

THE DIRECTOR OF  
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

National Intelligence Council

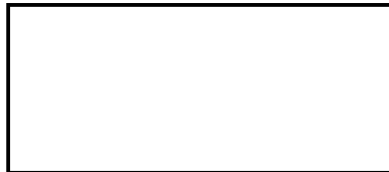
2 June 1982

TO:



In addition to the rough chronology of negotiations which I provided earlier today, I thought you might find the two attached chronologies of interest.

This data had been incorporated into the 31 March 82 draft which you both have but may be more useful in this format.



cc: C/NIC  
VC/NIC

*for  
Cent Amer  
SNIE file*

25X1

25X1

**Page Denied**

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Denied

## CENTRAL AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL ACTIVITIES 1982

- 20 Feb Nicaraguans propose five point plan to reduce tensions in the region. (NYT)
- 21 Feb Mexican President Lopez Portillo in Managua announces a major new peace proposal. Includes a peace plan for El Salvador and a three point initiative for reducing tensions between Nicaragua and the US. (WP)
- 7 March Haig meets with Castenada in New York for 2.5 hours. (NYT)
- 14 March Haig and Castenada meet again in New York for 1.5 hours, and the US gives Mexico the go-ahead to propose that Nicaragua and Cuba stop aiding Salvadoran guerrillas in exchange for guarantees against intervention by US or its neighbors. (NYT)
- 17 March Salvadoran guerrilla leader "Lt. Col. Martell" pays a secret visit to Lebanon and meets with Yasir Arafat. In press conference, he says, "We are prepared for a dialogue as much as we are prepared to fight." The Salvadoran reportedly spent 10 days with the Palestinians. (NYT)
- Colombian President Turbay reportedly calls for an inter-American naval force to block the flow of arms from Cuba and Nicaragua to guerrillas in Salvador and other countries. (NYT 18 Mar)
- 18 March President Turbay appears on TV news to clarify NY Times story that appeared that morning. He claims that he was only discussing the provisions of the Rio Treaty and that what he really meant was that he was concerned about was the penetration of Colombia by guerrilla groups that have received support from Nicaragua and Cuba. [REDACTED] STAT  
23 March 1982)
- NY Times reports that Brezhnev and Gromyko have expressed their support for Mexican peace plan. (NYT).
- FSLN delegation headed by Daniel Ortega and Bayardo Arce and including Foreign Minister D'Escoto, Chief of International Relations Department Julio Lopez, and Nicaraguan Ambassador to Cuba Marco Valle discuss situation in Caribbean and Central America with Castro, AD Chief Manuel Piniero, Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs Ricardo Alarcon and Cuban Ambassador to Nicaragua Julian Lopez. [REDACTED] 20 MaSTAT)

UNCLASSIFIED

20 March Nicaraguan Directorate member Sergio Ramirez meets with Mexican President Lopez Portillo in Mexico to present him with a copy of the statement Nicaragua plans to make before the UN Security Council and to reiterate Nicaragua's support for the Mexican peace plan. (FBIS)

Mexican Foreign Minister Castenada meets with Castro, Rafael Rodriques, and Malmeirca in Havana. (FBIS)

before Special US envoy Vernon Walters visits Cuba.  
21 March

21 March Castenada visits Nicaragua. (FBIS)

23 March Honduran Minister of Foreign Affairs Edgardo Paz Barnica calls for a reduction of weapons and troops in Central America at an OAS Permanent Council meeting requested by Honduras. (WP)

US Ambassador Deane Hinton suggests for the first time that the winners of the 28 March election consider negotiating with the Salvadoran rebels. (UPI 24 March)

Jamaican PNP President Manley is received by Fidel Castro in Havana. They discuss problems of Central America and coming activities of the nonaligned movement. Rafael Rodriguez present at talks. [redacted] 23 Mar 1982)

STAT

UNCLASSIFIED

**Page Denied**

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Denied