Appreyads France 2002/08/14 CIA-RDP83-00415R003600110014-4 U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

REPORT NO.

	1	, -	INF	ORMAT	ION	A	REPO	PRT	CD NO.			,	
	COUNTRY	Germany	(Russian	Zone)					DATE DISTR.	19): (October	194	Q
	SUBJECT	Uranium	Deposits	in the					NO. OF PAGES	4		-/-	•
2	5X1C P lace (Freital	Area	4		4A	(1A	Library	•	•			
	ACQUIRED				1111	ŕΩ	40.0	_	NO. OF ENCLS.	1 4		25X1.	Α
	DATE OF I									25>	(1X		
_	L								SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.				
									•				
1													

25X1X

20 November 1948

Τ,

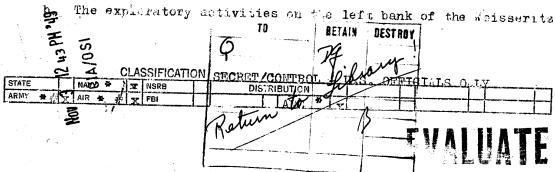
Coal was produced for 100 years in the "Plauensche Grund", south of DRESDEN (N 52/F 29) near FREITAL (N 52/F 18). The annual ontput was 211,000 tons in 1935, and about 80,000 tons in 1947. Except for some small remainders the mines are exhausted now.

a. The hard coal of the so-called "Doehlen" Easin is part of the new-red conglomerate. It is of more recent date than the coal of the Erzgebirge Basin around ZWICKAU (N 51/K 34) and LUGAU-OELSNITZ (N 51/K 54). It was deposited in three layers, also locally in four layers.

b. The coal of the main layer was usually known as slate coal due to impurities caused by imbedded state clay. This slate clay consisted alternately of coal slate, bituminous shale and sterile, rusty slate clay. The transition between the second and third layer was of solid slate coal used only for toller firing as so-called bituminous shale. This bituminous shale, considered unpayable, was usually not mined. The topmost coal layer of the main seam was surmounted by the "green shell" not much thicker than about & inch and consisting of solid to aterile coal slate. Host of the mines had already shut down.

- 2. The Russian Jismuth Corporation became interested in these Saxon hard coal deposits in mid-January 1947. The rada metalo tests made in the ZMICKAU-ORISMITZ District were negative but the "Doehlen" Basin odd registered a slight radical derity.
- 3. Mining operation was started in this area.

a. First in the ZAUCKEROTEPlant which was still in operation. Prospecting activities were continued on the right bank of the Meisseritz River



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

2	•	

Siver (at the Zauckerone Plant) ended recently with ungatisfactory results and the "Oppel" Chaft was returned to the Sauckerone Plant.

- the situation was more promising on the right bank of the seisseritz River. Six shafts with an average depth of 410 feet, were sunk in rapid sequence during the second half of 1947. The work force increased to about six thousand men. All the shafts were in the old mine fields near Couldwell.

 GITTERSES and Bunck (151/F 18). The uranium occurrences were confined to the uppermost coel layers, especially on the imbedded bitminous shale layers. Experimental burning of produced coal yielded traces of uranium in the ashes and allegedly of thorium else. These first results were shipped to the SU apparently for experiments on radium production from uranium-containing ashes. These tests may not have been satisfactory as no fuether shipments were sent for a long time. Large stocks of produced bitmingus shale were stored at the POTSCHAPLER MA station in a large enclosure surrounded by a high board fence. This production will apparently be abandoned, as the work force remarkably decreased. Six hundred men were sent to Niederboebell where new opening projects were undertaken in the lead and tin district.
- d. Mining in the "Docklen" Basin was concentrated near CO-SCHUERZ, GITTERSAM and BURGK. The surroundings of the so-called HULLIFSCHANDE were the most productive region. The labor force still worked there in its previous strength.
- Cher prospecting activities started in the area of SCHMEINS-DORF at the southwestern tip of the coal depression. Results were not known. Three shall seems existed there in the center part of the new-red conglomerate. Some few experimental mining operations were made on these seems without any resultant production. The strongest of these seems occasionally reached a thickness of 32 inches. The quality of the produced coal was very poor. These three seems had no connection with those deposited in the lower new-red conglomerate of the main depression. The center part of the new-red conglomerate of the main depression had been almost entirely excavated and these seems only occurred for very short dictances near CHMEINSDORF.
- f. The former mine fields of the unimportant HARNICKS Hard Coal Mining Association, located in the eastern district, had been exhausted and abandoned since about 1910. Renewed prospecting led to negative results just as in the area west of the Teisseritz River.
- g. Only the workable mines of the ZAUCLEROLE and BURGK Plants are entered on the sketch. The old mines of the GITTERS and COSCHUETZ Hard Coal Lining Association are not shown. None of these mines had been re-opened by the Soviets. They sank new mine shafts, all of them located in the area of CCCGRUETZ-GITTELLERE-BURGK and in the northern part of FREITAL.

