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ISRAEL: West Bank Demonstrations	
Violent protests continued over the weekend throughout the Israeli-occupied West Bank.	25X1
Strikes and demonstrations on Saturday protesting the dismissal of a municipal council last week took place in most major towns. The Israelis moved quickly to calm the situation, but security services imposed curfews on three towns where the worst demonstrations occurred and banned residents there from crossing bridges into Jordan.	
Sporadic demonstrations continued yesterday in addition to incidents in East Jerusalem and Gaza.	25X1
Comment: The death of an Arab protester on Saturday probably will generate more violence. In addition, an Israeli official told journalists that a Palestinian whose body was discovered that day had probably been murdered by Jewish settlers. Once this incident becomes widely known, it could lead to revenge attacks on settlers, further aggravating the situation.	25X1
The growing violence has increased popular pressure on other area mayors to resign in sympathy with the ousted council. Most mayors, however, believe their resignations now would only serve Israeli interests and are planning to stay in office.	25X1

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POLAND: Continued Stalemate Predicted
//A senior party official believes that there will be little significant political activity in the next several months.//
//A Central Committee department head, in a discussion last week with a US Embassy official, commented that the government, the Church, and Solidarity are stalling for time and that little political movement could be expected until late spring. He said the regime had not yet decided on whether or how to begin a dialogue with Solidarity and predicted that Premier Jaruzelski would open talks only if he were reasonably certain of a favorable outcome.//
wait and see whether there will be an upsurge of resistance this spring. Government officials who have talked with Solidarity chief Walesa say that he believes time is on his side.//
Comment: //The stalemate could last beyond spring, depending primarily on the level of open resistance in the coming months. There have been almost no indications that Solidarity is planning a major confrontation with the regime in the next few months, although the possibility of scattered outbursts remains high.//
//If the widely anticipated resistance does not materialize, the moderates in the government will have a better chance of maintaining their influence, but they will not be able to defeat the hardliners totally. An impasse between moderates and hardliners in the regime would preclude any far-ranging political or economic moves that would break the current stalemate.//

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EGYPT: Effects of Soft Oil Market	
Falling oil prices are cutting into government revenues and increasing foreign payments problems, but Cairo fears such remedies as reducing imports and limiting government spending would be politically risky.	5X
The decline in oil prices during 1981 resulted in lower earnings than expected, and the current account deficit jumped from \$455 million in 1980 to an estimated \$1.5 billion last year. Egypt's deficit in 1982 is likely to reach \$2 billion even if oil prices remain at present levels. Gulf of Suez blend currently is priced at \$31.50 per barrel, down from a high of \$40.50 in early 1981.	5X
Falling oil revenues also are hurting the budget, which was already in trouble because of subsidy spending and government pay raises. IMF officials believe the budget deficit could double this year.	5X ⁻
Comment: Cairo will have difficulty obtaining additional economic assistance from Western donors but apparently believes that it can secure commercial loans to cover its foreign payments deficit. Before much longer Egypt also will have to consider ways to increase exports and limit government spending and imports.	5X ⁻
Possible alternatives include raising domestic energy prices, reducing government subsidies for food and other consumer items, limiting investment spending, and reducing military expenditures, but each risks provoking serious unrest. The government, therefore, is likely to wait as long as possible and then take only minimal action.	5X ⁻
Egypt's economic difficulties will increase the incentive to seek a rapprochement with wealthy Arab states after the Israeli withdrawal from the Sinai in April. Many Egyptians expect some reconciliation this summer and hope for renewed economic aid.	5X ⁻



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MADAGASCAR-US: Request for Assistance

Supported by France, Madagascar is urging the US to help persuade the IMF to ease its conditions for a standby agreement. President Ratsiraka fears that acceptance of the IMF conditions, especially a 25-percent devaluation, would provoke an uprising that could topple him. His fears were heightened by violent protests early this month in Diego Suarez and other northern towns over food shortages, which have been aggravated by extensive cyclone and flood damage.

Comment: Failure of the IMF and Madagascar to reach an agreement could jeopardize attempts by France and other Western countries to wean Madagascar away from Soviet influence. Despite his leftist ideology, Ratsiraka apparently has concluded that additional Western aid--expected to follow an IMF loan--is crucial to his survival, and he recently has tried to improve ties with the West. Last week, he permitted a US admiral to visit the port and airfield at Diego Suarez in order to emphasize that Soviet naval ships and aircraft still are not welcome, despite the USSR's pressure for access.

