IAC-D-101/3 14 March 1956

INTELLIGENCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Intelligence Requirements on U.S. Citizens

Held in Sino-Soviet Bloc Countries

- 1. Attached is the joint report of the State Prisoner Officer and the Defense Prisoner Officer prepared in response to IAC request for clarification of requirements (IAC-D-101/2, para. 4). See also IAC-D-101 and 101/1.
- 2. This will be placed on the agenda of an early IAC meeting for discussion.

25X1

 Secretary	

State Dept., JCS reviews completed

MORI/CDF pp1-4

C O IAC-D-101/3 14 March 1956

P Y

March 2, 1956

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chairman, Intelligence Advisory Committee

SUBJECT

: Recommendations for Improving Collection of Intelligence on Americans Held in Communist Countries

Nature of the Problem.

- 1. The United States Government and the American people traditionally have felt deep concern at the unjust detention of American citizens in foreign countries. The Government is obligated to take every possible step to procure the release of such citizens. The impri sonment of Americans in Communist countries presents a new and unusual problem in this field because of the exceptional difficulty of obtaining accurate intelligence.
- 2. In negotiating for release of prisoners held or believed held by Communist countries, it has become increasingly apparent that improved intelligence is an essential base for effective action to recover personnel. The Communists have demonstrated again and again that unless the United States can identify the subject of negotiation and provide evidence that he is being held by the Communists, there is little chance of effecting his release.
- 3. The intelligence available to support these recovery activities has usually been collected as a by-product of other intelligence. The material provided the negotiators has been compiled by persons outside the intelligence community who have little appreciation of the task of negotiating face to face with the Communists.
- 4. Most intelligence reports have been lacking in detail and specificity. General lack of emphasis on this problem has resulted in reporting of isolated bits of information which have not been correlated with existing intelligence. The reports reflect the shortage of background information in the hands of the field collectors.

CONFIDENTIAL

IAC-D-101/3 14 March 1956

5. While there are indications of failure to cross-disseminate the reports available to all interested agencies, these problems of communication are rapidly being eliminated by improved liaison within the Government and by concentrated effort on the part of State and Defense Department personnel. However, there are certain areas that could benefit by further examination.

Examples of Particular Problems

- 6. In the negotiations being conducted in Geneva with the Chinese Communists by Ambassador Johnson, he has been severely handicapped in demanding an accounting for 450 American servicemen missing from the Korean war because the records on these men are inadequate. He has been unable to cite specific, convincing facts in individual cases to demonstrate that the Communists should have knowledge of the fate of these persons. One important reason for the inadequacy of the information is the fact that neither the original collectors of the intelligence nor the persons who compiled the records for use in Geneva were properly instructed as to the type of intelligence to be collected and the use to which it was to be put.
- 7. Many agencies are currently engaged in interrogating German prisoners returning from Soviet prison camps. The interrogators are handicapped in exploiting this excellent source of intelligence on Americans held in the USSR because they lack proper guidance and background material on missing persons.

Recommendations

- 8. It is recommended that arrangements be made in the intelligence community:
- (a) to determine which agencies of the United States Government, both within and outside of the intelligence community, are capable of contributing substantially to the collection of intelligence of Americans believed held in Communist countries;
- (b) to ensure that all available intelligence resources are utilized to locate and identify United States nationals held in Communist prisons and to collect and disseminate pertinent

IAC-D-101/3 14 March 1956

information to the Department of State in the cases of United States civilians, the Department of Defense in the cases of United States military personnel, or to both these departments when it is not known whether the individual is civilian or military;

(c) to provide for the establishment of an interviewing guide containing instructions for the collection of this type of intelligence, with a supplement containing photographs, vital statistics, and pertinent biographical material about personnel possibly held, and history of their disappearance or capture. This collection guide and supplement should be reproduced in legible and compact form and made available to all field collection agencies. The guide supplement should enable more pointed and accurate reporting from the field and facilitate feedback from time to time of intelligence available within the Washington area to field agencies. In addition the guide supplement would provide essential background material for use in negotiation;

(d) to ensure that effective procedures exist within the intelligence community for evaluating and collating information collected to insure the accomplishment of b) and c) above. (Without proper evaluation in the past, information pertaining to personnel not readily identified was not made available to the appropriate agencies.)

