkumu) Head (Vedouci) Docent Dr D. SLONIM; Institute for Postgraduate Medical Training-Clinic of Infectious Diseases (Ustav pro Doshkolovani Lekaru-Infekcni Klinika) Prague-Bulovka, Head (Prednosta) Prof Dr J. PROCHAZKA; Krajska Station of Hygiene and Epidemiology (Hygienicko-Epidemiologiccka Stanice) Usti nad Labem and Ceske Budejovice.

"Oral Mass Vaccination with a New Attenuated Type 3 Poliovirus. State of Serum Immunity of Selected Groups of the Child Population."

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol 105, No 36-37, 9 Sep 66, pp 999 - 1003

Abstract [Authors' English summary modified]: Poliovirus 3 Leon 12 a1b was used in one region and virus USOL D bac in the other. The second type produced persistent antibodies in a high percentage of children; results with the other are not conclusive. 3 Tables, 8 1/1 Czech references. (Manuscript received May 66).

... .., n. B., ADAMOVA, V. A., TRESHCHEVA, S. G.

Isomerism

Isomerization of polymethylene hydrocarbons under effects of aluminum chloride. Vest.  
Mosk. un. 5, No. 6, 1950.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 1952~~1953~~, Uncl.

CA

Isomerization of polymethylene hydrocarbons under influence of aluminum chloride. XVI. Isomerization of 1,1-dimethylcyclopentane. M. B. Luova-Pollak, V. A. Atlamova, and R. G. Treshchikova (Moscow State Univ.), *Zhur. Obshchei Khim. (J. Gen. Chem.)* 21, 250 (1941); *Vestnik Moskov. Univ.* 5, No. 6, Ser. *Fiz.-Mat. i Estest. Nauk* No. 4, 65-61 (1950); *J. C.S. 41, 1621b*; **42, 723a, 43, 157e**.—1,1-Dimethylcyclopentane is unchanged by  $AlCl_3$  at room temp., but after 10-15 hrs. at 100-15° it is changed to methylcyclohexane to the extent of 95-70% (by Raman method) or 92% (fractionation). The presence of quaternary C does not prevent the isomerization. The Raman analysis of the catalyzate made use of the  $884\text{ cm}^{-1}$  line of 1,1-dimethylcyclopentane and the 769 and  $845\text{ cm}^{-1}$  lines of methylcyclohexane. The prepn. was similar to that of Kazanskii, *et al.* (*C.A.* **42, 453f**), with the following improvements: dimedon was hydrogenated over Raney Ni at 90 atm. at 100°, and retreated 5-6 hrs. with H at 200° and 150 atm., giving 68.8% 1,1-dimethyl-3-cyclohexanol,  $b_p$  99°,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4562,  $d_4^{20}$  0.8330; oxidation with dil.  $HNO_3$  with  $NH_4$  metavanadate gave 70% mixed dimethyladipic acids, which, distd. over  $ThO_2$  hydrate gave 66% 2,2- and 3,3-dimethylcyclopentanones,  $b_p$  151-2°,  $d_4^{20}$  0.8070,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4346; these, boiled with excess  $N_2H_4 \cdot H_2O$  in EtOH gave the mixed hydrazones, which were pyrolyzed in a Ag crucible with KOH and Pt-C, giving 68-9% 1,1-dimethylcyclopentane,  $b_p$  88.2°,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4141,  $d_4^{20}$  0.7546. The isomerizations were done with 0.33 mole  $AlCl_3$ . S. M. Kosolapov

- Lab Org. Catalysts

1951

ADAMOVA, V.K.

Some problems in compiling outline tourist maps. Geod. i kart. no.3:  
51-54 My '56. (MIRA 9:10)  
(Tourism) (Cartography)

ADAMOVA, V.S., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Effect of sprinkler irrigation on the development of cotton pests  
and diseases. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 7 no.9:31 S '62,  
(MIRA 16:8)

1. Kazakhstanskaya respublikanskaya stantsiya khlopkovodstva.  
(Bet-Pak-Dala--Cotton--Diseases and pests)  
(Bet-Pak-Dala--Sprinkler irrigation)

ADAMOVA, Ye.N.

Work of temporary irrigation systems under conditions of different inclination of irrigated areas in eastern Georgia. Trudy GruzNIIGiM no.20:23-32 '58. (MIRA 15:5)

(Georgia--Irrigation)

ADAMOVA, Ye.N.

Establishing the factors to be considered in a temporary network under the conditions of the steep slopes in the irrigated regions of eastern Georgia. Trudy Gruz NIIGiM no.21:133-144 '60.

(MIRA 16:1)

(Georgia--Irrigation canals and flumes)

AVAMOVA, YU. S.  
CA

19

Sanitary ware from grog talence. Yu. S. Adamova. *Stekol. i Keram. Prom.* 4, No. 7, 18-19(1947).- The grog talence was prepd. from a plastic clay contg. 23.24%  $Al_2O_3$ . After firing, the body showed no deformation at 1350°. Kaolin was added to increase  $Al_2O_3$ ; 10% pegmatite was also added. The grog was fired at 1300-1350° (water absorption 7-11%). Grain size of the grog did not exceed 2 mm. The ware was cast. With the addn. of  $Na_2CO_3$  (0.17-0.18%) and Na silicate (0.27-0.40%) a slip was obtained with 27-30%  $H_2O$  and a d. of 1.6-1.7. Test bars dried under natural conditions showed a shrinkage of 2.6-3.9%. The yellow color of the body was masked with a porcelain-like paste made from a mixt. of kaolin 42, chalk 8, feldspar 2, and quartz 30%. About 0.1% of  $Co_2(SO_4)$  was added and the moisture content adjusted to 50-60%. Adhesiveness was obtained by adding 2-4% casein glue or 1.5% gelatin. Prior to use the paste is kept at 0-6°. Three or 4 brush applications were sufficient. Ware was then covered with a feldspar glaze. Firing was at 1250-1280°. Firing shrinkage was 4.8-5% and  $H_2O$  absorption of the body fired at 1290-1300° was 10-11%. The compressive strength was as high as 260 kg./sq. cm. B. Z. K.

