

(A-234-139)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

(GERMANY)

ZANGEN, GENERAL MANAGER WILHELM

Appointed as a deputy for war industry by SPEER (q.v.).

1), "Germany: Armaments, Munitions", Oct. 6, 1942 (as of end of June to August)

CID 18601-C

Appointed by SPEER (q.v.) to represent heavy industry on armament board; general director of Mannesmann Works.

OIS, New York, Nov. 13, 1942
(90)

F

GERMANY

24 May 15, 1943

FRANZEN, WILHELM

Of the Deutsche Bank / one of the leading German bankers who now control the German monopoly of European banking; for others, see Kurt von SCHREIER.

Special from Washington, May 15, 1943
New York Times, May 16, 1943, p. 16

(1. 98)

(ID 16658-F

1938

GERMANY

ZANKL, H. L.

In 1938 wrote 'Newspaper Make-Up and National Propaganda', which gives practical advice on how to increase the effect of propaganda by clever composition.

**Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941, p. 121**

(11 098)

CID 10255-C

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY ?

ZAPP, DR. MANFRED

^{in U.S.}
Editor of Transocean News Service; with his assistant, Günther
TÖNN (q.v.), was indicted for exceeding his duty as "treaty
merchant" and for failing to register as agent of a foreign
power; sailed for Lisbon on July 15, 1941; was defended in
court by Emil MOROSINI, Jr. (see U.S.).

German Intelligence Activity in the U.S. and Counter-Measures 1941
O H.I. January 24, 1942

IR FU-195

C

OF RELANT

ZARNACK, WILDA

(11098)

1.679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

ZECH-BALLOT

Movie director; wife is a friend of Eva BRAUN (q.v.); has done rather well, but is probably not more successful because, though a party member, he is not an especially enthusiastic Nazi; has a small villa in Weimar outside Berlin and a home in middle class section of Berlin.

OS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 28, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

1679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

ZECH-BALLOT, FRAU

Movie star and old school friend of Eva BRAUN (q.v.) who often visited her; wanted to make Eva godmother to her baby, but was dissuaded by her Catholic friends; husband (q.v.) is a movie director and they are not too enthusiastic Nazis; she might be found in Switzerland for short vacation or on a professional visit.

JSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 28, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

16482

GERMANY also NETHERLANDS

rpt February 27, 1943

ZECH-BURKERSRODA, von

German envoy to the Netherlands in 1938; was close to Dr.
Kurt RIEZLER (UNITED STATES).

Reliable source
OSI, Washington, February 27, 1943

(11098)

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY ?

ZECHLIN, ERICH

Brother of Walter ZECHLIN (SPAIN, q.v.) / about 58 / was a member of the German Peace Delegation in Versailles; lately Minister in Lithuania.

OSS, S., New York

December 1, 1942

CR

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

ZECKZER, FRANZ

Address: Landhaus, Dessau-Haideburg, Alemania

See 7-16 card for Herbert Zeckzer, Argentina,
who wrote a very pro-Axis letter to subject.

USAC SJ 17718

11679-301

GERMANY

rpt February 1941

ZEHNER, HANS

Newspaperman; born in 1899; deve. ped political creed which had some relationship to Nazi doctrines; was editor of Die Tat, and was for some time rather important / after Nazis assumed power, he made several compromises with them; there was constant friction however, and his arrest was rumored several times, although he usually managed to extricate himself from his difficulties / some of his friends in foreign lands consider him a potential German leader, but source feels that as he made common cause with the Nazis he is not to be relied on.

OSI, New York, Sigrid Schultz, February 19, 1943
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

110981

Field

late 1942

GERMANY

ZEISIG, Lt. General

Commanding General of a flying
squadron; New Oak Leaf wearer.

PCC, late 1942

110981

Field

killed January 1942

GERMANY

HEISIG, Major RICHARD

National Branch Leader of the
Organization for Germans Abroad
in France / beleiver in German
racial 'spirit' / killed while
a Battalion Commander on Russian
front, January 1942.

FCC, December 9, 1942

113981

IP

rpt January 1942

GERMANY

ZEITZLER, General KURT

Chief of Staff / for biographical sketch see document.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, January 1942

(11098)

13689

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

October 14, 1942

ZEITZLER, GENERAL

(document: ZEINLER)

His replacement of HALDER suggested to Hitler by the latter's ADC and adviser, General SCHMUNDT (q.v.).

