

ABASHIDZE, A. I.

AID P - 1379

Subject : USSR/Electricity

Card 1/2 Pub. 26 - 6/30

Authors : Abashidze, A. I., and Branovskiy, M. A.,
Kands of Tech. Sci.

Title : The performance of turbine foundation frame-
structures under dynamic load.

Periodical : Elek. Sta., 2, 18-25, F 1955

Abstract : The authors performed a series of tests with
eight types of turbine foundations, most of
which were built between 1947 and 1949 (one was
built in 1933 and another in 1936). The aim
of the tests was to study the character of
vibrations of the foundation as a whole and of
its separate parts, and, in particular, to

Elek. Sta., 2, 18-25, F 1955

AID P - 1379

Card 2/2 Pub. 26 - 6/30

determine the speed resonance of the system: turbine and foundation. The author graphically represents the eight types of frames, presents diagrams of the shape of vibrations, and gives a table of numerical data of the results of the tests. 2 tables, 5 diagrams.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

ABASHIDZE, A.I., doktor tekhn. nauk; KAZANDZHYAN, A.T., inzh.

Precast reinforced concrete foundations for turbine-generator
units. Energ. stroi. no.41:3-7 '64.
(MIRA 17:11)

124-57-1-985

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 1, p 137 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Abashidze, A. I.

TITLE: On a Method for the Determination of the Frequencies of Free Vibrations (Ob odnom sposobe opredeleniya chastot sostvennykh kolebaniy)

PERIODICAL: Izv. Tbilissk. n.-i. in-ta sooruzh. i gidroenerg., 1955, Vol 9, pp 137-149

ABSTRACT: The equation of the flexure line of a single-span beam of constant rigidity is written in the form $y=f(x)$, where $f(x)$ is a function the form of which depends on the nature of the supports. This function contains also parameters that characterize the static loads. The author approximates this function in the form of a trigonometric or exponential series which converges for the free vibrations of the beam and, for the determination of any one of the frequencies, assigns therein terms that correspond to a given form of the vibrations. Assuming a harmonic character for the vibrations, the static loads in the initial equation are replaced by the inertial forces arising in the vibrational motion, whereupon the frequency of the free vibrations is determined from the equation. Examples are adduced, confirming the sufficient accuracy of this method

Card 1/2

124-57-1-985

On a Method for the Determination of the Frequencies of Free Vibrations (cont.)

- with a considerable saving in labor - as compared with the exact solutions.

V. P. Shidlovskiy
1. Beams--Vibration--Frequency determination 2. Beams--Vibration--Mathe-
matical analysis 3. Approximate computations--Applications

Card 2/2

ABASHIDZE, A.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Dynamic loads taken into account in designing foundations for
turbine installations. Elek.sta. 27 no.4:19-21 Ap '56. (MLRA 9:8)
(Turbines) (Foundations)

ABASHIDZE, Andrey Ivanovich; BERENSETZYN, S.A., red.; VORONIN, K.P.,
tekhn.red.

[Dynamics of steam turbine foundations] Dinamika fundamentov
parovykh turbin. Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1960. 132 p.
(Steam turbines--Foundations) (MIRA 13:9)

S/285/63/000/002/003/012
A052/A126

AUTHOR: Abashidze, A.I.

TITLE: On the problem of dynamic calculation of turbo-generator foundations

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Otdel'nyy vypusk. 49. Turbostroyeniye, no. 2, 1963, 7, abstract 2.49.42. (Izv. Tbilissk. n.-i. in-ta sooruzh. i gidroenerg, v. 14 (18), 1962, 133 - 137)

TEXT: A calculation method is suggested according to which the foundation amplitude depends on the rigidity and mass of structural elements and not on the mass alone as was assumed by the previously adopted ТЭП (TEP) method which resulted in an excessive material outlay. By the proposed method frequencies of natural horizontal oscillations were determined on a 1 : 10 scale model of a foundation for a 150,000 kw turbo-generator. The rated frequency values almost coincided with the experimental ones. There are 7 references.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

ABASHIDZE, Andrey Ivanovich; BERENSHTEYN, Semen Abramovich;
SAPOZHNIKOV, Fedor Vasil'yevich; SHTAYERMAN, Yu.Ya.,
prof., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye., tekhn. red.

[Foundations for steam turbines (turbogenerators)] Fundamen-
tally parovykh turbin (turbogeneratorov). Moskva, Gos-
energoizdat, 1963. 334 p. (MIRA 17:3)

ABASHIDZE, A.I., doktor tekhn. nauk; LITVIN, I.S., inzh.

Study of the vibration conditions of a precast reinforced concrete foundation of a 200 MW. turbogenerator. Energ. stroi. no.1:7-12 '65.
(MIRA 18:7)

1. ARASHIDZE, A. T.
2. USSR 600
4. Plant Lice - Georgia (Transcaucasia)
7. Materials for a study of the aphids of Georgia, Soob. AN Gruz. SSP, 12, No. 7, 1951.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April, 1953, Uncl.

ABASHIDZE, A.T.

INSTITUTE OF PLANT PROTECTION, INSECTS • Beneficial Insects
KALANDAKI, L.P., TULASHEVILI, N.H.

Address: Tbilisi, Georgia, No. 21, Tbilisi, USSR 7654

INSTITUTE OF PLANT PROTECTION, AS Georgian SSR,
KALANDAKI, L.P., TULASHEVILI, N.H.

Title: Results of Testing BHC in Control of
the Complex of Fleeting, Hidden from Soil
Insects of Insects Harmful to the Ear Crops.

Other publ.: Tbilisi, 1971, 127 pp., 1 fig., 1 chart, 1 tab.

Abstract: by mixing winter wheat seeds with 10% BHC
the rate of one and two eggs/center, the
infestation by chalcidoparthenins was
correspondingly lowered to 54-70%, by Brachycer-
otus noxius to 56-73%, and settling of
stinkbugs of the genus Acalyptis to 55 and 95%,
by the larva of the flea beetles to 79-91%,
by the common spring grain aphid to 90%, by
the frit fly to 34-90%. The metatoxic action

* Alkhazishvili, T.V.; Abashidze, A.T.
C.R.D. : 1/3

COUNTRY :

CATEGORY : GENERAL & SPEC.ZOOLOGY, INSECTS

ABS. JOUR : Ref Zhur -Biologiya, No. 2, 1959, No. 7054

AUTHOR :

INST. :

TITLE :

ORIG. PUB.:

ABSTRACT : of BHC on Chlorops pumilionis is noted: 65.7% of its pupae perished (in the control only 2%). Following the dusting of the seeds with BHC at the rate of 1 and 2 kg/hectare, the daily death rate of Zabrus tenebrioides reached 70-96% and the productivity of the sowings increased by 35-70%. In experiments (in boxes), at the rate of 2 kg/centner of BHC ~ 50% of the larvae of Zabrus tenebrioides died. In a dry soil the sowings with the dusted seeds were

CARD: 2/3

ABASHIDZE, E.K.