COMMON ELEMENTS  
MATERIALS INDEX  
AISI SIA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION



PROCHAZKA, J.;ADAMOVA-PANKOVA, V.

Treatment of infantile paralysis of the acute stage. Prakt. lek.,  
Praha 3? no. 10-11:238-242 20 May 1952. (CLML 22:4)

1. Of the Infectious Department (Head--V. Kredba, M. D.) of the  
State Hospital, Bulovka.

COUNTRY : YUGOSLAVIA  
CATEGORY : H-31  
ABS. JOUR. : RZKhim., No. 1959, No. 73425  
AUTHOR : Adamic, D.  
INST. :  
TITLE : Production and Physico-Chemical Properties  
of Domestic Viscose Fibers. A Comparison  
with the Imported.  
ORIG. PUB. : Tekstilna ind., 1959, 6, No 11, 531-537  
ABSTRACT : Comparative tests of viscose fibers of  
Yugoslav and German manufacture have shown that Yugoslav  
fiber, except for some minor defects, is of good quality  
and can compete with imported fiber.  
T. Budkevich.

CARD: 1/1

ADAMOVIĆ, D.

Generalization of two theorems of A. Nijpasi and Bela Sz.-Hagy. In French.  
p. 81

Srpska akademija nauka. Matemicki institut. PUBLICATIONS.  
Beograd, Yugoslavia. Vol. 12, 1961.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (MEEA) LC, Vol. 1, no. 1, Aug. 1959.

Encl.

---

ANTIC, Milovan; KICIC, Miodjub; MICIC, Ratibor; ADAMOVIC, Mira

Functional examination of the thyroid gland with thyroid-stimulating hormone (the TSH test). Srpski arch.celok. lek. 91  
no.11:1021-1031    N°63

1. Klinika za unutrasnje Vojnomedicinske akademije u Beogradu;  
nacelnik: puk. prof. dr. Milan Arsenijevic.

\*

DRAGIC, Marko B.; ADAMOVIC, Mirjana G.; HAJDUKOVIC, Srdan I.; RADOTIC,  
Milorad M.

Induction of hematopoietin in rabbits irradiated with sublethal, lethal,  
and supralethal doses of X rays. Bul Inst Nucl 10:127-136 Mr '60.  
(EEAI 10:5)

1. Institut za nuklearne nauke "Boris Kidric" Radiobioloski  
laboratorij.  
(X rays)      (Intrinsic factor)      (Radiobiology)

JURIC, M. (Beograd); ADAMOVIC, O. (Beograd); POPOV, S. (Beograd);  
KOSTIC, J. (Beograd)

Determination of uranium contents in the rocks, and some characteristics of the work with nuclear emulsions on the reactor of Vinca. Ves mat fiz Srb no.12:125-134 '60.

ROGUIJ, Branko, dr.; ADAMOVIC, Ratimir, dr.; MIHALIC, Helena, Mr.Ph.;  
HAUPTMANN, Erik, dr.

Anticoagulant effect of acenocoumarol (Syncoumar "Egyt").  
Liječn. vjesn. 87 no.7:775-781 J1 '65.

1. Iz Interne klinike Medicinskog fakulteta, Opća bolnica  
"Dra Ozrena Novosela" u Zagrebu.

ADAMOVIC, V.

Our experiences in determining sulfur dioxide and formic acid in processed fruit.  
p. 1317

TEHNIKA, Beograd, Vol 10, No. 9, 1955

SO: EEAL Vol 5, No. 7, July 1956



Yugoslavia/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Fermentation industry, I-27

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6520

Author: Iankovic, Aleksandar; Adamovic, Vladimir

Institution: None

Title: Proportions of Formic Acid, Dry Residue, Alcohol and Total Acids in Blackberry Juice During Fermentation

Original

Publication: Tehnika, 1956, 11, No 7, 1072-1075

Abstract: It was found that the content of formic acid (I) added for preservation of the juice, decreases during fermentation and no direct correlation is observed between the above-stated phenomenon and changes in the content of dry residue, alcohol and total acids in the fermenting juice. Addition of I in an amount of 0.5% does not stop the fermentation process. The mechanism of reactions which cause the decrease in the content of I has not been elucidated. Summative content of dry residue and alcohol remains practically unchanged during fermentation.

Card 1/1

YUGOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Applications - Food Industry. H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 11, 1958, 37825

Author : Adamovic, V.M.

Inst : -

Title : Methods of Lead Determination in Food Products.

Orig Pub : Tehnika, 1957, 12, No 10, Prehoranbena Ind., 11, No 10, 153-155

Abstract : Survey, Bibliography 16 references.

Card 1/1

22

CLASSIFICATION	SECRET	H-28
ABS. JOUR.	RZKhim., No. 7 1960, No.	19981
AUTHOR	Ademovic, V. S.	
INST.	YUGOSLAV HYGIENIC INSTITUTE	
TITLE	The Identification and Determination of Synthetic Dyes in the Urine of Patients with Hematuria, Hemolysis, and Properties of Synthetic Dyes	
ORIG. PUB.	Stavak: Lab. Inst., 7, no. 7, 1960 (1960)	
ABSTRACT	<p>The properties of 13 water-soluble and 2 fat-soluble synthetic dyes are described. A method for their separation and identification by paper chromatography (ascending method), using their reactions with NaOH, as well as, is given together with a method for their study under normal and UV light. On the basis of the toxic properties of individual dyes, recommendations are made on the treatment of dyes-given, regulating the application of all dyes. The bibliography lists 40 titles.</p> <p>From author's summary.</p>	
ORIG. PUB.	<p>Synthetic Dyes Approved for Use in the Yugoslav Peoples Republic)</p>	

YUGOSLAVIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their      H  
Application, Part 3. - Food Industry.