Polish Intelligence, No. 503 - 1053/42
October 14, 1942

(90)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

ZEITZLER, GENERAL

London radio quoted following Stockholm report: subject, formerly chief of staff in KLEIST's first panzer army, first served as such in French campaign; received Knight's Cross of the Iron Cross after Balkan campaign; responsible for general staff preparations in Eastern Caucasus, a campaign now for two months at a standstill near Moxduk; until recently only a colonel; in his late forties; his appointment recently celebrated in HIMMLER's headquarters; his predecessors HALDER and von BOCK were dismissed because of disagreement over summer campaign in Russia.

German Regional Note C-115

Analysis Section, Press Survey, October 28, 1942

(90)

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

ZEITZLER, GENERAL

Former chief of staff of Marshal General von KLEIST's first Panzer army; reportedly responsible for general staff preparations for von Kleist's drive into eastern Caucasus; according to a report from Stockholm, has been appointed by Hitler to succeed General HALDER as chief of staff of German Army; is still in his forties and is said to have risen very rapidly.

Associated Press Dispatch from London, Oct. 28, 1942
Washington Post, October 29, 1942

An intimate friend of Himmler.

Dispatch from London
Foreign Service Division, OWI, October 29, 1942

(90)

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

ZEITZLER, GENERAL

According to radio station "Gustave Siegfried Eins", has called for end of Russian campaign and for a sweeping Mediterranean offensive under ROMMEL; HALLER's refusal to issue this order led to his dismissal.

United Press Dispatch, New York, Nov. 2, 1942
Washington Post, Nov. 3, 1942

(50)

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

November 6, 1942

G. PHANY

ZEITZLER, GENERAL KURT

Born June 1895 / undistinguished army career until outbreak of war when he is found on General Staff / June 1941, was appointed Colonel and Chief of Staff of Panzergruppe 1 under von KLEIST / received Knights Cross of Iron Cross / must have been made Lt. or Major General if he is Chief of General Staff of Land Army today / not an old NSDAP member, but soon after it came into power, became close to its militant wing and a representative of the "Waffen" SS / divisions of this Waffen SS fought with second Kleist Panzer Corps in France, Balkans, and Russia, and at time of BRAUCHITSCH's dismissal, were ruthlessly sent to most dangerous sections of the front; this

-2-

November 6, 1942

GERMANY

ZEITZLER, General

caused sharp protests on part of SS leaders, including subject / later, on General Staff, was transferred to Hitler's HDQ where he was active in HIMMLER faction / with appointment of "Waffen" SS representative as most decisive Chief of General Staff of the Army, the influence of the "Waffen" SS rose inordinately.

The Zeitung, London, November 6, 1942
Press Survey, December 10, 1942

CD 10054

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

ZEITZLER

Is now superior to KEITEL; is self-seeking and unscrupulous; stands in favor with Hitler and is on intimate terms with HIMMLER.

CSS # 8424, Born, Nov. 20, 1942

12954

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

November 27, 1942

ZEITZLER, KURT

Chief of General Staff / son of provincial clergyman / undistinguished career in last war / joined Black Army and entered Reichsheer in middle '20s / advanced slowly, probably due to his friendship with HIMMLER; became captain in 1928, major in 1934, and was colonel by 1941 / suddenly gained importance by being instrumental in developing Panzer technique; was Chief of Staff for KLEIST's Panzer divisions, and perfected blitz tactics which proved so successful against French / manoeuvred Kleist's advance to south eastern Europe in 1941, the success of which resulted in Kleist's being given Russian command (in Caucasus) / in Rostov offensive it was his special job to co-ordinate various troops: SS, Panzer, Italian, Rumanian, Body Guard of Hitler under General Sepp DIETRICH / his Panzers

GERMANY

-2-
ZEITZLER

November 27, 1942
19254

were successful here until TIMOSHENKO, CHEREVICHENKO, and REMIZOV (qq.v./Russia) drove them back and ruined his winter strategy / in revenge, he turned to Caucasus, and against advice of one section of generals (HALDER especially), persuaded Hitler and Himmler to undertake costly winter offensive there / at Berlin War Council on August 8, [1942], again supported by Himmler, and again against generals' advice (Halder and von BOCK), refused to split his forces and relieve troops around Moscow; insisted that southern offensive in Russia must continue through winter / when KIRUSHENKO broke through his lines in Caucasus, even this costly and bloody set-back did not lower his prestige in Hitler's eyes; Hitler maintains that had Zeitzler's fellow generals supported him, instead of hindering his eastern strategy, he would have succeeded.

