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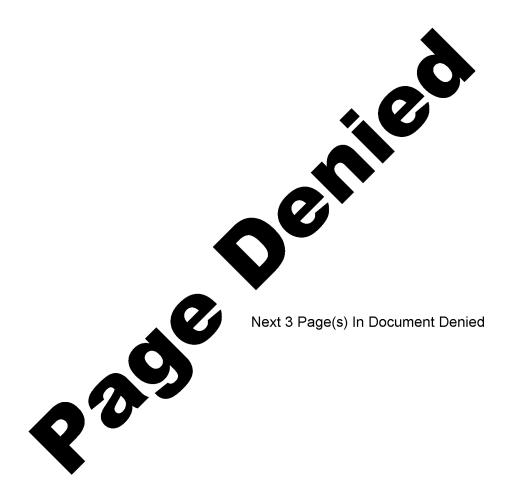
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ROUTING AND TRANSMITTAL SLIP 26 August 1983 TO: (Name, office symbol, room number, Initials Date building, Agency/Post) 29 Aug Deputy Director for Administration Note and Return File Action Per Conversation For Clearance Approval As Requested For Correction Prepare Reply For Your Information See Me Circulate Signature Comment Investigate Coordination Justify **EMARKS**

Attached are drafts of your Directorate's Overview section and the Agency Overview for the 1985 Budget Submission to OMB on 15 September.

I would appreciate your review of both drafts and any comments or suggestions you may have on them. Although I realize the deadline is short, we need your views by opening of business Wednesday, 31 August.

DO NOT use this form	n as a RECORD of approvals, or clearances, and similar actions	concurrences, disposais,
FROM: (Name, org. syn	nbol, Agency/Post)	Room No.—Bldg.
		Phone No.
Daniel A. Child	s Jr., Comptroller	FORM 41 (Rev. 7-76)



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THE AGENCY PROGRAM

1985-1989

The CIA program for 1985 supports the need of US policymakers for more and better intelligence on a broad array of international problems for the balance of the 1980s. We foresee a steady challenge to US interests and influence from the Soviet Union, continuing opportunities for both cooperation and stress in US relationships with our allies, chronic and often externally manipulated instability in the Third World, and persistent problems with issues such as terrorism, narcotics, and nuclear proliferation that transcend geographic boundaries and political alignments. These issues will occupy US policymakers and CIA well into the 1990s, presenting an agenda that requires the Agency to steadily improve the timeliness, quality, and relevance of its intelligence support to the policy process.

The Soviet Union remains the principal threat to US security and shows no sign of altering either its basic military and economic objectives or its global challenge to the US. Despite the problems posed by economic stagnation, the leadership in Moscow is expending a major share of national resources to improve an already complex and sophisticated strategic arsenal and to further strengthen its conventional military capabilities. The Andropov regime is also continuing Soviet policies and behavior in Eastern

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Europe, Afghanistan, and Central America that seek to counter threats to Moscow's historic influence or to gain a strategic foothold in new territory. It is also clear that the Soviets intend to expand their influence elsewhere in the Third World, directly and through their surrogates, and to exploit differences and potential divisions between the US and its allies in Western Europe and Japan.

Recent elections in the United Kingdom, West Germany, and Japan have reinforced governments that support US objectives, but political crosscurrents in Western Europe and East Asia still confound the creation of a stable consensus on allied relationships. The effects in Western Europe of economic recession, generational change, as well as pacifism and environmental activism will continue to influence policy in unpredictable ways. These developments, combined with Soviet efforts to stimulate and capitalize on frictions among Western Europeans allies, in turn, affect US interests. Japan will continue to challenge US industry in high technology and international trade and will remain an uncertain partner on Pacific defense issues. In sum, the status of our alliances calls for a better understanding of the fundamental, long term forces that will shape our future relations with Western Europe and Japan.

Instability will continue in the Third World, including open warfare involving local and outside forces in virtually every region. The recent conflict in Lebanon, and the Iran-Iraq war testify to the perennial volatility of the Middle East, and represent a continuing threat of disruption to oil supplies vital to the West. In South and East Asia, the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan represents a long term military commitment, while the Vietnamese occupation of Kampuchea carries a similar message about Hanoi's effort to maintain hegemony in Indochina. In both

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Central America and Africa, the Soviets, the Cubans, and other surrogates seek to establish a durable presence that will provide Moscow tactical and, over the longer term, strategic advantage.