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 21, 1958, 72397.

Author : Vladislav Adamovich

Inst :

Title : Substances Added to Alimentary Products. I. Preservers  
and Preservation.

Orig Pub: Tehnika, 1958, 13, No 2, Prehran. ind., 12, No 2, 29-32.

Abstract: Review. Bibliography with 7 titles.

Card : 1/1

131

COUNTRY : YUGOSLAVIA  
CITY : Technical Institute, Chemical Products and  
Their uses, Part 3, Food Industry  
RES. REP. : Technika, No. 1, 1960, No. 2422  
AUTHOR : Adamovic, V.  
TITLE : Organic Synthetic Dyes in the Light of Food  
Regulations and Hazardfulness for Human Health  
RES. REP. : Technika, 1960, 13, No 12, Technika, Int., 12,  
12, 196-198  
ABSTRACT : At the symposium on extraneous substances intro-  
duced into food products (Belgrade, 1958) the  
problem of the advisability of the uncontrolled  
use of aniline dyes in the food industry was  
discussed. A second was voiced that out of the  
20 dyes permitted by the food regulations of  
Yugoslavia only 14 dyes be added directly into  
food products, and that the remaining 6 be used  
for coloring surfaces (for example, for painting

1/2

11-150

SEARCHED :  
SERIALIZED :  
INDEXED :  
FILED :  
APR 24 1960  
FBI - NEW YORK

ORIG. PUB. :

ABSTRACT : choose crust). From the list of eyes, it is  
should necessary to exclude the unknown ones.  
vit.: 1000 (100 and rhodamine B. The use of  
Sulfuric acid and erythrosine acid should be  
checked until their physical properties are  
classified.-- V. 1000

DATE: 2/2

ADAMOVIĆ, V.M., dipl. hem.; HUS-MARKOVIĆ, M., mr. farm.;  
KOZOMARA, S., absol. hemije

Isolation and identification of certain carbohydrates in  
dehydrated juice of sweet cabbage by means of one-dimensional  
paper chromatography. Glas. hig. inst. 9 no.1/2:45-55 '60.

(VEGETABLES) (CARBOHYDRATES chem)

ADAMOVIĆ, Z.

List of collected species of orthoptera of Kosovo, Serbia.  
In English. p. 149. (Belgrade. Prirodnjacki muzej srpske zemlje.  
GLASNIK. BULLETIN. SERIJA E: BIOLOSKE NAUKE. Beograde.)  
Vol.7, no. 3, 1955.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL) Library of Congress,  
Vol. 5, No. 8, August, 1956.



ADAMOVIĆ, Z.

The grasshoppers *Caliptamus italicus* L. and *Call. barbarus* Costa in South Banat.  
p. 123.  
(GLASNIK, Vol. 11, No. 11, 1956 (Published 1957))

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec. 1957  
Uncl.

ADAMOVIC, Zivko R.

The Moroccan locust, *Doclostaurus maroccanus* Thunberg in North Banat, Serbia. Glas Prir muz B no.13:1-123 '59.

1. Serbian Museum of Natural History, Belgrade.

(Yugoslavia--Locusts)

ADAMOVIC, Zivko R.

*Machimus Biljci* n. sp. (Asilidae, Diptera) from Serbia.  
Glas Prir muz B 14: 43-44 '59.

1. Clan uredivackog odbora, "Glasnik Prirodnjackog muzeja".

1. ADAMOVICH, A.
2. USSR (600)
4. Wheat - Siberia
7. Variety and season for sowing spring wheat in Siberia. Sov. agron. 11, No. 4, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953. Unclassified

1. ADAMOVICH, A.B.
2. USSR (600)
4. Technology
7. Characteristics of fine oil filter. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March, 1953. Unclassified.

SOV/5-58-4-17/43

AUTHORS: ~~Adamovich, A.F., Zonenshayn, I.P., Sulidi-Mondrat'yev, Ye.D.,~~  
Uflyand, A.K.

TITLE: New Data on the Stratification of the Sandy Clay Strata of  
~~the Western Sayan~~ (Novyye dannyye po stratigrafii peschano-  
slantsevykh tolshch Zapadnogo Sayana)

PERIODICAL: Byulleten' Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley prirody,  
Otdel geologicheskoy, 1958. Nr 4, p 144 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This is a summary of a report given by the author at a  
meeting of the Moscow Society of Naturalists on 11 March 1958.  
In 1957, the authors of this article, together with O.A.  
Semenova, A.E. Kalis and others, tried to analyze the  
stratification of the sandy clay strata of the Western Sayan.  
They reached the conclusion that there are three different  
series; the lower series consists of the Syatkhol'skaya and Urskaya  
formations; the second series of a frequent, sometimes rhyth-  
mic alternation of green sandstones, siltstones and argil-  
lites; the third series, of the Shignetskaya formation. The names

Card 1/2

30V/5-58-4-17/43

New Data on the Stratification of the Sandy Clay Strata of the Western Sayan

of the following scientists are also mentioned: G.M. Vladimirovsky, A.G. Sivov, I.K. Bazhenov, N.A. Patov, as having worked in this field.

1. Geology
2. Earth--Structural analysis
3. Sand--Geology
4. Clays--Geology

Card 2/2

ADAMOVICH, A.F.; CHEKHOVICH, V.D.

Basic characteristics of the geology of eastern Cuba. *Biul. MOIP.*  
Otd. geol. 39 no.1:10-21 Ja-F '64. (MIRA 18:4)



ADAMOVICH, A.F.; CHEKHOVICH, V.D.

Conditions governing the formation of weathering surface in  
geosyncline areas as revealed by a study made in eastern Cuba.  
Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 29 no.9:84-93 S '64. (MIRA 17:11)

OSTROVSKAYA, Yu.A.; ADAMOVICH, A.I.