OSG, New York, Dr. Rudolph Katz, November 27, 1942

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

December 10, 1942

ZEITZLER, GENERAL KURT,

Official German news agency, D.N.B., has announced his appointment as Chief of General Staff, and therefore as Hitler's principal military aide / only 47 years old / ten years younger than HALDER whom he is replacing / his appointment a great step for HIMMLER's Elite Guard and for Gestapo / born at Cosmar, in Luckau district / volunteer in first war; discharged 1918 as first lieutenant, reenlisted as captain in 1926, became major in 1934 and colonel in 1935; major general in early 1942, then lieutenant general and finally full general / until recently has been attached to Hitler's HDQ as Himmler's representative / it is assured that he has been appointed because he is a "yes" man to Hitler and would make army serve his (Hitler's) whims, because he is an ardent Nazi and because

-2-

December 10, 1942

GERMANY

ZEITZLER, Kurt

he is not handicapped by any Junker affiliations.

Associated Press from London, December 10, 1942
New York Times, December 11, 1942

CD 12544

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

January 3, 1943

GERMANY

ZEITLER

New Chief of Staff / a party line man / had the rank
of Colonel a few months ago / through his defense
of Dieppe made an immense impression on Hitler.

#16
OSS, Stockholm, January 3, 1943

CD 16530

prpt March 26, 1943

GERMANY

WEITZLER

Is to be Chief of Staff to MANSTEIN, who commands the Army group on the southern Russian front.

Unvetted but serious source

#133-134

OSI, Bern, March 26, 1943

110981

April 10, 1943

GERMANY

ZEITZLER, General KURT

Chief of General Staff; accompanied Hitler to his recent conferences with MUSSOLINI (q.v., ITALY).

A-2; London, April 11, 1943
New York Times, April 12, 1943, pp. 1, 6

CD 17561

GERMANY

rpt April 17, 1943

ZEITZLER:

It is the opinion in responsible British circles that Hitler is still the supreme commander with Zeitzler Chief of Staff.

#17131

OSI, London, April 17, 1943

110981

CD 19163

S

GERMANY

rpt May 21, 1943

ZEITZLER, General

The best friend of BORMANN, who brought about his appointment.

Reliable source

#1115

CSS (State Department), Bern, May 21, 1943

110987

R

rpt May 24, 1943

ARMY

ZEITZLER, General

Chief of the German General Staff / among the German officers who have arrived in Helsinki within the last few days / General DIETL (HORNLY) and other senior officers of the German forces in Norway have also gone to Helsinki to inspect German troops throughout Scandinavia.

Moscow radio, May 24, 1943
FIS, Daily Report, May 25, 1943

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GERMANY

rpt August 17, 1943

ZEITZLER

Rumored to have been replaced by JCDL.

Washington Post, August 18, 1943

A-251

REFERENCE ()

7-16?

MIR WALID TIGAN, Armed

Born 1880 of wealthy parents in a Bashkir village, east of the Ural; in 1910 went to a school in Kazan, where he became teacher of Turkish history and literature and in 1911-13 published a book on Turkish and Tartar history which brought him many honors; at the Mohammedan Congress of Moscow in May 1917 he played a leading part, defending the principles of Abdokhad Emin (Khadim) and working for the independence of Turkestan, Bashkiristan, and Kazakhstan; on Nov. 7, 1917 proclaimed the independence of Bashkiristan, created an army, and fought the Bolsheviks 1918-20; Kaitumukh's dissolution of the Turkoman assembly had led him to negotiate in vain with the Bolsheviks; as president of the National Committee in Turkestan, fought 1920-23 against the Bolsheviks; went to Iran, Afghanistan, India, Egypt, France, and Berlin, where in 1924 he worked in

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the Prussian Library; in 1926 he was appointed professor of Turkish history at the Istanbul University; reorganized the library of Bursa and Honia and published the periodical Yeni Turkestan; at the Language Conference at Ankara in 1932 contradicted certain theses supported by Ataturk, and so had to leave Turkey; then studied in Vienna and various German Universities and was extraordinary professor of Turkish Language and History at the Universities of Vienna and Bonn; his fellow Tartars consider him a pure idealist, not a practical politician; his opponents accuse him of occasional close relations with the Bolsheviks, but he explained that the sole basis for this is a vain effort on his part to secure the restoration of his valuable library left behind at Tashkent in 1925.

