20 APR 1974

# A SYSTEM TO IDETTIFY OCCUPATIONAL AFFINITY GROUPS IN THE AGENCY

REFERENCE: PASG Memo of 30 November 1973 to DCI

### BACKGROUND

Paragraph 8 of referent memorandum directs attention towards ascertaining the feasibility of establishing a computerized system for identifying employee groups having common functions or occupational specialties, i.e., along the lines of a modified Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) System, to:

- a. facilitate quick access to mathine stored information about employees with certain qualifications or combination of qualifications, and
- b. permit useful statistical comparisons of individuals in affinity groupings irrespective of location.

Hopefully, the advantages sought by this concept could be achieved by modifying the existing programs relating to the Agency's Occupational Code and Qualifications Records Systems. In this respect, however, referent memorandum recognized the separate and distinct operations of the Agency's Occupational Code System and the Qualifications Record System and the incompatibility and inadequacies of the systems as presently constituted to serve as a fully integrated vehicle to achieve the purposes desired. Similarly, the experience of an early coding structure (mid-1950's) which actually incorporated MOS codes disclosed serious shortcomings to the use. Independent series definitions and updatings by the military services created vexing problems, inconvenience, and confusion in search and retrieval operations. These same incompatibilities which are the result of the different applications of systems among the services are attendant today. Therefore, in determining the feasibility of establishing a system to accomplish the purposes noted above, interest was concentrated on use of the Qualifications Records System.

### STAFF AND PROPOSAL

The Qualifications Record System can be utilized to develop and establish "Affinity Groups" which identify employees having common

## Approved For Release 2000/08/07 : CIA-RDP82-06357R000700080002-9

Page Two

functions, specialties, or qualifications. Conceivably such an arrangement could enable optimal consideration of qualified personnel in response to special requirements of common concern and also, for examining the interchangeability of individuals at given levels of skill, an attribute of the MOS system. Fundamental to this position, however, is the condition that the "Affinity Group" be determined by and based on clearly stated requirements — the real needs — in terms of the human knowledge and activity (experience) needed or desired to meet a particular situation or requirement. Given this data and approach, application of the Qualifications Record System could assist in accomplishing a review of all Agency employees deemed to have the desired skill level within a designated "Affinity Group," and presumably be suitable for effectively accommodating various demands.

Tab A and B illustrate hypothetical creation of two (2) "Affinity Groups" which are titled, "Geography/Cartography" and "Computer Science" by selection of specialization codes contained in the Qualifications Record System which were determined to best represent the areas of human knowledge and activity believed necessary or essential for meeting requirements in these functional areas. A listing was obtained from computer tabulations which show employees, regardless of location, who are coded as having substantive knowledge and experience in the special areas intentionally selected for these "Affinity Groups."

Obviously, not all the employees listed need or should be included in the final "Affinity Group." In fact, the size of the initial indexing can be controlled and restricted by citing limiting factors in addition to the specialization codes, e.g., grades, age, education, extent of experience, overseas duty, etc. Caution should, however, be exercised, lest the limitations exclude candidates who might otherwise prove suitable. In the attached hypothesized "Affinity Groups" the additional limiting factor was simply Grade GS-14 and higher.

For purposes of developing the "family" of jobs which could comprise the two (2) "Affinity Groups" at Tabs A and B, reference was made to the Agency's Occupational Code System and selections were taken from its basic and subdivision occupational series. In this context, use of the occupational groupings found in Agency Occupational Code System provided a type of natural association in terms of common functions. However, the paramount aspect in constructing the "Affinity Group" remains careful selection of specialization codes -- areas of human knowledge and activity -- from the Qualifications Record System which are most pertinent to the requirements, and in this manner insure full disclosure of possible qualified candidates.

Approved For Release 2000/08/07 : CIA-RDP82-00357R000700080002-9

The sale of the sa

# Approved For Receive 2000 000000 CARALLE CARACTER CONTROL OF CONTROL OF CARACTER CONTROL OF CONTROL OF CARACTER CONTROL OF CAR

Page Three

The process described to this point produces an initial listing of employees who can be considered when forming an "Affinity Group" (see Listings attached to Tabs A and B). The next essential step is the establishment of specific and defined criteria which will enable the assignment of skill levels within the "Affinity Group". Skill levels which could be adopted are: High-Intermediate-Acceptable-Unacceptable. The standards applicable to each skill level must be determined and assigned to the employees by designated officials who are competent and sufficiently imbued with the knowledge and purposes of the particular "Affinity Group". To effectively assign the skill level, it may be necessary for the designated officials to examine official personnel folders as well as review the data provided in the initial listings.

When the "Affinity Group" has been formed and each member has been assigned a skill level, the Qualifications Record System can be appropriately modified by the addition of designated codes which will represent "Affinity Group" and skill level data. Ine modification would permit computer input and tabulation call-up of the data pertaining to the established groups. Name listings or statistics for comparison or other purposes could be obtained relevant to group and skill levels, grades, locations, etc., and thereby greatly assist in management considerations and determinations with respect to assignments, training needs, and recruitment justification.

### SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

It is anticipated that the specialization codes currently contained in the Qualifications Record System will adequately respond to requirements necessary or desired in forming an "Affirity Group". If necessary, however, a specialization code can be revised or a new one devised to accommodate a requirement. The proposal described above does necessitate the services of officials of competence to determine the areas and purposes of affinity groupings, the associate qualifying requisites, and conveyance of membership. This is considered essential to insure a relevance and validity of purpose. Personnel of the Qualifications Analysis Branch are, of course, available to assist in the structuring and implementation of the proposal. It is, therefore, recommended that the objectives of paragraph 1. a and b above be accomplished by utilization and modification of the Qualifications Record System as cited above.

STATINTL

Chief, Control Division

Attachments

# 

TAB A

AFFINITY GROUP: Geography/Cartography

Family		Agency	occup.	Code
Geographer-Cartography		~	 NEO OO	· •
Intel Officer - Cartograph	v		150.02	
Intel Officer - Geography			150.03	
Cartographer			270.04	
Photogrammetric Analyst			370.01	
Photogrammetric Technician			370.02	
Cartographic Technician			370.04	
200111101011			371.01	
QAB Specialization Fields	1944 - 1964 <u>- Add And A</u> ustralia 1964 - Harris Davidson	QAB Speci	lization	Codes
Geography		7-7-	AA/-0	
Geography, General	•		фф-JP68	
Desert Geography			JPØØ	
Economic Geography			JPØ4	
Military Geography			JPØ6	
Physical Geography			JP1Ø	
Tropical Geography			JP12	
Urban Geography			JP18	
Latin American Geography			JP20	
Mid East Geography etc.	No. 1		JP22	
Western Hemisphere Geograph	or etc		JP28	
Cartography, General	19 10 00		JP68	•
Cadastral Surveying			JVØØ	
Hydrography			JVØ2	
Photomapping			JV12	
Topographic Drafting		4 mm 1	JV18	
Computer mapping etc.	1		JV26	
Cartographic Illustration	•		JV31	
2			JV76	
The State of the S				

SAMPLE OF ADDITION TO QUALIFICATION CODE TO DESIGNATE AFFINITY GROUP SKILL IEVEL:

----GEOGRAPHY/CARTOGRAPHY AFFINITY GROUP

---HIGH
---INTERMEDIATE
---ACCEPTABLE
---UNACCEPTABLE

## Approved For Release 2000/08/07: CIA-RDP82-06257R000700080002-9

TAB B

AFFINITY GROUP: Computer Science

Computer Science Advisor Computer Systems Administrator 1520.03	
Computer Systems Admin 1520.03	
· VOMPOUCT DIS BUILDIGTMOTAG	
Computer Systems Manager	
Computer Operations Managem 0330.02	
Computer Operations Supervisor	
Computer Operator 0332.01	
Peripheral Equip Operator Supvsr. 0332.02	
Peripheral Equip Operator Supver. 0332.05	
Computer Systems Analyst	
Computer Programmer 0334.01	
Computer Specialist 0334.02,	
Acmbasor phocratter	
Tompacer Edutiment Diecasiast	
Tomparous Dysucial Alialyst-Programmer	
Systems Programmer 0334.05	-
QAB Specialization Fields QAB Specialization Code	ន
Computer Science	
EDP/ADP Systems	
Systems Analysis/Design	
EDP/ADP Programmer FD22	
EDP/ADP Peripheral Equipment	
FD32	

SAMPLE OF ADDITION TO QUALIFICATION CODE TO DESIGNATE AFFINITY GROUP SKILL LEVELS:

----COMPUTER SCIENCE AFFINITY GROUP

- ----HIGH
- ----INTERMEDIATE
- ----ACCEPTABLE
- ----UNACCEPTABLE

Approved For Release 2000/08/07 : CIA-RDP82-00357R000700080002-9 6

Administrative Internet the Suly

10 DEC 100

MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Officer to the Deputy Director for Administration

SUBJECT

: Occupational Affinity Groups

1. This is in response to your request pertinent to MAG interest in the status of the identification of occupational affinity groups within the Agency.

- 2. As you fully appreciate, Agency Career Services have been engaged in developing and implementing many new elements in their personnel management programs. Considerable work and action is required by the Career Services if they are to meet their sixteen personnel management responsibilities. Most face a major challenge in ensuring that meaningful career development and management programs are implemented.
- 3. Career Services must sort their professional positions as they prepare occupational ladders preliminary to any joint effort to discuss the affinity relationship between an occupational category of one Career Service with that of another. Following a determination by each Career Service as to any intra-Career Service occupational affinity grouping, Career Service representatives can then pursue the objective of identifying inter-Career Service affinity groups. In my memorandum of 7 May 1974, to the Secretary, CIA Management Committee, I asked the Committee to solicit the cooperation of the Deputy Directors to identify representatives to assist in pursuit of this objective.
- 4. Early in 1975 a major report is to be made to the Director informing him of the status of the implementation of the recommendations approved in the PASG Report. Subsequent to the preparation of that report I expect to determine the readiness of the Career Services to participate in identifying occupational affinity groups. Career Services should move toward implementation of the key recommendations in the PASG Report prior to committing their resources to this rather difficult task.

F. w. m. Janney
Director of Personnel

FOIAb3b