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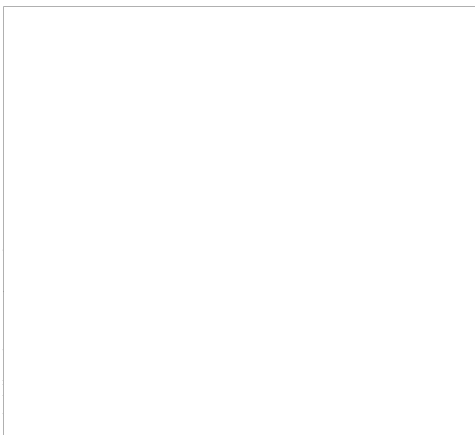
Propaganda and Agitation, Themes and Plans

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WIDENCT AGITATORA, No 9, March, 1951

"Subjects, plans, and literature for chats during April, 1951."

I. V. I. Lenin, founder and leader of the Bolshevik Party and the Soviet State.

1. V. I. Lenin, <sup>founder</sup> leader, and teacher of the Bolshevik Party, a new type of party.
2. V. I. Lenin, founder of the first Soviet Socialist State in the world.
3. I. V. Stalin, <sup>militant</sup> companion and great continuator of the work of Lenin.
4. Inspired by the ideas of Leninism, the Soviet people, led by the Bolshevik Party, successfully realizes the program of Communist construction.
5. Leninism, the banner of workers of the whole world in the struggle for peace, democracy, and socialism.

Literature

- I. V. Stalin, "On Leninism," Gospolitizdat, 1950.  
History of the VKP(b), Short Course, pp. 337-346.  
 "The Great Leader and Teacher of the Communist Party and the Soviet People. On the 70th Anniversary of the Birth of I. V. Stalin." Moscow, 1949.  
 "Leninism, a great, life-affirming force," Bol'shevik, No 1, Jan 51.

- II. The First of May, a day for review of the militant forces of the workers of the whole world.
  1. The First of May, an international holiday for workers.
  2. The Soviet people and workers of all countries greet May Day in conditions of struggle for peace, of growth and unity of the forces of democracy and socialism.
  3. Successes of the Soviet people in fulfillment of the postwar Stalin Five Year Plan and achievements of the countries of People's Democracy.
  4. The struggle to avert a new world war and to strengthen peace, the chief task of workers of all countries.
  5. Adoption by the Second Session of the Supreme Soviet USSR of the Law in Defense of Peace — a new contribution of the Soviet people in the struggle for peace.
  6. The utmost strengthening of the might of our Country — the most important factor for guarding peace in the whole world.

Literature

- I. V. Stalin, "Talk with a Pravda correspondent," Gospolitizdat, 1951.  
 "The Law in Defense of Peace," Pravda, 13 March 1951.  
 "Appeal of the World Peace Council," Pravda, 27 February 1951.  
 "For a Peace Pact!" Pravda, 6 March 1951.

### III. Raising the material well-being of the people — the law of development of socialist society.

1. The growth of material well-being of the workers — an immovable law of socialist society.
2. The impoverishment of the mass of millions of workers and the enrichment of the small group of capitalists — the law of capitalist development.
3. The steady rise of national income — a clear indication of the increased material well-being of the Soviet people.
4. The fourth reduction of state retail prices on goods of mass consumption — another indication of the constant concern of the party and the Soviet State for the well-being of the workers.
5. We respond to this concern of party and State by new labor exploits.

#### Literature

- N. A. Bulganin, "The 33rd Anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution," Section 1, Gospolitstat, 1950.  
 Council of Ministers USSR and TsK VKP(b), "New Reduction of State Retail Prices on Food and Industrial Goods," Pravda, 1 March 1951.  
 "The Material Well-being of the Soviet People is Increasing," Pravda, 27 January 1951.  
 "The Soviet Policy of Reducing Prices," Pravda, 2 March 1951.  
 "The Budget of the Socialist State," Pravda, 8 March 1951.