The need to anticipate and understand economic developments in the Third World that affect the industrialized economies has been graphically demonstrated by the debt problems of Mexico, Brazil, and the Philippines. The problem of Third World debt, however, is only one of several critical concerns that transcend geographic boundaries. The Soviet Union's illegal acquisition of US technologies—directly and via Western Europe and Japan—contributes to its military capability and to its general economic base. Nuclear proliferation also represents a potentially destabilizing development in US relations with allies, such as Pakistan, as well as with potential antagonists. Understanding these issues requires a solid knowledge of international economics and commerce, security policies, and political relationships. We also need detailed intelligence and sophisticated analysis about the countries and groups that have the technologies and motives to create or influence these problems.

The same intelligence needs apply to the problems of narcotics and terrorism. The narcotics business is a pivotal element in the politics and economies of several Latin American, Middle Eastern, and Asian states, where we follow and assess production, trafficking, and the web of national and international connections supporting these activities. Terrorism of all kinds commands a similar intelligence priority. Improvement in our collection and analysis of terrorist organizations, and in our capability to help support an effective counterterrorist effort, is a focus of the 1985 program.

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Approved For Release 2008/06/27: CIA-RDP85B01152R001001300077-1 TOP SECRET, To meet these needs we have constructed a recommended program for 1985 It represents a careful that calls for balancing of the diverse and often competing requirements for improved collection, processing, analysis, and support to the intelligence process. For the Agency, most of these efforts--like the substantive intelligence concerns they address--are not new. Rather, they comprise a set of goals that we are already working to meet through a measured investment in the capabilities needed to meet the challenges we forsee in the 1990s. The Goals of the 1985 CIA Program Our 1985 program emphasizes five objectives that are designed to enable the Agency to respond to the needs of the policymakers and the changes in the intelligence environment in the decades ahead. These are:

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In formulating the 1985-1989 CIA program, we were guided by both the DCI's substantive guidance for the NFIP, which includes the goals set forth in the 1985 Intelligence Capabilities Study, and the <u>CIA Strategic Plan</u>, 1982-1992. In particular, we have emphasized initiatives that entail qualitative improvements in skills, technology, and management, and have

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	carefully examined our major ac	quisition programs	in line with the DCI's
	admonition to prevent unwarrant	ed cost growth. W	e have structured our
05)//	initiatives to create a balance	d capability to ha	ndle the output of new
25 X 1		a	nd to apply this
	intelligence promptly and effec	tively to the full	range of priority policy
	concerns. And, we have provide	d for a support st	ructure that can sustain an
	activity level at CIA commensur	ate with the polic	y community's growing
	demand for more and better inte	lligence.	
	The 1985 Program Ranking		
er i gilli se			
· ·	The program for 1985 gives	precedence to the	ongoing initiatives that
	have been reviewed and approved	by the DCI and al	ready have resources
05V4	committed to them. All but three	ee of the ongoing	programs rank well within
25 X 1	DCI Guidance, and these three-		
25 X 1		-are clustered a	round the DCI Guidance
	mark. The 25 ongoing initiative	es in the 1985 CIA	program call for
25 X 1		Three of our o	ngoing programs
	the construction of the new Head	lquarters building	, the Communications System
051/4	Recapitalization, and the NPIC	Upgradeaccount f	or almost 60 percent of
25X1	this total cost		The funding requirements
25 X 1	for both the NPIC Upgrade		and the new
05V4	Headquarters building-in partic	cular its associat	ed support cost
25 X 1) -	-have been revised	since last year, although
25 X 1	overall our ongoing initiatives		in 1985 from
	their previously approved level	S•	

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	Production and Analysis	
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	Eleven new production and analysis initiatives, which include	
25X1	in 1985, represent the final major	
	installments in a multiyear program to increase the depth and breadth o	ı£
	analytical coverage. The priority given the SAFE program reflects the	e de la companya de l
	importance attached to providing contemporary data handling tools tailed	red
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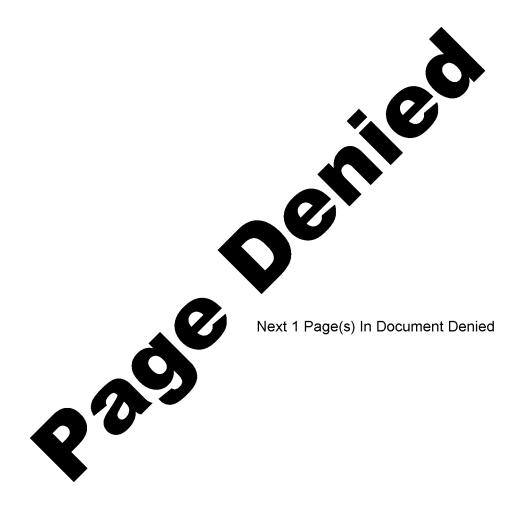
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for intelligence analysts. SAFE is already in use in 20 DDI branches; in 1985, we will extend its capabilities and purchase additional hardware to make it available to more analysts.