Improvement in the method for producing aprophene. Med.prom.  
13 no.4:45-47 Ap '59. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Khiniko-farmatsevticheskiy zavod "Farnakon".  
(PROPIONIC ACID)

ADAMOVICH, A.I.; VITENBERG, A.G.

Synthesis of dopane. Med.prom. 14 no.3:12-15 Mr '60.

(MIRA 13:6)

1. Zavod "Farmakon".

(URACIL)

ACC NR: AP6021775 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/012/0035/0035

INVENTOR: Adamovich, A. I.; Poznanskaya, E. M.; Fel'dman, R. M.; Sarenko, A. S.;  
Mikhaylova, N. P.; Tsirlina, S. S.

ORG: None

TITLE: A method for producing diethylaminoethyl ester of diphenylacetic acid (base  
of adiphenine). Class 12, No. 182715

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 12, 1966, 35

TOPIC TAGS: drug, ester

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a method for producing diethylamino-  
ethyl ester of diphenylacetic acid (base of adiphenine). The technological process  
is simplified by interacting diethylaminoethyl chloride in an aqueous solution with  
an alkali metal salt of diphenylacetic acid.

SUB CODE: 07, 11/ SUBM DATE: 15Jul64

Card 1/1

UDC; 66,095,132;615,717

ADAMOVICH, A. N.

USSR

Dneprostroy

On: Restoration of the Dneproges Dam

Soviet Source: P: Gidrotekhnicheskoye Stroitel'stvo, No. 5, '47, Moscow Abstracted in  
USAF "Treasure Island" Report No. 27192, on file in Library of Congress, Air  
Information Division.

ADAMOVICH, A. N.

35240

Tsementatsiya Betonnykhkladok i Osnovaniy <sup>u</sup>hidrosooruzheniy. Trudy Iv Bsesoyuz  
konf-tsii Po Betonu I Zhelezobeton. Konstruktsiyam. Ch. I. M-L 1949, 5.

284-95

SO: Letopis'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey Vol. 34, Maskva, 1949

3

*ADAMOVICH, N. I.*

**Effect of active admixtures on the properties of cement suspensions.** A. N. ADAMOVICH *Doklady Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R.*, 74 [3] 565 (87(1050))

Ca and Na sulfite liquors were added to Portland cement suspensions and the increase in specific surface of cement particles was measured with a photoelectric turbidimeter. The specific surface increased with the addition of admixture, reaching a maximum of 33% for sifted cement and about 10% for cement sifted through a sieve of 0.15 mm openings per cm<sup>2</sup>. For larger concentrations of the admixture, the specific surface decreased. The rate of sedimentation, as observed with a cathetometer, decreased 2 to 3.5 times as concentration of admixture increased to 0.15%. Particles less than 20 $\mu$  amount to about 50% in a cement suspension having a specific surface of 1850 cm<sup>2</sup>. The density of the sediment varied with concentration of admixture, being maximum for 0.3 to 0.5%; for 0.5 to 0.7%, the volume was greater. In concentrated suspensions, the effect of admixture on plasticity was very great; for solid to liquid ratio of 4.0, the greatest plasticity was obtained when the admixture concentration was 0.25%. The structure of hardened sediment was not uniform, the lower layers being stronger than the upper ones; this difference was more pronounced in going from concentrated to dilute suspensions but can be reduced by admixtures. Porosity of hardened cement product ranged from 23.5 to 47.4% depending upon composition of original suspension and the duration and conditions of hardening. The coefficient of filtration was determined under pressure of 6 to 8 atm.; the maximum was obtained after 7 days.

B.Z.K.

ASSOCIATED METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

COMMON ELEMENTS

COMMON VARIANTS

USSR.

Securing sandy water-saturated soils with cement sus-  
 pensions containing surfactants. A. N. Adamovich. *Izv.  
 Vyssh. Shkoly. Nank. S.S.S.R.* 87, 77-80 (1982). 3 refs. *Chem. Abstr.*  
 89:120 em. High were treated under pressures of 0.5-5.0  
 atm. with portland cement suspensions contg. hydrophobic  
 and hydrophilic surfactants. Optimum penetration was  
 achieved with addn. of surfactants. Penetration was  
 20% by wt. of the cement. The amount of surfactant  
 was 2-3 days longer than for cement alone. Hydro-  
 phobic surfactants pitched material pores of 0.1-0.2  
 and medium size. A lesser effect than for suspensions  
 of surfactants in wash water. Greater penetration  
 obtained by cement suspension which is prepared  
 in a bath of first by the addn. of wash water and then  
 with soap-forming reagent. The treatment of pores  
 of pores of 1.5-2 times is obtained by addn. of wash  
 water on 1.00% contg. surfactants. The stability of  
 influence of wash water increases.



ADAMOVICH, A. N.

7552

ADAMOVICH, A. N., BALYKOV, A. L., KOLTUNOV, D. V., TEKHNICHESKIYE USLOVIYA NA PROIZVODSTVO GIDROTEKHNICHESKIKH RABOT. TSEMENTATSIYA SKAL'NYKH POROD I GRAVELISTO - GALECHNYKH GRUNTOV V OSNOV-ANIYAKH I BEREGOVYKH PRIMYKANIYAKH GIDROTEKHNICHESKIKH SOORUZHENIY TU-31-54 (VREMENNYYE). SOST. USESOYUZ PROYEKTYM IN-TOM "GIDROENERGOPROYEKT". UTV. V. 1954 G. M. -L., GOSENERGOIZDAT, 1954, 80 S. S. CHERT. 20 SM. (M-VO ELEKTROSTANTSIY SSSR. UPR. KAPITAL'NOGO STROITEL'STVA). 2.000 EKZ. 3 R. 30 K.- NA OBOROTE  
TIT. L. SOST: A. N. ADAMOVICH, A. L. BALYKOV, D. V. KOLTUNOV.  
(55-3551) 626.01 / 624.138 (083.78)