The concept of readiness ("ustanovka"). Vop. psichol. 2 no.4:
21-33 Jl-Ag '56. (MLRA 9:10)

1. Institut psichologii imeni D.N. Uznadze AN Gruzinskoy SSR.
(Psychology)

PRANGISHVILI, A.S., red.; KHODZHAVA, Z.I., red.; ABASHIDZE, E.K., red.; BOCHORISHVILI, A.T., red.; BZHALAVA, I.T., red.; NATADZE, R.G., red.; NORAKIDZE, V.G., red.; SONGULASHVILI, M.I., red.izd-va; KHOKHIA SHVILI, V.M., red.izd-va; DZHAPARIDZE, N.A., tekhred.

[Experimental studies on the psychology of attitude] Eksperimental'nye issledovaniia po psikhologii ustanovki. Tbilisi. 1958. 598 p. (MIRA'12:11)

1. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR. Tiflis. Institut psikhologii.
(Attitude (Phychology))

ABASHIDZE, G. G. Doc Med Sci -- (diss) "The Extrapleural
Pneumothorax and Oleothorax in Pulmonary ~~tuberculosis~~ Patients
^{no} at Expanded Pneumolysis." Tbilisi, 1957. 30 pp 21 cm. (Tbilisi
State Medical Inst), 200 copies (KL, 17-57, 98)

- 56 -

ANTELAVA, N.V.; ABASHIDZE, G.G.

Experience in using a mechanical suture in lung resection. Trudy
NIIEKHAI no.5:28-30 '61. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Iz 1-y khirurgicheskoy kliniki Tbilisskogo instituta
usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.
(SUTURES) (LUNGS--SURGERY)

ABASHIDZE, G.G.

Lung resection in cavernous tuberculosis. Trudy Tbil. GIDOV
6:193-202 '62. (MIRA 16:2)
(LUNGS-SURGERY) (TUBERCULOSIS)

ABASHIDZE, G.G., prof.; DZHIKIYA, O.A., assistant.

Role of pneumoperitoneum in surgery of pulmonary tuberculosis.
Probl. tub. 40 no.6:99-100 '62 (MIRA 16:12)

1. Iz kafedry 1-y khirurgii (zav. - chlen-korresponden't AMN SSSR sasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. N.V. Antelava Tbilisskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. - prof. G.R. Khundadze) na baze 1-y Goreodskoy tuberkuleznoy bol'nitay (glavnnyy vrach A.Ye. Beseliya), Tbilisi.

GVERDTSITELI, I.M.; MIKHEYEV, I.P.; FIDLER, Kh.N.; ABASHIDZE, G.S.;
KUBLASHVILI, M.V.; UGREKHELIDZE, D.Sh.

Technological processes for obtaining molding materials based
on tung cake, Plast.massy no.11:49-50 '61. (MIRA 14:10)
(Tung nut) (Plastics)

ROMANENKOV, I.G.; ABASHIDZE, G.S.

Effect of the concentration of alkali solutions on the physico-mechanical properties of glass plastics. Plast. massy no.11
39-41 '64
(MIRA 1851)

L-14354-65 FPA(s)-2/EUT(m)/EPF(c)/EUF(v)/EPF(m) 100%
A-FCC-100% A-FCC-100%

mechanical properties of fiberglass ✓

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy*, no. 11, 1964, 39-41

TOPIC TAGS: fiberglass, fiberglass strength, phenol binder, polyester fiberglass, phenol fiberglass, furyl fiberglass / KAST-V laminate

ABSTRACT: The effect of the alkali on the properties of polyacrylate ester

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000100110009-9"

L 14354-65
ACCESSION NR: APR048210

sodium hydroxide/solution, however, depends on a number of factors.

RECORDED DATE: 04/03/2001

SUBMITTED: 00 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: MT, OC

NO REF Sov: 006 OTHER: 025

Card 2/2

L-18332-65 EWP(e)/EPA(s)-2/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EPP/IWP(j)/T/EWP(b) PC-4/PQ-4/PT-4/
PS-4 WF/RM/VH
ACCESSION NR: AP5001263 S/0072/64/000/012/0010/0013

AUTHOR: Romanenkov, I. G. (Candidate of technical sciences); Abashidze, G. S.
Engineer

REVIEWED: _____ A concentration of reinforcing media in the strength of glass

TOPIC TAGS: glass fiber, alkali glass fiber, alkali-free glass fiber, glass

study is considered important because of the known effect of the concentration

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

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Card 2 / 2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000100110009-9"

1. 40770-65 EWP(e)/EPA(s)-2/EWT(m)/EPP(c)/EPR/EWP(j)/T Pe-4/Pr-4/m-s-4/Pt-10
MW RM

ACCESSION NR AP5006561

8/0191/65/000100110009-0001

AUTHOR: R. Tsvetkov, I. G., Abashidze, G. S.

TITLE: Effect of acid concentration on the strength of glass-reinforced plastic*

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy, no. 3, 1965, 39-41

TOPIC TAGS: fiberglass, glass reinforced plastic, polyester, phenolic binder, glass fiber strength, acid treatment

ABSTRACT: In a 2-part study, the authors investigated (1) the effect of 240-hrs. treatment at 18-22°C with H_2SO_4 (to 50%), HNO_3 (to 60%), and HCl (to 35%) on the physical and mechanical properties of KAST and FAKT "fiberglass" (based on VPF) and their composites with glass and fiber reinforcement.

(2) the effect of varying acid concentration on the strength of glass-reinforced plastic.

The effect of varying acid concentration was measured by the following methods:

Card 672

I 40220-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5006561

glass and causing the sample to swell, while 20-40% H₂S had a destructive effect. The resistance to mineral acids was generally higher in KAST-V phenolic plastics than in KAST phenolic plastics and highest in polyester phenolics, the latter being a non-polar plastic.

See tables and figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUMMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 002

Card 2/2

ROMANENKOV, I.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; ABASHILOV, G.S., inzh.

Effect of the concentration of aggressive media on the strength
of glass filaments. Stek.liker. 21 no.12:10 D '64.

(MIRA 18:3)

l. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut stroitel'nykh
konstruktsiy.