The DDI's multioffice theme initiatives continue to focus on policy priorities on the Third World, including the implications of its debt crises and the impact of external intervention on regional stability; on Soviet strategic, technological, economic, and political developments; on the economic, military, and counterintelligence dimensions of technology transfer; on the spectrum of issues affecting our relationships with our NATO allies and Japan; and on the problems of narcotics and international terrorism. We also add reference specialists to assist our research program and resources to improve support to task force and crisis management operations. In the DDS&T, ORD plans to establish a center for the study of artificial intelligence to monitor advances in the field that can be adapted to our special needs.

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	To be a series of the series o
	To support the growing level of collection activity with secure and
•	effective information handling technology, we are continuing the CRAFT and
	ALLSTAR ongoing initiatives. The pace of CRAFT installations abroad
	projected in 1985, and performance of the system to date, indicate that the
25X1	program-will remain
25 X 1	on schedule. The ALLSTAR program, which calls for
25X1	in 1985, seeks to ensure that the capacity of the DDO's
	centralized information system is not outstripped by the demands from the
•	intelligence and policy communities.



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	Support		
	Effective line intelligence activ	ities require an ade	quate support
	structure. Our 1985 program gives pr	iority to a set of c	ost-effective
	investments to underwrite continued ex	xpansion in CIA's su	bstantive
	responsibilities and to maintain the	quality of Agency-wi	de services. Eight
25 X 1	ongoing initiatives	p	rovide resources to
	continue the recapitalization of the	global communication	s network, to
	ensure that management and other rela	ted needs for the co	nstruction of our
:	new Headquarters building are met, to	modernize financial	and logistic
	information systems, and to improve or	ther support functio	ns at Headquarters
	and abroad. The ranking of both our	new Headquarters bui	lding
25 X 1	and its associated su	upport initiative te	stify to the
	priority given our need for adequate,	effectively organize	ed space.
25 X 1	Twenty-seven new initiatives, which		
25 X 1	seek to meet a variety		the requirements
	for a larger security staff to handle		
25 X 1	investigations		s in communications
25 X 1	personnel in the US and abroad		and the need
- 40	for personnel and resources to keep to	raining in stan with	
25 X 1			
	of a larger professional staff		We are also
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requirement initiatives in 1985; these ensure that our centralized services match the size and complexion of the CIA program. Finally, the 1985 program includes an initiative to back-up CIA's communications and data processing

in the event emergencies curtail the performance of our primary systems

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The Outyear Implications

The proposed program for 1985-1989 creates an intelligence capability with the depth and balance to ensure the President and his advisors have the intelligence needed to deal effectively with the issues they are likely to face in the decade ahead. It emphasizes continued capital investment in our operational and support infrastructure to overcome the neglect of the 1970s, and proposes carefully selected new initiatives to fill the remaining gaps in our capabilities so that we can meet the challenges of the 1990s.

Our capital investment program is central to this plan. In the imagery processing and analysis arena as well as in the Agency's SIGINT effort, we must have systems in place that will enable us to cope with the information expected from new collection systems. This is mandatory to serve our needs on strategic weapons developments, arms control verification, and crisis management—subjects that will remain priorities well into the 1990s. The NPIC Upgrade, IDEX, and a number of sensitive collection projects, are all major parts of this important ongoing investment program.