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//President Mitterrand's Socialists important of the vote to 35.4 percent in the runthe cantonal elections yesterday. The Common of the vote fell to a new low of 13 percent the left was unable to overcome the built-in the center-right, which now will control an majority of the presidencies of the department of the department of the department of the presidencies of the department of the presidencies of the department of th	noff round of unists' share Consequently, n advantage for even larger
OPEC: Oil Output Decision As the result of a lower ceiling and as	n extra Saudi
output reduction, OPEC oil production will b/d less than we anticipated prior to the V	be 1 million
Comment: The lower output will not entrate the surplus of oil on the market. It however, to stabilize prices and support the mark if all members, including Iran, adhere agreement.	should tend, e \$34 bench-

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SPECIAL ANALYSIS		
GUATEMALA: Prospects for the Guevara A	Administration	
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President-elect Guevara will face tough problems when he takes office in July. The expectation of the corrupt and repressing ceding military regimes will hinder his ability and international support. The rapid deteriors probably will require cutbacks in social programmer counterinsurgency efforts, and facilitate guern forts. Over the long term, the prevailing polyconditions favor the leftist insurgents.	pectation that Guevara ve practices of pre- y to attract domestic ation of the economy ams, hamper the Army's rilla recruiting ef-	25
Charges of fraud by a short-lived tion of opposition parties have tarnish toral plurality and subsequent selectic congress. Although Guevara is less rightan President Lucas, there is no indicay government will differ markedly from the of past years. Some corrupt officials their posts, and Guevara is not apt to cant reforms or make policy concessions groups like the Christian Democrats.	ned Guevara's elec- on as President by gidly right-wing cation that his ne military regimes probably will keep press for signifi-	25
Guevara apparently intends to name opposition leaders to public office to that he has achieved national reconciliunlikely, however, to adopt other measuravoid increasing political polarization probably will continue to deal harshly opponents and remain unaccommodating to moderates.	give the impression lation. He appears ares necessary to a limit to the following the most leftist	25
Many Christian Democrats will main a nonviolent political opposition. Othernment reprisals over their challenge results, may leave the country, participanization of prominent exiles recently City, or join the guerrillas.	ners, fearing gov- of the election pate in the or-	25
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Guatemala's poor international imagereflected in the recent condemnatory resolution by the UN Commission on Human Rightsis unlikely to improve. Mexico, Venezuela, and several West European countries are concerned over the charges of electoral fraud and will await clear evidence that Guevara's administration is an improvement over its predecessor before strengthening ties.	25X
Guevara appears likely to inherit the vexing problem of Guatemala's longstanding claim to Belize, which appears no closer to settlement. The departure soon of British troops and recent Cuban efforts to establish a commercial presence in Belize make a prompt settlement vital to both parties. Nevertheless, Belize's reluctance to grant Guatemala a long-term lease on several offshore cays almost guarantees that the Guatemalan military will not permit the government to renounce its territorial claim.	25X
Economic Constraints	
Guatemala's short-term economic prospects are bleak. Regional uncertainties and the growing domestic insurgency have caused commercial credit to dry up, reduced investor confidence, and encouraged capital flight. Export revenues have plummeted because of low world prices for agricultural products, a sharp drop in tourism, and depressed demand by the Central American Common Market for Guatemalan manufactures.	25X
Over the past year, foreign loans and investment have fallen off, and the regime has virtually exhausted its hard currency reserves in an attempt to maintain imports. Declining government revenues from export taxes will require severe spending cuts to comply with IMF guidelines to lower the budget deficit. Income from oil exports offers no short-term remedy, because production rose by less than 1 percent last year.	, 25X
Higher military expenditures will further strain the budget and probably require cutbacks in social programs. Rising unemployment and the curtailment of social services, however, are likely to increase public discontent and	,
benefit the insurgents.	25 X °

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The Guerrilla Challenge		
//The insurgency has increased su 1979. The guerrillas have expanded or fronts, relying mostly on terrorist ki economic sabotage, and ambushes of sec	perations in several illings and bombings.	25 25
The insurgents' increasing streng to successful recruiting among the Increasing of the Western Highlands, inbut Indians, are almost wholly control.	dian population. habited primarily	25
A new agreement among the four many which was announced in Cuba in early I greater cooperation in Guatemala. As probably will send the insurgents more smuggled mainly through Mexico and Hong	February, has led to a result, Havana e weapons, which are	2
Recently adopted mobile countering have enabled the Army to sweep through destroy base camps, and dismantle suppart An amnesty program has induced some in render, and growing numbers of peasant collaborating with the Army.	h guerrilla territory, port facilities. nsurgents to sur-	2:
In the capital, authorities last than 25 safehouses, dealing a severe linfrastructure of the second-largest tion. More recently, Army roadblocks efforts to deliver arms and disrupt the	blow to the urban guerrilla organiza- hindered leftist	2
Troop mobility remains inadequate coordination between air and ground for In addition, the Army will continue to in obtaining and paying for spare para	orces is haphazard. o have difficulty	2
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Outlook	
Guevara's major accomplishment probably will be continuing to hold the guerrillas at bay for the next few years. The controversy surrounding his election, however, will heighten political tension and contribute to the country's international isolation.	, 25X1
An economic upturn is highly unlikely. With Guevara at the helm, the government will be hard pressed to remedy the problems that will contribute to greater violence and a stronger insurgency.	25X1

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