ABASHIDZE, Iyakliy; IVANOV, Yu. [transaltor]; MIKAV, N. [translator]

[On the banks of the Ganges. Translated from the Georgian] Na
beregakh Ganga. Tbilisi, Zaria Vostoka, 1959. 81 p.
(MIRA 14,8)
(India—Description and travel)

HONSHIDE, K. A.

Def. at Tbilisi State U.

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Geometric Chemical Sciences

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ABASHIDZE, K.A.

SUBJECT USSR / PHYSICS CARD 1 / 2 PA - 1297
AUTHOR ŠACHULOV, O.A., KEBULADZE, N.A., ANDRONIKASVILI, E.L., ABASIDZE, K.A.
TITLE A New Type of Decay of a Heavy Meson ?
PERIODICAL Žurn.eksp.i teor.fis, 31, fasc.1, 167-168 (1956)
Publ. 7 / 1956 reviewed 9 / 1956

In the summer of 1955 I.I. GUREVIC and his collaborators exposed an emulsion chamber with 45 layers of a photoemulsion of 400μ thickness of the type P in a height of from 25 to 27 km. The emulsion chamber remained in this altitude for 2 hours. Hereafter the emulsion chamber was placed at the disposal of the authors who found the following three cases after a microscopic examination:
1.) A charged particle of unknown mass has a range of 2000μ in the emulsion; it then comes to a standstill and decays into a positive pion with a trace of 365μ length. The positive pion in turn decays into a positive myon with a trace length of 630μ , and the latter decays into a positron. The entire sequence of decays takes place in the plane of a photo emulsion. 2.) A charged particle of unknown mass is ejected from a star with 4 black and 3 relativistic traces; after 5600μ it comes to a standstill and decays into a negative pion which then forms a σ-star. The decay sequence is in the plane of a photo emulsion. 3.) A charged particle of unknown mass comes to a standstill after 6500μ and decays into a positive pion. This act of decay and the following ones ($\pi^+ \rightarrow \mu^- \rightarrow$ positron) are in the plane of a photo layer. All three cases have the existence of a pion trace with $357 \mu \pm 2\%$ in common. As all these pions are monochromatic, the + particle of unknown mass most probably decays according to

Zurn.eksp.i teor.fis, 31, fasc.1, 167-168 (1956) CARD 2 / 2 PA - 1297
a two-layer scheme. Such two-particle acts of decay under participation of a
3,4 MeV pion have hitherto not been known.
Here only some decay schemes with the addition of the masses of known particles
are taken into account:

Possibility I: $\pi^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ + \pi^0 + Q$. In this case its mass is: $m_{\pi^+} = 560 m_e$, $Q = 6,8$ MeV.

Possibility II: $\pi^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ + \theta^0 + Q$. with $m_{\pi^+} = 1260 m_e$, $Q = 4,4$ MeV.

Possibility III: $\pi^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ + \gamma + Q$ with $m_{\pi^+} = 350 m_e$, $Q = 33,4$ MeV.

Possibility IV: A K^+ meson with a mass of 970 m_e decays according to the scheme
 $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ + ?^0 + Q$. In this case it is true that $m_{?^0} = 680 m_e$ and that $Q = 4,8$ MeV.

The following must be added to the above: The possibilities I, II, and III result
in new measuring values of the charged primary particle, and the variety IV re-
sults in a new value of the mass of the neutral secondary meson. In one of the
cases, the negative particle, after being decelerated in the emulsion, is not
captured by a nucleus, but it decays into a negative pion, which, in turn, forms
a σ -star.

Direct measuring of the mass of the primary particle is being continued.

INSTITUTION: Institute for Physics of the Academy of Science of the Grusinian SSR.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000100110009-9

HASH D26, R.A.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000100110009-9"

ABASHIDZE, K.; KOKOCHASHVILI, V.

Kinetics of ethyl acetate formation depending on the solvent [in
Georgian with summary in Russian]. Trudy Tbil. GU no.62:183-188
'57. (MIRA 11:7)

I.Tbilisskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Stalina, kafedra
fizicheskoy khimii.
(Ethyl acetate) (Chemical reaction, Rate of)

ABASHIDZE, K. A., BOGDAVADZE, N. V., CHANTLADZE, T. L., NASKIDASHVILLI, I. D.,
MOGULISHVILI, L. M., and GVAKHARIA, V. V.

"Neutron Activation Analysis of Manganese Ore"

paper presented at the All-Union Seminar on the Application of
Radioactive Isotopes in Measurements and Instrument Building,
Frunze (Kirgiz SSR), June 1961)

So: Atomnaya Energiya, Vol 11, No 5, Nov 61, pp 468-470

ABASHIDZE, K.A.

Kinetics of oxidation of a bivalent manganese ion by ammonium
persulfate. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 33 no. 2:325-330 F '64.
(MIRA 17:9)

1. Institut fiziki AN GSSR. Predstavleno chlenom-korrespondentom
AN GruzSSR D.I.Eristavi.

ABASHIDZE, K.R.

Some characteristics of deaths from the action of electricity
according to autopsy materials from the city of Tiflis. Vop.
elektropat.i elektrotrav. 1:31-36 '61. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom Byuro glavnay sudebno-meditsinskoy
ekspertizy Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya Gruzinskoy SSR. Iz
kafedry sudebnoy meditsiny (zav. dotsent V.S.Shanidze) Tbilisskogo
gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(TIFLIS--ELECTRICITY, INJURIES FROM) (DEATH--CAUSES)

ABASHIDZE, K.R.

Disorders of cerebral circulation as a result of an injury of
the large cervical blood vessels. Sud.-med.ekspert. 7 no.2:
54-55 Ap-Je '64. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Kafedra sudebnoy meditsiny (zav. - dotsent V.S. Shanidze)
Tbilisskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

ABASHIDZE, N. A., SYSTRYY, N. F. and BAKHTADZE, T. K.

"The Utilization of Neat Hydrolysates in the Production of a Bacteriophage", Work
of the Tbilisi Scientific-Research Institute of Microbiology, and Bacteriophages",
Vol. 2, pp 103-106, 1950.

S/137/62/000/002/137/14.
A052/A101

AUTHOR Abashidze, N. F.