The expansion in our corps of analysts to cover a wider range of developments in the Soviet Union, the Third World and among our allies will allow us to produce analysis quickly and with the quality to meet expected

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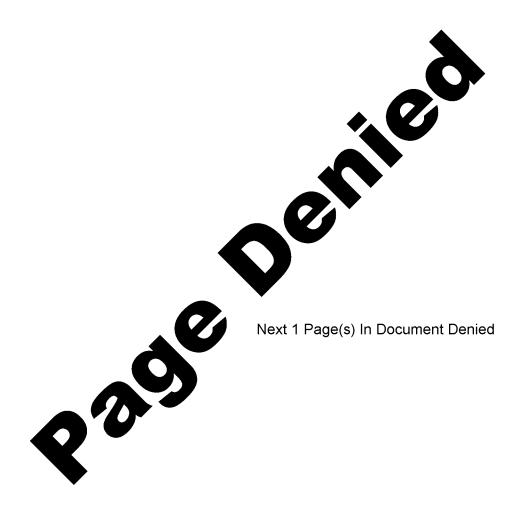
policy demands. The completion of the SAFE program is integral to this goal. So too are the enhancements to production technology, professional training, and the resources used to supplement our skills with outside expertise.

Improved and expanded human source collection is another essential element of our program, as is the development of new supporting technologies for covert communications and for other operational tools required to counter the enhanced skills and increasingly aggressive activities of hostile intelligence services. The CRAFT and ALLSTAR systems will become fully operational during the decade, giving us the ability to securely and efficiently handle the flow of data associated with the DDO's expanding collection and counterintelligence activities.

Finally, the investment initiatives for our support infrastructure underpin all the improvements in CIA's line intelligence functions. The communications network recapitalization, the completion of a new Headquarters building, the application of new management systems, and the augmentation of information handling services deal with previously neglected areas. Without attention to these needs, our principal missions would face major hurdles.

We believe that our recommended program represents a prudent long term investment strategy that is essential if we are to provide US policymakers the support they will need to cope with the national security environment of the 1990s.

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ADMINISTRATION DIRECTORATE

The Administration Directorate program for 1985 includes the resources to carry out the activities of the Office of the Deputy Director for Administration and his immediate staffs, and the eight Directorate functional offices. Also included are funds for Standard Level User Charges. The 1985 program is designed to provide the centralized support services required to meet the needs of all Agency components. The program not only maintains the service levels programmed for 1984, but also continues the ongoing longer term efforts to improve the Agency's support infrastructure. It proposes resources both to augment and improve existing levels of support and to fundertake new activities designed to redress existing shortfalls or to meet anticipated new or expanded support requirements.

The Administration Directorate's primary goal is to provide timely, responsive, efficient, and cost-effective centralized support services needed by the Agency's intelligence collection and production activities. The Directorate's major objectives for 1985 include:

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- -- Maintaining the existing momentum of the Headquarters construction project leading to a new Headquarters building with occupancy scheduled for late 1987.
- -- Continuing the major communications recapitalization program, while at the same time responding to steadily increasing requirements for worldwide communications services.

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- -- Further improving the Agency's overall security posture, with particular emphasis on counterintelligence (e.g., through the reinvestigation program) and overseas security.
- -- Upgrading and modifying centralized training programs to respond more effectively to professional development needs and to current and projected requirements for language, operational, analyst, office automation, and information systems training.
- -- Providing fully responsive logistical support services to meet current and projected Agency requirements.
- -- Ensuring the continued availability of centralized data processing services that respond to the Agency's increasing requirements for new applications and computer services.
- -- Maintaining fully responsive financial systems and controls and continuing ongoing efforts to upgrade and improve existing systems to meet current and future requirements.

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The Agency's program for 1985 also includes, for the second year, new
initiativesknown as Standard Support Requirementsfor the Administration
Directorate. These initiatives include the resources required by the DDA to
provide centralized administrative support for the activities proposed in
other 1985 new initiatives. The Standard Support Requirements initiatives
are designed to avoid the numerous DDA unfunded requirements of recent
years. There are three such initiatives,
included in the Agency's 1985 program for the DDA. These
initiatives include the resources needed by the DDA offices to provide
centralized administrative services in support of 55 Agency new initiatives
totaling
DCI Guidance
All Directorate base activities and ongoing initiatives are included in
the Agency program at the DCI Guidance level. Also included are seven new
initiatives totaling and the first Standard
Support Requirements initiative.
The DDA's 1985 Program includes nine ongoing initiatives. The
resources required in 1985 for these ongoing activities are as follows:
(Thousands)
Positions Funds
SAFE
New Headquarters
Building Support
Commo Network Recapitali-
zation



