13 May 1980

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SUBJECT: Recent Soviet Policy in Latin America

- l. The past several months have seen a marked increase in Soviet activity related to Latin America. New Soviet initiatives have included:
 - -- intensified economic, technical and nuclear dealings with Argentina;
 - -- the first formal high-level visit to Latin America (in this case, Brazil) in many years;
 - -- red-carpet treatment of a major Nicaraguan delegation in Moscow;
 - -- conclusion of several assistance agreements with Managua;

 hosted the General Secretary of Jamaica's People's
National Party;

2. The intensified Soviet activity is partly the result of the deterioration of Soviet-American relations that has followed Afghanistan. Soviet policy in the Western Hemisphere has long been characterized by caution and respect for US influence in the region. Moscow has also been aware of Washington's sensitivity to the appearance of a Soviet challenge in its backyard. The current strain in US-Soviet ties, however, has meant that Moscow is no longer constrained by the need to placate Washington in order to protect such detente equities such as grain trade, access to technology and SALT.

This memorandum was prepared at the request of the NIO for Latin America for background use by the DCI. It was prepared by Office of Political Analysis, USSR Division, Soviet Foreign Policy Branch and has been coordinated with OPA/LA and NIO/LA. Comments may be directed to the Chief, Soviet Foreign Policy Branch

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4. Soviet interest in the area has also been stimulated	5X1 5X1
5. Soviet interest has also been quickened by what it sees as new revolutionary currents in certain countries	5 X 1
6. Despite this heightened Soviet interest, some	25 X 1
constraints on Soviet activity are likely to remain: Latin America is far from the USSR and not central as are Europe, the Middle East and South Asia to Soviet security concerns.	
 Moscow recognizes the US still has significant political influence in the region. The Soviets are unwilling to invest substantial 	
economic assistance in the area and realize the Latins still prefer Western goods. Finally, Moscow recognizes that its influence is dependent on potentially changeable political	
situations (Jamaica is a case in point). Although these factors are likely to temper Soviet interest in the region, it still seems likely that in the 1980s the US	
is going to face more competition in Latin America from	5X1

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