TITLE Spectrochemical investigation of the distribution of rare and small elements in ores and ore-bearing rocks of the Upper Rachi (Chveshur group)

PERIODICAL Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 2, 1962, 4, abstract 2K17 ('Yezhegodnik Kavkazsk. in-ta mineral'n. syr'ya za 1957 g.', Moscow, Gosgeoltekhnizdat, 1959, 47-48)

TEXT Methods of the spectral analysis of rare and small elements in antimony deposits of Chveshur group are worked out: the quantitative determination for Sb within 0.003 - 1% with the relative error of $\pm 3\%$, for Bi within 0.008-0.1% with the relative error of $\pm 1\%$, for Sn within 0.003 - 1% with the relative error of $\pm 1\%$, for W within 0.004 - 1% with the relative error of $\pm 2.5\%$; the semiquantitative determination for Co, V, Zr, Ag, As, Cd, Ga, In, Y and Ce. An investigation of the process of evaporation of ore and mineral powders has shown that the method of spilling powders by the air flow has a number of advantages over the method of evaporating samples from the channels of carbon

Card 1/2

Spectrochemical investigation ...

S/137/62/000/002/137/144
A052/A101

electrodes. These advantages are: no fractional evaporation of elements in the flame, the possibility of selecting any element as an internal standard, a higher sensitivity and accuracy in the determination of elements. The effect of the composition of samples on the shift of calibrating curves is investigated, and the regularity in the shifts depending on the degree of sulfidity of samples is found.

L. Vorob'yeva

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

ABASHIDZE, N.G. (g. Akhaltsikhe)

Rectal injection of alcohol solution in surgery. Khirurgia no.2:
59 F '55. (MLRA 8:5)

(ALCOHOL, ETHYL, administration,
rectal, anesth. adjunct.)

(ANESTHESIA, LOCAL,
potentiation, rectal ethyl alcohol)

PKHALADZE, G.M., prof.; MACHAVARIANI, S.N., dotsent; TSINTSADZE, A.N.; MACRADZE, K.G., dotsent; POCHKHUA, P.E.; CHOCHUA, D.V., kand. med. nauk; KOTARIYA, V.G., kand. med. nauk; KADAGIDZE, K.I., kand. med. nauk; GURABANIDZE, T.A., kand. med. nauk; PKHAKADZE, A.S., kand. med. nauk; AMIRIDZE, M.V., kand. med. nauk; KAVTARADZE, V.A., kand. med. nauk; KUTALADZE, L.A., kand. med. nauk; TSAGARELI, G.G., kand. med. nauk, [deceased]; KENCHADZE, I., kand. med. nauk; ABASHIDZE, N.G., kand. med. nauk; KHMALADZE, T.I., kand. med. nauk; DZHADZHANIDZE, D.V., kand. med. nauk

Effectiveness of the treatment of infectious syphilis (stage I and II) with bicillin-1 and bicillin-3. Vest. derm. i ven.
no.1:56-61 '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Tbilisskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy kozhno-venerologicheskiy institut (dir.- dotsent S.N. Machavariani) i kafedra kozhno-venericheskikh bolezney (zav.- prof. G.M. Pkhaladze) Tbilisskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.

ABASHIDZE, S.

Prolonging tire life, Avt. transp. 36 no. 3:15 Mr '58, (MIRA 11:3)
(Automobiles--Tires)

ABASHIDZE, S.D.

Equipment for heating oil in a container. Obm.tekh.opyt.na avt.
transp. no.4:37-38 '60. (MIRA 13:12)
(Motor vehicles--Lubrication)

ABASHIDZE, S.D.

Device for vulcanizing tires in molds. Obn.+ekh. opyt.na avt.transp.
no.4:43-45 '60. (MIRA 13:12)
(Vulcanization)

ABASHIDZE, T.G.

Country : USSR

E

Category: Virology. Bacterial Viruses (Phages)

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103507

Author : Popkhadze, M. Z., Abashidze, T.C.

Inst : -

Title : Characteristics of Brucella Bacteriophage Isolated
in the Tbilisi Scientific Research Institute of Vaccines
and Sera

Orig Pub: Sb. Bakteriofagiya, Tbilisi, Gruzmedgiz, 1957,
321-325

Abstract: From the liquid manure and sewage of a cow barn in
which cases of brucellosis of long-horned cattle
had been observed four races of phage were isolated.
The method of enrichment was used in the isolation
of the phages -- B. abortus and B. melitensis cultures

Card : 1/2

COUNTRY : USSR
CATEGORY : Microbiology

AUTH. JOURN. : Ref Zhur-Biologiya, No.4, No. 14932

AUTHOR : Abashidze, T.G. NO. 14932
INST.

TITLE : Epidemiological Control for the Effectiveness of Live Brucella Vaccines.

ORIG. PUB. : Zh. mikrobiol., epidemiol. i immunobiol.,
1958, No.1, 114-119

ABSTRACT : A 3-year study, conducted in 8 districts of Georgian SSR, on the effectiveness of desiccated antibrucella live vaccine of the VA (Veterinary Academy) showed that among those vaccinated (2,835 persons) who had come in contact with animals sick with brucellosis 0.1% had the infection, and among the control non-vaccinated group - 22.6%. Incidence among the people was frequently registered in April - June in the period of birth and lac-

CARD: 1/3

COUNTRY :
CATEGORY :

ARE. JOUR. :

AUTHOR :
INST. :
TITLE :

No. 14952

ORIG. HUE. :

ABSTRACT : cination strengthened all the immunological
reactions which prevailed for 1 1/2 - 2 years.
-- A.N. Shibayev

CARD: 3/3

L 55204-65 FWT/11 PI-4 TJP/c

SOURCE: Ref. zh Khimiya, Abs. 58166

AUTHOR: Melikadze, L. D.; Abashidze, T. G.

Title: Analysis of "Norin"

Author: Dr. I. A. Khim., AN

B

ACC NR: AT7002655

SOURCE CODE: UR/2552/66/000/047/0107/0119

AUTHOR: Abashidze, V. G.

ORG: none

TITLE: Thermal effects in GAK type silicon gravimeters

SOURCE: Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki. Prikladnaya geofizika, no. 47, 1966, 107-119

TOPIC TAGS: gravimeter, measuring instrument, temperature dependence

ABSTRACT: Investigations of astatized silicon gravimeters of the GAK-3M and GAK-4M types were made under laboratory and field conditions. In particular, the dependence of the zero drift on temperature, stability of thermal coefficients in time, the behavior of silicon systems in the presence of periodic and stepped temperature variations, and changes in the scale value of the instruments were considered. The zero drift was measured in a thermal chamber of various temperatures. The zero drift was found to increase with an increase in the temperature. This effect was attributed to a growing creep of elastic elements in the silicon systems caused by the temperature rise. In order to determine the effect of temperature on the scale value of the gravimeters, measurements were made at temperatures ranging from 0 to 35C. Various temperature levels inside the gravimeters were maintained over a period lasting 1.5 to 2 days. It was shown that as the temperature inside the gravimeters

Card 1/2

ABASHIDZE, V.G.