### IV. We Greet the First of May with new production successes.

1. Successes of the Soviet people in pre-term fulfillment of the plan for the national economy.
2. Awarding of Stalin Prizes for outstanding work in fields of science, production, and culture — evidence of the peaceful, constructive work of the Soviet people.
3. Increasing the productivity of labor, full utilization of techniques, and collective Stakhanovite work — the way to achieve new production successes.
4. The struggle for improving quality and lowering costs of production, for economy of raw materials and materials — an important task of industrial workers.
5. We are expanding pre-May socialist competition in honor of May First.

#### Literature

- "The Budget of the Socialist State," Pravda, 8 March 1951.  
 "Lower Production Costs; Increase Capital Accumulation," Pravda, 9 March 1951.  
 "For Economy and Thrift!" Pravda, 10 March 1951.  
 "For Successful Fulfillment of the 1951 Plan!" Iskovskaya Pravda, 15 February 1951.

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- V. We are expanding socialist competition for pre-term fulfillment of the plan for housing, cultural, and welfare construction.
1. The increase of housing, cultural, and welfare construction in our country — evidence of the continual concern of the party, the government, and Comrade Stalin for the utmost improvement of living conditions for the workers.
  2. We are expanding socialist competition for successful fulfillment builders' pledges given to Comrade Stalin.
  3. Extensive training in fast production-line methods of erecting buildings, utilizing the latest techniques, disseminating the experience of leading builders — important methods for raising the productivity of labor.
  4. Work according to definite monthly and daily schedules, fulfillment of assignments by every brigade and every worker — necessary conditions for pre-term fulfillment of construction work plans for 1951.
  5. To achieve utmost improvement in the quality of the work, in economy of construction materials, and in lowering production costs of erected buildings is an affair of honor for all builders.
  6. How competition is conducted in our construction sites, in sectors, and in brigades.

Literature

- "Plenum of the Moscow City Committee of the VKP(b)," Moskovskaya Pravda, 23 October 1950.
- "Comrade Stalin, Iosif Vissarionovich: Letter from an All-Moscow Scientific-Technical Meeting of Builders, Architects, Construction Engineers, Scientific Workers, and Workers of the Construction Materials Industry," Moskovskaya Pravda, 2 February 1951.
- "To Comrade I. V. Stalin. From Participants at the All-Moscow Meeting of Builders of Moscow," Moskovskaya Pravda, 17 Feb 1951.
- "Builders of the City of Moscow Overfulfill the City Plan for Housing Construction," Pravda, 22 December 1950.
- "For New Successes, Comrade Builders!" Moskovskaya Pravda, 7 February 1951.
- I. I. Rusyantsov, "Speech at the Second Session of the Supreme Soviet USSR," Pravda, 9 March 1951.

- VI. We are expanding socialist competition for high-production utilization of equipment.
1. The USSR leads the world in utilization of new, modern techniques in industry and agriculture.
  2. Mastering new techniques and achieving full utilization of equipment are the most important tasks of all workers in all branches of the national economy.
  3. To support the initiative of the textile workers of the Dobevedkiy Factory in perfecting the technological process and increasing the volume of production of units of equipment is an affair of honor for industrial workers.
  4. Creative co-operation of men of science and workers in production and development of rationalization are one of the conditions for maximum production.

5. We are expanding socialist competition for increasing productivity of operating equipment, for mastery of fast schedules for work of machines and machine tools.

Literature

- "Competition for Better Utilization of Techniques," Pravda, 7 February 1951.  
 "The Power of Science and Progressive Experience," Pravda, 18 March 1951.  
 "For High-Production Utilization of Equipment," Moskovskaya Pravda, 6 March 1951.  
 "Widely Disseminate the Experience of Textile-Worker Innovators," (A series of articles) Moskovskaya Pravda, 6 March 1951.

VII. Persistent mastering of science -- the patriotic duty of Soviet students

1. "Subbarrnly and persistently master science and culture -- V. I. Lenin's legacy for youth
2. The program of the CPSU, the State and Higher Schools for establishing cadres of Soviet intelligentsia.
3. Acquisition of thorough knowledge and ability to apply it in the building of Communism -- the most important task for Soviet students.
4. Timely, systematic independent work -- a necessary condition for successful mastery of knowledge
5. Student scientific societies -- an important means for drawing students into scientific work
6. How do students of our faculty and groups study?