'Note' by Dr. SCHMIDT-DUMONT (q.v.), ^{TURKEY} Istanbul, July 30, 1942 -- which cites the book by Gerhardt von MENDE (GERMANY) "130 ff. 171" and Gotthard Jaeschke, "The Republic of Azerbaijan", Geschichtskalender, Welt des Islam, vol. XXIII, p. 22.

[See HIBETULLAH IDIL (TURKEY)]

R

GERMANY

rpt July 31, 1943

ZELLNER, Maj. General

German Division commander.

R&A, Balkan section (Vucelich), July 31, 1943

(11058)

DB-2917

8

YUGOSLAVIA

rpt August 18, 1943

ZELNER, General [major EMIL (?)]

I.O.C. of the 373rd Division and (presumably 2nd in command) under General EGLSEER, who is in command of the western district south of the Sava.

Yugoslav sources

MIS, Cairo, August 18, 1943

(11098)

A234-102 RAN

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

October 13, 1942

GERMANY

ZENETTI, General

Commanding officer of the seventh Air District Command (Luftgaukommando) / an important military personality in Munich.

B, October 13, 1942
(New source on trial)

R

rpt June 26, 1943

GERMANY

ZEPPELIN, KARL

Transocean's Air War correspondent.

Berlin radio, June 26, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, June 28, 1943

(1098)

R

GERMANY

rpt September 2, 1943

ZERHAN

Ministerial Counselor / recently described several decrees,
issued by Fritz SAUCKEL, in Arbeitsgesetz und Arbeitslosenhilfe;
these directives tightened compulsory work laws.

Berlin radio, September 2, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, September 3, 1943

(11098)

CID 16658-F

1934

GERMANY

ZERBAULEN, H.

In 1934 wrote an article concerning the cultural and political mission of the German newspaper.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941, p. 121

(11/98)

February 1, 1943

GERMANY

ZIEGENHÜCKER, Major General

His promotion from Colonel to
Major General effective February
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

(ID 16658-7

rpt September 1941

(GERMANY

ZIEGFELD, A. H.

One of Haushofer's geopoliticians / says that topography is a weapon, its role being to assist political leadership in singling out geographical localities to be attacked by the military.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941, p. 114

(11)98)

February 1, 1943

GERMANY

ZIEGLER, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective February
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bonn, February 5, 1943

110981

SID 16658-7

1935

GERMANY

ZIEGLER, H. W.

Author of an article in which he attributes the 'decadence of the German youth spirit' to Republican political education; he allots to the Nazi Reich the task of raising German youth with a deep sense of 'loyalty, comradeship, brotherhood, and esprit de corps'; the article was published in 1935.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare, New York, September 1941, p. 120

(11098)

IP
A 533

rpt February 25, 1943

GERMANY

ZIEHTEN, Captain

Administrative officer of Base Propaganda Battalion of
Wehrmachtspropaganda under the command of Col. BLUME (q.v.).

Confidential and reliable source
OSI, Washington, February 25, 1943

(11-98)

Field

rpt September 17, 1942

GERMANY

ZIERER, ALBERT

S.A. Group Leader / Reich
Apothecary Leader.

FOC, September 17, 1942

(31098)

GERMANY

March 9, 1943

BERLIN

Writes in Völkische Beobachter, March 9, 1943, ~~notes~~ concerning
Afrika Korps' retreat in Tunisia.

News Digest, March 12, 1943

110981

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

ZIEROLD, JUSTUS

Address: Derfflingerstr. 17/111, Berlin-W. 35

See 7-16 card for Justus Zierold, Chile, who wrote
an anti-Brazil and pro-Ar's letter to subject.

USNC SJ 17718

(ID 16658-P)

GHE MARY

rpt September 1941

ZILIAN, E.

Army psychologist stationed in Berlin / has written various articles on intelligence testing in military selection, and the study of race psychology and its use in selection of personality in the army / enjoys a reputation of obscurity even among German military psychologists.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare, New York, September 1941, p. 83

(11298)

CID 16653-F

GERMANY

1936

ZILLIG, M.

If 1936 wrote an interesting article attempting to show how the classroom can be used as a yardstick for determining leadership.

(Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare, New York, September 1941, p. 76)