Results of determining temperature coefficients and zero-point dis-
placements in quartz gravimeters with liquid temperature compensation.
Trudy Inst. geofiz. AN Gruz. SSR 18:173-186 '60. (MIRA 13:10)
(Gravimeter (Geophysical instrument))

Studies of gravitational field ...

S/169/62/000/008/015/090
E202/E192

The survey was based on 41 supporting points which are linked through the initial Tbilisi point with the Potsdam grid. The results of survey (1902 points) were completed by 57 pendulum points and 1393 points collected by industrial organisations. Method of survey in difficult and inaccessible mountainous regions is described. The errors in the determination of the anomalies are described. It is shown that in order to increase the accuracy of the gravity force reduction in mountainous regions, it is of greater importance to determine more accurately the density than the elevation of the point. The Δ_{2g} (Buge) anomalies are strongly deformed by the effect of the topography and hence for all the 3400 points the effect of the topography was taken into consideration within a radius of 200 km. Brunce and Zhongolovich (Zongolowicz) corrections were incorporated in the observations. A brief description of the gravitational field of Caucasus in the "free air" (Faya) reduction Δ_{1g} , and local topographic Δ_{2g} (Buge) reduction is given. Simultaneously with the survey, studies of rock densities were carried out which showed that the belt of density changes decreases with the increasing age of the rocks, and

Card 2/3

ABASHIDZE, V.G.

Experimental study of the dynamic temperature effect in
quartz gravimeters. Trudy Inst. geofiz. AN Gruz. SSR
21:205-211 '63. (MIRA 18:12)

ABASHIDZE, V.G.

Standardization of quartz gravimeters. Trudy Inst. geofiz.
AN Gruz. SSR 22:135-152 '64.

(MIRA 18:12)

ABASHIDZE, V. S.

Abashidze, V. S. - "On the problem of the arrangement of the sympathetic trunk of the vertebrate," Trudy in-ta eksperim. morfologii (Akad. nauk Gruz. SSR), I, 1948, p. 175-39 - In Georgian language - Resume in Russian - Bibliog: 11 items

SO: U-2600, 10 July 53, (Leto ia 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 6, 1950).

ABASHIDZE, V.S.

Structure of the brachial plexus in amphibians and reptiles.
Soob.AN Gruz.SSR 17 no.2:169-175 '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR, Institut eksperimental'noy morfolo-
gii, Tbilisi. Predstavлено deystvitel'nym chlenom Akademii A.N.
Natishvili.

(BRACHIAL PLEXUS)

NATISHVILI, A.N. [deceased]; ABASHIDZE, V.S.

Changes in the intramural nerve plexuses and in the mucous membranes
in iliocoloplasty. Arkh.anat.gist.i embr. 37 no.9:37-44 S '59.
(MIRA 13:1)

1. Iz Instituta eksperimental'noy morfologii AN GSSR. Adres avtora:
Tbilisi. Institut eksperimental'noy morfologii AN GSSSR.
(COLON transpl.)
(ILIUM transpl.)

NATISHVILI, A.N. [deceased]; ABASHIDZE, V.S.

Changes in the wall of the small intestine of a dog following X
irradiation. Trudy Inst. eksp. morf. AN Gruz. SSR 8:119-126 '60.
(MTRA 14:10)
(X RAYS--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (INTESTINES)

ABASHIDZE, V.S.

Structure of spinal neuroplexuses in bats (*Myotis oxygnathus*).
Trudy Inst. eksp. morf. AN Cruz. SSR 8:127-129 '60. (MIRA 14:10)
(BATS) (NERVOUS SYSTEM--MAMMALS)

ABASHIDZE, V.S.

Structure of spinal neuroplexuses in the hare (*Lepus e. caucasicus*).
Trudy Inst. eksp. morf. AN Gruz. SSR 8:131-133 '60. (MIRA 14:10)
(HARES) (NERVOUS SYSTEM—MAMMALS)

ABASHIDZE, V.S.

Structure of spinal neuroplexuses in the squirrel (*Sciurus persicus anomalus*). Trudy Inst. eksp. morf. AN Gruz. SSR 8:135-137 '60.

(MIRA 14:10)

(SQUIRRELS)

(NERVOUS SYSTEM--MAMMALS)

ABASHIDZE, V. S.

Doc Med Sci - (diss) "Comparative anatomy of spinal cord nerve plexuses and sympathetic nerve cords of vertebrates." Tbilisi, 1961. 31 pp; (Tbilisi State Med Inst); 180 copies; price not given; list of author's works on pp 30-31 (21 entries); (KL, 7-61 sup, 254)

LEZHAVA, A.S.; ABASHIDZE, V.S.

Conference of readers of "Arkhiv Anatomii, Gistologii i Embriologii"
in Tbilisi. Arkh. anat. gist. i embr. 40 no.3:116 Mr '61.
(MIRA 14:5)
(ANATOMY--PERIODICALS)

ABASHIDZE, V.S.; DZHAVAKHISHVILI, N.A., red.; KOBIDZE, L.K., red.
izd-va; BOKERIYA, N.B., tekhn. red.

[Comparative anatomy of cerebrospinal nerve bundles and
sympathetic trunks in vertebrates] K sravnitel'noi anatomii
spinnomozgovykh nervnykh spletensii i simpaticheskikh stvo-
lov pozvonochnykh. Tbilisi, Izd-vo AN Gruz.SSR, 1962. 151 p.
(MIRA 17:2)

ABASHIDZE, YA. L.

25111 ABASHIDZE, YA. L. Rost I Razvitiye Evkaliptov V Zapadnoy Gruzii V Svyazi S Ekologicheskimi Faktorami. Trudy In-ta Lesa (Akad. Nauk Gruz. SSR.) T.I, 1949, S.39-106 - Na Gruz. I Rus. Yaz - Bibliogr:42 Nazv.

SO: Letopis', №. 33, 1949

ABASHIDZE, YA.I.

Eucalyptus

Problem of germination of eucalyptus seeds. Les. i step' h, no. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952, 1953, Uncl.

• *Abashidze, Ya.I.*
• USSR/Forestry -

J-4

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 25 Aug 1957, 69118

Author : Abashidze, Ya.I..

Inst :

Title : Types of Forest Cultures in Georgian SSR.

Orig Pub : Tr. In-ta lesa AN GruzSSR, 1956, 6, 27-40

Abstract : In order to increase the effectiveness of forest cultivation the territory of Georgia was divided into 3 forest-growing districts with subdivision of these into vertical belts (as noted). In conformity with these 50 species of forest cultures were developed and an assortment of woody and bushy species are recommended, which include 49 kinds of primary and 33 of secondary woody species and 24 bushes.