Literature

(Leagues)

- V. I. Lenin, "Tasks for Unions of Youth," Collected Works, 4th edition, XXI - 258-275.  
 I. V. Stalin, "To the First All-Union Conference of Proletarian Students," Collected Works, VII - 85-89.  
 I. V. Stalin, "Speech at the 8th Congress of the Komsomol," Section 3, Collected Works, XI - 74-77.  
 I. V. Stalin, "The New Situation -- New Tasks of Economic Construction," Poprosy Leninizma, 11th edition, p. 341.  
 I. V. Stalin, "Speech at a Reception in the Kremlin for Workers of Higher Schools" from About Lenin, Gospolitizdat, 1950. Pp. 83-86.  
 "Ideological Training of Students," Pravda, 24 January 1951.  
 "The Creative Force of Soviet Science," Pravda, 5 February 1951.  
 A. N. Nesmeyanov, "Work Creatively from the Beginning," Komsomol'skaya Pravda, 1 September 1950.

VIII. We shall conduct spring sowing for 1951 in an organized manner.

1. Timely and organized conducting of spring field work -- the militant task of agricultural workers.
2. Full and correct utilization of technical-material and labor resources of kolkhozes, MTSs, and sovkhoses; broad application of the achievements of science and leading experience -- prime necessities for successful conduct of spring field work and a good harvest.

3. To work for high production, strictly observe labor discipline, fulfill and overfulfill established norms every day, achieving high quality in all work, is the patriotic duty of every kolkhoz man and woman.
4. We expand socialist competition for model conduct of spring sowing.

#### Literature

1. N. S. Khrushchev, "Assure Successful Preparations for Spring Field Work with Maximum Mechanization in Cultivation of Potatoes and Vegetables," Moskovskaya Pravda, 24 February 1951.
  - "Statement of Kolkhoz Men and Women, MTS Workers, Sovkhoz Workers, and Agricultural Specialists of Leninskiy Rayon," Moskovskaya Pravda, 25 February 1951.
  - "Militant Tasks of Agricultural Workers," Pravda, 21 February 1951.
  - "Ready for Spring Sowing," Moskovskaya Pravda, 16 February 1951.
1. We organize socialist competition of kolkhoz brigades with tractor brigades.
    1. Timely conduct of high-quality spring sowing the struggle for a high harvest will be the basis for a socialist competition of tractor and field brigades.
    2. Fulfillment and overfulfillment of the plan for spring field work of all kinds and within established time periods at a high agricultural level is the duty of every tractor and field brigade.
    3. Systematic attention in fulfillment of socialist obligations of brigades and utmost control over observance of every point in the agreement between kolkhoz and MTS - necessary conditions for a successful MTS.
    4. How to set up socialist competition between tractor and field brigades in the kolkhoz.

#### Literature

1. N. S. Khrushchev, "Organizational-Economic Strengthening of Kolkhozes -- a Prerequisite for Utmost Improvement of Agriculture," Moskovskaya Pravda, 7 February 1951.
  2. N. S. Khrushchev, "Assure Successful Preparations for Spring Field Work with Maximum Mechanization in Cultivation of Potatoes and Vegetables," Moskovskaya Pravda, 24 February 1951.
  - "Statement of Kolkhoz Men and Women, Workers of MTSs and Sovkhozes, and Agricultural Specialists of Leninskiy Rayon," Moskovskaya Pravda, 25 February 1951.
  - "Utilize Fully the Reserves of the MTS," Pravda, 13 February 1951.
  - "Militant Tasks of Agricultural Workers," Pravda, 21 February 1951.
  - "Strengthen in Every Way the Production Brigades in Kolkhozes," Moskovskaya Pravda, 10 March 1951.
1. The development of public kolkhoz and sovkhoz productive livestock is a most important economic and political task.
    1. How our kolkhoz and sovkhoz is carrying out the three-year plan for development of public kolkhoz or sovkhoz productive livestock.
    2. The year 1951 must be a year of decisive successes in fulfilling and exceeding the three-year plan for the development of public livestock production.

3. Strict accounting and control over correct outlay of fodder, regular feeding of livestock, and solicitous care are necessary conditions for the raising of highly productive animals.
4. Establishment of permanent feeding bases is the foundation of maximum output in public livestock production and increasing its productivity.
5. Carefully prepare and widely introduce into kolkhos economy the summer penning and fresh-cut forage feeding of livestock.
6. Carefully maintain all livestock, especially the young animals -- the direct obligation of livestock breeders.