CHIN CERET -COMPROL/US CFFICIALS CHIN

Approved For Release 2002/08/14: CIA-RDP83-00415R003600110014-4

25X1A

SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

•		CENTRAL	Intelligence -3-	agen cy	
25X1X		II	•		
25X1A		-		e e	
,	August 1948	- III	•		
25X1A	The activities of in the file of observation and a number District. Some of to ashes and shipped.	rvotion as agui allations were of workmon we of the material	nst a maxim returned to re transfer	Muen were um figure the German red to the	employed at of 6,500. a administration of EMPLOYER.
	•	IA			
	September 1948				
6.	The uranium mines given the name "P	of the dismet roject No 6".	h Corporati	on near FR	TTAL were
7. 25X1A	Exploratory drill CCSCINETZ area an exploratory drill expected the best seritz River.	in at the old U incs near stive	ppel dine n	ear ZAUCKE.	COB. The
·.		v ,		٠,	
	September 1948		,	e .	
8,	The mine near 2AU highway and a min administration by duction was insign	the dismuth C	I'm The a was	territorio de la companya de la comp	Tana di amazona
25X1A		VI	•		
	March 1948	V .1.			
9.	Uranium tests ver- ZAUCKELLEE area. was installed for this entorprise.				

SECRET CONTROL/US OFFICIALSONEY

this entorprise.

SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

CENTRAL	INTELLIGENCE -4-	AGENCY	
---------	---------------------	--------	--

25X1A

<u>July 1948</u>

16. The excavation of a gallery started in DRESDER DELECTED next to the "Braunsmuchle". Fork was done in three shifts, each with 60 workmen. The produced urunium ores were packed in boxes and shipped to the PCTSCHAPPEL at station.

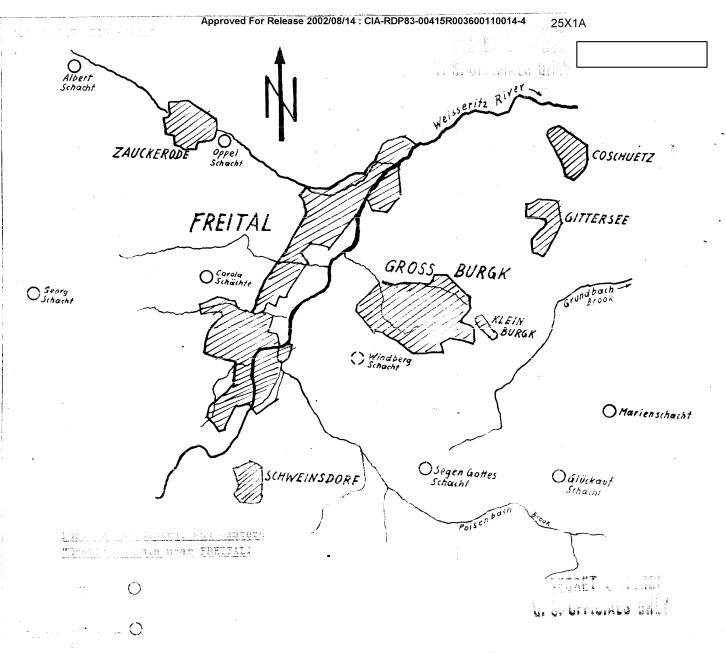
11. Mining operations were also under way in PECTER/IT2 and on the 25X1C "Heidenschanze".

25X1C 25X1A 25X1C

Comment:

The uranium occurrences in this area were known before 1945, but were considered unprofitable and no production was started. The report indicates that the soviets systematically trace and exploit even the smallest uranium occurrences without regard to profitableness.

Annex: Location of Central and Western "Doehlen"-Bacin near



Next 3 Page(s) In Document Exempt