/s/ Ralph N. Clough
Deputy Director for Chinese Affairs
Department of State Prisoner Officer

/s/ James L. Monroe Lieutenant Colonel, USAF, Department of Defense Prisoner Officer

CONFIDENTIAL

MINUTES: IAC AD HOC COMMITTHE MEETINGS ON INTELLIGENCE REQUIREMENT ON US CITIZENS HEID IN SINO-SOVIET BLOC COUNTRIES (4 May 1956 and 9 May 1956)

MEMIERS ATTENDING:

Department of Defense

It Col James Monros, Chairman

Department of State

Mr. George A. Pope

Central Intelligence Agency

Mr. M. W. Khhrte (4 May coly)

Mederal Bureau of Investigation

Capt C. M. White (4 May caly)

Joint Intelligence Group, JCS

Lt Col M. J. Hagood (Acting Secy)

Department of the Army
Department of the Nevy

Cdr 0. 0. Liebschner

Donardment of the Air Force

Maj O. H. Michelson (acting)

COTHER REPRESENTATIVES PRESENT:

STATE: Mr. A. C. Domaldoom, Director, Office of Special Commuter Services, Bureau of Security and Commuter Affairs

Mr. George Heselton, ID, SCS/SCA

Miss Nimm Clove:, Specialist, SCS/SCA

Mr. R. N. Clough, POW Officer & DD, Office of Chimese Affairs, Bureau of Far Eastern Affairs

Mr. J. P. Magoski, Chief, International Relations Branch, CA/FE

Mr. V. A. Crawfort, DD, Office of Bastern European Affairs

MAVY: Maj A. E. James, OACofs, G-2 RQ USMC

Capt J. A. Weatherspoon, HQ USMC

CNO E. H. KARR, IN USAC

In The minutes of the 20 April meeting were read by the acting secretary for that meeting (Mr. Magoski, Department of State), and approved by the committee, with a change in the last line each of paragraphs 5(b) and 5(c) to read "American civilians detained in Communist countries," and "Americans detained in Communist countries," respectively.

UNABLE TO DESERVINE
REARIMOND DAME

600307

25X1

- Approved For Release 2006/11/21 CIA-RDP85500362R000600100006-8
- 2. In the course of presentations and discussion, the consisted considered the point reised in the first meeting (as stated in pers 3(a) of the minutes of that meeting). The countitee agreed not to breaden the scope of its study, at this time, to cover the sequipition and processing of information on all Americans in Commist countries. The countitee did, however, agree to inclusion of individuals detained through denial of exit visues and other means as well as those held as prisoners.
- 3. During the remainder of both meetings the constitute heart and discussed reports from members, on policies and procedures within their respective agencies for collection, production and discontantion of intelligence identifying and/or locating Americans believed to be detained in Communist countries, as basis for intelligence support of remarkation action.
- a. Through reports from three offices within Department of State, by Mr. Regord, Mr. Crewford and Miss Glover, the following points on State policy and precedures were brought out in the first meeting and further clarified in the second recting.
- (1) The problem is simpler with respect to imividuals detained in Communical China than with those detained in Eastern European Countries and the USER, because of the short period of time the problem with respect to China has existed, the closeness of sextest that prevailed between Americans in China, and the small residual number now being detained in this area. Collection and evaluation of information on detained parsonnel, and recommendation of repatrication action action supported by accurate, timely intelligence can therefore be produced at operational (deak) level, in addition to other duties, without formal, centralized arganisation for this purpose within CA/FE Bureau, or assistance outside the Europea in the form of a specific collection plan and centralized collection, evaluation and "Zeed-back" elsewhere within the Department.
- (2) In the Office of Eastern European Affairs, Burses of European Affairs, a card file system has been established to simplify collation of deformation of long standing complexity with respect to this area. Information an decimal personnel is routinely received, collated, evaluated and recorded at the operational (dock or branch) level, and reports obviously of interest to other offices, within or cutside the Department of State, are discontanted to them. Responsibility for developing intelligence support of repatriation action individuals detained in the Eastern European matellites and the USSR, however, is shared with several other bureaus and offices within the Department. Intelligence support with respect to this area sould possibly be improved of ther by controlized responsibility for collection, production and discontration within this case bureau, or elsewhere within the Department with respect to all Communist countries.
- (3) With respect to the intelligence support problem, the Office of Special Consular Services, Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, is both a scarce and a channel for information of interest to area dosks and branches within Department of State, and to other offices within Department of Defense, the DMI and other agencies. It is not, however, currently charged with or organized for centralized development of the intelligence support on detained personnel required within the Department on civilian or military personnel.