#### Literature

- V. S. Prushcheyev, "Organizational-Economic Strengthening of Kolkhoses -- a Prerequisite for Utmost Improvement of Agriculture," Moskovskaya Pravda, 7 February 1951.
- "Statement of Kolkhos Men and Women Workers of MTJs and Sovkhoz' and Agricultural Specialists of Leningrad Region," Moskovskaya Pravda, 27 February 1951.
- "The Ministry of Agriculture USSR on Supplementary Pay for Kolhoz Workers for Exceptional Assignments in Raising Young Livestock, Maintaining Brown Cattle and Raising the Productivity of Livestock in Kolkhoses of Moscow District," Moskovskiy Rabochiy, 15 November 1950.
- "Utilize All Resources for Increasing Public Livestock Production," Sotsialisticheskaya Leninskaya, 21 January 1951.
- "Maintain and Raise All Young Animals," Sotsialisticheskoye Leninskoye, 21 February 1951.

#### XI The peoples' struggle for peace.

1. Comrade Stalin on tasks of peoples in their struggle against the armaments race in their struggle to avert war and to strengthen peace.
2. Decision of the first session of the World Peace Council -- a program for peace loving peoples of all countries for winning lasting peace for all the world.
3. Carrying the appeal of the World Peace Council for a Peace Pact to the broad popular masses in capitalist countries and collecting signatures for the appeal -- an important and honorable task for fighters for peace.
4. The struggle of peoples against Anglo-American policies of remilitarizing Germany and warlike adventures in Asia and Europe -- the most important task of partisans of peace.
5. Adoption by the Supreme Soviet USSR of the Law in Defense of Peace -- new evidence of the resolution of the Soviet Union to conduct a policy of averting war and preserving peace.
6. Adoption by the highest legislative organs of the countries of People's Democracy, the German Democratic Republic, and the Mongolian People's Republic of laws in defense of peace and for preserving peace is evidence of their continual efforts to guard and preserve peace.

#### Literature (over)

Literature

I. V. Stalin, "Talk with a Pravda Correspondent," Gospolitizdat, 1951.

First Session of the World Peace Council.  
Appeal of the World Peace Council for Conclusion of a Peace Pact.  
Resolution about the UN.

For a Peaceful Solution of the German Question.

"For a Peaceful Solution of the Japanese Question. Regarding the Decision of the UN which Unjustly Discussed the Chinese People's Republic as the "Aggressor" in Korea. On a Peaceful Solution of the Korean Question. On the Struggle for Peace in Colonial and Dependent Countries," Pravda, 26-28 Feb 1951.

"The Law in Defense of Peace," Pravda, 13 March 1951.

"For a Peace Pact," Pravda, 6 March 1951.

"The Will of the Soviet People," Pravda, 14 March 1951.

"A Program of Struggle for Averting War and Preserving Peace." Red shovin, No 4, 1951.

III. The armaments race and impoverishment of the workers in capitalist countries

1. Enrichment of the capitalists and growing impoverishment of the masses of millions of workers -- the law of capitalism.
2. The armaments race of the imperialists of the US, England, France, and other capitalist states means poverty, suffering, hunger, and misery for the masses.
3. The armaments race leads to increasing the taxes on the workers curtailing their consumption of nourishing foods, and to the growth of high prices.
4. The increase of war production leads to sharp curtailment of civilian industry which worsens the living conditions of the workers and increases the army of unemployed.
5. Under the leadership of Communist parties the workers in capitalist countries struggle for peace and against the armaments race, against misery and the lack of rights of the masses.

Literature

I. V. Stalin, "Talk with a Pravda Correspondent," Gospolitizdat, 1951.

"Impoverishment of the Workers in Countries of Capital," Pravda, 4 March 1951.

"In the Grip of the Tax Burden and High Prices," Pravda, 2 March 1951.

M. S. Tikhonov, "On Suppression of War Propaganda and Adoption of a Law in Defense of Peace" (Report at the Second Session of the Supreme Soviet USSR), Pravda, 13 March 1951.

Partkabinet of Moscow Oblast and  
Moscow City Committees of the  
VKP(b).