BIOGRAPHIC REGISTER

Background

By the end of World War II duplication of biographic information on foreign nationals was widespread in the US This was had happened Government because no attempt had ever been made to coordinate the activities of the various intelligence agencies in Washington and their representatives abroad concerned with the collection, control and production of such infor-

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mation.

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In November 1947 a management team surveyed conducted an or organizational survey of the Reference Ceter. They proposed a T/O of for BIR, while noting that a substantial saving in personnel could be achieved if register activity was confined exclusively to punch card recording. The survey team noted that the establishment of files and the extracting and annotating of reports for file purposes that occurred in BIR and other registers was time-consuming and required the services of many professional employees. (13 Nov 47

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By late September 1948 Dr. Andrews was quite concerned about BR, describing it as "in poor shape, working ineffectively, and suffering from poor morale." For that reason, he considered it of utmost importance that "a proper head man" be located for the Register as soon as possible. His

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Management conducted another survey of BR in 1949
and found a number of problems. Once again, they advocated that
BR analysts cease writing reports and merely assemble available information
anta in dossiers, leaving it to the analysts in the production
offices to make sense of it. Again, Enamedemental AD/CD rejected
the idea, noting that the information contained in various
reference volumes used by BR analysts could not, without great
output of time and effort, be typed out, clipped and put in
the dossiers, and the customers would not be pleased if instead
of getting reports from BR, they were handed quantities of
information and told to sort it out for themselves. (dossier on BR and
memo of 23 Feb 50 from Andrews)

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In Amgm July 1950 Maj. Gen. S. LeRoy Irwin, Assistant
Chief of Staff, G-2, Department of the Army, requested that
the IAC consider what steps might be taken to achieve a central biographic facility, handling all categories of biographic in a memo intelligence data. The AD/CD, in commenting on this request/to
the Chief, COAPS, and the Acting Executive, CIA, noted that the need for such a facility had long been recongized, but that this was the first time that anyone currently performing biographic

intelligence work had called for centralization. (m@mo of 10 Aug 50)

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Despite the approved/T/O calling for slots

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nothing seems to have been done about actually making any changes. In February 1952 the Chief of BR submitted to the AD/CD a resume of current BR problems. The first he listed was that of lack of quitable distribution of workloams within the Register. This, he stated, was due to a reluctance to

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Other major problems facing BR were dependence on a system

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of processing data what was me inefficient and a staff that, with several exceptions, was weak, especially in the administrative echelons.

attributed the latter problem to various factors. One of these was that clerks were assigned to BR without previous screening by the Division's administrators. Often, these clerks were college graduates who were not trained in clerical functions and who, armed with college degrees, were not satisfied with clerical duties. These people usually left, unless rapidly promoted into professional positions, and were a constant source of demoralizing remarks to their associates and supervisors as long

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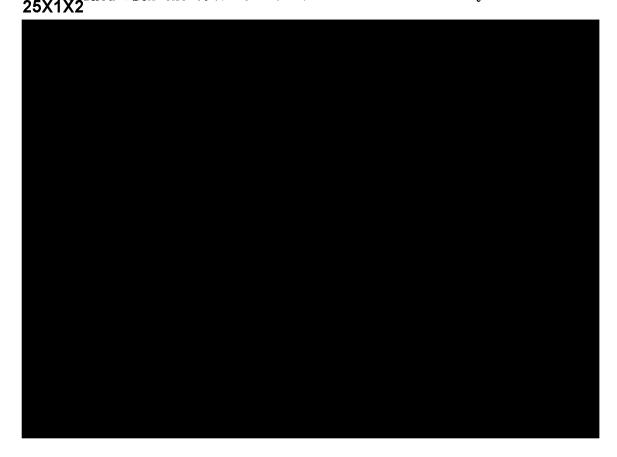
Whother source of personnel difficulties surrounded the recruitment of employees for the professional positions. During the initial growth of the Agency, the competetion for first-class employees was keen, and BR was rather low in priority for persons of top caliber. It therefore accumulated a staff that was considered "only slightly above averaged" Most of the exceptions to this characterization, he said, had "come in through the back door" or had been only recently recruited under the Agency's expanded and improved recruitment program. Because the Agency maintained a policy of promoting employees onduty in preference to filling vacancies from the outside, the "slightly above average" persons were often moved up into positions with which they could not cope. (memo 26 Feb 52) <u>25X1A9a</u> also listed various other personnel problems with which he contended.

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No major upheavals occurred in BR for the next 9 years. The 1952-61 period was devoted to developing new files, as needs for *pecial collections arose, and expanding services.

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In its first year of operation after the merger BR became deeply involved in the support to offices concerned with the situation in Cuba. In its directory 25X1X2



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•	the , a repository for	:.
	German documents from the Nazi period, most of which	
	were captured by American forces at the end of World	25X1X2
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