80: KNIZHNAYA LETOPIS--Vol. 7, 1955

00000000/0000

AID P - 2131

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1 Pub. 35 - 20/20

Author : Editorial staff, this journal

Title : Adamovich, A. N. and Koltunov, D. V. Tsementatsiya  
osnovaniy gidrosooruzheniy (Concreting Foundations of  
Hydraulic Structures). Gosenergoizdat, 1953. (Book  
Review)

Periodical: Gidr. stroi., no.3, 48, 1955

Abstract : The book is recommended as a manual for designers and  
engineers. However, some problems are said to be in-  
sufficiently discussed. Several errors are listed and  
the editorial staff of this journal hope that the  
second edition of the book will be corrected.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

Electron-microscopic investigation of the effects of surface-active additions on the crystal development during the hydration of the cement-clinker minerals. A. N. Adamovskii. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR 103 277-278 (1978) 49-12886. Previous authors had observed the hydration of  $3CaO \cdot Al_2O_3$  in the presence of sulfite solution waste brine additions by using the electron microscope. The crystal habitus of the hydration products is changed from tabular and cubic forms to acicular shapes by these additions. The author investigated the effects of hydrophilic sulfite brines and of hydrophobic Na abietate on the crystal hydrates from  $3CaO \cdot Al_2O_3$ ,  $3CaO \cdot SiO_2$ , and  $2CaO \cdot SiO_2$ . He confirmed the previous observations on acicular Ca aluminat hydrates, and found an acceleration of the crystal growth to thicker needles if the concn. in the sulfite cellulose agents was increased from 0.1% to 0.3%. No free  $Ca(OH)_2$  was identified. An addn. of Na abietate to hydrating  $3CaO \cdot Al_2O_3$  brought about thin tabular hydrates and some spherulitic aggregates of  $Ca(OH)_2$ . Hydrates of  $2CaO \cdot SiO_2$  in pure  $H_2O$  showed variable forms, but no  $Ca(OH)_2$  was observed as a hydrolysis product. With 0.3% sulfite cellulose brine added, the hydrosilicates were bacillus-like in shape, with a slight splitting of the ends of the columnar forms. These "fringes" were even more typically developed if the concn. in the sulfite brine was increased to 0.5%.  $3CaO \cdot SiO_2$  was hydrolyzed in pure  $H_2O$ , forming the characteristic  $Ca(OH)_2$  spherulites; the fibrous or columnar forms of the hydrosilicate crystals were of the same type as observed in the  $2CaO \cdot SiO_2$  samples. In the presence of sulfite cellulose brine (0.3% to 0.5% added) the same "fringes" and cross-twinned forms were confirmed; evidently, the org. agent reduced the rate of the hydrolysis of  $3CaO \cdot SiO_2$  by adsorption effects.

W. Hitel

USSR /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products  
and Their Application

I-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31643

Author : Adamovich A. N.

Title : Electron-Microscopic Study of Crystal Formation  
on Hydration of Minerals of Cement Clinker and  
of Adsorptive Modification by the Action of  
Surface-Active Additions.

Orig Pub: Tr. Soveshchaniya po khimii tsementa. M., Prom-  
stroyizdat, 1956, 394-400

Abstract: Electron-microscopic studies have shown that on  
hydration of di-calcium hydrosilicate, in the  
absence of sulfite-alcohol vinasse (SAV), new  
formations result, having a dense structure and

Card 1/4

USSR /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products  
and Their Application

I-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31643

dimensions from 0.1 to 5-6 $\mu$ . On hydration of  $C_2S$  in a 0.3% solution of SAV there is noted the formation of elongated (rod-like) particles; on increase of the concentration to 0.5% there is observed a considerable adsorptive modification of  $C_2S$  with formation of 0.3-0.5 $\mu$  particles, and also the occurrence of elongated particles having a length of up to 5-6 $\mu$ , which are constricted at the middle and have strongly split ends. On hydration of  $C_3S$  in distilled water spherulitic  $Ca(OH)_2$  particles are formed soon after mixing with water and reach dimensions up to 1 $\mu$ . In the presence of SAV an adsorptive modification

Card 2/4

USSR /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products  
and Their Application

I-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31643

absent. C of laminar form disappear with lapse  
of time. Presence of  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  spherulites is  
noted. C of cubic form are fully stable and  
undergo intensive increase in size.

Card 4/4

ARABADZHYAN, I.R., inzh.; ADAMOVICH, A.N., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, kand.  
tekhn.nauk

Stabilizing sandy soils by grouting with vibration-ground cements.  
Izv.VNIIG 64:215-229 '60. (MIRA 14:5)  
(Soil stabilization) (Grouting)

PARONYAN, L.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, kand.tekhn.nauk; ADAMOVICH,  
A.N., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, kand.tekhn.nauk.

Laboratory and field tests of the use of clay-cement solutions in  
the construction of a hydroelectric power station on the Ufa River.  
Izv.VNIIG 64:231-241 '60. (MIRA 14:5)  
(Ufa River—Hydroelectric power stations) (Concret construction)



ADAMOVICH, A. N. (Cand Tech Sci)

'Methods for Improvement of Rock Foundations of Large Dams by Grouting with Special Neat Cement Colloidal Mixtures.'

report presented at the 8th Intl Conf of the Intl Comm on Large Dams, 4-8 May 64.

All-Union Sci Res Inst of Hydrotechnics, USSR

ADAMOVICH, Aleksey Nikolayevich; KOLTUNOV, Dmitriy Vasil'yevich;  
KRUKOVSKIY, M.Ya., nauchn. red.; VAYTS, V.M., red.

[Cementing foundations of hydraulic structures] Tsenentatsiia osnovanii gidrosooruzhenii. Izd.2., dop. Moskva, Izd-vo "Energiia," 1964. 513 p. (MIRA 18:1)

Ushakov, A.I., inzh.tekhnstruk; PAVLYUK, I.N., inzh.