	COMIREX Automated
25 X 1	Management System
	(CAMS)
	Automated Compensation
	and Information
	System (ACIS)
	Logistics Information
	Management System
	(LIMS)
	CPU Upgrade
25 X 1	
	Capability
	DDA Total
	New Headquarters
	Building
	Total-Ongoing Initiatives
	The total estimated cost of the DDA ongoing initiatives is up almost
25 X 1	over the previously approved 1985 funding
	profiles. The major 1985 increases are in New Headquarters Building Support
25 X 1	to reflect further refinement in the nonconstruction costs of
25 X 1	the new building, LIMS o cover a projected 1984 shortfall in
25 X 1	system development costs, and for ACIS to provide a quality
25 X 1	assurance contract.
	The new initiatives included within DCI Guidance provide increased
	resources for communications, security, finance, logistics, and medical
	services; the Standard Support Requirements initiative includes resources

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for the full range of DDA administrative services to support new Agency
activities through this level.
The first of two communications new initiatives included within DCI
Guidance is a proposal requiring in 1985with significant
additional funds required in the out-yearsfor a Local Area Network (LAN)
in the new Headquarters building. The LAN is a replacement for the
previously planned information distribution system; also included are
resources to support a study of a LAN to replace the hard-wired distribution
network in the existing Headquarters building. The second communications
new initiative provides to address a number
of operational shortfalls in the existing communications capability.
Included are positions to facilitate domestic field station installations
and maintenance, to staff new overseas stations and bases, and to provide
adequately for increased training on new systems being introduced into the
worldwide network. Funds are included for equipment to replace obsolete
The personnel security program is expanded by (and
to address the serious shortfall in the Agency's security
to address the serious shortfall in the Agency's security clearance processing capability. These resources will enable the Office of
clearance processing capability. These resources will enable the Office of
clearance processing capability. These resources will enable the Office of Security to respond in a more timely manner to the clearance caseload
clearance processing capability. These resources will enable the Office of Security to respond in a more timely manner to the clearance caseload projected for 1985 and to reduce the current investigative and polygraph
clearance processing capability. These resources will enable the Office of Security to respond in a more timely manner to the clearance caseload projected for 1985 and to reduce the current investigative and polygraph backlog in the reinvestigation program.
clearance processing capability. These resources will enable the Office of Security to respond in a more timely manner to the clearance caseload projected for 1985 and to reduce the current investigative and polygraph backlog in the reinvestigation program. are included for the Office of Finance to maintain the existing outdated

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applicant tracking system and for long overdue modifications and upgrading
of the several financial and budget systems that support the management and
control of Agency funds.
The logistics staff is increased by to
support a new paramilitary training facility. This facility, currently
being established by the DDO, will become operational in late 1983 and will
be managed by the Office of Logistics (operating funds are included in
A modest increase, is requested to
further improve the Office of Medical Services' evaluation process to help
ensure that only the most qualified and suitable applicants are selected for
Agency employment. Also included within the DCI Guidance level are
in the first Standard Support Requirements (SSR)
initiative. These resources cover those administrative and related services
needed to support intelligence activities proposed in 17 Agency new
initiatives totaling
T
Over Guidance
A total of in 15 new initiatives are
added to the Directorate program at this level. These initiatives, which
cover the full range of centralized administrative services, respond to
current and projected support requirements and providein two SSR
1 2 11
initiativesthe additional resources needed to support new or expanded
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initiativesthe additional resources needed to support new or expanded
initiativesthe additional resources needed to support new or expanded Agency activities proposed in the program through the Over Guidance level.
initiativesthe additional resources needed to support new or expanded Agency activities proposed in the program through the Over Guidance level.

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add	ition, funds are included to undertake a requirements study for a
com	mputerized switching system for the existing Technical Control Facility in
the	Headquarters Building. The last communications initiative is a proposal
for	an alternate US Base Station. This proposalconsidered in previous
yea	rs, but not implemented due to constraints on overall Agency
res	sourcesseeks to establish a joint communications/ADP facility outside
the	Headquarters area, either in the CONUS or on US territory abroad. It
wou	ald provide a self-contained complex designed to ensure the survivability
~c	the Agency's communications network and data processing capability in the
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ments which cannot be met with base-level resources. The
are required to expand the present staff to accommodate the
existing procurement workload and thus improve this important logistics
function. A total of is provided for equipment and software to
upgrade the central printing plant's Electronic Text Editing and Composition
Systemlargely in response to DDI intelligence production requirements.
Also included is a request for to permit the Office of
Logistics to take over from the General Services Administration the
operations and maintenance of the Headquarters power plant. This will
ensure a level of service and reliability that fully responds to the
Agency's needs.
The Agency's security program is augmented by the addition of
will serve to
further expand the existing information security staff in order to address
computer security problems. These needs are particularly pressing for
contractor systems, which store and process sensitive classified national
security information. The remaining will be
directed toward physical security improvements. The positions are required
to expand the "blue blazer" staff which supplements the GSA-provided Federal
Protective Service for Agency-occupied facilities in the Headquarters area;
the funds provide for replacing the Headquarters security communications
system, improving alarm and access control systems, and procuring electronic
surreptitious entry detecting devices.
The 1985 DDA program also includes for increased
training, finance, word processing, and medical services support.
help to meet shortfalls in the existing training
curriculum and to upgrade and expand classroom facilities and related