Card 1/1

- 38 -

ABASHIDZE, Ya. L.: Doc Agric Sci (diss) -- "Forest crops of the Georgian SSR and the outlook for their development". Tbilisi, 1958, published by the Georgian Agric Inst. 56 pp (Min Agric USSR, Georgian Order of Labor Red Banner Agric Inst), 100 copies (KL, No 13, 1959, 108)

ABASHIDZE, Ye.M.

Karst of the Shaora Basin. Nov.kar.i spel. no.2:44-52 '61.
(MIRA 15:9)
(Shaora Valley—Karst)

ABASHIDZE, Zh.N.; BERIKASHVILI, I.G.

Spectrographic determination of lead in electrolytic chromium.
Soob. All Gruz. SSR 34 no.38564 Je 1/4 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Submitted October 5, 1963.

SOV/136-52-11-9/21

AUTHORS: Selikman, A.N., Bibikova, V.I., Petrov, V.M., Postnikova, S.V., Abashkin, G.I., Pritula, V.F. and Nikitina, L.N.

TITLE: Study of the Behaviour and Recovery of Rhenium in the Roasting of Molybdenite Concentrates in a Fluidized-Red Roaster (Izuchenie povedeniya i ulovlivanija reniya pri obzhig'e molibdenitovykh kontsentratov v pechi kipyashchego sloja)

PERIODICAL: Sovetnyye Metally, 1958, Nr 11, pp 47-52 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The rhenium concentration in some molybdenite concentrates from ores of mainly copper-molybdenum deposits reaches 0.02 - 0.10% and these are one of the principle sources of the element. In 1956 a rare-metals works adopted fluidised roasting, the composition of a batch of concentrate being 42.35% Mo, 35.42% S (total), 0.73% Cu, 2.98% Fe, 6.95% SiO₂, 0.58% Cu, 0.12% W, 0.025% Re, 0.033% Se, trace of Ti, 1.0% H₂O, 2.2% flotation reagents. The plant has a rotary kiln and a fluidised roaster discharging into a common electrostatic precipitator. Analysis of samples (table 1) shows a 94.6-% distillation of rhenium in

Card 1/3

SOV/136-53-11-9/21

Study of the Behaviour and Recovery of Rhenium in the Roast of Molybdenite Concentrates in a Fluidized-Bed Roaster

the fluidized roaster, compared with 50% for the rotary kiln but the existing dust-catching system involved 79.5% loss of rhenium in the waste gases.

A bubbler (fig.1) installation type VSFU designed by Mintsvetmet which could deal with part of the gas was tested and found to be 89-95% efficient with respect to rhenium, most (75-92%) of the quantity trapped being in the form of soluble compounds; the losses of liquid from the bubbler were shown to be due to evaporation rather than mechanical entrainment.

Removal of pulp from the bubbler is recommended when pulp acidity becomes 30-50 g/litre and rhenium concentration 0.15 - 0.30 g/litre. The installation is recommended by the authors. The Mintsvetmetzoloto large laboratory fluidized roaster (fig.2) was used to study the behaviour of rhenium and its recovery in the roasting of low-grade molybdenite concentrates (20.5% Mo, 17.5% S (total), 18.31% SiO₂, 4.06% Cu,

Card 2/3

SOV/136-53-11-9/21

• Study of the Behaviour and Recovery of Rhenium in the Roasting of Molybdenite Concentrates in a Fluidized-Bed Roaster
1.60% CaO, 7.16% Fe, 0.21% W, 0.04% Re) at 590-650°C and an air velocity in the stack of 8-9 cm/sec (giving an hourly productivity of 75-80 kg/m² of hearth area). A materials balance (table 3) for a 12 hour run shows that the method is successful with such concentrates; the distillation of rhenium being 93.2% of the quantity in the concentrate. There are 2 figures and 3 tables.

Card 3/3

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/4805

Abashin, Georgiy Ivanovich, and Grigoriy Muradovich Pogosyan

Tekhnologiya polucheniya vol'frama i molibdena (Tungsten and Molybdenum Production Processes) Moscow, Metallurgizdat, 1960. 259 p. Errata slip inserted. 2,150 copies printed.

Ed.: A.F. Sinyakov; Ed. of Publishing House: O.M. Kamayeva; Tech. Ed.: A.I. Karasev.

PURPOSE: This is a textbook for training foremen and skilled workers in the field of tungsten and molybdenum production.

COVERAGE: Methods of producing tungsten and molybdenum metal suitable for manufacturing rolled products are reviewed in the book and the physicochemical properties of tungsten and molybdenum and their compounds are described. Principal methods of processing raw materials and equipment used for this purpose are presented. Safety and dust removal techniques are discussed. All the chapters were written by G.I. Abashin except Chapters IV, V. and IX,

Card-1/7

Tungsten and Molybdenum Production Processes

SOV/4805

which were written by G.M. Pogosyan. The authors thank O.Ye. Kreyn, L.V. Belyayevskaya, and A.F. Sinyakov for their comments in reviewing this book. There are 18 references, all Soviet.

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Foreword

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Card 8/7

ABASHIN, G. I.

Regeneration of rhenium from rhenium-tungsten alloy wastes.
Tsvet. met. 33 no.5:69-70 My '60. (MIRA 13:7)
(Tungsten-rhenium alloys) (Rhenium)

ABASHIN, G.I.

B

3/697/61/000/000/001/018
D228/D303

AUTHORS: Zelikman, A. N., Bibikova, V. I., Petrov, V. M., Postnikova, S. V., Abashin, G. I., Tritulo, V. P. and Nikitina, L. N.

TITLE: Study of the behavior and recovery of rhenium during the roasting of Kadzhara and Koundrad molybdenite concentrates in a boiling layer

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR, Institut metallurgii im. A. A. Bakulova, Institut mineralogii, geokhimii i kristallichimii redkih elementov. Mezhdunarodnaya konferentsiya po redkim metalam. Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po problemam reniya. Moscow, 1958. Reniy; trudy soveshchaniya. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1961, 42-50 ✓

TEXT: The authors present the results of their study of: (a) the distribution of Re in the products obtained from roasting Kadzhara molybdenite concentrates in a boiling-layer furnace, (b) the recovery of Re from waste gases of a boiling-layer furnace by means

Card 1/3

3/697/64/000/000/001/013
D228/D303

Study of the behavior ...

of a bubbling unit, and (c) the behavior of Re during the calcining of Koundrad concentrates in the cone type of furnace and the extraction of Re with a similar bubbling unit. A tentative scheme is also suggested for reprocessing bubbler pulp to obtain metallic Re. It is noted that recent research at the Institut tsvetnykh metallov im. M. I. Kalinina (Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals im. M. I. Kalinina) has indicated the advantages of the boiling-layer furnace as compared with tubular, muffle, and reverberatory types. Diagrams illustrate the dust-collection system of the boiling-layer furnaces, the bubbling unit designed by the Gintsevetmet (State Institute of Non-Ferrous Metallurgy) for the recovery of furnace gases, and the laboratory model of the boiling-layer furnace employed by the authors in their tests. The Re distribution in the roasting products of Kadzhara concentrates, the Re content of bubbler pulp, and the Re balance for both the bubbler and the furnace as a whole are given in tables. Conclusions: 1) The roasting of Kadzhara concentrates in a boiling-layer furnace ensures the fullest sublimation of Re; 92 - 96% of the Re is sublimated in this type of furnace.