- Approved For Release 2006/11/21 : CIA-RDP85S00362R000600100006-8
- (4) The Depertment of State Prisoner Officer is basically Deputy Director, Office of Chinese Affairs, Bureau of Far Eastern Affairs. His responsibilities relating to prisoners are limited to those held in Communist China.
- (5) The intelligence component of the Department of State is not charged with or organized to perform the centralized function of developing intelligence research support in this field, but maintains intelligence collection listeem thereon with CIA, FRI, Army, Eavy, Air Force and other secures or user agencies as called upon.
- b. The representative of the joint Intelligence Group (JCS), Capt white, reported that, although the Deputy Director for Intelligence, Joint Staff, had expressed a specific interest and concern in this problem, the joint Staff is a policy, plans and guidance organization, and neither a collector, producer as user of the intelligence required in support of repatriation operations.
- G. The Army representative (CACSI), it Col Hagood, reported as follows:
- (1) Under the Missing Forecas Act and the Entional Defense Act, Army policy, directives, and organization provide adequately for development of information to support casualty status determination, and security requirements with respect to disappearance, detention or defection of Army military and civilian personnel. Within the Army, two types of Interrogation Guides are designed also to foster collection of the type of data which would be useful in producing intelligence support for repatriation of detained US nationals.
- (2) No office within the CACSI or the Army, however, is charged with or organized for centralized collection, production, dissemination, linison and "feed-back" to field-collection media, with respect to this aspect of intelligence. Such estimates on individuals, or colletions on groups of detained personnel as are currently produced, are either incidental to established casualty or escurity determination objectives, or else in response to occasional, one-time, appet requirements placed on the Army Headquarters.
- d. The Mary representative (ONI), Commander Liebschner, reported that although there is a limited flow of information bearing on detained Mary personnel there is no established requirement or procedure for processing such information except in support of casualty determination. Two alphabetical files on missing personnel are maintained, however, for other than casualty information purposes, one for future reference in security determinations and the other for future reference in connection with possible identification, location and repatriation of personnel missing in connection with Korean operations. Representatives of Marine Corps, Maj James and Capt Vostberspeen, added to the Mary report that oxcopt in support of casualty determinations the Marine Corps is dependent on ONIX for finished intelligence.
- e. The Air Force representative (AFCIN) Maj Michelson, reported an nettive collection effort, through Air Intelligence Service Squadrans in the For Rest and Europe, and similar policy, organization and procedure for casualty and security determination objectives to those reported by the Arry. Currently the development of identification and location of detained Air Force personnel

Approved For Release 2006/11/21 : CIA-RDP85S00362R000600100006-8



as basis for repatriation action is considered by AFOIN to be a personnel action rather than an intelligence function. As a result, although field organizations are processing information available, on local initiative, there is in the Air Force, as in Army and Navy, no contralized organization and procedure for collection, production and generation of new intelligence requirements to support repatriation action.

regatriation action.	
2. The FBT representative, Mr. Kuhrtz, was not present 9 May 1956 to make a report. The FBT, however, is not a primary source or user in this field, except with respect to data in support of security conclusions.	
g. The CIA representative, reported and reiterated that implically the machinery to collect, produce, and make available better intelligence in this field, already exists. What is required is activating the machinery operating the requirements, and keeping the machinery operating through some agreed means for controlized coordination.	25X1
h. The Chairman summarized the enalysis of the committee in two points and me recommendation.	
a. Five (5) major agencies (State, Defense, Army, Envy end Air Force) are conserved with identification and location information or intelligence on detained US matimals for three reasons, security conclusions, casualty determina- blos, and recovery or repatriation action, but there is inadequate contralized or coordinated activity to meet the problem, particularly with respect to recovery or repatriation.	
b. The Department of Defense can, on an ad hos basis, provide a focal count for support of repatriation action on specific military individuals or groups, and has designated a POW Officer (It Col Monroe) for this purpose. The Department of Defense is not the appropriate level or agency, however, to collete or condinate the intelligence support required for effective repatriation of either military personnel or other detained US maticipals.	
c. Resommed that an editorial sub-sessittee, consisting of it Col Regord (Army) and (CIA), assisted by the State and Defense Prisoner Officers (Mr. Clough and it Col Monroe) draft a report and recommendations to the EAC, for presentation to all members of the ad hos Committee at its next meeting.	25 X 1
5. The recommendation of the Chairman was approved by the Committee, which adjourned pending notice of availability of a draft report and recommendations.	
6. The next meeting of the Committee is tentatively scheduled for 101400 July, Rosm 1033, Tempo Building, "H."	
	25X1

Acting Secretary