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23/1	training support; are provided for the
	Office of Data Processing to focus increased attention on planning,
	analysis, evaluation, and control of the increased application of word
25 X 1	processing equipment in the Agency; are provided to
	meet the existing audit and certification workload in the Office of Finance;
25 X 1	and are provided for the Office of Medical
	Services to expand the Agency's general health programparticularly the
25 X 1	Alcohol Programand to replace obsolete medical equipment.
	To address the counterintelligence threat to the Agency, the program
25 X 1	requests for a variety of activities that
	address a broad range of counterintelligence-related deficiencies. Included
25 X 1	are resources for the Office of Security for
25 X 1	the Office of Communications and for the
25 X 1	Office of Training
	Finally, the DDA program includes the two remaining Standard Support
25 X 1	Requirements initiativesa total of
25 X 1	-which provide the increased administrative services needed to
	support those new or expanded activities proposed in 38 Agency new
25 X 1	initiatives
	We also present three initiatives that do not require resources for
25 X 1	1985 but which will call for funds in 1986. The first is a non-recurring
	requirement for in 1986 for the construction of additional special
	purpose storage facilities at the Central Depot, the second is a one-time
25 X 1	requirement for to install a state-of-the-art microprocessor in
	the 1,200 Delta Data terminals used throughout the Agency in order to extend
25 X 1	their useful life, and the third requests resources
25 X 1	in 1986 with

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additional positions required in the out-years) to expand the existing
limited program for protecting the health and safety of the Agency's
employees.
Out-year Implications
There are no significant out-year resource implications for the DDA
program through the base levelother than for the normal increases required
for currently estimated inflationary costs. Several of the DDA ongoing
initiatives, however, have significant changesother than for normal
inflation increasesin their out-year funding profiles.
The most significant out-year impact results from a reduction in the
resource level required for the New Headquarters Building Construction
ongoing initiative. With all construction funds provided in 1984 and 1985
only modest funds
1986 and 1987, with no construction funds programmed for 1988 and beyond.
The cost estimate for the new building's companion initiativeNew
Headquarters Building Supporthas increased by for the
1985-1988 period. This initiative peaks in 1985, with its annual funding
requirements significantly reduced through 1989. Partially off-setting
these reductions are the out-year costs of the new Headquarters Building LAN
initiative. Although this proposal, which is a singularly important adjunct
to the new Headquarters building construction project, requires only
for 1985, it will require in 1986 and in
1987. The total requirement for the 1985-1989 period is estimated at
The funding profile for the communication recapitalization program is
relatively level through 1988 with a reduction of some 20 percent
in 1989 as the major modernization effort approaches a conclusion

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and costs begin to reflect annual maintenance needs. Funding of the DDA
portion of the SAFE Project is level through 1988, with an increase of
almost in 1989 for ongoing operations and maintenance. This
increase represents a transfer of this activity from the DDIwhere such
costs are reflected through 1988to the DDA with no significant net change $$
in the funding level for total Agency SAFE program. The CPU upgrade will
require an increase of in 1988 over the previously approved
funding level to accommodate the transition of systems to the new
Headquarters building. The remaining ongoing initiatives have no
significant out-year resource implications.
There are no significant out-year implications for most DDA new
initiativesother than for the full year costs in each succeeding year for
increased staff and for normal inflationary costs. The two exceptions are
the new Headquarters Building LAN (discussed above) and the Communications
proposal for an alternate US Base Station. This latter proposal includes
in 1985, but will require an additional during the
1986-1988 period before leveling off to an operations and maintenance cost
of about annually for 1989 and beyond. Also, as noted
previously, there are three initiatives in the DDA program for which no
resources are requested for 1985, but which will require modest resources in
the out-years. These three "zero" initiatives will require some
million in 1986, with lesser amounts required in 1987 and beyond.