Method of separating fibres with previously activated ...  
high-speed ball mill mixers. Trudy N IZHS no.33(1969) ...  
(1969:18:2)

1. Vsesoyuzny nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut glavnogo ...  
inzh B.Y. Zakharyeva, Leningrad.

ADAMOVICH, A. V.

Cand Tech Sci

Dissertation: "Influence of the Filter of Fine Purification  
on the Contamination Degree of Oil in Automobile Engine."

27/12/50

Hon I - All-Union Sci Res Order of the Labor Red Banner  
Automobile and Automotive Inst.

**SO Vecheryaya Moskva**  
**Sum 71**

USSR/ Miscellaneous

Card 1/1 ; Pub. 12 - 7/14

Authors : Adamovich, A. V., Cand. of Techn. Sc.

Title : Selection of a system of inserting oil filters

Periodical : Avt. trakt. prom. 3, 20-22, March 1954

Abstract : Data on the selection of proper ways of inserting oil filter elements into the lubrication system of internal combustion auto- and tractor engines are presented. The hydraulic characteristics of oil filter elements are described. Graphs; drawing.

Institution : The Scientific Automotive Institute (NAMI)

Submitted : ...

~~ADAMOVICH, T. V.~~

USSR/Engineering - Oil filters

Card 1/1 : Pub. 12 - 4/16

Authors : Adamovich, A. V.; and Vasil'ev, T. I.

Title : Band paper filter for fine oil cleaning

Periodical : Avt. trakt. prom. 8, 12-15, Aug 1954

Abstract : The Scientific Automotive Institute designed and produced a band-paper filter of a new design, for fine oil cleaning in automobile and bus engines. Extensive tests were conducted on the above filter to determine its operation under various conditions, and a comparison is made with the existing oil filters type ASFO, LBF, and BMF. Tables; drawings; diagrams; illustrations; graphs.

Institution : .....

Submitted : .....

ADAMOVICH, A.V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; GRIGOR'YEV, M.A.; LEBEDEV, S.A.  
kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk

Centrifugal filters for cleaning oil in automobiles. Avt. i trakt.  
prom. no.8:3-9 Ag'55. (MIRA 8:11)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomotorny institut  
(Automobiles--Engines--Oil filters)

AUTHOR: Eliava, A.Kh. and Adamovich, A.V., Candidate of Technical Sciences SOV, 117-59-2-5/20

TITLE: An Improved Design of Oil Control Piston Rings (Uluchsheniye konstruktsii maslos"emnykh porshnevnykh kolets)

PERIODICAL: Avtomobil'naya promyshlennost', 1959, Nr 2. pp 10-11 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors describe the new design of oil-control piston rings for "ZIL" engines. Tests conducted by NAMI in the Moscow bus depots revealed that increased oil consumption in "ZIL-124" engines is caused by carbon deposits in the slots of standard oil-control piston rings. These slots were enlarged from the standard size of 1 mm to 1.5-1.75 mm, thus decreasing the oil consumption by 60-70% and increasing the running time between general overhauls by 50%, e.g. from a previous average mileage of 11,400 km to 20,100 km. Similar results were obtained by NAMI with tractor engines. There are 2 tables, 1 photo, 1 diagram, and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: NAMI  
Card 1/1



AUTHOR: Kalachev, L.D., Lapidus, V.I., Adamovich, A.V., Chapkevich, V.A., Dymshits, I.I., Candidates of Technical Sciences, Korchemnyy, L.V., and Konev, B.F. SOV/113-59-2-20/20

TITLE: Critique and Bibliography (Kritika i bibliografiya)

PERIODICAL: Avtomobil'naya promyshlennost', 1959, Nr 2, pp 47-48 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This is a critical review of the "Raschët i konstruirovaniye mashin, sbor." (Calculation and Design of Machines, Symposium), published by the Chelyabinskiy politekhnicheskyy institut (Chelyabinsk Politechnical Institute), Volume 10. Mashgiz, 1957.

ASSOCIATION: NAMI

Card 1/1

USCCOMM-DC-61005

12(2)

SOV/113-59-4-16/19

AUTHOR: Adamovich, A.V., Candidate of Technical Sciences

TITLE: Wound Steel Piston Rings on Automobiles

PERIODICAL: Avtomobil'naya promyshlennost', 1959, Nr 4, pp 42-45 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author reports on experiments conducted in the USSR with wound steel piston rings. Such piston rings found a widespread application for modern vehicle engines in America, Great Britain and other countries. In 1957, NAMI conducted experiments with imported steel piston rings for determining the constructional parameters and the operational characteristics. Figure 3 shows the installation of such piston rings on a piston of a ZIL-120 engine. Test stand investigations of steel piston rings were conducted with KAZ-120, GAZ-M20, "Moskvich-402" and YAME-204 engines. Based on the test results, NIITavtoprom developed the technology of manufacturing steel piston rings for the ZIL-120. The test stand operation showed the advantages of the steel piston rings. Road tests with vehicles having steel piston rings in their engines were conducted by NAMI, the Gor'kovskiy avtozavod (Gor'kiy Automobile Plant)

Card 1/3

SGV/113-59-4-16/19

Wound Steel Piston Rings on Automobiles

and at the Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva (Moscow Automobile Plant imeni Likhachev). These tests showed that the steel piston rings were equal to or better than conventional piston rings. Satisfactory results were obtained with tests of these rings installed in bus engines. The rings were installed in the bus engines by the AREMZ Nr 1 plant in Moscow. Similar tests were conducted with taxis of the "Podeba" type at the VARZ Nr 2 plant in Moscow. These investigations showed that the interval of necessary piston ring replacements is extended by 5000 to 10,000 km using steel piston rings compared to cast iron rings. The Michurinskiy zavod porshnevnykh kolets imeni Lenina (Michurinsk Piston Ring Plant imeni Lenin) started the production of such piston rings on a small scale. Thereby, certain experience will be obtained which is used for developing the specialized machine tools being planned by NIITAvtoprom. This equipment will be manufactured by plants of the Tambov sovnarkhoz and is scheduled to be installed in 1959 for the mass production of steel piston rings at the Michurinsk Piston Ring Plant. The piston rings will be used as spare