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S/607/61/000/000/004/018

D228/D303

Study of the behavior ...

as compared with only 50 - 67% in muffle and rotary tubular furnaces. 2) The existing dust-collection system of the boiling-layer furnace does not guarantee a satisfactory degree of Re extraction, since the loss of metal in waste gases amounts to about 80%. The lowering of the temperature of the Cottrell filter to 55 - 80° does not reduce this loss on account of the condensation of H_2SO_4 . 3)

Much better results can be obtained with the bubbling unit, and the bubbler's efficiency with respect to Re is stated to equal 82 - 96%. 75 - 92% of the metal in the bubbler pulp is in solution, and the concentration of dissolved Re rises as the duration of the bubbling lengthens. It is recommended that the pulp be removed from the bubbler when the Re concn. and acidity of the solution is 0.15 - 0.3 and 30 - 50 g/l respectively. 4) The high degree of Re sublimation (92-93.2%) from the ash of Koundrad concentrate shown that the same technique can also be applied to this material; there is no difference in the behavior of Re during the roasting of both concentrates and the processing of their gaseous products in the bubbling unit. There are 3 figures and 4 tables. [Abstracter's note: p.48 of the photostat copy is illegible.]

Card 3/3

35083

S/697/61/000/000/005/018
D228/D303

18.3100

AUTHOR: Abashin, G. I.

TITLE: Preparation of potassium perrhenate and metallic rhenium

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii im. A. A. Baykova. Institut mineralogii, geokhimii i kristallokhimii redkikh elementov. Mezhdunarodnaya komissiya po redkim metallam. Vsesouznoye soveshchaniye po probleme reniya. Moscow, 1958. Reniy; trudy soveshchaniya. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1961, 51-55

TEXT: The author describes the technology of the process whereby KReO₄ is prepared from Mo concentrates and reduced to metallic Re. In the first stage, dust from gas flues and the Cottrell filter is leached twice with hot water in the presence of crushed pyrolusite. This is followed by the solution's neutralization with lime in a diabase-lined reactor at a pH of 11 - 12, which eliminates most of the Mo, Cu and Fe. KReO₄ is pptd. by concg. the solution in a stain-

Card 1/2

Preparation of potassium ...

S/697/61/000/000/005/018
D228/D303

less steel evaporator, adding more lime, and treating the filtrate with 25% KCl. Details are given about the distribution of Re during these three operations. The perrhenate is first reduced in a three-zone electric furnace at 480 - 600°C, after which the powder is subjected to further reduction in an electric muffle furnace at 1000°C. In the sixth stage the dark-gray Re-2 powder is moistened with a glycerine-alcohol solution, extruded in a hydraulic press at a pressure of 4 - 5 m/cm², sintered at 1000°C in a muffle furnace, and welded with 437-223 (TsEP-223) equipment to yield compact metal with a sp. gr. of 13 - 15 g/cm³. The author also recommends a procedure for compressing and sintering Re-1 powder and notes that the main problem of Re extraction metallurgy -- the increase of metal output at the expense of introducing bubbler apparatus and ionite columns -- is being studied at his plant in cooperation with the Institut giredmet (Institute of Hydroreduction Metallurgy) and the Institut tsvetnakh mettallov im. M. I. Kalinina (Institute of Non-Ferrous metals im. M. I. Kalinin). /-Abstracter's note: Parts of pp.51-52 of the photostat copy are illegible. /

Card 2/2

PLATE 14. THE FIVE STARS OF THE BRIGHTEST PLANETS IN THE SKY.

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Journal of Statistical Theory and Applications (2018) Vol. 17, No. 4, pp. 103–120
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Journal of Nonlinear Sciences and Applications (JNSA) 2020 (13) 173–187
Published online: 2019-11-20

the iron powder - rhodium welding

The content of carbon in aluminum after welding was about 0.01% of the original value. Almost all of

L 23993-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5002767

C

the phosphorus volatilized during welding; its content in the final rhenium bars was 0.5% of the original amount.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 05Aug64

ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: MM

N. REP. S. C. 102

OTHER: 16

Corr^{2/2}

RECEIVED - TMR (n) / TMR(t) / TMR(r) TMR(c) TMR / TMR / TMR
ACCESSION # 101-0002-008

AUTHOR: Abashin, G. I.

SOURCE: Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po probleme reniya. 2d, Moscow, 1957 (Continued); trudy soveshchaniya. Moscow, 1957. Nauka.

ABSTRACT: The effect of reduction and sintering conditions on the density and workability of rhenium has been investigated. Re powders were obtained by a two-stage reduction in the vapor of NH₃ followed by annealing at 1000°C. The density of the powder was 6.1 g/cm³. The powder was compacted into relatively ductile Te bars with a density of 95% of the theoretical. The bars were sintered at 1000°C for 1 hr. in vacuum, "welded" at 1300°C for 1 hr., and "annealed" at 1000°C for 1 hr. Hydrogen with a high dew point and higher temperatures apparently result in lower

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000100110009-9

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ACCESSION NR: AT5002768

density and workability of compacts. Impact and tensile showed
that the lead did not affect compacts seriously. The effect of heat
treatment on stabilization method of graphite was studied. It was found

maximum content of 0.001--0.002% K. Also, more than 90% K can be removed from sintered ingots by holding them for 2--3 hr at 1700--2000°C during annealing. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 5 tables. [MS]

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 05Aug64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MM

SI REF: 14V1 CII

CLASSIFICATION:

AT P-10 8/14

ABASHIN, N.

We are developing the manufacture of articles from poultry feathers.
Mias. Ind. SSSR 28 no. 6:55-56 '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Moskovskiy ptitsekombinat.
(Feathers) (Artificial flowers)

ABASHIN, N.