Card 2/3

SOV, 113-50-4-16/19

Wound Steel Piston Rings on Automobiles

parts for vehicles which are already in operation. There are  
3 photographs, 1 diagram, 2 graphs and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: NAMI

Card 3/3

S/113/60/000/004/003/007  
D249/D301

AUTHORS: Adamovich, A.V., and Vzorov, B.A., Candidates of Techni-  
cal Sciences

TITLE: Forked current-collecting apparatus for measuring  
piston temperature

PERIODICAL: Avtomobil'naya promyshlennost', no. 4, 1960, 23-24

TEXT: Measurements of piston temperature in engines are universally  
undertaken with the aid of thermocouples. However, hitherto, this  
method has found only a limited application owing to lack of reliable  
current-collecting instruments. Existing instruments are applicable  
for engines developing not over 2500 r.p.m. For modern automobile engines  
which develop 4000-5000 r.p.m., these instruments are unsuitable. The  
organization НАИИ (NAMI) has designed an apparatus which permits  
measuring piston temperatures in engines having up to 5000 r.p.m. The  
forked apparatus, shown in Fig. 1, has no moving contacts, but is pro-  
vided with fixed, stable contacts of a sliding type which do not "stick"

Card 1/2

J

Forked current-collecting...

S/113/6 0/000/004/003/007  
D249/D301

at high speeds. Moreover, the short duration of the contact engagement (corresponding to 40° of the crankshaft turn) is maintained. There are 6 figures.

ASSOCIATION: NAMI

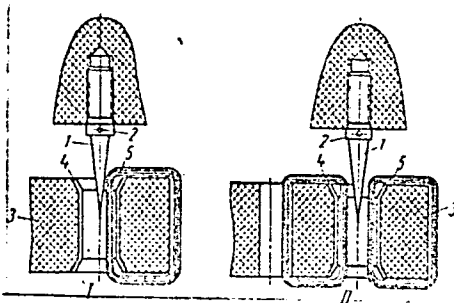


Fig. 1. General arrangement of two variants of a current-collecting forked apparatus: Legend. 1 - contacts in the form of tapered pins made of chromel or copel; the contacts are mounted on a textolite block fastened in the piston; 2 - openings through which pass thermocouple leads that are soldered to each contact; 3 - current-collecting textolite block; 4 - rolled out steel socket made of a thin-walled steel pipe 4 mm in diameter; 5 - turns of chromel or copel wire.

Рис. 1. Принципиальные схемы двух вариантов токосъемного вилчатого прибора.

block; 4 - rolled out steel socket made of a thin-walled steel pipe 4 mm in diameter; 5 - turns of chromel or copel wire.

GINTSBURG, B.Ya., doktor tekhn.nauk; ADAMOVICH, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk;  
TIKHOMIROV, Ya.V.

Selecting the length of the connecting rod of automobile and tractor  
engines. Avt. prom. no. 1:13-17 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Vsesoyuznyy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut zaochnogo  
obrazovaniya, i Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo  
Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i  
avtomotornyy institut.

(Tractors--Engines) (Automobiles--Engines)  
(Connecting rods)

ADAMOVICH, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; TKHOMIROV, Ya.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Statistical investigation of the strength of the block carter  
of a V-engine. Avt.prom. 27 no.8:8-11 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotorny  
institut.

(Automobiles--Engines)



ADAMOVICH, A.V.; KOGAN, Yu.A.

Testing overhead-valve gas-distributing mechanisms of high-speed engines. Avt.prom. 27 no.12:8-10 D '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotornyy institut.  
(Gas and oil engines--Testing)

ADAMOVICH, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Design and construction of twisted steel piston rings.  
Avt.prom. 28 no.1:4-7 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotorny  
institut.

(Piston rings)

ADAMOVICH, A. V., kand. tekhn. nauk; TIKHOMIROV, Ya. V., kand.  
tekhn. nauk

Measuring loads in the crankshaft of a running engine. Avt.  
prom. 28 no.6:5-9 Je '62. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni  
nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotorny institut.

(Shafting--Testing)

VZOROV, B.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; ADAMOVICH, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Study of the temperature field of the piston of the SMD-14 engine.  
Trakt.i sel'khoz mash. 32 no.4:13-16 Ap '62.      (MIRA 15:4)

1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni  
nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotorny institut.  
(Tractors--Engines)

ADAMOVICH, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Selecting construction dimensions and working parameters of piston rings for automobile engines. Avt.prom. 29 no. 2, 12, 16 F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy traktorny institut.

(Piston rings)

SHIRYAYEV, V.M., inzh.; ADAMOVICH, A.V., kand. tekhn. nauk;  
AZAREVICH, G.M., kand. tekhn. nauk

Using the method of pulsed surface hardening for increasing  
the wear resistance of piston pin bosses. Vest. mashinostr.  
44 no.5:46-49 My '64. (MIRA 17:6)

ADAMOVICH, A.V., kand. tekhn. nauk

See more on V.G. Goncharenko's monograph "Investigation of  
piston rings of motor-vehicle engines." Vest. mashinostr. 44  
no.6:89-91 Je '64. (MIRA 17:8)

ADAMOVICH, D.V.

Removal of hydrogen sulfide and other impurities from natural, cracking, or similar gases. N. P. Adamovich and D. V. Adamovich. USSR, 65,831, Feb. 28, 1949. H<sub>2</sub>S and other impurities are removed by passing the gas through absorbents; this is followed by 2-stage desorption. The steam-gas mixt. obtained in the second stage of desorption is used as heating medium for the first stage of desorption.

ASB-52A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

GROUPS	AD AND ALI GROUPS	LETTERS	LETTERS
A	A	A	A
B	B	B	B
C	C	C	C
D	D	D	D
E	E	E	E
F	F	F	F
G	G	G	G
H	H	H	H
I	I	I	I
J	J	J	J
K	K	K	K
L	L	L	L
M	M	M	M
N	N	N	N
O	O	O	O
P	P	P	P
Q	Q	Q	Q
R	R	R	R
S	S	S	S
T	T	T	T
U	U	U	U
V	V	V	V
W	W	W	W
X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y
Z	Z	Z	Z
AA	AA	AA	AA
AB	AB	AB	AB
AC	AC	AC	AC
AD	AD	AD	AD
AE	AE	AE	AE
AF	AF	AF	AF
AG	AG	AG	AG
AH	AH	AH	AH
AI	AI	AI	AI
AJ	AJ	AJ	AJ
AK	AK	AK	AK
AL	AL	AL	AL
AM	AM	AM	AM
AN	AN	AN	AN
AO	AO	AO	AO
AP	AP	AP	AP
AQ	AQ	AQ	AQ
AR	AR	AR	AR
AS	AS	AS	AS
AT	AT	AT	AT
AU	AU	AU	AU
AV	AV	AV	AV
AW	AW	AW	AW
AX	AX	AX	AX
AY	AY	AY	AY
AZ	AZ	AZ	AZ



06435

SOV/107-59-5-30/51

25(1)

AUTHOR: Adamovich, E. (Sverdlovsk)

TITLE: A Simplified Method of Manufacturing Parts of AKR-7  
Plastics

PERIODICAL: Radio, 1959, Nr 5, p 38 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: For manufacturing simple plastic parts, dial knobs, etc., which require only one accurate surface, the author suggests a very simple method. Plasticine is filled into a container of suitable dimensions. The model of the part to be produced is pressed into the plasticine. Powdered AKR-7 plastic is dissolved in a solvent and stirred until it becomes viscous and is then filled into the prepared mold. After 4-6 hours the part is removed and receives its final shape by cutting with a razor blade. The part is dried for two days and is then boiled in water for 60-90 minutes, whereupon it becomes completely

Card 1/2

06435

A Simplified Method of Manufacturing Parts of AKR-7 Plastics  
SOV/107-59-5-30/51

solid. The author further gives some recommendations for coloring, such as by adding soot to the plastic in small amounts.

Card 2/2

PHASE I BOOK EXPLORATION: SOV/4893

Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po fizike, fiziko-khimiicheskim svoystvam ferritov i fizicheskim osnovam ikh primeneniya. 22, Minsk, 1959  
 Ferrity: fizicheskkiye i fiziko-khimiicheskiye svoystva. Doklady (Ferrites; Physical and Physicochemical Properties. Reports) Minsk, Izd-vo AN BSSR, 1960. 555 p. Errata slip inserted. 4,000 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agencies: Nauchnyy sovet po magnetizmu AN SSSR. Otdel fiziki tverdogo tela i poluprovodnikov AN BSSR.

Editorial Board: Resp. Ed.: M. P. Sirota, Academician of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. K. P. Belet, Professor, Institute of Physics, Professor E. M. Polivanov, Professor, Institute of Physics, Professor G. A. Smolenskiy, Professor, N. M. Shol'va, Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, E. M. Smolarenko, and L. A. Bashkirov; Ed. of Publishing House: S. Kholyavskiy; Tech. Ed.: I. Volokhanovich.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for physicists, physical chemists, radio electronics engineers, and technical personnel engaged in the production and use of ferrimagnetic materials. It may also be used by students in advanced courses in radio electronics, physics, and physical chemistry.

COVERAGE: The book contains reports presented at the Third All-Union Conference on Ferrites held in Minsk, Belorussian SSR. The reports deal with magnetic transformers, electrical and ferromagnetic properties of ferrites, studies of the growth of ferrite single crystals, problems in the chemical and physicochemical analysis of ferrites, studies of ferrites having rectangular hysteresis loops and multicomponent ferrite systems exhibiting spontaneous magnetization, problems in magnetic attraction, highly coercive ferrites, problems in magnetic ferromagnetic resonance, magneto-optic magnetic spectroscopy, using ferrite components in electrical circuits, Principles of electrical and magnetic properties, etc. The Committee of Ferrites, AS USSR (S. V. Vonsovskiy, Chairman) organized the conference. References accompany individual articles.

Ferrites (Cont.) SOV/4893

X Sirota, M. P., and E. Z. Katsnel'son. Temperature Dependence of the Magnetic Permeability of Nickel-Magnesium-Zinc Ferrites	242
Mishin, D. D., M. T. Plastun, and E. Z. Adzhamovich. Temperature Magnetic Hysteresis in Nickel-Zinc Ferrites	249
X Mishin, D. D., L. V. Nikonova, and T. I. Bychkova. The Effect of Unilateral Compression and Temperature on the Magnetostatic Properties of Nickel-Zinc Ferrites	253
Kozhukov, Ya. F., and A. S. Mil'mer. Magnetic Anomalies of Iron and Cobalt Ferrites	258
X Sirota, M. P., and E. Z. Katsnel'son. On the Electrical Conductance of Nickel-Magnesium-Zinc Ferrites and its Temperature Dependence	263

Card 9/18

Card 4/18

ADAMOVICH, I. I.

11

26

The pitch content of stump resin. I. I. Adamovich. *Mult. Kuvor forsttech. Akad.* (U. S. S. R.) No. 52, 15-33 (1958).—The relative increase in the pitch content of pine shims, continuing for 10 to 30 years after cutting of the tree, is due exclusively to decay processes which cause decomn. of the less tarry components. The abs. amt. of resinous substances, concd. chiefly in the heartwood, decreases steadily after cutting. John Livak

ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

GROUP	CLASS	SECTION	SUBSECTION	DESCRIPTIVE	INDEXING