Mechanized cleaning and disinfecting of droppings screens and
boards; Mias. Ind. SSSR 29 no.2:48-49 '58. (MIRA 11:5)

1. Moskovskiy ptitsekombinat.
(Poultry plants--Equipment and supplies)

ABASHIN, N.; BOYKO, I., bukhalter-ekonomist.

~~Surplus staff in the coal industry. Fin. SSSR 19 no. 6:63-64 Je '58.~~
~~(MIRA 11:6)~~

1. Nachal'nik Kadiyevskogo gorodskogo finansovogo otdela (for
Abashin).

(Kadiyevka—Coal mines and mining)

ABASHIN, N.

Equipment for paraffin-resin plucking of waterfowl carcasses.
Mias.ind.SSSR 33 no.2:15-17 '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Moskovskiy ptitsekombinat.
(Poultry plants—Equipment and supplies)

S/081/62/000/012/059/063
B158/B101

AUTHORS: Abashina, R. F., Gridunova, Ye. B., Lysenko, A. V.

TITLE: Effect of synthetic resin additives on the physico-mechanical properties of ebonite

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 12, 1962, 615; abstract 12P302 (Tr. N.-i. in-ta rezin. prom-sti, sb. 7, 1960, 52-66)

TEXT: Results are given of investigations into the effect of the following resins (R) on the physico-mechanical properties of ebonite mixtures: polyvinylchloride (TOCT 3119-46 (GOST 3119-46)), polyethylene (Ty MXT-4138-53) (TU MKhP 4138-53), high-styrene R (imported), polyisobutylene (Ty MXT 1655-54r (TU MKhP 1655-54r)), phenol-formaldehyde resins (liquid Bakelite (TOCT 4559-45 (GOST 4559-45)), powdered Bakelite (TOCT 3552-47 (GOST 3552-47)). Iditol (TOCT 2230-43 (GOST 2230-43)), R no. 18 (Ty MXT 1-42 (TU MKhP 1-42)), R no. 101 (Ty MXT KJ 328-13 (TU MKhP KU 328-13)), sulfonamide R (test samples). The possibility is established of increasing the impact strength of ebonite by using Card 1/2

Effect of synthetic resin additives ...

S/081/62/000/012/059/063
B158/B101

Polyethylene and R no. 18, and also of improving all the basic physico-mechanical properties of ebonite of CKH (SKN) by introducing Bakelite powder into its composition. High-styrene R (of the Duranite 10 and Hycar 2057 type) may be used as fillers for economizing in rubber.
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

ABASHINA, V.I.; AKSEL'ROD, S.S.; RUTKOVSKIY, G.M.; SMIRNOVA, K.A.

The SF-8 recording spectrophotometer. Zhur. prikl. spekt. 3
no. 2:182-186 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:12)

ABASHKIN, G.V.

Electric spark machining of metals. Trudy Stud, nauch. ob-va
LIEI no.3:13-21 '59.
(MIRA 16:10)

ABASHKIN, G.V.; KULIKOVA, I.B.; TOMILINA, D.N.

Determination of the value of maximum torque transmitted by
carrier centers. Trudy Stud. nauch. ob-va LIEI no.3:28-38 '59.
(MIRA 16:10)

ABASHKIN, V. A.

ABASHKIN, V. A.: "Investigation of the systems of operating the GAZ-52 automobile under agricultural conditions." Min Higher Education USSR. Moscow Inst of the Mechanization and Electrification of Agriculture imeni V. M. Molotov. Chair of "Tractors and Automobiles." Moscow, 1956.
(Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No 23, 1956

OZERSKIY, A.S., kand. tekhn. nauk; ISAYEV, Ye.G., kand. tekhn. nauk;
ABASHKIN, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; LETNEV, B.Ya., red.; GUREVICH,
M.M., tekhn. red.

[Crawler tractors] Guseinichnye traktory. Moskva, Izd-vo sel'khoz.
lit-ry, zhurnalov i plakatov, 1961. 638 p. (MJRA 14:12)
(Crawler tractors)

ABASHKIN, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Methods for determining the reduced moment of inertia in
tractor-drawn machinery. Trakt. i sel'khozmash. 31 no.11:14-15
N '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo
mashinostroyeniya.

(Moments of inertia)
(Agricultural machinery)

ABASHKIN, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; VOLKOV, Yu.I., inzh.

Some problems of model studies of agricultural tractor-driven machinery. Trudy VISKHOMa no.37:3-19 '63.

(MIRA 17:9)

ABASHKIN, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk

Approximative solution of the balance equation of moments
for a simple model of a tractor-driven machine. Trudy
VISKHOMA no.37:20-29 '63.

Determining the reduced moment of inertia using the "inertia-
speed" diagram. Ibid.:51-60 (MIRA 17:9)

ABASHKIN, Vasiliy Andreevich; VOLCHENKOVA, G.I., red.

[Adjustment of tractors] Regulirovki traktorov. Moscow,
Izd-vo "Koles," 1964. 286 p. (OKB 18:1)

OZERSKIY, A.S., kand. tekhn.nauk; ISAYEV, Ye.G., kand. tekhn.
nauk; ABASHKIN, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; NOVOMIRSKIJ,
S.P., inzh., retsenzent; LISITSKIY, A.A., inzh.,
retsenzent; PESTRYAKOV, A.I., inzh., red.

[Crawler tractors] Guseinichnye traktory. Moskva, Kolos,
1965. 447 p.
(MIRA 18:10)

ABASHKIN, V.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; GRACHEVA, L.O., kand.tekhn.nauk;
PAVLOV, I.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

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obshchey i istoricheskoy geologii.
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SOV/5-58-6-11/13

AUTHOR:

Abashkina, A.V.

TITLE:

New Species of Lithostrotion Corals from
Upper-Visean Deposits of the North Ural and
Their Stratigraphic Distribution (Novyye vidy
korallov Lithostrotion iz verkhnevizeyskikh
otlozheniy Severnogo Urala i ikh stratigrafi-
cheskoye raspredeleniye).

PERIODICAL:

Byulleten' Moskovskogo obshchestva ispy-
tateley prirody, Otdel geologicheskiy, 1958,
Nr 6, p 137-149 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The corals of the Lithostrotion family are
found in the Urals exclusively in Upper-Visean
deposits of the Lower Carboniferous period.
The author studied the stratigraphic distri-
bution of the Lithostrotion and Diphyllum

Card 1/2

SOV/5-58-6-11/13

New Species of Lithostrotion Corals from Upper-Visean
Deposits of the North Ural and Their Stratigraphic Distribution

species, and proposed the sub-division of the
Upper Visean stage into sub-stages. A de-
tailed description of some of the new species
is given. The names of V.A. Varsanof'yeva and
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